

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 27, 2002
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 7, 2002
CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2001–02 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 248

Introduced by Assembly Member Correa

February 14, 2001

An act to amend ~~Section 7582.2~~ Sections 7581, 7582.2, 7583.2, 7583.6, 7583.7, 7583.8, 7583.9, 7583.34, 7583.36, and 7587.7 of the Business and Professions Code, relating to private security services; ~~and making an appropriation therefor.~~

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 248, as amended, Correa. Private security services: ~~exemption from regulations.~~

(1) Existing law authorizes the Director of Consumer Affairs to adopt and enforce reasonable rules regarding persons employed by any lawful business as security guards or patrolpersons. Existing law requires specified uniformed employees acting as a security guard or a patrolperson and carrying a deadly weapon to register with the Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.

This bill would expand the scope of these provisions to include public agencies that employ security guards or patrolpersons. The bill would require an employee acting as a security guard or patrolperson to register with the bureau, including employees not carrying a deadly weapon.

(2) Existing law provides that statutory provisions governing the licensing and regulation of private security services do not apply to

individuals who are exclusively and regularly employed by an employer who does not provide contract security services for other entities or persons if the employee does not carry a deadly weapon.

This bill would *on January 1, 2004*, subject *on* individuals who do not carry deadly weapons but are exclusively and regularly employed by an employer that does not provide contract security services for other entities or persons to the provisions governing the licensing and regulation of private security services, ~~except that individuals employed by that type of employer prior to January 1, 2003, would continue to be exempted. This change would lead to an increase in the application fees that would be deposited in the Private Security Services Fund, a continuously appropriated special fund, for the purpose of licensing and regulation of private security services. By increasing the amount of money in the fund as a result of additional application fees, the bill would make an appropriation.~~

(3) *Existing law prohibits persons licensed as a private patrol operator from, among other things, failing to maintain accurate records of firearms in their possession, failing to maintain accurate records on employees, and failing to inform the director in a written report about the discharge of a firearm within 7 days of the incident.*

This bill would extend these conditions to any lawful business or public agency that employs security guards.

(4) *Existing law requires a person who begins working for a licensee as a security guard or patrolperson to complete a course regarding the power to arrest.*

This bill would additionally require any person who begins working for any lawful business or public agency as a security guard or patrolperson to complete a course regarding the power to arrest.

(5) *Existing law requires private patrol operators to provide a copy of a guidebook regarding the power to arrest to individuals the operator currently employs or intends to hire as a security guard.*

This bill would additionally require any lawful business or public agency to supply this book to its registered security guards or any person it intends to hire as a registered security guard.

(6) *Existing law prohibits an employee of a licensee who acts as a security guard or patrolperson from having a registration card until the department receives proof that the employee has been certified regarding the power to arrest.*

This bill would additionally prohibit an employee of a lawful business or public agency acting as a security guard or patrolperson from having



a registration card until the department receives proof that the employee has been certified regarding the power to arrest.

(7) Existing law requires an employee of a private patrol operator who acts as a security guard or patrolperson to register with the bureau on a form prescribed by the bureau.

This bill would require an employee of a lawful business or public agency who acts as a security guard or patrolperson to register with the bureau.

(8) Existing law prohibits a licensee from allowing an employee to carry a baton, tear gas, or any other nonlethal chemical agent unless the employee is proficient in the use of a baton, tear gas, or nonlethal chemical agent.

This bill would additionally prohibit any lawful business or public agency that employs registered security guards from allowing a registered security guard to carry a baton, tear gas, or any other nonlethal chemical agent unless the registered security guard is proficient in the use of a baton, tear gas, or nonlethal chemical agent.

(9) Existing law authorizes the director to issue a citation to a licensee, including a corporation, if the director determines a licensee has violated specified provisions regarding private security services. Existing law provides a citation recipient with a review and appeal process.

This bill would authorize the director to issue a citation to a lawful business or public agency if the director determines the lawful business or public agency has violated specified provisions regarding private security services. The bill would provide a review and appeal process to any lawful business or public agency that received a citation from the director.

(10) Because a violation of the provisions of the bill relating to private security services would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(11) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: ~~yes~~—no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: ~~no~~—yes.



The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. *Section 7581 of the Business and Professions*
2 *Code is amended to read:*

3 7581. The director may adopt and enforce reasonable rules, as
4 follows:

5 (a) Classifying licensees according to the type of business
6 regulated by this chapter in which they are engaged, including, but
7 not limited to, persons employed by any lawful business *or public*
8 *agency* as security guards or patrolpersons, and armored contract
9 carriers and limiting the field and scope of the operations of a
10 licensee to those in which he or she is classified and qualified to
11 engage.

12 (b) Fixing the qualifications of licensees and managers, in
13 addition to those prescribed in this chapter, necessary to promote
14 and protect the public welfare.

15 (c) Carrying out generally the provisions of this chapter,
16 including regulation of the conduct of licensees.

17 (d) Establishing the qualifications that any person employed by
18 a private patrol operator ~~or~~, any lawful business, *or public agency*
19 as a security guard or patrolperson, or employed by an armored
20 contract carrier, must meet as a condition of becoming eligible to
21 carry firearms pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 12031 of the
22 Penal Code.

23 (e) Requiring each ~~uniformed~~ employee of a private patrol
24 operator and each armored vehicle guard, as defined in this
25 chapter, and any other person employed and compensated by a
26 private patrol operator ~~or~~, any lawful business, *or public agency*
27 as a security guard or patrolperson ~~and who in the course of this~~
28 ~~employment carries a deadly weapon~~ to be registered with the
29 bureau upon application on a form prescribed by the director
30 accompanied by the registration fee and by two classifiable sets of
31 fingerprints of the applicant or its equivalent as determined by the
32 director and approved by the Department of Justice, establishing
33 the term of the registration for a period of not less than two nor
34 more than four years, and providing for the renewal thereof upon
35 proper application and payment of the renewal fee. The director
36 may, after opportunity for a hearing, refuse this registration to any
37 person who lacks good moral character, and may impose



1 reasonable additional requirements as are necessary to meet local
2 needs that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.

3 (f) Establishing procedures whereby the local authorities of
4 any city, county, or city and county may file charges with the
5 director alleging that any registered security guard or
6 patrolperson, or anyone who is an applicant for registration, with
7 the bureau fails to meet standards for registration, and providing
8 further for the investigation of the charges.

9 (g) Requiring private patrol operators and any lawful business
10 or public agency to maintain detailed records identifying all
11 firearms in their possession or under their control, and the
12 employees or persons authorized to carry or have access to those
13 firearms.

14 SEC. 2. Section 7582.2 of the Business and Professions Code
15 is amended to read:

16 7582.2. This chapter does not apply to:

17 (a) A person employed ~~prior to January 1, 2003~~, exclusively
18 and regularly by any employer who does not provide contract
19 security services for other entities or persons, in connection with
20 the affairs of the employer only and where there exists an
21 employer-employee relationship if that person at no time carries
22 or uses any deadly weapon in the performance of his or her duties.
23 For purposes of this subdivision, “deadly weapon” is defined to
24 include any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known
25 as a blackjack, slungshot, billy, sandclub, sandbag, metal
26 knuckles, any dirk, dagger, pistol, revolver, or any other firearm,
27 any knife having a blade longer than five inches, any razor with an
28 unguarded blade and any metal pipe or bar used or intended to be
29 used as a club. *This subdivision shall be inoperative on January 1,*
30 *2004. Prior to January 1, 2004, the Employment Development*
31 *Department shall send notices to all lawful businesses and public*
32 *agencies regarding this change.*

33 (b) An officer or employee of the United States of America, or
34 of this state or a political subdivision thereof, while the officer or
35 employee is engaged in the performance of his or her official
36 duties, including uniformed peace officers employed part time by
37 a public agency pursuant to a written agreement between a chief
38 of police or sheriff and the public agency, provided the part-time
39 employment does not exceed 50 hours in any calendar month.



- 1 (c) A person engaged exclusively in the business of obtaining
2 and furnishing information as to the financial rating of persons.
- 3 (d) A charitable philanthropic society or association duly
4 incorporated under the laws of this state that is organized and
5 maintained for the public good and not for private profit.
- 6 (e) Patrol special police officers appointed by the police
7 commission of any city, county, or city and county under the
8 express terms of its charter who also under the express terms of the
9 charter (1) are subject to suspension or dismissal after a hearing on
10 charges duly filed with the commission after a fair and impartial
11 trial, (2) must be not less than 18 years of age nor more than 40
12 years of age, (3) must possess physical qualifications prescribed
13 by the commission, and (4) are designated by the police
14 commission as the owners of a certain beat or territory as may be
15 fixed from time to time by the police commission.
- 16 (f) An attorney at law in performing his or her duties as an
17 attorney at law.
- 18 (g) A collection agency or an employee thereof while acting
19 within the scope of his or her employment, while making an
20 investigation incidental to the business of the agency, including an
21 investigation of the location of a debtor or his or her property
22 where the contract with an assignor creditor is for the collection of
23 claims owed or due or asserted to be owed or due or the equivalent
24 thereof.
- 25 (h) Admitted insurers and agents and insurance brokers
26 licensed by the state, performing duties in connection with
27 insurance transacted by them.
- 28 (i) Any bank subject to the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of
29 Financial Institutions of the State of California under Division 1
30 (commencing with Section 99) of the Financial Code or the
31 Comptroller of Currency of the United States.
- 32 (j) A person engaged solely in the business of securing
33 information about persons or property from public records.
- 34 (k) A peace officer of this state or a political subdivision thereof
35 while the peace officer is employed by a private employer to
36 engage in off-duty employment in accordance with Section 1126
37 of the Government Code. However, nothing herein shall exempt
38 a peace officer who either contracts for his or her services or the
39 services of others as a private patrol operator or contracts for his
40 or her services as or is employed as an armed private security



1 officer. For purposes of this subdivision, “armed security officer”
2 means an individual who carries or uses a firearm in the course and
3 scope of that contract or employment.

4 (l) A retired peace officer of the state or political subdivision
5 thereof when the retired peace officer is employed by a private
6 employer in employment approved by the chief law enforcement
7 officer of the jurisdiction where the employment takes place,
8 provided that the retired officer is in a uniform of a public law
9 enforcement agency, has registered with the bureau on a form
10 approved by the director, and has met any training requirements
11 or their equivalent as established for security personnel under
12 Section 7583.5. This officer may not carry a loaded or concealed
13 firearm unless he or she is exempted under the provisions of
14 subdivision (a) of Section 12027 of the Penal Code or paragraph
15 (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 12031 of the Penal Code or has
16 met the requirements set forth in Section 12033 of the Penal Code.
17 However, nothing herein shall exempt the retired peace officer
18 who contracts for his or her services or the services of others as a
19 private patrol operator.

20 (m) A licensed insurance adjuster in performing his or her
21 duties within the scope of his or her license as an insurance
22 adjuster.

23 (n) Any savings association subject to the jurisdiction of the
24 Commissioner of Financial Institutions or the Office of Thrift
25 Supervision.

26 (o) Any secured creditor engaged in the repossession of the
27 creditor’s collateral and any lessor engaged in the repossession of
28 leased property in which it claims an interest.

29 (p) A peace officer in his or her official police uniform acting
30 in accordance with subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 70 of the
31 Penal Code.

32 *SEC. 3. Section 7583.2 of the Business and Professions Code*
33 *is amended to read:*

34 7583.2. No person licensed as a private patrol operator, *and*
35 *no unlawful business or public agency that employs a security*
36 *guard registered pursuant to this chapter shall do any of the*
37 *following:*

38 (a) Fail to properly maintain an accurate and current record of
39 all firearms or other deadly weapons that are in the possession of
40 the licensee, *lawful business, public agency, or of any employee*



1 while on duty. Within seven days after a licensee, *lawful business*,
2 *public agency*, or his or her employees discover that a deadly
3 weapon which has been recorded as being in his or her possession
4 has been misplaced, lost, or stolen, or in any other way missing,
5 the licensee or his or her manager, *lawful business, or public*
6 *agency* shall mail or deliver to any local law enforcement agency
7 who has jurisdiction, a written report concerning the incident. The
8 report shall describe fully the circumstances surrounding the
9 incident, any injuries or damages incurred, the identity of all
10 participants, and whether a police investigation was conducted.

11 (b) Fail to properly maintain an accurate and current record of
12 the name, address, commencing date of employment, and position
13 of each employee, and the date of termination of employment
14 when an employee is terminated.

15 (c) Fail to properly maintain an accurate and current record of
16 proof of completion by each employee of the licensee, *lawful*
17 *business, or public agency* of the course of training in the exercise
18 of the power to arrest as required by Section 7583.5.

19 (d) Fail to certify an employee's completion of the course of
20 training in the exercise of the power to arrest prior to placing the
21 employee at a duty station.

22 (e) Fail to certify proof of current and valid registration for each
23 employee who is subject to registration or fail to comply with the
24 provisions of Section 7583.11 if employing an individual who
25 does not possess a current and valid registration from the bureau.

26 (f) Fail to certify within three business days after assigning an
27 employee to work with a temporary registration card that the
28 employee has submitted fingerprint cards as required by Section
29 7583.9.

30 (g) Permit any employee to carry a firearm or other deadly
31 weapon without first ascertaining that the employee is proficient
32 in the use of each weapon to be carried. With respect to firearms,
33 evidence of proficiency shall include a certificate from a firearm
34 training facility approved by the director certifying that the
35 employee is proficient in the use of that specified caliber of firearm
36 and a current and valid firearm qualification permit issued by the
37 department. With respect to other deadly weapons, evidence of
38 proficiency shall include a certificate from a training facility
39 approved by the director certifying that the employee is proficient
40 in the use of that particular deadly weapon.



1 (h) Fail to deliver to the director a written report describing
2 fully the circumstances surrounding the discharge of any firearm,
3 or physical altercation with a member of the public while on duty,
4 by a licensee or any officer, partner, or employee of a licensee,
5 *lawful business, or public agency* while acting within the course
6 and scope of his or her employment within seven days after the
7 incident. For the purposes of this subdivision, a report shall be
8 required only for physical altercations that result in any of the
9 following: (1) the arrest of a security guard, (2) the filing of a
10 police report by a member of the public, (3) injury on the part of
11 a member of the public that requires medical attention, or (4) the
12 discharge, suspension, or reprimand of a security guard by his or
13 her employer. The report shall include, but not be limited to, a
14 description of any injuries or damages incurred, the identity of all
15 participants, and whether a police investigation was conducted.
16 Any report may be investigated by the director to determine if any
17 disciplinary action is necessary.

18 (i) (1) Fail to notify the bureau in writing and within 30 days
19 that a manager previously qualified pursuant to this chapter is no
20 longer connected with the licensee.

21 (2) *This subdivision shall not apply to any lawful business or*
22 *public agency that employs registered security guards.*

23 *SEC. 4. Section 7583.6 of the Business and Professions Code*
24 *is amended to read:*

25 7583.6. (a) A person entering the employ of a licensee, *any*
26 *lawful business, or public agency* to perform the functions of a
27 security guard or a security patrolperson shall complete a course
28 in the exercise of the power to arrest prior to being assigned to a
29 duty location.

30 (b) This section shall not apply to a peace officer as defined in
31 Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2 of
32 the Penal Code who has successfully completed a course of study
33 in the exercise of the power of arrest.

34 *SEC. 5. Section 7583.7 of the Business and Professions Code*
35 *is amended to read:*

36 7583.7. (a) The course of training in the exercise of the power
37 to arrest may be administered, tested, and certified by any licensee.
38 The department may approve any person or school to teach the
39 course in the exercise of the power to arrest. The course of training



1 shall be approximately three hours in length and shall cover the
2 following topics:

- 3 (1) Responsibilities and ethics in citizen arrest.
- 4 (2) Relationship between a security guard and a peace officer
5 in making an arrest.
- 6 (3) Limitations on security guard power to arrest.
- 7 (4) Restrictions on searches and seizures.
- 8 (5) Criminal and civil liabilities.
- 9 (A) Personal liability.
- 10 (B) Employer liability.
- 11 (6) Any other topic deemed appropriate by the bureau.

12 (b) The majority of the course shall be taught by means of
13 verbal instruction. This instruction may include the use of a video
14 presentation.

15 (c) The department shall make available a guidebook as a
16 standard for teaching the course in the exercise of the power to
17 arrest. The department shall encourage additional training and
18 may provide a training guide recommending additional courses to
19 be taken by security personnel.

20 (d) Private patrol operators, *or any lawful business or public*
21 *agency that employs a security guard registered pursuant to this*
22 *chapter* shall provide a copy of the guidebook described in
23 subdivision (c) to each person they currently employ as a security
24 guard and to each individual they intend to hire as a security guard.
25 The private patrol operator, *lawful business, or public agency*
26 shall provide the guidebook to each person he or she intends to hire
27 as a security guard a reasonable time prior to the time the person
28 begins the course in the exercise of the power to arrest.

29 (e) The bureau may inspect, supervise, or view the
30 administration of the test at any time and without any prior
31 notification. Any impropriety in the administration of the course
32 or the test shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action.

33 *SEC. 6. Section 7583.8 of the Business and Professions Code*
34 *is amended to read:*

35 7583.8. No employee of a licensee, *lawful business, or public*
36 *agency* who performs the function of a security guard or security
37 patrolperson shall be issued a registration card until proper
38 certification by the instructor that the exercise of the power to
39 arrest course has been taught and the employee's certification that
40 the instruction was received has been delivered to the department.



1 SEC. 7. Section 7583.9 of the Business and Professions Code
2 is amended to read:

3 7583.9. (a) Upon accepting employment by a private patrol
4 operator, *lawful business, or public agency*, any employee who
5 performs the function of a security guard or security patrolperson
6 who is not currently registered with the bureau, shall complete an
7 application for registration on a form as prescribed by the director,
8 and obtain two classifiable fingerprint cards for submission to the
9 Department of Justice. The Department of Justice shall forward
10 one classifiable fingerprint card to the Federal Bureau of
11 Investigation for purposes of a background check. The applicant
12 shall submit the application and registration fee to the bureau on
13 or before the same business day that he or she is assigned to work
14 as a security guard or security patrolperson performing any of the
15 functions set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 7582.1. If the
16 applicant is assigned to work on a Saturday, Sunday, or on a federal
17 holiday, the applicant may submit the application and registration
18 fee to the bureau on the first business day immediately following
19 the Saturday, Sunday, or federal holiday. The applicant shall
20 submit the fingerprints to the bureau within three business days
21 after being assigned to work with a temporary registration card.

22 (b) If a private patrol operator pays the application fee on
23 behalf of the applicant, nothing in this section shall preclude the
24 private patrol operator from withholding the amount of the fee
25 from the applicant's compensation.

26 (c) The licensee shall maintain supplies of applications and
27 fingerprint cards that shall be provided by the bureau upon request.

28 (d) In lieu of classifiable fingerprint cards provided for in this
29 section, the bureau may authorize applicants to submit their
30 fingerprints into an electronic fingerprinting system administered
31 by the Department of Justice. Applicants who submit their
32 fingerprints by electronic means shall have their fingerprints
33 entered into the system through a terminal operated by a law
34 enforcement agency or other facility authorized by the Department
35 of Justice to conduct electronic fingerprinting. The enforcement
36 agency responsible for operating the terminal may charge a fee
37 sufficient to reimburse it for the costs incurred in providing this
38 service.

39 (e) Upon receipt of an applicant's electronic fingerprints as
40 provided in this section, the Department of Justice shall determine



1 whether the applicant has been convicted of any crime and forward
2 the information to the bureau.

3 (f) The requirement of submission of fingerprint cards to the
4 Federal Bureau of Investigation shall not apply to currently
5 employed, full-time peace officers holding peace officer status
6 under Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of
7 Part 2 of the Penal Code, or to level I or level II reserve officers
8 as described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) of Section
9 832.6 of the Penal Code.

10 (g) In addition to the amount authorized pursuant to Section
11 7570.1, the bureau may impose an additional fee not to exceed
12 three dollars (\$3) for processing classifiable fingerprint cards
13 submitted by applicants excluding those submitted into an
14 electronic fingerprint system using electronic fingerprint
15 technology.

16 (h) An employee shall, on the first day of employment, display
17 to the client his or her registration card if it is feasible and practical
18 to comply with this disclosure requirement. The employee shall
19 thereafter display to the client his or her registration card upon the
20 request of the client.

21 (i) "Submit," as used in subdivision (a), means any of the
22 following:

23 (1) To ensure that the application and registration fee have been
24 received by the bureau on or before the business day that the
25 employee is assigned to work.

26 (2) To ensure that the application and registration fee either
27 have been mailed to the bureau and officially postmarked with a
28 date on or before the employee is assigned to work or have been
29 deposited with a carrier performing overnight delivery services on
30 or before the business day that the employee is assigned to work.

31 (3) To ensure, if the applicant is assigned to work on a Saturday,
32 Sunday, or on a federal holiday, that the application and
33 registration fee either have been mailed to the bureau and officially
34 postmarked with a date on the first business day immediately
35 following that Saturday, Sunday, or federal holiday or have been
36 deposited with a carrier performing overnight delivery services on
37 the first business day immediately following that Saturday,
38 Sunday, or federal holiday.

39 *SEC. 8. Section 7583.34 of the Business and Professions Code*
40 *is amended to read:*



1 7583.34. A licensee, *or any lawful business or public agency*
2 *that employs a security guard registered pursuant to this chapter*
3 shall not permit any employee to carry a baton prior to ascertaining
4 that the employee is proficient in the use of the weapon. Evidence
5 of proficiency shall include a certificate from a baton training
6 facility approved by the bureau which certifies that the employee
7 is proficient in the use of the baton.

8 *SEC. 9. Section 7583.36 of the Business and Professions Code*
9 *is amended to read:*

10 7583.36. A licensee, *or any lawful business or public agency*
11 *that employs a security guard registered pursuant to this chapter*
12 shall not permit any employee to carry tear gas or any other
13 nonlethal chemical agent prior to ascertaining that the employee
14 is proficient in the use of tear gas or other nonlethal chemical
15 agent. Evidence of proficiency shall include a certificate from a
16 training facility approved by the Department of Justice or by the
17 Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training that the
18 person is proficient in the use of tear gas or any other nonlethal
19 chemical agent.

20 *SEC. 10. Section 7587.7 of the Business and Professions Code*
21 *is amended to read:*

22 7587.7. If, upon investigation, the director determines a
23 licensee, including a corporation, or registrant, *or any lawful*
24 *business or public agency that employs a security guard registered*
25 *pursuant to this chapter* is in violation of Section 7583.2, 7583.3,
26 7583.37, 7585.19, 7587.2, or 7587.14, the director may issue a
27 citation to the licensee~~or~~, registrant, *lawful business, or public*
28 *agency*. The citation shall be in writing and shall describe with
29 particularity the nature of the violation, including specific
30 reference to the provision of law determined to have been violated.
31 If the director deems it appropriate, the citation may contain an
32 order of abatement fixing a reasonable time for abatement of the
33 violation and may contain an assessment of an administrative fine.
34 The amount of the fine shall in no event exceed two thousand five
35 hundred dollars (\$2,500) or as otherwise provided in this chapter,
36 whichever is less.

37 A citation or fine assessment shall inform the licensee~~or~~,
38 registrant, *lawful business, or public agency* that if he or she
39 contests the finding of a violation, ~~they~~ *he or she* may request a
40 review by a disciplinary review committee in accordance with



1 Section 7581.3. If a review is not requested pursuant to this
 2 section, payment of any fine shall not constitute an admission of
 3 the violation charged. If a review is not allowed under this chapter,
 4 a licensee ~~or~~, registrant, *lawful business, or public agency* may
 5 request a hearing in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5
 6 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title
 7 2 of the Government Code if he or she wishes to contest the
 8 findings of a violation, and if a hearing is not requested, payment
 9 of any fines shall not constitute an admission of the violation
 10 charged.

11 If the licensee or registrant neither requests a review, nor pays
 12 the assessed fine within 30 days of the assessment, the license or
 13 registration of the person shall not be renewed pursuant to the
 14 provisions of this chapter until the assessed fine is paid.

15 Administrative fines collected pursuant to this article shall be
 16 deposited in the Private Security Services Fund, which fund is
 17 hereby created to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

18 *SEC. 11. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to*
 19 *Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because*
 20 *the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school*
 21 *district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or*
 22 *infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty*
 23 *for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of*
 24 *the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within*
 25 *the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California*
 26 *Constitution.*

