

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 964

Introduced by Assembly Member Jerome Horton
(Principal coauthor: Senator Ackerman)

February 18, 2005

An act to amend Sections 755, 756, and 1153 of, to amend, repeal, and add Sections 1152 and 1155 of, and to add Sections 100.51, 721.51, 721.52, and 828.1 to, the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 964, as introduced, Jerome Horton. Property taxation: state assessment: commercial air carrier personal property.

The California Constitution requires the State Board of Equalization to assess specified properties owned by specified entities. Existing property tax law provides for the valuation of properties of a state assessee that owns property in more than one county. Existing law requires, upon a request by the board, that a state assessee submit a property statement, as provided, to the board pertaining to the property owned by the assessee. Existing law also provides, pursuant to specified formulas, for the application in each county of specified tax rates to the allocated assessed value of a state assessee's property, and for the allocation among jurisdictions in that county of the resulting revenues.

This bill would, commencing with the lien date for the 2006–07 fiscal year, require the board to assess taxable personal property that is owned by a commercial air carrier, as defined. This bill would authorize the board to audit these assessments as otherwise provided by law. This bill would also require the board to notify county assessors, as specified, if a commercial air carrier's taxable personal

property includes fixtures that are to be locally assessed as real property. This bill would also require that the revenues derived from the assessment of this property be allocated in the same percentage shares as revenues derived from locally assessed property among the jurisdictions in which the property is located.

This bill also would, for the 2006–07 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter, establish a conclusive presumption that the full market value of certificated aircraft is its value derived using the original cost method of valuation. This bill would also authorize a county in which a certificated aircraft is located to challenge an assessment made by the board if the board uses a valuation method other than the original cost method, as provided. This bill would also require that original cost be determined by excluding from capital additions and modifications maintenance costs that are deductible for federal income taxation purposes pursuant to a specified federal administrative ruling. This bill would also require that if the original cost of a leased aircraft is determined by reference to a specified publication, the prices in that publication with respect to that aircraft be reduced by a fleet discount, as defined, if the lessor purchased more than one aircraft in a single transaction. With respect to certain aircraft that are out of production, this bill would authorize a taxpayer and the board to mutually agree to determine the value of these aircraft as referenced in a specified publication.

Existing law establishes the State-County Property Tax Administration Grant Program which, for the 2002–03 fiscal year to the 2006–07 fiscal year, inclusive, provides grants, upon an appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act, to electing counties to assist them in funding property tax administration costs. This program sets forth a grant amount for each county in a specified schedule.

This bill would require the Department of Finance to make appropriate adjustments to the funding available to counties under this program to provide the board with revenues to administer the bill's provisions.

This bill would also make conforming changes to existing law.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 100.51 is added to the Revenue and
2 Taxation Code, to read:

3 100.51. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the
4 2006–07 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter, all of the
5 following apply:

6 (a) The property tax assessed value of taxable personal
7 property that is owned by a commercial air carrier, as defined in
8 Section 721.51, and that is assessed by the State Board of
9 Equalization, shall be allocated entirely to that tax rate area in the
10 county in which the property is located.

11 (b) The tax rate applied to the assessed value allocated
12 pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be the rate calculated pursuant to
13 Section 93.

14 (c) The revenues derived from the application of the tax rate to
15 the assessed value allocated to a tax rate area pursuant to
16 subdivision (a) shall be allocated among the jurisdictions in that
17 tax rate area, in those same percentage shares that property tax
18 revenues derived from locally assessed property are allocated to
19 those jurisdictions in that tax rate area, subject to any allocation
20 and payment of funds as provided in subdivision (b) of Section
21 33670 of the Health and Safety Code, and subject to any
22 modifications or adjustments pursuant to Sections 99 and 99.2.

23 SEC. 2. Section 721.51 is added to the Revenue and Taxation
24 Code, to read:

25 721.51. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
26 commencing with the lien date for the 2006–07 fiscal year, the
27 board shall annually assess all taxable personal property that is
28 owned, claimed, possessed, used, controlled, or managed by a
29 commercial air carrier as defined in subdivision (b).

30 (b) (1) For purposes of this section, “commercial air carrier”
31 means an air carrier or foreign air carrier engaged in air
32 transportation as defined in Section 1150.

33 (2) Certificated aircraft owned or used by a commercial air
34 carrier shall be assessed in a manner consistent with the
35 procedures set forth in Article 6 (commencing with Section
36 1150) of Chapter 5 of Part 2 that determines the extent that the
37 certificated aircraft is physically present in each county within
38 this state.

1 (c) The board may audit a commercial air carrier as otherwise
2 provided by law.

3 (d) The Department of Finance shall make appropriate
4 adjustments to the State-County Property Tax Administration
5 Grant Program set forth in Section 95.35 to provide the board
6 with the revenues necessary for the board to administer this
7 section.

8 SEC. 3. Section 721.52 is added to the Revenue and Taxation
9 Code, to read:

10 721.52. (a) (1) For the 2006–07 fiscal year and each fiscal
11 year thereafter, certificated aircraft shall be conclusively
12 presumed to be valued at full market value if all of the following
13 conditions are met:

14 (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (D), value is derived
15 using original cost, which original cost shall be the greater of the
16 following:

17 (i) The taxpayer's cost for that individual aircraft reported in
18 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, so
19 long as that produces net acquisition cost, and to the extent not
20 included in the taxpayer's cost, transportation costs and
21 capitalized interest and the cost of any capital addition or
22 modification. For purposes of this clause, a capital addition or
23 modification does not include maintenance costs that are
24 deductible for federal income tax purposes in accordance with
25 Internal Revenue Service Revenue Ruling 2001–4.

26 (ii) The taxpayer's cost as established pursuant to this
27 subdivision, plus one-half of the incremental difference between
28 the taxpayer's cost and the cost established in a sale/leaseback or
29 assignment of purchase rights transaction for individual aircraft
30 that transfers the benefits and burdens of ownership to the lessor
31 for United States federal income tax purposes.

32 If the original cost for leased aircraft cannot be determined
33 from information reasonably available to the taxpayer, including
34 information obtained from the lessor of the leased aircraft,
35 original cost may be determined by reference to the "average
36 new prices" column of the Airliner Price Guide for that model,
37 series, and year of manufacture of aircraft. If, in a single
38 transaction, the lessor purchased more than one unit of the
39 model, series, and year of manufacture of an aircraft for which
40 the Airliner Price Guide is used to determine original cost of the

1 aircraft as described in the preceding sentence, the “average new
2 price” of each of those aircraft shall be reduced by a fleet
3 discount, as defined in subdivision (d). If information is not
4 available in the “average new prices” column for that model,
5 series, and year, the original cost may be determined using the
6 best indicator of original cost plus all conversion costs incurred
7 for that aircraft. In the event of a merger, bankruptcy, or change
8 in accounting methods by the reporting airline, there shall be a
9 rebuttable presumption that the cost of the individual aircraft and
10 the acquisition date reported by the acquired company, if
11 available, or the cost reported prior to the change in accounting
12 method, are the original cost and the applicable acquisition date.

13 (B) Original cost, plus the cost of any capital additions or
14 modifications not otherwise included in original cost, shall be
15 adjusted from the date of the acquisition of the aircraft to the lien
16 date using the producer price index for aircraft and a 16-year
17 straight-line percent good table starting from the delivery date of
18 the aircraft to the current owner, or, in the case of a
19 sale/leaseback or assignment of purchase rights, as described in
20 this section, the current operator with a minimum combined
21 factor of 25 percent, unless this adjustment results in a value less
22 than the minimum value for that aircraft computed pursuant to
23 subparagraph (C), in which case the minimum value may be
24 used. If original cost is determined by reference to the Airliner
25 Price Guide “average new prices” column, the adjustments
26 required by this subparagraph shall be made by setting the
27 acquisition date of the aircraft to be the date of the aircraft’s
28 manufacture.

29 (C) For certificated aircraft of a model and series that has been
30 in revenue service for eight or more years, the minimum value
31 may not exceed the average of the used aircraft prices shown in
32 columns other than the “average new prices” column for used
33 aircraft of the oldest aircraft for that model and series in the
34 Airliner Price Guide most recently published as of the lien date.
35 Minimum values may not be utilized for certificated aircraft of a
36 model and series that has been in revenue service for fewer than
37 eight years.

38 (D) For out-of-production aircraft that were recommended to
39 be valued by a market approach for 1998 by the California

1 Assessors' Association, their assessments shall be based at the
2 lower of the following:

3 (i) The values established by the association for the 1998 lien
4 date.

5 (ii) The average of the used aircraft prices shown in the
6 columns other than the "average new prices" column for used
7 aircraft of the five oldest years for the aircraft model and series
8 or that lesser time for which data is available in the Airliner Price
9 Guide.

10 (E) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon mutual
11 agreement between a taxpayer and the State Board of
12 Equalization, out-of-production aircraft, other than those
13 described in subparagraph (D), may be assessed using the
14 average of the used aircraft prices shown in the columns other
15 than the "average new prices" column for used aircraft of the five
16 oldest years for the aircraft model and series or that lesser time
17 for which data is available in the Airliner Price Guide.

18 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in computing assessed
19 value, the State Board of Equalization may allow for
20 extraordinary obsolescence if supported by market evidence or
21 other documentation, and the taxpayer may challenge the
22 assessment for failure to allow for this obsolescence. To
23 constitute market evidence or other documentation of
24 extraordinary obsolescence and to permit an assessment appeal,
25 the evidence shall demonstrate that the functional obsolescence,
26 the economic obsolescence, or a combination of both, is in
27 excess of 10 percent of the value for the aircraft model and series
28 otherwise established pursuant to subparagraph (B), (C), (D), or
29 (E) of paragraph (1).

30 (3) For purposes of paragraph (1), if the Airliner Price Guide
31 ceases to be published or the format significantly changes, a
32 guide or adjustment agreed to by the airlines and the taxing
33 counties shall be substituted.

34 (b) To calculate the values prescribed in subdivision (a), the
35 taxpayer shall, to the extent that information is reasonably
36 available to the taxpayer, furnish the State Board of Equalization
37 with an annual property statement that includes the aircraft
38 original costs as defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of
39 subdivision (a). If an air carrier that has this information
40 reasonably available to it fails to report original cost and

1 additions as required by this subdivision, the State Board of
2 Equalization shall, based upon the information in its possession,
3 estimate the value of the certificated aircraft and, based upon this
4 value, promptly assess that aircraft.

5 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
6 assessment of certificated aircraft, owned or operated by a
7 commercial air carrier as defined in Section 721.51, that is made
8 by the State Board of Equalization in a manner that is contrary to
9 the requirements of this section may be challenged in the
10 Superior Court for the County of Sacramento by a county in
11 which the certificated aircraft is located.

12 (d) For purposes of this section, a “fleet discount” means a
13 percentage reduction in price, equal to the percentage of the price
14 listed in the Airliner Price Guide that is represented by the
15 product of the following two amounts, not to exceed 0.2:

16 (1) 0.005.

17 (2) The number of aircraft of that model, series, and year
18 leased by the operator from the lessor.

19 SEC. 4. Section 755 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
20 amended to read:

21 755. (a) On or before July 15, the board shall transmit to each
22 county auditor an estimate of the total unitary value and
23 operating nonunitary value of state-assessed property in the
24 county and of nonunitary state-assessed property in each revenue
25 district in the county. An estimate need not be made for a
26 revenue district that did not levy a tax or assessment during the
27 preceding year unless the board receives on or before January 1
28 preceding the fiscal year for which the levy is to be made a notice
29 in writing of the proposed levy. The estimate shall be regarded as
30 establishing the total assessed value of state-assessed property in
31 the county and each revenue district in the county for the purpose
32 of determining tax rates, subject only to those changes as may be
33 transmitted on or prior to July 31. All information furnished
34 pursuant to this section is at all times during office hours open to
35 inspection by any interested person or entity.

36 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), in making the estimate
37 referred to in subdivision (a), the unitary value and nonunitary
38 value of the property of regulated railway companies and
39 property subject to subdivisions (i), (j), and (k) of Section 100,

1 *Section 100.9, or Section 100.51* shall be allocated by revenue
2 district.

3 SEC. 5. Section 756 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
4 amended to read:

5 756. (a) On or before July 31, the board shall transmit to each
6 county auditor a roll showing the unitary and operating
7 nonunitary assessments made by the board in the county and the
8 nonoperating nonunitary assessments made by the board in each
9 city and revenue district in the county; provided, however, that
10 the roll need not show the assessments made by the board in a
11 revenue district ~~which~~ *that* did not levy a tax or assessment
12 during the preceding year. The roll is at all times, during office
13 hours, open to the inspection of any person representing any
14 taxing agency or revenue district, or any district described in
15 Section 2131. If the roll does not show the assessments in a
16 revenue district as herein provided and a notice of a proposed
17 levy is furnished the board in writing, on or before January 1
18 preceding the fiscal year for which the levy is to be made, the
19 board shall furnish an estimate of the total assessed value of
20 nonoperating nonunitary state-assessed property in the district
21 and shall transmit thereafter to the county auditor a statement of
22 roll change showing the nonoperating nonunitary assessments
23 made by the board in the district.

24 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), in making the roll
25 referred to in subdivision (a), the unitary value and nonunitary
26 value of the property of regulated railway companies and
27 property subject to subdivisions (i), (j), and (k) of Section 100,
28 *Section 100.9, or Section 100.51* shall be enrolled by revenue
29 district.

30 SEC. 6. Section 828.1 is added to the Revenue and Taxation
31 Code, to read:

32 828.1. (a) All of the following apply to a property statement
33 submitted by a commercial air carrier:

34 (1) Personal property located in this state, other than
35 certificated aircraft, shall be reported by reference to the tax rate
36 area in order to allocate assessed value by tax rate area as
37 required by Section 100.51.

38 (2) Information related to certificated aircraft that normally
39 make physical contact in counties shall be reported in the form
40 prescribed by the board.

1 (b) If a commercial air carrier's property statement includes
2 fixtures that are to be locally assessed as fixtures, the board shall
3 provide information regarding the fixtures to the county assessor
4 for the county in which the fixtures are located.

5 SEC. 7. Section 1152 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
6 amended to read:

7 1152. The allocation formula to be used by each assessor is as
8 follows:

9 (a) The time-in-state factor is the proportionate amount of
10 time, both in the air and on the ground, that certificated aircraft
11 have spent within the state during a representative period as
12 compared to the total time in the representative period. For
13 purposes of this subdivision, all time, both in the air and on the
14 ground, that certificated aircraft have spent within the state prior
15 to the aircraft's first entry into the revenue service of the air
16 carrier in control of the aircraft on the current lien date shall be
17 excluded from the time-in-state factor. This factor shall be
18 multiplied by 75 percent.

19 (b) The arrivals and departures factor is the proportionate
20 number of arrivals in and departures from airports within the
21 state of certificated aircraft during a representative period as
22 compared to the total number of arrivals in and departures from
23 airports during the representative period. This factor shall be
24 multiplied by 25 percent.

25 (c) For the 1983-84 fiscal year and fiscal years thereafter, in
26 computing the time-in-state factor, on each occasion during the
27 representative period that a certificated aircraft has spent 720 or
28 more consecutive hours on the ground, all ground time in excess
29 of 168 hours shall be excluded from the time in state attributable
30 to that aircraft.

31 (d) The time-in-state factor shall be added to the arrivals and
32 departures factor.

33 (e) The figure produced by application of subdivision (d)
34 equals the allocation to be applied to full cash value to determine
35 the value to which the assessment ratio shall be applied.

36 (f) *This section shall remain in effect only until July 1, 2006,*
37 *and as of that date is repealed.*

38 SEC. 8. Section 1152 is added to the Revenue and Taxation
39 Code, to read:

1 1152. The allocation formula to be used by the board is as
2 follows:

3 (a) The time-in-state factor is the proportionate amount of
4 time, both in the air and on the ground, that certificated aircraft
5 have spent within the state during a representative period as
6 compared to the total time in the representative period. For
7 purposes of this subdivision, all time, both in the air and on the
8 ground, that certificated aircraft have spent within the state prior
9 to the aircraft's first entry into the revenue service of the air
10 carrier in control of the aircraft on the current lien date shall be
11 excluded from the time-in-state factor. This factor shall be
12 multiplied by 75 percent.

13 (b) The arrivals and departures factor is the proportionate
14 number of arrivals in and departures from airports within the
15 state of certificated aircraft during a representative period as
16 compared to the total number of arrivals in and departures from
17 airports during the representative period. This factor shall be
18 multiplied by 25 percent.

19 (c) For the 2006–07 fiscal year and for each fiscal year
20 thereafter, in computing the time-in-state factor, on each
21 occasion during the representative period that a certificated
22 aircraft has spent 720 or more consecutive hours on the ground,
23 all ground time in excess of 168 hours shall be excluded from the
24 time in state attributable to that aircraft.

25 (d) The time-in-state factor shall be added to the arrivals and
26 departures factor.

27 (e) The figure produced by application of subdivision (d)
28 equals the allocation to be applied to full cash value to determine
29 the value to which the assessment ratio shall be applied.

30 (f) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2006.

31 SEC. 9. Section 1153 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
32 amended to read:

33 1153. After consulting with the assessors of the counties in
34 which aircraft of an air carrier normally make physical contact,
35 the board shall designate for each assessment year the
36 representative period to be used ~~by the assessors~~ in assessing the
37 aircraft of the carrier.

38 SEC. 10. Section 1155 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
39 amended to read:

1 1155. (a) For purposes of Section 404, certificated aircraft
2 shall be deemed to be situated only in those taxing agencies in
3 which the aircraft normally make physical contact with sufficient
4 regularity to entitle ~~such~~ *the* agencies to tax the aircraft under the
5 laws and Constitution of the United States. Flight time within the
6 state shall be allocated as follows:

7 ~~(a)~~

8 (1) If the aircraft takes off in one taxing agency ~~which~~ *that* is
9 entitled to tax (within the meaning of the preceding sentence) and
10 lands in another agency ~~which~~ *that* is entitled to tax, the flight
11 time between ~~such~~ *the two* taxing agencies shall be allocated
12 one-half to each ~~such~~ agency.

13 ~~(b)~~

14 (2) If the aircraft arrives from out of state or leaves the state,
15 the flight time from or to the state boundary shall be allocated to
16 the taxing agency entitled to tax in which the aircraft first lands
17 or last takes off, as the case may be.

18 (b) *This section shall remain in effect only until July 1, 2006,*
19 *and as of that date is repealed.*

20 SEC. 11. Section 1155 is added to the Revenue and Taxation
21 Code, to read:

22 1155. (a) For purposes of Section 100.51, certificated aircraft
23 shall be deemed to be situated only in those tax rate areas in
24 which the aircraft normally make physical contact with sufficient
25 regularity to entitle that tax rate area to the assessed value of the
26 aircraft under the laws and Constitution of the United States.
27 Flight time within the state shall be allocated as follows:

28 (1) If the aircraft takes off in one tax rate area that is entitled to
29 the assessed value of the aircraft and lands in another tax rate
30 area that is entitled to the assessed value of the aircraft, the flight
31 time between the two tax rate areas shall be allocated one-half to
32 each of the two tax rate areas.

33 (2) If the aircraft arrives from out of state or leaves the state,
34 the flight time from or to the state boundary shall be allocated to
35 the tax rate area entitled to the assessed value of the aircraft in
36 which the aircraft first lands or last takes off, as the case may be.

37 (b) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2006.

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40 CORRECTIONS:



1 Corrections-Heading-Line 2. Text-Pages 2, 4, 5, 6, and 9.
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