## AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 18, 2007 AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 5, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 25, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 17, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 29, 2007 CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

**No. 224** 

Introduced by Assembly Member Wolk

January 29, 2007

An act to add Part 1.6 (commencing with Section 10100) to Division 6 of the Water Code, relating to water.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 224, as amended, Wolk. Water supply planning.

Under existing law, various state and local agencies engage in water resource planning.

This bill would enact the Climate Change and Water Resource Protection Act of 2007. The bill would require the Department of Water Resources, as part of its statewide water resource management responsibilities, to include an analysis of the potential effects of climate change, to the extent applicable, in reports or plans that the department is required to prepare. The bill would prohibit the department from approving a request for a specified grant, submitted after January 1, 2010, unless certain requirements are met. The department would be required, by July 1, 2008, to identify available peer-reviewed information, or the best available scientific information, regarding

climate change and water resources for the state and each of the state's hydrologic basins for specified uses. The bill would require an urban water supplier and an agricultural water supplier to take certain action relating to specified climate change information.

The bill would require the department, in consultation with other state agencies, to prepare a report that quantifies the energy savings and greenhouse gas emission reductions associated with water supply development. The department would be required to submit the report to the Governor and the Legislature, and to make it available to the public, on or before January 1, 2009. The bill would require the state board or a California regional water quality board to consider, as appropriate, a reasonable range of plausible hydrological, temperature, and sea-level rise scenarios resulting from *take specified action relating to* climate change for the purpose of preparing a state or regional water quality control plan, as applicable.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

## The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature hereby finds and declares all of 2 the following:

3 (a) The Department of Water Resources issued a 2006 report 4 on climate change and California's water resources, concluding 5 that climate change is likely to have significant effects on the 6 state's water supply projects and the Sacramento-San Joaquin 7 Delta.

8 (b) The State Energy Resources Conservation and Development 9 Commission's Integrated Energy Policy Report (CEC-IEPR)

10 produced in 2005 estimates that water-related energy use consumes

11 19 percent of the state's electricity, 30 percent of its natural gas,

12 and 88 billion gallons of diesel fuel every year.

13 (c) The CEC-IEPR also found that water supply and conveyance

14 have both the highest energy magnitude and the greatest variability

- 15 in energy intensity in the water use cycle.
- 16 (d) The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006
- 17 requires the adoption of a statewide greenhouse gas emissions
- 18 limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level
- 19 in 1990 to be achieved by 2020. Existing law requires all state

1 agencies to consider and implement strategies to reduce their 2 greenhouse gas emissions. 3 (e) The CEC-IEPR concluded that, in many areas of the state, 4 recycled water is the least energy-intensive source of new water 5 supply. Increased use of recycled water statewide will reduce 6 California's energy consumption and help meet the state's goal of 7 reducing greenhouse gas emissions, as required by the California 8 Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. 9 (f) Increasing water conservation statewide will also reduce 10 California's energy consumption and help meet the state's goal of 11 reducing greenhouse gas emissions, as required by the California 12 Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. 13 (g) California should improve its overall planning process to 14 ensure a safe, clean, and reliable water supply by more fully 15 considering the impacts of climate change and by identifying water 16 supply options that will help the state meet the requirements of 17 the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. 18 SEC. 2. Part 1.6 (commencing with Section 10100) is added 19 to Division 6 of the Water Code, to read: 20 21 PART 1.6. CLIMATE CHANGE AND WATER RESOURCES 22 23 10100. This part shall be known and may be cited as the 24 Climate Change and Water Resource Protection Act of 2007. 25 10101. (a) The department, as part of its statewide water 26 resource management responsibilities, shall include an analysis of 27 the potential effects of climate change, to the extent applicable, in 28 all reports or plans that the department is required to prepare. These 29 reports or plans include all of the following: 30 (1) The biennial report on the overall delivery capability of the 31 State Water Project and the allocation of that capacity to each 32 contractor. 33 (2) The California Water Plan prepared pursuant to Part 1.5 34 (commencing with Section 10004). 35 (3) Reports related to the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta. 36 (4) State Plan of Flood Control.

37 (5) Bulletin 118 and other bulletins issued by the department38 concerning the statewide status of groundwater resources.

39 (b) On or before July 1, 2008, the department shall identify

- 40 available peer-reviewed information, or in its absence, the best
  - 94

1 available scientific information, including information produced

2 in response to Executive Order S-3-05, regarding climate change
3 and water resources for the state and each of the state's hydrologic

4 basins for use by state and local agencies in preparing plans

5 described in Sections 10103 and 10104. To the maximum extent

6 practicable, the department shall make the information available

7 on its Internet Web site or through other readily available means.

8 In conjunction with the preparation of the California Water Plan,

9 the department shall work with the California Environmental

10 Protection Agency and the scientific community to periodically

11 update the climate change information, as appropriate.

(c) The department shall not approve any request for a grant
pursuant to Section 75026 of the Public Resources Code, submitted
after January 1, 2010, unless the integrated regional water
management plan that is the basis of the grant application-meets
either of the following conditions:

17 (1) The integrated regional water management plan includes 18 includes consideration of the information regarding climate change 19 made available in accordance with subdivision (b) or Section 10103 or other relevant information if the supplier deems that information 20 21 reasonably reliable. If this information is not available, or does 22 not apply to a particular integrated regional water management 23 planning area, the grant applicant is not subject to the requirements 24 of this section and the body adopting the integrated regional water 25 management plan shall adopt a written statement that information 26 pursuant to subdivision (b) is not available, or does not apply to 27 the integrated regional water management in the planning area. 28 (2) The integrated regional water management plan was adopted

29 before January 1, 2009, has not been updated or amended, and the

30 department received the grant application within four years from

31 the date the integrated regional water management plan was

32 adopted.

10102. (a) In order to assist local and state agencies in
implementing the California Global Warming Solutions Act of
2006 (Division 25.5 (commencing with Section 38500) of the
Health and Safety Code), the department, in collaboration with
the State Water Resources Control Board, the State Air Resources
Board, the Energy Resources Conservation and Development
Commission, and the Public Utilities Commission, shall prepare

40 a report that quantifies the energy savings and greenhouse gas

1 emission reductions associated with water supply development, 2 including, but not limited to, increasing the use of recycled water 3 to offset the use of potable water for nonpotable uses in the state 4 and expanding reliance on water conservation. The For the 5 purposes of this section, the State Water Resources Control Board 6 has the primary responsibility for the analysis of recycled water 7 and the department has primary responsibility for the analysis of 8 all other water supply development alternatives.

9 (b) In making the quantifications required by subdivision (a), 10 the agencies shall use the best scientific information available and 11 consult with all interested local agencies.

12 (c) The report shall quantify statewide energy savings and 13 greenhouse gas emission reductions by utilizing various scenarios 14 that assume the state will exceed its current use of recycled water 15 and will meet or exceed the state's goal for water recycling established by Section 13577. The study shall consider energy 16 17 savings and greenhouse gas emission reductions in each region 18 identified in Section 13200 from all possible nonpotable uses of 19 recycled water referenced in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 20 60301) of Division 4 of Title 22 of the California Code of 21 Regulations, including agricultural, industrial, environmental, 22 groundwater recharge, commercial, and urban irrigation uses.

(d) In making the quantification related to water conservation,
the report shall quantify statewide energy savings and greenhouse
gas emission reductions assuming the maximum potential water
use efficiency identified in the department's Bulletin 160-05. *The report shall include recommendations as to emission reduction measures that provide state agencies a way to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from water use.*

30 (e) The department shall submit the report required by 31 subdivision (a) to the Governor and the Legislature, and make the 32 report available to the public, on or before January 1, 2009. The 33 report shall include specific policy recommendations and 34 administrative actions that will assist the state in meeting the 35 requirements of Section 38560.5 of the Health and Safety Code 36 to identify and implement specific greenhouse gas emission 37 reduction measures.

10103. For the purpose of preparing or revising a state water
 quality control plan or a regional water quality control plan, the
 State Water Resources Control Board or the regional water quality

1 control board shall consider, as appropriate, a reasonable range of

2 plausible hydrological, temperature, and sea-level rise scenarios

3 resulting from climate change. *control board shall do all of the* 4 *following:* 

5 (a) Request, or otherwise obtain from the department, the 6 information made available pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section

7 10101.

8 (b) Identify, to the extent practicable and relevant, the possible 9 effects of climate change on water quality based on the information

10 made available pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 10101 or

11 other relevant information that the State Water Resources Control

12 Board or the regional water quality control board deems relevant

13 and reasonably reliable.

14 (c) Consider the information made available pursuant to 15 subdivision (b) of Section 10101 or other relevant information that

16 the State Water Resources Control Board or the regional water

17 *quality control board deems relevant and reasonably reliable for* 

18 the purpose of the triennial review of applicable water quality

19 standards undertaken pursuant to the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C.

20 Sec. 1313(c)(1)).

10104. (a) On and after January 1, 2009, an urban water
supplier that is required to prepare a plan pursuant to Part 2.6
(commencing with Section 10610), or an agricultural water supplier

that is required to prepare a plan pursuant to Part 2.8 (commencing

25 with Section 10800), shall do both of the following:

(1) Request or otherwise obtain from the department theinformation regarding climate change and water supply madeavailable pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 10101.

(2) Identify, to the extent practicable, the possible effects ofclimate change on its water supply projections based on theinformation made available pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section

10101 or other relevant information if the supplier deems thatinformation reasonably reliable.

(b) An urban water supplier shall consider the information
regarding climate change and water supply made available pursuant
to subdivision (b) of Section 10101 or other information if the
supplier deems that information reasonably reliable in describing
the reliability of its water supply pursuant to subdivision (c) of

39 Section 10631 and the reliability of water service to its customers

40 pursuant to Section 10635.

1 (c) An agricultural water supplier shall consider the information

2 regarding climate change and water supply made available pursuant
3 to subdivision (b) of Section 10101 or other relevant information

4 if the supplier deems that information reasonably reliable in

5 describing the quantity and source of water delivered to, and by,

6 the supplier.

7 (d) If the information described in subdivision (b) of Section

8 10101 is not available or does not apply to a supplier described in

9 subdivision (a), the supplier is not subject to the requirements of

10 this section and the governing board of a supplier specified in

11 subdivision (a) shall adopt a written statement stating that the

12 information described in subdivision (b) of Section 10101 is not

13 available or does not apply to the supplier.-

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