## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 7, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 11, 2007

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007—08 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 579

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Swanson**

February 21, 2007

An act to amend Section 7110.5 of the Government Code, relating to An act to amend Sections 7116 and 7117 of the Government Code, and to amend Sections 17053.45, 17268, 23645, and 24356.8 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to military base recovery areas.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 579, as amended, Swanson. Military base recovery areas.

Existing law authorizes a local governing body, as defined, to propose to the Department of Housing and Community Development a local agency military base recovery area to receive specified economic incentives to offset military base closures. The designations are binding for a period of 8 years.

This bill would make the designation binding for an additional 7 years if specified conditions occur, as provided.

The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits and deductions against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for sales and use tax paid by a taxpayer, as defined, for the purchase of qualified property, as defined, for use in a local agency military base recovery area (LAMBRA), and a specified accelerated deduction in connection with property that is used exclusively in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA. Among other things, in order to be eligible for the credits and deduction, a

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taxpayer is required to increase, for the first 2 taxable years, the number of jobs in the LAMBRA.

This bill would delete the requirement to increase the number of jobs in the LAMBRA. This bill would also require each local military base recovery area governing body to update its economic development plan, as provided.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
- 3 (a) The health, safety, and welfare of the people of California 4 depend upon the development, stability, and expansion of private business, industry, and commerce, and that there are certain areas within the state that have been and will be severely economically impacted because of the closure of military bases by the federal 8 Department of Defense.
  - (b) The closure of 29 major military bases resulted in a loss of nearly 54 percent of the state's military personnel since 1988 which translates into a loss of more than 93,000 California military and civilian jobs. California has recaptured less than 60 percent of those jobs since the rounds of base closures began. Military base closures have resulted in a loss of \$10 billion in annual revenues.
  - (c) That many communities want and need to attract new business and private investment to compensate for the loss of revenue that occurs when a military base closes or downsizes, but that many communities have insufficient means to do so.
  - SEC. 2. Section 7116 of the Government Code is amended to read:
  - 7116. (a) A local agency military base recovery area governing body shall provide information at the request of the department as necessary for the department to prepare the report required pursuant to Section 7115.
  - (b) A local agency military base recovery area governing body shall provide information at the request of the department as necessary for the department to determine whether the governing body is complying with the terms of the approved application.

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(c) If the department determines that a local agency military base recovery area governing body is not complying with the terms of the approved application for designation, the department shall provide written notice of the program deficiencies and the governing body shall be given six months to correct the deficiencies.

- (d) The department shall revoke the designation of a local agency military base recovery area if the department determines that the governing body granted the designation has not complied with the terms of the approved application for designation within six months after written notice pursuant to subdivision (c), and shall not be considered a local agency military base recovery area until the deficiencies are corrected.
- (e) Any companies located in the local agency military base recovery area shall not be penalized during any period of revocation and may continue to operate with incentives provided pursuant to this chapter.
- (f) An audit of the program shall be made by the department pursuant to Section 7076.1 with the cooperation of the governing body to determine the effectiveness of the program under this chapter.
- (g) Each local agency military base recovery area governing body shall, on or before January 1, 2010, update its economic development plan that was included in its original application for designation.
- SEC. 3. Section 7117 of the Government Code, as added by Section 1 of Chapter 1216 of the Statutes of 1993, is amended to read:
- 7117. A business located within a local agency military base recovery area shall be eligible for the tax benefits set forth within Sections—17053.45, 17053.46,—17268, 17276.2,—23645, 23646, 24356.8, and 24416.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code only if it provides a net increase in jobs in the local agency military base recovery area within the first two years from the business' initial date of operation. If the business fails to meet its obligations under the local agency military base recovery area plan or the requirements of this act, any tax benefits received under those sections shall be recaptured, as provided in each of those sections.
- 39 SEC. 4. Section 17053.45 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 40 is amended to read:

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17053.45. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "net tax" (as defined by Section 17039) an amount equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the purchase of qualified property to the extent that the qualified property does not exceed a value of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

- (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (2) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA-and, for the first two taxable years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second taxable year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.
- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:
- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.
- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees who are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer who first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B), the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator

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of which is the number of months of the taxable year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.

- (3) "Qualified property" means property that is each of the following:
- (A) Purchased by the taxpayer for exclusive use in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA.
- (B) Purchased before the date the LAMBRA designation expires, is no longer binding, or becomes inoperative.
  - (C) Any of the following:

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- (i) High technology equipment, including, but not limited to, computers and electronic processing equipment.
- (ii) Aircraft maintenance equipment, including, but not limited to, engine stands, hydraulic mules, power carts, test equipment, handtools, aircraft start carts, and tugs.
- (iii) Aircraft components, including, but not limited to, engines, fuel control units, hydraulic pumps, avionics, starts, wheels, and tires.
- (iv) Section 1245 property, as defined in Section 1245(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The credit provided under subdivision (a) shall be allowed only for qualified property manufactured in California unless qualified property of a comparable quality and price is not available for timely purchase and delivery from a California manufacturer.
- (d) In the case where the credit otherwise allowed under this section exceeds the "net tax" for the taxable year, that portion of the credit which exceeds the "net tax" may be carried over and added to the credit, if any, in succeeding years, until the credit is exhausted. The credit shall be applied first to the earliest taxable years possible.
- (e) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to increase the basis of the property as otherwise required by Section 164(a) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to sales or use tax paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of qualified property.
- (f) (1) The amount of credit otherwise allowed under this section and Section 17053.46, including any credit carryover from prior years, that may reduce the "net tax" for the taxable year shall not exceed the amount of tax that would be imposed on the taxpayer's business income attributed to a LAMBRA determined

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as if that attributable income represented all the income of the taxpayer subject to tax under this part.

- (2) Attributable income is that portion of the taxpayer's California source business income that is apportioned to the LAMBRA. For that purpose, the taxpayer's business income that is attributable to sources in this state shall first be determined in accordance with Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101) of Part 11. That business income shall be further apportioned to the LAMBRA in accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 25120) of Chapter 17 of Part 11, as modified for purposes of this section in accordance with paragraph (3).
- (3) Income shall be apportioned to a LAMBRA by multiplying the total California business income of the taxpayer by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, plus the payroll factor, and the denominator of which is two. For purposes of this paragraph:
- (A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the taxable year.
- (B) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA during the taxable year for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer in this state during the taxable year.
- (4) The portion of any credit remaining, if any, after application of this subdivision, shall be carried over to succeeding taxable years, as if it were an amount exceeding the "net tax" for the taxable year, as provided in subdivision (d).
- (g) (1)—If the qualified property is disposed of or no longer used by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA, at any time before the close of the second taxable year after the property is placed in service, the amount of the credit previously claimed, with respect to that property, shall be added to the taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year of that disposition or nonuse.
- (2) At the close of the second taxable year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), then the amount of the credit

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previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's net tax for the taxpayer's second taxable year.

- (h) If the taxpayer is allowed a credit for qualified property pursuant to this section, only one credit shall be allowed to the taxpayer under this part with respect to that qualified property.
- (i) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision Section 5 of Chapter 987 of the Statutes of 1999 shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.
- SEC. 5. Section 17268 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 17268. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, a taxpayer may elect to treat 40 percent of the cost of any Section 17268 property as an expense that is not chargeable to the capital account. Any cost so treated shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year in which the taxpayer places the Section 17268 property in service.
- (b) In the case of a husband or wife filing separate returns for a taxable year in which a spouse is entitled to the deduction under subdivision (a), the applicable amount shall be equal to 50 percent of the amount otherwise determined under subdivision (a).
- (c) (1) An election under this section for any taxable year shall meet both of the following requirements:
- (A) Specify the items of Section 17268 property to which the election applies and the portion of the cost of each of those items that is to be taken into account under subdivision (a).
- (B) Be made on the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed by this part for the taxable year.
- (2) Any election made under this section, and any specification contained in that election, may not be revoked except with the consent of the Franchise Tax Board.
- (d) (1) For purposes of this section, "Section 17268 property" means any recovery property that is each of the following:
- (A) Section 1245 property (as defined in Section 1245(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code).
- (B) Purchased by the taxpayer for exclusive use in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA.
- (C) Purchased before the date the LAMBRA designation expires, is no longer binding, or becomes inoperative.
- 39 (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), "purchase" means any 40 acquisition of property, but only if both of the following apply:

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1 (A) The property is not acquired from a person whose 2 relationship to the person acquiring it would result in the 3 disallowance of losses under Section 267 or 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code (but, in applying Section 267(b) and Section 267(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this section, Section 267(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as providing that the family of an individual shall include only his or 8 her spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants).

- (B) The basis of the property in the hands of the person acquiring it is not determined by either of the following:
- (i) In whole or in part by reference to the adjusted basis of the property in the hands of the person from whom acquired.
- (ii) Under Section 1014 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to basis of property acquired from a decedent.
- (3) For purposes of this section, the cost of property does not include that portion of the basis of the property that is determined by reference to the basis of other property held at any time by the person acquiring the property.
  - (4) This section shall not apply to estates and trusts.
- (5) This section shall not apply to any property for which the taxpayer may not make an election for the taxable year under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code because of the provisions of Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (6) In the case of a partnership, the dollar limitation in subdivision (f) shall apply at the partnership level and at the partner level.
- (7) This section shall not apply to any property described in Section 168(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to property to which Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
  - (e) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with the provisions of Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (2) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA and, for the first two taxable years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed

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in this state in the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second taxable year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.

- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:
- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.
- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees who are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer who first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B) the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the taxable year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.
- (f) The aggregate cost of all Section 17268 property that may be taken into account under subdivision (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed the following applicable amounts for the taxable year of the designation of the relevant LAMBRA and taxable years thereafter:

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32		The applicable
33		amount is:
34	Taxable year of designation	\$100,000
35	1st taxable year thereafter	100,000
36	2nd taxable year thereafter	75,000
37	3rd taxable year thereafter	75,000
38	Each taxable year thereafter	50,000
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(g) This section shall apply only to property that is used exclusively in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA.

- (h) (1)—Any amounts deducted under subdivision (a) with respect to property that ceases to be used in the trade or business within a LAMBRA at any time before the close of the second taxable year after the property was placed in service shall be included in income for that year.
- (2) At the close of the second taxable year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (e), then the amount of the deduction previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxpayer's second taxable year.
- (i) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to claim for the same property the deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to an election to expense certain depreciable business assets.
- SEC. 6. Section 23645 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 23645. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax" (as defined by Section 23036) for the taxable year an amount equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the purchase of qualified property to the extent that the qualified property does not exceed a value of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000).
  - (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (2) "Taxpayer" means a corporation that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA-and, for the first two taxable years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second taxable year after commencing business operations in the

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LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.

- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:
- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.
- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees that are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer who first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B) the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the taxable year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.
- (3) "Qualified property" means property that is each of the following:
- (A) Purchased by the taxpayer for exclusive use in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA.
- (B) Purchased before the date the LAMBRA designation expires, is no longer binding, or becomes inoperative.
  - (C) Any of the following:

- (i) High technology equipment, including, but not limited to, computers and electronic processing equipment.
- (ii) Aircraft maintenance equipment, including, but not limited to, engine stands, hydraulic mules, power carts, test equipment, handtools, aircraft start carts, and tugs.
- (iii) Aircraft components, including, but not limited to, engines, fuel control units, hydraulic pumps, avionics, starts, wheels, and tires.
- 37 (iv) Section 1245 property, as defined in Section 1245(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 39 (c) The credit provided under subdivision (a) shall only be 40 allowed for qualified property manufactured in California unless

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qualified property of a comparable quality and price is not available for timely purchase and delivery from a California manufacturer.

- (d) In the case where the credit otherwise allowed under this section exceeds the "tax" for the taxable year, that portion of the credit which exceeds the "tax" may be carried over and added to the credit, if any, in succeeding years, until the credit is exhausted. The credit shall be applied first to the earliest taxable years possible.
- (e) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to increase the basis of the property as otherwise required by Section 164(a) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to sales or use tax paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of qualified property.
- (f) (1) The amount of the credit otherwise allowed under this section and Section 23646, including any credit carryovers from prior years, that may reduce the "tax" for the taxable year shall not exceed the amount of tax that would be imposed on the taxpayer's business income attributed to a LAMBRA determined as if that attributable income represented all the income of the taxpayer subject to tax under this part.
- (2) Attributable income shall be that portion of the taxpayer's California source business income that is apportioned to the LAMBRA. For that purpose, the taxpayer's business income that is attributable to sources in this state shall first be determined in accordance with Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101). That business income shall be further apportioned to the LAMBRA in accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 25120) of Chapter 17, modified for purposes of this section in accordance with paragraph (3).
- (3) Income shall be apportioned to a LAMBRA by multiplying the total California business income of the taxpayer by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, plus the payroll factor, and the denominator of which is two. For purposes of this paragraph:
- (A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the taxable year.

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(B) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA during the taxable year for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer in this state during the taxable year.

- (4) The portion of any credit remaining, if any, after application of this subdivision, shall be carried over to succeeding taxable years, as if it were an amount exceeding the "tax" for the taxable year, as provided in subdivision (d).
- (g) (1)—If the qualified property is disposed of or no longer used by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA, at any time before the close of the second taxable year after the property is placed in service, the amount of the credit previously claimed, with respect to that property, shall be added to the taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year of that disposition or nonuse.
- (2) At the close of the second taxable year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), then the amount of the credit previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's tax for the taxpayer's second taxable year.
- (h) If the taxpayer is allowed a credit for qualified property pursuant to this section, only one credit shall be allowed to the taxpayer under this part with respect to that qualified property.
- (i) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision Section 83 of Chapter 987 of the Statutes of 1999 shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.
- SEC. 7. Section 24356.8 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 24356.8. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, a taxpayer may elect to treat 40 percent of the cost of any Section 24356.8 property as an expense that is not chargeable to the capital account. Any cost so treated shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year in which the taxpayer places the Section 24356.8 property in service.
- (b) (1) An election under this section for any taxable year shall meet both of the following requirements:
- (A) Specify the items of Section 24356.8 property to which the election applies and the portion of the cost of each of those items that is to be taken into account under subdivision (a).

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(B) Be made on the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed by this part for the taxable year.

- (2) Any election made under this section, and any specification contained in that election, may not be revoked except with the consent of the Franchise Tax Board.
- (c) (1) For purposes of this section, "Section 24356.8 property" means any recovery property that is:
- (A) Section 1245 property (as defined in Section 1245(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code).
- (B) Purchased by the taxpayer for exclusive use in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA.
- (C) Purchased before the date the LAMBRA designation expires, is no longer binding, or becomes inoperative.
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), "purchase" means any acquisition of property, but only if all of the following apply:
- (A) The property is not acquired from a person whose relationship to the person acquiring it would result in the disallowance of losses under Section 267 or 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code (but, in applying Sections 267(b) and 267(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this section, Section 267(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as providing that the family of an individual shall include only his or her spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants).
- (B) The property is not acquired by one component member of an affiliated group from another component member of the same affiliated group.
- (C) The basis of the property in the hands of the person acquiring it is not determined in whole or in part by reference to the adjusted basis of that property in the hands of the person from whom acquired.
- (3) For purposes of this section, the cost of property does not include so much of the basis of that property as is determined by reference to the basis of other property held at any time by the person acquiring that property.
- (4) This section shall not apply to any property for which the taxpayer may not make an election for the taxable year under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code because of the provisions of Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (5) For purposes of subdivision (b), both of the following apply:

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(A) All members of an affiliated group shall be treated as one taxpayer.

- (B) The taxpayer shall apportion the dollar limitation contained in subdivision (f) among the component members of the affiliated group in whatever manner the board shall by regulations prescribe.
- (6) For purposes of paragraphs (2) and (5), "affiliated group" has the meaning assigned to it by Section 1504 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that, for these purposes, the phrase "more than 50 percent" shall be substituted for the phrase "at least 80 percent" each place it appears in Section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) This section shall not apply to any property described in Section 168(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (8) In the case of an—S "S" corporation, the dollar limitation contained in subdivision (f) shall be applied at the entity level and at the shareholder level.
  - (d) For purposes of this section:

- (1) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with the provisions of Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (2) "Taxpayer" means a corporation that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA-and, for the first two taxable years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second taxable year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.
- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:

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(i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.

- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees who are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer that first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B), the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the taxable year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.
- (e) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to claim additional depreciation pursuant to Section 24356 with respect to any property that constitutes Section 24356.8 property.
- (f) The aggregate cost of all Section 24356.8 property that may be taken into account under subdivision (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed the following applicable amounts for the taxable year of the designation of the relevant LAMBRA and taxable years thereafter:

The applicable amount is:

Taxable year of designation. \$100,000

1st taxable year thereafter. 100,000

2nd taxable year thereafter. 75,000

3rd taxable year thereafter. 75,000

Each taxable year thereafter. 50,000

- (g) This section shall apply only to property that is used exclusively in a trade or business conducted within a LAMBRA.
- (h) (1)—Any amounts deducted under subdivision (a) with respect to property that ceases to be used in the trade or business within a LAMBRA at any time before the close of the second taxable year after the property was placed in service shall be included in income for that year.
- (2) At the close of the second taxable year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by

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paragraph (2) of subdivision (d), then the amount of the deduction previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's net income for the taxpayer's second taxable year.

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- (i) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to claim for the same property the deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to an election to expense certain depreciable business assets.
- SEC. 2. Section 7110.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 7110.5. A designation of a local agency military base recovery area pursuant to Section 7110 shall be for a 10-year period. However, the designation period shall expire 10 years after the fifth year of the designation period if both of the following apply:
- (a) The governing body has notified the department that legal title to the economic development parcels at the former base has not been transferred to the governing body and, in cases in which early transfer authority has been exercised, the terms and conditions necessary for satisfying the requirements of Section 9601 and following of Title 42 of the United States Code are met and regulatory closure has occurred.
- (b) The condition specified in subdivision (a) has impeded the successful utilization of the incentive program as determined by the department in the fifth year of the designation period.