# AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 19, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 12, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 4, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 26, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 11, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 4, 2007 CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

# **ASSEMBLY BILL**

No. 583

Introduced by Assembly Member Hancock (Coauthors: Assembly Members Beall, Berg, Brownley, DeSaulnier, Eng, Evans, Hayashi, Huffman, Jones, Laird, Leno, Lieu, Ma, Mullin, Price, Saldana, Swanson, Torrico, and Wolk) (Coauthors: Senators Corbett, Kuehl, Migden, Oropeza, Perata, and Yee)

February 21, 2007

An act to add Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 20600) to Division 20 of the Elections Code, to add and repeal Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 91015) of Title 9 of, and to repeal-Section 85300 and 86102 of, the Government Code, and to add and repeal Article 8.6 (commencing with Section 18798) of Chapter 3 of Part 10.2 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 583, as amended, Hancock. Political Reform Act of 1974: California-Clean Money and Fair Elections Act of 2008.

Corrected 8-21-08—See last page.

(1) Under the Political Reform Act of 1974 a public officer is prohibited from expending or accepting any public moneys for the purpose of seeking elective office.

This bill would repeal that prohibition and would enact the California Clean Money and Fair Elections Act of 2008, which would authorize eligible candidates for Secretary of State to obtain public funds according to specified procedures and requirements, provided that certain thresholds are attained. The bill would impose primary responsibility for the administration of the provisions of the bill on the Fair Political Practices Commission. This bill would create the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund and, commencing January 1, 2011, would transfer funds from the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund to the Fair Political Practices Commission for the purpose of the public financing provisions of the act. The bill would also establish nonrefundable fees to be imposed on lobbyists, lobbying firms, and lobbyist employers. The fees collected are to be deposited, in part, in the Clean Money Fair *Elections* Fund. The bill would make funding for the administrative and enforcement costs of the act available from the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund. The bill would require that the available funds, for each 4-year election cycle, would be no more than 10% of the total amount deposited in the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund during the 4-year election cycle. The bill would repeal specified provisions on January 1,2019.

(2) Existing law, relating to the administration of personal income taxes, authorizes individual taxpayers to contribute amounts in excess of their tax liability for the support of specified funds or accounts.

This bill would additionally allow taxpayers to designate on their tax returns that a specified amount in excess of their tax liability be transferred to the Voters-Clean and Fair Elections Fund, which would be created by this bill. The bill would provide that all moneys contributed to the fund pursuant to these provisions, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be allocated to the Franchise Tax Board and the Controller for reimbursement of costs and to the Fair Political Practices Commission, as specified.

The bill would provide that these voluntary contribution provisions are repealed on either January 1 of the 5th taxable year following the taxable year the fund first appears on the personal income tax return, or on January 1 of an earlier calendar year, if the Franchise Tax Board estimates that the annual contribution amount will be less than \$250,000, or an adjusted amount for subsequent taxable years.

(3) The Political Reform Act of 1974, an initiative measure, provides that the Legislature may amend the act by a statute that becomes effective only when approved by the voters.

This bill would require the Secretary of State to submit those provisions of the act that amend the Political Reform Act of 1974 to the voters for approval at the June 8, 2010, statewide primary election.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

#### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 20600) is 2 added to Division 20 of the Elections Code, to read: 3 4 CHAPTER 7. CLEAN MONEY FAIR ELECTIONS FUND 5 6 20600. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), 7 notwithstanding Section 86102 of the Government Code, (1) each 8 Each lobbying firm, as defined by Section 82038.5 of the Government Code, (2) each lobbyist, as defined by Section 82039 9 10 of the Government Code, and (3) each lobbyist employer, as 11 defined by Section 82039.5 of the Government Code, shall pay 12 the Secretary of State a nonrefundable fee of seven hundred dollars 13 (\$700) every two years. Twenty-five dollars (\$25) of each fee shall 14 be deposited in the General Fund and used, when appropriated, 15 for the purposes of Article 1 (commencing with Section 86100) of Chapter 6 of Title 9 of the Government Code. The remaining 16 17 amount of each fee shall be deposited in the Clean Money Fair 18 Elections Fund established pursuant to Section 91133 of the 19 Government Code. The fees in this section may be paid in 20 even-numbered years when registrations are renewed pursuant to 21 Section 86106 of the Government Code. 22 (b) Notwithstanding Section 86102 of the Government Code, 23 subdivision (a) shall not apply to a tax-exempt organization under 24 Section 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the United States Code, and that 25 organization, if required to file a registration statement under 26 Section 86100 of the Government Code, shall pay a nonrefundable 27 fee of fifty dollars (\$50) every two years and these funds shall be 28 deposited in the Clean Money Fund established pursuant to Section

29 91133 of the Government Code.

1	<del>(c)</del>
2	(b) The Secretary of State shall biennially adjust the amount of
3	the fees collected pursuant to this section to reflect any increase
4	or decrease in the Consumer Price Index.
5	SEC. 2. Section 85300 of the Government Code is repealed.
6	SEC. 3. Section 86102 of the Government Code is repealed.
7	86102. Each lobbying firm and lobbyist employer required to
8	file a registration statement under this chapter may be charged not
9	more than twenty-five dollars (\$25) per year for each lobbyist
10	required to be listed on its registration statement.
11	SEC. 3.
12	SEC. 4. Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 91015) is added
13	to Title 9 of the Government Code, to read:
14	
15	Chapter 12. California <del>Clean Money and</del> Fair Elections
16	Act of 2008
17	Artisla 1. Communi
18	Article 1. General
19	01015 This shorter shall be brown and may be sited as the
20 21	91015. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
21	California Clean Money and Fair Elections Act of 2008.
22	<ul><li>91017. The people find and declare all of the following:</li><li>(a) The current campaign finance system burdens candidates</li></ul>
23 24	with the incessant rigors of fundraising and thus decreases the time
24	available to carry out their public responsibilities.
23 26	(b) The current campaign finance system diminishes the free
20	speech rights of nonwealthy voters and candidates whose voices
28	are drowned out by those who can afford to monopolize the arena
29	of paid political communications.
30	(c) The current campaign finance system fuels the public
31	perception of corruption at worst and conflict of interest at best
32	and undermines public confidence in the democratic process and
33	democratic institutions.
34	(d) Existing term limits place a greater demand on fundraising
35	for the next election even for elected officials in safe seats.
36	(e) The current campaign finance system undermines the First
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39	to hear all candidates' speech, and undermines the core First
37 38	Amendment right of voters and candidates to be heard in the political process, undermines the First Amendment right of voters

1 Amendment value of open and robust debate in the political 2 process.

3 (f) Citizens want to ensure the integrity of California's system
4 of electronically reporting lobbyist contributions and the integrity
5 of future Secretaries of State to administer lobbyist disclosure

6 programs. Voters would like the opportunity to elect a Secretary7 of State who has not accepted any contributions from entities or

8 *individuals that employ lobbyists.* 

9 (f) In states where the clean money and clean election laws have

been enacted and used, election results show that more individuals,
especially women and minorities, run as candidates and overall
campaign costs decrease.

91019. The people enact this chapter to establish a Clean
 Money *Fair Elections* pilot program in campaigns for the office
 of Secretary of State to accomplish the following purposes:

(a) To reduce the perception of influence of large contributionson the decisions made by state government.

(b) To remove wealth as a major factor affecting whether anindividual chooses to become a candidate.

20 (c) To provide a greater diversity of candidates to participate 21 in the electoral process.

(d) To permit candidates to pursue policy issues instead of being
 preoccupied with fundraising and allow officeholders more time
 to carry out their official duties.

(e) To diminish the danger of actual corruption or the public
 perception of corruption and strengthen public confidence in the
 governmental and election processes.

(f) To ensure that independent expenditures are not used to
 evade contribution limits.

(g) To reduce the perception of influence of lobbyist employers
upon future Secretaries of State and their administration of the
lobbyist disclosure program.

33 (h) To protect the public's fiscal interest by providing sufficient

34 resources to make the public financing program a viable option

35 for qualified candidates, while not wasting resources by providing

*candidates with an unnecessarily large initial grant of public funds.*91021. The people enact this chapter to further accomplish the
following purposes:

39 (a) To foster more equal and meaningful participation in the 40 political process.

1 (b) To provide candidates who participated in the program with 2 sufficient resources with which to communicate with voters. 3 (c) To increase the accountability of the Secretary of State to 4 the constituents who elect him or her. 5 (d) To provide voters with timely information regarding the sources of campaign contributions, expenditures, and political 6 7 advertising. 8 9 Article 2. Applicability to the Political Reform Act of 1974 10 Unless specifically superseded by this act, the 11 91023. 12 definitions and provisions of the Political Reform Act of 1974 13 shall govern the interpretation of this chapter. 14 15 Article 3. Definitions 16 17 91024. "Address" means the mailing address as provided on 18 the voter registration form. 19 91025. For purposes of this chapter, "candidate" means, unless 20 otherwise stated, a candidate for Secretary of State. 21 91027. A "coordinated expenditure" means a payment made 22 for the purpose of influencing the outcome of an election for 23 Secretary of State that is made by any of the following methods: (a) By a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, 24 at the request or suggestion of, or pursuant to a particular 25 26 understanding with a candidate, a candidate's controlled committee, 27 or an agent acting on behalf of a candidate or a controlled 28 committee. 29 (b) By a person for the dissemination, distribution, or 30 republication, in whole or in part, of any broadcast or any written, 31 graphic, or other form of campaign material prepared by a 32 candidate, a candidate's controlled committee, or an agent of a 33 candidate or a controlled committee. 34 (c) Based on specific information about the candidate's plans, 35 projects, or needs provided to the person making the payment by the candidate or the candidate's agent who provides the information 36 37 with a view toward having the payment made. 38 (d) By a person if, in the same primary and general election in 39 which the payment is made, the person making the payment is 40 serving or has served as a member, employee, fundraiser, or agent

1 of the candidate's controlled committee in an executive or 2 policymaking position.

3 (e) By a person if the person making the payment has served in 4 any formal policy or advisory position with the candidate's 5 campaign or has participated in strategic or policymaking 6 discussions with the candidate's campaign relating to the 7 candidate's pursuit of nomination for election, or election, to the 8 office of Secretary of State in the same primary and general election 9 as the primary and general election in which the payment is made. 10 (f) By a person if the person making the payment retains the 11 professional services of an individual or person who, in a 12 provided or is providing nonministerial capacity, has 13 campaign-related services in the same election to a candidate who is pursuing the same nomination or election as any of the

14 is pursuing the same nomination or election 15 candidates to whom the communication refers.

"Effective expenditures" for a nonparticipating 16 91028. 17 candidate means the amount spent plus any independent 18 electioneering expenditures treated as expenditures for that 19 candidate pursuant to Section 91095.5 intended to help elect the 20 candidate minus any expenditure treated as an independent 21 electioneering expenditure intended to defeat the candidate. For 22 a participating candidate, it means the amount of Clean Money 23 Fair Elections funding the candidate has received plus any 24 independent electioneering expenditures treated as expenditures 25 for that candidate pursuant to Section 91095.5 intended to help 26 elect the candidate minus any expenditure treated as an 27 independent electioneering expenditure intended to defeat the 28 candidate.

29 91029. "Entity" means any person other than an individual.

91031. "Excess expenditure amount" means the amount of
funds spent or obligated to be spent by a nonparticipating candidate
in excess of the Clean Money Fair Elections funding amount
available to a participating candidate running for the same office.
91033. "Exploratory period" means the period beginning 18
months before the primary election and ending on the last day of

the qualifying period. The exploratory period begins before, butextends to the end of, the qualifying period.

38 91035. "General election campaign period" means the period

39 beginning the day after the primary election and ending on the day

40 of the general election.

91037. "Independent candidate" means a candidate who does
 not represent a political party that has been granted ballot status
 for the general election and who has qualified, or is seeking to
 qualify, to be on the general election ballot.

5 91039. "Independent electioneering expenditure" means any expenditure of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more 6 7 made by a person, party committee, political committee or political 8 action committee, or any entity required to file reports pursuant 9 to Section 84605, during the 45 calendar days before a primary or the 60 calendar days before a general election, which expressly 10 advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate 11 12 or names or depicts clearly identified candidates.

91043. "Nonparticipating candidate" means a candidate who
 is on the ballot but has chosen not to apply for Clean Money Fair
 *Elections* campaign funding or a candidate who is on the ballot

and has applied but has not satisfied the requirements for receiving
 Clean Money Fair Elections funding.

91045. "Office-qualified party" means a political party whose
gubernatorial or Secretary of State nominee has received 10 percent
or more of the votes at the last election.

21 91046. "Office-qualified candidate" is a candidate seeking22 nomination from an office-qualified party.

91049. "Participating candidate" means a candidate who
qualifies for Clean Money Fair Elections campaign funding. These
candidates are eligible to receive Clean Money Fair Elections
funding during primary and general election campaign periods.

91051. "Party candidate" means a candidate who represents a
political party that has been granted ballot status and holds a
primary election to choose its nominee for the general election.

30 91053. "Performance-qualified candidate" means either an 31 office-qualified candidate or a candidate who has shown a broad 32 base of support by gathering twice the number of qualifying contributions as is required for an office-qualified candidate. 33 34 Independent candidates may qualify for funding as 35 performance-qualified candidates.

36 91055. "Petty cash" means cash amounts of one hundred dollars
37 (\$100) or less per day that are drawn on the <u>Clean Money Fair</u>
38 *Elections* Debit Card and used to pay expenses of no more than

39 twenty-five dollars (\$25) each.

91059. "Primary election campaign period" means the period
 beginning 120 days before the primary election and ending on the
 day of the primary election.

4 91061. "Qualified candidate" means a candidate seeking 5 nomination from a party that is not an office-qualified party.

91063. "Qualifying contribution" means a contribution of five
dollars (\$5) that is received during the designated qualifying period
by a candidate seeking to become eligible for Clean Money Fair *Elections* campaign funding from a registered voter of the district
in which the candidate is running for office.

91065. "Qualifying period" means the period during which 11 12 candidates are permitted to collect qualifying contributions in order 13 to qualify for Clean Money Fair Elections funding. It begins 270 14 days before the primary election and ends 90 days before the day 15 of the primary election for party candidates and begins any time 16 after January 1 of the election year and lasts 180 days, but in no 17 event ending later than 90 days, before the general election for 18 performance-qualified candidates who are running as independent 19 candidates.

91067. "Seed money contribution" means a contribution of no
more than one hundred dollars (\$100) made by a California
registered voter during the exploratory period.

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### Article 4. Clean Money-Fair Elections Eligibility

26 91071. (a) An office-qualified candidate qualifies as a
27 participating candidate for the primary election campaign period
28 if the following requirements are met:

29 (1) The candidate files a declaration with the commission that 30 the candidate has complied and will comply with all of the 31 requirements of this act, including the requirement that during the 32 exploratory period and the qualifying period the candidate not 33 accept or spend private contributions from any source other than 34 seed money contributions, qualifying contributions, Clean Money 35 Fair Elections funds, and political party funds as specified in 36 Section 91123.

37 (2) The candidate meets the following qualifying contribution38 requirements before the close of the qualifying period:

39 (A) The office-qualified candidate shall collect at least 7,50040 qualifying contributions.

1 (B) Each qualifying contribution shall be acknowledged by a 2 receipt to the contributor, with a copy submitted by the candidate 3 to the county registrar of voters in the county where the candidate 4 files his or her declaration of candidacy. The receipt shall include 5 the contributor's signature, printed name, and address, the date, and the name of the candidate on whose behalf the contribution is 6 7 made. In addition, the receipt shall indicate by the contributor's 8 signature that the contributor understands that the purpose of the 9 qualifying contribution is to help the candidate qualify for-Clean Money Fair Elections campaign funding, that the contribution is 10 the only qualifying contribution the contributor has provided to a 11 candidate for this office, and that the contribution is made without 12 13 coercion or reimbursement.

14 (C) A contribution submitted as a qualifying contribution that 15 does not include a signed and fully completed receipt shall not be 16 counted as a qualifying contribution.

17 (D) All five-dollar (\$5) qualifying contributions, whether in the 18 form of cash, check, or money order made out to the candidate's 19 campaign account, shall be deposited by the candidate in the 20 candidate's campaign account.

21 (E) All qualifying contributions' signed receipts shall be sent 22 to the county registrar of voters in the county where the candidate 23 files his or her declaration of candidacy and shall be accompanied by a check or other written instrument from the candidate's 24 25 campaign account for the total amount of qualifying contribution 26 funds received for deposit in the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund. 27 This submission shall be accompanied by a signed statement from 28 the candidate indicating that all of the information on the qualifying 29 contribution receipts is complete and accurate to the best of the 30 candidate's knowledge and that the amount of the enclosed check 31 or other written instrument is equal to the sum of all of the 32 five-dollar (\$5) qualifying contributions the candidate has received. 33 County registrars of voters shall forward these checks or other 34 written instruments to the commission.

35 (b) A candidate qualifies as a participating candidate for the 36 general election campaign period if both of the following 37 requirements are met:

38 (1) The candidate met all of the applicable requirements and 39 filed a declaration with the commission that the candidate has

fulfilled and will fulfill all of the requirements of a participating
 candidate as stated in this act.

3 (2) As a participating party candidate during the primary election 4 campaign period, the candidate had the highest number of votes 5 of the candidates contesting the primary election from the 6 candidate's respective party and, therefore, won the party's 7 nomination.

8 91073. (a) A qualified candidate shall collect at least one-half 9 of the number of qualifying contributions as required for an 10 office-qualified candidate for the same office. A qualified candidate 11 may show a greater base of support by collecting double the 12 amount of qualifying contributions as required for an 13 office-qualified candidate to become a performance-qualified 14 candidate. The candidate shall also file a declaration with the 15 commission that the candidate has complied and will comply with 16 all of the requirements of this act.

17 (b) An independent candidate who does not run in a primary 18 may become a performance-qualified candidate by collecting twice 19 as many qualifying contributions as required of an office-qualified candidate. The qualifying period for such candidates shall begin 20 21 any time after January 1 of the election year and shall last 180 22 days, except that it shall end no later than 90 days before the 23 general election. An independent candidate shall notify the 24 commission within 24 hours of the day when the candidate has 25 begun collecting qualifying contributions. The candidate shall also 26 file a declaration with the commission that he or she has complied 27 and will comply with all of the requirements of this chapter.

28 91075. During the first election that occurs after the effective 29 date of this act, a candidate may be certified as a participating 30 candidate, notwithstanding the acceptance of contributions or 31 making of expenditures from private funds before the date of 32 enactment that would, absent this section, disqualify the candidate 33 as a participating candidate, provided that any private funds 34 accepted but not expended before the effective date of this act meet 35 any of the following criteria:

36 (a) Are returned to the contributor.

37 (b) Are held in a segregated account and used only for retiring

38 a debt from a previous campaign.

39 (c) Are submitted to the commission for deposit in the Clean
 40 Money Fair Elections Fund.

1 91077. A participating candidate who accepts any benefits 2 during the primary election campaign period shall comply with 3 all of the requirements of this act through the general election 4 campaign period whether the candidate continues to accept benefits 5 or not.

6 91079. (a) During the primary and general election campaign 7 periods, a participating candidate who has voluntarily agreed to 8 participate in, and has become eligible for, <u>Clean Money Fair</u> 9 *Elections* benefits, shall not accept private contributions from any 10 source other than the candidate's political party as specified in 11 Section 91123.

12 (b) During the qualifying period and the primary and general 13 election campaign periods, a participating candidate who has 14 voluntarily agreed to participate in, and has become eligible for, 15 <u>Clean Money Fair Elections benefits shall not solicit or receive</u> 16 contributions for any other candidate or for any political party or 17 other political committee.

18 (c) No person shall make a contribution in the name of another 19 person. A participating candidate who receives a qualifying 20 contribution or a seed money contribution that is not from the 21 person listed on the receipt required by subparagraph (D) of 22 paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 91071 shall be liable 23 to pay the commission the entire amount of the inaccurately 24 identified contribution, in addition to any penalties.

(d) During the primary and general election campaign periods,
a participating candidate shall pay for all of the candidate's
campaign expenditures, except petty cash expenditures, by means
of a "Clean Money "Fair Elections Debit Card" issued by the
commission, as authorized under Section 91137.

30 (e) Participating candidates shall furnish complete campaign

31 records to the commission upon request. Candidates shall cooperate

32 with any audit or examination by the commission, the Franchise

33 Tax Board, or any enforcement agency.

91081. (a) During the primary election period and the general
election period, each participating candidate shall conduct all
campaign financial activities through a single campaign account.

37 (b) Notwithstanding Section 85201, a participating candidate
38 may maintain a campaign account other than the campaign account
39 described in subdivision (a) if the other campaign account is for
40 the purpose of retiring a net debt outstanding that was incurred

during a previous election campaign in which the candidate was
 not a participating candidate.

- 3 (c) Contributions for the purposes of retiring a previous 4 campaign debt that are deposited in the "other campaign account"
- 5 described in subdivision (b) shall not be considered "contributions"
- 6 to the candidate's current campaign. Those contributions shall7 only be raised during the six-month period following the date of8 the election.
- 9 91083. (a) Participating candidates shall use their Clean Money
   10 Fair Elections funds only for direct campaign purposes.
- 11 (b) A participating candidate shall not use Clean Money Fair 12 Elections funds for any of the following:
- (1) Costs of legal defense or fines resulting from any campaignlaw enforcement proceeding under this act.
- 15 (2) Indirect campaign purposes, including, but not limited to, 16 the following:
- 17 (A) The candidate's personal support or compensation to the 18 candidate or the candidate's family.
- 19 (B) The candidate's personal appearance.
- 20 (C) A contribution or loan to the campaign committee of another
- candidate for any elective office or to a party committee or otherpolitical committee.
- 23 (D) An independent electioneering expenditure.
- 24 (E) A gift in excess of twenty-five dollars (\$25) per person.
- (F) Any payment or transfer for which compensating value isnot received.
- 91085. (a) Personal funds contributed as seed money by a
  candidate seeking to become eligible as a participating candidate
  or by adult members of the candidate's family shall not exceed
  the maximum of one hundred dollars (\$100) per contributor.
- (b) Personal funds shall not be used to meet the qualifying
  contribution requirement except for one five-dollar (\$5)
  contribution from the candidate and one five-dollar (\$5)
  contribution from the candidate's spouse.
- 91087. (a) The only private contributions a candidate seeking
  to become eligible for Clean Money Fair Elections funding shall
  accept, other than qualifying contributions and limited contributions
- from the candidate's political party as specified in Section 91123, are seed money contributions contributed by duly registered voters
- 39 are seed money contributions contributed by duly registered voters
  - 93

1 in the district in which the candidate is running for election prior

2 to the end of the qualifying period.

3 (b) A seed money contribution shall not exceed one hundred 4 dollars (\$100) per donor, and the aggregate amount of seed money

5 contributions accepted by a candidate seeking to become eligible

6 for <u>Clean Money</u> *Fair Elections* funding shall not exceed 7 seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000).

(c) Receipts for seed money contributions shall include the
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(c) Receipts described in this subdivision shall be made available to
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12 (d) Seed money shall be spent only during the exploratory and 13 qualifying periods. Seed money shall not be spent during the 14 primary or general election campaign periods, except when they 15 overlap with the candidate's qualifying period. Any unspent seed 16 money shall be turned over to the commission for deposit in the 17 Ober Marco E in Election Found

17 Clean Money Fair Elections Fund.
(e) Within 72 hours after the close of the qualifying period,

candidates seeking to become eligible for Clean Money Fair *Elections* funding shall do both of the following:

(1) Fully disclose all seed money contributions and expendituresto the commission.

(2) Turn over to the commission for deposit in the Clean Money
 *Fair Elections* Fund any seed money the candidate has raised
 during the exploratory period that exceeds the aggregate seed
 money limit.

91091. Participating candidates in contested races shall agree
to participate in at least one public debate during a contested
primary election and two public debates during a contested general
election, to be conducted pursuant to regulations promulgated by
the commission.

32 91093. (a) No more than five business days after a candidate 33 applies for-Clean Money Fair Elections benefits, the county 34 registrar of voters in the county where the candidate files his or 35 her declaration of candidacy shall certify that the candidate is or 36 is not eligible. Eligibility may be revoked if the candidate violates

is not eligible. Eligibility may be revoked if the candidate violatesthe requirements of this act, in which case all-Clean Money Fair

38 *Elections* funds shall be repaid.

(b) The candidate's request for certification shall be signed by
 the candidate and the candidate's campaign treasurer under penalty
 of perjury.

4 (c) The certification determination of the county registrar of
5 voters is final except that it is subject to a prompt judicial review.

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#### Article 5. Clean Money-Fair Elections Benefits

9 91095. (a) Candidates who qualify for-Clean Money Fair 10 Elections funding for primary and general elections shall:

(1) Receive Clean Money Fair Elections funding from the
commission for each election in an amount specified by Section
91099. This funding may be used to finance campaign expenses
during the particular campaign period for which it was allocated
consistent with Section 91081.

16 (2) Receive, if a performance-qualified candidate, additional 17 Clean Money Fair Elections funding to match any excess 18 expenditure by a nonparticipating candidate in the election, as 19 specified in Section 91107 the effective expenditures of any 20 candidates in the election that exceed the effective expenditures 21 of the performance-qualified candidate.

22 (3) Receive, if a performance-qualified candidate, additional 23 Clean Money funding to match any excess independent 24 electioneering expenditure made in support of opponents' 25 candidacies in their race, as specified in Section 91111, provided 26 that the dollar value of the independent electioneering expenditure, 27 combined with the amount raised or received thus far by an 28 opposing candidate that benefits from the independent 29 electioneering expenditure, exceeds the Clean Money funding 30 amount received by the participating candidate. 31 (b) The maximum aggregate amount of funding a participating 32 performance-qualified candidate shall receive to match independent 33 electioneering expenditures and excess expenditures of

nonparticipating candidates shall not exceed four times the basefunding amount pursuant to Section 91099 for a particular primary

36 or general election campaign period.

37 91095.5. (a) Independent electioneering expenditures against

a participating candidate shall be treated as expenditures of every
 other candidate running for that office for the purposes of Section

40 <del>91095.</del>

1 (b) Independent electioneering expenditures in favor of one or

2 more nonparticipating candidates running for an office shall be

3 treated as expenditures of those nonparticipating candidates for

4 the purpose of Section 91095.

5 (c) Independent electioneering expenditures in favor of a

- 6 participating candidate shall be treated, for every other participating
- 7 candidate running for that office, as though the independent

8 expenditures were an expenditure of a nonparticipating opponent,

9 for purposes of Section 91095.

10 (d) Expenditures by a nonparticipating An expenditure by a 11 candidate in a primary election against a participating candidate 12 running for that office in another party's primary shall be treated 13 as an independent electioneering expenditure against that 14 participating candidate when that candidate's effective expenditures 15 are less than those of the candidate making the expenditure for 16 the purposes of Section 91095.

17 <del>(e)</del>

(b) The commission shall promulgate regulations allocating the
 share of expenditures that reference or depict more than one
 candidate for the purposes of Section 91095.

21 <del>(f)</del>

(c) Expenditures made before the general election period that
 consist of a contract, promise, or agreement to make an expenditure
 during the general election period resulting in an extension of
 credit shall be treated as though made at the beginning of the
 general election period.

91097. (a) An eligible qualified or performance-qualified
candidate running in a primary election shall receive the candidate's
Clean Money Fair Elections funding for the primary election
campaign period on the date on which the county registrar of voters
certifies the candidate as a participating candidate or at the
beginning of the primary election period, whichever is later.

33 (b) An eligible qualified or performance-qualified candidate

34 shall receive the candidate's Clean Money Fair Elections funding

35 for the general election campaign period within two business days

36 after certification of the primary election results.

37 91099. (a) For eligible candidates in a primary election:

38 (1) The base amount of <u>Clean Money</u> Fair Elections funding

39 for an eligible office-qualified candidate in a primary election is

nine hundred thousand dollars (\$900,000) one million dollars
 (\$1,000,000).
 (2) The amount of Clean Money Fair Elections funding for an
 eligible qualified candidate in a primary election is 20 percent of
 the base amount that an office-qualified candidate would receive.

6 (b) For eligible candidates in a general election:

7 (1) The base amount of <u>Clean Money Fair Elections funding</u> 8 for a performance-qualified candidate in a general, special, or 9 special runoff election is one million three hundred thousand 10 dollars (\$1,300,000).

(2) The amount of <u>Clean Money Fair Elections funding for an</u>
eligible qualified candidate in a contested general election is 25
percent of the base amount a performance-qualified candidate
would receive.

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#### Article 6. Disclosure Requirements

17 18 91107. (a) If a nonparticipating candidate's total expenditures 19 or promises to make campaign expenditures exceed the amount 20 of Clean Money Fair Elections funding allocated to the candidate's 21 Clean Money Fair Elections opponent or opponents, the candidate 22 shall declare every excess expenditure amount which, in the 23 aggregate, is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to the 24 commission online or electronically within 24 hours of the time 25 the expenditure or promise is made, whichever occurs first.

(b) The commission may make its own determination as to
whether excess expenditures have been made by nonparticipating
candidates.

(c) Upon receiving an excess expenditure declaration or
 determining that an excess expenditure has been made, the
 commission shall immediately release additional-Clean Money
 *Fair Elections* funding to the opposing performance-qualified

33 candidates pursuant to Section 91095.

34 91111. (a) In addition to any other report required by this 35 chapter, a committee, including a political party committee, that 36 is required to file reports pursuant to Section 84605 and that makes 37 independent electioneering expenditures of two thousand five 38 hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more during a calendar year in 39 connection with a candidate for Secretary of State, shall file online 40 or electronically a report with the Secretary of State disclosing the

1 making of the independent electioneering expenditure. This report

2 shall disclose the same information required by subdivision (b) of

3 Section 84204 and shall be filed within 24 hours of the time the

4 independent electioneering expenditure is made.

5 (b) The report to the Secretary of State shall include a signed 6 statement under penalty of perjury by the person or persons making 7 the independent electioneering expenditure identifying the 8 candidate or candidates whom the independent electioneering 9 expenditure is intended to help elect or defeat and affirming that 10 the expenditure is independent and whether it is coordinated with 11 a candidate or a political party.

12 (c) Any individual or organization that fails to file the required 13 report to the Secretary of State or provides materially false 14 information in a report filed pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) may 15 be fined up to three times the amount of the independent 16 electioneering expenditure, in addition to any other remedies 17 provided by this act.

(d) The Secretary of State shall provide information received
pursuant to subdivision (a) to the commission simultaneously upon
receipt. Upon receiving a report that an independent electioneering
expenditure has been made or obligated to be made, the
commission shall immediately release additional Clean Money *Fair Elections* funding pursuant to Section 91095.

24 91112. If an inadequately funded candidate receives a

25 contribution which makes him or her an adequately funded

candidate, within 24 hours he or she shall electronically disclose
 to the commission the cumulative amount of contributions received.

28 Within 24 hours of receipt of this disclosure, the commission shall

29 deposit into the Clean Money accounts of the participating

30 candidates in that election an amount sufficient to bring the total

31 Clean Money funds received by each candidate up to the base

32 amounts specified in Section 91099.

33 91113. All broadcast and print advertisements placed by

34 candidates or their committees shall include a clear written or

35 spoken statement indicating that the candidate has approved of the

36 contents of the advertisement.

1 Article 7. Legal Defense, Officeholder, and Inaugural Funds 2 3 91115. (a) Notwithstanding Section 85316, a Secretary of 4 State or candidate for the office of Secretary of State may establish 5 a separate account to defray attorney's fees and other related legal 6 costs incurred for the candidate's or elected state officer's legal 7 defense if the candidate or elected state officer is subject to one 8 or more civil or criminal proceedings or administrative proceedings 9 arising directly out of the conduct of an election campaign, the 10 electoral process, or the performance of the elected state officer's 11 governmental activities and duties. These funds may be used only 12 to defray those attorney's fees and other related legal costs. 13 (b) A Secretary of State may establish a separate account for 14 expenses associated with holding office that are reasonably related 15 to a legislative or governmental purpose as specified in this 16 subdivision and in regulations of the commission. The total amount 17 of funds that may be deposited in a calendar year into an account 18 established pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed fifty 19 thousand dollars (\$50,000). 20 (c) A Secretary of State may establish an inaugural account to 21 cover the cost of events, celebrations, gatherings, and 22 communications that take place as part of, or in honor of, the 23 inauguration of the Secretary of State. (d) The maximum amount of contributions a candidate or elected 24 25 state officer whose office is covered by these provisions may 26 receive from a contributor in a calendar year for all of the accounts 27 described in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) combined is five hundred 28 dollars (\$500). All contributions, whether cash or in kind, shall be

29 reported in a manner prescribed by the commission. Contributions

30 to such funds shall not be considered campaign contributions.

31 (e) Once the legal dispute is resolved, the candidate shall dispose 32 of any funds remaining after all expenses associated with the

33 dispute are discharged or after the elected state officer whose office

34 is covered by these provisions leaves office, for one or more of

35 the purposes set forth in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of

36 subdivision (b) of Section 89519.

1	Article 8. Restrictions on Candidates
2 3	91121. A nonparticipating candidate may accept an otherwise
4	lawful contribution after the date of the election only to the extent
5	that the contribution does not exceed net debts outstanding from
6	the election.
7	91123. Participating candidates may accept monetary or in-kind
8	contributions from political parties provided that the aggregate
9	amount of such contributions from all political party committees
10	combined does not exceed the equivalent of 5 percent of the
11	original Clean Money Fair Elections financing allotment for that
12	office for that election. Such expenditures shall not count against
13	the moneys spent by Clean Money Fair Elections candidates.
14 15	Article 0 Pollet Domphlat Statements
15	Article 9. Ballot Pamphlet Statements
17	91127. The Secretary of State shall designate in the state ballot
18	pamphlet and on any Internet Web site listing of candidates
19	maintained by any government agency including, but not limited,
20	to the Secretary of State those candidates who have voluntarily
21	agreed to be participating candidates.
22	91131. (a) A candidate for Secretary of State who is a
23	participating candidate may place a statement in the state ballot
24	pamphlet that does not exceed 250 words. The statement shall not
25	make any reference to any opponent of the candidate. The candidate
26	may also provide a list of up to 10 endorsers for placement in the
27	state ballot pamphlet or sample ballot, as appropriate. This
28	statement and list of endorsers shall be submitted in accordance
29	with timeframes and procedures set forth by the Secretary of State
30 31	for the preparation of the state ballot pamphlets and by county elections officials for the preparation of sample ballots.
32	(b) A nonparticipating candidate for Secretary of State may pay
33	to place a statement in the state ballot pamphlet that does not
34	exceed 250 words. A nonparticipating candidate may also pay to
35	place a list of up to 10 endorsers in the state ballot pamphlet or
36	sample ballot, as appropriate. The statement shall not make any
37	reference to any opponent of the candidate. This statement and list
38	of endorsers shall be submitted in accordance with timeframes and
39	procedures set forth by the Secretary of State for the preparation
40	of the state ballot pamphlets and by county elections officials for

the preparation of sample ballots. The nonparticipating candidate
 shall be charged the pro rata cost of printing, handling, translating,
 and mailing any ballot pamphlet statement and list of endorsers
 provided pursuant to this subdivision.

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# Article 10. Appropriations for the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund

9 91133. (a) A special, dedicated, nonlapsing-Clean Money Fair 10 *Elections* Fund is created in the State Treasury. Commencing January 1, 2011, the funds collected pursuant to Section 20600 of 11 12 the Elections Code shall, when appropriated by the Legislature, 13 be available from the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund to the commission for expenditure for the purpose of providing public 14 15 financing for the election campaigns of certified participating 16 candidates during primary and general campaign periods.

(b) Funding for the administrative and enforcement costs of the
commission related to this act shall be from the Clean Money Fair *Elections* Fund and shall be, for each four-year election cycle, no
more than 10 percent of the total amount deposited in the Clean

21 Money Fair Elections Fund during the four-year election cycle.

91135. Other sources of revenue to be deposited in the Clean
 Money Fair Elections Fund shall include all of the following:

(a) The qualifying contributions required of candidates seeking
to become certified as participating candidates and candidates'
excess qualifying contributions.

(b) The excess seed money contributions of candidates seekingto become certified as participating candidates.

29 (c) Unspent funds distributed to any participating candidate who

30 does not remain a candidate until the primary or general election 31 for which they were distributed, or funds that remain unspent by

32 a participating candidate following the date of the primary or

33 general election for which they were distributed.

34 (d) Voluntary donations made directly to the Clean Money Fair
 35 Elections Fund.

36 (e) Other funds appropriated by the Legislature.

37 (f) Any interest generated by the Clean Money Fair Elections38 Fund.

39 (g) Any other sources of revenue from the General Fund or from40 other sources as determined by the Legislature.

#### 1 Article 11. Administration 2 3 91137. (a) Upon a determination that a candidate has met all 4 the requirements for becoming a participating candidate as provided for in this act, the commission shall issue to the candidate a card, 5 known as the "Clean Money "Fair Elections Debit Card," and a 6 7 "line of debit" entitling the candidates and members of the 8 candidate's staff to draw-Clean Money Fair Elections funds from 9 a commission account to pay for all campaign costs and expenses up to the amount of Clean Money Fair Elections funding the 10 candidate has received. 11 (b) Neither a participating candidate nor any other person on 12 13 behalf of a participating candidate shall pay campaign costs by cash, check, money order, loan, or by any other financial means 14 15 other than the Clean Money Fair Elections Debit Card. (c) Cash amounts of one hundred dollars (\$100) or less per day 16 17 may be drawn on the Clean Money Fair Elections Debit Card and used to pay expenses of no more than twenty-five dollars (\$25) 18 19 each. Records of all such expenditures shall be maintained and, 20 upon request, made available to the commission. 21 91139. If the commission determines that there are insufficient 22 funds in the program to fund adequately all candidates eligible for Clean Money Fair Elections funds, the commission shall reduce 23 the grants proportionately to all eligible candidates. If the 24 25 commission notifies a candidate that the Clean Money Fair 26 *Elections* funds will be reduced and the candidate has not received 27 any Clean Money Fair Elections funds, the candidate may decide to be a nonparticipating candidate. If a candidate has already 28 29 received Clean Money Fair Elections funds or wishes to start 30 receiving such funds, a candidate who wishes to collect 31 contributions may do so in amounts up to the contribution limits 32 provided for nonparticipating candidates but shall not collect more 33 than the total of-Clean Money Fair Elections funds that the 34 candidate was entitled to receive had there been sufficient funds 35 in the program less the amount of Clean Money Fair Elections funds that will be or have been provided. If, at a later point, the 36 37 commission determines that adequate funds have become available, 38 candidates, who have not raised private funds, shall receive the 39 funds owed to them.

1 91140. The commission shall adjust the seed money limitations 2 in subdivision (a) of Section 91085 and in subdivision (b) of 3 Section 91087 and the Clean Money Fair Elections Fund funding 4 amounts in Section 91099 in January after the election of the 5 Secretary of State to reflect any increase or decrease in the 6 Consumer Price Index and the increase or decrease in the number 7 of registered voters in California. The adjustments made pursuant 8 to this section shall be rounded to the nearest ten dollars (\$10) for 9 the seed money limitations and one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for 10 the Clean Money Fair Elections funding amounts.

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#### Article 12. Enforcement

91141. (a) If a participating candidate spends or obligates to
spend more than the <u>Clean Money Fair Elections</u> funding the
candidate is given, and if it is determined by the commission,
subject to court review, not to be an amount that had or could have
been expected to have a significant impact on the outcome of the
election, then the candidate shall repay to the <u>Clean Money Fair</u> *Elections* Fund an amount equal to the excess.

21 (b) If a participating candidate spends or obligates to spend 22 more than the Clean Money Fair Elections funding the candidate 23 is given, and if that excess amount is determined by the 24 commission, subject to court review, to be an amount that had or 25 could have been expected to have a significant impact on the 26 outcome of the election, then the candidate shall repay to the Clean 27 Money Fair Elections Fund an amount up to 10 times the value 28 of the excess.

91143. It is unlawful for candidates to knowingly accept more
 benefits than those to which they are entitled, spend more than the
 amount of Clean Money Fair Elections funding they have received,

32 or misuse such benefits or <del>Clean Money</del> *Fair Elections* funding.

91145. Any person who knowingly or willfully violates any
provision of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person
who knowingly or willfully causes any other person to violate any
provision of this chapter, or who aids and abets any other person
in the violation of any provision of this chapter shall be liable

38 under this section.

1	91147. Prosecution for a violation of any provision of this
2	chapter shall be commenced within four years after the date on
3	which the violation occurred.
4	91149. No person convicted of a misdemeanor under this
5	chapter shall act as a lobbyist or state contractor, or run for elective
6	state office, for a period of five years following the date of
7	conviction unless the court at the time of sentencing specifically
8	determines that this provision shall not be applicable.
9	91157. This chapter shall remain in effect only until January
10	1, 2019, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted
11	statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2019, deletes or extends
12	that date.
13	<del>SEC. 4.</del>
14	SEC. 5. Article 8.6 (commencing with Section 18798) is added
15	to Chapter 3 of Part 10.2 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation
16	Code, to read:
17	
18	Article 8.6. Voters-Clean and Fair Elections Fund
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20	18798. (a) An individual may designate on the tax return that
21	a contribution in excess of the tax liability, if any, be made to the
22	Voters Clean and Fair Elections Fund, pursuant to Section 18798.1.
23	(b) Contributions shall be in full dollar amounts and may be
24	made individually by each signatory on a joint return.
25	(c) A designation under subdivision (a) shall be made for any
26	taxable year on the individual return for that taxable year and, once
27 28	made, shall be irrevocable. In the event that payments and credits
28 29	reported on the return, together with any other credits associated with the individual's account, do not exceed the individual's
29 30	liability, the return shall be treated as if no designation were made.
31	(d) The Franchise Tax Board shall revise the forms of the return
32	to include a space labeled "Voters <del> Clean and</del> Fair Elections Fund"
33	to allow for the designation permitted under subdivision (a). The
33 34	forms shall also include instructions that the contribution may be
35	in the amount of one dollar (\$1) or more and that the contribution
36	will be used to provide public funding for the campaigns of
37	qualified candidates for Secretary of State who agree to take no
38	private moneys for their campaigns.
39	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a voluntary
40	contribution designation for the Voters-Clean and Fair Elections
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Fund shall not be added to the tax return until another voluntary
 contribution is removed.

3 (f) A deduction shall be allowed under Article 6 (commencing
4 with Section 17201) of Chapter 3 of Part 10 for any contribution
5 made pursuant to subdivision (a).

18798.1. There is hereby established in the State Treasury the 6 7 Voters-Clean and Fair Elections Fund to receive contributions 8 made pursuant to Section 18798. The Franchise Tax Board shall 9 notify the Controller of both the amount of moneys paid by 10 taxpayers in excess of their tax liability and the amount of refund 11 moneys which taxpayers have designated pursuant to Section 12 18798 to be transferred to the Voters-Clean and Fair Elections 13 Fund. The Controller shall transfer from the Personal Income Tax Fund to the Voters-Clean and Fair Elections Fund an amount not 14 15 in excess of the sum of the amounts designated by individuals

16 pursuant to Section 18798 for payment into that fund.

17 18798.2. All moneys transferred to the Voters Clean and Fair
18 Elections Fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, shall be
allocated as follows:

20 (a) To the Franchise Tax Board and the Controller for 21 reimbursement of all costs incurred by the Franchise Tax Board

and the Controller in connection with their duties under this article.
(b) To the <u>Clean Money</u> Fair Elections Fund established

24 pursuant to Section 91133 of the Government Code.

25 18798.3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b),

26 this article shall remain in effect only until January 1 of the fifth

27 taxable year following the first appearance of the Voters-Clean

28 and Fair Elections Fund on the personal income tax return, and as 29 of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enacted

of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enactedbefore the applicable date deletes or extends that date.

(b) (1) By September 1 of the second calendar year, and by
September 1 of each subsequent calendar year that the Voters
Clean and Fair Elections Fund appears on a tax return, the

34 Franchise Tax Board shall do all of the following:

(A) Determine the minimum contribution amount required to
be received during the next calendar year for the fund to appear
on the tax return for the taxable year that includes that next calendar

38 year.

39 (B) Provide written notification to the Fair Political Practices

40 Commission of the amount determined in subparagraph (A).

1 (C) Determine whether the amount of contributions estimated 2 to be received during the calendar year will equal or exceed the 3 minimum contribution amount determined by the Franchise Tax 4 Board for the calendar year pursuant to subparagraph (A). The 5 Franchise Tax Board shall estimate the amount of contributions to be received by using the actual amounts received and an estimate 6 7 of the contributions that will be received by the end of that calendar 8 year. (2) If the Franchise Tax Board determines that the amount of 9 contributions estimated to be received during a calendar year will 10 not at least equal the minimum contribution amount for the calendar 11

year, this article is repealed with respect to taxable years beginning
on or after January 1 of that calendar year.

(3) For purposes of this section, the minimum contribution
amount for a calendar year means two hundred fifty thousand
dollars (\$250,000) for the second calendar year after the first
appearance of the Voters-Clean and Fair Elections Fund on the
personal income tax return or the adjusted minimum contribution
amount adjusted pursuant to subdivision (c).

(c) For each calendar year, beginning with the third calendar
year after the first appearance of the Voters-Clean and Fair
Elections Fund on the personal income tax return, the Franchise
Tax Board shall adjust, on or before September 1, the minimum
contribution amount specified in subdivision (b) as follows:

(1) The minimum estimated contribution amount for the calendar
year shall be an amount equal to the product of the minimum
estimated contribution amount for the calendar year multiplied by
the inflation factor adjustment as specified in subparagraph (A) of
paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 17041, rounded off to
the nearest dollar.

31 (2) The inflation factor adjustment used for the calendar year 32 shall be based on the figures for the percentage change in the

33 California Consumer Price Index received on or before August 1

of the calendar year pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (h)of Section 17041.

(d) Notwithstanding the repeal of this article, any contribution
 amounts designated pursuant to this article prior to its repeal shall
 continue to be transferred and disbursed in accordance with this

39 article as in effect immediately prior to that repeal.

1 <u>SEC. 5.</u>

2 SEC. 6. The provisions of Section 81012 of the Government 3 Code, which allow legislative amendments to the Political Reform 4 Act of 1974, shall apply to all of the provisions of this act that are 5 placed on the June 8, 2010, ballot, except that Section 91157 of 6 the Government Code, and Article 8.6 (commencing with Section 7 18798) of Chapter 3 of Part 10.2 of Division 2 of the Revenue and 8 Taxation Code, may be amended or repealed by a statute passed 9 in each house of the Legislature, a majority of the membership 10 concurring, and signed by the Governor.

#### 11 SEC. 6.

*SEC. 7. (a)* The Secretary of State shall, pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 81012 of the Government Code, submit Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7 6, and 8 of this act for approval by the voters at the June 8, 2010, statewide primary election, notwithstanding Section 9040 of the Elections Code.

17 (b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all ballots 18 of the June 10, 2010, primary election shall have printed thereon 19 as the ballot label the following: "CALIFORNIA FAIR ELECTIONS ACT. Creates a voluntary system for candidates for 20 21 Secretary of State to qualify for a public campaign grant if they 22 agree to strict spending limits and no private contributions. Each 23 candidate demonstrating enough public support would receive the 24 same amount. Participating candidates would be prohibited from 25 raising or spending money beyond the grant. There would be strict 26 enforcement and accountability. Funded by voluntary contributions 27 and by an annual fee on lobbyists, lobbying firms, and lobbyist 28 employers." At the appropriate location on the ballot, in the manner prescribed by law, there shall be provided the opportunity 29 30 for voters to indicate whether they vote for or against the measure. 31 (2) Notwithstanding Sections 13247 and 13281 of the Elections 32 *Code, the language in paragraph (1) shall be the only language* included in the ballot label for the condensed statement of the 33 34 ballot title, and the Attorney General shall not supplement, subtract from, or revise that language, except that the Attorney General 35 36 shall include the financial impact summary prepared pursuant to 37 Section 9087 of the Elections Code and Section 88003 of the 38 Government Code. The ballot label is the condensed statement of 39 the ballot title and summary and the financial impact summary.

1 (c) Where the voting in the election is done by means of voting 2 machines used pursuant to law in the manner that carries out the 3 intent of this section, the use of the voting machines and the 4 expression of the voters' choice by means thereof are in compliance 5 with this section. (d) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 6 7 Secretary of State shall use the following as the ballot title and 8 summary for the act: "CALIFORNIA FAIR ELECTIONS ACT. 9 This act creates a voluntary system for candidates for Secretary of State to qualify for a public campaign grant if they agree to 10 strict spending limits and take no private contributions. Candidates 11 would have to qualify before receiving the grant. Candidates who 12 demonstrate sufficient public support would receive the same 13 amount. Participating candidates would be prohibited from raising 14 15 or spending money beyond the grant. There would be strict enforcement and accountability with published reports open to the 16 17 public. Funded by voluntary contributions and by a \$350 annual 18 registration fee on lobbyists, lobbying firms, and lobbyist 19 employers." 20 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the language 21 in paragraph (1) shall be the only language included in the ballot 22 title and summary, and the Attorney General shall not supplement, 23 subtract from, or otherwise revise that language, except that the 24 Attorney General shall include the financial impact summary 25 prepared pursuant to Section 9087 of the Elections Code and

Section 88003 of the Government Code. 26

27 (e) The Secretary of State shall include, in the ballot pamphlets 28 mailed pursuant to Section 9094 of the Elections Code, the 29 information specified in Section 9084 of the Elections Code 30 regarding the act described in subdivision (a).

31 SEC. 7.

32 SEC. 8. The section of this act that adds Chapter 12 33 (commencing with Section 91015) to Title 9 of the Government 34 Code shall be deemed to amend the Political Reform Act of 1974

35 as amended and all of the provisions of the Political Reform Act of 1974 as amended that do not conflict with Chapter 12 shall

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37 apply to the provisions of that chapter.

SEC. 8. 38

39 The provisions of this act are severable. If any SEC. 9. 40 provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity

- shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

- CORRECTIONS:
- Text-Pages 5, 15, and 22.