An act to add Sections 1638.2 and 2259.8 to the Business and Professions Code, relating to cosmetic surgery.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST


Existing law, the Dental Practice Act, establishes the Dental Board of California in the Department of Consumer Affairs, which licenses dentists and regulates their practice, including dentists who hold a permit to perform oral and maxillofacial surgery. Existing law, the Medical Practice Act, establishes the Medical Board of California in the Department of Consumer Affairs, which licenses physicians and surgeons and regulates their practice.

Existing law, the Medical Practice Act, requires specified disclosures to patients undergoing procedures involving collagen injections, defined as any substance derived from, or combined with, animal protein. Existing law also requires the Medical Board of California to adopt extraction and postoperative care standards in regard to body liposuction procedures performed by a physician and surgeon outside of a general acute care hospital. Existing law makes a violation of these provisions a misdemeanor.

This bill would enact the Donda West Law, which would prohibit the performance of an elective cosmetic surgery procedure on a patient
unless, prior to surgery, the patient has received a physical examination by, and has received written clearance for the procedure from, the licensed physician and surgeon or dentist performing the cosmetic surgery, as specified, or another licensed physician and surgeon. The bill would require the physical examination to include the taking of a complete medical history. The bill would also provide that a violation of these provisions would not constitute a crime.


The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Donda West Law.

SEC. 2. Section 1638.2 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

1638.2. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person licensed pursuant to Section 1634 who holds a permit to perform elective facial cosmetic surgery issued pursuant to this article may not perform elective facial cosmetic surgery on a patient, unless the patient has received a physical examination by, and written clearance for the procedure from, either of the following:

1. A licensed physician and surgeon.
2. The person licensed pursuant to Section 1634 who holds a permit to perform elective facial cosmetic surgery issued pursuant to this article and who will be performing the surgery.

(b) The physical examination described in subdivision (a) shall include the taking of a complete medical history.

(c) A violation of this section shall not constitute a crime.

SEC. 3. Section 2259.8 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

2259.8. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a cosmetic surgery procedure may not be performed on a patient unless, prior to surgery, the patient has received a physical examination by, and written clearance for the procedure from, either of the following:

1. The physician and surgeon who will be performing the surgery.
(2) Another licensed physician and surgeon.

(b) The physical examination described in subdivision (a) shall include the taking of a complete medical history.

(c) “Cosmetic surgery” means an elective surgery that is performed to alter or reshape normal structures of the body in order to improve the patient’s appearance, including, but not limited to, liposuction and elective facial cosmetic surgery.

(d) Section 2314 shall not apply to this section.