

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 950

Introduced by Assembly Member Hernandez

February 26, 2009

An act to amend Sections 1250, 1250.1, 1746, 128700, and 128755 of, and to add Sections 1520.6, 1568.043, 1569.173, 1749.1, and 1749.3 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to hospice care.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 950, as introduced, Hernandez. Hospice providers: licensed hospice facilities.

Under existing law, the State Department of Public Health licenses and regulates health care facilities, including adult residential facilities, residential care facilities, and residential care facilities for the elderly. Under existing law, the department also licenses and regulates hospices and the provision of hospice services. Violation of these provisions is a crime.

This bill would create as a new category for, and require the department to license and regulate, hospice facilities, as defined. The bill would allow adult residential facilities, residential care facilities, and residential care facilities for the elderly to lease a contiguous space in that facility for a hospice facility under specified conditions.

Because this bill would create a new crime, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
2 following:
- 3 (a) Hospice is a special type of health care service designed to
4 provide palliative care and to alleviate the physical, emotional,
5 social, and spiritual discomforts of an individual who is
6 experiencing the last phases of life due to terminal illness.
- 7 (b) Hospice services provide supportive care to the primary
8 caregiver and family of the patient.
- 9 (c) Hospice services are provided primarily in the home, but
10 can also be provided in residential care or in health facility inpatient
11 settings.
- 12 (d) Persons who do not have family or caregivers who are able
13 to provide care in the home should be able to have care provided
14 in a home-like environment, rather than in an institutional setting,
15 if that is their preference.
- 16 (e) Permitting the establishment of licensed hospice facilities
17 provides additional care and treatment options for persons who
18 are at the end of life.
- 19 (f) The establishment of licensed hospice facilities is permitted
20 under federal law and by many other states.
- 21 (g) Permitting the establishment of licensed hospice facilities
22 is consistent with federal legal affirmations of the right of an
23 individual to refuse life-sustaining treatment and that each person's
24 preferences about his or her end-of-life care should be considered.
- 25 (h) Permitting the establishment of licensed hospice facilities
26 is also consistent with the decision of the United States Supreme
27 Court in *Olmstead v. L.C. by Zimring* (1999) 527 U.S. 581, which
28 held that persons with disabilities have the right to live in the most
29 integrated setting possible with appropriate access to care and
30 choice of community-based services and placement options.
- 31 (i) It is the intent of the Legislature to permit the licensure of
32 hospice inpatient facilities in order to improve access to care, to
33 provide additional care options, and to provide for a home-like
34 environment within which to provide care and treatment for persons
35 who are experiencing the last phases of life.

1 SEC. 2. Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code is amended
2 to read:

3 1250. As used in this chapter, "health facility" means any
4 facility, place, or building that is organized, maintained, and
5 operated for the diagnosis, care, prevention, and treatment of
6 human illness, physical or mental, including convalescence and
7 rehabilitation and including care during and after pregnancy, or
8 for any one or more of these purposes, for one or more persons,
9 to which the persons are admitted for a 24-hour stay or longer, and
10 includes the following types:

11 (a) "General acute care hospital" means a health facility having
12 a duly constituted governing body with overall administrative and
13 professional responsibility and an organized medical staff that
14 provides 24-hour inpatient care, including the following basic
15 services: medical, nursing, surgical, anesthesia, laboratory,
16 radiology, pharmacy, and dietary services. A general acute care
17 hospital may include more than one physical plant maintained and
18 operated on separate premises as provided in Section 1250.8. A
19 general acute care hospital that exclusively provides acute medical
20 rehabilitation center services, including at least physical therapy,
21 occupational therapy, and speech therapy, may provide for the
22 required surgical and anesthesia services through a contract with
23 another acute care hospital. In addition, a general acute care
24 hospital that, on July 1, 1983, provided required surgical and
25 anesthesia services through a contract or agreement with another
26 acute care hospital may continue to provide these surgical and
27 anesthesia services through a contract or agreement with an acute
28 care hospital. The general acute care hospital operated by the State
29 Department of Developmental Services at Agnews Developmental
30 Center may, until June 30, 2007, provide surgery and anesthesia
31 services through a contract or agreement with another acute care
32 hospital. Notwithstanding the requirements of this subdivision, a
33 general acute care hospital operated by the Department of
34 Corrections and Rehabilitation or the Department of Veterans
35 Affairs may provide surgery and anesthesia services during normal
36 weekday working hours, and not provide these services during
37 other hours of the weekday or on weekends or holidays, if the
38 general acute care hospital otherwise meets the requirements of
39 this section.

1 A “general acute care hospital” includes a “rural general acute
2 care hospital.” However, a “rural general acute care hospital” shall
3 not be required by the department to provide surgery and anesthesia
4 services. A “rural general acute care hospital” shall meet either of
5 the following conditions:

6 (1) The hospital meets criteria for designation within peer group
7 six or eight, as defined in the report entitled Hospital Peer Grouping
8 for Efficiency Comparison, dated December 20, 1982.

9 (2) The hospital meets the criteria for designation within peer
10 group five or seven, as defined in the report entitled Hospital Peer
11 Grouping for Efficiency Comparison, dated December 20, 1982,
12 and has no more than 76 acute care beds and is located in a census
13 dwelling place of 15,000 or less population according to the 1980
14 federal census.

15 (b) “Acute psychiatric hospital” means a health facility having
16 a duly constituted governing body with overall administrative and
17 professional responsibility and an organized medical staff ~~that~~ who
18 provides 24-hour inpatient care for mentally disordered,
19 incompetent, or other patients referred to in Division 5
20 (commencing with Section 5000) or Division 6 (commencing with
21 Section 6000) of the Welfare and Institutions Code, including the
22 following basic services: medical, nursing, rehabilitative,
23 pharmacy, and dietary services.

24 (c) “Skilled nursing facility” means a health facility that provides
25 skilled nursing care and supportive care to patients whose primary
26 need is for availability of skilled nursing care on an extended basis.

27 (d) “Intermediate care facility” means a health facility that
28 provides inpatient care to ambulatory or nonambulatory patients
29 who have recurring need for skilled nursing supervision and need
30 supportive care, but who do not require availability of continuous
31 skilled nursing care.

32 (e) “Intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled
33 habilitative” means a facility with a capacity of 4 to 15 beds that
34 provides 24-hour personal care, habilitation, developmental, and
35 supportive health services to 15 or fewer developmentally disabled
36 persons who have intermittent recurring needs for nursing services,
37 but have been certified by a physician and surgeon as not requiring
38 availability of continuous skilled nursing care.

39 (f) “Special hospital” means a health facility having a duly
40 constituted governing body with overall administrative and

1 professional responsibility and an organized medical or dental staff
2 ~~that~~ *who* provides inpatient or outpatient care in dentistry or
3 maternity.

4 (g) “Intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled” means
5 a facility that provides 24-hour personal care, habilitation,
6 developmental, and supportive health services to developmentally
7 disabled clients whose primary need is for developmental services
8 and who have a recurring but intermittent need for skilled nursing
9 services.

10 (h) “Intermediate care facility/developmentally
11 disabled—nursing” means a facility with a capacity of 4 to 15 beds
12 that provides 24-hour personal care, developmental services, and
13 nursing supervision for developmentally disabled persons who
14 have intermittent recurring needs for skilled nursing care but have
15 been certified by a physician and surgeon as not requiring
16 continuous skilled nursing care. The facility shall serve medically
17 fragile persons who have developmental disabilities or demonstrate
18 significant developmental delay that may lead to a developmental
19 disability if not treated.

20 (i) (1) “Congregate living health facility” means a residential
21 home with a capacity, except as provided in paragraph (4), of no
22 more than 12 beds, that provides inpatient care, including the
23 following basic services: medical supervision, 24-hour skilled
24 nursing and supportive care, pharmacy, dietary, social, recreational,
25 and at least one type of service specified in paragraph (2). The
26 primary need of congregate living health facility residents shall
27 be for availability of skilled nursing care on a recurring,
28 intermittent, extended, or continuous basis. This care is generally
29 less intense than that provided in general acute care hospitals but
30 more intense than that provided in skilled nursing facilities.

31 (2) Congregate living health facilities shall provide one of the
32 following services:

33 (A) Services for persons who are mentally alert, physically
34 disabled persons, who may be ventilator dependent.

35 (B) Services for persons who have a diagnosis of terminal
36 illness, a diagnosis of a life-threatening illness, or both. Terminal
37 illness means the individual has a life expectancy of six months
38 or less as stated in writing by his or her attending physician and
39 surgeon. A “life-threatening illness” means the individual has an
40 illness that can lead to a possibility of a termination of life within

1 five years or less as stated in writing by his or her attending
2 physician and surgeon.

3 (C) Services for persons who are catastrophically and severely
4 disabled. A catastrophically and severely disabled person means
5 a person whose origin of disability was acquired through trauma
6 or nondegenerative neurologic illness, for whom it has been
7 determined that active rehabilitation would be beneficial and to
8 whom these services are being provided. Services offered by a
9 congregate living health facility to a catastrophically disabled
10 person shall include, but not be limited to, speech, physical, and
11 occupational therapy.

12 (3) A congregate living health facility license shall specify which
13 of the types of persons described in paragraph (2) to whom a
14 facility is licensed to provide services.

15 (4) (A) A facility operated by a city and county for the purposes
16 of delivering services under this section may have a capacity of
17 59 beds.

18 (B) A congregate living health facility not operated by a city
19 and county servicing persons who are terminally ill, persons who
20 have been diagnosed with a life-threatening illness, or both, that
21 is located in a county with a population of 500,000 or more persons
22 may have not more than 25 beds for the purpose of serving
23 terminally ill persons.

24 (C) A congregate living health facility not operated by a city
25 and county serving persons who are catastrophically and severely
26 disabled, as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) that is
27 located in a county of 500,000 or more persons may have not more
28 than 12 beds for the purpose of serving catastrophically and
29 severely disabled persons.

30 (5) A congregate living health facility shall have a
31 noninstitutional, homelike environment.

32 (j) (1) "Correctional treatment center" means a health facility
33 operated by the Department of Corrections *and Rehabilitation*, ~~the~~
34 ~~Department of the Youth Authority~~, or a county, city, or city and
35 county law enforcement agency that, as determined by the state
36 department, provides inpatient health services to that portion of
37 the inmate population who do not require a general acute care level
38 of basic services. This definition shall not apply to those areas of
39 a law enforcement facility that houses inmates or wards ~~that~~ *who*
40 may be receiving outpatient services and are housed separately for

1 reasons of improved access to health care, security, and protection.
2 The health services provided by a correctional treatment center
3 shall include, but are not limited to, all of the following basic
4 services: physician and surgeon, psychiatrist, psychologist, nursing,
5 pharmacy, and dietary. A correctional treatment center may provide
6 the following services: laboratory, radiology, perinatal, and any
7 other services approved by the state department.

8 (2) Outpatient surgical care with anesthesia may be provided,
9 if the correctional treatment center meets the same requirements
10 as a surgical clinic licensed pursuant to Section 1204, with the
11 exception of the requirement that patients remain less than 24
12 hours.

13 (3) Correctional treatment centers shall maintain written service
14 agreements with general acute care hospitals to provide for those
15 inmate physical health needs that cannot be met by the correctional
16 treatment center.

17 (4) Physician and surgeon services shall be readily available in
18 a correctional treatment center on a 24-hour basis.

19 (5) It is not the intent of the Legislature to have a correctional
20 treatment center supplant the general acute care hospitals at the
21 California Medical Facility, the California Men's Colony, and the
22 California Institution for Men. This subdivision shall not be
23 construed to prohibit the Department of Corrections *and*
24 *Rehabilitation* from obtaining a correctional treatment center
25 license at these sites.

26 (k) "Nursing facility" means a health facility licensed pursuant
27 to this chapter that is certified to participate as a provider of care
28 either as a skilled nursing facility in the federal Medicare Program
29 under Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act or as a nursing
30 facility in the federal Medicaid Program under Title XIX of the
31 federal Social Security Act, or as both.

32 (l) Regulations defining a correctional treatment center described
33 in subdivision (j) that is operated by a county, city, or city and
34 county, the Department of Corrections *and Rehabilitation*, ~~or the~~
35 ~~Department of the Youth Authority~~, shall not become effective
36 prior to, or if effective, shall be inoperative until January 1, 1996,
37 and until that time these correctional facilities are exempt from
38 any licensing requirements.

39 (m) "Hospice facility" means a facility licensed pursuant to
40 Sections 1749.1 and 1749.3.

SEC. 3. Section 1250.1 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1250.1. (a) The state department shall adopt regulations that define all of the following bed classifications for health facilities:

- (1) General acute care.
 - (2) Skilled nursing.
 - (3) Intermediate care-developmental disabilities.
 - (4) Intermediate care—other.
 - (5) Acute psychiatric.
 - (6) Specialized care, with respect to special hospitals only.
 - (7) Chemical dependency recovery.
 - (8) Intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative.
 - (9) Intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled nursing.
 - (10) Congregate living health facility.
 - (11) Pediatric day health and respite care facility, as defined in Section 1760.2.
 - (12) Correctional treatment center. For correctional treatment centers that provide psychiatric and psychological services provided by county mental health agencies in local detention facilities, the State Department of Mental Health shall adopt regulations specifying acute and nonacute levels of 24-hour care. Licensed inpatient beds in a correctional treatment center shall be used only for the purpose of providing health services.
 - (13) *Hospice facility. The department shall consult with the State Department of Social Services, the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, and the Office of the State Fire Marshal when drafting regulations pursuant to this section.*
- (b) Except as provided in Section 1253.1, beds classified as intermediate care beds, on September 27, 1978, shall be reclassified by the state department as intermediate care—other. This reclassification shall not constitute a “project” within the meaning of Section 127170 and shall not be subject to any requirement for a certificate of need under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 127125) of Part 2 of Division 107, and regulations of the state department governing intermediate care prior to the effective date shall continue to be applicable to the intermediate care—other classification unless and until amended or repealed by the state department.

1 SEC. 4. Section 1520.6 is added to the Health and Safety Code,
2 to read:

3 1520.6. (a) (1) An adult residential facility, as defined in
4 paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) of Section 80001 of Title 22 of
5 the California Code of Regulations, licensed pursuant to this
6 chapter, may lease contiguous beds or space to a licensed hospice
7 facility, as defined in subdivision (m) of Section 1250, in
8 accordance with this section. The adult residential facility shall
9 obtain written approval from the department at least 30 days before
10 the effective date of the lease. For purposes of this section,
11 “contiguous beds or space” means a separate unit, wing, floor,
12 building, or grouping of beds, offices, or rooms that are used
13 exclusively for the purposes of operating a licensed hospice facility
14 and does not contain any space used by the adult residential facility.

15 (2) Not more than 25 percent of the adult residential facility’s
16 total bed capacity shall be used for purposes of a hospice facility,
17 unless the department issues an exemption.

18 (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the department may issue
19 regulations that increase the maximum percentage of total bed
20 capacity used for a hospice facility.

21 (b) When a portion of an adult residential facility is leased for
22 the purpose described in subdivision (a), the department shall issue
23 a new license to the licensee of an adult residential facility that
24 does not include the number of beds leased to a hospice facility.
25 The department may request a new plan of operation from the
26 licensee that demonstrates the licensee’s ability to meet all
27 licensing requirements within the proximity of the hospice facility.

28 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, an adult residential facility
29 may place all or a portion of its licensed bed capacity in voluntary
30 suspension in order to lease that space to a licensed hospice facility.
31 The health facility shall obtain written approval from the
32 department and provide written notification to the Office of
33 Statewide Health Planning and Development at least 30 days prior
34 to the effective date of the lease. The period of voluntary
35 suspension shall coincide with the duration of the hospice facility
36 license. Upon termination of the lease agreements, termination,
37 temporary suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the license,
38 termination of Medicare or Medicaid certification, or voluntary
39 surrender of the hospice facility or hospice program license, the
40 bed capacity shall be removed from voluntary suspension and

1 reinstated to the health facility within which the hospice facility
2 was located.

3 (d) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit staff from being
4 employees of both the adult residential facility and the hospice
5 facility. The staff of the adult residential facility shall not
6 simultaneously provide care or services to residents of both
7 facilities.

8 (e) Hospice facility patients shall not be subject to the
9 requirements of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 1522.

10 (f) Common areas used by residents of the adult residential
11 facility shall not be routinely used as common areas for hospice
12 patients, except as provided by mutual agreement between the
13 facilities.

14 (g) Nothing in this section shall prohibit residents of the adult
15 residential facility or patients of the hospice facility from visiting
16 each other, provided all licensing requirements for visitors are met.

17 (h) A licensed hospice facility that is located within an existing
18 licensed adult residential facility shall assume full and complete
19 responsibility for complying with all applicable licensing and
20 certification requirements when providing hospice care to patients
21 within the hospice facility, whether hospice services are provided
22 directly by, or under contract with, the licensee. Unless specified
23 by contract, in no event shall a licensed adult residential facility
24 be responsible for the operations of, or assume any liability in
25 connection with, the hospice facility.

26 SEC. 5. Section 1568.043 is added to the Health and Safety
27 Code, to read:

28 1568.043. (a) (1) A residential care facility that is licensed
29 pursuant to this chapter may lease contiguous beds or space to a
30 licensed hospice facility, as defined in subdivision (m) of Section
31 1250, in accordance with this section. The residential care facility
32 shall obtain written approval from the department at least 30 days
33 before the effective date of the lease. For purposes of this section,
34 “contiguous beds or space” means a separate unit, wing, floor,
35 building, or grouping of beds, offices, or rooms that are used
36 exclusively for the purposes of operating a licensed hospice facility
37 and does not contain any space used by the residential care facility.

38 (2) Not more than 25 percent of the adult residential facility’s
39 total bed capacity shall be used for purposes of a hospice facility,
40 unless the department issues an exemption.

1 (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the department may issue
2 regulations that increase the maximum percentage of total bed
3 capacity used for a hospice facility.

4 (b) When a portion of a residential care facility is leased for the
5 purpose described in subdivision (a), the department shall issue a
6 new license to the licensee of a residential care facility that does
7 not include the number of beds leased to a hospice facility. The
8 department may request a new plan of operation from the licensee
9 that demonstrates the licensee's ability to meet all licensing
10 requirements within the proximity of the hospice facility.

11 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, a residential care facility
12 may place all or a portion of its licensed bed capacity in voluntary
13 suspension in order to lease that space to a licensed hospice facility.
14 The health facility shall obtain written approval from the
15 department and provide written notification to the Office of
16 Statewide Health Planning and Development at least 30 days prior
17 to the effective date of the lease. The period of voluntary
18 suspension shall coincide with the duration of the hospice facility
19 license. Upon termination of the lease agreements, termination,
20 temporary suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the license,
21 termination of Medicare or Medicaid certification, or voluntary
22 surrender of the hospice facility or hospice program license, the
23 bed capacity shall be removed from voluntary suspension and
24 reinstated to the health facility within which the hospice facility
25 was located.

26 (d) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit staff from being
27 employees of both the residential care facility and the hospice
28 facility. The staff of the residential care facility shall not
29 simultaneously provide care or services to residents of both
30 facilities.

31 (e) Hospice facility patients shall not be subject to the
32 requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section
33 1568.09.

34 (f) Common areas used by residents of the residential care
35 facility shall not be routinely used as common areas for hospice
36 patients, except as provided by mutual agreement between the
37 facilities.

38 (g) Nothing in this section shall prohibit residents of the
39 residential care facility or patients of the hospice facility from

1 visiting each other, provided that all licensing requirements for
2 visitors are met.

3 (h) A licensed hospice facility that is located within an existing
4 licensed residential care facility shall assume full and complete
5 responsibility for complying with all applicable licensing and
6 certification requirements when providing hospice care to patients
7 within the hospice facility, whether hospice services are provided
8 directly by, or under contract with, the licensee. Unless specified
9 by contract, in no event shall a licensed residential care facility be
10 responsible for the operations of, or assume any liability in
11 connection with, the hospice facility.

12 SEC. 6. Section 1569.173 is added to the Health and Safety
13 Code, to read:

14 1569.173. (a) (1) A residential care facility for the elderly
15 licensed pursuant to this chapter may lease contiguous beds or
16 space to a licensed hospice facility, as defined in subdivision (m)
17 of Section 1250, in accordance with this section. The residential
18 care facility for the elderly shall obtain prior written approval from
19 the department at least 30 days before the effective date of the
20 lease. For purposes of this section, “contiguous beds or space”
21 means a separate unit, wing, floor, building, or grouping of beds,
22 offices, or rooms that are used exclusively for the purposes of
23 operating a licensed hospice facility.

24 (2) Not more than 25 percent of the residential care facility for
25 the elderly’s total bed capacity shall be used for purposes of a
26 licensed hospice facility, unless the department issues an
27 exemption.

28 (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the department may issue
29 regulations that increase the maximum percentage of total bed
30 capacity used for a hospice facility.

31 (b) When a portion of a residential care facility for the elderly
32 is leased for the purpose described in subdivision (a), the
33 department shall issue a new license to the licensee of a residential
34 facility for the elderly that does not include the number of beds
35 leased to a hospice facility. The department may request a new
36 plan of operation from the licensee that demonstrates the licensee’s
37 ability to meet all licensing requirements within the proximity of
38 the hospice facility.

39 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, a residential care facility for
40 the elderly may place all or a portion of its licensed bed capacity

1 in voluntary suspension in order to lease that space to a licensed
2 hospice facility. The health facility shall obtain written approval
3 from the department and provide written notification to the Office
4 of Statewide Health Planning and Development at least 30 days
5 prior to the effective date of the lease. The period of voluntary
6 suspension shall coincide with the duration of the hospice facility
7 license. Upon termination of the lease agreements, termination,
8 temporary suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the license,
9 termination of Medicare or Medicaid certification, or voluntary
10 surrender of the hospice facility or hospice program license, the
11 bed capacity shall be removed from voluntary suspension and
12 reinstated to the health facility within which the hospice facility
13 was located.

14 (d) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit staff from being
15 employees of both the residential care facility for the elderly and
16 the hospice facility. The staff of the residential care facility shall
17 not simultaneously provide care or services to residents of both
18 facilities.

19 (e) Hospice facility patients shall not be subject to the
20 requirements of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision
21 (b) of Section 1569.17.

22 (f) Common areas used by residents of the residential care
23 facility for the elderly shall not be routinely used as common areas
24 for hospice patients, except as provided by mutual agreement
25 between the facilities.

26 (g) Nothing in this section shall prohibit residents of the
27 residential care facility for the elderly or patients of the hospice
28 facility from visiting each other, provided that all licensing
29 requirements for visitors are met.

30 (h) A licensed hospice facility that is located within an existing
31 licensed residential care facility for the elderly shall assume full
32 and complete responsibility for complying with all applicable
33 licensing and certification requirements when providing hospice
34 care to patients within the hospice facility, whether hospice services
35 are provided directly by, or under contract with, the licensee.
36 Unless specified by contract, in no event shall a licensed residential
37 care facility for the elderly be responsible for the operations of, or
38 assume any liability in connection with, the hospice facility.

39 SEC. 7. Section 1746 of the Health and Safety Code is amended
40 to read:

1 1746. For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions
2 apply:

3 (a) "Bereavement services" means those services available to
4 the surviving family members for a period of at least one year after
5 the death of the patient, including an assessment of the needs of
6 the bereaved family and the development of a care plan that meets
7 these needs, both prior to and following the death of the patient.

8 (b) "Home health aide" has the same meaning as set forth in
9 subdivision (c) of Section 1727.

10 (c) "Home health aide services" means those services described
11 in subdivision (d) of Section 1727 that provide for the personal
12 care of the terminally ill patient and the performance of related
13 tasks in the patient's home in accordance with the plan of care in
14 order to increase the level of comfort and to maintain personal
15 hygiene and a safe, healthy environment for the patient.

16 (b)

17 (d) "Hospice" means a specialized form of interdisciplinary
18 health care that is designed to provide palliative care, alleviate the
19 physical, emotional, social, and spiritual discomforts of an
20 individual who is experiencing the last phases of life due to the
21 existence of a terminal disease, and provide supportive care to the
22 primary caregiver and the family of the hospice patient, and that
23 meets all of the following criteria:

24 (1) Considers the patient and the patient's family, in addition
25 to the patient, as the unit of care.

26 (2) Utilizes an interdisciplinary team to assess the physical,
27 medical, psychological, social, and spiritual needs of the patient
28 and the patient's family.

29 (3) Requires the interdisciplinary team to develop an overall
30 plan of care and to provide coordinated care that emphasizes
31 supportive services, including, but not limited to, home care, pain
32 control, and limited inpatient services. Limited inpatient services
33 are intended to ensure both continuity of care and appropriateness
34 of services for those patients who cannot be managed at home
35 because of acute complications or the temporary absence of a
36 capable primary caregiver.

37 (4) Provides for the palliative medical treatment of pain and
38 other symptoms associated with a terminal disease, but does not
39 provide for efforts to cure the disease.

1 (5) Provides for bereavement services following death to assist
2 the family in coping with social and emotional needs associated
3 with the death of the patient.

4 (6) Actively utilizes volunteers in the delivery of hospice
5 services.

6 (7) To the extent appropriate, based on the medical needs of the
7 patient, provides services in the patient's home or primary place
8 of residence.

9 (e) *"Hospice facility" means a health facility that has been*
10 *licensed pursuant to Sections 1749.1 and 1749.3 by the department*
11 *for the provision of hospice care, including routine care,*
12 *continuous care, inpatient respite care, and general inpatient care.*
13 *Hospice facility licensure shall be granted only to licensed and*
14 *certified hospices licensed in California.*

15 (e)

16 (f) *"Inpatient care arrangements" means arranging for those*
17 *short inpatient stays that may become necessary to manage acute*
18 *symptoms or because of the temporary absence, or need for respite,*
19 *of a capable primary caregiver. The hospice shall arrange for these*
20 *stays, ensuring both continuity of care and the appropriateness of*
21 *services.*

22 (g) *"Interdisciplinary team" means the hospice care team that*
23 *includes, but is not limited to, the patient and patient's family, a*
24 *physician and surgeon, a registered nurse, a social worker, a*
25 *volunteer, and a spiritual caregiver. The team shall be coordinated*
26 *by a registered nurse and shall be under medical direction. The*
27 *team shall meet regularly to develop and maintain an appropriate*
28 *plan of care.*

29 (d)

30 (h) *"Medical direction" means those services provided by a*
31 *licensed physician and surgeon who is charged with the*
32 *responsibility of acting as a consultant to the interdisciplinary*
33 *team, a consultant to the patient's attending physician and surgeon,*
34 *as requested, with regard to pain and symptom management, and*
35 *a liaison with physicians and surgeons in the community.*

36 ~~(e) "An interdisciplinary team" means the hospice care team~~
37 ~~that includes, but is not limited to, the patient and patient's family,~~
38 ~~a physician and surgeon, a registered nurse, a social worker, a~~
39 ~~volunteer, and a spiritual caregiver. The team shall be coordinated~~
40 ~~by a registered nurse and shall be under medical direction. The~~

1 ~~team shall meet regularly to develop and maintain an appropriate~~
2 ~~plan of care.~~

3 (i) *“Multiple location” means a location or site from which a*
4 *hospice makes available basic hospice services within the service*
5 *area of the parent agency. A multiple location shares*
6 *administration, supervision, policies and procedures, and services*
7 *with the parent agency in a manner that renders it unnecessary*
8 *for the site to independently meet the licensing requirements.*

9 (j) *“Palliative” refers to medical treatment, interdisciplinary*
10 *care, or consultation provided to the patient or family members,*
11 *or both, that have as its primary purposes preventing or relieving*
12 *suffering and enhancing the quality of life, rather than curing the*
13 *disease, as described in subdivision (b) of Section 1339.31, of a*
14 *patient who has an end-stage medical condition.*

15 (k) *“Parent agency” means the part of the hospice that is*
16 *licensed pursuant to this chapter and that develops and maintains*
17 *administrative controls of multiple locations. All services provided*
18 *by the multiple locations and parent agency are the responsibility*
19 *of the parent agency.*

20 ~~(f)~~

21 (l) *“Plan of care” means a written plan developed by the*
22 *attending physician and surgeon, the medical director or physician*
23 *and surgeon designee, and the interdisciplinary team that addresses*
24 *the needs of a patient and family admitted to the hospice program.*
25 *The hospice shall retain overall responsibility for the development*
26 *and maintenance of the plan of care and quality of services*
27 *delivered.*

28 (m) *“Preliminary services” means those services authorized*
29 *pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 1749.*

30 ~~(g)~~

31 (n) *“Skilled nursing services” means nursing services provided*
32 *by or under the supervision of a registered nurse under a plan of*
33 *care developed by the interdisciplinary team and the patient’s*
34 *physician and surgeon to a patient and his or her family that pertain*
35 *to the palliative, supportive services required by patients with a*
36 *terminal illness. Skilled nursing services include, but are not limited*
37 *to, patient assessment, evaluation and case management of the*
38 *medical nursing needs of the patient, the performance of prescribed*
39 *medical treatment for pain and symptom control, the provision of*
40 *emotional support to both the patient and his or her family, and*

1 the instruction of caregivers in providing personal care to the
2 patient. Skilled nursing services shall provide for the continuity
3 of services for the patient and his or her family. Skilled nursing
4 services shall be available on a 24-hour on-call basis.

5 (h)

6 (o) "Social services/counseling services" means those counseling
7 and spiritual care services that assist the patient and his or her
8 family to minimize stresses and problems that arise from social,
9 economic, psychological, or spiritual needs by utilizing appropriate
10 community resources, and maximize positive aspects and
11 opportunities for growth.

12 (i)

13 (p) "Terminal disease" or "terminal illness" means a medical
14 condition resulting in a prognosis of life of one year or less, if the
15 disease follows its natural course.

16 (j)

17 (q) "Volunteer services" means those services provided by
18 trained hospice volunteers who have agreed to provide service
19 under the direction of a hospice staff member who has been
20 designated by the hospice to provide direction to hospice
21 volunteers. Hospice volunteers may be used to provide support
22 and companionship to the patient and his or her family during the
23 remaining days of the patient's life and to the surviving family
24 following the patient's death.

25 ~~(k) "Multiple location" means a location or site from which a~~
26 ~~hospice makes available basic hospice services within the service~~
27 ~~area of the parent agency. A multiple location shares~~
28 ~~administration, supervision, policies and procedures, and services~~
29 ~~with the parent agency in a manner that renders it unnecessary for~~
30 ~~the site to independently meet the licensing requirements.~~

31 ~~(l) "Home health aide" has the same meaning as set forth in~~
32 ~~subdivision (c) of Section 1727.~~

33 ~~(m) "Home health aide services" means those services described~~
34 ~~in subdivision (d) of Section 1727 that provide for the personal~~
35 ~~care of the terminally ill patient and the performance of related~~
36 ~~tasks in the patient's home in accordance with the plan of care in~~
37 ~~order to increase the level of comfort and to maintain personal~~
38 ~~hygiene and a safe, healthy environment for the patient.~~

39 ~~(n) "Parent agency" means the part of the hospice that is licensed~~
40 ~~pursuant to this chapter and that develops and maintains~~

1 administrative controls of multiple locations. All services provided
2 by the multiple locations and parent agency are the responsibility
3 of the parent agency.

4 (e) ~~“Palliative” refers to medical treatment, interdisciplinary~~
5 ~~care, or consultation provided to the patient or family members,~~
6 ~~or both, that have as its primary purposes preventing or relieving~~
7 ~~suffering and enhancing the quality of life, rather than curing the~~
8 ~~disease, as described in subdivision (b) of Section 1339.31, of a~~
9 ~~patient who has an end-stage medical condition.~~

10 (p) ~~“Preliminary services” means those services authorized~~
11 ~~pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 1749.~~

12 SEC. 8. Section 1749.1 is added to the Health and Safety Code,
13 to read:

14 1749.1. (a) Hospices licensed and certified in California may
15 apply for a hospice facility license. A hospice facility shall be both
16 licensed, and certified to participate as a provider of hospice care
17 in the federal Medicare program under Title XVIII of the federal
18 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq.).

19 (b) Hospice facility licensees shall be responsible for obtaining
20 criminal background checks for employees, volunteers, and
21 contractors in accordance with federal Medicare conditions of
22 participation (42 CFR 418 et seq.) and as may be required in
23 accordance with state law. The hospice facility licensee shall pay
24 the costs of obtaining a criminal background check.

25 (c) Building standards adopted pursuant to this section relating
26 to fire and panic safety, and other regulations adopted pursuant to
27 this section, shall apply uniformly throughout the state. No city,
28 county, city and county, including a charter city or charter county,
29 or fire protection district shall adopt or enforce any ordinance or
30 local rule or regulation relating to fire and panic safety in buildings
31 or structures subject to this section that is inconsistent with the
32 rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this section.

33 (d) A hospice facility may operate as a freestanding facility, but
34 may also be located adjacent to, physically connected to, or on the
35 building grounds of another health facility or residential care
36 facility. Freestanding hospice facilities shall not be required to
37 submit construction plans to the Office of Statewide Health
38 Planning and Development for new construction or renovation.
39 As part of the application for licensure, the prospective licensee
40 shall submit evidence of compliance with local building codes. In

1 addition, the physical environment of the facility shall be adequate
2 to provide the level of care and service required by the residents
3 of the facility as determined by the department.

4 (e) Irrespective of location, hospice facilities shall be separately
5 licensed.

6 (f) The hospice facility shall meet the fire protection standards
7 set forth in federal Medicare conditions of participation (42 CFR
8 418 et seq.).

9 (g) A separately-licensed hospice facility may be located in all
10 or a portion of an existing health facility, adult residential facility,
11 residential care facility, or residential care facility for the elderly
12 and may lease space from that facility. The area leased by the
13 hospice facility shall be made up of contiguous beds in a separate
14 unit or floor within the leasing facility. The hospice facility shall
15 be identifiable as a separately-operating health facility and shall
16 have separate signage.

17 (h) A hospice facility that is located in all or a portion of another
18 facility shall be subject to all of the following:

19 (1) The hospice facility shall not be required to submit
20 construction plans to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and
21 Development for new construction or renovation, unless the
22 hospice facility is located within a health facility that is otherwise
23 required to submit plans to the Office of Statewide Health Planning
24 and Development.

25 (2) As part of the application for licensure, the prospective
26 licensee shall submit evidence of compliance with local building
27 codes. In addition, the physical environment of the facility shall
28 be adequate to provide the level of care and service required by
29 the residents of the facility as determined by the department.

30 (3) The hospice facility shall assume full and complete
31 responsibility for complying with all applicable licensing and
32 certification requirements when providing hospice care to patients
33 within the hospice facility, whether hospice services are provided
34 directly by, or under contract with, the licensee. Unless specified
35 by contract, in no event shall the licensed health facility in which
36 a hospice facility is located be responsible for the operations of,
37 or assume any liability in connection with, the hospice facility.

38 (i) In addition to the other provisions of this section, persons
39 excluded under Section 1558, 1568.092, or 1569.58 shall not be
40 a member of a hospice facility board of directors, or a licensee,

1 contractor, volunteer, or employee of a hospice facility located in
2 a portion of a residential care facility.

3 SEC. 9. Section 1749.3 is added to the Health and Safety Code,
4 to read:

5 1749.3. (a) In order for a hospice program to be licensed as a
6 hospice facility, it shall provide, or make provision for, all of the
7 following services and requirements:

- 8 (1) Medical direction and adequate staff.
- 9 (2) Skilled nursing services.
- 10 (3) Palliative care.
- 11 (4) Social services and counseling services.
- 12 (5) Bereavement services.
- 13 (6) Volunteer services.
- 14 (7) Dietary services.
- 15 (8) Pharmaceutical services.
- 16 (9) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language
17 therapy.
- 18 (10) Patient rights.
- 19 (11) Disaster preparedness.
- 20 (12) An adequate, safe, and sanitary physical environment.
- 21 (13) Housekeeping services.
- 22 (14) Adequate and secure administrative and patient medical
23 records.

24 (b) The department shall adopt regulations that establish
25 standards for the provision of the services in subdivision (a). These
26 regulations shall include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

27 (1) Minimum staffing standards that require at least one licensed
28 nurse to be on duty 24 hours per day and a maximum of six patients
29 at any given time per direct care staffperson.

30 (2) Patients rights provisions that require that provide each
31 patient with all of the following:

32 (A) Full information regarding his or her health status and
33 options for end-of-life care.

34 (B) Care that reflects individual preferences regarding
35 end-of-life care, including the right to refuse any treatment or
36 procedure.

37 (C) Treatment with consideration, respect, and full recognition
38 of dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and
39 care of personal needs.

1 (D) Entitlement to visitors of his or her choosing, at any time
2 the patient chooses, and ensured privacy for those visits.

3 (3) Disaster preparedness plans for both internal and external
4 disasters that protects hospice patients, employees, and visitors,
5 and reflect coordination with local agencies that are responsible
6 for disaster preparedness and emergency response.

7 (4) Any additional qualifications and requirements for licensure
8 above the requirements of this section and Section 1749.1.

9 (c) The hospice facility shall provide a home-like environment
10 that is comfortable and accommodating to both the patient and the
11 patient's visitors.

12 (d) The hospice facility shall continue to provide services to
13 family and friends after the patient's stay in the hospice facility in
14 accordance with the patient's plan of care. These services may be
15 provided by the hospice program that operates the hospice facility.

16 SEC. 10. Section 128700 of the Health and Safety Code is
17 amended to read:

18 128700. As used in this chapter, the following terms mean:

19 (a) "Ambulatory surgery procedures" mean those procedures
20 performed on an outpatient basis in the general operating rooms,
21 ambulatory surgery rooms, endoscopy units, or cardiac
22 catheterization laboratories of a hospital or a freestanding
23 ambulatory surgery clinic.

24 (b) "Commission" means the California Health Policy and Data
25 Advisory Commission.

26 (c) "Emergency department" means, in a hospital licensed to
27 provide emergency medical services, the location in which those
28 services are provided.

29 (d) "Encounter" means a face-to-face contact between a patient
30 and the provider who has primary responsibility for assessing and
31 treating the condition of the patient at a given contact and exercises
32 independent judgment in the care of the patient.

33 (e) "Freestanding ambulatory surgery clinic" means a surgical
34 clinic that is licensed by the state under paragraph (1) of
35 subdivision (b) of Section 1204.

36 (f) "Health facility" or "health facilities" means all health
37 facilities required to be licensed pursuant to Chapter 2
38 (commencing with Section 1250) of Division 2.

(g) “Hospital” means all health facilities except skilled nursing, intermediate care, *hospice facilities*, and congregate living health facilities.

(h) “Office” means the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development.

(i) “Risk-adjusted outcomes” means the clinical outcomes of patients grouped by diagnoses or procedures that have been adjusted for demographic and clinical factors.

SEC. 11. Section 128755 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

128755. (a) (1) Hospitals shall file the reports required by subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 128735 with the office within four months after the close of the hospital’s fiscal year except as provided in paragraph (2).

(2) If a licensee relinquishes the facility license or puts the facility license in suspense, the last day of active licensure shall be deemed a fiscal year end.

(3) The office shall make the reports filed pursuant to this subdivision available no later than three months after they were filed.

(b) (1) Skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, intermediate care facilities/developmentally disabled, *hospice facilities*, and congregate living facilities, including nursing facilities certified by the state department to participate in the Medi-Cal program, shall file the reports required by subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 128735 with the office within four months after the close of the facility’s fiscal year, except as provided in paragraph (2).

(2) (A) If a licensee relinquishes the facility license or puts the facility licensure in suspense, the last day of active licensure shall be deemed a fiscal year end.

(B) If a fiscal year end is created because the facility license is relinquished or put in suspense, the facility shall file the reports required by subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 128735 within two months after the last day of active licensure.

(3) The office shall make the reports filed pursuant to paragraph (1) available not later than three months after they are filed.

(4) (A) Effective for fiscal years ending on or after December 31, 1991, the reports required by subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d)

1 of Section 128735 shall be filed with the office by electronic media,
2 as determined by the office.

3 (B) Congregate living health facilities are exempt from the
4 electronic media reporting requirements of subparagraph (A).

5 (c) A hospital shall file the reports required by subdivision (g)
6 of Section 128735 as follows:

7 (1) For patient discharges on or after January 1, 1999, through
8 December 31, 1999, the reports shall be filed semiannually by
9 each hospital or its designee not later than six months after the end
10 of each semiannual period, and shall be available from the office
11 no later than six months after the date that the report was filed.

12 (2) For patient discharges on or after January 1, 2000, through
13 December 31, 2000, the reports shall be filed semiannually by
14 each hospital or its designee not later than three months after the
15 end of each semiannual period. The reports shall be filed by
16 electronic tape, diskette, or similar medium as approved by the
17 office. The office shall approve or reject each report within 15
18 days of receiving it. If a report does not meet the standards
19 established by the office, it shall not be approved as filed and shall
20 be rejected. The report shall be considered not filed as of the date
21 the facility is notified that the report is rejected. A report shall be
22 available from the office no later than 15 days after the date that
23 the report is approved.

24 (3) For patient discharges on or after January 1, 2001, the reports
25 shall be filed by each hospital or its designee for report periods
26 and at times determined by the office. The reports shall be filed
27 by online transmission in formats consistent with national standards
28 for the exchange of electronic information. The office shall approve
29 or reject each report within 15 days of receiving it. If a report does
30 not meet the standards established by the office, it shall not be
31 approved as filed and shall be rejected. The report shall be
32 considered not filed as of the date the facility is notified that the
33 report is rejected. A report shall be available from the office no
34 later than 15 days after the date that the report is approved.

35 (d) The reports required by subdivision (a) of Section 128736
36 shall be filed by each hospital for report periods and at times
37 determined by the office. The reports shall be filed by online
38 transmission in formats consistent with national standards for the
39 exchange of electronic information. The office shall approve or
40 reject each report within 15 days of receiving it. If a report does

1 not meet the standards established by the office, it shall not be
2 approved as filed and shall be rejected. The report shall be
3 considered not filed as of the date the facility is notified that the
4 report is rejected. A report shall be available from the office no
5 later than 15 days after the report is approved.

6 (e) The reports required by subdivision (a) of Section 128737
7 shall be filed by each hospital or freestanding ambulatory surgery
8 clinic for report periods and at times determined by the office. The
9 reports shall be filed by online transmission in formats consistent
10 with national standards for the exchange of electronic information.
11 The office shall approve or reject each report within 15 days of
12 receiving it. If a report does not meet the standards established by
13 the office, it shall not be approved as filed and shall be rejected.
14 The report shall be considered not filed as of the date the facility
15 is notified that the report is rejected. A report shall be available
16 from the office no later than 15 days after the report is approved.

17 (f) Facilities shall not be required to maintain a full-time
18 electronic connection to the office for the purposes of online
19 transmission of reports as specified in subdivisions (c), (d), and
20 (e). The office may grant exemptions to the online transmission
21 of data requirements for limited periods to facilities. An exemption
22 may be granted only to a facility that submits a written request and
23 documents or demonstrates a specific need for an exemption.
24 Exemptions shall be granted for no more than one year at a time,
25 and for no more than a total of five consecutive years.

26 (g) The reports referred to in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a)
27 of Section 128730 shall be filed with the office on the dates
28 required by applicable law and shall be available from the office
29 no later than six months after the date that the report was filed.

30 (h) The office shall post on its *Internet* Web site and make
31 available to any person a copy of any report referred to in
32 subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), or (g) of Section 128735, subdivision
33 (a) of Section 128736, subdivision (a) of Section 128737, Section
34 128740, and, in addition, shall make available in electronic formats
35 reports referred to in subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), or (g) of Section
36 128735, subdivision (a) of Section 128736, subdivision (a) of
37 Section 128737, Section 128740, and subdivisions (a) and (c) of
38 Section 128745, unless the office determines that an individual
39 patient's rights of confidentiality would be violated. The office
40 shall make the reports available at cost.

1 SEC. 12. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
2 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
3 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
4 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
5 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
6 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
7 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
8 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
9 Constitution.

O