# AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 15, 2010

# AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 2, 2010

# AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 28, 2010

### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 13, 2010

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2009-10 REGULAR SESSION

**ASSEMBLY BILL** 

No. 1844

Introduced by Assembly Member Fletcher (Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Anderson, Block, Garrick, Gilmore, Nielsen, and Salas) (Principal coauthor: Senator Alquist) (Principal coauthors: Senators Hollingsworth and Wyland) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Adams, Arambula, Bill Berryhill, Tom Berryhill, Blakeslee, Bradford, Buchanan, Caballero, Charles Calderon, Chesbro, Conway, Cook, Coto, Davis, De Leon, DeVore, Emmerson, Fong, Fuller, Gaines, Galgiani, Hagman, Hall, Harkey, Hill, Huber, Huffman, Jeffries, Knight, Lieu, Logue, Ma, Mendoza, Miller, Nava, Nestande, Niello, Norby, Portantino, Silva, Smyth, Solorio, Audra Strickland, Swanson, Torlakson, Torres, Torrico, Tran, and Villines)

(Coauthors: Senators Cogdill, Correa, Cox, Denham, Dutton, Harman, *Huff*, Maldonado, and Runner)

February 12, 2010

An act to amend Sections 220, 264, 264.1, 286, 288, 288a, 289, 667.61, 3000, and 3000.1 of, and to add Section 647.9 to, the Penal An act to amend Sections 220, 264, 264.1, 286, 288, 288a, 289, 290.04, 290.05, 290.06, 290.46, 666, 667.61, 1203.067, 2962, 3000, 3000.1, 3008, and 13887 of, and to add Sections 290.09, 3053.8, and 9003 to,

*the Penal Code, and to amend Section 18846.3 of the Revenue and Taxation* Code, relating to sex crimes.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1844, as amended, Fletcher. Sex offenders: punishment: parole. Under existing law, an assault with the intent to commit mayhem, rape, sodomy, oral copulation, or with the intent to commit, by force, rape, spousal rape, or sexual penetration in concert with another, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 2, 4, or 6 years, except as specified.

This bill would provide that an assault of a person under 18 years of age with the intent to commit rape, sodomy, oral copulation, or with the intent to commit, by force, rape, spousal rape, or sexual penetration in concert with another, would be punishable by imprisonment in state prison for 5, 7, or 9 years.

Under existing law, rape, sodomy accomplished against the victim's will, oral copulation accomplished against the victim's will, and sexual penetration accomplished against the victim's will is punishable by imprisonment in state prison for 3, 6, or 8 years. Rape, sodomy, and oral copulation committed in concert with another is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 5, 7, or 9 years.

This bill would provide that the punishment for these specified crimes upon a child who is under 14 years of age is punishable by imprisonment in state prison for  $\frac{6}{12}$ , or  $\frac{16}{9}$ , 11, or 13 years, and if committed upon a minor who is 14 years of age or older is punishable by imprisonment in state prison for  $\frac{6}{7}$ , 9, or 11 years. This bill would provide that if these crimes are committed in concert with another person upon a child who is under 14 years of age they are punishable in state prison for  $\frac{7}{7}$ ,  $\frac{13}{10}$ , or 17 10, 12, or 14 years and if committed in concert upon a minor who is 14 years of age or older by imprisonment for 7,  $\frac{10}{10}$ , or  $\frac{12}{9}$ , or 11 years. By increasing the punishment for crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Under existing law, a person who commits an act of rape, rape or sexual penetration in concert, sodomy, oral copulation, or sexual penetration, when the act is committed upon a child who is under 14 years of age and 7 or more years younger than the person, is guilty of aggravated sexual assault of a child. Aggravated sexual assault of a child under these circumstances is punishable by imprisonment in state prison for 15 years to life.

This bill would provide that it does not preclude prosecution under this existing law.

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Under existing law, a person who commits any lewd or lascivious act upon a child who is under 14 years of age by use of force or fear is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in state prison for 3, 6, or 8 years.

This bill would increase the punishment for this crime to imprisonment in the state prison for 6, 12, or 16 5, 8, or 10 years. By increasing the punishment for a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Under existing law, a person who commits any lewd or lascivious act upon a dependent person, as defined, by use of force or fear is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in state prison for 3, 6, or 8 years.

This bill would increase the punishment for this crime to imprisonment in the state prison for 6, 9, or 11 years. By increasing the punishment for a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law, as amended by Proposition 83 of the November 7, 2006, statewide general election, requires a person convicted of certain felonies under specified circumstances to be committed to prison for a term of years to life.

This bill would provide that these felonies committed under the above-specified circumstances upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of age shall be punished by imprisonment in state prison for life without the possibility of parole if the offender is 18 years of age or older or 25 years to life if the offender is under 18 years of age. This bill would add as a circumstance the infliction of bodily harm, as defined, on a victim who is a child under 14 years of age to the list of specified circumstances that would result in this imprisonment.

This bill would provide that when rape, spousal rape, rape in concert, or sexual penetration, sodomy, or oral copulation committed against the victim's will are committed under 2 of a specified list of circumstances, the punishment shall be imprisonment in state prison for 25 years to life, or if committed upon a person who is a child 14 years of age or older, for 25 years to life if committed under one of the specified circumstances, or for life without possibility of parole if committed under 2 or more of the specified circumstances. upon a minor 14 years of age or older, the punishment shall be imprisonment in state prison for life without the possibility of parole if state prison for life without the possibility of parole if the offender is 18 years of age or older or 25 years to life if the offender is under 18 years of age or older or 25 years to life if the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the specified is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age or older of the offender is under 18 years of age of older of the offender is under 18 years of age of older of the offender is under 18 years of age of older of the offender is under 18 years of age of older of the offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age offender is under 18 years of age offender is under 18 years of age of older offender is under 18 years of age offender is under 18 years of

age, or for 25 years to life if committed under one of the specified circumstances.

Under existing law, a person convicted of certain felony sex offenses shall be committed to prison for a term of 15 years to life if during the commission of the felony the defendant inflicted great bodily injury on the victim.

This bill would change the required sentence to 25 years to life for this type of offense. provide that any person who is convicted of certain sex offenses under specified circumstances, upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of age, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 25 years to life. The bill would provide a life term of imprisonment for any person convicted of a lewd or lascivious act where he or she inflicted bodily harm.

Existing law makes it unlawful for a person who is required to register as a sex offender to reside within 2,000 feet of a public or private school, or park where children regularly gather. Existing law also provides that any person required to register as a sex offender who comes into any school building or upon any school ground without lawful business and written permission is guilty of a misdemeanor.

This bill would make it a misdemeanor for a person who is required to register as a sex offender on parole for specified sex offenses to enter any park where children regularly gather without written express permission from either the person's parole agent, if the person is on parole, or the chief administrative officer of the park, if the person is not on parole.

Under existing law a prisoner is generally released on parole for a period not exceeding 3 years, except that inmates sentenced for certain enumerated violent felonies are released on parole for a period not exceeding 5 years.

This bill would change this period of parole for these violent felons from a maximum of 5 years to a maximum of 10 years or for the felon's life in specified circumstances. This bill would impose lifetime parole on habitual sex offenders whose victims were under 14 years of age and on inmates sentenced for lewd or lascivious acts committed upon the body of a minor, continuous sexual abuse of a child, specified sexual conduct with a child 10 years of age or younger, other specified sexual offenses against a victim under 14 years of age, and aggravated sexual assault of a child.

Under existing law, the period of parole for an inmate who has received a life sentence for certain specified sex offenses is for a period not exceeding 10 years.

This bill would include in this category of parolees, inmates who have received a life sentence for kidnaping with intent to commit certain specified crimes.

This bill would require lifetime parole for habitual sex offenders and persons convicted of specified sex crimes, including, among others, aggravated sexual assault of a child. The bill would impose a 10-year parole period on inmates sentenced for lewd or lascivious acts committed upon the body of a minor and other specified sexual offenses against a victim under 14 years of age. The bill would impose a 20-year parole period on inmates convicted and required to register as sex offenders for rape, sodomy, lewd or lascivious acts, continuous sexual abuse of a child, and other specified sex crimes, in which one or more of the victims of the offense was a child under 14 years of age, as specified.

Existing law provides that every person who, having been convicted of petty theft, grand theft, auto theft, burglary, carjacking, robbery, or receiving stolen property, is subsequently convicted of petty theft, is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison.

This bill would require that most persons be convicted 3 or more times of a qualifying offense to be subject to imprisonment in the state prison for petty theft. Persons required to register as sex offenders, or with a prior serious or violent felony conviction, or who have been previously sentenced under the 3 strikes law would remain subject to imprisonment in the state prison with one prior qualifying offense.

Existing law provides that the sex offender risk assessment tool for use with selected populations shall be known as the State-Authorized Risk Assessment Tool for Sex Offenders (SARATSO). Existing law provides that the SARATSO for adult males required to register as sex offenders shall be the STATIC-99 risk assessment scale. Existing law requires the SARATSO Review Committee to determine whether the STATIC-99 should be supplemented with an actuarial instrument that measures dynamic risk factors or whether it should be replaced with a different risk assessment tool.

This bill would provide that the STATIC-99 shall be the SARATSO static tool for adult males. The bill would require the SARATSO Review Committee, on or before January 1, 2012, to select an actuarial

instrument that measures dynamic risk factors and an actuarial instrument that measures risk of future sexual violence to be administered as specified. The bill would provide that persons who administer the dynamic SARATSO and the future violence SARATSO shall be trained, as specified. The bill would make other conforming changes.

Existing law provides that with respect to a person who has been convicted of specified sex crimes, the Department of Justice shall make available to the public via the department's Internet Web site certain identifying and criminal history information.

This bill would require the department to also make available the person's static SARATSO score and information on an elevated risk level based on the SARATSO future violence tool.

Existing law requires that persons convicted of certain sex crimes be evaluated by the county probation department and requires that if a defendant is granted probation, the court shall order the defendant to be placed in an appropriate treatment program designed to deal with child molestation or sexual offenders, if an appropriate program is available in the county.

This bill would remove the requirement that the defendant be placed in an appropriate treatment program but would instead impose specified conditions, including participation in an approved sex offender management program, on persons released on formal supervised probation for an offense requiring registration as a sex offender, as specified. By imposing additional requirements on county probation departments, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would similarly require participation in an approved sex offender management program, as a condition of parole, for persons released on parole for an offense that requires registration as a sex offender, as specified.

Existing law requires that, as a condition of parole, prisoners who meet specified criteria be treated by the State Department of Mental Health. Existing law requires that prior to release on parole, these prisoners be evaluated, as specified. Existing law provides that only if both independent professionals who evaluate the prisoner, as required, concur with the chief psychiatrist's certification shall treatment by the department be required.

This bill would instead make these provisions applicable to the prisoner if at least one of the independent professionals concurs with the chief psychiatrist's certification.

Under the Personal Income Tax Law, individual taxpayers are allowed to contribute amounts in excess of their tax liability for the support of specified funds or accounts, including, among others, the California Sexual Violence Victim Services Fund. Existing law provides for the appearance of this fund on the tax return until January 1, 2011, unless a later enacted statute deletes or extends that date.

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This bill would delete the January 1, 2011, repeal date.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the Chelsea King
 Child Predator Prevention Act of 2010.

3 SEC. 2. Section 220 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

4 220. (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (b), any person

5 who assaults another with intent to commit mayhem, rape, sodomy,

6 oral copulation, or any violation of Section 264.1, 288, or 289 shall

7 be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two, four, or8 six years.

9 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (b), any person who 10 assaults another person under 18 years of age with the intent to 11 commit rape, sodomy, oral copulation, or any violation of Section 12 264.1, 288, or 289 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 13 prison for five, seven, or nine years.

1 (b) Any person who, in the commission of a burglary of the first 2 degree, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 460, assaults 3 another with intent to commit rape, sodomy, oral copulation, or 4 any violation of Section 264.1, 288, or 289 shall be punished by 5 imprisonment in the state prison for life with the possibility of 6 parole.

7 SEC. 3. Section 264 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

8 264. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), rape, as defined 9 in Section 261 or 262, is punishable by imprisonment in the state 10 prison for three, six, or eight years.

(b) In addition to any punishment imposed under this section 11 12 the judge may assess a fine not to exceed seventy dollars (\$70) 13 against any person who violates Section 261 or 262 with the 14 proceeds of this fine to be used in accordance with Section 1463.23. 15 The court shall, however, take into consideration the defendant's ability to pay, and no defendant shall be denied probation because 16 17 of his or her inability to pay the fine permitted under this 18 subdivision.

19 (c) (1) Any person who commits rape in violation of paragraph

20 (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 261 upon a child who is under 1421 years of age shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison

22 for <del>6, 12, or 16</del> 9, 11, or 13 years.

23 (2) Any person who commits rape in violation of paragraph (2)

of subdivision (a) of Section 261 upon a minor who is 14 years of
age or older shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison
for-67, 9, or 11 years.

(3) This subdivision does not preclude prosecution under Section269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

29 SEC. 4. Section 264.1 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

30 264.1. (a) The provisions of Section 264 notwithstanding, in 31 any case in which the defendant, voluntarily acting in concert with 32 another person, by force or violence and against the will of the victim, committed an act described in Section 261, 262, or 289, 33 34 either personally or by aiding and abetting the other person, that 35 fact shall be charged in the indictment or information and if found 36 to be true by the jury, upon a jury trial, or if found to be true by 37 the court, upon a court trial, or if admitted by the defendant, the 38 defendant shall suffer confinement in the state prison for five,

20 seven or pine years

39 seven, or nine years.

1 (b) (1) If the victim of an offense described in subdivision (a) 2 is a child who is under 14 years of age, the defendant shall be 3 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for <del>7, 13, or 17</del> *10*, 4 *12, or 14* years.

5 (2) If the victim of an offense described in subdivision (a) is a 6 minor who is 14 years of age or older, the defendant shall be

7 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 7, 10, or 12 9, or
8 11 years.

9 (3) This subdivision does not preclude prosecution under Section269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

11 SEC. 5. Section 286 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

12 286. (a) Sodomy is sexual conduct consisting of contact
13 between the penis of one person and the anus of another person.
14 Any sexual penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete
15 the crime of sodomy.

16 (b) (1) Except as provided in Section 288, any person who 17 participates in an act of sodomy with another person who is under 18 years of age shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 19 prison, or in a county jail for not more than one year.

20 (2) Except as provided in Section 288, any person over the age
21 of 21 years who participates in an act of sodomy with another
22 person who is under 16 years of age shall be guilty of a felony.

(c) (1) Any person who participates in an act of sodomy with
another person who is under 14 years of age and more than 10
years younger than he or she shall be punished by imprisonment
in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

(2) (A) Any person who commits an act of sodomy when the
act is accomplished against the victim's will by means of force,
violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily
injury on the victim or another person shall be punished by
imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

(B) Any person who commits an act of sodomy with another
person who is under 14 years of age when the act is accomplished
against the victim's will by means of force, violence, duress,
menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the
victim or another person shall be punished by imprisonment in the

37 state prison for <del>6, 12, or 16</del> 9, 11, or 13 years.

38 (C) Any person who commits an act of sodomy with another 39 person who is a minor 14 years of age or older when the act is

40 accomplished against the victim's will by means of force, violence,

1 duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury

2 on the victim or another person shall be punished by imprisonment 3 in the state prison for -67, 9, or 11 years.

4 (D) This paragraph does not preclude prosecution under Section 5

269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

6 (3) Any person who commits an act of sodomy where the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to retaliate 7 8 in the future against the victim or any other person, and there is a 9 reasonable possibility that the perpetrator will execute the threat, 10 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for three, 11 six, or eight years.

12 (d) (1) Any person who, while voluntarily acting in concert 13 with another person, either personally or aiding and abetting that other person, commits an act of sodomy when the act is 14 15 accomplished against the victim's will by means of force or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another 16 17 person or where the act is accomplished against the victim's will 18 by threatening to retaliate in the future against the victim or any 19 other person, and there is a reasonable possibility that the 20 perpetrator will execute the threat, shall be punished by 21 imprisonment in the state prison for five, seven, or nine years.

22 (2) Any person who, while voluntarily acting in concert with 23 another person, either personally or aiding and abetting that other 24 person, commits an act of sodomy upon a victim who is under 14 25 years of age, when the act is accomplished against the victim's 26 will by means of force or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily 27 injury on the victim or another person, shall be punished by 28 imprisonment in the state prison for 7, 13, or 17 10, 12, or 14 years. 29 (3) Any person who, while voluntarily acting in concert with 30 another person, either personally or aiding and abetting that other 31 person, commits an act of sodomy upon a victim who is a minor 32 14 years of age or older, when the act is accomplished against the victim's will by means of force or fear of immediate and unlawful 33 34 bodily injury on the victim or another person, shall be punished 35 by imprisonment in the state prison for 7, 10, or 12 9, or 11 years. 36 (4) This subdivision does not preclude prosecution under Section 37 269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

38 (e) Any person who participates in an act of sodomy with any 39 person of any age while confined in any state prison, as defined 40 in Section 4504, or in any local detention facility, as defined in

1 Section 6031.4, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 2 prison, or in a county jail for not more than one year.

(f) Any person who commits an act of sodomy, and the victim
is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act and this is known
to the person committing the act, shall be punished by
imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, or eight years. As
used in this subdivision, "unconscious of the nature of the act"
means incapable of resisting because the victim meets one of the
following conditions:

10 (1) Was unconscious or asleep.

11 (2) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant that the 12 act occurred.

(3) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of theessential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraud infact.

(4) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the
essential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraudulent
representation that the sexual penetration served a professional
purpose when it served no professional purpose.

20 (g) Except as provided in subdivision (h), a person who commits 21 an act of sodomy, and the victim is at the time incapable, because 22 of a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability, of 23 giving legal consent, and this is known or reasonably should be 24 known to the person committing the act, shall be punished by 25 imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, or eight years. Notwithstanding the existence of a conservatorship pursuant to 26 27 the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 (commencing with Section 28 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the 29 prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an element of the crime, that 30 a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability rendered 31 the alleged victim incapable of giving consent.

32 (h) Any person who commits an act of sodomy, and the victim 33 is at the time incapable, because of a mental disorder or 34 developmental or physical disability, of giving legal consent, and 35 this is known or reasonably should be known to the person 36 committing the act, and both the defendant and the victim are at 37 the time confined in a state hospital for the care and treatment of 38 the mentally disordered or in any other public or private facility for the care and treatment of the mentally disordered approved by 39 40 a county mental health director, shall be punished by imprisonment

1 in the state prison, or in a county jail for not more than one year.

2 Notwithstanding the existence of a conservatorship pursuant to

3 the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 (commencing with Section

4 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the

5 prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an element of the crime, that

6 a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability rendered

7 the alleged victim incapable of giving legal consent.

8 (i) Any person who commits an act of sodomy, where the victim 9 is prevented from resisting by an intoxicating or anesthetic 10 substance, or any controlled substance, and this condition was 11 known, or reasonably should have been known by the accused, 12 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for three.

shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for three,six, or eight years.

(j) Any person who commits an act of sodomy, where the victim submits under the belief that the person committing the act is the victim's spouse, and this belief is induced by any artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused, with intent to induce the belief, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for

19 three, six, or eight years.

(k) Any person who commits an act of sodomy, where the act
is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to use the
authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport the
victim or another, and the victim has a reasonable belief that the
perpetrator is a public official, shall be punished by imprisonment
in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

As used in this subdivision, "public official" means a person employed by a governmental agency who has the authority, as part of that position, to incarcerate, arrest, or deport another. The perpetrator does not actually have to be a public official.

30 (*l*) As used in subdivisions (c) and (d), "threatening to retaliate"
31 means a threat to kidnap or falsely imprison, or inflict extreme
32 pain, serious bodily injury, or death.

33 (m) In addition to any punishment imposed under this section,

34 the judge may assess a fine not to exceed seventy dollars (\$70)

35 against any person who violates this section, with the proceeds of 36 this fine to be used in accordance with Section 1463.23. The court,

however, shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to

38 pay, and no defendant shall be denied probation because of his or

39 her inability to pay the fine permitted under this subdivision.

40 SEC. 6. Section 288 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

1 288. (a) Any Except as provided in subdivision (i), any person 2 who willfully and lewdly commits any lewd or lascivious act, 3 including any of the acts constituting other crimes provided for in 4 Part 1, upon or with the body, or any part or member thereof, of 5 a child who is under the age of 14 years, with the intent of arousing, 6 appealing to, or gratifying the lust, passions, or sexual desires of 7 that person or the child, is guilty of a felony and shall be punished 8 by imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

9 (b) (1) Any person who commits an act described in subdivision 10 (a) by use of force, violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate 11 and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another person, is 12 guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the 13 state prison for 6, 12, or 16 5, 8, or 10 years.

(2) Any person who is a caretaker and commits an act described
in subdivision (a) upon a dependent person by use of force,
violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily
in jury on the victim or another person, with the intent described
in subdivision (a), is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by
imprisonment in the state prison for 6, 9, or 11 3, 6, or 8 years.

20 (c) (1) Any person who commits an act described in subdivision 21 (a) with the intent described in that subdivision, and the victim is 22 a child of 14 or 15 years, and that person is at least 10 years older 23 than the child, is guilty of a public offense and shall be punished 24 by imprisonment in the state prison for one, two, or three years, 25 or by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year. In 26 determining whether the person is at least 10 years older than the 27 child, the difference in age shall be measured from the birth date 28 of the person to the birth date of the child.

(2) Any person who is a caretaker and commits an act described
in subdivision (a) upon a dependent person, with the intent
described in subdivision (a), is guilty of a public offense and shall
be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for one, two, or
three years, or by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than

34 one year.

(d) In any arrest or prosecution under this section or Section
288.5, the peace officer, district attorney, and the court shall
consider the needs of the child victim or dependent person and
shall do whatever is necessary, within existing budgetary resources,
and constitutionally permissible to prevent psychological harm to

1 the child victim or to prevent psychological harm to the dependent

2 person victim resulting from participation in the court process.

3 (e) Upon the conviction of any person for a violation of 4 subdivision (a) or (b), the court may, in addition to any other 5 penalty or fine imposed, order the defendant to pay an additional fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). In setting the 6 7 amount of the fine, the court shall consider any relevant factors, 8 including, but not limited to, the seriousness and gravity of the 9 offense, the circumstances of its commission, whether the defendant derived any economic gain as a result of the crime, and 10 the extent to which the victim suffered economic losses as a result 11 12 of the crime. Every fine imposed and collected under this section 13 shall be deposited in the Victim-Witness Assistance Fund to be 14 available for appropriation to fund child sexual exploitation and

15 child sexual abuse victim counseling centers and prevention

16 programs pursuant to Section 13837.

17 If the court orders a fine imposed pursuant to this subdivision,

18 the actual administrative cost of collecting that fine, not to exceed

19 2 percent of the total amount paid, may be paid into the general

20 fund of the county treasury for the use and benefit of the county. (f) For surgeous of non-surgeous (2) of subdivision (b) and

(f) For purposes of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) andparagraph (2) of subdivision (c), the following definitions apply:

23 (1) "Caretaker" means an owner, operator, administrator,

employee, independent contractor, agent, or volunteer of any ofthe following public or private facilities when the facilities provide

26 care for elder or dependent persons:

27 (A) Twenty-four hour health facilities, as defined in Sections

- 28 1250, 1250.2, and 1250.3 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 29 (B) Clinics.
- 30 (C) Home health agencies.
- 31 (D) Adult day health care centers.

32 (E) Secondary schools that serve dependent persons and 33 postsecondary educational institutions that serve dependent persons 34 or elders.

- (F) Sheltered workshops.
- 36 (G) Camps.

37 (H) Community care facilities, as defined by Section 1402 of

- the Health and Safety Code, and residential care facilities for theelderly, as defined in Section 1569.2 of the Health and Safety
- 40 Code.

35

- 1 (I) Respite care facilities.
- 2 (J) Foster homes.
- 3 (K) Regional centers for persons with developmental disabilities.
- 4 (L) A home health agency licensed in accordance with Chapter
- 5 8 (commencing with Section 1725) of Division 2 of the Health 6 and Safety Code.
- 7 (M) An agency that supplies in-home supportive services.
- 8 (N) Board and care facilities.
- 9 (O) Any other protective or public assistance agency that
- 10 provides health services or social services to elder or dependent 11 persons, including, but not limited to, in-home supportive services,
- 11 persons, including, but not limited to, in-home supportive services, 12 as defined in Section 14005.14 of the Welfare and Institutions
- 13 Code.
- 14 (P) Private residences.
- 15 (2) "Board and care facilities" means licensed or unlicensed
- 16 facilities that provide assistance with one or more of the following
- 17 activities:
- 18 (A) Bathing.
- 19 (B) Dressing.
- 20 (C) Grooming.
- 21 (D) Medication storage.
- 22 (E) Medical dispensation.
- 23 (F) Money management.
- 24 (3) "Dependent person" means any person who has a physical
- 25 or mental impairment that substantially restricts his or her ability 26 to carry out normal activities or to protect his or her rights,
- including, but not limited to, persons who have physical or
- 28 developmental disabilities or whose physical or mental abilities
- 29 have significantly diminished because of age. "Dependent person"
- 30 includes any person who is admitted as an inpatient to a 24-hour
- 31 health facility, as defined in Sections 1250, 1250.2, and 1250.3 of
- 32 the Health and Safety Code.
- 33 (g) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) and paragraph (2) of
- 34 subdivision (c) apply to the owners, operators, administrators,
- 35 employees, independent contractors, agents, or volunteers working
- 36 at these public or private facilities and only to the extent that the
- 37 individuals personally commit, conspire, aid, abet, or facilitate any (2)
- act prohibited by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) and paragraph
- 39 (2) of subdivision (c).

1 (h) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) and paragraph (2) of 2 subdivision (c) do not apply to a caretaker who is a spouse of, or 3 who is in an equivalent domestic relationship with, the dependent 4 person under care.

(i) (1) Any person convicted of a violation of subdivision (a)
shall be imprisoned in the state prison for life with the possibility
of parole if the defendant personally inflicted bodily harm upon
the victim.

9 (2) The penalty provided in this subdivision shall only apply if 10 the fact that the defendant personally inflicted bodily harm upon 11 the victim is pled and proved.

(3) As used in this subdivision, "bodily harm" means any
substantial physical injury resulting from the use of force that is
more than the force necessary to commit the offense.

15 SEC. 7. Section 288a of the Penal Code is amended to read:

288a. (a) Oral copulation is the act of copulating the mouthof one person with the sexual organ or anus of another person.

18 (b) (1) Except as provided in Section 288, any person who 19 participates in an act of oral copulation with another person who 20 is under 18 years of age shall be punished by imprisonment in the 21 state prison, or in a county jail for a period of not more than one 22 year.

(2) Except as provided in Section 288, any person over the age
of 21 years who participates in an act of oral copulation with
another person who is under 16 years of age is guilty of a felony.

(c) (1) Any person who participates in an act of oral copulation
with another person who is under 14 years of age and more than
10 years younger than he or she shall be punished by imprisonment
in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

30 (2) (A) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation when

31 the act is accomplished against the victim's will by means of force,

violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily
injury on the victim or another person shall be punished by
imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

(B) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation upon a person who is under 14 years of age, when the act is accomplished against the victim's will by means of force, violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another person, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 6, 12, or 16, 8, 10, or 12 years.

1 (C) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation upon a 2 minor who is 14 years of age or older, when the act is accomplished 3 against the victim's will by means of force, violence, duress, 4 menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the 5 victim or another person, shall be punished by imprisonment in 6 the state prison for 6, <del>9, or 11</del> 8, or 10 years.

7 (D) This paragraph does not preclude prosecution under Section
8 269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

9 (3) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation where 10 the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to 11 retaliate in the future against the victim or any other person, and 12 there is a reasonable possibility that the perpetrator will execute 13 the threat, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison 14 for three, six, or eight years.

15 (d) (1) Any person who, while voluntarily acting in concert with another person, either personally or by aiding and abetting 16 17 that other person, commits an act of oral copulation (1) when the 18 act is accomplished against the victim's will by means of force or 19 fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or 20 another person, or (2) where the act is accomplished against the 21 victim's will by threatening to retaliate in the future against the 22 victim or any other person, and there is a reasonable possibility 23 that the perpetrator will execute the threat, or (3) where the victim 24 is at the time incapable, because of a mental disorder or 25 developmental or physical disability, of giving legal consent, and 26 this is known or reasonably should be known to the person 27 committing the act, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 28 prison for five, seven, or nine years. Notwithstanding the 29 appointment of a conservator with respect to the victim pursuant 30 to the provisions of the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 31 (commencing with Section 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and 32 Institutions Code), the prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an 33 element of the crime described under paragraph (3), that a mental 34 disorder or developmental or physical disability rendered the 35 alleged victim incapable of giving legal consent.

36 (2) Any person who, while voluntarily acting in concert with 37 another person, either personally or aiding and abetting that other 38 person, commits an act of oral copulation upon a victim who is 39 under 14 years of age, when the act is accomplished against the 40 victim's will by means of force or fear of immediate and unlawful

1 bodily injury on the victim or another person, shall be punished

2 by imprisonment in the state prison for 7, 13, or 17 10, 12, or 14
3 years.

4 (3) Any person who, while voluntarily acting in concert with 5 another person, either personally or aiding and abetting that other 6 person, commits an act of oral copulation upon a victim who is a 7 minor 14 years of age or older, when the act is accomplished 8 against the victim's will by means of force or fear of immediate 9 and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another person, shall 10 be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 78, 10, or 12years. 11

12 (4) This paragraph does not preclude prosecution under Section13 269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

14 (e) Any person who participates in an act of oral copulation

while confined in any state prison, as defined in Section 4504 or in any local detention facility as defined in Section 6031.4, shall

be punished by imprisonment in the state prison, or in a county
 iail for a period of not more than one year

18 jail for a period of not more than one year.

19 (f) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation, and the

victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act and thisis known to the person committing the act, shall be punished by

imprisonment in the state prison for a period of three, six, or eight

years. As used in this subdivision, "unconscious of the nature of

the act" means incapable of resisting because the victim meets one

25 of the following conditions:

26

(1) Was unconscious or asleep.

(2) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant that theact occurred.

(3) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of theessential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraud infact.

(4) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the
essential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraudulent
representation that the oral copulation served a professional purpose
when it served no professional purpose.

36 (g) Except as provided in subdivision (h), any person who 37 commits an act of oral copulation, and the victim is at the time 38 incapable, because of a mental disorder or developmental or 39 physical disability, of giving legal consent, and this is known or 40 reasonably should be known to the person committing the act,

1 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison, for three, 2 six, or eight years. Notwithstanding the existence of a 3 conservatorship pursuant the provisions to of the 4 Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 (commencing with Section 5 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the 6 prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an element of the crime, that 7 a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability rendered 8 the alleged victim incapable of giving consent.

9 (h) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation, and the 10 victim is at the time incapable, because of a mental disorder or 11 developmental or physical disability, of giving legal consent, and 12 this is known or reasonably should be known to the person 13 committing the act, and both the defendant and the victim are at 14 the time confined in a state hospital for the care and treatment of 15 the mentally disordered or in any other public or private facility 16 for the care and treatment of the mentally disordered approved by 17 a county mental health director, shall be punished by imprisonment 18 in the state prison, or in a county jail for a period of not more than 19 one year. Notwithstanding the existence of a conservatorship 20 pursuant to the provisions of the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 21 1 (commencing with Section 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare 22 and Institutions Code), the prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an 23 element of the crime, that a mental disorder or developmental or 24 physical disability rendered the alleged victim incapable of giving 25 legal consent. 26 (i) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation, where

the victim is prevented from resisting by any intoxicating or anesthetic substance, or any controlled substance, and this condition was known, or reasonably should have been known by the accused, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period of three, six, or eight years.

(j) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation, where
the victim submits under the belief that the person committing the
act is the victim's spouse, and this belief is induced by any artifice,
pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused, with intent to
induce the belief, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state
prison for a period of three, six, or eight years.

(k) Any person who commits an act of oral copulation, where
the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to
use the authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport

1 the victim or another, and the victim has a reasonable belief that

2 the perpetrator is a public official, shall be punished by3 imprisonment in the state prison for a period of three, six, or eight4 years.

As used in this subdivision, "public official" means a person employed by a governmental agency who has the authority, as part of that position, to incarcerate, arrest, or deport another. The perpetrator does not actually have to be a public official.

9 (*l*) As used in subdivisions (c) and (d), "threatening to retaliate" 10 means a threat to kidnap or falsely imprison, or to inflict extreme 11 pain, serious bodily injury, or death.

(m) In addition to any punishment imposed under this section, the judge may assess a fine not to exceed seventy dollars (\$70) against any person who violates this section, with the proceeds of this fine to be used in accordance with Section 1463.23. The court shall, however, take into consideration the defendant's ability to pay, and no defendant shall be denied probation because of his or her inability to pay the fine permitted under this subdivision.

19 SEC. 8. Section 289 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

20 289. (a) (1) (A) Any person who commits an act of sexual 21 penetration when the act is accomplished against the victim's will

by means of force, violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediateand unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another person shall

be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, oreight years.

(B) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration upon
a child who is under 14 years of age, when the act is accomplished
against the victim's will by means of force, violence, duress,
menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the
victim or another person, shall be punished by imprisonment in
the state prison for 6, 12, or 16 8, 10, or 12 years.

32 (C) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration upon 33 a minor who is 14 years of age or older, when the act is 34 accomplished against the victim's will by means of force, violence, 35 duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury 36 on the victim or another person, shall be punished by imprisonment

37 in the state prison for 6, <del>9, or 11</del> 8, *or 10* years.

38 (D) This paragraph does not preclude prosecution under Section39 269, Section 288.7, or any other provision of law.

1 (2) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration when 2 the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to 3 retaliate in the future against the victim or any other person, and 4 there is a reasonable possibility that the perpetrator will execute 5 the threat, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison 6 for three, six, or eight years.

7 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (c), any person who commits an act of sexual penetration, and the victim is at the time 8 9 incapable, because of a mental disorder or developmental or 10 physical disability, of giving legal consent, and this is known or 11 reasonably should be known to the person committing the act or 12 causing the act to be committed, shall be punished by imprisonment 13 in the state prison for three, six, or eight years. Notwithstanding 14 the appointment of a conservator with respect to the victim pursuant 15 to the provisions of the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 16 (commencing with Section 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and 17 Institutions Code), the prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an 18 element of the crime, that a mental disorder or developmental or 19 physical disability rendered the alleged victim incapable of giving 20 legal consent. 21 (c) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration, and 22 the victim is at the time incapable, because of a mental disorder 23 or developmental or physical disability, of giving legal consent, 24 and this is known or reasonably should be known to the person 25 committing the act or causing the act to be committed and both 26 the defendant and the victim are at the time confined in a state 27 hospital for the care and treatment of the mentally disordered or 28 in any other public or private facility for the care and treatment of 29 the mentally disordered approved by a county mental health

30 director, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison, or 31 in a county jail for a period of not more than one year. 32 Notwithstanding the existence of a conservatorship pursuant to 33 the provisions of the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 34 (commencing with Section 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and 35 Institutions Code), the prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an 36 element of the crime, that a mental disorder or developmental or 37 physical disability rendered the alleged victim incapable of giving 38 legal consent.

39 (d) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration, and40 the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act and

1 this is known to the person committing the act or causing the act

2 to be committed, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state

3 prison for three, six, or eight years. As used in this subdivision,

4 "unconscious of the nature of the act" means incapable of resisting

5 because the victim meets one of the following conditions:

6 (1) Was unconscious or asleep.

7 (2) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant that the 8 act occurred.

9 (3) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the 10 essential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraud in 11 fact.

(4) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the
essential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraudulent
representation that the sexual penetration served a professional
purpose when it served no professional purpose.

(e) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration when
the victim is prevented from resisting by any intoxicating or
anesthetic substance, or any controlled substance, and this condition
was known, or reasonably should have been known by the accused,
shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period
of three, six, or eight years.

(f) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration when the victim submits under the belief that the person committing the act or causing the act to be committed is the victim's spouse, and this belief is induced by any artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused, with intent to induce the belief, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period of three, six, or eight years.

(g) Any person who commits an act of sexual penetration when the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to use the authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport the victim or another, and the victim has a reasonable belief that the perpetrator is a public official, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period of three, six, or eight years.

As used in this subdivision, "public official" means a person employed by a governmental agency who has the authority, as part of that position, to incarcerate, arrest, or deport another. The perpetrator does not actually have to be a public official

39 perpetrator does not actually have to be a public official.

1 (h) Except as provided in Section 288, any person who 2 participates in an act of sexual penetration with another person 3 who is under 18 years of age shall be punished by imprisonment 4 in the state prison or in the county jail for a period of not more 5 than one year.

6 (i) Except as provided in Section 288, any person over the age 7 of 21 years who participates in an act of sexual penetration with 8 another person who is under 16 years of age shall be guilty of a 9 felony.

10 (j) Any person who participates in an act of sexual penetration 11 with another person who is under 14 years of age and who is more 12 than 10 years younger than he or she shall be punished by 13 imprisonment in the state prison for three, six, or eight years.

14 (k) As used in this section:

(1) "Sexual penetration" is the act of causing the penetration,
however slight, of the genital or anal opening of any person or
causing another person to so penetrate the defendant's or another
person's genital or anal opening for the purpose of sexual arousal,
gratification, or abuse by any foreign object, substance, instrument,
or device, or by any unknown object.

(2) "Foreign object, substance, instrument, or device" shallinclude any part of the body, except a sexual organ.

(3) "Unknown object" shall include any foreign object,
substance, instrument, or device, or any part of the body, including
a penis, when it is not known whether penetration was by a penis
or by a foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, or by any
other part of the body.

(*l*) As used in subdivision (a), "threatening to retaliate" means
a threat to kidnap or falsely imprison, or inflict extreme pain,
serious bodily injury or death.

(m) As used in this section, "victim" includes any person who the defendant causes to penetrate the genital or anal opening of the defendant or another person or whose genital or anal opening is caused to be penetrated by the defendant or another person and who otherwise qualifies as a victim under the requirements of this section.

SEC. 9. Section 290.04 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
290.04. (a) (1) The sex offender risk assessment tools
authorized by this section for use with selected populations shall
be known, with respect to each population, as the State-Authorized

1 Risk Assessment Tool for Sex Offenders (SARATSO). If a

2 SARATSO has not been selected for a given population pursuant3 to this section, no duty to administer the SARATSO elsewhere in

to this section, no duty to administer the SARATSO elsewhere inthis code shall apply with respect to that population. Every person

4 uns code shan appry with respect to that population. Every person

5 required to register as a sex offender shall be subject to assessment6 with the SARATSO as set forth in this section and elsewhere in

7 this code.

8 (2) A representative of the Department of Corrections and 9 Rehabilitation, in consultation with a representative of the State Department of Mental Health and a representative of the Attorney 10 General's office, shall comprise the SARATSO Review 11 Committee. The purpose of the committee, which shall be staffed 12 13 by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, shall be to 14 ensure that the SARATSO reflects the most reliable, objective and well-established protocols for predicting sex offender risk of 15 recidivism, has been scientifically validated and cross validated, 16 17 and is, or is reasonably likely to be, widely accepted by the courts. 18 The committee shall consult with experts in the fields of risk 19 assessment and the use of actuarial instruments in predicting sex 20 offender risk, sex offending, sex offender treatment, mental health, 21 and law, as it deems appropriate.

(b) (1) Commencing January 1, 2007, the SARATSO for adult
males required to register as sex offenders shall be the STATIC-99
risk assessment scale, *which shall be the SARATSO static tool for adult males*.

(2) On or before January 1, 2008, the SARATSO Review 26 27 Committee shall determine whether the STATIC-99 should be 28 supplemented with an actuarial instrument that measures dynamic 29 risk factors or whether the STATIC-99 should be replaced as the 30 SARATSO with a different risk assessment tool. On or before 31 January 1, 2012, the SARATSO Review Committee shall select an 32 actuarial instrument that measures dynamic risk factors, and an 33 actuarial instrument that measures risk of future sexual violence. 34 The selected instruments shall be the SARATSO dynamic tool for 35 adult males and the SARATSO future violence tool for adult males. If the committee unanimously agrees on changes to be made to 36 37 the *a designated* SARATSO, it shall advise the Governor and the 38 Legislature of the changes, and the State Department of Mental 39 Health Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall post 40 the decision on its Internet Web site. Sixty days after the decision

is posted, the selected tool shall become the SARATSO for adult
 males.

3 (c) On or before July 1, 2007, the SARATSO Review Committee 4 shall research risk assessment tools for adult females required to 5 register as sex offenders. If the committee unanimously agrees on 6 an appropriate risk assessment tool to be used to assess this 7 population, it shall advise the Governor and the Legislature of the 8 selected tool, and the State Department of Mental Health shall post 9 the decision on its Internet Web site. Sixty days after the decision 10 is posted, the selected tool shall become the SARATSO for adult females. 11

12 (d) On or before July 1, 2007, the SARATSO Review 13 Committee shall research risk assessment tools for male juveniles required to register as sex offenders. If the committee unanimously 14 15 agrees on an appropriate risk assessment tool to be used to assess 16 this population, it shall advise the Governor and the Legislature 17 of the selected tool, and the State Department of Mental Health 18 shall post the decision on its Internet Web site. Sixty days after 19 the decision is posted, the selected tool shall become the 20 SARATSO for male juveniles. 21 (e) On or before July 1, 2007, the SARATSO Review Committee 22 shall research risk assessment tools for female juveniles required

to register as sex offenders. If the committee unanimously agrees on an appropriate risk assessment tool to be used to assess this population, it shall advise the Governor and the Legislature of the selected tool, and the State Department of Mental Health shall post the decision on its Internet Web site. Sixty days after the decision is posted, the selected tool shall become the SARATSO for female juveniles.

(f) The committee shall periodically evaluate the SARATSO *static, dynamic, and risk of future violence tools* for each specified
population. If the committee unanimously agrees on a change to
the SARATSO for any population, it shall advise the Governor
and the Legislature of the selected tool, and the Department of
Corrections and Rehabilitation shall post the decision on its Internet
Web site. Sixty days after the decision is posted, the selected tool

37 shall become the SARATSO for that population.

38 (g) The committee shall perform other functions consistent with

39 the provisions of this act or as may be otherwise required by law,

40 including, but not limited to, defining tiers of risk based on the

1	SARATSO. The committee shall be immune from liability for
2	good faith conduct under this act.

3 SEC. 10. Section 290.05 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

4 290.05. (a) The SARATSO Training Committee shall be 5 comprised of a representative of the State Department of Mental 6 Health, a representative of the Department of Corrections and 7 Rehabilitation, a representative of the Attorney General's Office,

8 and a representative of the Chief Probation Officers of California.

9 (b) On or before January 1, 2008, the SARATSO Training

10 Committee, in consultation with the Corrections Standards

11 Authority and the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and 12 Training, shall develop a training program for persons authorized

12 Training, shall develop a training program for persons authorized 13 by this code to administer the *static* SARATSO, as set forth in

14 Section 290.04.

15 (c) (1) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall

be responsible for overseeing the training of persons who willadminister the *static* SARATSO pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2)

18 of subdivision (a) of Section 290.06.

19 (2) The State Department of Mental Health shall be responsible 20 for overseeing the training of persons who will administer the 21 *static* SARATSO pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of 22 Section 290.06.

(3) The Correction Standards Authority shall be responsible for
developing standards for the training of persons who will
administer the *static* SARATSO pursuant to paragraph (5) or (6)
of subdivision (a) of Section 290.06.

(4) The Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training
shall be responsible for developing standards for the training of
persons who will administer the *static* SARATSO pursuant to
subdivision (b) of Section 290.06.

31 (d) The training shall be conducted by experts in the field of 32 risk assessment and the use of actuarial instruments in predicting sex offender risk. Subject to requirements established by the 33 34 committee, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the 35 State Department of Mental Health, probation departments, and 36 authorized local law enforcement agencies shall designate key persons within their organizations to attend training and, as 37 38 authorized by the department, to train others within their 39 organizations designated to perform risk assessments as required or authorized by law. Any person who administers the static 40

SARATSO shall receive training no less frequently than every two
 years.

3 (e) If the agency responsible for scoring the *static* SARATSO 4 believes an individual score does not represent the person's true 5 risk level, based on factors in the offender's record, the agency 6 may submit the case to the experts retained by the SARATSO 7 Review Committee to monitor the scoring of the SARATSO. Those 8 experts shall be guided by empirical research in determining 9 whether to raise or lower the risk level. Agencies that score the 10 static SARATSO shall develop a protocol for submission of risk 11 level override requests to the experts retained in accordance with 12 this subdivision.

13 (f) The static SARATSO may be performed for purposes 14 authorized by statute only by persons trained pursuant to this 15 section. Persons who administer the dynamic SARATSO and the future violence SARATSO while under contract to provide sex 16 17 offender management programs, pursuant to Section 290.09, shall 18 be trained to administer the dynamic and future violence SARATSO 19 tools as required in Section 290.09. Probation officers or parole 20 agents may be trained by SARATSO experts on the dynamic 21 SARATSO tool and perform assessments on that tool only if 22 authorized by the SARATSO Training Committee to do so after 23 successful completion of training. 24 SEC. 11. Section 290.06 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

25 290.06. Effective on or before July 1, 2008, the *static*26 SARATSO, as set forth in Section 290.04, shall be administered
27 as follows:

(a) (1) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall
assess every eligible person who is incarcerated in state prison.
Whenever possible, the assessment shall take place at least four
months, but no sooner than 10 months, prior to release from
incarceration.

(2) The department shall assess every eligible person who is on
parole if the person was not assessed prior to release from state
prison. Whenever possible, the assessment shall take place at least
four months, but no sooner than 10 months, prior to termination

37 of parole. The department shall record in a database the risk 38 assessment scores of persons assessed pursuant to this paragraph 20 and persons (1) and any risk assessment agers that was

39 and paragraph (1), and any risk assessment score that was

1	submitted to the department by a probation officer pursuant to
2	Section 1203.
3	(3) The State Department of Mental Health shall assess every
4	eligible person who is committed to that department. Whenever
5	possible, the assessment shall take place at least four months, but
6	no sooner than 10 months, prior to release from commitment. The
7	State Department of Mental Health shall record in a database the
8	risk assessment scores of persons assessed pursuant to this
9	paragraph and any risk assessment score that was submitted to the
10	department by a probation officer pursuant to Section 1203.
11	(4) Commencing January 1, 2010, the Department of Corrections
12	and Rehabilitation and the State Department of Mental Health
13	shall send the scores obtained in accordance with paragraphs (2)
14	and (3) respectively, to the Department of Justice Sex Offender
15	Tracking Program not later than 30 days after the date of the
16	assessment. The risk assessment score of an offender shall be made
17	part of his or her file maintained by the Department of Justice Sex
18	Offender Tracking Program as soon as possible without financial
19	impact, but no later than January 1, 2012.
20	(5) Each probation department shall assess every eligible person
21	for whom it prepares a report pursuant to Section 1203.
22	(6) Each probation department shall assess every eligible person
23	under its supervision who was not assessed pursuant to paragraph
24	(5). The assessment shall take place prior to the termination of
25	probation, but no later than January 1, 2010.
26	(b) Eligible persons not assessed pursuant to subdivision (a)
27	may be assessed as follows:
28	(1) Upon request of the law enforcement agency in the
29	jurisdiction in which the person is registered pursuant to Sections
30	290 to 290.023, inclusive, the person shall be assessed. The law
31	enforcement agency may enter into a memorandum of
32	understanding with a probation department to perform the

assessment. In the alternative, the law enforcement agency mayarrange to have personnel trained to perform the risk assessment

in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 290.05.

36 (2) Eligible persons not assessed pursuant to subdivision (a)
37 may request that a risk assessment be performed. A request form
38 shall be available at registering law enforcement agencies. The
39 person requesting the assessment shall pay a fee for the assessment
40 that shall be sufficient to cover the cost of the assessment. The risk

assessment so requested shall be performed either by the probation 1

2 department, if a memorandum of understanding is established

3 between the law enforcement agency and the probation department,

4 or by personnel who have been trained to perform risk assessment

5 in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 290.05.

6 (c) On or before January 1, 2008, the SARATSO Review

7 Committee shall research the appropriateness and feasibility of

8 providing a means by which an eligible person subject to

9 assessment may, at his or her own expense, be assessed with the

10 SARATSO by a governmental entity prior to his or her scheduled

11 assessment. If the committee unanimously agrees that such a 12 process is appropriate and feasible, it shall advise the Governor

13 and the Legislature of the selected tool, and it shall post its decision

14 on the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's Internet

15 Web site. Sixty days after the decision is posted, the established

16 process shall become effective.

17 (d)

18 (c) For purposes of this section, "eligible person" means a person 19

who was convicted of an offense that requires him or her to register

20 as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 and who is eligible for 21 assessment, pursuant to the official Coding Rules designated for

22 use with the risk assessment instrument by the author of any risk

23 assessment instrument (SARATSO) selected by the SARATSO

24 Review Committee.

<del>(e)</del>

25

26 (d) Persons authorized to perform risk assessments pursuant to 27 this section, Section 1203, and Section 706 of the Welfare and 28 Institutions Code shall be immune from liability for good faith 29 conduct under this act.

30 SEC. 12. Section 290.09 is added to the Penal Code, to read:

31 290.09. On or before July 2012, the SARATSO dynamic tool 32 and the SARATSO future violence tool, as set forth in Section 290.04, shall be administered as follows: 33

34 (a) (1) Every sex offender required to register pursuant to 35 Sections 290 to 290.023, inclusive, shall, while on parole or formal 36 supervised probation, participate in an approved sex offender 37 management program, pursuant to Sections 1203.067 and 3008. 38 (2) The sex offender management program shall meet the

39 certification requirements developed by the California Sex Offender

Management Board pursuant to Section 9003. Probation 40

1 departments and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

2 shall enter into contracts with certified sex offender management
3 professionals to provide those programs. Probation departments

4 and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall not

5 employ or contract with, and shall not allow a sex offender to

6 employ or contract with, any individual or entity to provide sex

7 offender evaluation or treatment services pursuant to this section

8 unless the sex offender evaluation or treatment services to be

9 provided by the individual or entity conforms with the standards

10 developed pursuant to Section 9003.

(b) (1) The sex offender management professionals certified 11 12 by the California Sex Offender Management Board in accordance 13 with Section 9003 who enter into the contracts for sex offender management programs with any probation department and the 14 15 Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, pursuant to Section 16 290.09, shall assess each registered sex offender on formal 17 supervised probation or parole using the SARATSO dynamic tool, 18 when a dynamic risk factor changes, and shall do a final dynamic 19 assessment within six months of the offender's release from 20 supervision. The management professional shall also assess the 21 sex offenders in the program with the SARATSO future violence 22 tool.

23 (2) The certified sex offender management professional shall, 24 as soon as possible but not later than 30 days the assessment, 25 provide the person's score on the SARATSO dynamic tool and the 26 future violence tool to the person's parole agent or probation 27 officer. Within five working days of receipt of the score, the parole 28 or probation officer shall send the score to the Department of 29 Justice, and the score shall be accessible to law enforcement 30 through the Department of Justice's Internet Web site for the 31 California Sex and Arson Registry (CSAR).

(c) The certified sex offender management professional shall
communicate with the offender's probation officer or parole agent
on a regular basis, at least once a month, about the offender's
progress in the program and dynamic risk assessment issues, and
shall share pertinent information with the certified polygraph
examiner as required.

38 (d) The SARATSO Training Committee shall provide annual

39 training on the SARATSO dynamic tool and the SARATSO future

40 violence tool, and certified sex offender management professionals

1 attend this training once to obtain authorization to perform the 2 assessments, and thereafter attend training updates as required by the SARATSO Training Committee. If a sex offender 3 4 management professional is certified pursuant to Section 9003 to 5 conduct an approved sex offender management program prior to 6 attending SARATSO training on the dynamic and violent risk 7 assessment tools, he or she present to the SARATSO Training 8 Committee proof of training on these tools from a risk assessment 9 expert approved by the SARATSO Training Committee. 10 SEC. 13. Section 290.46 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

11 290.46. (a) (1) On or before the dates specified in this section, 12 the Department of Justice shall make available information 13 concerning persons who are required to register pursuant to Section 290 to the public via an Internet Web site as specified in this 14 15 section. The department shall update the Internet Web site on an 16 ongoing basis. All information identifying the victim by name, 17 birth date, address, or relationship to the registrant shall be 18 excluded from the Internet Web site. The name or address of the 19 person's employer and the listed person's criminal history other than the specific crimes for which the person is required to register 20 21 shall not be included on the Internet Web site. The Internet Web 22 site shall be translated into languages other than English as 23 determined by the department.

(2) (A) On or before July 1, 2010, the Department of Justice
shall make available to the public, via an Internet Web site as
specified in this section, as to any person described in subdivision
(b), (c), or (d), the following information:

(i) The year of conviction of his or her most recent offenserequiring registration pursuant to Section 290.

30 (ii) The year he or she was released from incarceration for that31 offense.

(iii) Whether he or she was subsequently incarcerated for any
other felony, if that fact is reported to the department. If the
department has no information about a subsequent incarceration
for any felony, that fact shall be noted on the Internet Web site.

However, no year of conviction shall be made available to the public unless the department also is able to make available the corresponding year of release of incarceration for that offense, and

39 the required notation regarding any subsequent felony.

1 (B) (i) Any state facility that releases from incarceration a 2 person who was incarcerated because of a crime for which he or 3 she is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 4 290 shall, within 30 days of release, provide the year of release 5 for his or her most recent offense requiring registration to the 6 Department of Justice in a manner and format approved by the 7 department.

8 (ii) Any state facility that releases a person who is required to 9 register pursuant to Section 290 from incarceration whose 10 incarceration was for a felony committed subsequently to the 11 offense for which he or she is required to register shall, within 30 12 days of release, advise the Department of Justice of that fact.

13 (iii) Any state facility that, prior to January 1, 2007, released 14 from incarceration a person who was incarcerated because of a 15 crime for which he or she is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 shall provide the year of release for his or 16 17 her most recent offense requiring registration to the Department 18 of Justice in a manner and format approved by the department. 19 The information provided by the Department of Corrections and 20 Rehabilitation shall be limited to information that is currently 21 maintained in an electronic format.

22 (iv) Any state facility that, prior to January 1, 2007, released a person who is required to register pursuant to Section 290 from 23 incarceration whose incarceration was for a felony committed 24 subsequently to the offense for which he or she is required to 25 26 register shall advise the Department of Justice of that fact in a 27 manner and format approved by the department. The information 28 provided by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall be limited to information that is currently maintained in an 29 30 electronic format.

31 (3) The State Department of Mental Health shall provide to the 32 Department of Justice Sex Offender Tracking Program the names of all persons committed to its custody pursuant to Article 4 33 34 (commencing with Section 6600) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 35 6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, within 30 days of 36 commitment, and shall provide the names of all of those persons 37 released from its custody within five working days of release. 38 (b) (1) On or before July 1, 2005, with respect to a person who

has been convicted of the commission or the attempted commission
 of any of the offenses listed in, or who is described in, paragraph

-33-**AB 1844** (2), the Department of Justice shall make available to the public 1 2 via the Internet Web site his or her name and known aliases, a 3 photograph, a physical description, including gender and race, date 4 of birth, criminal history, prior adjudication as a sexually violent 5 predator, the address at which the person resides, and any other 6 information that the Department of Justice deems relevant, but not 7 the information excluded pursuant to subdivision (a). On or before 8 January 1, 2013, the department shall make available to the public 9 via the Internet Web site his or her static SARATSO score and 10 information on an elevated risk level based on the SARATSO future 11 violence tool. 12 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses and 13 offenders: 14 (A) Section 187 committed in the perpetration, or an attempt to 15 perpetrate, rape or any act punishable under Section 286, 288, 16 288a, or 289. 17 (B) Section 207 committed with intent to violate Section 261, 18 286, 288, 288a, or 289. 19 (C) Section 209 committed with intent to violate Section 261, 20 286, 288, 288a, or 289. 21 (D) Paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 261. 22 (E) Section 264.1. 23 (F) Section 269. 24 (G) Subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 286. 25 (H) Subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 288, provided that the 26 offense is a felony. 27 (I) Subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 288a. 28 (J) Section 288.3, provided that the offense is a felony. 29 (K) Section 288.4, provided that the offense is a felony. 30 (L) Section 288.5. 31 (M) Subdivision (a) or (j) of Section 289. 32 (N) Section 288.7. 33 (O) Any person who has ever been adjudicated a sexually violent 34 predator, as defined in Section 6600 of the Welfare and Institutions 35 Code. 36 (P) A felony violation of Section 311.1. 37 (Q) A felony violation of subdivision (b), (c), or (d) of Section 38 311.2.

39 (R) A felony violation of Section 311.3.

- 1 (S) A felony violation of subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section
- 2 311.4.
- 3 (T) Section 311.10.
- 4 (U) A felony violation of Section 311.11.

5 (c) (1) On or before July 1, 2005, with respect to a person who

- 6 has been convicted of the commission or the attempted commission
- 7 of any of the offenses listed in paragraph (2), the Department of
- 8 Justice shall make available to the public via the Internet Web site
- 9 his or her name and known aliases, a photograph, a physical10 description, including gender and race, date of birth, criminal
- 11 history, the community of residence and ZIP Code in which the
- person resides or the county in which the person is registered as a
- 13 transient, and any other information that the Department of Justice
- 14 deems relevant, but not the information excluded pursuant to
- 15 subdivision (a). On or before July 1, 2006, the Department of
- 16 Justice shall determine whether any person convicted of an offense
- 17 listed in paragraph (2) also has one or more prior or subsequent
- 18 convictions of an offense listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290,
- 19 and, for those persons, the Department of Justice shall make
- 20 available to the public via the Internet Web site the address at
- 21 which the person resides. However, the address at which the person
- 22 resides shall not be disclosed until a determination is made that
- 23 the person is, by virtue of his or her additional prior or subsequent
- conviction of an offense listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290,subject to this subdivision.
- 26 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses:
- 27 (A) Section 220, except assault to commit mayhem.
- 28 (B) Paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 261.
- 29 (C) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), or subdivision (f), (g), or 30 (i), of Section 286.
- 31 (D) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), or subdivision (f), (g), or 32 (i), of Section 288a.
- 33 (E) Subdivision (b), (d), (e), or (i) of Section 289.
- 34 (d) (1) On or before July 1, 2005, with respect to a person who
- 35 has been convicted of the commission or the attempted commission 36 of any of the offenses listed in, or who is described in, this
- 37 subdivision, the Department of Justice shall make available to the
- 38 public via the Internet Web site his or her name and known aliases,
- 39 a photograph, a physical description, including gender and race,
- 40 date of birth, criminal history, the community of residence and
  - 95

- 1 ZIP Code in which the person resides or the county in which the
- 2 person is registered as a transient, and any other information that
- 3 the Department of Justice deems relevant, but not the information
- 4 excluded pursuant to subdivision (a) or the address at which the  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 5 person resides.
- 6 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses and 7 offenders:
- 8 (A) Subdivision (a) of Section 243.4, provided that the offense 9 is a felony.
- 10 (B) Section 266, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 11 (C) Section 266c, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 12 (D) Section 266j.
- 13 (E) Section 267.
- 14 (F) Subdivision (c) of Section 288, provided that the offense is 15 a misdemeanor.
- 16 (G) Section 288.3, provided that the offense is a misdemeanor.
- 17 (H) Section 288.4, provided that the offense is a misdemeanor.
- 18 (I) Section 626.81.
- 19 (J) Section 647.6.
- 20 (K) Section 653c.

21 (L) Any person required to register pursuant to Section 290 22 based upon an out-of-state conviction, unless that person is 23 excluded from the Internet Web site pursuant to subdivision (e). 24 However, if the Department of Justice has determined that the 25 out-of-state crime, if committed or attempted in this state, would 26 have been punishable in this state as a crime described in 27 subdivision (c) of Section 290, the person shall be placed on the 28 Internet Web site as provided in subdivision (b) or (c), as applicable 29 to the crime.

30 (e) (1) If a person has been convicted of the commission or the 31 attempted commission of any of the offenses listed in this 32 subdivision, and he or she has been convicted of no other offense listed in subdivision (b), (c), or (d) other than those listed in this 33 34 subdivision, that person may file an application with the 35 Department of Justice, on a form approved by the department, for 36 exclusion from the Internet Web site. If the department determines 37 that the person meets the requirements of this subdivision, the 38 department shall grant the exclusion and no information concerning 39 the person shall be made available via the Internet Web site 40 described in this section. He or she bears the burden of proving

- 1 the facts that make him or her eligible for exclusion from the
- 2 Internet Web site. However, a person who has filed for or been
- 3 granted an exclusion from the Internet Web site is not relieved of 4 his or her duty to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section
- 5 290 nor from any otherwise applicable provision of law.
- 6 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses:
- 7 (A) A felony violation of subdivision (a) of Section 243.4.
- 8 (B) Section 647.6, if the offense is a misdemeanor.
- 9 (C) A felony violation of Section 311.1, subdivision (b), (c), or
- 10 (d) of Section 311.2, or Section 311.3, 311.4, 311.10, or 311.11 if
- 11 the person submits to the department a certified copy of a probation
- 12 report filed in court that clearly states that all victims involved in
- the commission of the offense were at least 16 years of age or olderat the time of the commission of the offense.
- 15 (D) (i) An offense for which the offender successfully completed probation, provided that the offender submits to the 16 17 department a certified copy of a probation report, presentencing report, report prepared pursuant to Section 288.1, or other official 18 19 court document that clearly demonstrates that the offender was 20 the victim's parent, stepparent, sibling, or grandparent and that the 21 crime did not involve either oral copulation or penetration of the 22 vagina or rectum of either the victim or the offender by the penis 23 of the other or by any foreign object.
- (ii) An offense for which the offender is on probation at the 24 25 time of his or her application, provided that the offender submits 26 to the department a certified copy of a probation report, 27 presentencing report, report prepared pursuant to Section 288.1, 28 or other official court document that clearly demonstrates that the 29 offender was the victim's parent, stepparent, sibling, or grandparent 30 and that the crime did not involve either oral copulation or 31 penetration of the vagina or rectum of either the victim or the 32 offender by the penis of the other or by any foreign object.
- (iii) If, subsequent to his or her application, the offender commits
  a violation of probation resulting in his or her incarceration in
  county jail or state prison, his or her exclusion, or application for
  exclusion, from the Internet Web site shall be terminated.
- (iv) For the purposes of this subparagraph, "successfully
  completed probation" means that during the period of probation
  the offender neither received additional county jail or state prison
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1 time for a violation of probation nor was convicted of another2 offense resulting in a sentence to county jail or state prison.

3 (3) If the department determines that a person who was granted 4 an exclusion under a former version of this subdivision would not 5 qualify for an exclusion under the current version of this 6 subdivision, the department shall rescind the exclusion, make a 7 reasonable effort to provide notification to the person that the 8 exclusion has been rescinded, and, no sooner than 30 days after 9 notification is attempted, make information about the offender 10 available to the public on the Internet Web site as provided in this 11 section.

12 (4) Effective January 1, 2012, no person shall be excluded 13 pursuant to this subdivision unless the offender has submitted to 14 the department documentation sufficient for the department to 15 determine that he or she has a SARATSO risk level of low or 16 moderate-low.

17 (f) The Department of Justice shall make a reasonable effort to 18 provide notification to persons who have been convicted of the 19 commission or attempted commission of an offense specified in 20 subdivision (b), (c), or (d), that on or before July 1, 2005, the 21 department is required to make information about specified sex 22 offenders available to the public via an Internet Web site as 23 specified in this section. The Department of Justice shall also make 24 a reasonable effort to provide notice that some offenders are 25 eligible to apply for exclusion from the Internet Web site.

(g) (1) A designated law enforcement entity, as defined in
subdivision (f) of Section 290.45, may make available information
concerning persons who are required to register pursuant to Section
290 to the public via an Internet Web site as specified in paragraph
(2).

(2) The law enforcement entity may make available by way of
an Internet Web site the information described in subdivision (c)
if it determines that the public disclosure of the information about
a specific offender by way of the entity's Internet Web site is
necessary to ensure the public safety based upon information
available to the entity concerning that specific offender.

(3) The information that may be provided pursuant to this
subdivision may include the information specified in subdivision
(b) of Section 290.45. However, that offender's address may not
be disclosed unless he or she is a person whose address is on the

1	Department of Justice's Internet Web site pursuant to subdivision
2	(b) or (c).

3 (h) For purposes of this section, "offense" includes the statutory
4 predecessors of that offense, or any offense committed in another
5 jurisdiction that, if committed or attempted to be committed in this
6 state, would have been punishable in this state as an offense listed

7 in subdivision (c) of Section 290.

(i) Notwithstanding Section 6254.5 of the Government Code, 8 9 disclosure of information pursuant to this section is not a waiver 10 of exemptions under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 11 of Title 1 of Division 7 of the Government Code and does not 12 affect other statutory restrictions on disclosure in other situations. 13 (j) (1) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to 14 this section to commit a misdemeanor shall be subject to, in 15 addition to any other penalty or fine imposed, a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and not more than fifty 16 17 thousand dollars (\$50,000). 18 (2) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to this

18 (2) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to this 19 section to commit a felony shall be punished, in addition and 20 consecutive to any other punishment, by a five-year term of 21 imprisonment in the state prison.

(k) Any person who is required to register pursuant to Section
290 who enters an Internet Web site established pursuant to this
section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand
dollars (\$1,000), imprisonment in a county jail for a period not to
exceed six months, or by both that fine and imprisonment.

(*l*) (1) A person is authorized to use information disclosedpursuant to this section only to protect a person at risk.

29 (2) Except as authorized under paragraph (1) or any other

30 provision of law, use of any information that is disclosed pursuant

to this section for purposes relating to any of the following isprohibited:

- 33 (A) Health insurance.
- 34 (B) Insurance.
- 35 (C) Loans.
- 36 (D) Credit.
- 37 (E) Employment.
- 38 (F) Education, scholarships, or fellowships.
- 39 (G) Housing or accommodations.

1 (H) Benefits, privileges, or services provided by any business 2 establishment.

3 (3) This section shall not affect authorized access to, or use of,
4 information pursuant to, among other provisions, Sections 11105
5 and 11105.3, Section 8808 of the Family Code, Sections 777.5
6 and 14409.2 of the Financial Code, Sections 1522.01 and 1596.871
7 of the Health and Safety Code, and Section 432.7 of the Labor
8 Code.

9 (4) (A) Any use of information disclosed pursuant to this section 10 for purposes other than those provided by paragraph (1) or in 11 violation of paragraph (2) shall make the user liable for the actual 12 damages, and any amount that may be determined by a jury or a 13 court sitting without a jury, not exceeding three times the amount 14 of actual damage, and not less than two hundred fifty dollars 15 (\$250), and attorney's fees, exemplary damages, or a civil penalty 16 not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

17 (B) Whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that any 18 person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of 19 misuse of the information available via an Internet Web site 20 established pursuant to this section in violation of paragraph (2), 21 the Attorney General, any district attorney, or city attorney, or any 22 person aggrieved by the misuse is authorized to bring a civil action 23 in the appropriate court requesting preventive relief, including an 24 application for a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining 25 order, or other order against the person or group of persons 26 responsible for the pattern or practice of misuse. The foregoing 27 remedies shall be independent of any other remedies or procedures 28 that may be available to an aggrieved party under other provisions 29 of law, including Part 2 (commencing with Section 43) of Division 30 1 of the Civil Code. 31 (m) The public notification provisions of this section are

applicable to every person described in this section, without regard
to when his or her crimes were committed or his or her duty to
register pursuant to Section 290 arose, and to every offense
described in this section, regardless of when it was committed.

(n) A designated law enforcement entity and its employees shall
be immune from liability for good faith conduct under this section.
(o) The Attorney General, in collaboration with local law
enforcement and others knowledgeable about sex offenders, shall
develop strategies to assist members of the public in understanding

and using publicly available information about registered sex
offenders to further public safety. These strategies may include,
but are not limited to, a hotline for community inquiries,
neighborhood and business guidelines for how to respond to
information posted on this Internet Web site, and any other resource
that promotes public education about these offenders.

7 SEC. 14. Section 666 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

8 666. Every (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), every 9 person who, having been convicted *three or more times* of petty

10 theft, grand theft, auto theft under Section 10851 of the Vehicle

11 Code, burglary, carjacking, robbery, or a felony violation of Section 12 496 and having served a term therefor in any penal institution or

12 496 and having served a term therefor in any penal institution or 13 having been imprisoned therein as a condition of probation for

14 that offense, is subsequently convicted of petty theft, then the

15 person convicted of that subsequent offense is punishable by

16 imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or in the17 state prison.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), every person who has one
 qualifying conviction as specified in, and who is otherwise subject

20 to, subdivision (a), who is required to register pursuant to the Sex

20 10, subarrision (a), who is required to register pursuant to the Sex 21 Offender Registration Act, who has a prior serious or violent felony

22 conviction as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 or

23 subdivision (c) of Section 1192.7, or who has been sentenced under

the three strikes law, is punishable by imprisonment in the county

25 jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison.

SEC. 15. Section 667.61 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
667.61. (a) Any-Except as provided in subdivision (j), (l), or
(m), any person who is convicted of an offense specified in
subdivision (c) under one or more of the circumstances specified

in subdivision (d) or under two or more of the circumstances
specified in subdivision (e) shall be punished by imprisonment in
the state prison for 25 years to life.

(b) Except as provided in subdivision (a), (j), (l), or (m), any
person who is convicted of an offense specified in subdivision (c)
under one of the circumstances specified in subdivision (e) shall
be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 15 years to

36 be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 15 years to 37 life.

38 (c) This section shall apply to any of the following offenses:

39 (1) Rape, in violation of paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a) 40 of Section 261. 1 (2) Spousal rape, in violation of paragraph (1) or (4) of 2 subdivision (a) of Section 262.

3 (3) Rape, spousal rape, or sexual penetration, in concert, in4 violation of Section 264.1.

5 (4) Lewd or lascivious act, in violation of subdivision (b) of 6 Section 288.

7 (5) Sexual penetration, in violation of subdivision (a) of Section8 289.

9 (6) Sodomy, in violation of paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision 10 (c), or subdivision (d), of Section 286.

11 (7) Oral copulation, in violation of paragraph (2) or (3) of 12 subdivision (c), or subdivision (d), of Section 288a.

13 (8) Lewd or lascivious act, in violation of subdivision (a) of14 Section 288.

(9) Continuous sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section288.5.

17 (d) The following circumstances shall apply to the offenses18 specified in subdivision (c):

(1) The defendant has been previously convicted of an offense
specified in subdivision (c), including an offense committed in
another jurisdiction that includes all of the elements of an offense
specified in subdivision (c).

(2) The defendant kidnapped the victim of the present offense
and the movement of the victim substantially increased the risk of
harm to the victim over and above that level of risk necessarily
inherent in the underlying offense in subdivision (c).

(3) The defendant inflicted aggravated mayhem or torture on
the victim or another person in the commission of the present
offense in violation of Section 205 or 206.

30 (4) The defendant committed the present offense during the
31 commission of a burglary of the first degree, as defined in
32 subdivision (a) of Section 460, with intent to commit an offense
33 specified in subdivision (c).

34 (5) The defendant committed the present offense in violation
35 of Section 264.1, subdivision (d) of Section 286, or subdivision
36 (d) of Section 288a, and, in the commission of that offense, any

37 person committed any act described in paragraph (2), (3), or (4)

38 of this subdivision.

1 (6) The defendant personally inflicted great bodily injury on 2 the victim or another person in the commission of the present 3 offense in violation of Section 12022.53, 12022.7, or 12022.8. 4 (7) The defendant personally inflicted bodily harm on the victim 5 who was under 14 years of age. (e) The following circumstances shall apply to the offenses 6 specified in subdivision (c): 7 8 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (d), the 9 defendant kidnapped the victim of the present offense in violation of Section 207, 209, or 209.5. 10 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of subdivision (d), the 11 12 defendant committed the present offense during the commission 13 of a burglary in violation of Section 459. 14 (3) The defendant personally inflicted great bodily injury on 15 the victim or another person in the commission of the present offense in violation of Section 12022.53, 12022.7, or 12022.8. 16 17 (4)18 (3) The defendant personally used a dangerous or deadly weapon 19 or a firearm in the commission of the present offense in violation 20 of Section 12022, 12022.3, 12022.5, or 12022.53. 21 (5)22 (4) The defendant has been convicted in the present case or 23 cases of committing an offense specified in subdivision (c) against more than one victim. 24 25 (6)26 (5) The defendant engaged in the tying or binding of the victim 27 or another person in the commission of the present offense. 28 (7)29 (6) The defendant administered a controlled substance to the 30 victim in the commission of the present offense in violation of 31 Section 12022.75. 32 (8)33 (7) The defendant committed the present offense in violation 34 of Section 264.1, subdivision (d) of Section 286, or subdivision (d) of Section 288a, and, in the commission of that offense, any 35 36 person committed any act described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), 37 (6), or (7) of this subdivision. (f) If only the minimum number of circumstances specified in 38

39 subdivision (d) or (e) that are required for the punishment provided

40 in subdivision (a)- $\overline{or}$ , (b), (j), (l), or (m) to apply have been pled

1 and proved, that circumstance or those circumstances shall be used 2 as the basis for imposing the term provided in subdivision (a)-or, 3 (b), (*j*), (*l*), or (m) whichever is greater, rather than being used to 4 impose the punishment authorized under any other provision of 5 law, unless another provision of law provides for a greater penalty 6 or the punishment under another provision of law can be imposed 7 in addition to the punishment provided by this section. However, 8 if any additional circumstance or circumstances specified in 9 subdivision (d) or (e) have been pled and proved, the minimum 10 number of circumstances shall be used as the basis for imposing 11 the term provided in subdivision (a), (j), or (l) and any other 12 additional circumstance or circumstances shall be used to impose 13 any punishment or enhancement authorized under any other 14 provision of law.

(g) Notwithstanding Section 1385 or any other provision of law,
the court shall not strike any allegation, admission, or finding of
any of the circumstances specified in subdivision (d) or (e) for any
person who is subject to punishment under this section.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, probation shall
not be granted to, nor shall the execution or imposition of sentence
be suspended for, any person who is subject to punishment under
this section.

23 (i) For any offense specified in paragraphs (1) to (7), inclusive, 24 of subdivision (c), or in paragraphs (1) to (6), inclusive, of 25 subdivision (n), the court shall impose a consecutive sentence for 26 each offense that results in a conviction under this section if the 27 crimes involve separate victims or involve the same victim on 28 separate occasions as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 667.6. 29 (i) (1) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in 30 subdivision (c), with the exception of a violation of subdivision (a) 31 of Section 288, upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of age 32 under one or more of the circumstances specified in subdivision (d) or under two or more of the circumstances specified in 33 34 subdivision (e), shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 35 prison for life without the possibility of parole. Where the person 36 was under 18 years of age at the time of the offense, the person

shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 25 years
to life.
(2) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in

39 (2) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in 40 subdivision (c) under one of the circumstances specified in

1 subdivision (e), upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of

2 age, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 253 years to life.

4 (k) As used in this section, "bodily harm" means any substantial
5 physical injury resulting from the use of force that is more than
6 the force necessary to commit an offense specified in subdivision
7 (c).

8 (1) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in 9 subdivision (n) under one or more of the circumstances specified 10 in subdivision (d) or under two or more of the circumstances 11 specified in subdivision (e), upon a victim who is a minor 14 years of age or older shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 12 prison for life without the possibility of parole. If the person was 13 14 convicted under 18 years of age at the time of the offense, he or 15 she shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 25 16 years to life.

(m) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in
subdivision (n) under one of the circumstances specified in
subdivision (e) against a minor 14 years of age or older shall be

20 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 25 years to life.

21 (n) Subdivisions (l) and (m) shall apply to any of the following 22 offenses:

23 (1) Rape, in violation of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of
24 Section 261.

(2) Spousal rape, in violation of paragraph (1) of subdivision
(a) of Section 262.

(3) Rape, spousal rape, or sexual penetration, in concert, in
violation of Section 264.1.

29 (4) Sexual penetration, in violation of paragraph (1) of30 subdivision (a) of Section 289.

(5) Sodomy, in violation of paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of
Section 286, or in violation of subdivision (d) of Section 286.

33 (6) Oral copulation, in violation of paragraph (2) of subdivision
34 (c) of Section 288a, or in violation of subdivision (d) of Section

35 *288a*.

36 <del>(j)</del>

37 (*o*) The penalties provided in this section shall apply only if the

38 existence of any circumstance specified in subdivision (d) or (e)

39 is alleged in the accusatory pleading pursuant to this section, and

1 is either admitted by the defendant in open court or found to be2 true by the trier of fact.

3 SEC. 16. Section 1203.067 of the Penal Code is amended to 4 read:

5 1203.067. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, before probation 6 may be granted to any person convicted of a felony specified in 7 Section 261, 262, 264.1, 286, 288, 288a, 288.5, or 289, who is 8 eligible for probation, the court shall do all of the following:

9 (1) Order the defendant evaluated pursuant to Section 1203.03, 10 or similar evaluation by the county probation department.

(2) Conduct a hearing at the time of sentencing to determine if
probation of the defendant would pose a threat to the victim. The
victim shall be notified of the hearing by the prosecuting attorney
and given an opportunity to address the court.

15 (3) Order any psychiatrist or psychologist appointed pursuant 16 to Section 288.1 to include a consideration of the threat to the 17 victim and the defendant's potential for positive response to 18 treatment in making his or her report to the court. Nothing in this 19 section shall be construed to require the court to order an 20 examination of the victim.

(b) If a defendant is granted probation pursuant to subdivision
(a), the court shall order the defendant to be placed in an
appropriate treatment program designed to deal with child
molestation or sexual offenders, if an appropriate program is
available in the county. On or after July 1, 2012, the terms of
probation for persons placed on formal supervised probation for

an offense that requires registration pursuant to Sections 290 to
28 290.023, inclusive, shall include all of the following:

29 (1) Persons placed on formal supervised probation prior to July

30 1, 2012, shall participate in an approved sex offender management

31 program, following the standards developed pursuant to Section

32 9003, for a period of not less than one year or the remaining term

of probation if it is less than one year. The length of the period in
the program is to be determined by the certified sex offender
management professional in consultation with the probation officer

36 and as approved by the court.

37 (2) Persons placed on formal supervised probation on or after
 38 July 1, 2012, shall successfully complete a sex offender

39 management program, following the standards developed pursuant

40 to Section 9003, as a condition of release from probation. The

1 length of the period in the program shall be not less than one year,

2 up to the entire period of probation, as determined by the certified

3 sex offender management professional in consultation with the

4 probation officer and as approved by the court.

5 (3) Waiver of any privilege against self-incrimination and 6 participation in polygraph examinations, which shall be part of 7 the sex offender management program.

(4) Waiver of any psychotherapist-patient privilege to enable
communication between the sex offender management professional
and supervising probation officer, pursuant to Section 290.09.

11 (c) Any defendant ordered to be placed in a treatment an 12 approved sex offender management program pursuant to 13 subdivision (b) shall be responsible for paying the expense of his 14 or her participation in the treatment program as determined by the 15 court. The court shall take into consideration the ability of the 16 defendant to pay, and no defendant shall be denied probation 17 because of his or her inability to pay.

18 SEC. 17. Section 2962 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 19 2962. As a condition of parole, a prisoner who meets the 20 following criteria shall be required to be treated by the State 21 Department of Mental Health, and the State Department of Mental

22 Health shall provide the necessary treatment:

(a) The prisoner has a severe mental disorder that is not inremission or cannot be kept in remission without treatment.

25 The term "severe mental disorder" means an illness or disease 26 or condition that substantially impairs the person's thought, 27 perception of reality, emotional process, or judgment; or which 28 grossly impairs behavior; or that demonstrates evidence of an acute 29 brain syndrome for which prompt remission, in the absence of 30 treatment, is unlikely. The term "severe mental disorder" as used 31 in this section does not include a personality or adjustment disorder, 32 epilepsy, mental retardation or other developmental disabilities,

33 or addiction to or abuse of intoxicating substances.

The term "remission" means a finding that the overt signs and symptoms of the severe mental disorder are controlled either by psychotropic medication or psychosocial support. A person "cannot be kept in remission without treatment" if during the year prior to the question being before the Board of Prison Terms or a trial court, he or she has been in remission and he or she has been

40 physically violent, except in self-defense, or he or she has made

1 a serious threat of substantial physical harm upon the person of 2 another so as to cause the target of the threat to reasonably fear 3 for his or her safety or the safety of his or her immediate family, 4 or he or she has intentionally caused property damage, or he or 5 she has not voluntarily followed the treatment plan. In determining 6 if a person has voluntarily followed the treatment plan, the standard 7 shall be whether the person has acted as a reasonable person would 8 in following the treatment plan.

9 (b) The severe mental disorder was one of the causes of or was 10 an aggravating factor in the commission of a crime for which the 11 prisoner was sentenced to prison.

(c) The prisoner has been in treatment for the severe mental
disorder for 90 days or more within the year prior to the prisoner's
parole or release.

15 (d) (1) Prior to release on parole, the person in charge of treating 16 the prisoner and a practicing psychiatrist or psychologist from the 17 State Department of Mental Health have evaluated the prisoner at 18 a facility of the Department of Corrections, and a chief psychiatrist 19 of the Department of Corrections has certified to the Board of 20 Prison Terms that the prisoner has a severe mental disorder, that 21 the disorder is not in remission, or cannot be kept in remission 22 without treatment, that the severe mental disorder was one of the 23 causes or was an aggravating factor in the prisoner's criminal 24 behavior, that the prisoner has been in treatment for the severe 25 mental disorder for 90 days or more within the year prior to his or 26 her parole release day, and that by reason of his or her severe 27 mental disorder the prisoner represents a substantial danger of 28 physical harm to others. For prisoners being treated by the State 29 Department of Mental Health pursuant to Section 2684, the 30 certification shall be by a chief psychiatrist of the Department of 31 Corrections, and the evaluation shall be done at a state hospital by 32 the person at the state hospital in charge of treating the prisoner 33 and a practicing psychiatrist or psychologist from the Department 34 of Corrections. 35 (2) If the professionals doing the evaluation pursuant to

36 paragraph (1) do not concur that (A) the prisoner has a severe 37 mental disorder, (B) that the disorder is not in remission or cannot 38 be kept in remission without treatment, or (C) that the severe 39 mental disorder was a cause of, or aggravated, the prisoner's 40 criminal behavior, and a chief psychiatrist has certified the prisoner

- 1 to the Board of Prison Terms pursuant to this paragraph, then the
- 2 Board of Prison Terms shall order a further examination by two independent professionals, as provided for in Section 2078
- 3 independent professionals, as provided for in Section 2978.
- 4 (3) Only if both *If at least one of the* independent professionals
- 5 who evaluate the prisoner pursuant to paragraph (2) <del>concur</del> concurs
- 6 with the chief psychiatrist's certification of the issues described
- 7 in paragraph (2), shall this subdivision *shall* be applicable to the 8 prisoner. The professionals appointed pursuant to Section 2978
- 8 prisoner. The professionals appointed pursuant to Section 2978
  9 shall inform the prisoner that the purpose of their examination is
- 9 shall inform the prisoner that the purpose of their examination is10 not treatment but to determine if the prisoner meets certain criteria
- to be involuntarily treated as a mentally disordered offender. It is
- 12 not required that the prisoner appreciate or understand that
- 13 information.
- 14 (e) The crime referred to in subdivision (b) meets both of the 15 following criteria:
- 16 (1) The defendant received a determinate sentence pursuant to17 Section 1170 for the crime.
- 18 (2) The crime is one of the following:
- 19 (A) Voluntary manslaughter.
- 20 (B) Mayhem.
- 21 (C) Kidnapping in violation of Section 207.
- (D) Any robbery wherein it was charged and proved that the
  defendant personally used a deadly or dangerous weapon, as
  provided in subdivision (b) of Section 12022, in the commission
  of that robbery.
- (E) Carjacking, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 215, if
  it is charged and proved that the defendant personally used a deadly
  or dangerous weapon, as provided in subdivision (b) of Section
  12022, in the commission of the carjacking.
- 30 (F) Rape, as defined in paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a)
  31 of Section 261 or paragraph (1) or (4) of subdivision (a) of Section
  32 262.
- 33 (G) Sodomy by force, violence, duress, menace, or fear of
  34 immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another
  35 person.
- 36 (H) Oral copulation by force, violence, duress, menace, or fear
  37 of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the victim or another
  38 person.
- 39 (I) Lewd acts on a child under the age of 14 years in violation40 of Section 288.
  - 95

1 (J) Continuous sexual abuse in violation of Section 288.5.

2 (K) The offense described in subdivision (a) of Section 289

3 where the act was accomplished against the victim's will by force,

4 violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily

5 injury on the victim or another person.

6 (L) Arson in violation of subdivision (a) of Section 451, or arson

7 in violation of any other provision of Section 451 or in violation8 of Section 455 where the act posed a substantial danger of physical

9 harm to others.

10 (M) Any felony in which the defendant used a firearm which 11 use was charged and proved as provided in Section 12022.5, 12 12022.53, or 12022.55.

13 (N) A violation of Section 12308.

14 (O) Attempted murder.

15 (P) A crime not enumerated in subparagraphs (A) to (O),

inclusive, in which the prisoner used force or violence, or caused
serious bodily injury as defined in paragraph (4) of subdivision (f)

18 of Section 243.

(Q) A crime in which the perpetrator expressly or impliedly threatened another with the use of force or violence likely to produce substantial physical harm in such a manner that a reasonable person would believe and expect that the force or violence would be used. For purposes of this subparagraph, substantial physical harm shall not require proof that the threatened

25 act was likely to cause great or serious bodily injury.

26 (f) As used in this chapter, "substantial danger of physical harm"27 does not require proof of a recent overt act.

28 SEC. 18. Section 3000 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 3000. (a) (1) The Legislature finds and declares that the period 29 30 immediately following incarceration is critical to successful 31 reintegration of the offender into society and to positive citizenship. 32 It is in the interest of public safety for the state to provide for the 33 effective supervision of and surveillance of parolees, including 34 the judicious use of revocation actions, and to provide educational, 35 vocational, family and personal counseling necessary to assist 36 parolees in the transition between imprisonment and discharge. A 37 sentence pursuant to Section 1168 or 1170 shall include a period 38 of parole, unless waived, or as otherwise provided in this article. 39 (2) The Legislature finds and declares that it is not the intent of

40 this section to diminish resources allocated to the Department of

1 Corrections and Rehabilitation for parole functions for which the

2 department is responsible. It is also not the intent of this section

3 to diminish the resources allocated to the Board of Parole Hearings

4 to execute its duties with respect to parole functions for which the

5 board is responsible.

6 (3) The Legislature finds and declares that diligent effort must

7 be made to ensure that parolees are held accountable for their

8 criminal behavior, including, but not limited to, the satisfaction of

9 restitution fines and orders.

10 (4) The parole period of any person found to be a sexually 11 violent predator shall be tolled until that person is found to no 12 longer be a sexually violent predator, at which time the period of

13 parole, or any remaining portion thereof, shall begin to run.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Article 3(commencing with Section 3040) of this chapter, the followingshall apply:

17 (1) At the expiration of a term of imprisonment of one year and 18 one day, or a term of imprisonment imposed pursuant to Section 19 1170 or at the expiration of a term reduced pursuant to Section 2931 or 2933, if applicable, the inmate shall be released on parole 20 21 for a period not exceeding three years, except that any inmate 22 sentenced for an offense specified in paragraph (3), (4), (5), (6), 23 (11), (16), or (18) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 shall be24 released on parole for a period not exceeding five years, unless in 25 either case the parole authority for good cause waives parole and 26 discharges the inmate from the custody of the department. 27 (2) In the case of any inmate sentenced under Section 1168, the

28 period of parole shall not exceed five years in the case of an inmate 29 imprisoned for any offense other than first or second degree murder 30 for which the inmate has received a life sentence, and shall not 31 exceed three years in the case of any other inmate, unless in either 32 case the parole authority for good cause waives parole and discharges the inmate from custody of the department. This 33 34 subdivision shall also be applicable to inmates who committed 35 crimes prior to July 1, 1977, to the extent specified in Section 36 1170.2.

37 (3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), in the case of any

38 offense for which the inmate has received a life sentence pursuant

39 to Section 667.61 or 667.71, the period of parole shall be 10 years.

1 (4) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, and except 2 as provided in paragraph (5) and Section 3000.1, in the case of a 3 person convicted for an offense under subdivision (a) of Section 4 288 of the Penal Code, or in the case of a person convicted of an 5 offense specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), in which one 6 or more of the victims of the offense was a child under 14 years 7 of age, the period of parole shall be 10 years. 8 (5) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, in the case 9 of a person convicted of and required to register as a sex offender 10 for the commission of an offense specified in Section 261, 262, 11 264.1, 286, 288a, paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 288, 12 Section 288.5, 288.7, or 289, in which one or more of the victims 13 of the offense was a child under 14 years of age, the period of parole shall be 20 years. Persons granted parole under this 14 15 paragraph shall be subject to the requirements specified in

- 16 subdivision (b) of Section 3000.1.
- 17 (4)

(6) The parole authority shall consider the request of any inmate
 regarding the length of his or her parole and the conditions thereof.
 (5)

21 (7) Upon successful completion of parole, or at the end of the 22 maximum statutory period of parole specified for the inmate under 23 paragraph (1), (2), -or(3), (4), or(5), as the case may be, whichever 24 is earlier, the inmate shall be discharged from custody. The date 25 of the maximum statutory period of parole under this subdivision 26 and paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), (4), and (5) shall be computed 27 from the date of initial parole and shall be a period chronologically 28 determined. Time during which parole is suspended because the 29 prisoner has absconded or has been returned to custody as a parole 30 violator shall not be credited toward any period of parole unless 31 the prisoner is found not guilty of the parole violation. However, 32 the period of parole is subject to the following:

(A) Except as provided in Section 3064, in no case may a
prisoner subject to three years on parole be retained under parole
supervision or in custody for a period longer than four years from
the date of his or her initial parole.

(B) Except as provided in Section 3064, in no case may a
prisoner subject to five years on parole be retained under parole
supervision or in custody for a period longer than seven years from
the date of his or her initial parole.

1 (C) Except as provided in Section 3064, in no case may a 2 prisoner subject to 10 years on parole be retained under parole 3 supervision or in custody for a period longer than 15 years from 4 the date of his or her initial parole.

5 (6)

(8) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall meet 6 with each inmate at least 30 days prior to his or her good time 7 8 release date and shall provide, under guidelines specified by the 9 parole authority, the conditions of parole and the length of parole up to the maximum period of time provided by law. The inmate 10 has the right to reconsideration of the length of parole and 11 12 conditions thereof by the parole authority. The Department of 13 Corrections and Rehabilitation or the Board of Parole Hearings 14 may impose as a condition of parole that a prisoner make payments on the prisoner's outstanding restitution fines or orders imposed 15 pursuant to subdivision (a) or (c) of Section 13967 of the 16 17 Government Code, as operative prior to September 28, 1994, or

18 subdivision (b) or (f) of Section 1202.4.

19 (7)

20 (9) For purposes of this chapter, the Board of Parole Hearings21 shall be considered the parole authority.

22 (8)

(10) The sole authority to issue warrants for the return to actual
custody of any state prisoner released on parole rests with the
Board of Parole Hearings, except for any escaped state prisoner
or any state prisoner released prior to his or her scheduled release
date who should be returned to custody, and Section 3060 shall
apply.

29 <del>(9)</del>

(11) It is the intent of the Legislature that efforts be made with
respect to persons who are subject to Section 290.011 who are on
parole to engage them in treatment.

33 SEC. 9. Section 647.9 is added to the Penal Code, to read:

34 647.9. (a) Any person who is required to register pursuant to

35 the Sex Offender Registration Act for a felony offense, who enters

36 any park where children regularly gather without written

37 permission, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

38 (1) If the person is on parole, written permission shall be

39 obtained from the person's parole officer.

1 (2) If the person is not on parole, written permission shall be 2 obtained from the chief administrative official of the park. 3 (b) Punishment for a violation of this section shall be as follows: 4 (1) Upon a first conviction, by imprisonment in a county jail 5 not exceeding six months, or by a fine not exceeding five hundred 6 dollars (\$500), or by both imprisonment and a fine. 7 (2) Upon a second conviction pursuant to this section, by 8 imprisonment in a county jail for a period of not less than 10 days 9 and not more than 6 months. In addition to imprisonment, a 10 violation of this section punishable pursuant to this paragraph may 11 also be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars 12 (\$500). A defendant sentenced pursuant to this paragraph shall not 13 be released on probation, parole, or any other basis, until he or she 14 has served at least 10 days imprisonment in a county jail. 15 (3) Upon a third or subsequent conviction pursuant to this 16 section, by imprisonment in a county jail for a period of not less 17 than 90 days and not more than 6 months and a fine not exceeding 18 five hundred dollars (\$500). A defendant sentenced pursuant to 19 this paragraph shall not be released on probation, parole, or any 20 other basis, until he or she has served at least 90 days imprisonment 21 in a county jail. 22 (c) This section does not preclude or prohibit prosecution under 23 any other provision of law. 24 SEC. 10. Section 667.61 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 25 667.61. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (j), (l), or (m), 26 any person who is convicted of an offense specified in subdivision 27 (c) under one or more of the circumstances specified in subdivision 28 (d) or under two or more of the circumstances specified in 29 subdivision (e) shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 30 prison for 25 years to life. 31 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (a), (j), (l), or (m), any 32 person who is convicted of an offense specified in subdivision (c) 33 under one of the circumstances specified in subdivision (e) shall 34 be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 15 years to 35 life. 36 (c) This section shall apply to any of the following offenses: 37 (1) Rape, in violation of paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a) 38 of Section 261.

39 (2) Spousal rape, in violation of paragraph (1) or (4) of

40 subdivision (a) of Section 262.

- (3) Rape, spousal rape, or sexual penetration, in concert, in
   violation of Section 264.1.
- 3 (4) Lewd or lascivious act, in violation of subdivision (b) of
   4 Section 288.
- 5 (5) Sexual penetration, in violation of subdivision (a) of Section
  6 289.
- 7 (6) Sodomy, in violation of paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision
   8 (c), or subdivision (d), of Section 286.
- 9 (7) Oral copulation, in violation of paragraph (2) or (3) of 10 subdivision (c), or subdivision (d), of Section 288a.
- 11 (8) Lewd or lascivious act, in violation of subdivision (a) of
   12 Section 288.
- (9) Continuous sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section
   288.5.
- (d) The following circumstances shall apply to the offenses
   specified in subdivision (c):
- 17 (1) The defendant has been previously convicted of an offense
   specified in subdivision (c), including an offense committed in
   another jurisdiction that includes all of the elements of an offense
- 20 specified in subdivision (c).
- 21 (2) The defendant kidnapped the victim of the present offense
- 22 and the movement of the victim substantially increased the risk of 23 harm to the victim over and above that level of risk necessarily
- <sup>25</sup> inherent in the underlying offense in subdivision (c).
- (3) The defendant inflicted aggravated mayhem or torture on
   the victim or another person in the commission of the present
   affence in violation of Section 205 or 206
- 27 offense in violation of Section 205 or 206.
- 28 (4) The defendant committed the present offense during the
- 29 commission of a burglary of the first degree, as defined in 20 subdivision (2) of Section 460 with intent to commit on offense
- 30 subdivision (a) of Section 460, with intent to commit an offense
   31 specified in subdivision (c).
- 32 (5) The defendant committed the present offense in violation
- 33 of Section 264.1, subdivision (d) of Section 286, or subdivision
- 34 (d) of Section 288a, and, in the commission of that offense, any
- 35 person committed any act described in paragraph (2), (3), or (4)
- 36 of this subdivision.
- 37 (6) The defendant personally inflicted great bodily injury on
- 38 the victim or another person in the commission of the present
- 39 offense in violation of Section 12022.53, 12022.7, or 12022.8.
  - 95

(c) The following circumstances shall apply to the offenses
 specified in subdivision (c):

3 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (d), the
 4 defendant kidnapped the victim of the present offense in violation
 5 of Section 207, 209, or 209.5.

6 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of subdivision (d), the

7 defendant committed the present offense during the commission
 8 of a burglary in violation of Section 459.

9 (3) The defendant personally used a dangerous or deadly weapon

10 or a firearm in the commission of the present offense in violation

11 of Section 12022, 12022.3, 12022.5, or 12022.53.

(4) The defendant has been convicted in the present case or
 cases of committing an offense specified in subdivision (c) against
 more than one victim.

(5) The defendant engaged in the tying or binding of the victim
 or another person in the commission of the present offense.

17 (6) The defendant administered a controlled substance to the
 18 victim in the commission of the present offense in violation of

19 Section 12022.75.

20 (7) The defendant committed the present offense in violation

21 of Section 264.1, subdivision (d) of Section 286, or subdivision

22 (d) of Section 288a, and, in the commission of that offense, any

23 person committed any act described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4),24 (6) or (7) of this subdivision

24 (6), or (7) of this subdivision.

25 (f) If only the minimum number of circumstances specified in

26 subdivision (d), (e), or (k) that are required for the punishment

27 provided in subdivision (a), (b), (j), (l), or (m) to apply have been

28 pled and proved, that circumstance or those circumstances shall

29 be used as the basis for imposing the term provided in subdivision 30 (a), (b), (j), (l), or (m), whichever is greater, rather than being used

31 to impose the punishment authorized under any other provision of

32 law, unless another provision of law provides for a greater penalty

33 or the punishment under another provision of law can be imposed

34 in addition to the punishment provided by this section. However,

35 if any additional circumstance or circumstances specified in

36 subdivision (d), (e), or (k) have been pled and proved, the minimum

37 number of circumstances shall be used as the basis for imposing

38 the term provided in subdivision (a), (j), or (l), and any other

39 additional circumstance or circumstances shall be used to impose

1	any punishment or enhancement authorized under any other
2	provision of law.
3	(g) Notwithstanding Section 1385 or any other provision of law,
4	the court shall not strike any allegation, admission, or finding of
5	any of the circumstances specified in subdivision (d), (e), or (k)
6	for any person who is subject to punishment under this section.
7	(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, probation shall
8	not be granted to, nor shall the execution or imposition of sentence
9	be suspended for, any person who is subject to punishment under
10	this section.
11	(i) For any offense specified in paragraphs (1) to (7), inclusive,
12	of subdivision (c), or in subdivision (n), the court shall impose a
13	consecutive sentence for each offense that results in a conviction
14	under this section if the crimes involve separate victims or involve
15	the same victim on separate occasions as defined in subdivision
16	(d) of Section 667.6.
17	(j) (1) Any person, who is 18 years of age or older, who is
18	convicted of an offense specified in subdivision (c) under one or
19	more of the circumstances specified in subdivision (d) or (k), or
20	under two or more of the circumstances specified in subdivision
21	(e), upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of age shall be
22	punished by imprisonment in the state prison for life without the
23	possibility of parole.
24	(2) Any person under 18 years of age who is convicted of an
25	offense specified in subdivision (c) under one or more of the
26	circumstances specified in subdivision (d) or (k), or under two or
27	more of the circumstances specified in subdivision (e), upon a
28	victim who is a child under 14 years of age shall be punished by
29	imprisonment in the state prison for 25 years to life.
30	(3) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in
31	subdivision (c) under one of the circumstances specified in
32	subdivision (e), upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of age
33	shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 25 years
34	to life.
35	(k) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in
36	subdivision (c) upon a victim who is a child under 14 years of age
37	and who, in the commission of the offense, inflicted bodily harm
38	upon the victim shall be punished pursuant to subdivision (j).
39	(1) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in
40	subdivision (n) under one or more of the circumstances specified

1 in subdivision (d) or under two or more of the circumstances

2 specified in subdivision (e), upon a victim who is a minor 14 years

3 of age or older shall be punished by imprisonment in the state

4 prison for life without the possibility of parole.

5 (m) Any person who is convicted of an offense specified in

6 subdivision (n) under one of the circumstances specified in

7 subdivision (e) against a minor 14 years of age or older shall be

8 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 25 years to life.

9 (n) Subdivision (*l*) and (m) shall apply to any of the following 10 offenses:

(1) Rape, in violation of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of
 Section 261.

(2) Spousal rape, in violation of paragraph (1) of subdivision
 (a) of Section 262.

(3) Rape, spousal rape, or sexual penetration, in concert, in
 violation of Section 264.1.

17 (4) Sexual penetration, in violation of paragraph (1) of
 18 subdivision (a) of Section 289.

19 (5) Sodomy, in violation of paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of
 20 Section 286, or in violation of subdivision (d) of Section 286.

(6) Oral copulation, in violation of paragraph (2) of subdivision
 (c) of Section 288a, or in violation of subdivision (d) of Section
 288a.

26 (o) The penalties provided in this section shall apply only if the
 26 existence of any circumstance specified in subdivision (d), (e), or

existence of any circumstance specified in subdivision (d), (e), or
 (k) is alleged in the accusatory pleading pursuant to this section,

and is either admitted by the defendant in open court or found to

28 be true by the trier of fact.

29 (p) As used in this section, "bodily harm" means any substantial

30 physical injury resulting from the use of force that is more than

31 the force necessary to commit an offense specified in subdivision

32 <del>(c).</del>

33 SEC. 11. Section 3000 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

34 3000. (a) (1) The Legislature finds and declares that the period

35 immediately following incarceration is critical to successful

36 reintegration of the offender into society and to positive citizenship.

37 It is in the interest of public safety for the state to provide for the

38 effective supervision of and surveillance of parolees, including

39 the judicious use of revocation actions, and to provide educational,

40 vocational, family and personal counseling necessary to assist

1 parolees in the transition between imprisonment and discharge. A

2 sentence pursuant to Section 1168 or 1170 shall include a period

- 3 of parole, unless waived, or as otherwise provided in this article.
- 4 (2) The Legislature finds and declares that it is not the intent of
- 5 this section to diminish resources allocated to the Department of
- 6 Corrections and Rehabilitation for parole functions for which the
- 7 department is responsible. It is also not the intent of this section
- 8 to diminish the resources allocated to the Board of Parole Hearings
   9 to execute its duties with respect to parole functions for which the
- 9 to execute its duties with respect to parole functions for which
- 10 board is responsible.

11 (3) The Legislature finds and declares that diligent effort must

- 12 be made to ensure that parolees are held accountable for their
- criminal behavior, including, but not limited to, the satisfaction of
   restitution fines and orders.
- 15 (4) The parole period of any person found to be a sexually
- 16 violent predator shall be tolled until that person is found to no
- 17 longer be a sexually violent predator, at which time the period of
- 18 parole, or any remaining portion thereof, shall begin to run.
- 19 (b) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Article 3
- 20 (commencing with Section 3040) of this chapter, the following
   21 shall apply:
- 22 (1) At the expiration of a term of imprisonment of one year and
- 23 one day, or a term of imprisonment imposed pursuant to Section
- 24 1170 or at the expiration of a term reduced pursuant to Section
- 25 2931 or 2933, if applicable, the inmate shall be released on parole
- 26 for a period not exceeding three years, except that any inmate
- 27 sentenced for an offense specified in paragraph (3), (4), (5), (6),
- 28 (11), (16), or (18) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 shall be
- 29 released on parole for a period not exceeding 10 years, unless a
- 30 longer period of parole is specified in Section 3000.1.
- 31 (2) In the case of any inmate sentenced under Section 1168, the
- 32 period of parole shall not exceed five years in the case of an inmate
- 33 imprisoned for any offense other than first or second degree murder
- 34 for which the inmate has received a life sentence, and shall not
- 35 exceed three years in the case of any other inmate, unless in either
- 36 case the parole authority for good cause waives parole and
- 37 discharges the inmate from custody of the department. This
- 38 subdivision shall also be applicable to inmates who committed
- 39 crimes prior to July 1, 1977, to the extent specified in Section
- 40 <del>1170.2.</del>

1 (3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), and except as 2 provided in subdivision (a) of Section 3000.1, in the case of any 3 offense for which the inmate has received a life sentence pursuant 4 to subdivision (b) of Section 209, if that offense was committed 5 with the intent to commit a specified sexual offense, or Section 6 667.61 or 667.71, the period of parole shall be 10 years. 7 (4) The parole authority shall consider the request of any inmate 8 regarding the length of his or her parole and the conditions thereof. 9 (5) Upon successful completion of parole, or at the end of the 10 maximum statutory period of parole specified for the inmate under 11 paragraph (1), (2), or (3), as the case may be, whichever is earlier, 12 the inmate shall be discharged from custody. The date of the maximum statutory period of parole under this subdivision and 13 14 paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) shall be computed from the date of 15 initial parole and shall be a period chronologically determined. 16 Time during which parole is suspended because the prisoner has 17 absconded or has been returned to custody as a parole violator 18 shall not be credited toward any period of parole unless the prisoner 19 is found not guilty of the parole violation. However, the period of 20 parole is subject to the following: 21 (A) Except as provided in Section 3064, in no case may a 22 prisoner subject to three years on parole be retained under parole 23 supervision or in custody for a period longer than four years from 24 the date of his or her initial parole. 25 (B) Except as provided in Section 3064, in no case may a 26 prisoner subject to five years on parole be retained under parole 27 supervision or in custody for a period longer than seven years from 28 the date of his or her initial parole. 29 (C) Except as provided in Section 3064, in no case may a 30 prisoner subject to 10 years on parole be retained under parole

31 supervision or in custody for a period longer than 15 years from

32 the date of his or her initial parole.

33 (6) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall meet

34 with each inmate at least 30 days prior to his or her good time

35 release date and shall provide, under guidelines specified by the

36 parole authority, the conditions of parole and the length of parole

37 up to the maximum period of time provided by law. The inmate

38 has the right to reconsideration of the length of parole and

39 conditions thereof by the parole authority. The Department of

40 Corrections and Rehabilitation or the Board of Parole Hearings

- 1 may impose as a condition of parole that a prisoner make payments
- 2 on the prisoner's outstanding restitution fines or orders imposed
- 3 pursuant to subdivision (a) or (c) of Section 13967 of the
- 4 Government Code, as operative prior to September 28, 1994, or
- 5 subdivision (b) or (f) of Section 1202.4.
- 6 (7) For purposes of this chapter, the Board of Parole Hearings
   7 shall be considered the parole authority.
- 8 (8) The sole authority to issue warrants for the return to actual
- 9 custody of any state prisoner released on parole rests with the
- 10 Board of Parole Hearings, except for any escaped state prisoner
- 11 or any state prisoner released prior to his or her scheduled release
- 12 date who should be returned to custody, and Section 3060 shall
- 13 apply.
- 14 (9) It is the intent of the Legislature that efforts be made with
- respect to persons who are subject to Section 290.011 who are on
   parole to engage them in treatment.
- 17 SEC. 12.
- 18 SEC. 19. Section 3000.1 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
- 19 3000.1. (a) (1) In the case of any inmate sentenced under
- 20 Section 1168 for any offense of first or second degree murder with
- 21 a maximum term of life imprisonment, the period of parole, if
- 22 parole is granted, shall be the remainder of the inmate's life.
- 23 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of
- 24 any inmate sentenced under subdivision (a) or paragraph (1) of
- 25 subdivision (b) of Section 288, Section 288.5, or Section 288.7,
- the period of parole, if parole is granted, shall be the remainder of
   the inmate's life.
- 27 the minate sine.
- 28 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of
- 29 any inmate sentenced under Section 667.71 in which one or more
- 30 of the victims of the offense was a child under 14 years of age, the
- period of parole, if parole is granted, shall be the remainder of the
   inmate's life.
- 33 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of
- 34 any inmate sentenced under Section 269, subdivision (c) of Section
- 35 667.51 with a maximum term of life imprisonment, paragraph (2)
- 36 of subdivision (j) of Section 667.61, or subdivision (m) of Section
- 37 667.61, the period of parole, if parole is granted, shall be the
- 38 remainder of the inmate's life.
- 39 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of
- 40 any inmate sentenced under Section 261, 262, 264.1, 286, 288a,
  - 95

1 or 289 in which one or more of the victims of the offense was a 2 child under 14 years of age, the period of parole, if parole is

2 child under 14 years of age, the period of parole, if paro
3 granted, shall be the remainder of the inmate's life.

4 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of

5 any inmate sentenced to a life term under Section 269, subdivision

6 (c) of Section 667.51, Section 667.71 in which one or more of the

7 victims of the offense was a child under 14 years of age, or

8 subdivision (j), (l), or (m) of Section 667.61, the period of parole,

9 *if parole is granted, shall be the remainder of the inmate's life.* 

10 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any person 11 referred to in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) has been released 12 on parole from the state prison, and has been on parole 13 continuously for seven years in the case of any person imprisoned 14 for first degree murder, and five years in the case of any person 15 imprisoned for second degree murder, since release from confinement, the board shall, within 30 days, discharge that person 16 17 from parole, unless the board, for good cause, determines that the 18 person will be retained on parole. The board shall make a written

record of its determination and transmit a copy of it to the parolee.(c) In the event of a retention on parole *pursuant to subdivision* 

(b), the parolee shall be entitled to a review by the board each yearthereafter.

23 (d) There shall be a hearing as provided in Sections 3041.5 and 24 3041.7 within 12 months of the date of any revocation of parole 25 to consider the release of the inmate on parole, and parole and, 26 notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) 27 of Section 3041.5, there shall be annual parole consideration 28 hearings thereafter, unless the person is released or otherwise 29 ineligible for parole release. The panel or board shall release the 30 person within one year of the date of the revocation unless it 31 determines that the circumstances and gravity of the parole 32 violation are such that consideration of the public safety requires 33 a more lengthy period of incarceration or unless there is a new 34 prison commitment following a conviction.

35 (e) The provisions of Section 3042 shall not apply to any 36 hearing held pursuant to this section.

37 SEC. 20. Section 3008 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

38 3008. (a) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation39 shall ensure that all parolees under active supervision who are

40 deemed to pose a high risk to the public of committing sex crimes,

1 as determined by the State-Authorized Risk Assessment Tool for

2 Sex Offenders (SARATSO), as set forth in Sections 290.04 to
3 290.06, inclusive, are placed on intensive and specialized parole

4 supervision and are required to report frequently to designated

5 parole officers. The department may place any other parolee

6 convicted of an offense that requires him or her to register as a sex

7 offender pursuant to Section 290 who is on active supervision on

8 intensive and specialized supervision and require him or her to

9 report frequently to designated parole officers.

10 (b) The department shall develop and, at the discretion of the

secretary, and subject to an appropriation of the necessary funds, may implement a plan for the implementation of relapse prevention

12 may implement a plan for the implementation of relapse prevention 13 treatment programs, and the provision of other services deemed

necessary by the department, in conjunction with intensive and

15 specialized parole supervision, to reduce the recidivism of sex 16 offenders.

(c) The department shall develop control and containment
programming for sex offenders who have been deemed to pose a
high risk to the public of committing a sex crime, as determined
by the SARATSO, and shall require participation in appropriate
programming as a condition of parole.

(d) On or after July 1, 2012, the parole conditions of a person
released on parole for an offense that requires registration
pursuant to Sections 290 to 290.023, inclusive, shall include all
of the following:

26 (1) Persons placed on parole prior to July 1, 2012, shall 27 participate in an approved sex offender management program, 28 following the standards developed pursuant to Section 9003, for a period of not less than one year or the remaining term of parole 29 30 if it is less than one year. The length of the period in the program 31 is to be determined by the certified sex offender management 32 professional in consultation with the parole officer and as approved 33 by the court. 34 (2) Persons placed on parole on or after July 1, 2012, shall

35 successfully complete a sex offender management program,

36 following the standards developed pursuant to Section 9003, as a

37 condition of parole. The length of the period in the program shall

38 be not less than one year, up to the entire period of parole, as

39 determined by the certified sex offender management professional

1 *in consultation with the parole officer and as approved by the* 2 *court.* 

3 (3) Waiver of any privilege against self-incrimination and 4 participation in polygraph examinations, which shall be part of 5 the sex offender management program.

6 (4) Waiver of any psychotherapist-patient privilege to enable
7 communication between the sex offender management professional
8 and supervising parole officer, pursuant to Section 290.09.

9 (e) Any defendant ordered to be placed in an approved sex 10 offender management treatment program pursuant to subdivision 11 (d) shall be responsible for paying the expense of his or her 12 participation in the program as determined by the court. The court 13 shall take into consideration the ability of the defendant to pay, 14 and no defendant shall be denied discharge onto parole because 15 of his or her inability to pay. SEC. 21. Section 3053.8 is added to the Penal Code, to read: 16 17 3053.8. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when

a person is released on parole after having served a term of
imprisonment for any of the offenses specified in subdivision (b)
in which one or more of the victims was under 14 years of age,
and for which registration is required pursuant to the Sex Offender
Registration Act, it shall be a condition of parole that the person
may not, during his or her period of parole, enter any park where

children regularly gather without the express permission of his orher parole agent.

(b) Subdivision (a) shall apply to persons released on parole
after having served a term of imprisonment for an offense specified
in Section 261, 262, 264.1, 269, 286, 288a, paragraph (1) of
subdivision (b) of Section 288, 288.5, 288.7, 289, subdivision (c)
of Section 667.51, subdivision (j), (k), or (l) of Section 667.61, or
667.71.

32 SEC. 22. Section 9003 is added to the Penal Code, to read:

33 9003. (a) On or before July 1, 2011, the board shall develop
34 and update standards for certification of sex offender management

35 professionals. All those professionals who enter into contracts

36 with a probation department or the Department of Corrections

37 and Rehabilitation to provide sex offender management programs

38 and risk assessments, pursuant to Section 290.09, shall be certified

39 by the board according to these standards. The standards shall

be published on the board's Internet Web site. Professionals may
 apply to the board for certification on or after August 1, 2011.

3 (1) The board shall require any person who applies for

4 certification to provide sex offender management services pursuant

5 to Section 290.09 to submit a complete set of his or her fingerprints.

6 The board shall forward any such fingerprints received pursuant

7 to paragraph (2), to the Department of Justice for use in conducting

8 a state criminal history record check and for transmittal to the
9 Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history

10 record check.

11 (2) The board shall require any person who applies for 12 certification under this section to submit information relevant to

13 the applicant's fitness to provide sex offender management 14 services.

15 (3) The board shall assess a fee to the applicant not to exceed 16 one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per application.

17 (b) On or before July 1, 2011, the board shall develop and 18 update standards for certification of sex offender management 19 programs, which shall include treatment, as specified, and dynamic

20 and future violence risk assessments pursuant to Section 290.09.

21 The standards shall be published on the board's Internet Web site.

22 All those programs shall include polygraph examinations by a

23 certified polygraph examiner, which shall be conducted as needed

24 during the period that the offender is in the sex offender 25 management program. Only certified sex offender management

26 professionals whose programs meet the standards set by the board

27 are eligible to enter into contracts with probation and parole to

28 provide sex offender management programs pursuant to Section

29 290.09.

30 (c) On or before July 1, 2011, the board shall develop and 31 update standards for certification of polygraph examiners. The 32 standards shall be published on the board's Internet Web site.

33 SEC. 23. Section 13887 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
34 13887. (a) Any county may establish and implement a sexual

assault felony enforcement (SAFE) team program pursuant to theprovisions of this chapter.

37 (b) The Legislature finds and declares that identifying and

38 developing reliable and sustainable funding for SAFE teams

39 established by this chapter, including those established in rural

- 1 and regional areas, is critical for reducing sexual assaults in 2 California.
- 3 SEC. 24. Section 18846.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 4 is amended to read:
- 5 18846.3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b),
- 6 this article shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2011, and
- 7 as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is
- 8 enacted before the applicable date, deletes or extends that date.
- 9 <del>(b)</del>
- 10 *18846.3.* (*a*) (1) By September 1, 2006, and by September 1
- 11 of each subsequent calendar year that the California Sexual 12 Violence Victim Services Fund appears on a tax return, the
- 13 Franchise Tax Board shall do all of the following:
- 14 (A) Determine the minimum contribution amount required to
- be received during the next calendar year for the fund to appearon the tax return for the taxable year that includes that next calendarvear.
- (B) Provide written notification to the California Coalition
  Against Sexual Assault of the amount determined in subparagraph
  (A).
- (C) Determine whether the amount of contributions estimated
   to be received during the calendar year will equal or exceed the
   minimum contribution amount determined by the Franchise Tax
   Board for the calendar year pursuant to subparagraph (A). The
- 25 Franchise Tax Board shall estimate the amount of contributions
- to be received by using the actual amounts received and an estimate
   of the contributions that will be received by the end of that calendar
   year
- 28 year.
- 29 (2) If the Franchise Tax Board determines that the amount of 30 contributions estimated to be received during a calendar year will
- 30 contributions estimated to be received during a calendar year will31 not at least equal the minimum contribution amount for the calendar
- 32 year, this article is repealed with respect to taxable years beginning
- 33 on or after January 1 of that calendar year.
- 34 (3) For purposes of this section, the minimum contribution 35 amount for a calendar year means two hundred fifty thousand 36 dollars (\$250,000) for the 2007 calendar year or the adjusted 37 minimum contribution amount adjusted pursuant to subdivision 38 (c) (b).
- 39 <del>(c)</del>

(b) For each calendar year, beginning with the 2008 calendar
 year, the Franchise Tax Board shall adjust, on or before September
 1 of that calendar year, the minimum contribution amount specified
 in subdivision-(b) (a) as follows:
 (1) The minimum contribution amount for the calendar year
 shall be an amount equal to the product of the minimum

7 contribution amount for the prior calendar year multiplied by the 8 inflation factor adjustment as specified in paragraph (2) of 9 subdivision (h) of Section 17041, rounded off to the nearest dollar. (2) The inflation factor adjustment used for the calendar year 10 shall be based on the figures for the percentage change in the 11 California Consumer Price Index received on or before August 1 12 of the calendar year pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) 13 14 of Section 17041. 15 (d) Notwithstanding the repeal of this article, any contribution

16 amounts designated pursuant to this article prior to its repeal shall

17 continue to be transferred and disbursed in accordance with this

18 article as in effect immediately prior to that repeal.

19 SEC. 13. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

20 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because

21 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school

22 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or

23 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty

24 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of

25 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within

26 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California

27 Constitution.

28 SEC. 25. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant

29 to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for

30 certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school

31 district because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or

32 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty

33 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of

34 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within

35 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California

36 *Constitution*.

37 *However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that* 

38 this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement

39 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

- 1 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division
- 2 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- 3 <u>SEC. 14.</u>
- 4 SEC. 26. The provisions of this act are severable. If any
- 5 provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity
- 6 shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given
- 7 effect without the invalid provision or application.

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