Assembly Bill No. 2685

CHAPTER 169

An act to amend Section 44237 of the Education Code, relating to teacher credentialing.

[Approved by Governor August 23, 2010. Filed with Secretary of State August 23, 2010.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2685, De La Torre. Charter schools: criminal background of employees and volunteers.

Existing law authorizes the Commission on Teacher Credentialing to issue teaching credentials and services credentials. Existing law defines “adverse action” as the denial of an application for a credential, a private admonition or a public reproof of a credentialholder, or the suspension or revocation of a credential. Existing law requires the commission to send, on a monthly basis, to each private school a list of all teachers who have had their state teaching credential revoked or suspended.

This bill would require the commission instead to make available to each private school a listing of all credentialholders who have had final adverse action taken against their credential.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 44237 of the Education Code is amended to read:

44237. (a) Every person, firm, association, partnership, or corporation offering or conducting private school instruction on the elementary or high school level shall require each applicant for employment in a position requiring contact with minor pupils who does not possess a valid credential issued by the commission or is not currently licensed by another state agency that requires a criminal record summary that directly relates to services provided in a facility described in this section and has background clearance criteria that meets or exceeds the requirements of this section, to submit two sets of fingerprints prepared for submittal by the employer to the Department of Justice for the purpose of obtaining criminal record summary information from the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(b) (1) As used in this section, “employer” means every person, firm, association, partnership, or corporation offering or conducting private school instruction on the elementary or high school level.

(2) As use in this section, “employment” means the act of engaging the services of a person, who will have contact with pupils, to work in a position
at a private school at the elementary or high school level on or after
September 30, 1997, on a regular, paid full-time basis, regular, paid part-time
basis or paid full- or part-time seasonal basis.

(3) As used in this section, “applicant” means any person who is seriously
being considered for employment by an employer.

(4) This section does not apply to a secondary school pupil working at
the school he or she attends or a parent or legal guardian working exclusively
with his or her children.

(c) (1) Upon receiving the identification cards, the Department of Justice
shall ascertain whether the applicant has been arrested or convicted of any
crime insofar as that fact can be ascertained from information available to
the department and forward the information to the employer submitting the
fingerprint cards no more than 15 working days after receiving the identifications
cards. The Department of Justice shall not forward information regarding
criminal proceedings that did not result in a conviction but shall forward
information on arrests pending adjudication.

(2) Upon implementation of an electronic fingerprinting system with
terminals located statewide and managed by the Department of Justice, the
Department of Justice shall ascertain the information required pursuant to
this subdivision within three working days. If the Department of Justice
cannot ascertain the information required pursuant to this subdivision within
three working days, the department shall notify the employer submitting
the fingerprints that it cannot so ascertain the required information. This
notification shall be delivered by telephone or electronic mail to the employer
submitting the fingerprints. If the employer submitting the fingerprints is
notified by the Department of Justice that it cannot ascertain the required
information about a person, the employer may not employ that person until
the Department of Justice ascertains that information.

(3) The Department of Justice shall review the criminal record summary
it obtains from the Federal Bureau of Investigation to ascertain whether an
applicant for employment has a conviction, or an arrest pending final
adjudication, for any sex offense, controlled substance offense, crime of
violence, or serious or violent felony. The Department of Justice shall
provide written notification to the private school employer only as to whether
an applicant for employment has any convictions, or arrests pending final
adjudication, for any of these crimes.

(d) An employer shall not employ a person until the Department of Justice
completes its check of the state criminal history file as set forth in this
section.

(e) (1) An employer shall not employ a person who has been convicted
of a violent or serious felony or a person who would be prohibited from
employment by a public school district pursuant to any provision of this
code because of his or her conviction for any crime.

(2) A person who would be prohibited from employment by a private
school pursuant to paragraph (1) may not, on or after July 1, 1999, own or
operate a private school offering instruction on the elementary or high school
level.
(f) An employer shall request subsequent arrest service from the Department of Justice as provided under Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code.

(g) This section applies to any violent or serious offense which, if committed in this state, would have been punishable as a violent or serious felony.

(h) For purposes of this section, a violent felony is any felony listed in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code and a serious felony is any felony listed in subdivision (c) of Section 1192.7 of the Penal Code.

(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (e), a person shall not be denied employment or terminated from employment solely on the basis that the person has been convicted of a violent or serious felony if the person has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation and pardon pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code.

(j) Notwithstanding subdivision (e), a person shall not be denied employment or terminated from employment solely on the basis that the person has been convicted of a serious felony that is not also a violent felony if that person can prove to the sentencing court of the offense in question, by clear and convincing evidence, that he or she has been rehabilitated for the purposes of school employment for at least one year. If the offense in question occurred outside this state, then the person may seek a finding of rehabilitation from the court in the county in which he or she is a resident.

(k) The commission shall make available to each private school a listing of all credentialholders who have had final adverse action taken against their credential. The information shall be identical to that made available to public schools in the state. The commission shall also send on a quarterly basis a complete and updated list of all teachers who have had their teaching credentials revoked or suspended, excluding teachers who have had their credentials reinstated, or who are deceased.

(l) The Department of Justice may charge a reasonable fee to cover costs associated with the processing, reviewing, and supplying of the criminal record summary as required by this section. In no event shall the fee exceed the actual costs incurred by the department.

(m) Where reasonable access to the statewide, electronic fingerprinting network is available, the Department of Justice may mandate electronic submission of the fingerprints and related information required by this section.

(n) All information obtained from the Department of Justice is confidential. Agencies handling Department of Justice information shall ensure the following:

1. No recipient shall disclose its contents or provide copies of information.

2. Information received shall be stored in a locked file separate from other files, and shall only be accessible to the custodian of records.

3. Information received shall be destroyed upon the hiring determination in accordance with subdivision (a) of Section 708 of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations.
(4) Compliance with destruction, storage, dissemination, auditing, backgrounding, and training requirements as set forth in Sections 700 through 708, inclusive, of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations and Section 11077 of Penal Code governing the use and security of criminal offender record information is the responsibility of the entity receiving the information from the Department of Justice.