An act to amend Section 75129 of the Public Resources Code, relating to natural resources.

[Approved by Governor September 30, 2010. Filed with Secretary of State September 30, 2010.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1006, Pavley. Natural resources: climate change: Strategic Growth Council.

Existing law requires the Strategic Growth Council to take certain actions with regard to coordinating programs of member state agencies to improve air and water quality, improve natural resource protection, increase the availability of affordable housing, improve transportation, meet the goals of the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, encourage sustainable land use planning, and revitalize urban and community centers in a sustainable manner. Existing law defines certain terms for the purposes of the Strategic Growth Council.

Existing law requires the council, to support the planning and development of sustainable communities, to manage and award financial assistance to a city, county, or nonprofit organization, and other entities, for the preparation, planning, and implementation of specified urban greening projects and the creation of urban greening plans, as specified.

This bill would, instead, require the council to manage and award revolving loans or grants to a city, county, special district, nonprofit organization, or entity formed under a joint powers agreement. The bill would require that these revolving loans or grants be awarded for urban greening plans and projects.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 75129 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

75129. (a) To support the planning and development of sustainable communities, the council shall manage and award financial assistance to a city, county, special district, nonprofit organization, or entity formed pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6500) of Division 7 of the Government Code, if at least one of the parties to the joint powers agreement qualifies as an eligible applicant, for the preparation, planning, and implementation of an urban greening project that provides multiple benefits, including, but not limited to, a decrease in air and water pollution, a reduction
in the consumption of natural resources and energy, an increase in the
reliability of local water supplies, or an increased adaptability to climate
change. An eligible project funded pursuant to this section shall not include
a mitigation action that is required under existing law. The financial
assistance provided pursuant to this section shall be funded from moneys
made available pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 75065.

(b) The council shall develop minimum requirements for funding eligible
projects pursuant to this section, which shall require a project to meet at
least one of the following criteria:

(1) Use natural systems, or systems that mimic natural systems, to achieve
the benefits identified in subdivision (a).

(2) Create, enhance, or expand community green spaces.

(c) The multiple benefits of a project, may include, but are not limited
to, the establishment or enhancement of one or more of the following:

(1) Tree canopy.

(2) Urban forestry.

(3) Local parks and open space.

(4) Greening of existing public lands and structures, including schools.

(5) Multi-objective stormwater projects, including construction of
permeable surfaces and collection basins and barriers.

(6) Urban streams, including restoration.

(7) Community, demonstration, or outdoor education gardens and
orchards.

(8) Urban heat island mitigation and energy conservation efforts through
landscaping and green roof projects.

(9) Nonmotorized urban trails that provide safe routes for both recreation
and travel between residences, workplaces, commercial centers, and schools.

(d) The council shall give additional consideration to a funding project
pursuant to this section that meets one or more of the following criteria:

(1) The project uses interagency cooperation and integration.

(2) The project uses existing public lands and facilitates use of public
resources and investments including schools.

(3) The project is proposed by an economically disadvantaged community.

(e) Up to 25 percent of the moneys allocated pursuant to subdivision (a)
of Section 75065 may be used to award revolving loans or grants to a city,
county, special district, nonprofit organization, council of governments,
metropolitan planning organization, or entity formed pursuant to Chapter
5 (commencing with Section 6500) of Division 7 of the Government Code,
if at least one of the parties to the joint powers agreement qualifies as an
eligible applicant, for the purpose of creating urban greening plans that will
serve as the master document guiding and coordinating greening projects
in the applicant’s jurisdiction. These urban greening plans shall be consistent
with the jurisdiction’s general plan or regional plan, where one exists.