

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 13, 2010

SENATE BILL

No. 1088

Introduced by Senator Price

February 17, 2010

An act to amend Section 1373 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 10277 of the Insurance Code, relating to health care.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1088, as amended, Price. Health care coverage.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Knox-Keene Act), provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care, and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Existing law requires that every health care service plan contract or group health insurance policy that provides for termination of coverage of a dependent child upon attainment of the limiting age for dependent children shall also provide that attainment of the limiting age shall not terminate the coverage of a child under certain conditions.

This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to conform state law regarding dependent coverage under health care service plan contracts and health insurance policies to recently enacted federal legislation, including defining a dependent to be a child up to 26 years of age, regardless of marital status, whether he or she has children, state of residency, employment status, or income level.

This bill would *also* prohibit, with a specified exception, the limiting age for dependent children covered by these health care service plan contracts and group health insurance policies from being less than ~~27~~ 26 years of age. The bill would ~~also~~ provide that no employer is required

to pay the cost of coverage for dependents who are at least 23 years of age, but less than ~~27~~ 26 years of age. The bill instead would authorize subscribers and insureds to elect to provide coverage to those dependents by contributing the premium for that coverage.

Because this bill would specify additional requirements under the Knox-Keene Act, the willful violation of which would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. *It is the intent of the Legislature to enact*
 2 *legislation conforming the requirements for health care service*
 3 *plan contracts and health insurance policies in this state pertaining*
 4 *to coverage of dependent children to the requirements of the federal*
 5 *Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148),*
 6 *including:*
 7 (a) *Requiring all group health care service plan contracts and*
 8 *group health insurance policies to offer dependent care coverage.*
 9 (b) *Defining a dependent to be a child up to 26 years of age,*
 10 *regardless of marital status, employment status, income level, state*
 11 *of residency, or whether he or she has children.*
 12 (c) *Allowing parents to elect to cover dependents under their*
 13 *plan or policy even after that dependent has ceased to be covered*
 14 *under that plan or policy. These dependents would not be deemed*
 15 *late enrollees or subject to medical underwriting.*
 16 (d) *Requiring plans and policies to cover a dependent regardless*
 17 *of any pre-existing medical conditions of the dependent, until*
 18 *January 1, 2014.*
 19 (e) *Authorizing, but not requiring, employers to contribute a*
 20 *portion of the premium for an employee's covered dependents.*
 21 (f) *Requiring a plan or policy that provides the vision, dental,*
 22 *or vision and dental coverage, to extend that same coverage to the*
 23 *covered dependents.*

1 SECTION 1.

2 SEC. 2. Section 1373 of the Health and Safety Code is amended
3 to read:

4 1373. (a) A plan contract may not provide an exception for
5 other coverage if the other coverage is entitlement to Medi-Cal
6 benefits under Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) or
7 Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) of Part 3 of Division
8 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or Medicaid benefits under
9 Subchapter 19 (commencing with Section 1396) of Chapter 7 of
10 Title 42 of the United States Code.

11 Each plan contract shall be interpreted not to provide an
12 exception for the Medi-Cal or Medicaid benefits.

13 A plan contract shall not provide an exemption for enrollment
14 because of an applicant's entitlement to Medi-Cal benefits under
15 Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) or Chapter 8
16 (commencing with Section 14200) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the
17 Welfare and Institutions Code, or Medicaid benefits under
18 Subchapter 19 (commencing with Section 1396) of Chapter 7 of
19 Title 42 of the United States Code.

20 A plan contract may not provide that the benefits payable
21 thereunder are subject to reduction if the individual insured has
22 entitlement to the Medi-Cal or Medicaid benefits.

23 (b) A plan contract that provides coverage, whether by specific
24 benefit or by the effect of general wording, for sterilization
25 operations or procedures shall not impose any disclaimer,
26 restriction on, or limitation of, coverage relative to the covered
27 individual's reason for sterilization.

28 As used in this section, "sterilization operations or procedures"
29 shall have the same meaning as that specified in Section 10120 of
30 the Insurance Code.

31 (c) Every plan contract that provides coverage to the spouse or
32 dependents of the subscriber or spouse shall grant immediate
33 accident and sickness coverage, from and after the moment of
34 birth, to each newborn infant of any subscriber or spouse covered
35 and to each minor child placed for adoption from and after the date
36 on which the adoptive child's birth parent or other appropriate
37 legal authority signs a written document, including, but not limited
38 to, a health facility minor release report, a medical authorization
39 form, or a relinquishment form, granting the subscriber or spouse
40 the right to control health care for the adoptive child or, absent

1 this written document, on the date there exists evidence of the
2 subscriber's or spouse's right to control the health care of the child
3 placed for adoption. No plan may be entered into or amended if it
4 contains any disclaimer, waiver, or other limitation of coverage
5 relative to the coverage or insurability of newborn infants of, or
6 children placed for adoption with, a subscriber or spouse covered
7 as required by this subdivision.

8 (d) (1) Every plan contract that provides that coverage of a
9 dependent child of a subscriber shall terminate upon attainment
10 of the limiting age for dependent children specified in the plan,
11 shall also provide that attainment of the limiting age shall not
12 operate to terminate the coverage of the child while the child is
13 and continues to meet both of the following criteria:

14 (A) Incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of a
15 physically or mentally disabling injury, illness, or condition.

16 (B) Chiefly dependent upon the subscriber for support and
17 maintenance.

18 (2) The plan shall notify the subscriber that the dependent child's
19 coverage will terminate upon attainment of the limiting age unless
20 the subscriber submits proof of the criteria described in
21 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) to the plan within 60
22 days of the date of receipt of the notification. The plan shall send
23 this notification to the subscriber at least 90 days prior to the date
24 the child attains the limiting age. Upon receipt of a request by the
25 subscriber for continued coverage of the child and proof of the
26 criteria described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1),
27 the plan shall determine whether the child meets that criteria before
28 the child attains the limiting age. If the plan fails to make the
29 determination by that date, it shall continue coverage of the child
30 pending its determination.

31 (3) The plan may subsequently request information about a
32 dependent child whose coverage is continued beyond the limiting
33 age under this subdivision but not more frequently than annually
34 after the two-year period following the child's attainment of the
35 limiting age.

36 (4) If the subscriber changes carriers to another plan or to a
37 health insurer, the new plan or insurer shall continue to provide
38 coverage for the dependent child. The new plan or insurer may
39 request information about the dependent child initially and not
40 more frequently than annually thereafter to determine if the child

1 continues to satisfy the criteria in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of
2 paragraph (1). The subscriber shall submit the information
3 requested by the new plan or insurer within 60 days of receiving
4 the request.

5 (5) Except as specified in this paragraph, under no circumstances
6 shall the limiting age be less than ~~27~~ 26 years of age. Nothing in
7 this section shall require employers to pay the cost of coverage for
8 dependents who are at least 23 years of age, but less than ~~27~~ 26
9 years of age. Subscribers may elect to provide coverage to those
10 dependents who are at least 23 years of age, but are less than ~~27~~
11 26 years of age, provided they contribute the premium for that
12 coverage. The provision requiring the limiting age to be a minimum
13 of ~~27~~ 26 years of age shall not be effective for employment
14 contracts subject to collective bargaining that are effective prior
15 to January 1, 2011. Any employment contract subject to collective
16 bargaining that is issued, amended, or renewed on or after January
17 1, 2011, shall be subject to this paragraph.

18 (e) A plan contract that provides coverage, whether by specific
19 benefit or by the effect of general wording, for both an employee
20 and one or more covered persons dependent upon the employee
21 and provides for an extension of the coverage for any period
22 following a termination of employment of the employee shall also
23 provide that this extension of coverage shall apply to dependents
24 upon the same terms and conditions precedent as applied to the
25 covered employee, for the same period of time, subject to payment
26 of premiums, if any, as required by the terms of the policy and
27 subject to any applicable collective bargaining agreement.

28 (f) A group contract shall not discriminate against handicapped
29 persons or against groups containing handicapped persons. Nothing
30 in this subdivision shall preclude reasonable provisions in a plan
31 contract against liability for services or reimbursement of the
32 handicap condition or conditions relating thereto, as may be
33 allowed by rules of the director.

34 (g) Every group contract shall set forth the terms and conditions
35 under which subscribers and enrollees may remain in the plan in
36 the event the group ceases to exist, the group contract is terminated,
37 or an individual subscriber leaves the group, or the enrollees'
38 eligibility status changes.

39 (h) (1) A health care service plan or specialized health care
40 service plan may provide for coverage of, or for payment for,

1 professional mental health services, or vision care services, or for
2 the exclusion of these services. If the terms and conditions include
3 coverage for services provided in a general acute care hospital or
4 an acute psychiatric hospital as defined in Section 1250 and do
5 not restrict or modify the choice of providers, the coverage shall
6 extend to care provided by a psychiatric health facility as defined
7 in Section 1250.2 operating pursuant to licensure by the State
8 Department of Mental Health. A health care service plan that offers
9 outpatient mental health services but does not cover these services
10 in all of its group contracts shall communicate to prospective group
11 contractholders as to the availability of outpatient coverage for the
12 treatment of mental or nervous disorders.

13 (2) No plan shall prohibit the member from selecting any
14 psychologist who is licensed pursuant to the Psychology Licensing
15 Law (Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 2900) of Division 2
16 of the Business and Professions Code), any optometrist who is the
17 holder of a certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing
18 with Section 3000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions
19 Code or, upon referral by a physician and surgeon licensed pursuant
20 to the Medical Practice Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section
21 2000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code), (A)
22 any marriage and family therapist who is the holder of a license
23 under Section 4980.50 of the Business and Professions Code, (B)
24 any licensed clinical social worker who is the holder of a license
25 under Section 4996 of the Business and Professions Code, (C) any
26 registered nurse licensed pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with
27 Section 2700) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code,
28 who possesses a master’s degree in psychiatric-mental health
29 nursing and is listed as a psychiatric-mental health nurse by the
30 Board of Registered Nursing, or (D) any advanced practice
31 registered nurse certified as a clinical nurse specialist pursuant to
32 Article 9 (commencing with Section 2838) of Chapter 6 of Division
33 2 of the Business and Professions Code who participates in expert
34 clinical practice in the specialty of psychiatric-mental health
35 nursing, to perform the particular services covered under the terms
36 of the plan, and the certificate holder is expressly authorized by
37 law to perform these services.

38 (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow any
39 certificate holder or licensee enumerated in this section to perform
40 professional mental health services beyond his or her field or fields

1 of competence as established by his or her education, training, and
2 experience.

3 (4) For the purposes of this section, “marriage and family
4 therapist” means a licensed marriage and family therapist who has
5 received specific instruction in assessment, diagnosis, prognosis,
6 and counseling, and psychotherapeutic treatment of premarital,
7 marriage, family, and child relationship dysfunctions that is
8 equivalent to the instruction required for licensure on January 1,
9 1981.

10 (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a member
11 to select and obtain mental health or psychological or vision care
12 services from a certificate holder or licenseholder who is not
13 directly affiliated with or under contract to the health care service
14 plan or specialized health care service plan to which the member
15 belongs. All health care service plans and individual practice
16 associations that offer mental health benefits shall make reasonable
17 efforts to make available to their members the services of licensed
18 psychologists. However, a failure of a plan or association to comply
19 with the requirements of the preceding sentence shall not constitute
20 a misdemeanor.

21 (6) As used in this subdivision, “individual practice association”
22 means an entity as defined in subsection (5) of Section 1307 of
23 the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300e-1(5)).

24 (7) Health care service plan coverage for professional mental
25 health services may include community residential treatment
26 services that are alternatives to inpatient care and that are directly
27 affiliated with the plan or to which enrollees are referred by
28 providers affiliated with the plan.

29 (i) If the plan utilizes arbitration to settle disputes, the plan
30 contracts shall set forth the type of disputes subject to arbitration,
31 the process to be utilized, and how it is to be initiated.

32 (j) A plan contract that provides benefits that accrue after a
33 certain time of confinement in a health care facility shall specify
34 what constitutes a day of confinement or the number of consecutive
35 hours of confinement that are requisite to the commencement of
36 benefits.

37 (k) If a plan provides coverage for a dependent child who is
38 over 18 years of age and enrolled as a full-time student at a
39 secondary or postsecondary educational institution, the following
40 shall apply:

1 (1) Any break in the school calendar shall not disqualify the
 2 dependent child from coverage.

3 (2) If the dependent child takes a medical leave of absence, and
 4 the nature of the dependent child’s injury, illness, or condition
 5 would render the dependent child incapable of self-sustaining
 6 employment, the provisions of subdivision (d) shall apply if the
 7 dependent child is chiefly dependent on the subscriber for support
 8 and maintenance.

9 (3) (A) If the dependent child takes a medical leave of absence
 10 from school, but the nature of the dependent child’s injury, illness,
 11 or condition does not meet the requirements of paragraph (2), the
 12 dependent child’s coverage shall not terminate for a period not to
 13 exceed 12 months or until the date on which the coverage is
 14 scheduled to terminate pursuant to the terms and conditions of the
 15 plan, whichever comes first. The period of coverage under this
 16 paragraph shall commence on the first day of the medical leave of
 17 absence from the school or on the date the physician determines
 18 the illness prevented the dependent child from attending school,
 19 whichever comes first. Any break in the school calendar shall not
 20 disqualify the dependent child from coverage under this paragraph.

21 (B) Documentation or certification of the medical necessity for
 22 a leave of absence from school shall be submitted to the plan at
 23 least 30 days prior to the medical leave of absence from the school,
 24 if the medical reason for the absence and the absence are
 25 foreseeable, or 30 days after the start date of the medical leave of
 26 absence from school and shall be considered prima facie evidence
 27 of entitlement to coverage under this paragraph.

28 (4) This subdivision shall not apply to a specialized health care
 29 service plan or to a Medicare supplement plan.

30 ~~SEC. 2.~~

31 *SEC. 3.* Section 10277 of the Insurance Code is amended to
 32 read:

33 10277. (a) A group health insurance policy that provides that
 34 coverage of a dependent child of an employee or other member of
 35 the covered group shall terminate upon attainment of the limiting
 36 age for dependent children specified in the policy, shall also
 37 provide that attainment of the limiting age shall not operate to
 38 terminate the coverage of the child while the child is and continues
 39 to meet both of the following criteria:

1 (1) Incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of a
2 physically or mentally disabling injury, illness, or condition.

3 (2) Chiefly dependent upon the employee or member for support
4 and maintenance.

5 (b) The insurer shall notify the employee or member that the
6 dependent child's coverage will terminate upon attainment of the
7 limiting age unless the employee or member submits proof of the
8 criteria described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) to
9 the insurer within 60 days of the date of receipt of the notification.

10 The insurer shall send this notification to the employee or member
11 at least 90 days prior to the date the child attains the limiting age.
12 Upon receipt of a request by the employee or member for continued
13 coverage of the child and proof of the criteria described in
14 paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a), the insurer shall
15 determine whether the dependent child meets that criteria before
16 the child attains the limiting age. If the insurer fails to make the
17 determination by that date, it shall continue coverage of the child
18 pending its determination.

19 (c) The insurer may subsequently request information about a
20 dependent child whose coverage is continued beyond the limiting
21 age under subdivision (a), but not more frequently than annually
22 after the two-year period following the child's attainment of the
23 limiting age.

24 (d) If the employee or member changes carriers to another
25 insurer or to a health care service plan, the new insurer or plan
26 shall continue to provide coverage for the dependent child. The
27 new plan or insurer may request information about the dependent
28 child initially and not more frequently than annually thereafter to
29 determine if the child continues to satisfy the criteria in paragraphs
30 (1) and (2) of subdivision (a). The employee or member shall
31 submit the information requested by the new plan or insurer within
32 60 days of receiving the request.

33 (e) If a group health insurance policy provides coverage for a
34 dependent child who is over 18 years of age and enrolled as a
35 full-time student at a secondary or postsecondary educational
36 institution, the following shall apply:

37 (1) Any break in the school calendar shall not disqualify the
38 dependent child from coverage.

39 (2) If the dependent child takes a medical leave of absence, and
40 the nature of the dependent child's injury, illness, or condition

1 would render the dependent child incapable of self-sustaining
2 employment, the provisions of subdivision (a) shall apply if the
3 dependent child is chiefly dependent on the policyholder for
4 support and maintenance.

5 (3) (A) If the dependent child takes a medical leave of absence
6 from school, but the nature of the dependent child's injury, illness,
7 or condition does not meet the requirements of paragraph (2), the
8 dependent child's coverage shall not terminate for a period not to
9 exceed 12 months or until the date on which the coverage is
10 scheduled to terminate pursuant to the terms and conditions of the
11 policy, whichever comes first. The period of coverage under this
12 paragraph shall commence on the first day of the medical leave of
13 absence from the school or on the date the physician determines
14 the illness prevented the dependent child from attending school,
15 whichever comes first. Any break in the school calendar shall not
16 disqualify the dependent child from coverage under this paragraph.

17 (B) Documentation or certification of the medical necessity for
18 a leave of absence from school shall be submitted to the insurer
19 at least 30 days prior to the medical leave of absence from the
20 school, if the medical reason for the absence and the absence are
21 foreseeable, or 30 days after the start date of the medical leave of
22 absence from school and shall be considered prima facie evidence
23 of entitlement to coverage under this paragraph.

24 (4) This subdivision shall not apply to a policy of specialized
25 health insurance, Medicare supplement insurance,
26 CHAMPUS-supplement or TRICARE-supplement insurance
27 policies, or to hospital-only, accident-only, or specified disease
28 insurance policies that reimburse for hospital, medical, or surgical
29 benefits.

30 (f) Except as specified in this subdivision, under no
31 circumstances shall the limiting age under subdivision (a) be less
32 than ~~27~~ 26 years of age. Nothing in this section shall require
33 employers to pay the cost of coverage for dependents who are at
34 least 23 years of age, but are less than ~~27~~ 26 years of age.
35 Employees or members may elect to provide coverage to those
36 dependents who are at least 23 years of age, but less than ~~27~~ 26
37 years of age, provided they contribute the premium for that
38 coverage. The provision requiring the limiting age to be a minimum
39 of ~~27~~ 26 years of age shall not be effective for employment
40 contracts subject to collective bargaining that are effective prior

1 to January 1, 2011. Any employment contract subject to collective
2 bargaining that is issued, amended, or renewed on or after January
3 1, 2011, shall be subject to the provisions of this subdivision.

4 ~~SEC. 3.~~

5 *SEC. 4.* No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
6 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
7 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
8 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
9 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
10 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
11 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
12 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
13 Constitution.