

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 2, 2011
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 8, 2011
CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2011–12 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 240

Introduced by Assembly Member Bonilla

February 3, 2011

An act to amend Sections 98 and 1194.2 of the Labor Code, relating to employment.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 240, as amended, Bonilla. Compensation recovery actions: liquidated damages.

Existing law authorizes the Labor Commissioner, who is the Chief of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, to investigate employee complaints and to provide for a hearing in any action to recover wages, penalties, and other demands for compensation properly before the commissioner or the division and to determine all matters arising under his or her jurisdiction.

Existing law permits an employee to recover liquidated damages in a court action alleging payment of less than the state minimum wage.

This bill would permit an employee to recover liquidated damages pursuant to a complaint brought before the Labor Commissioner alleging payment of less than the minimum wage fixed by an order of the Industrial Welfare Commission or by statute.

This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 1194.2 of the Labor Code proposed by AB 197, to be operative only if AB 197 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January

1, 2012, both bills amend Section 1194.2, and this bill is enacted after AB 197.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 98 of the Labor Code is amended to read:
2 98. (a) The Labor Commissioner is authorized to investigate
3 employee complaints. The Labor Commissioner may provide for
4 a hearing in any action to recover wages, penalties, and other
5 demands for compensation, including liquidated damages if the
6 complaint alleges payment of a wage less than the minimum wage
7 fixed by an order of the Industrial Welfare Commission or by
8 statute, properly before the division or the Labor Commissioner,
9 including orders of the Industrial Welfare Commission, and shall
10 determine all matters arising under his or her jurisdiction. It is
11 within the jurisdiction of the Labor Commissioner to accept and
12 determine claims from holders of payroll checks or payroll drafts
13 returned unpaid because of insufficient funds, if, after a diligent
14 search, the holder is unable to return the dishonored check or draft
15 to the payee and recover the sums paid out. Within 30 days of the
16 filing of the complaint, the Labor Commissioner shall notify the
17 parties as to whether a hearing will be held, whether action will
18 be taken in accordance with Section 98.3, or whether no further
19 action will be taken on the complaint. If the determination is made
20 by the Labor Commissioner to hold a hearing, the hearing shall
21 be held within 90 days of the date of that determination. However,
22 the Labor Commissioner may postpone or grant additional time
23 before setting a hearing if the Labor Commissioner finds that it
24 would lead to an equitable and just resolution of the dispute.
25 It is the intent of the Legislature that hearings held pursuant to
26 this section be conducted in an informal setting preserving the
27 right of the parties.
28 (b) When a hearing is set, a copy of the complaint, which shall
29 include the amount of compensation requested, together with a
30 notice of time and place of the hearing, shall be served on all
31 parties, personally or by certified mail, or in the manner specified
32 in Section 415.20 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1 (c) Within 10 days after service of the notice and the complaint,
2 a defendant may file an answer with the Labor Commissioner in
3 any form as the Labor Commissioner may prescribe, setting forth
4 the particulars in which the complaint is inaccurate or incomplete
5 and the facts upon which the defendant intends to rely.

6 (d) No pleading other than the complaint and answer of the
7 defendant or defendants shall be required. Both shall be in writing
8 and shall conform to the form and the rules of practice and
9 procedure adopted by the Labor Commissioner.

10 (e) Evidence on matters not pleaded in the answer shall be
11 allowed only on terms and conditions the Labor Commissioner
12 shall impose. In all these cases, the claimant shall be entitled to a
13 continuance for purposes of review of the new evidence.

14 (f) If the defendant fails to appear or answer within the time
15 allowed under this chapter, no default shall be taken against him
16 or her, but the Labor Commissioner shall hear the evidence offered
17 and shall issue an order, decision, or award in accordance with the
18 evidence. A defendant failing to appear or answer, or subsequently
19 contending to be aggrieved in any manner by want of notice of the
20 pendency of the proceedings, may apply to the Labor
21 Commissioner for relief in accordance with Section 473 of the
22 Code of Civil Procedure. The Labor Commissioner may afford
23 this relief. No right to relief, including the claim that the findings
24 or award of the Labor Commissioner or judgment entered thereon
25 are void upon their face, shall accrue to the defendant in any court
26 unless prior application is made to the Labor Commissioner in
27 accordance with this chapter.

28 (g) All hearings conducted pursuant to this chapter are governed
29 by the division and by the rules of practice and procedure adopted
30 by the Labor Commissioner.

31 (h) (1) Whenever a claim is filed under this chapter against a
32 person operating or doing business under a fictitious business
33 name, as defined in Section 17900 of the Business and Professions
34 Code, which relates to the person's business, the division shall
35 inquire at the time of the hearing whether the name of the person
36 is the legal name under which the business or person has been
37 licensed, registered, incorporated, or otherwise authorized to do
38 business.

39 (2) The division may amend an order, decision, or award to
40 conform to the legal name of the business or the person who is the

1 defendant to a wage claim, if it can be shown that proper service
2 was made on the defendant or his or her agent, unless a judgment
3 had been entered on the order, decision, or award pursuant to
4 subdivision (d) of Section 98.2. The Labor Commissioner may
5 apply to the clerk of the superior court to amend a judgment that
6 has been issued pursuant to a final order, decision, or award to
7 conform to the legal name of the defendant, if it can be shown that
8 proper service was made on the defendant or his or her agent.

9 SEC. 2. Section 1194.2 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

10 1194.2. (a) In any action under Section 98, 1193.6, or 1194
11 to recover wages because of the payment of a wage less than the
12 minimum wage fixed by an order of the commission or by statute,
13 an employee shall be entitled to recover liquidated damages in an
14 amount equal to the wages unlawfully unpaid and interest thereon.
15 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to authorize the
16 recovery of liquidated damages for failure to pay overtime
17 compensation.

18 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), if the employer
19 demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court or the Labor
20 Commissioner that the act or omission giving rise to the action
21 was in good faith and that the employer had reasonable grounds
22 for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of any
23 provision of the Labor Code relating to minimum wage, or an order
24 of the commission, the court or the Labor Commissioner may, as
25 a matter of discretion, refuse to award liquidated damages or award
26 any amount of liquidated damages not exceeding the amount
27 specified in subdivision (a).

28 (c) This section applies only to civil actions commenced on or
29 after January 1, 1992.

30 SEC. 2.5. *Section 1194.2 of the Labor Code is amended to*
31 *read:*

32 1194.2. (a) In any action under Section 98, 1193.6, or ~~Section~~
33 1194 to recover wages because of the payment of a wage less than
34 the minimum wage fixed by an order of the commission *or by*
35 *statute*, an employee shall be entitled to recover liquidated damages
36 in an amount equal to *twice* the wages unlawfully unpaid and
37 interest thereon. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to
38 authorize the recovery of liquidated damages for failure to pay
39 overtime compensation.

1 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), if the employer
2 demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court *or the Labor*
3 *Commissioner* that the act or omission giving rise to the action
4 was in good faith and that the employer had reasonable grounds
5 for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of any
6 provision of the Labor Code relating to minimum wage, or an order
7 of the commission, the court *or the Labor Commissioner* may, ~~in~~
8 *its as a matter of* discretion, refuse to award liquidated damages
9 or award any amount of liquidated damages not exceeding the
10 amount specified in subdivision (a).

11 (c) This section *applies only* ~~shall apply~~ to civil actions
12 commenced on or after January 1, 1992.

13 *SEC. 3. Section 2.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to*
14 *Section 1194.2 of the Labor Code proposed by both this bill and*
15 *AB 197. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted*
16 *and become effective on or before January 1, 2012, (2) each bill*
17 *amends Section 1194.2 of the Labor Code, and (3) this bill is*
18 *enacted after AB 197, in which case Section 2 of this bill shall not*
19 *become operative.*