

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 598

Introduced by Assembly Member Grove

February 16, 2011

An act to amend Section 21082.2 of the Public Resources Code, relating to the environment.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 598, as introduced, Grove. Environmental quality: environmental impact report.

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.

State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 21082.2 of the Public Resources Code
- 2 is amended to read:
- 3 21082.2. (a) The lead agency shall determine whether a project
- 4 may have a significant effect on the environment based on
- 5 substantial evidence in light of the whole record.
- 6 (b) The existence of public controversy over the environmental
- 7 effects of a project shall not require preparation of an
- 8 environmental impact report if there is no substantial evidence in
- 9 light of the whole record before the lead agency that the project
- 10 may have a significant effect on the environment.
- 11 (c) Argument, speculation, unsubstantiated opinion or narrative,
- 12 evidence ~~which~~ *that* is clearly inaccurate or erroneous, or evidence
- 13 of social or economic impacts ~~which~~ *that* do not contribute to, or
- 14 are not caused by, physical impacts on the environment, is not
- 15 substantial evidence. Substantial evidence shall include facts,
- 16 reasonable assumptions predicated upon facts, and expert opinion
- 17 supported by facts.
- 18 (d) If there is substantial evidence, in light of the whole record
- 19 before the lead agency, that a project may have a significant effect
- 20 on the environment, an environmental impact report shall be
- 21 prepared.
- 22 (e) Statements in an environmental impact report and comments
- 23 with respect to an environmental impact report shall not be deemed
- 24 determinative of whether the project may have a significant effect
- 25 on the environment.

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