

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 14, 2012

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2011–12 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1761

Introduced by Assembly Member John A. Pérez
(Principal Coauthor: Senator Alquist)

February 17, 2012

An act to add Section 100510 to the Government Code, to add Section 1360.5 to the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 790.03 of the Insurance Code, relating to health care coverage.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1761, as amended, John A. Pérez. California Health Benefit Exchange.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Existing law requires the California Health Benefit Exchange (Exchange) to facilitate the purchase of qualified health plans by qualified individuals and qualified small employers by January 1, 2014. Existing law prohibits certain unfair insurance practices specifically and unfair business practices in general.

This bill would prohibit an individual or entity from holding himself, herself, or itself out as representing, constituting, or otherwise providing services on behalf of the Exchange unless that individual or entity has a valid agreement with the Exchange to engage in those activities. The bill would specify that it is an unfair business practice for health care service plans, entities engaged in the solicitation of health care service

plan contracts, and persons engaged in the business of insurance to violate this provision. Because a willful violation of the provisions governing health care service plans is a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 100510 is added to the Government Code,
2 to read:

3 100510. (a) No individual or entity shall hold himself, herself,
4 or itself out as representing, constituting, or otherwise providing
5 services on behalf of the Exchange unless that individual or entity
6 has a valid agreement with the Exchange to engage in those
7 activities.

8 (b) Any individual or entity who aids or abets another individual
9 or entity in violation of this section shall also be in violation of
10 this section.

11 SEC. 2. Section 1360.5 is added to the Health and Safety Code,
12 to read:

13 1360.5. (a) For purposes of this section, "Exchange" means
14 the California Health Benefit Exchange established pursuant to
15 Section 100500 of the Government Code.

16 (b) It is an unfair business practice for a solicitor or solicitor
17 firm to hold himself, herself, or itself out as representing,
18 constituting, or otherwise providing services on behalf of the
19 Exchange unless the solicitor or solicitor firm has a valid agreement
20 with the Exchange to engage in those activities.

21 (c) It is an unfair business practice for a health care service plan
22 to hold itself out as representing, constituting, or otherwise
23 providing services on behalf of the Exchange unless the plan has
24 a valid agreement with the Exchange to engage in those activities.

25 SEC. 3. Section 790.03 of the Insurance Code is amended to
26 read:

1 790.03. The following are hereby defined as unfair methods
2 of competition and unfair and deceptive acts or practices in the
3 business of insurance.

4 (a) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued
5 or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement
6 misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or
7 the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends or
8 share of the surplus to be received thereon, or making any false or
9 misleading statement as to the dividends or share of surplus
10 previously paid on similar policies, or making any misleading
11 representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial condition
12 of any insurer, or as to the legal reserve system upon which any
13 life insurer operates, or using any name or title of any policy or
14 class of policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof, or making
15 any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured in any company
16 for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce the policyholder
17 to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his or her insurance.

18 (b) Making or disseminating or causing to be made or
19 disseminated before the public in this state, in any newspaper or
20 other publication, or any advertising device, or by public outcry
21 or proclamation, or in any other manner or means whatsoever, any
22 statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement
23 with respect to the business of insurance or with respect to any
24 person in the conduct of his or her insurance business, which is
25 untrue, deceptive, or misleading, and which is known, or which
26 by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue,
27 deceptive, or misleading.

28 (c) Entering into any agreement to commit, or by any concerted
29 action committing, any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation
30 resulting in or tending to result in unreasonable restraint of, or
31 monopoly in, the business of insurance.

32 (d) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or
33 making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to
34 any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or
35 indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated,
36 delivered to any person, or placed before the public any false
37 statement of financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive.

38 (e) Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of
39 any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully
40 appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs,

1 or any public official to whom the insurer is required by law to
2 report, or who has authority by law to examine into its condition
3 or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to
4 make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business
5 of the insurer in any book, report, or statement of the insurer.

6 (f) (1) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between
7 individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the
8 rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity
9 or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
10 other of the terms and conditions of the contract.

11 (2) This subdivision shall be interpreted, for any contract of
12 ordinary life insurance or individual life annuity applied for and
13 issued on or after January 1, 1981, to require differentials based
14 upon the sex of the individual insured or annuitant in the rates or
15 dividends or benefits, or any combination thereof. This requirement
16 is satisfied if those differentials are substantially supported by
17 valid pertinent data segregated by sex, including, but not limited
18 to, mortality data segregated by sex.

19 (3) However, for any contract of ordinary life insurance or
20 individual life annuity applied for and issued on or after January
21 1, 1981, but before the compliance date, in lieu of those
22 differentials based on data segregated by sex, rates, or dividends
23 or benefits, or any combination thereof, for ordinary life insurance
24 or individual life annuity on a female life may be calculated as
25 follows: (A) according to an age not less than three years nor more
26 than six years younger than the actual age of the female insured
27 or female annuitant, in the case of a contract of ordinary life
28 insurance with a face value greater than five thousand dollars
29 (\$5,000) or a contract of individual life annuity; and (B) according
30 to an age not more than six years younger than the actual age of
31 the female insured, in the case of a contract of ordinary life
32 insurance with a face value of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or
33 less. "Compliance date" as used in this paragraph shall mean the
34 date or dates established as the operative date or dates by future
35 amendments to this code directing and authorizing life insurers to
36 use a mortality table containing mortality data segregated by sex
37 for the calculation of adjusted premiums and present values for
38 nonforfeiture benefits and valuation reserves as specified in
39 Sections 10163.1 and 10489.2 or successor sections.

1 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, sex-based
2 differentials in rates or dividends or benefits, or any combination
3 thereof, shall not be required for (A) any contract of life insurance
4 or life annuity issued pursuant to arrangements which may be
5 considered terms, conditions, or privileges of employment as these
6 terms are used in Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Public
7 Law 88-352), as amended, and (B) tax sheltered annuities for
8 employees of public schools or of tax-exempt organizations
9 described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 (g) Making or disseminating, or causing to be made or
11 disseminated, before the public in this state, in any newspaper or
12 other publication, or any other advertising device, or by public
13 outcry or proclamation, or in any other manner or means whatever,
14 whether directly or by implication, any statement that a named
15 insurer, or named insurers, are members of the California Insurance
16 Guarantee Association, or insured against insolvency as defined
17 in Section 119.5. This subdivision shall not be interpreted to
18 prohibit any activity of the California Insurance Guarantee
19 Association or the commissioner authorized, directly or by
20 implication, by Article 14.2 (commencing with Section 1063).

21 (h) Knowingly committing or performing with such frequency
22 as to indicate a general business practice any of the following
23 unfair claims settlement practices:

24 (1) Misrepresenting to claimants pertinent facts or insurance
25 policy provisions relating to any coverages at issue.

26 (2) Failing to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly upon
27 communications with respect to claims arising under insurance
28 policies.

29 (3) Failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the
30 prompt investigation and processing of claims arising under
31 insurance policies.

32 (4) Failing to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a
33 reasonable time after proof of loss requirements have been
34 completed and submitted by the insured.

35 (5) Not attempting in good faith to effectuate prompt, fair, and
36 equitable settlements of claims in which liability has become
37 reasonably clear.

38 (6) Compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts
39 due under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than
40 the amounts ultimately recovered in actions brought by the

1 insureds, when the insureds have made claims for amounts
2 reasonably similar to the amounts ultimately recovered.

3 (7) Attempting to settle a claim by an insured for less than the
4 amount to which a reasonable person would have believed he or
5 she was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising
6 material accompanying or made part of an application.

7 (8) Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application
8 ~~which~~ *that* was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent
9 of, the insured, his or her representative, agent, or broker.

10 (9) Failing, after payment of a claim, to inform insureds or
11 beneficiaries, upon request by them, of the coverage under which
12 payment has been made.

13 (10) Making known to insureds or claimants a practice of the
14 insurer of appealing from arbitration awards in favor of insureds
15 or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept
16 settlements or compromises less than the amount awarded in
17 arbitration.

18 (11) Delaying the investigation or payment of claims by
19 requiring an insured, claimant, or the physician of either, to submit
20 a preliminary claim report, and then requiring the subsequent
21 submission of formal proof of loss forms, both of which
22 submissions contain substantially the same information.

23 (12) Failing to settle claims promptly, where liability has become
24 apparent, under one portion of the insurance policy coverage in
25 order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance
26 policy coverage.

27 (13) Failing to provide promptly a reasonable explanation of
28 the basis relied on in the insurance policy, in relation to the facts
29 or applicable law, for the denial of a claim or for the offer of a
30 compromise settlement.

31 (14) Directly advising a claimant not to obtain the services of
32 an attorney.

33 (15) Misleading a claimant as to the applicable statute of
34 limitations.

35 (16) Delaying the payment or provision of hospital, medical,
36 or surgical benefits for services provided with respect to acquired
37 immune deficiency syndrome or AIDS-related complex for more
38 than 60 days after the insurer has received a claim for those
39 benefits, where the delay in claim payment is for the purpose of
40 investigating whether the condition preexisted the coverage.

1 However, this 60-day period shall not include any time during
2 which the insurer is awaiting a response for relevant medical
3 information from a health care provider.

4 (i) Canceling or refusing to renew a policy in violation of
5 Section 676.10.

6 (j) Holding oneself out as representing, constituting, or otherwise
7 providing services on behalf of the California Health Benefit
8 Exchange established pursuant to Section 100500 of the
9 Government Code without a valid agreement with the California
10 Health Benefit Exchange to engage in those activities.

11 ~~SEC. 5.~~

12 *SEC. 4.* No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
13 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
14 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
15 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
16 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
17 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
18 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
19 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
20 Constitution.