AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 31, 2011 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 6, 2011 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 7, 2011

SENATE BILL

No. 46

Introduced by Senator Correa (Coauthor: Assembly Member Smyth)

December 9, 2010

An act to add and repeal Sections 87202.5 and 87302.2 of the Government Code, relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 46, as amended, Correa. Public officials: compensation disclosure. Existing provisions of the Political Reform Act of 1974 require certain persons employed by agencies to file annually a written statement of the economic interests they possess during specified periods. The act requires that state agencies promulgate a conflict of interest code that must contain, among other topics, provisions that require designated employees to file statements disclosing reportable investments, business positions, interests in real property, and income. The act requires that every report and statement filed pursuant to the act is a public record and is open to public inspection.

This bill would, *commencing on January 1, 2013, and continuing* until January 1, 2019, require every *designated employee and other* person, except a candidate for public office, who is required to file a statement of economic interests to include, as a part of that filing, a compensation disclosure form that provides compensation information for the preceding calendar year, as specified. This bill would, until

January 1, 2019, require each designated employee who is required to file statements under a conflict of interest code to include, as a part of that filing, a compensation disclosure form that provides compensation information for the preceding calendar year.

The bill would, *commencing January 1, 2013 and continuing* until January 1, 2019, require each agency to post on that agency's Internet Web site the information contained on the compensation disclosure form filed by a person required to file a statement of economic interest or a designated employee, and the written policy for the reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses.

The bill would require the Controller, on or before October 1, 2011 March 1, 2013, to adopt emergency regulations for the implementation of these requirements, including the format of the compensation disclosure form. The bill would also require the Controller, on or before July 1, -2012 2013, to recommend to the Governor and the Legislature methods for compiling the information contained on a person's or a designated employee's compensation disclosure forms in one or more publicly accessible databases, including specific proposals for establishment, operation, oversight, and funding, as specified.

This bill would authorize the Bureau of State Audits to report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding the implementation and effectiveness of this bill.

The bill would also authorize a district attorney or any interested person to commence an action by mandamus or injunction to enforce the provisions of the bill, as specified.

Existing provisions of the act make a violation of the act subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties.

This bill would impose a state-mandated local program by imposing those criminal penalties on persons who violate the provisions of the bill.

The bill would express a legislative finding and declaration that it addresses the right of access by the people of the state to information concerning the conduct of the people's business.

The bill would express a legislative finding and declaration that, to ensure the statewide integrity of local government, disclosure of compensation paid to public officials and designated employees is an issue of statewide concern and not a municipal affair and that, therefore, all cities, including charter cities, would be subject to the provisions of the bill.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

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This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

The Political Reform Act of 1974, an initiative measure, provides that the Legislature may amend the act to further the act's purposes upon a $\frac{2}{3}$ vote of each house and compliance with specified procedural requirements.

This bill would declare that it furthers the purposes of the act.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 87202.5 is added to the Government 2 Code, to read:

3 87202.5. (a) (1) Every person, except a candidate for public

4 office, who is required to file a statement of economic interests

5 pursuant to Section 87202, shall, as a part of that filing, include a

6 compensation disclosure form that provides compensation7 information for the preceding calendar year.

8 (2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an 9 agency from adopting more extensive procedures and standards 10 relating to the disclosure of compensation information by persons 11 employed by the agency.

(3) If an agency maintains an Internet Web site, it shall post thefollowing information on its Internet Web site:

14 (A) The information contained on the compensation disclosure15 form filed by a person pursuant to this section.

16 (B) The written policy for the reimbursement of actual and 17 necessary expenses adopted pursuant to Section 53232.2, if 18 applicable.

(b) As an alternative to subdivision (a), if an agency maintains
an Internet Web site, it may compile the information required by
subdivision (c) for each person employed by the agency who is

required to a file a statement of economic interests pursuant to

23 Section 87202 and post that information on its Internet Web site.

The information for each of those persons shall be available upon
 request pursuant to Section 81008.

3 (c) (1) On or before October 1, 2011 March 1, 2013, the

4 Controller shall adopt emergency regulations pursuant to Section

5 11346.1 for the implementation of this section, including the format

6 of the compensation disclosure form.

7 (2) The compensation disclosure form shall provide for the 8 disclosure of each of the following:

9 (A) The agency's cost for a person's annual salary or stipend.

10 (B) The agency's cost to provide benefits to a person, including,

11 but not limited to, deferred compensation or defined benefit plans.

(C) The agency's reimbursement payments to a person for actual
 and necessary expenses incurred on behalf of the local agency in
 the performance of official duties.

15 (D) The agency's cost to provide a person with any other 16 monetary or nonmonetary perquisites of office.

17 (E) The date on which a person completed the training required 18 by Section 8956, Article 12 (commencing with Section 11146) of 19 Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2, or Article 2.4 20 (commencing with Section 53234) of Chapter 2 of Part 1 of 21 Division 2 of Title 5, if applicable

21 Division 2 of Title 5, if applicable.

(3) The information disclosed pursuant to this subdivision shall
also include any amounts received by a person as a result of that
person's membership with, or employment by, any other entity if
the governing body of that entity and the governing body of the
agency that the person is a member of, or employed by, share
membership.

(d) (1) The district attorney or any interested person may
commence an action by mandamus or injunction to compel a person
or agency to comply with the requirements of this section. Nothing
in this section shall be construed to prevent a public official or
agency from curing or correcting an action challenged pursuant
to this section.

(2) Prior to any action being commenced pursuant to this section,
the district attorney or interested person shall make a demand of
the person or agency to cure or correct the action alleged to have
been taken in violation of this section. The demand shall be in
writing and clearly describe the nature of the alleged violation.

39 (3) Within 30 days of receipt of the demand, the person or 40 agency shall cure or correct the alleged violation and notify the

1 demanding party in writing of the decision to cure or correct the

2 alleged violation or inform the demanding party in writing of its3 decision not to cure or correct the alleged violation.

4 (4) Within 15 days of receipt of the written notice of the decision

5 to cure or correct an alleged violation, or not to cure or correct, or

6 within 15 days of the expiration of the 30-day period to cure or

7 correct, whichever is earlier, the demanding party shall be required

8 to commence the action pursuant to this section or thereafter be

9 barred from commencing the action.

10 (5) If the person or agency takes no action within the 30-day

11 period, the inaction shall be deemed a decision not to cure or

12 correct the alleged violation, and the 15-day period to commence

13 the action described in paragraph (4) shall commence to run the

14 day after the 30-day period to cure or correct expires.

15 (6) During any action seeking a judicial determination pursuant

16 to this section if the court determines, pursuant to a showing that

17 an alleged violation has been cured or corrected by a subsequent

18 action, the action filed pursuant to this section shall be dismissed19 with prejudice

20 (e) (1) On or before July 1, -2012 2013, the Controller shall 21 recommend to the Governor and the Legislature methods for 22 compiling the information contained on a person's compensation 23 disclosure forms in one or more publicly accessible databases.

24 These recommendations shall include specific proposals for 25 establishment, operation, oversight, and funding.

(2) On or before January 1, 2018, to the extent resources are
available, the Bureau of State Audits may review and report to the
Governor and the Legislature regarding the implementation and
effectiveness of this section. The bureau's report shall rely on
criteria, including, but not limited to, the accuracy, completeness,
ease of use, and timeliness of the compensation disclosure forms

32 filed pursuant to this section. The bureau's report may include

33 recommendations for the Legislature's consideration.

34 (f) This section shall become operative January 1, 2013, and

shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2019, and as of that
 date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before

37 January 1, 2019, deletes or extends that date.

38 SEC. 2. Section 87302.2 is added to the Government Code, to 39 read:

1 87302.2. (a) (1) In addition to the requirements of subdivision 2 (b) of Section 87302, every designated employee shall also include, 3 as a part of that filing, a compensation disclosure form as provided 4 for in Section 87202.5. The compensation disclosure form shall 5 comply with the regulations promulgated by the Controller pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 87202.5. 6 7 (2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an 8 agency from adopting more extensive procedures and standards 9 relating to the disclosure of compensation information by its 10 designated employees. (3) If an agency maintains an Internet Web site, it shall post the 11 12 following information on its Internet Web site: 13 (A) The information contained on the compensation disclosure 14 form filed by a designated employee pursuant to this section. 15 (B) The written policy for the reimbursement of actual and 16 necessary expenses adopted pursuant to Section 53232.2, if 17 applicable. 18 (b) As an alternative to subdivision (a), if an agency maintains 19 an Internet Web site, it may compile the information required by subdivision (a) for each of its designated employees and post that 20 21 information on its Internet Web site. The information for each of 22 those designated employees shall be available upon request 23 pursuant to Section 81008. (c) The district attorney or any interested person may commence 24 25 an action by mandamus or injunction to compel a designated 26 employee or agency to comply with the requirements of this section 27 by following the procedure enumerated in subdivision (d) of 28 Section 87202.5. (d) (1) On or before July 1, 2012 2013, the Controller shall 29 30 recommend to the Governor and the Legislature methods for 31 compiling the information contained on a designated employee's 32 compensation disclosure forms in one or more publicly accessible databases. These recommendations shall include specific proposals 33 34 for establishment, operation, oversight, and funding. 35 (2) On or before January 1, 2018, to the extent resources are 36 available, the Bureau of State Audits may review and report to the 37 Governor and the Legislature regarding the implementation and 38 effectiveness of this section. The bureau's report shall rely on 39 criteria, including, but not limited to, the accuracy, completeness, 40 ease of use, and timeliness of the compensation disclosure forms

filed pursuant to this section. The bureau's report may include
 recommendations for the Legislature's consideration.

3 (e) This section shall *become operative January 1, 2013, and* 4 *shall* remain in effect only until January 1, 2019, and as of that 5 date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before

6 January 1, 2019, deletes or extends that date.

7 SEC. 3. The Legislature finds and declares that the fiscal 8 integrity and stability of local governmental agencies in this state, 9 including charter cities, directly affects the long-term well-being 10 of all the residents of this state. The public perception of efficient, 11 transparent, and accountable governmental structures in public 12 agencies in California affects the likelihood of businesses locating 13 to or remaining in the state. Therefore, the Legislature finds and 14 declares that to ensure the statewide integrity of state agencies and 15 local agencies, the disclosure of compensation paid to public 16 officials or designated employees is an issue of statewide concern 17 and not a municipal affair, as that term is used in Section 5 of 18 Article XI of the California Constitution. Therefore, this act shall 19 apply to all cities, including charter cities. 20 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to 21 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because

the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or

infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty

25 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of

the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within

the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution

28 Constitution.

29 SEC. 5. The Legislature finds and declares that this bill furthers

30 the purposes of the Political Reform Act of 1974 within the 31 meaning of subdivision (a) of Section 81012 of the Government

32 Code.

33 SEC. 6. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the

34 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within

35 the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into

36 immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

37 Maintaining the public's trust in the efficiency, transparency,

38 and accountability of their public agencies is essential to the

39 operation of governments that protect the public peace, health, and

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- safety of all Californians. It is essential that measures which protect
 the public trust take effect immediately.

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