

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 21, 2011

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 13, 2011

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 2, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 25, 2011

SENATE BILL

No. 293

Introduced by Senator Padilla

February 14, 2011

An act to amend Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Sections ~~3252, 8612, 8612~~ and 9560 of, *and to amend and repeal Section 3252 of*, the Civil Code, and to amend Sections 10262 and 10262.5 of, to amend, repeal, and add Section 10261 of, and to add and repeal Section 7201 of, the Public Contract Code, relating to payment bonds.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 293, as amended, Padilla. Payment bonds: laborers.

(1) Existing law requires that, for private and public works of improvement, and in a public works contract, a prime contractor or subcontractor pay to any subcontractor, not later than 10 days after receipt of each progress payment, unless otherwise agreed to in writing, the respective amount allowed the contractor on account of the work performed by the subcontractors, to the extent of each contractor's interest therein, as prescribed.

This bill would, instead, require that those amounts be paid not later than 7 days after receipt of each progress payment.

(2) Existing law, *until July 1, 2012*, requires, with regard to a contract entered into on or after January 1, 1995, in order to enforce a claim upon any payment bond given in connection with a public work, that

a claimant give the 20-day public works bond preliminary notice, as provided. Existing law further authorizes a claimant, if the 20-day public works preliminary bond notice was not given as prescribed by statute, to enforce a claim by giving written notice to the surety and the bond principal, as provided, within 15 days after recordation of a notice of completion, or if no notice of completion has been recorded, within 75 days after completion of the work of improvement.

This bill would, instead, with regard to a contract entered into on or after January 1, 2012, *and until July 1, 2012*, require that the written notice to be given to the surety and the bond principal be given prior to the completion, ~~as defined~~, of the project, or recordation of a notice of completion, as specified. *The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to a laborer, as specified.*

~~(3) Existing law, operative July 1, 2012, generally requires a claimant to give a preliminary notice to specified persons before asserting a claim against a payment bond in a private or public work of improvement and exempts a laborer, as defined, from this notice requirement. Other provisions of existing law, also operative July 1, 2012, require~~ requires a claimant to give a preliminary notice to enforce his or her claim against a payment bond, and ~~allow~~ allows the claimant, if he or she did not give a preliminary notice, to enforce his or her claim by giving written notice to the surety and bond principal *within 15 days after recordation of a notice of completion, or if no notice of completion has been recorded, within 75 days after completion of the work of improvement.*

~~This bill would specify that the latter provisions, requiring a preliminary notice to enforce a claim against a payment bond and setting forth the claim procedure when a preliminary notice has not been given, instead, would require that the written notice be given prior to the completion of the project or recordation of a notice of completion, as specified. The bill also would provide that these provisions do not apply to a laborer, as specified.~~

(4) Existing law authorizes the Department of General Services, or any other department with authority to enter into contracts, to contract with suppliers for goods and services and for public works. Existing law provides that in a contract relating to the construction of a public work of improvement between the public entity and original contractor, the original contractor and a subcontractor, and in a contract between a subcontractor and any subcontractor thereunder, the percentage of retention proceeds withheld cannot exceed the percentage specified in the contract between the public entity and the original contractor.

This bill would instead, until January 1, 2016, prohibit retention proceeds from exceeding 5% of the payment, as specified, for those contracts entered into on or after January 1, 2012, between a public entity, as defined, and an original contractor, between an original contractor and a subcontractor, and between all subcontractors thereunder.

(5) Existing law contains various provisions relating to contracts for the performance of public works of improvement, including provisions for the payment of progress payments and the disbursing and withholding of retention proceeds. Existing law prohibits progress payments upon these contracts from being made in excess of 95% of the percentage of actual work completed plus a like percentage of the value of material delivered, as specified, and requires the Department of General Services to withhold not less than 5% of the contract price until final completion and acceptance of the project.

This bill would instead prohibit progress payments upon these contracts from being made in excess of 100% of the percentage of actual work completed, and would permit the Department of General Services to withhold not more than 5% of the contract price until final completion and acceptance of the project, except as specified.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions
2 Code is amended to read:
3 7108.5. (a) A prime contractor or subcontractor shall pay to
4 any subcontractor, not later than seven days after receipt of each
5 progress payment, unless otherwise agreed to in writing, the
6 respective amounts allowed the contractor on account of the work
7 performed by the subcontractors, to the extent of each
8 subcontractor's interest therein. In the event that there is a good
9 faith dispute over all or any portion of the amount due on a progress
10 payment from the prime contractor or subcontractor to a
11 subcontractor, the prime contractor or subcontractor may withhold
12 no more than 150 percent of the disputed amount.
13 (b) Any violation of this section shall constitute a cause for
14 disciplinary action and shall subject the licensee to a penalty,

1 payable to the subcontractor, of 2 percent of the amount due per
2 month for every month that payment is not made.

3 (c) In any action for the collection of funds wrongfully withheld,
4 the prevailing party shall be entitled to his or her attorney's fees
5 and costs.

6 (d) The sanctions authorized under this section shall be separate
7 from, and in addition to, all other remedies, either civil,
8 administrative, or criminal.

9 (e) This section applies to all private works of improvement
10 and to all public works of improvement, except where Section
11 10262 of the Public Contract Code applies.

12 SEC. 2. Section 3252 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

13 3252. (a) With regard to a contract entered into on or after
14 January 1, 1995, in order to enforce a claim upon any payment
15 bond given in connection with a public work, a claimant shall give
16 the 20-day public works preliminary bond notice as provided in
17 Section 3098.

18 (b) (1) On and after January 1, 1995, and before January 1,
19 2012, if the 20-day public work preliminary bond notice was not
20 given as provided in Section 3098, a claimant may enforce a claim
21 by giving written notice to the surety and the bond principal as
22 provided in Section 3227 within 15 days after recordation of a
23 notice of completion. If no notice of completion has been recorded,
24 the time for giving written notice to the surety and the bond
25 principal is extended to 75 days after completion of the work of
26 improvement.

27 (2) On and after January 1, 2012, if the 20-day public work
28 preliminary bond notice was not given as provided in Section 3098,
29 a claimant may enforce a claim by giving written notice to the
30 surety and bond principal, as provided in Section 3227, prior to
31 completion of the project, as defined in Section 3086, or
32 recordation of a notice of completion.

33 (c) *Pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 3097 and subdivision*
34 *(c) of Section 3098, this section shall not apply to a laborer, as*
35 *defined in Section 3089.*

36 (d) *This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2012, and,*
37 *as of January 1, 2013, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute,*
38 *that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2013, deletes or*
39 *extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed.*

40 SEC. 3. Section 8612 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1 8612. (a) In order to enforce a claim against a payment bond
2 under this title, a claimant shall give the preliminary notice
3 provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 8200).

4 (b) If preliminary notice was not given as provided in Chapter
5 2 (commencing with Section 8200), a claimant may enforce a
6 claim by giving written notice to the surety and the bond principal
7 ~~within 15 days after recordation of a notice of completion. If no~~
8 ~~notice of completion has been recorded, the time for giving written~~
9 ~~notice to the surety and the bond principal is extended to 75 days~~
10 ~~after completion of the work of improvement. prior to completion~~
11 ~~of the project or recordation of a notice of completion, as described~~
12 ~~in Sections 8180 and 8182, respectively.~~

13 (c) Pursuant to Section 8200, this section shall not apply to a
14 laborer, as defined under Section 8024.

15 (d) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2012.

16 SEC. 4. Section 9560 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

17 9560. (a) In order to enforce a claim against a payment bond,
18 a claimant shall give the preliminary notice provided in Chapter
19 3 (commencing with Section 9300).

20 (b) If preliminary notice was not given as provided in Chapter
21 3 (commencing with Section 9300), a claimant may enforce a
22 claim by giving written notice to the surety and bond principal
23 ~~within 15 days after recordation of a notice of completion. If no~~
24 ~~notice of completion has been recorded, the time for giving written~~
25 ~~notice to the surety and the bond principal is extended to 75 days~~
26 ~~after completion of the work of improvement. prior to completion~~
27 ~~of the project or recordation of a notice of completion, as described~~
28 ~~in Sections 9200 and 9204, respectively.~~

29 (c) Pursuant to Section 9300, this section shall not apply to a
30 laborer, as defined under Section 8024.

31 (d) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2012.

32 SEC. 5. Section 7201 is added to the Public Contract Code, to
33 read:

34 7201. (a) (1) This section shall apply with respect to all
35 contracts entered into on or after January 1, 2012, between a public
36 entity and an original contractor, between an original contractor
37 and a subcontractor, and between all subcontractors thereunder,
38 relating to the construction of any public work of improvement.

39 (2) Under no circumstances shall any provision of this section
40 be construed to limit the ability of any public entity to withhold

1 150 percent of the value of any disputed amount of work from the
2 final payment, as provided for in subdivision (c) of Section 7107.
3 In the event of a good faith dispute, nothing in this section shall
4 be construed to require a public entity to pay for work that is not
5 approved or accepted in accordance with the proper plans or
6 specifications.

7 (3) For purposes of this section, “public entity” means the state,
8 including every state agency, office, department, division, bureau,
9 board, or commission, the California State University, the
10 University of California, a city, county, city and county, including
11 charter cities and charter counties, district, special district, public
12 authority, political subdivision, public corporation, or nonprofit
13 transit corporation wholly owned by a public agency and formed
14 to carry out the purposes of the public agency.

15 (b) (1) The retention proceeds withheld from any payment by
16 a public entity from the original contractor, by the original
17 contractor from any subcontractor, and by a subcontractor from
18 any subcontractor thereunder shall not exceed 5 percent of the
19 payment. In no event shall the total retention proceeds withheld
20 exceed 5 percent of the contract price. In a contract between the
21 original contractor and a subcontractor, and in a contract between
22 a subcontractor and any subcontractor thereunder, the percentage
23 of the retention proceeds withheld shall not exceed the percentage
24 specified in the contract between the public entity and the original
25 contractor.

26 (2) This subdivision shall not apply if the contractor provides
27 written notice to the subcontractor, pursuant to subdivision (c) of
28 Section 4108, prior to, or at, the time that the bid is requested, that
29 bonds may be required, and the subcontractor subsequently is
30 unable or refuses to furnish to the contractor a performance and
31 payment bond issued by an admitted surety insurer.

32 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, the
33 retention proceeds withheld from any payment by an awarding
34 entity set forth in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision
35 (a) of Section 10106, from the original contractor, by the original
36 contractor from any subcontractor, and by a subcontractor from
37 any subcontractor thereunder, may exceed 5 percent on specific
38 projects where the director of the department has made a finding
39 prior to the bid that the project is substantially complex and
40 therefore requires a higher retention amount than 5 percent and

the department includes both this finding and the actual retention amount in the bid documents. In a contract between the original contractor and a subcontractor, and in a contract between a subcontractor and any subcontractor thereunder, the percentage of the retention proceeds withheld shall not exceed the percentage specified in the contract between the department and the original contractor.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, the retention proceeds withheld from any payment by the awarding entity of a city, county, city and county, including charter cities and charter counties, district, special district, public authority, political subdivision, public corporation, or nonprofit transit corporation wholly owned by a public agency and formed to carry out the purposes of the public agency, from the original contractor, by the original contractor from any subcontractor, and by a subcontractor from any subcontractor thereunder, may exceed 5 percent on specific projects where the governing body of the public entity has approved a finding by a majority vote during a properly noticed and normally scheduled public hearing and prior to bid that the project is substantially complex and therefore requires a higher retention amount than 5 percent and the awarding entity includes both this finding and the actual retention amount in the bid documents. In a contract between the original contractor and a subcontractor, and in a contract between a subcontractor and any subcontractor thereunder, the percentage of the retention proceeds withheld shall not exceed the percentage specified in the contract between the department and the original contractor.

(c) A party identified in subdivision (a) shall not require any other party to waive any provision of this section.

(d) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2016, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2016, deletes or extends that date.

SEC. 6. Section 10261 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

10261. (a) Payments upon contracts shall be made as the department prescribes upon estimates made and approved by the department, but progress payments shall not be made in excess of 100 percent of the percentage of actual work completed plus a like percentage of the value of material delivered on the ground or stored subject to or under the control of the state, and unused,

1 except as otherwise provided in this section. The department shall
2 withhold not more than 5 percent of the contract price until final
3 completion and acceptance of the project. However, at any time
4 after 95 percent of the work has been completed, the department
5 may reduce the funds withheld to an amount not less than 125
6 percent of the estimated value of the work yet to be completed, as
7 determined by the department, if the reduction has been approved,
8 in writing, by the surety on the performance bond and by the surety
9 on the payment bond. The Controller shall draw his or her warrants
10 upon estimates so made and approved by the department and the
11 Treasurer shall pay them. The funds may be released by electronic
12 transfer if that procedure is requested by the contractor, in writing,
13 and if the public entity has, in place at the time of the request, the
14 mechanism for the transfer.

15 (b) Notwithstanding this section, when the director of the
16 department has made a finding prior to the bid that a specified
17 project is substantially complex and therefore requires a higher
18 retention amount than 5 percent, and the department includes both
19 this finding and the actual retention amount in the bid documents,
20 then payments upon contracts by the department shall be made as
21 the department prescribes upon estimates made and approved by
22 the department. However, progress payments shall not be made
23 in excess of 95 percent of the percentage of actual work completed,
24 plus a like percentage of the value of material delivered on the
25 ground or stored, subject to, or under the control of the state, and
26 unused, except as otherwise provided in this section. At any time
27 after 95 percent of the work has been completed, the department
28 may reduce the funds withheld to an amount not less~~then~~ *than*
29 125 percent of the estimated value of the work yet to be completed,
30 as determined by the department, if the reduction has been
31 approved, in writing, by the surety on the performance bond and
32 by the surety on the payment bond. The Controller shall draw his
33 or her warrants upon estimates so made and approved by the
34 department and the Treasurer shall pay them with funds
35 appropriated therefor. The funds may be released by electronic
36 transfer if that procedure is requested by the contractor, in writing,
37 and if the public entity has, in place at the time of the request, the
38 mechanism for the transfer.

1 (c) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2016,
2 and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that
3 is enacted before January 1, 2016, deletes or extends that date.

4 SEC. 7. Section 10261 is added to the Public Contract Code,
5 to read:

6 10261. (a) On and after January 1, 2016, payments upon
7 contracts shall be made as the department prescribes upon estimates
8 made and approved by the department, but progress payments shall
9 not be made in excess of 95 percent of the percentage of actual
10 work completed plus a like percentage of the value of material
11 delivered on the ground or stored subject to or under the control
12 of the state, and unused, except as otherwise provided in this
13 section. The department shall withhold not less than 5 percent of
14 the contract price until final completion and acceptance of the
15 project. However, at any time after 95 percent of the work has
16 been completed, the department may reduce the funds withheld to
17 an amount not less than 125 percent of the estimated value of the
18 work yet to be completed, as determined by the department, if the
19 reduction has been approved, in writing, by the surety on the
20 performance bond and by the surety on the payment bond. The
21 Controller shall draw his or her warrants upon estimates so made
22 and approved by the department and the Treasurer shall pay them.
23 The funds may be released by electronic transfer if that procedure
24 is requested by the contractor, in writing, and if the public entity
25 has, in place at the time of the request, the mechanism for the
26 transfer.

27 (b) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2016.

28 SEC. 8. Section 10262 of the Public Contract Code is amended
29 to read:

30 10262. The contractor shall pay to his or her subcontractors,
31 within seven days of receipt of each progress payment, the
32 respective amounts allowed the contractor on account of the work
33 performed by his or her subcontractors, to the extent of each
34 subcontractor's interest therein. The payments to subcontractors
35 shall be based on estimates made pursuant to Section 10261. Any
36 diversion by the contractor of payments received for prosecution
37 of a contract, or failure to reasonably account for the application
38 or use of the payments constitutes ground for actions ~~prescribed~~
39 *prescribed* in Section 10253, in addition to disciplinary action by
40 the Contractors' State License Board. The subcontractor shall

1 notify, in writing, the Contractors' State License Board and the
2 department of any payment less than the amount or percentage
3 approved for the class or item of work as set forth in Section 10261.

4 SEC. 9. Section 10262.5 of the Public Contract Code is
5 amended to read:

6 10262.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a prime contractor
7 or subcontractor shall pay to any subcontractor, not later than seven
8 days after receipt of each progress payment, the respective amounts
9 allowed the contractor on account of the work performed by the
10 subcontractors, to the extent of each subcontractor's interest
11 therein. In the event that there is a good faith dispute over all or
12 any portion of the amount due on a progress payment from the
13 prime contractor or subcontractor to a subcontractor, then the prime
14 contractor or subcontractor may withhold no more than 150 percent
15 of the disputed amount.

16 Any contractor who violates this section shall pay to the
17 subcontractor a penalty of 2 percent of the amount due per month
18 for every month that payment is not made. In any action for the
19 collection of funds wrongfully withheld, the prevailing party shall
20 be entitled to his or her attorney's fees and costs.

21 (b) This section shall not be construed to limit or impair any
22 contractual, administrative, or judicial remedies otherwise available
23 to a contractor or a subcontractor in the event of a dispute involving
24 late payment or nonpayment by a contractor or deficient
25 subcontract performance or nonperformance by a subcontractor.

26 (c) On or before September 1 of each year, the head of each
27 state agency shall submit to the Legislature a report on the number
28 and dollar volume of written complaints received from
29 subcontractors and prime contractors on contracts in excess of
30 three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), relating to violations
31 of this section.