

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 20, 2012

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 7, 2012

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 13, 2012

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 6, 2012

SENATE BILL

No. 1481

Introduced by Senator Negrete McLeod

February 24, 2012

An act to amend Sections 1206.5, 1211, 1265, and 4052.4 of, and to add Section 1206.6 to, the Business and Professions Code, relating to clinical laboratories.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1481, as amended, Negrete McLeod. Clinical laboratories: community pharmacies.

Existing law, the Pharmacy Law, provides for the licensure and regulation of pharmacists by the California State Board of Pharmacy and authorizes a pharmacist to perform skin puncture in the course of performing clinical laboratory tests classified as waived pursuant to the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA). Existing law provides for the licensure, registration, and regulation of clinical laboratories and various clinical laboratory personnel by the State Department of Public Health, subject to certain exceptions, and makes a license or registration valid for one year. Existing law prohibits a person from performing a clinical laboratory test classified as waived unless the test is performed under the overall operation and administration of the laboratory director who meets specified requirements and the test is performed by certain persons, as specified.

This bill would eliminate that laboratory director requirement with respect to certain tests classified as waived under CLIA that are approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for sale to the public without a prescription in the form of an over-the-counter test kit and are performed by a pharmacist at a community pharmacy upon customer request, provided that the pharmacy obtains a CLIA certificate of waiver and a registration from the State Department of Public Health and complies with all other requirements governing clinical laboratories, as specified. The bill would make a registration issued to the community pharmacy valid for 2 years and would make other related conforming changes.

This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 1206.5 of the Business and Professions Code made by AB 761 that would become operative only if both this bill and AB 761 are enacted and this bill is chaptered after AB 761.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 1206.5 of the Business and Professions
- 2 Code is amended to read:
- 3 1206.5. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 1206
- 4 and except as otherwise provided in Sections 1206.6 and 1241, no
- 5 person shall perform a clinical laboratory test or examination
- 6 classified as waived under CLIA unless the clinical laboratory test
- 7 or examination is performed under the overall operation and
- 8 administration of the laboratory director, as described in Section
- 9 1209, including, but not limited to, documentation by the laboratory
- 10 director of the adequacy of the qualifications and competency of
- 11 the personnel, and the test is performed by any of the following
- 12 persons:
- 13 (1) A licensed physician and surgeon holding a M.D. or D.O.
- 14 degree.
- 15 (2) A licensed podiatrist, a licensed dentist, or a licensed
- 16 naturopathic doctor, if the results of the tests can be lawfully
- 17 utilized within his or her practice.
- 18 (3) A person licensed under this chapter to engage in clinical
- 19 laboratory practice or to direct a clinical laboratory.

1 (4) A person authorized to perform tests pursuant to a certificate
2 issued under Article 5 (commencing with Section 101150) of
3 Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code.

4 (5) A licensed physician assistant if authorized by a supervising
5 physician and surgeon in accordance with Section 3502 or 3535.

6 (6) A person licensed under Chapter 6 (commencing with
7 Section 2700).

8 (7) A person licensed under Chapter 6.5 (commencing with
9 Section 2840).

10 (8) A perfusionist if authorized by and performed in compliance
11 with Section 2590.

12 (9) A respiratory care practitioner if authorized by and
13 performed in compliance with Chapter 8.3 (commencing with
14 Section 3700).

15 (10) A medical assistant, as defined in Section 2069, if the
16 waived test is performed pursuant to a specific authorization
17 meeting the requirements of Section 2069.

18 (11) A pharmacist, as defined in Section 4036, if ordering drug
19 therapy-related laboratory tests in compliance with ~~clause (ii) of~~
20 ~~subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, or subparagraph (B) of~~
21 ~~paragraph (4) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052, paragraph (2)~~
22 ~~of subdivision (a) of Section 4052.1 or paragraph (2) of subdivision~~
23 ~~(a) of Section 4052.2, or if performing skin puncture in the course~~
24 ~~of performing routine patient assessment procedures in compliance~~
25 ~~with Section 4052.1.~~

26 (12) A naturopathic assistant, as defined in Sections 3613 and
27 3640.2, if the waived test is performed pursuant to a specific
28 authorization meeting the requirements of Sections 3613 and
29 3640.2.

30 (13) Other health care personnel providing direct patient care.

31 (14) Any other person performing nondiagnostic testing pursuant
32 to Section 1244.

33 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 1206, no person
34 shall perform clinical laboratory tests or examinations classified
35 as of moderate complexity under CLIA unless the clinical
36 laboratory test or examination is performed under the overall
37 operation and administration of the laboratory director, as described
38 in Section 1209, including, but not limited to, documentation by
39 the laboratory director of the adequacy of the qualifications and

1 competency of the personnel, and the test is performed by any of
2 the following persons:

3 (1) A licensed physician and surgeon holding a M.D. or D.O.
4 degree.

5 (2) A licensed podiatrist or a licensed dentist if the results of
6 the tests can be lawfully utilized within his or her practice.

7 (3) A person licensed under this chapter to engage in clinical
8 laboratory practice or to direct a clinical laboratory.

9 (4) A person authorized to perform tests pursuant to a certificate
10 issued under Article 5 (commencing with Section 101150) of
11 Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code.

12 (5) A licensed physician assistant if authorized by a supervising
13 physician and surgeon in accordance with Section 3502 or 3535.

14 (6) A person licensed under Chapter 6 (commencing with
15 Section 2700).

16 (7) A perfusionist if authorized by and performed in compliance
17 with Section 2590.

18 (8) A respiratory care practitioner if authorized by and
19 performed in compliance with Chapter 8.3 (commencing with
20 Section 3700).

21 (9) A person performing nuclear medicine technology if
22 authorized by and performed in compliance with Article 6
23 (commencing with Section 107150) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of
24 Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.

25 (10) Any person if performing blood gas analysis in compliance
26 with Section 1245.

27 (11) (A) A person certified or licensed as an “Emergency
28 Medical Technician II” or paramedic pursuant to Division 2.5
29 (commencing with Section 1797) of the Health and Safety Code
30 while providing prehospital medical care, a person licensed as a
31 psychiatric technician under Chapter 10 (commencing with Section
32 4500) of Division 2, as a vocational nurse pursuant to Chapter 6.5
33 (commencing with Section 2840), or as a midwife licensed pursuant
34 to Article 24 (commencing with Section 2505) of Chapter 5, or
35 certified by the department pursuant to Division 5 (commencing
36 with Section 70001) of Title 22 of the California Code of
37 Regulations as a nurse assistant or a home health aide, who
38 provides direct patient care, if the person is performing the test as
39 an adjunct to the provision of direct patient care by the person, is
40 utilizing a point-of-care laboratory testing device at a site for which

1 a laboratory license or registration has been issued, meets the
2 minimum clinical laboratory education, training, and experience
3 requirements set forth in regulations adopted by the department,
4 and has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the laboratory director
5 that he or she is competent in the operation of the point-of-care
6 laboratory testing device for each analyte to be reported.

7 (B) Prior to being authorized by the laboratory director to
8 perform laboratory tests or examinations, testing personnel
9 identified in subparagraph (A) shall participate in a preceptor
10 program until they are able to perform the clinical laboratory tests
11 or examinations authorized in this section with results that are
12 deemed accurate and skills that are deemed competent by the
13 preceptor. For the purposes of this section, a “preceptor program”
14 means an organized system that meets regulatory requirements in
15 which a preceptor provides and documents personal observation
16 and critical evaluation, including review of accuracy, reliability,
17 and validity, of laboratory testing performed.

18 (12) Any other person within a physician office laboratory if
19 the test is performed under the supervision of the patient’s
20 physician and surgeon or podiatrist who shall be accessible to the
21 laboratory to provide onsite, telephone, or electronic consultation
22 as needed, and shall: (A) ensure that the person is performing test
23 methods as required for accurate and reliable tests; and (B) have
24 personal knowledge of the results of the clinical laboratory testing
25 or examination performed by that person before the test results are
26 reported from the laboratory.

27 (13) A pharmacist, if ordering drug therapy-related laboratory
28 tests in compliance with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section
29 4052.1 or paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 4052.2.

30 (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 1206, no person
31 shall perform clinical laboratory tests or examinations classified
32 as of high complexity under CLIA unless the clinical laboratory
33 test or examination is performed under the overall operation and
34 administration of the laboratory director, as described in Section
35 1209, including, but not limited to, documentation by the laboratory
36 director of the adequacy of the qualifications and competency of
37 the personnel, and the test is performed by any of the following
38 persons:

39 (1) A licensed physician and surgeon holding a M.D. or D.O.
40 degree.

1 (2) A licensed podiatrist or a licensed dentist if the results of
2 the tests can be lawfully utilized within his or her practice.

3 (3) A person licensed under this chapter to engage in clinical
4 laboratory practice or to direct a clinical laboratory if the test or
5 examination is within a specialty or subspecialty authorized by
6 the person's licensure.

7 (4) A person authorized to perform tests pursuant to a certificate
8 issued under Article 5 (commencing with Section 101150) of
9 Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code
10 if the test or examination is within a specialty or subspecialty
11 authorized by the person's certification.

12 (5) A licensed physician assistant if authorized by a supervising
13 physician and surgeon in accordance with Section 3502 or 3535.

14 (6) A perfusionist if authorized by and performed in compliance
15 with Section 2590.

16 (7) A respiratory care practitioner if authorized by and
17 performed in compliance with Chapter 8.3 (commencing with
18 Section 3700).

19 (8) A person performing nuclear medicine technology if
20 authorized by and performed in compliance with Article 6
21 (commencing with Section 107150) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of
22 Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.

23 (9) Any person if performing blood gas analysis in compliance
24 with Section 1245.

25 (10) Any other person within a physician office laboratory if
26 the test is performed under the onsite supervision of the patient's
27 physician and surgeon or podiatrist who shall: (A) ensure that the
28 person is performing test methods as required for accurate and
29 reliable tests; and (B) have personal knowledge of the results of
30 clinical laboratory testing or examination performed by that person
31 before the test results are reported from the laboratory.

32 (d) Clinical laboratory examinations classified as
33 provider-performed microscopy under CLIA may be personally
34 performed using a brightfield or phase/contrast microscope by one
35 of the following practitioners:

36 (1) A licensed physician and surgeon using the microscope
37 during the patient's visit on a specimen obtained from his or her
38 own patient or from a patient of a group medical practice of which
39 the physician is a member or employee.

(2) A nurse midwife holding a certificate as specified by Section 2746.5, a licensed nurse practitioner as specified in Section 2835.5, or a licensed physician assistant acting under the supervision of a physician pursuant to Section 3502 using the microscope during the patient's visit on a specimen obtained from his or her own patient or from the patient of a clinic, group medical practice, or other health care provider of which the certified nurse midwife, licensed nurse practitioner, or licensed physician assistant is an employee.

(3) A licensed dentist using the microscope during the patient's visit on a specimen obtained from his or her own patient or from a patient of a group dental practice of which the dentist is a member or an employee.

SEC. 1.5. Section 1206.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

1206.5. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 1206 and except as otherwise provided in ~~Section~~ Sections 1206.6 and 1241, no person shall perform a clinical laboratory test or examination classified as waived under CLIA unless the clinical laboratory test or examination is performed under the overall operation and administration of the laboratory director, as described in Section 1209, including, but not limited to, documentation by the laboratory director of the adequacy of the qualifications and competency of the personnel, and the test is performed by any of the following persons:

(1) A licensed physician and surgeon holding a M.D. or D.O. degree.

(2) A licensed podiatrist, a licensed dentist, or a licensed naturopathic doctor, if the results of the tests can be lawfully utilized within his or her practice.

(3) A person licensed under this chapter to engage in clinical laboratory practice or to direct a clinical laboratory.

(4) A person authorized to perform tests pursuant to a certificate issued under Article 5 (commencing with Section 101150) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code.

(5) A licensed physician assistant if authorized by a supervising physician and surgeon in accordance with Section 3502 or 3535.

(6) A person licensed under Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 2700).

(7) A person licensed under Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 2840).

(8) A perfusionist if authorized by and performed in compliance with Section 2590.

(9) A respiratory care practitioner if authorized by and performed in compliance with Chapter 8.3 (commencing with Section 3700).

(10) A medical assistant, as defined in Section 2069, if the waived test is performed pursuant to a specific authorization meeting the requirements of Section 2069.

(11) A pharmacist, as defined in Section 4036, if ordering drug therapy-related laboratory tests in compliance with ~~clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, or subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052~~ *paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 4052.1 or paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 4052.2*, or if performing skin puncture in the course of performing routine patient assessment procedures in compliance with Section 4052.1.

(12) A naturopathic assistant, as defined in Sections 3613 and 3640.2, if the waived test is performed pursuant to a specific authorization meeting the requirements of Sections 3613 and 3640.2.

(13) A licensed optometrist as authorized under Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000).

~~(13)~~

(14) Other health care personnel providing direct patient care.

~~(14)~~

(15) Any other person performing nondiagnostic testing pursuant to Section 1244.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 1206, no person shall perform clinical laboratory tests or examinations classified as of moderate complexity under CLIA unless the clinical laboratory test or examination is performed under the overall operation and administration of the laboratory director, as described in Section 1209, including, but not limited to, documentation by the laboratory director of the adequacy of the qualifications and competency of the personnel, and the test is performed by any of the following persons:

(1) A licensed physician and surgeon holding a M.D. or D.O. degree.

1 (2) A licensed podiatrist or a licensed dentist if the results of
2 the tests can be lawfully utilized within his or her practice.

3 (3) A person licensed under this chapter to engage in clinical
4 laboratory practice or to direct a clinical laboratory.

5 (4) A person authorized to perform tests pursuant to a certificate
6 issued under Article 5 (commencing with Section 101150) of
7 Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code.

8 (5) A licensed physician assistant if authorized by a supervising
9 physician and surgeon in accordance with Section 3502 or 3535.

10 (6) A person licensed under Chapter 6 (commencing with
11 Section 2700).

12 (7) A perfusionist if authorized by and performed in compliance
13 with Section 2590.

14 (8) A respiratory care practitioner if authorized by and
15 performed in compliance with Chapter 8.3 (commencing with
16 Section 3700).

17 (9) A person performing nuclear medicine technology if
18 authorized by and performed in compliance with Article 6
19 (commencing with Section 107150) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of
20 Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.

21 (10) Any person if performing blood gas analysis in compliance
22 with Section 1245.

23 (11) (A) A person certified or licensed as an “Emergency
24 Medical Technician II” or paramedic pursuant to Division 2.5
25 (commencing with Section 1797) of the Health and Safety Code
26 while providing prehospital medical care, a person licensed as a
27 psychiatric technician under Chapter 10 (commencing with Section
28 4500) of Division 2, as a vocational nurse pursuant to Chapter 6.5
29 (commencing with Section 2840), or as a midwife licensed pursuant
30 to Article 24 (commencing with Section 2505) of Chapter 5, or
31 certified by the department pursuant to Division 5 (commencing
32 with Section 70001) of Title 22 of the California Code of
33 Regulations as a nurse assistant or a home health aide, who
34 provides direct patient care, if the person is performing the test as
35 an adjunct to the provision of direct patient care by the person, is
36 utilizing a point-of-care laboratory testing device at a site for which
37 a laboratory license or registration has been issued, meets the
38 minimum clinical laboratory education, training, and experience
39 requirements set forth in regulations adopted by the department,
40 and has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the laboratory director

1 that he or she is competent in the operation of the point-of-care
2 laboratory testing device for each analyte to be reported.

3 (B) Prior to being authorized by the laboratory director to
4 perform laboratory tests or examinations, testing personnel
5 identified in subparagraph (A) shall participate in a preceptor
6 program until they are able to perform the clinical laboratory tests
7 or examinations authorized in this section with results that are
8 deemed accurate and skills that are deemed competent by the
9 preceptor. For the purposes of this section, a “preceptor program”
10 means an organized system that meets regulatory requirements in
11 which a preceptor provides and documents personal observation
12 and critical evaluation, including review of accuracy, reliability,
13 and validity, of laboratory testing performed.

14 (12) Any other person within a physician office laboratory if
15 the test is performed under the supervision of the patient’s
16 physician and surgeon or podiatrist who shall be accessible to the
17 laboratory to provide onsite, telephone, or electronic consultation
18 as needed, and shall: (A) ensure that the person is performing test
19 methods as required for accurate and reliable tests; and (B) have
20 personal knowledge of the results of the clinical laboratory testing
21 or examination performed by that person before the test results are
22 reported from the laboratory.

23 (13) A pharmacist, if ordering drug therapy-related laboratory
24 tests in compliance with ~~clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) of~~
25 ~~paragraph (5) of, or subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4) of,~~
26 ~~subdivision (a) of Section 4052 paragraph (2) of subdivision (a)~~
27 ~~of Section 4052.1 or paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section~~
28 ~~4052.2.~~

29 (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 1206, no person
30 shall perform clinical laboratory tests or examinations classified
31 as of high complexity under CLIA unless the clinical laboratory
32 test or examination is performed under the overall operation and
33 administration of the laboratory director, as described in Section
34 1209, including, but not limited to, documentation by the laboratory
35 director of the adequacy of the qualifications and competency of
36 the personnel, and the test is performed by any of the following
37 persons:

38 (1) A licensed physician and surgeon holding a M.D. or D.O.
39 degree.

1 (2) A licensed podiatrist or a licensed dentist if the results of
2 the tests can be lawfully utilized within his or her practice.

3 (3) A person licensed under this chapter to engage in clinical
4 laboratory practice or to direct a clinical laboratory if the test or
5 examination is within a specialty or subspecialty authorized by
6 the person's licensure.

7 (4) A person authorized to perform tests pursuant to a certificate
8 issued under Article 5 (commencing with Section 101150) of
9 Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code
10 if the test or examination is within a specialty or subspecialty
11 authorized by the person's certification.

12 (5) A licensed physician assistant if authorized by a supervising
13 physician and surgeon in accordance with Section 3502 or 3535.

14 (6) A perfusionist if authorized by and performed in compliance
15 with Section 2590.

16 (7) A respiratory care practitioner if authorized by and
17 performed in compliance with Chapter 8.3 (commencing with
18 Section 3700).

19 (8) A person performing nuclear medicine technology if
20 authorized by and performed in compliance with Article 6
21 (commencing with Section 107150) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of
22 Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.

23 (9) Any person if performing blood gas analysis in compliance
24 with Section 1245.

25 (10) Any other person within a physician office laboratory if
26 the test is performed under the onsite supervision of the patient's
27 physician and surgeon or podiatrist who shall: (A) ensure that the
28 person is performing test methods as required for accurate and
29 reliable tests; and (B) have personal knowledge of the results of
30 clinical laboratory testing or examination performed by that person
31 before the test results are reported from the laboratory.

32 (d) Clinical laboratory examinations classified as
33 provider-performed microscopy under CLIA may be personally
34 performed using a brightfield or phase/contrast microscope by one
35 of the following practitioners:

36 (1) A licensed physician and surgeon using the microscope
37 during the patient's visit on a specimen obtained from his or her
38 own patient or from a patient of a group medical practice of which
39 the physician is a member or employee.

(2) A nurse midwife holding a certificate as specified by Section 2746.5, a licensed nurse practitioner as specified in Section 2835.5, or a licensed physician assistant acting under the supervision of a physician pursuant to Section 3502 using the microscope during the patient's visit on a specimen obtained from his or her own patient or from the patient of a clinic, group medical practice, or other health care provider of which the certified nurse midwife, licensed nurse practitioner, or licensed physician assistant is an employee.

(3) A licensed dentist using the microscope during the patient's visit on a specimen obtained from his or her own patient or from a patient of a group dental practice of which the dentist is a member or an employee.

SEC. 2. Section 1206.6 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

1206.6. Subdivision (a) of Section ~~1265~~ 1206.5 shall not apply to a pharmacist at a community pharmacy who, upon customer request, performs only blood glucose, hemoglobin A1c, or cholesterol tests that are classified as waived under CLIA and are approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for sale to the public without a prescription in the form of an over-the-counter test kit, provided that all of the following requirements are satisfied:

(a) The pharmacy obtains a valid CLIA certificate of waiver and complies with all other requirements for the performance of waived clinical laboratory tests under applicable federal regulations. For purposes of CLIA, the person identified as responsible for directing and supervising testing oversight and decisionmaking shall be the pharmacist-in-charge, as defined in Section 4036.5.

(b) The pharmacy obtains a registration from the department pursuant to Section 1265 and complies with this chapter.

(c) The tests are performed only by a pharmacist, as defined in Section 4036, in the course of performing routine patient assessment procedures in compliance with Section 4052.4.

SEC. 3. Section 1211 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

1211. (a) As used in this chapter, "owner" means any person with an ownership or control interest in a clinical laboratory.

1 (b) “Person with an ownership or control interest” means a
2 person, partnership, or corporation that meets any of the following
3 descriptions:

4 (1) Has an ownership interest totaling 5 percent or more in a
5 clinical laboratory.

6 (2) Has an indirect ownership interest equal to 5 percent or more
7 in a clinical laboratory.

8 (3) Has a combination of direct and indirect ownership interests
9 equal to 5 percent or more in a clinical laboratory.

10 (4) Owns an interest of 5 percent or more in any mortgage, deed
11 of trust, note, or other obligation secured by the clinical laboratory
12 if that interest equals at least 5 percent of the value of the property
13 or assets of the clinical laboratory.

14 (5) Is an officer or director of a clinical laboratory that is
15 organized as a corporation.

16 (6) Is a partner in a clinical laboratory that is organized as a
17 partnership with no more than 25 partners, general or limited.

18 (7) Is a partner who exercises any operational or managerial
19 control over a clinical laboratory organized as a partnership with
20 more than 25 partners, general or limited.

21 (c) As used in this chapter “ownership interest” means the
22 possession of equity in capital, stock, or profits.

23 (d) “Indirect ownership interest” means an ownership interest
24 in an entity that has an ownership interest in a clinical laboratory,
25 and includes an ownership interest in any entity that has an indirect
26 ownership interest in a clinical laboratory.

27 (e) “Change in ownership” means any change in the persons
28 who are owners.

29 (f) “Major change in ownership” means a change in ownership
30 where 50 percent or more of the ownership interest is owned by
31 persons other than the owners to whom the current clinical
32 laboratory license or registration is issued.

33 (g) “Change in name” means any change in the name under
34 which the laboratory operates or is doing business.

35 (h) “Change in location” means any change in the street and
36 city address, or the site or place within the street and city address,
37 for which a license or registration is issued.

38 (i) “Change in laboratory director” means any change in the
39 laboratory director or directors to whom the current license or
40 registration is issued.

(j) “Major change in laboratory directorship” means a change in laboratory director or directors resulting in the situation where less than 50 percent of the laboratory directors to whom the current laboratory license or registration is issued remain after the change.

(k) For purposes of this section, in the case of a pharmacy that applies for a registration pursuant to Section 1206.6, “laboratory director” means the pharmacist-in-charge identified pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 1206.6.

SEC. 4. Section 1265 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

1265. (a) (1) A clinical laboratory performing clinical laboratory tests or examinations classified as of moderate or of high complexity under CLIA shall obtain a clinical laboratory license pursuant to this chapter. The department shall issue a clinical laboratory license to any person who has applied for the license on forms provided by the department and who is found to be in compliance with this chapter and the regulations pertaining thereto. No clinical laboratory license shall be issued by the department unless the clinical laboratory and its personnel meet the CLIA requirements for laboratories performing tests or examinations classified as of moderate or high complexity, or both.

(2) A clinical laboratory performing clinical laboratory tests or examinations subject to a certificate of waiver or a certificate of provider-performed microscopy under CLIA, shall register with the department. The department shall issue a clinical laboratory registration to any person who has applied for the registration on forms provided by the department and is found to be in compliance with this chapter, the regulations pertaining thereto, and the CLIA requirements for either a certificate of waiver or a certificate of provider-performed microscopy.

(b) An application for a clinical laboratory license or registration shall include the name or names of the owner or the owners, the name or names of the laboratory director or directors, the name and location of the laboratory, a list of the clinical laboratory tests or examinations performed by the laboratory by name and total number of test procedures and examinations performed annually (excluding tests the laboratory may run for quality control, quality assurance, or proficiency testing purposes). The application shall also include a list of the tests and the test kits, methodologies, and laboratory equipment used, and the qualifications (educational

background, training, and experience) of the personnel directing and supervising the laboratory and performing the laboratory examinations and test procedures, and any other relevant information as may be required by the department. If the laboratory is performing tests subject to a provider-performed microscopy certificate, the name of the provider or providers performing those tests shall be included on the application. Application shall be made by the owners of the laboratory and the laboratory directors prior to its opening. A license or registration to conduct a clinical laboratory if the owners are not the laboratory directors shall be issued jointly to the owners and the laboratory directors and the license or registration shall include any information as may be required by the department. The owners and laboratory directors shall be severally and jointly responsible to the department for the maintenance and conduct thereof or for any violations of this chapter and regulations pertaining thereto.

(c) The department shall not issue a license or registration until it is satisfied that the clinical laboratory will be operated within the spirit and intent of this chapter, that the owners and laboratory directors are each of good moral character, and that the granting of the license will not be in conflict with the interests of public health.

(d) A separate license or registration shall be obtained for each laboratory location, with the following exceptions:

(1) Laboratories that are not at a fixed location, that is, laboratories that move from one testing site to another, such as mobile units providing laboratory testing, health screening fairs, or other temporary testing locations, may apply for and obtain one license or registration for the designated primary site or home base, using the address of that primary site.

(2) Not-for-profit, or federal, state, or local government laboratories that engage in limited (not more than a combination of 15 moderately complex or waived tests, as defined under CLIA, per license) public health testing may apply for and obtain a single license or registration.

(3) Laboratories within a hospital that are located at contiguous buildings on the same campus and under common direction, may file a single application or multiple applications for a license or registration of laboratory locations within the same campus or street address.

(4) Locations within a single street and city address that are under common ownership may apply for and obtain a single license or registration or multiple licenses or registrations, at the discretion of the owner or owners.

(e) (1) A license or registration shall be valid for one year unless revoked or suspended, ~~except that a registration issued to a pharmacy described in Section 1206.6 shall be valid for two years unless revoked or suspended.~~ A clinical laboratory license or registration shall be automatically revoked 30 days from a major change of laboratory directorship or ownership. The clinical laboratory shall be required to submit a completed application for a new clinical laboratory license or registration within those 30 days or cease engaging in clinical laboratory practice.

(2) If a clinical laboratory intends to continue to engage in clinical laboratory practice during the 30 days after a major change in directorship occurs and before the laboratory license or registration is automatically revoked, the laboratory owner may appoint an interim director who meets the requirements of this chapter and CLIA. The interim director shall be appointed within five business days of the major change of the directorship. Written notice shall be provided to the department of the appointment of the laboratory director pursuant to this paragraph within five business days of the appointment.

(f) If the department does not within 60 days after the date of receipt of the application issue a license or registration, it shall state the grounds and reasons for its refusal in writing, serving a copy upon the applicant by certified mail addressed to the applicant at his or her last known address.

(g) The department shall be notified in writing by the laboratory owners or delegated representatives of the owners and the laboratory directors of any change in ownership, directorship, name, or location, including the addition or deletion of laboratory owners or laboratory directors within 30 days. However, notice of change in ownership shall be the responsibility of both the current and new owners. Laboratory owners and directors to whom the current license or registration is issued shall remain jointly and severally responsible to the department for the operation, maintenance, and conduct of the clinical laboratory and for any violations of this chapter or the regulations adopted thereunder, including any failure to provide the notifications required by this

1 subdivision, until proper notice is received by the department. In
2 addition, failure of the laboratory owners and directors to notify
3 the department within 30 days of any change in laboratory
4 directors, including any additions or deletions, shall result in the
5 automatic revocation of the clinical laboratory's license or
6 registration.

7 (h) The withdrawal of an application for a license or registration
8 or for a renewal of a license, or registration, issuable under this
9 chapter, shall not, after the application has been filed with the
10 department, deprive the department of its authority to institute or
11 continue a proceeding against the applicant for denial of the license,
12 registration, or renewal upon any ground provided by law or to
13 enter an order denying the license, registration, or renewal upon
14 any such ground, unless the department consents in writing to the
15 withdrawal.

16 (i) The suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law
17 of a license or registration issued under this chapter, or its
18 suspension, forfeiture, or cancellation by order of the department
19 or by order of a court of law, or its surrender without the written
20 consent of the department, shall not deprive the department of its
21 authority to institute or continue an action against a license or
22 registration issued under this chapter or against the laboratory
23 owner or laboratory director upon any ground provided by law or
24 to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or registration
25 issued under this chapter.

26 (j) (1) Whenever a clinical laboratory ceases operations, the
27 laboratory owners, or delegated representatives of the owners, and
28 the laboratory directors shall notify the department of this fact, in
29 writing, within 30 calendar days from the date a clinical laboratory
30 ceases operation. For purposes of this subdivision, a laboratory
31 ceases operations when it suspends the performance of all clinical
32 laboratory tests or examinations for 30 calendar days at the location
33 for which the clinical laboratory is licensed or registered.

34 (2) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, owners
35 and laboratory directors of all clinical laboratories, including those
36 laboratories that cease operations, shall preserve medical records
37 and laboratory records, as defined in this section, for three years
38 from the date of testing, examination, or purchase, unless a longer
39 retention period is required pursuant to any other provision of law,
40 and shall maintain an ability to provide those records when

1 requested by the department or any duly authorized representative
2 of the department.

3 (B) For purposes of this subdivision, “medical records” means
4 the test requisition or test authorization, or the patient’s chart or
5 medical record, if used as the test requisition, the final and
6 preliminary test or examination result, and the name of the person
7 contacted if the laboratory test or examination result indicated an
8 imminent life-threatening result or was of panic value.

9 (C) For purposes of this subdivision, “laboratory records” means
10 records showing compliance with CLIA and this chapter during a
11 laboratory’s operation that are actual or true copies, either
12 photocopies or electronically reproducible copies, of records for
13 patient test management, quality control, quality assurance, and
14 all invoices documenting the purchase or lease of laboratory
15 equipment and test kits, reagents, or media.

16 (D) Information contained in medical records and laboratory
17 records shall be confidential, and shall be disclosed only to
18 authorized persons in accordance with federal, state, and local
19 laws.

20 (3) The department or any person injured as a result of a
21 laboratory’s abandonment or failure to retain records pursuant to
22 this section may bring an action in a court of proper jurisdiction
23 for any reasonable amount of damages suffered as a result thereof.

24 (k) For purposes of this section, in the case of a pharmacy that
25 applies for a registration pursuant to Section 1206.6, “laboratory
26 director” means the pharmacist-in-charge identified pursuant to
27 subdivision (a) of Section 1206.6.

28 SEC. 5. Section 4052.4 of the Business and Professions Code
29 is amended to read:

30 4052.4. Notwithstanding Section 2038 or any other provision
31 of law, a pharmacist may perform skin puncture in the course of
32 performing routine patient assessment procedures or in the course
33 of performing any procedure authorized under Section 1206.5 or
34 1206.6. For purposes of this section, “routine patient assessment
35 procedures” means: (a) procedures that a patient could, with or
36 without a prescription, perform for himself or herself, or (b) clinical
37 laboratory tests that are classified as waived pursuant to the federal
38 Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (42 U.S.C.
39 Sec. 263a) and the regulations adopted thereunder by the federal
40 Health Care Financing Administration, as authorized by paragraph

(11) of subdivision (a) of Section 1206.5 or Section 1206.6. A pharmacist performing these functions shall report the results obtained from a test to the patient and any physician designated by the patient. Any pharmacist who performs the service authorized by this section shall not be in violation of Section 2052.

SEC. 6. Section 1.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section 1206.5 of the Business and Professions Code proposed by both this bill and Assembly Bill 761. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2013, (2) each bill amends Section 1206.5 of the Business and Professions Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after Assembly Bill 761, in which case Section 1 of this bill shall not become operative.