AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 16, 2013

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 21, 2013

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 857

Introduced by Assembly Member Fong

February 21, 2013

An act to amend Sections 9012, 9021, 9022, 9030, and 9031 9031, 18601, and 18602 of, and to add Sections 9009.5 and, 9009.6, 9036, 9037, 9038, and 9039 to, the Elections Code, relating to elections.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 857, as amended, Fong. Initiatives: petition circulators.

(1) The California Constitution and existing statutory law provide for the electors to propose statutes or amendments to the Constitution by initiative. Existing law authorizes a person who is a voter or who is qualified to register to vote in California to circulate an initiative or referendum petition anywhere within the state, and requires the person soliciting signatures to declare under penalty of perjury that he or she is a voter or is qualified to register to vote in the state.

This bill would delete the provisions providing that a person who is a voter or is qualified to vote in California is authorized to solicit signatures on an initiative or referendum petition, and requiring that person to declare under penalty of perjury that he or she is a voter or is qualified to register to vote in the state.

(2) Existing law requires local elections officials to perform various duties with respect to statewide initiative petitions, including determining the total number of signatures affixed to the petitions, transmitting that information to the Secretary of State, and performing

a random sampling technique for verification of signatures on specified petitions. Once an initiative measure is certified to have been signed by a specified number of voters, existing law provides that a petition setting forth the text of the proposed statute or amendment to the Constitution may be presented to the Secretary of State.

This bill would require at least 20% of the signatures on a petition for an initiative measure, and at least 20% of the signatures used to verify the qualification of an initiative measure, measure to be collected and submitted by persons who qualify as on a petition or petition section that was circulated by a person who does not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of obtaining soliciting signatures of electors, and would require those persons to sign an affidavit under penalty of perjury, as specified. The bill would require an elections official who determines the total number of signatures affixed to a petition and an elections official or registrar of voters who verifies signatures on petitions to also determine the total number of signatures collected and submitted by persons who qualify as a person who does who do not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of obtaining soliciting signatures of electors, as specified. The bill would include specified findings and declarations of the Legislature in support of these policies.

This bill would prohibit a person from paying money or other valuable consideration to another person for soliciting signatures of electors on an initiative or referendum petition, and would prohibit a person from receiving money or other valuable consideration for soliciting signatures of electors on an initiative or referendum petition, unless the person soliciting signatures registers with the Secretary of State and completes a training program, as specified. The bill would require the Secretary of State to adopt regulations establishing registration procedures and establishing a training program, as specified. The bill also would require a proponent of an initiative or referendum petition who pays any person to solicit signatures of electors on the petition to keep detailed accounts, as defined, and would require the Secretary of State to regularly review the accounts. The bill would include specified findings and declarations of the Legislature in support of these policies.

(3) Existing law requires every proposed initiative measure, prior to circulation, to include on the petition, among other things, the circulating title and summary prepared by the Attorney General and a heading for the initiative measure, as specified. Existing law also requires a petition

for a proposed initiative or referendum measure to be presented in sections, as specified.

3

This bill would additionally require a petition for a proposed initiative measure that is circulated by persons who do not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of obtaining signatures of electors to be printed on white paper in a contrasting color ink. The bill also would require a petition for a proposed initiative measure that is circulated by persons who do receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of obtaining signatures of electors to be printed on bright yellow paper in a contrasting color ink. The bill also would require each section of a petition for a proposed initiative measure to bear a unique identifying number.

(4) Under existing law, an initiative petition must contain specified language advising the public of its right to ask whether the person circulating the petition is a paid signature gatherer or a volunteer.

This bill would instead require a statewide initiative, referendum, or recall petition to include specified disclosures notifying the public that the petition circulator is receiving money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of soliciting signatures of electors, as specified.

(5) Existing law provides that a person who engages in specified conduct in connection with the collection of signatures on any state or local initiative, referendum or recall petition is guilty of a misdemeanor.

This bill would require a statewide initiative or referendum petition section to be deemed invalid and would prohibit an elections official from using the petition section for the purpose of determining if the initiative or referendum measure qualifies for the ballot if the signatures are solicited and submitted by a person who engages in fraud, misrepresentation, or any of the specified conduct for which he or she may be found guilty of a misdemeanor. The bill would authorize the Secretary of State or any elector to enforce this provision by a civil action in which the plaintiff has the burden of showing a violation by clear and convincing evidence.

The bill would provide that the provisions of this act take effect January 1, 2014, and apply to any initiative or referendum petition for which the Attorney General issued a circulating title and summary on or after October 1, 2013.

(4)

(6) Because this bill would impose new requirements on local elections officials relative to calculating and verifying signatures on a petition, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (1) The power of the initiative is a fundamental right reserved 4 for the voters of California and must be protected as a means of

5 governing through direct democracy.

6 (2) The voters amended the California Constitution to reserve
7 for themselves the power of the initiative because <u>powerful</u>,
8 <u>out-of-state</u> *financially powerful* interests, including railroad
9 companies, exercised a corrupting influence over state politics.

(3) The purpose of reserving the initiative power was to provide

individuals, communities, and coalitions a means to protect thegeneral interests of the State of California.

(4) For the past 30 years, a disturbing trend in the state's politicalprocess has undermined the original intent of the initiative power.

15 Whereas the initiative was reserved by the voters for the purpose

16 of allowing volunteers and grassroots organizations voters to

participate in direct democracy, *now the integrity of* the initiative

18 process has been corrupted by well financed special interests.

19 (5) Whether an initiative measure qualifies for the ballot no

20 longer depends upon how much the state's voters truly support the 21 proposed law but, rather, depends upon how much money a

22 proposed law but, failer, depends upon now inden money a 22 proponent is willing to spend to place the proposal on the ballot.

22 proposed is writing to spend to proce the proposal on the ballot. 23 Thus, the presence of an initiative measure on the ballot is no

24 longer viewed as an expression of a minimum amount of public

25 support but, rather, the willingness of a special interest to pay a

sufficient number of petition circulators to use whatever means
 necessary to qualify the initiative measure for the ballot.

3 (6) Whereas initiative petitions were originally circulated by 4 volunteer and grassroots organizations, the demonstration of 5 community support for an initiative petition has given way to paid 6 circulators who work at the behest of well-funded individuals and 7 organizations.

8 (7) In *organizations*. *In* many cases, the individuals and 9 organizations supporting an initiative petition do not reside in the 10 state and will not be subject to the laws that they propose.

(7) Due to the prevalence of paid circulators, the statewide
election ballot is increasingly cluttered with initiative measures
that do not have enough public support to justify the expenses of
administering the election for those particular proposals.
Additionally, voters have been overwhelmed by the number and
complexity of the proposals.

17 (8) The prevalence of paid circulators has *also* led to instances 18 of fraud and misrepresentation, and the erosion of public 19 confidence in the initiative process. The most popular means of paying petition circulators is based on the number of signatures a 20 21 person collects. Under a payment-per-signature arrangement, a 22 paid circulator has no incentive to educate voters about an initiative 23 petition but, instead, is motivated solely to gather as many 24 signatures as possible. In their quest for economic gain, paid 25 circulators often purposefully mislead voters and leave the public 26 in the dark about the true content of initiative petitions.

(9) The Because the use of paid circulators has been associated
 with coercive and misleading tactics to collect signatures from the
 public. As a result, signatures, the public is dissatisfied with the
 initiative process.

31 (10) The presence of an initiative measure on the ballot is no

32 longer viewed as an expression of a minimum amount of public

33 support but, rather, the willingness of a special interest to pay a

34 sufficient number of petition circulators to use whatever means

35 necessary to qualify the initiative measure for the ballot.

36 (11) The statewide election ballot is increasingly eluttered with

37 initiative measures that do not have enough public support to justify

38 the expenses of administering the election for those particular

39 proposals. Additionally, voters have been overwhelmed by the

40 number and complexity of the proposals.

1 (12)

2 (10) The Legislature is responsible for providing the manner in

3 which initiative petitions are circulated, presented, and certified.

4 Consistent with this constitutional duty, the Legislature must

5 provide for laws that are consistent with the original intent of the

6 voters in reserving the power of the initiative; protect the integrity

7 of the initiative process; and prevent the occurrence of fraud and

8 misrepresentation in the circulation, presentation, and certification

9 of initiative petitions.

10 (b) Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to do all of the 11 following:

(1) Preserve and protect the integrity of California's initiativeprocess.

14 (2) Ensure that initiative petitions have sufficient grassroots15 support *from informed voters* to be placed on the ballot.

16 (3) Protect access to the initiative process and preserve the 17 constitutional right of voters in California to engage in direct 18 democracy.

SEC. 2. Section 9009.5 is added to the Elections Code, to read: 9009.5. (a) A petition for a proposed initiative measure that is circulated by a person who does not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of <u>obtaining</u> *soliciting* signatures of electors, as described in subdivision (c) of *for purposes of* Section 9036, shall be printed on white paper in a contrasting color ink.

(b) A petition for a proposed initiative measure that is circulated
by a person who receives money or other valuable consideration
for the specific purpose of obtaining soliciting signatures of electors
shall be printed on bright yellow paper in a contrasting color ink. *SEC. 3. Section 9009.6 is added to the Elections Code, to read:*9009.6. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
petition for a proposed initiative measure that is circulated by a

person who receives money or other valuable consideration for
 the specific purpose of soliciting signatures of electors shall include
 all of the following:

36 (1) Immediately prior to the portion of the petition for voters' 37 signatures, printed names, and residence addresses, the following

37 signatures, printed names, and residence addresses, the following38 language shall be printed in 18-point boldface type:

39 "WARNING TO THE PUBLIC: THIS PETITION IS BEING 40 CIRCULATED BY A PERSON PAID TO OBTAIN YOUR

1 SIGNATURE. READ THE CONTENTS OF THIS PETITION 2 BEFORE SIGNING."

3 (2) Immediately following the language required by paragraph

4 (1) shall be printed a disclosure statement, in 14-point boldface 5 type, that includes the following language:

6 *"The political committee paying for this petition to be circulated"*

7 is (insert full name of committee as registered with the Secretary

8 of State pursuant to Section 84101 of the Government Code).

9 The following donors have contributed \$50,000 or more to the

10 (insert full name of committee as registered with the Secretary of

11 State pursuant to Section 84101 of the Government Code) within

12 six months of the printing of this petition: (insert name of each of

13 the top three donors who have contributed \$50,000 or more and,

if an individual, his or her occupation and the identity of his orher employer)."

(b) If the information for the disclosure statement described in
paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) changes, the disclosure statement
on the petition shall be updated within 14 days.

19 SEC. 3.

SEC. 4. Section 9012 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
 9012. (a) A petition for a proposed initiative or referendum

measure may be presented in sections, but each section shall contain a full and correct copy of the circulating title and summary

24 and text of the proposed measure.

(b) Each section of a petition for a proposed initiative measureshall bear a unique identifying number.

(c) The text of the proposed initiative or referendum measureshall be printed in type not smaller than 8 point.

29 <u>SEC. 4.</u>

30 *SEC. 5.* Section 9021 of the Elections Code is amended to read: 31 9021. Each section of a petition for a proposed initiative or

32 referendum measure shall bear the name of a county or city and

33 county, and only qualified registered voters of that county or city

34 and county may sign that section. The circulator may sign the

35 section he or she is circulating as provided in Section 106.

36 SEC. 5.

37 SEC. 6. Section 9022 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

38 9022. (a) Each section of a petition for a proposed initiative

39 or referendum measure shall have attached thereto the declaration

- 1 of the person soliciting the signatures setting forth the information 2 required by Section 104.
- 3 (b) A person who qualifies to collect *solicits* and submit *submits*
- 4 signatures for a proposed initiative measure and who is a person
- 5 who does not receive money or other valuable consideration for
- 6 the specific purpose of obtaining soliciting signatures of electors
- 7 within the meaning of subdivision (c) of Section 9036 shall sign
- 8 an affidavit that is prepared by the Secretary of State and that9 declares all of the following:
- (1) The person is a person who does not receive money or other
 valuable consideration for the specific purpose of obtaining
 soliciting signatures of electors within the meaning of subdivision
- 13 (c) of Section 9036.
- (2) To the best of his or her knowledge, the signatures on the
 petition sections circulated by him or her should be counted
 towards the requirements requirement set forth in subdivisions (a)
 and (b) subdivision (a) of Section 9036.
- (3) The person's current place of permanent residence.
- 19 (4) If the person is not a resident of the state, he or she consents 20 to both of the following:
- (A) The jurisdiction of the state for purposes of an investigation
 or prosecution by any state or local agency regarding the validity
 of the signatures submitted by him or her.
- (B) Service of process for any legal action pertaining to an
 investigation or prosecution by any state or local agency regarding
 the validity of the signatures submitted by him or her.
- (c) The circulator shall certify to the content of the declaration
 as to its truth and correctness, under penalty of perjury under the
 laws of the State of California, with the *his or her* signature of *his*or her name. The circulator shall state the date and the place of
 execution on the declaration immediately preceding his or her
 signature.
- (d) Petitions so verified shall be prima facie evidence that the
 signatures thereon are genuine and that the persons signing are
 qualified voters. Unless otherwise proven upon official
 investigation, it shall be presumed that the petition presented
 contains the signatures of the requisite number of qualified voters.
- 38 SEC. 6.
- 39 SEC. 7. Section 9030 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
 - 97

1 9030. (a) Each section of the petition shall be filed with the 2 elections official of the county or city and county in which it was 3 circulated, but all sections circulated in any county or city and 4 county shall be filed at the same time. Once filed, no petition 5 section shall be amended except by order of a court of competent 6 jurisdiction.

9

(b) Within eight days after the filing of the petition, excluding 7 8 Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, the elections official shall 9 determine the total number of signatures affixed to the petition 10 and, in the case of an initiative petition, the total number of 11 signatures submitted by persons who qualify under for purposes 12 of subdivision (e) (a) of Section 9036. The elections official shall 13 transmit this information to the Secretary of State. If the total 14 number of signatures filed with all elections officials is less than 15 100 percent of the number of qualified voters required to find the 16 petition sufficient, sufficient or, in the case of an initiative petition, 17 the number of signatures submitted by persons who qualify under 18 for purposes of subdivision (e) (a) of Section 9036 is less than 20 19 percent of the total number of signatures submitted, the Secretary 20 of State shall so notify the proponents and the elections officials, 21 and no further action shall be taken with regard to the petition.

22 (c) If the number of signatures filed with all elections officials 23 is 100 percent or more of the number of qualified voters needed 24 to declare the petition sufficient and, in the case of an initiative 25 petition, the percentage of signatures submitted by persons who 26 qualify under for purposes of subdivision (c) (a) of Section 9036 27 is equal to or greater than 20 percent of the number of signatures 28 submitted, the Secretary of State shall immediately so notify the 29 elections officials.

30 (d) Within 30 days after this notification, excluding Saturdays, 31 Sundays, and holidays, the elections official shall determine the 32 number of qualified voters who have signed the petition. If more 33 than 500 names have been signed on sections of the petition filed 34 with an elections official, the elections official shall use a random 35 sampling technique for verification of signatures, as determined 36 by the Secretary of State. The random sample of signatures to be 37 verified shall be drawn in such a manner that every signature filed 38 with the elections official shall be given an equal opportunity to 39 be included in the sample. The random sampling shall include an 40 examination of at least 500 or 3 percent of the signatures,

1 whichever is greater. In determining from the records of registration

2 the number of qualified voters who have signed the petition, the

3 elections official may use the duplicate file of affidavits of

4 registered voters or the facsimiles of voters' signatures, provided5 that the method of preparing and displaying the facsimiles complies

6 with law.

7 (e) The elections official, upon the completion of the 8 examination, shall immediately attach to the petition, except the 9 signatures thereto appended, a properly dated certificate showing 10 the result of the examination, including, in the case of an initiative petition, the total number of qualified voters who signed the 11 12 sections of the petition submitted by persons who qualify under 13 for purposes of subdivision (c) (a) of Section 9036, and shall 14 immediately transmit the petition and the certificate to the Secretary 15 of State. A copy of this certificate shall be filed in the elections 16 official's office.

17 (f) If the certificates received from all elections officials by the 18 Secretary of State establish that the number of valid signatures 19 does not equal 95 percent of the number of qualified voters needed to find the petition sufficient or, in the case of an initiative petition, 20 21 that the number of valid signatures submitted by persons who 22 qualify under for purposes of subdivision (e) (a) of Section 9036 23 does not equal 95 percent of the number of qualified voters needed 24 to satisfy the requirements of requirement set forth in subdivision 25 (a) of Section 9036, the petition shall be deemed to have failed to 26 qualify, and the Secretary of State shall immediately so notify the 27 proponents and the elections officials. (g) If the certificates received from all elections officials by the 28 29 Secretary of State total more than 110 percent of the number of 30 qualified voters needed to find the petition sufficient and, in the 31 case of an initiative petition, the number of valid signatures

32 submitted by persons who qualify under for purposes of subdivision 33 (c) (a) of Section 9036 total more than 110 percent of the number

34 of qualified voters needed to satisfy the requirements of

35 requirement set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 9036, the petition

36 shall be deemed to qualify as of the date of receipt by the Secretary

37 of State of certificates showing the petition to have reached the

38 110 percent, and the Secretary of State shall immediately so notify

39 the proponents and the elections officials.

1 (h) The Secretary of State shall enact regulations consistent with 2 this section.

3 <u>SEC. 7.</u>

4 SEC. 8. Section 9031 of the Elections Code is amended to read: 5 9031. (a) If the statistical sampling shows that the number of 6 valid signatures is within 95 to 110 percent of the number of 7 signatures of qualified voters needed to declare the petition 8 sufficient or, in the case of an initiative petition, the number of 9 valid signatures collected by persons who qualify under submitted 10 for purposes of subdivision (c) (a) of Section 9036 is within 95 to 11 110 percent of the number of signatures-required by needed to 12 satisfy the requirement of subdivision (a) of Section 9036, the 13 Secretary of State shall order the examination and verification of 14 each signature filed, and shall so notify the elections officials.

15 (b) Within 30 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, 16 after receipt of the order, the elections official or registrar of voters 17 shall determine from the records of registration the number of 18 qualified voters who have signed the petition and, in the case of 19 an initiative petition, the number of qualified voters who have 20 signed sections of the petition submitted by persons who qualify 21 under for purposes of subdivision-(e) (a) of Section 9036, and if 22 necessary the board of supervisors shall allow the elections official 23 or registrar additional assistance for the purpose of examining the 24 petition and provide for their compensation. In determining from 25 the records of registration the number of qualified voters who have 26 signed the petition, the elections official or registrar of voters may 27 use any file or list of registered voters maintained by his or her 28 office, or the facsimiles of voters' signatures, provided that the 29 method of preparing and displaying the facsimiles complies with 30 law. 31 (c) The elections official or registrar, upon the completion of

the examination, shall immediately attach to the petition, except the signatures thereto appended, an amended certificate properly dated, showing the result of the examination and shall immediately transmit the petition, together with the amended certificate, to the Secretary of State. A copy of the amended certificate shall be filed in the elections official's office.

38 (d) (1) If the amended certificates establish the petition's 39 sufficiency, the petition shall be deemed to be filed as of the date

of receipt by the Secretary of State of certificates showing the 1 2 petition to be signed by the requisite number of voters of the state. 3 (2) If the amended certificates received from all elections 4 officials by the Secretary of State establish that the petition has 5 still been found insufficient, the Secretary of State shall 6 immediately so notify the proponents and the elections officials. 7 SEC. 8. 8 SEC. 9. Section 9036 is added to the Elections Code, to read: 9 9036. (a) At least 20 percent of the signatures of registered voters collected and submitted pursuant to Section 9035 shall-have 10 11 been obtained by persons who do be presented on a petition or 12 section of a petition that was circulated by a person who does not receive money or other valuable consideration exclusively or 13 primarily for the specific purpose of obtaining soliciting signatures 14 of electors on a petition for a proposed initiative measure. the 15 16 petition. 17 (b) At least 20 percent of the signatures collected and used to 18 verify the qualification of an initiative measure pursuant to Sections 19 9030 and 9031 shall have been obtained by persons who do not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific 20 21 purpose of obtaining signatures of electors on a petition for a 22 proposed initiative measure. 23 (c) For purposes of this article, the following persons qualify 24 as a "person who does not receive money or other valuable 25 consideration for the specific purpose of obtaining signatures of 26 electors": 27 (1) A person who does not receive money or other valuable 28 consideration exclusively or primarily for the purpose of obtaining 29 signatures of electors on a petition for a proposed initiative 30 measure. 31 (2)32 (b) (1) A person who is an employee or member of -an anonprofit organization, other than an organization in the business 33 34 of-collecting soliciting signatures on initiative petitions, who-is paid by receives money or other valuable consideration from the 35 organization and as part of that employment obtains or membership 36 37 solicits signatures for the qualification of an initiative measure

shall be deemed to be a person who does not receive money or

39 other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of soliciting

signatures of electors, unless a primary purpose of that employment
 or membership is to solicit signatures on an initiative petition.

3 (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "member" means any of 4 the following:

5 (A) A person who, pursuant to a specific provision of an 6 organization's articles of incorporation or bylaws, has the right 7 to vote directly or indirectly for the election of a director or 8 directors, or an officer or officers, or on a disposition of all or 9 substantially all of the assets of the organization, or on a merger 10 or a dissolution.

11 (B) A person who is designated in an organization's articles of 12 incorporation or bylaws as a member and, pursuant to a specific 13 provision of the articles of incorporation or bylaws, has the right

14 to vote on changes to the articles of incorporation or bylaws.

15 (C) A person who pays or has paid membership dues in an 16 amount predetermined by the organization, provided the 17 organization is tax exempt under Section 501(c) of the Internal 18 Revenue Code.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a member of a local union
is a member of any national or international union of which the
local union is a part and of any federation with which the local,

22 national, or international union is affiliated.

(4) For purposes of this subdivision, a person is not a member
of a nonprofit organization solely by virtue of being on a mailing
or contact list of the organization.

26 (c) Signatures that are solicited by a person who is a registered 27 voter of a political party, a member of a political party committee 28 as defined in Section 85205 of the Government Code, or an 29 employee of a political party or a political party committee and 30 who receives money or other valuable consideration for soliciting 31 signatures on an initiative petition from the political party or 32 political party committee do not count towards the number of 33 signatures needed to satisfy the requirement of subdivision (a). 34 (d) (1) Signatures on an initiative petition that are solicited 35 through direct mail do not count towards the number of signatures

36 needed to satisfy the requirement of subdivision (a) if the person

37 soliciting the signatures through direct mail, or any other person

38 who organizes, pays for, or arranges for the direct mail, receives

39 money or other valuable consideration primarily for the purpose40 of soliciting signatures of electors, unless the person is an employee

| 1 | or member of a nonprofit organization as described in subdivision |
|----|---|
| 2 | <i>(b)</i> . |
| 3 | (2) This subdivision shall not be construed to preclude an |
| 4 | organization that has a primary purpose other than soliciting |
| 5 | signatures on initiative petitions from soliciting signatures from |
| 6 | the organization's members through direct mail and relying on |
| 7 | those signatures for purposes of satisfying the requirement set |
| 8 | forth in subdivision (a). |
| 9 | (d) |
| 10 | (e) This section shall not be construed to preclude a person who |
| 11 | receives nominal, non-monetary benefits, including food, |
| 12 | transportation, or lodging, from qualifying under-subdivision (c). |
| 13 | this section as a person who does not receive money or other |
| 14 | valuable consideration exclusively or primarily for the specific |
| 15 | purpose of soliciting signatures of electors on a petition for a |
| 16 | proposed initiative measure. |
| 17 | SEC. 10. Section 9037 is added to the Elections Code, to read: |
| 18 | 9037. (a) A person shall not pay money or other valuable |
| 19 | consideration to another person for the specific purpose of |
| 20 | soliciting signatures of electors on an initiative or referendum |
| 21 | petition, and a person shall not receive money or other valuable |
| 22 | consideration for the specific purpose of soliciting signatures of |
| 23 | electors on an initiative or referendum petition, unless the person |
| 24 | soliciting the signatures does both of the following: |
| 25 | (1) Registers with the Secretary of State in the manner |
| 26 | prescribed by subdivision (c) and by regulations adopted by the |
| 27 | Secretary of State. |
| 28 | (2) Completes a training program prescribed by regulations |
| 29 | adopted by the Secretary of State. |
| 30 | (b) A person who is an employee or member of a nonprofit |
| 31 | organization, other than an organization in the business of |
| 32 | soliciting signatures on initiative or referendum petitions, who |
| 33 | receives money or other valuable consideration from the |
| 34 | organization and as part of that employment or membership solicits |
| 35 | signatures for the qualification of an initiative or referendum |
| 36 | measure shall be deemed to be a person who does not receive |
| 37 | money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of |
| 38 | soliciting signatures of electors for purposes of subdivision (a), |
| 39 | unless a primary purpose of that employment or membership is to |

40 solicit signatures on an initiative or referendum petition.

1 (c) A person who is required to register with the Secretary of

2 State pursuant to subdivision (a) shall file an application with the
3 Secretary of State that includes all of the following:

- 4 (1) The full name and any assumed name of the applicant.
- 5 (2) The residential street address of the applicant.
- 6 (3) An example of the signature of the applicant.
- 7 (4) A list of the initiative or referendum petitions for which the 8 applicant will solicit signatures.
- 9 (5) If the applicant has been convicted of a criminal offense
- 10 involving fraud, forgery, identification theft, or a violation of the
- 11 Elections Code, information relating to the circumstances of the
- 12 conviction, as required by the Secretary of State.
- 13 (6) A statement signed by the applicant acknowledging that he 14 or she has read and understands applicable laws pertaining to the
- 15 soliciting of signatures for an initiative or referendum measure.
- 16 (7) Proof that the applicant has completed the training required 17 by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).
- (8) A photograph of the applicant that meets all of the followingrequirements:
- 20 (A) Is a conventional photograph with a plain background.
- 21 (B) Shows the face or the face, neck, and shoulders of the 22 applicant.
- (C) Is prepared and processed for printing as prescribed by the
 Secretary of State.
- (9) If the applicant is not a resident of the state, a statementthat he or she consents to both of the following:
- (A) The jurisdiction of the state for purposes of an investigation
 or prosecution by any state or local agency regarding the validity
 of the size states submitted by him on her
- 29 of the signatures submitted by him or her.
- 30 (B) Service of process for any legal action pertaining to the 31 validity of the signatures submitted by him or her.
- 32 (10) The applicant shall certify the content of the application
- 33 as to its truth and correctness, under penalty of perjury under the
- laws of the State of California, with his or her signature. Theapplicant shall state the date and the place of execution on the
- 36 *application immediately preceding his or her signature.*
- 37 (d) If an applicant complies with subdivision (c), not later than
- 38 five business days after the applicant submits the application, the
- 39 Secretary of State shall register the applicant and assign the
- 40 applicant a registration number.

1 (e) The Secretary of State shall deny the registration of a person 2 who has been convicted of a criminal offense involving fraud, 3 forgery, or identification theft in any state, or a violation of the 4 Elections Code, during the five-year period prior to the date of 5 the application. (f) If a person receives money or other valuable consideration 6 7 for the specific purpose of soliciting signatures of electors on an 8 initiative or referendum petition and the person was not registered 9 pursuant to this section at the time the signatures were solicited, the signatures presented on the petition or sections of the petition 10 circulated by that person shall not count towards satisfying the 11 requirements of Sections 9030, 9031, and 9035. 12 (g) A person registered under this section shall wear a badge 13 14 provided by the proponent of the initiative or referendum measure 15 that evidences the person's registration when the person is soliciting signatures on the proposed initiative or referendum 16 17 petition. The badge shall contain the person's photograph and registration number. The Secretary of State shall prescribe the 18 form of the registration badge by regulation. 19 20 (h) The registration of a petition circulator under this section 21 shall be effective for two years from the date the Secretary of State 22 assigns a registration number to the applicant. Upon expiration 23 of the registration, the applicant may reapply in accordance with subdivision (c). If an applicant's information changes during the 24 25 period of his or her registration, the applicant shall amend his or her application and file the amended application with the Secretary 26 of State within 10 business days. If the changes relate to the 27 28 circulation of specific initiative or referendum petitions under 29 paragraph (4) of subdivision (c), the applicant's amended 30 application shall be filed with and approved by the Secretary of 31 State prior to the circulation of an initiative or referendum petition 32 that was not previously identified on the applicant's registration. 33 The Secretary of State shall approve or deny an amended 34 application within five business days from the filing of the amended

35 application.

(i) The Secretary of State shall revoke the registration of a
 person registered under this section who, in the course of
 circulating an initiative or referendum petition, engages in fraud,

39 misrepresentation, or any conduct described in Section 18600,

40 *18601, or 18602.*

1 (*j*) The Secretary of State shall adopt regulations necessary to 2 implement this section, including, but not limited to, regulations 3 that do both of the following:

4 (1) Establish procedures for registering persons who receive
5 money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of
6 soliciting signatures of electors on an initiative or referendum
7 petition.

8 (2) Establish a training program for persons who receive money 9 or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of 10 soliciting signatures of electors on an initiative or referendum 11 petition. The training program shall include, but is not limited to, 12 instruction to circulators regarding how to avoid fraud, 13 misrepresentation, and other misconduct in the circulation of 14 petitions and instruction on compliance with, and consequences 15 for violations of, the requirements of this section. SEC. 11. Section 9038 is added to the Elections Code, to read: 16

17 9038. (a) As used in this section, "accounts" means all of the 18 following:

(1) A contract entered into by a proponent of an initiative or
 referendum measure and any person for the specific purpose of
 soliciting signatures on a petition.

(2) An employment manual or training materials provided to
 persons who solicit signatures on a petition.

(3) Payroll records for each employee soliciting signatures on
a petition showing hours worked, number of signatures collected,
and amounts paid.

(4) Records identifying the amount and purpose of each payment
made by the proponent of an initiative or referendum measure to
any contractor or subcontractor soliciting signatures on a petition.
(5) Copies of petition sections circulated by persons who receive

(5) Copies of petition sections circulated by persons who receive
 money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of
 soliciting signatures of electors on a petition.

(b) A proponent of an initiative or referendum measure who
pays any person money or other valuable consideration for the
specific purpose of soliciting signatures of electors on a petition
shall keep detailed accounts. The accounts shall be current as of
not later than the seventh calendar day after the date a payment
is made to a person for soliciting signatures on the petition.

39 (c) The Secretary of State shall review the accounts of each 40 proponent described in subdivision (b) in the manner, and

| 1 | according to a regular schedule, prescribed by regulations adopted |
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| 2 | by the Secretary of State. |
| 3 | (d) The Secretary of State may inspect the accounts of a |
| 4 | proponent described in subdivision (b) under reasonable conditions |
| 5 | during normal business hours at any time before the deadline for |
| 6 | filing the petition or during the period specified for retention of |
| 7 | the accounts under subdivision (e). For purposes of this |
| 8 | subdivision, normal business hours means those hours that the |
| 9 | proponent of the initiative or referendum measure is normally |
| 10 | open for business to the public. The right of inspection may be |
| 11 | enforced by writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent |
| 12 | jurisdiction. |
| 13 | (e) A proponent of an initiative or referendum measure shall |
| 14 | preserve the accounts pertaining to an initiative or referendum |
| 15 | petition for at least two years after the deadline for filing the |
| 16 | petition for verification of signatures or at least two years after |
| 17 | the date the petition is filed under Section 9030, whichever is later. |
| 18 | (f) If a proponent of an initiative or referendum measure does |
| 19 | not produce accounts upon demand of the Secretary of State, both |
| 20 | of the following shall apply: |
| 21 | (1) There is a rebuttable presumption that a violation of Section |
| 22 | 9037 has occurred. |
| 23 | (2) The proponent shall not solicit additional signatures on the |
| 24 | petition until the proponent makes the accounts available to the |
| 25 | Secretary of State for inspection. Any signatures solicited in |
| 26 | violation of this paragraph shall not be counted towards satisfying |
| 27 | the requirements of Sections 9030, 9031, 9035, and 9036. |
| 28 | (g) This section shall not be construed to require that accounts |
| 29 | be available for inspection by the public. |
| 30 | SEC. 12. Section 9039 is added to the Elections Code, to read: |
| 31 | 9039. (a) An initiative or referendum petition section shall be |
| 32 | deemed invalid and shall not be used by an elections official for |
| 33 | the purpose of determining if the initiative or referendum measure |
| 34 | qualifies for the ballot if the signatures are solicited and submitted |
| 35 | by a person who engages in fraud, misrepresentation, or any |
| 36 | conduct described in Section 18600, 18601, or 18602. |
| 37 | (b) The Secretary of State or any elector may enforce this section |
| 38 | by a civil action in which the plaintiff has the burden of showing |
| 39 | a violation of this section by clear and convincing evidence. |
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1 SEC. 13. Section 18601 of the Elections Code is amended to 2 read:

3 18601. Any (*a*) *A* person working for the proponent or 4 proponents of an initiative or referendum measure or recall petition 5 who refuses to allow a prospective signer to read the measure or 6 petition is guilty of a misdemeanor.

7 (b) (1) An arrest or conviction pursuant to this section *in* 8 *connection with a local initiative or referendum measure or local* 9 *recall petition* shall not invalidate or otherwise affect the validity 10 of any signature-obtained *solicited* by the person arrested or 11 convicted.

(2) A conviction pursuant to this section in connection with a
statewide initiative or referendum measure or statewide recall
petition shall invalidate the signatures solicited by the person
convicted.

16 SEC. 14. Section 18602 of the Elections Code is amended to 17 read:

18 18602. Any A person working for the proponent or proponents 19 of a statewide initiative or referendum measure who covers or 20 otherwise obscures the summary of the measure prepared by the 21 Attorney General *or the disclosure statement printed on the petition* 22 *pursuant to Section 9009.6* from the view of a prospective signer 23 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

24 SEC. 15. The provisions of this act shall take effect January 25 1, 2014, and shall apply to any initiative or referendum petition

26 for which the Attorney General issued a circulating title and

27 summary on or after October 1, 2013.

28 SEC. 9.

29 SEC. 16. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that

30 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to

31 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

32 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

33 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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