AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 21, 2013

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013–14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 904

Introduced by Assembly Member Chesbro

February 22, 2013

An act-relating to forest resources. to amend Sections 4593.2, 4593.3, 4593.8, 4593.9, 4593.11, 4594, and 4594.7 of, and to add Section 4594.8 to, the Public Resources Code, relating to timber management plans.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 904, as amended, Chesbro. Forestry: nonindustrial timber management plan.—Nonindustrial timber management plans: nonindustrial forest landowners.

Existing law prohibits a person from conducting timber operations unless a timber harvesting plan prepared by a registered professional forester has been submitted to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. The Forest Practice Act of 1973 provides that the Director of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has the final authority to determine whether a timber harvesting plan conforms with rules and regulations pertaining to timber harvesting. Existing law authorizes a person who intends to become a nonindustrial tree farmer to file a nonindustrial timber management plan with the department with the long-term objective of an uneven aged timber stand and sustained yield through the implementation of a nonindustrial timber management plan, and prescribes procedures for the preparation, filing, and approval of those plans. Existing law, for purposes of provisions governing nonindustrial timber management plans, defines a "nonindustrial tree farmer" to mean an owner of timberland with less than 2,500 acres

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who has an approved nonindustrial management plan and is not primarily engaged in the manufacture of forest products.

This bill would replace references in the Forest Practice Act of 1973 to a "nonindustrial tree farmer" with the term "nonindustrial forest landowner." The bill would revise the definition of the nonindustrial tree landowner to mean an owner of timberland with no more than 2.500 acres.

This bill would require the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection to adopt regulations, no later than January 1, 2015, to provide for an appeal procedure in the event the department cancels a previously approved nonindustrial timber management plan.

The Z'berg-Nejedly Forest Practice Act of 1973 prohibits a person from conducting timber operations on timberland unless a timber harvesting plan has been prepared by a registered professional forester and has been submitted to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection and approved by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection or the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection. The act authorizes a nonindustrial timber management plan to be filed with the department in writing by a person who intends to become a nonindustrial tree farmer with the long-term objective of an uneven aged timber stand and sustained yield through the implementation of a nonindustrial timber management plan.

This bill would state that it is the intent of the Legislature to reform the nonindustrial timber management plan program to improve forest health and to provide incentives so that more landowners to utilize the program.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 4593.2 of the Public Resources Code is 2 amended to read:
- 3 4593.2. Notwithstanding Section 4521, unless the context 4 otherwise requires, the following definitions govern construction 5 of this article:
- 6 (a) "Nonindustrial timberlands" means timberland owned by a nonindustrial tree farmer. forest landowner.
- 8 (b) "Nonindustrial-tree farmer" forest landowner" means an owner of timberland with-less no more than 2.500 acres who has

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an approved nonindustrial management plan and is not primarily engaged in the manufacture of forest products.

- (c) "Uneven aged management" means the management of a specific forest, with the goal of establishing a well stocked stand of various age classes and which that permits the periodic harvest of individual or small groups of trees to realize the yield and continually establish a new crop.
- (d) "Sustained yield" means the yield of commercial wood that an area of commercial timberland can produce continuously at a given intensity of management consistent with required environmental protection and which that is professionally planned to achieve over time a balance between growth and removal.
- (e) "Nonindustrial timber management plan" means a management plan for nonindustrial timberlands with an objective of an uneven aged managed timber stand and sustained yield for each parcel or group of contiguous parcels meeting the requirements of Section 4593.3.
- (f) "Nonindustrial timber harvest notice" means notice of timber harvest operations pursuant to an approved nonindustrial timber management plan and meeting the requirements of Section 4594.
- SEC. 2. Section 4593.3 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 4593.3. A nonindustrial timber management plan may be filed with the department in writing by a person who intends to become a nonindustrial tree farmer forest landowner with the long-term objective of an uneven aged timber stand and sustained yield through the implementation of a nonindustrial timber management plan. The management plan shall be prepared by a registered professional forester. It shall be a public record and shall include all of the following information:
 - (a) The name and address of the timberland owner.
- (b) A description of the land on which the plan is proposed to be implemented, including a United States Geological Survey quadrangle map or equivalent indicating the location of all streams, the location of all proposed and existing logging truck roads, and indicating boundaries of all site I classification timberlands to be stocked in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 4561 and any other site classifications if the board establishes specific minimum stocking standards for other site classifications.

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(c) A description of the silviculture methods to be applied and the type of yarding equipment to be used.

- (d) An outline of the methods to be used to avoid excessive accelerated erosion from timber operations to be conducted within the proximity of a stream.
- (e) Special provisions, if any, to protect any unique area within the boundaries of the proposed nonindustrial timber management plan.
- (f) A description of the existing stand, its current projected growth, alterations required to achieve the management objectives, the projected timber volumes and tree sizes to be available for harvest, and projected frequencies of harvest.
- (g) A certification by the registered professional forester preparing the plan that he or she or a designee has personally inspected the plan area.
- (h) Any other information the board provides by regulation to meet its rules and the standards of this chapter.
 - (i) This section shall become operative on January 1, 1996.
- SEC. 3. Section 4593.8 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 4593.8. The nonindustrial tree farmer forest landowner may submit a proposed amendment to the approved plan and may not take any action—which that substantially deviates, as defined by the board, from the approved plan until the amendment has been filed with the director and the director has determined that the amendment is in compliance with the rules and regulations of the board and the provisions of this chapter—which that were in effect at the time the nonindustrial timber management plan was approved, in accordance with the same procedures specified in Section 4593.7.
- SEC. 4. Section 4593.9 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 4593.9. The nonindustrial tree farmer forest landowner may take actions—which that do not substantially deviate from the approved plan without the submittal of an amendment, but those actions shall be subsequently reported to the department. The board shall specify, by regulation, those nonsubstantial deviations—which that may be taken. The board shall specify the requirements for reporting those deviations.

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SEC. 5. Section 4593.11 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

4593.11. The nonindustrial tree farmer forest landowner may cancel the nonindustrial timber management plan by submitting a written notice to the department. Once timber operations have commenced pursuant to a nonindustrial timber harvest notice, cancellation is not effective on land covered by the notice until a report of satisfactory completion has been issued pursuant to Sections 4585, 4586, and 4587.

SEC. 6. Section 4594 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

4594. The nonindustrial—tree farmer forest landowner who owns, leases, or otherwise controls or operates on all or any portion of any timberland within the boundaries of an approved nonindustrial timber management plan, and who plans to harvest any of the timber thereon during a given year, shall file a nonindustrial timber harvest notice with the department in writing. A notice shall be filed prior to the harvesting of any timber and shall be effective for a maximum of one year from the date of filing. If the person who files the notice is not the owner of the timberland, the person filing the notice shall notify the timberland owner by certified mail that the notice has been submitted, and shall certify that mailing to the department. The notice shall be a public record and shall include all of the following information:

- (a) The name and address of the timber owner.
- (b) The name and address of the timber operator.
- (c) The name and address of the registered professional forester preparing the nonindustrial timber harvest notice.
- (d) A description of the land on which the work is proposed to be done.
- (e) A statement that no archeological sites have been discovered in the harvest area since the approval of the nonindustrial timber management plan.
- (f) A statement that no rare, threatened, or endangered plant or animal species has been discovered in the harvest area since the approval of the nonindustrial timber management plan.
- (g) A statement that there have been no physical environmental changes in the harvest area that are so significant as to require any amendment of the nonindustrial timber management plan.

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(h) A certification by the registered professional forester that the notice as carried out will implement best management practices for protection of the beneficial uses of water, soil stability, forest productivity, and wildlife as required by the current rules of the board, or a certification that practices consistent with the original plan will not result in any significant degradation to the beneficial uses of water, soil stability, forest productivity, or wildlife.

- (i) Special provisions, if any, to protect any unique area within the area of timber operations.
- (j) The expected dates of commencement and completion of timber operations during the year.
- (k) A statement that the harvesting notice conforms to the provisions of the approved management plan.
- (1) Any other information the board provides by regulation to meet its rules and the standards of this chapter.
 - (m) This section shall become operative on January 1, 1996.
- SEC. 7. Section 4594.7 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 4594.7. If it is determined that the objectives of uneven aged management and sustained yield are not being met by a nonindustrial tree farmer, forest landowner, or there are other persistent violations detected that are not being corrected, a previously approved nonindustrial timber management plan shall be canceled by the department and any further timber operations under the plan shall be terminated.
- SEC. 8. Section 4594.8 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
- 4594.8. The board shall adopt regulations, no later than January 1, 2015, to provide for an appeal procedure in the event that the department cancels a previously approved nonindustrial timber management plan.
- SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to reform the nonindustrial timber management plan program (commencing with Section 4593 of the Public Resources Code) to improve forest health and to provide incentives so that more landowners utilize the program.