

**ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 1215**

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**Introduced by Assembly Member Hagman**

February 22, 2013

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An act to amend Section 1209 of the Business and Professions Code, relating to clinical laboratories.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1215, as introduced, Hagman. Clinical laboratories.

Existing law provides for the licensure, registration, and regulation of clinical laboratories and various clinical laboratory personnel by the State Department of Public Health. Existing law prohibits the performance of a clinical laboratory test or examination classified as waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) unless the test or examination is performed under the overall operation and administration of a laboratory director. Existing law defines "laboratory director", for purposes of a clinical laboratory test or examination classified as waived, as an individual who, among others, is a duly licensed naturopathic doctor.

This bill would expand the definition of "laboratory director" for purposes of a clinical laboratory test or examination classified as waived to include a duly licensed clinical laboratory scientist.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.  
State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Section 1209 of the Business and Professions  
2 Code is amended to read:

1       1209. (a) As used in this chapter, "laboratory director" means  
2 any person who is a duly licensed physician and surgeon, or, only  
3 for purposes of a clinical laboratory test or examination classified  
4 as waived, is *a duly licensed clinical laboratory scientist*, a duly  
5 licensed naturopathic doctor, or a duly licensed optometrist serving  
6 as the director of a laboratory which only performs clinical  
7 laboratory tests authorized in paragraph (10) of subdivision (e) of  
8 Section 3041 that are classified as waived, or is licensed to direct  
9 a clinical laboratory under this chapter and who substantially meets  
10 the laboratory director qualifications under CLIA for the type and  
11 complexity of tests being offered by the laboratory. The laboratory  
12 director, if qualified under CLIA, may perform the duties of the  
13 technical consultant, technical supervisor, clinical consultant,  
14 general supervisor, and testing personnel, or delegate these  
15 responsibilities to persons qualified under CLIA. If the laboratory  
16 director reapportions performance of those responsibilities or  
17 duties, he or she shall remain responsible for ensuring that all those  
18 duties and responsibilities are properly performed.

19     (b) (1) The laboratory director is responsible for the overall  
20 operation and administration of the clinical laboratory, including  
21 administering the technical and scientific operation of a clinical  
22 laboratory, the selection and supervision of procedures, the  
23 reporting of results, and active participation in its operations to  
24 the extent necessary to ensure compliance with this act and CLIA.  
25 He or she shall be responsible for the proper performance of all  
26 laboratory work of all subordinates and shall employ a sufficient  
27 number of laboratory personnel with the appropriate education  
28 and either experience or training to provide appropriate  
29 consultation, properly supervise and accurately perform tests, and  
30 report test results in accordance with the personnel qualifications,  
31 duties, and responsibilities described in CLIA and this chapter.

32     (2) Where a point-of-care laboratory testing device is utilized  
33 and provides results for more than one analyte, the testing  
34 personnel may perform and report the results of all tests ordered  
35 for each analyte for which he or she has been found by the  
36 laboratory director to be competent to perform and report.

37     (c) As part of the overall operation and administration, the  
38 laboratory director of a registered laboratory shall document the  
39 adequacy of the qualifications (educational background, training,  
40 and experience) of the personnel directing and supervising the

1 laboratory and performing the laboratory test procedures and  
2 examinations. In determining the adequacy of qualifications, the  
3 laboratory director shall comply with any regulations adopted by  
4 the department that specify the minimum qualifications for  
5 personnel, in addition to any CLIA requirements relative to the  
6 education or training of personnel.

7 (d) As part of the overall operation and administration, the  
8 laboratory director of a licensed laboratory shall do all of the  
9 following:

10 (1) Ensure that all personnel, prior to testing biological  
11 specimens, have the appropriate education and experience, receive  
12 the appropriate training for the type and complexity of the services  
13 offered, and have demonstrated that they can perform all testing  
14 operations reliably to provide and report accurate results. In  
15 determining the adequacy of qualifications, the laboratory director  
16 shall comply with any regulations adopted by the department that  
17 specify the minimum qualifications for, and the type of procedures  
18 that may be performed by, personnel in addition to any CLIA  
19 requirements relative to the education or training of personnel.  
20 Any regulations adopted pursuant to this section that specify the  
21 type of procedure that may be performed by testing personnel shall  
22 be based on the skills, knowledge, and tasks required to perform  
23 the type of procedure in question.

24 (2) Ensure that policies and procedures are established for  
25 monitoring individuals who conduct preanalytical, analytical, and  
26 postanalytical phases of testing to ensure that they are competent  
27 and maintain their competency to process biological specimens,  
28 perform test procedures, and report test results promptly and  
29 proficiently, and, whenever necessary, identify needs for remedial  
30 training or continuing education to improve skills.

31 (3) Specify in writing the responsibilities and duties of each  
32 individual engaged in the performance of the preanalytic, analytic,  
33 and postanalytic phases of clinical laboratory tests or examinations,  
34 including which clinical laboratory tests or examinations the  
35 individual is authorized to perform, whether supervision is required  
36 for the individual to perform specimen processing, test  
37 performance, or results reporting, and whether consultant,  
38 supervisor, or director review is required prior to the individual  
39 reporting patient test results.

1       (e) The competency and performance of staff of a licensed  
2 laboratory shall be evaluated and documented by the laboratory  
3 director, or by a person who qualifies as a technical consultant or  
4 a technical supervisor under CLIA depending on the type and  
5 complexity of tests being offered by the laboratory.

6       (1) The procedures for evaluating the competency of the staff  
7 shall include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

8           (A) Direct observations of routine patient test performance,  
9 including patient preparation, if applicable, and specimen handling,  
10 processing, and testing.

11          (B) Monitoring the recording and reporting of test results.

12          (C) Review of intermediate test results or worksheets, quality  
13 control records, proficiency testing results, and preventive  
14 maintenance records.

15          (D) Direct observation of performance of instrument  
16 maintenance and function checks.

17          (E) Assessment of test performance through testing previously  
18 analyzed specimens, internal blind testing samples, or external  
19 proficiency testing samples.

20          (F) Assessment of problem solving skills.

21       (2) Evaluation and documentation of staff competency and  
22 performance shall occur at least semiannually during the first year  
23 an individual tests biological specimens. Thereafter, evaluations  
24 shall be performed at least annually unless test methodology or  
25 instrumentation changes, in which case, prior to reporting patient  
26 test results, the individual's performance shall be reevaluated to  
27 include the use of the new test methodology or instrumentation.

28       (f) The laboratory director of each clinical laboratory of an acute  
29 care hospital shall be a physician and surgeon who is a qualified  
30 pathologist, except as follows:

31           (1) If a qualified pathologist is not available, a physician and  
32 surgeon or a clinical laboratory bioanalyst qualified as a laboratory  
33 director under subdivision (a) may direct the laboratory. However,  
34 a qualified pathologist shall be available for consultation at suitable  
35 intervals to ensure high quality service.

36           (2) If there are two or more clinical laboratories of an acute care  
37 hospital, those additional clinical laboratories that are limited to  
38 the performance of blood gas analysis, blood electrolyte analysis,  
39 or both, may be directed by a physician and surgeon qualified as

1 a laboratory director under subdivision (a), irrespective of whether  
2 a pathologist is available.

3 As used in this subdivision, a qualified pathologist is a physician  
4 and surgeon certified or eligible for certification in clinical or  
5 anatomical pathology by the American Board of Pathology or the  
6 American Osteopathic Board of Pathology.

7 (g) Subdivision (f) does not apply to any director of a clinical  
8 laboratory of an acute care hospital acting in that capacity on or  
9 before January 1, 1988.

10 (h) A laboratory director may serve as the director of up to the  
11 maximum number of laboratories stipulated by CLIA, as defined  
12 under Section 1202.5.