AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 23, 2014

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CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2756

Introduced by Committee on Revenue and Taxation (Bocanegra (Chair), Gordon, Mullin, Pan, V. Manuel Pérez, and Ting)

March 24, 2014

An act to amend and renumber Section 674 of, and to add Article 8.5 (commencing with Section 674) to Chapter 3 of Part 2 of Division 1 of, the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to property taxation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2756, as amended, Committee on Revenue and Taxation. Assessment analysts: certification.

Existing law provides for the annual assessment and collection of property taxes by each county, and provides for the state administration of the property tax by the State Board of Equalization.

The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975–76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred.

Existing property tax law requires a transferee of real property or a manufactured home that is locally assessed to file a change in ownership statement with the assessor of the county in which the property or manufactured home is located, and also requires a corporation,

partnership, limited liability company, or other legal entity to file a change in ownership statement with the board.

Existing property tax law also includes various property tax exemptions as authorized or established by the California Constitution.

This bill would prohibit a person from making decisions with regard to change in ownership, or with regard to property tax exemptions, except a homeowners' exemption claim, as an employee of the state, a county, or a city and county, unless he or she is the holder of a valid assessment analyst certificate issued by the board. The bill would require the board to provide for the examination of applicants for a certificate and would authorize the board to contract with the Department of Human Resources to give the examinations. The bill would provide for an advanced certificate, pursuant to a course of study prescribed by, and on examination prepared by, the board. The bill would require prescribed annual training for certification, including advanced certification. Failure to complete training as required would be grounds for revocation. The bill would also authorize the board to issue temporary certificates and interim certificates under prescribed circumstances. This bill would specify that its provision are not to be construed to impede assessors from managing their staff resources efficiently regarding exemption applications and change in ownership documents, provided that noncertificated staff are not responsible for making exemption or change in ownership decisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (a) County assessors are required to follow complex state laws4 in the performance of their duties.

5 (b) The application of those laws is intended to provide 6 consistent and accurate assessment practices across the state.

7 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that the interests of
8 taxpayers be protected by ensuring that decisions regarding
9 eligibility of a property for exemption, other than homeowners'
10 exemptions, or whether a transaction is a change in ownership or

11 qualifies for an exclusion from a change in ownership, or both, be

12 made by staff who is certified to make those decisions.

(d) It is further the intent of the Legislature that implementation
of education and certification requirements required by this act be
undertaken in the most efficient and economical manner, utilizing
existing resources of California county assessors with the advice
and counsel of the State Board of Equalization.

6 (e) The Legislature does not intend to impede assessors in
7 managing their staff resources in an efficient manner and in a way
8 that allows noncertificated staff to prepare and work with
9 exemption applications and change in ownership documents,
10 provided that these staff are not making change in ownership or

11 exemption decisions.

12 (f)

(e) It is further the intent of the Legislature that this act be
construed as an act necessary for the implementation of Article
XIII A of the California Constitution and, as such, is not a program
or higher level of service mandated by the state.

17 SEC. 2. Section 674 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 18 amended and renumbered to read:

19 680. (a) All contracts for the performance of appraisal work

20 for assessors by any person who is not an employee of the state, 21 any county, or any city shall be entered into only after at least two

any county, or any city shall be entered into only after at least twocompetitive bids and shall be entered into either on a fixed fee

basis or on the basis of an hourly rate with a maximum dollar amount.

(b) In addition to any provision in the Real Estate Appraisers'
Licensing and Certification Law (Part 3 (commencing with Section
11300) of Division 4 of the Business and Professions Code), a
contractor shall maintain the confidentiality of assessee information
and records as provided in Sections 408, 451, and 481 that is
obtained in performance of the contract.

31 (1) A request for information and records from an assessee shall
32 be made by the assessor. The assessor may authorize a contractor

33 to request additional information or records, if needed. However,

34 a contractor shall not request that information or records without

35 the written authorization of the assessor.

36 (2) A contractor shall not provide appraisal data in his or her 37 possession to the assessor or a contractor of another county who

possession to the assessor or a contractor of another county whois not a party to the contract. An assessor may provide that data to

the assessor of another county as provided in subdivision (b) of

40 Section 408.

1 (c) A contractor may not retain information contained in, or 2 derived from, an assessee's confidential information and records 3 after the conclusion, termination, or nonrenewal of the contract. 4 Within 90 days of the conclusion, termination, or nonrenewal of 5 the contract, the contractor shall: (1) Purge and return to the assessor any assessee records, 6 7 whether originals, copies, or electronically stored, provided by the 8 assessor or otherwise obtained from the assessee. 9 (2) Provide a written declaration to the assessor that the 10 contractor has complied with this subdivision. (d) All contracts entered into pursuant to subdivision (a) shall 11 12 include a provision incorporating the requirements of subdivisions 13 (b) and (c). This provision of the contract shall use language that 14 is prescribed by the board. 15 (e) For purposes of this section, a "contractor" means any person who is not an employee of the state, any county, or any city who 16 17 performs appraisal work pursuant to a contract with an assessor. SEC. 3. Article 8.5 (commencing with Section 674) is added 18 19 to Chapter 3 of Part 2 of Division 1 of the Revenue and Taxation 20 Code, to read: 21 22 Article 8.5. Assessment Analyst Certificates 23 24 674. (a) A person shall not make decisions with regard to 25 changes in ownership as an employee of the state, a county, or a 26 city and county, unless he or she is the holder of a valid assessment 27 analyst certificate issued by the board. 28 (b) A person shall not make decisions with regard to property 29 tax exemptions, except for homeowners' exemption claims, as an 30 employee of the state, a county, or a city and county, unless he or 31 she is the holder of a valid assessment analyst certificate issued 32 by the board. 33 (c) The board shall provide for the examination of applicants 34 for an assessment analyst certificate and may contract with the Department of Human Resources to give the examinations. 35 Examinations shall be prepared by the board with the advice and 36 37 assistance of a committee of five assessors selected by the 38 California Assessors' Association for this purpose. No certificate 39 shall be issued to any person who has not attained a passing grade 40 in the examination and demonstrated to the board that he or she is

1 competent to make change in ownership or exemption decisions,

2 or both, as that competency is defined in regulations duly adopted

3 by the board. However, any applicant for a certificate who is denied

4 a certificate pursuant to this section shall have a right to a review

5 of that denial in accordance with the Administrative Procedure

6 Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of

7 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code).

8 (d) This section does not apply to a person holding a valid 9 appraiser's or advanced appraiser's certificate issued by the board.

10 (e) The board shall not impose any charge upon a county or city

and county or an applicant for an examination or certification underthis section or for training conducted by the board under Section

13 675.

675. (a) (1) In order to retain a valid certificate, every certified
assessment analyst shall complete at least 24 hours of training
conducted or approved by the board in each one-year period.

17 (2) Any training time in excess of the 24-hour minimum that is 18 accumulated in any one year shall be carried over as credit for 19 future training requirements, with a limit of three years in which 20 the correspondence in the sendited

20 the carryover time may be credited.

(3) Failure to complete training in accordance with thissubdivision shall constitute grounds for revocation of a certificate.

23 A proceeding to revoke shall be conducted in accordance with the

Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with
Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government
Code).

27 (4) Training shall include, but not be limited to, new
28 developments in applicable case law, statutory law, and
29 administrative rules.

30 (b) (1) The board shall issue an advanced assessment analyst

31 certificate for an applicant that has held a certificate issued in

accordance with Section 674 for at least three years and has doneat least one of the following:

34 (A) Has successfully completed an advanced course of study35 prescribed pursuant to paragraph (2).

36 (B) Has passed an advanced level examination prepared pursuant37 to paragraph (2).

38 (2) The board, with the advice and assistance of five assessors

39 selected by the California Assessors' Association, shall prescribe

an advanced course of study and prepare the advanced level
 examination.
 (3) In order to retain a valid advanced assessment analyst
 certificate, every holder shall complete at least 12 hours of training
 in each one-year period.

(4) Any training time for the advanced assessment analyst
certificate that is in excess of the 12-hour minimum accumulated
in any one year shall be carried over as a credit for future training
requirements, with a limit of two years in which the carryover time
may be credited.

(5) Failure to complete training in accordance with this
subdivision shall constitute grounds for revocation of an advanced
assessment analyst certificate. A proceeding to revoke shall be
conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act
(Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division

16 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code).

(6) Training to retain the advanced assessment analyst certificate
shall include, but not be limited to, new developments in applicable
case law, statutory law, and administrative rules.

20 676. (a) At the time of certification, each applicant shall
21 disclose, on forms provided by the board, his or her financial
22 interest in any legal entity. Thereafter, the form shall be completed
23 annually.

(b) If the applicant is also required to annually file with the Fair
Political Practices Commission pursuant to Article 3 (commencing
with Section 87300) of Chapter 7 of Title 9 of the Government
Code, a duplicate of that filing shall meet the requirements of this
section.

29 677. The board may issue a temporary certificate to a person 30 who is newly employed by the state, a county, or a city and county 31 in order to afford the person the opportunity to apply for and take 32 an examination, the successful passage of which would qualify 33 the person for a certificate pursuant to this article. The board shall 34 not issue a temporary certificate for a duration that exceeds one year, unless the person has been duly elected or appointed to the 35 36 office of assessor. The board shall not renew a temporary 37 certificate.

38 678. The board may issue an interim certificate to a person
39 who is currently employed by the state, a county, or a city and
40 county, and who is making change in ownership or exemption

1 decisions in order to afford that person the opportunity to apply

2 for and take an examination, the successful passage of which would3 qualify the person for a certificate pursuant to this article. The

4 board shall not issue an interim certificate for a duration that

5 exceeds four years, unless the person has been duly elected or

6 appointed to the office of assessor. The board shall not renew an

7 interim certificate.

8 679. This article shall not be construed to impede an assessor 9 from managing his or her staff resources efficiently, and in a

10 manner that allows noncertificated staff to prepare and work with

11 exemption applications and change in ownership documents,

12 provided that the noncertificated staff are not responsible for

13 making exemption or change in ownership decisions.

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