

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 6, 2013
AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 9, 2013

SENATE BILL

No. 27

Introduced by Senator Correa

December 3, 2012

An act to amend Section 9084 of the Elections Code, and to amend Sections 82015 and 88001 of, and to add Sections 84222 and 84223 to, the Government Code, relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 27, as amended, Correa. Political Reform Act of 1974.

Existing law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing, including requiring the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures, as defined, and imposing other reporting and recordkeeping requirements on campaign committees, as defined. The Fair Political Practices Commission administers and enforces the act. A violation of the act's provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor.

This bill would revise the definition of a "contribution" to include payments made by a donor who, at the time of making the payment, knows or has reason to know that the payment, or funds with which the payment will be commingled, may be used to make contributions or expenditures. The bill would establish a presumption that a donor to a nonprofit or other multipurpose organization, as defined, has reason to know that a payment may be used to make contributions or expenditures if specified criteria are satisfied, including, among other things, that the organization has made contributions or expenditures of \$1,000 or more in the aggregate during the calendar year in which the payment occurs or during any of the immediately preceding 4 calendar years.

This bill would impose reporting requirements on specified nonprofit or other multipurpose organizations, including the requirement that the organizations disclose the portion of their activities devoted to California elections and specified information regarding the sources of an organization's funds used to make those contributions and expenditures, such as donors and dues-paying members.

This bill would require ballot measure committees and candidate committees that raise \$1,000,000 or more for an election to maintain an accurate list of the committee's top 10 contributors. This bill would require a committee to provide accurate lists of these contributors to the Commission, and would require the Commission to post the top 10 contributor lists on its Internet Web site and to post updates to those lists when prescribed events occur. The bill would require the Commission to provide copies of the top 10 contributor lists to the Secretary of State, at the Secretary of State's request, for purposes of posting those lists on the Secretary of State's Internet Web site.

Existing law requires the Secretary of State to prepare a ballot pamphlet that includes specified information with respect to an election.

This bill would require the Secretary of State to include in the ballot pamphlet a written explanation of the top 10 contributor lists required by the bill, including a description of the Internet Web sites where those lists would be available to the public.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

The Political Reform Act of 1974, an initiative measure, provides that the Legislature may amend the act to further the act's purposes upon a $\frac{2}{3}$ vote of each house and compliance with specified procedural requirements.

This bill would declare that it furthers the purposes of the act.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
2 following:

1 (a) Nonprofit and other multipurpose organizations within and
2 outside the state are increasing their political activities and some
3 are seeking to make contributions and expenditures in California
4 elections without revealing their financial backers. Wealthy
5 individuals and other deep-pocketed interests should not be able
6 to spend anonymously in California elections by contributing to
7 these groups. Nonprofit organizations and other advocacy groups
8 should not be used as intermediaries to conceal the identities of
9 donors who are required to be disclosed to the public pursuant to
10 the Political Reform Act of 1974.

11 (b) The Political Reform Act of 1974 should be strengthened
12 to require nonprofit and other multipurpose organizations that
13 make contributions or expenditures to support or oppose California
14 candidates or ballot measures to disclose the sources of funds used
15 for their political contributions and expenditures, just as committees
16 that raise funds specifically for California elections must. This
17 disclosure should be limited to the extent of the group’s political
18 activity in California. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, in
19 California Pro-Life Council, Inc. v. Randolph (9th Cir. 2007) 507
20 F.3d 1172, upheld the disclosure of a nonprofit or other
21 multipurpose organization’s political activities, as required by
22 regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission.

23 (c) The disclosure of donors to nonprofit or other multipurpose
24 organizations that make contributions or expenditures to support
25 or oppose California candidates and ballot measures serves the
26 following important purposes:

27 (1) It provides the electorate with information as to where
28 campaign money comes from, increasing its ability to identify the
29 supporters of a candidate or ballot measure.

30 (2) It deters actual corruption and avoids the appearance of
31 corruption by exposing large contributions and expenditures to the
32 light of publicity.

33 (3) It is an important means of gathering the information
34 necessary to detect violations of the Political Reform Act of 1974.

35 (4) It prevents people and organizations from being able to mask
36 their identities by pretending to make contributions for, or to be
37 formed for, a nonpolitical purpose.

38 (d) The people of California have a compelling interest in
39 receiving clear and easy to use information about who is financing
40 ballot measures and candidate independent expenditure committees.

1 Committees themselves are in the best position to provide the
2 public with information about their top 10 financial backers in an
3 accurate, timely, and transparent manner.

4 (e) It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to strengthen the
5 laws requiring the disclosure of contributions and expenditures in
6 California elections by nonprofit and other multipurpose
7 organizations and to require committees that raise or spend one
8 million dollars (\$1,000,000) or more to support or oppose ballot
9 measures or make independent expenditures on behalf of a
10 candidate to disclose a list of their top 10 contributors on the
11 Internet Web site of the Fair Political Practices Commission.

12 SEC. 2. Section 9084 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

13 9084. The ballot pamphlet shall contain all of the following:

14 (a) A complete copy of each state measure.

15 (b) A copy of the specific constitutional or statutory provision,
16 if any, that each state measure would repeal or revise.

17 (c) A copy of the arguments and rebuttals for and against each
18 state measure.

19 (d) A copy of the analysis of each state measure.

20 (e) Tables of contents, indexes, art work, graphics, and other
21 materials that the Secretary of State determines will make the ballot
22 pamphlet easier to understand or more useful for the average voter.

23 (f) A notice, conspicuously printed on the cover of the ballot
24 pamphlet, indicating that additional copies of the ballot pamphlet
25 will be mailed by the county elections official upon request.

26 (g) A written explanation of the judicial retention procedure as
27 required by Section 9083.

28 (h) The Voter Bill of Rights pursuant to Section 2300.

29 (i) If the ballot contains an election for the office of United
30 States Senator, information on candidates for United States Senator.
31 A candidate for United States Senator may purchase the space to
32 place a statement in the state ballot pamphlet that does not exceed
33 250 words. The statement may not make any reference to any
34 opponent of the candidate. The statement shall be submitted in
35 accordance with timeframes and procedures set forth by the
36 Secretary of State for the preparation of the state ballot pamphlet.

37 (j) If the ballot contains a question on the confirmation or
38 retention of a justice of the Supreme Court, information on justices
39 of the Supreme Court who are subject to confirmation or retention.

1 (k) If the ballot contains an election for the offices of President
2 and Vice President of the United States, a notice that refers voters
3 to the Secretary of State’s Internet Web site for information about
4 candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the
5 United States.

6 (l) A written explanation of the appropriate election procedures
7 for party-nominated, voter-nominated, and nonpartisan offices as
8 required by Section 9083.5.

9 (m) A written explanation of the top 10 contributor lists required
10 by Section 84223 of the Government Code, including a description
11 of the Internet Web sites where those lists are available to the
12 public.

13 SEC. 3. Section 82015 of the Government Code is amended
14 to read:

15 82015. (a) “Contribution” means a payment, a forgiveness of
16 a loan, a payment of a loan by a third party, or an enforceable
17 promise to make a payment except to the extent that full and
18 adequate consideration is received, unless it is clear from the
19 surrounding circumstances that it is not made for political purposes.

20 (b) (1) A payment made at the behest of a committee as defined
21 in subdivision (a) of Section 82013 is a contribution to the
22 committee unless full and adequate consideration is received from
23 the committee for making the payment.

24 (2) A payment made at the behest of a candidate is a contribution
25 to the candidate unless the criteria in either subparagraph (A) or
26 (B) are satisfied:

27 (A) Full and adequate consideration is received from the
28 candidate.

29 (B) It is clear from the surrounding circumstances that the
30 payment was made for purposes unrelated to his or her candidacy
31 for elective office. The following types of payments are presumed
32 to be for purposes unrelated to a candidate’s candidacy for elective
33 office:

34 (i) A payment made principally for personal purposes, in which
35 case it may be considered a gift under the provisions of Section
36 82028. Payments that are otherwise subject to the limits of Section
37 86203 are presumed to be principally for personal purposes.

38 (ii) A payment made by a state, local, or federal governmental
39 agency or by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation
40 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1 (iii) A payment not covered by clause (i), made principally for
2 legislative, governmental, or charitable purposes, in which case it
3 is neither a gift nor a contribution. However, payments of this type
4 that are made at the behest of a candidate who is an elected officer
5 shall be reported within 30 days following the date on which the
6 payment or payments equal or exceed five thousand dollars
7 (\$5,000) in the aggregate from the same source in the same
8 calendar year in which they are made. The report shall be filed by
9 the elected officer with the elected officer's agency and shall be
10 a public record subject to inspection and copying pursuant to
11 subdivision (a) of Section 81008. The report shall contain the
12 following information: name of payor, address of payor, amount
13 of the payment, date or dates the payment or payments were made,
14 the name and address of the payee, a brief description of the goods
15 or services provided or purchased, if any, and a description of the
16 specific purpose or event for which the payment or payments were
17 made. Once the five-thousand-dollar (\$5,000) aggregate threshold
18 from a single source has been reached for a calendar year, all
19 payments for the calendar year made by that source must be
20 disclosed within 30 days after the date the threshold was reached
21 or the payment was made, whichever occurs later. Within 30 days
22 after receipt of the report, state agencies shall forward a copy of
23 these reports to the Fair Political Practices Commission, and local
24 agencies shall forward a copy of these reports to the officer with
25 whom elected officers of that agency file their campaign
26 statements.

27 (C) For purposes of subparagraph (B), a payment is made for
28 purposes related to a candidate's candidacy for elective office if
29 all or a portion of the payment is used for election-related activities.
30 For purposes of this subparagraph, "election-related activities"
31 shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

32 (i) Communications that contain express advocacy of the
33 nomination or election of the candidate or the defeat of his or her
34 opponent.

35 (ii) Communications that contain reference to the candidate's
36 candidacy for elective office, the candidate's election campaign,
37 or the candidate's or his or her opponent's qualifications for
38 elective office.

1 (iii) Solicitation of contributions to the candidate or to third
2 persons for use in support of the candidate or in opposition to his
3 or her opponent.

4 (iv) Arranging, coordinating, developing, writing, distributing,
5 preparing, or planning of any communication or activity described
6 in clause (i), (ii), or (iii).

7 (v) Recruiting or coordinating campaign activities of campaign
8 volunteers on behalf of the candidate.

9 (vi) Preparing campaign budgets.

10 (vii) Preparing campaign finance disclosure statements.

11 (viii) Communications directed to voters or potential voters as
12 part of activities encouraging or assisting persons to vote if the
13 communication contains express advocacy of the nomination or
14 election of the candidate or the defeat of his or her opponent.

15 (D) A contribution made at the behest of a candidate for a
16 different candidate or to a committee not controlled by the
17 behesting candidate is not a contribution to the behesting candidate.

18 (3) A payment made at the behest of a member of the Public
19 Utilities Commission, made principally for legislative,
20 governmental, or charitable purposes, is not a contribution.
21 However, payments of this type shall be reported within 30 days
22 following the date on which the payment or payments equal or
23 exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in the aggregate from the
24 same source in the same calendar year in which they are made.
25 The report shall be filed by the member with the Public Utilities
26 Commission and shall be a public record subject to inspection and
27 copying pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 81008. The report
28 shall contain the following information: name of payor, address
29 of payor, amount of the payment, date or dates the payment or
30 payments were made, the name and address of the payee, a brief
31 description of the goods or services provided or purchased, if any,
32 and a description of the specific purpose or event for which the
33 payment or payments were made. Once the five-thousand-dollar
34 (\$5,000) aggregate threshold from a single source has been reached
35 for a calendar year, all payments for the calendar year made by
36 that source must be disclosed within 30 days after the date the
37 threshold was reached or the payment was made, whichever occurs
38 later. Within 30 days after receipt of the report, the Public Utilities
39 Commission shall forward a copy of these reports to the Fair
40 Political Practices Commission.

1 (c) “Contribution” includes the purchase of tickets for events
2 such as dinners, luncheons, rallies, and similar fundraising events;
3 the candidate’s own money or property used on behalf of his or
4 her candidacy other than personal funds of the candidate used to
5 pay either a filing fee for a declaration of candidacy or a candidate
6 statement prepared pursuant to Section 13307 of the Elections
7 Code; the granting of discounts or rebates not extended to the
8 public generally or the granting of discounts or rebates by television
9 and radio stations and newspapers not extended on an equal basis
10 to all candidates for the same office; the payment of compensation
11 by any person for the personal services or expenses of any other
12 person if the services are rendered or expenses incurred on behalf
13 of a candidate or committee without payment of full and adequate
14 consideration.

15 (d) “Contribution” further includes any transfer of anything of
16 value received by a committee from another committee, unless
17 full and adequate consideration is received.

18 (e) “Contribution” does not include amounts received pursuant
19 to an enforceable promise to the extent those amounts have been
20 previously reported as a contribution. However, the fact that those
21 amounts have been received shall be indicated in the appropriate
22 campaign statement.

23 (f) “Contribution” does not include a payment made by an
24 occupant of a home or office for costs related to any meeting or
25 fundraising event held in the occupant’s home or office if the costs
26 for the meeting or fundraising event are five hundred dollars (\$500)
27 or less.

28 (g) Notwithstanding the foregoing definition of “contribution,”
29 the term does not include volunteer personal services or payments
30 made by any individual for his or her own travel expenses if the
31 payments are made voluntarily without any understanding or
32 agreement that they shall be, directly or indirectly, repaid to him
33 or her.

34 (h) “Contribution” further includes the payment of public
35 moneys by a state or local governmental agency for a
36 communication to the public that satisfies both of the following:

37 (1) The communication expressly advocates the election or
38 defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the qualification, passage,
39 or defeat of a clearly identified measure, or, taken as a whole and
40 in context, unambiguously urges a particular result in an election.

1 (2) The communication is made at the behest of the affected
2 candidate or committee.

3 (i) (1) “Contribution” further includes a payment made to a
4 person, including, but not limited to, a nonprofit or other
5 multipurpose organization as defined in Section 84222, if, at the
6 time of making the payment, the donor knows or has reason to
7 know that the payment, or funds with which the payment will be
8 commingled, may be used to make a contribution or expenditure
9 to support or oppose a California state or local candidate or ballot
10 measure. Contributions that satisfy the criteria of this subdivision
11 shall be reported in the manner prescribed by Section 84222.

12 (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), there shall be a presumption
13 that a donor to a nonprofit or other multipurpose organization has
14 reason to know that all or part of the payment may be used to make
15 a contribution or expenditure if any of the following criteria are
16 satisfied:

17 (A) The nonprofit or other multipurpose organization has
18 made contributions or expenditures of one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
19 or more in the aggregate during the calendar year in which the
20 payment occurs or during any of the immediately preceding four
21 calendar years.

22 (B) The nonprofit or other multipurpose organization ~~has made~~
23 *makes* payments totaling five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000)
24 or more for contributions or expenditures in this state during the
25 *current* calendar year ~~in which the payment occurs~~.

26 (C) The nonprofit or other multipurpose organization has
27 disclosed contributions or expenditures to support or oppose
28 candidates or ballot measures, or for issue advocacy activities, in
29 this state on any publicly available annual or periodic report of its
30 activities, including Internal Revenue Service Form 990, filed with
31 a federal, state, or local government agency during the calendar
32 year in which the payment occurs or during any of the immediately
33 preceding four calendar years.

34 (D) The nonprofit or other multipurpose organization has a
35 sponsored committee registered with the Secretary of State.

36 SEC. 4. Section 84222 is added to the Government Code, to
37 read:

38 84222. (a) For purposes of this section and Section 82015,
39 “nonprofit or other multipurpose organization” means a nonprofit
40 organization formed and operated under Section 501(c)(3),

1 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), or 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 a federal or out-of-state political organization, or an unincorporated
3 association.

4 (b) A nonprofit or other multipurpose organization that qualifies
5 as a committee under Section 82013 shall file the campaign
6 statements required by this title and shall disclose the portion of
7 its activities devoted to California state and local elections. The
8 organization's campaign statements shall report its contributions
9 and expenditures to support or oppose state and local candidates
10 and ballot measures in California and shall itemize the sources of
11 funds used to make those contributions and expenditures, including,
12 but not limited to, donors and dues-paying members.

13 (c) A donor who makes a contribution described in subdivision
14 (i) of Section 82015 to a nonprofit or other multipurpose
15 organization that qualifies as a committee shall be identified and
16 reported by the organization that receives the contribution in
17 accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission. The
18 Commission's regulations shall provide that the nonprofit or other
19 multipurpose organization identify each donor who requests or
20 knows that the donor's payment will be used by the organization
21 to make a contribution or an expenditure to support or oppose a
22 candidate or ballot measure in California. The Commission's
23 regulations shall further provide that the nonprofit or other
24 multipurpose organization identify other donors to the organization
25 based on a "last in, first out" accounting method, and shall specify
26 the formula for that determination. However, a donor need not be
27 reported as a contributor pursuant to this section if the organization
28 has evidence that clearly establishes specific circumstances
29 demonstrating that the donor did not know or have reason to know
30 that its payment would be used to fund a contribution or
31 expenditure.

32 (d) A nonprofit or other multipurpose organization that qualifies
33 as a committee and discloses its activities devoted to California
34 elections pursuant to this section shall, on the organization's
35 statement of organization filed pursuant to Section 84102, indicate
36 that organization's tax-exempt or other organizational status,
37 describe the organization's mission or most significant activities,
38 and describe the organization's political activities.

39 (e) A nonprofit or other multipurpose organization that qualifies
40 as a committee and files campaign statements required by this title

1 to disclose its activities devoted to California elections shall state
2 the total dollar amount of, and the percentage of its total
3 expenditures devoted to, contributions and expenditures supporting
4 or opposing California candidates or ballot measures on its
5 semi-annual statement due on January 31 for the period
6 commencing July 1 and ending December 31, and on its Internet
7 Web site, if any.

8 (f) A person shall not use a nonprofit or other multipurpose
9 organization as an intermediary or agent for the purpose of making
10 a contribution on behalf of that person without providing to the
11 organization all of the information required to be disclosed by
12 Section 84302. A nonprofit or other multipurpose organization
13 shall disclose the identity of a person for whom the organization
14 is acting as an intermediary or agent to the recipient of the
15 contribution, as well as all other information required by Section
16 84302. The nonprofit or other multipurpose organization shall not
17 knowingly conceal the name of a donor for whom the organization
18 makes a contribution as an intermediary or agent for the purpose
19 of withholding information required to be made public under this
20 title.

21 SEC. 5. Section 84223 is added to the Government Code, to
22 read:

23 84223. (a) A committee primarily formed to support or oppose
24 a ballot measure or candidate that raises one million dollars
25 (\$1,000,000) or more for an election shall maintain an accurate
26 list of the committee's top 10 contributors, as specified by
27 Commission regulations. A current list of the top 10 contributors
28 shall be provided to the Commission for disclosure on the
29 Commission's Internet Web site, as provided in subdivision (c).

30 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (4), the list of top 10
31 contributors shall identify the names of the 10 persons who have
32 made the largest cumulative contributions to the committee, the
33 total amount of each person's contributions, the city and state of
34 the person, the person's committee identification number, if any,
35 and any other information deemed necessary by the Commission.

36 (2) (A) A committee primarily formed to support or oppose a
37 ballot measure shall count the cumulative amount of contributions
38 received by the committee from a person for the period beginning
39 12 months prior to the date the committee made its first expenditure

1 to qualify, support, or oppose the measure and ending with the
2 current date.

3 (B) A committee primarily formed to support or oppose a
4 candidate shall count the cumulative amount of contributions
5 received by the committee from a person for the primary and
6 general elections combined.

7 (3) The aggregation rules of Section 85311 and any
8 implementing regulations adopted by the Commission shall apply
9 in identifying the persons who have made the top 10 cumulative
10 contributions to a committee.

11 (4) A person who makes contributions to a committee in a
12 cumulative amount of less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)
13 shall not be identified or disclosed as a top 10 contributor to a
14 committee pursuant to this section.

15 (c) (1) The Commission shall adopt regulations to govern the
16 manner in which the Commission shall display top 10 contributor
17 lists provided by a committee that is subject to this section, and
18 the Commission shall post the top 10 contributor lists on its Internet
19 Web site in the manner prescribed by those regulations. The
20 Commission shall provide the top 10 contributor lists to the
21 Secretary of State, upon the request of the Secretary of State, for
22 the purpose of additionally posting the contributor lists on the
23 Secretary of State's Internet Web site.

24 (2) A committee shall provide an updated top 10 contributor
25 list to the Commission when any of the following occurs:

26 (A) A new person qualifies as a top 10 contributor to the
27 committee.

28 (B) A person who is an existing top 10 contributor makes
29 additional contributions to the committee.

30 (C) A change occurs that alters the relative ranking order of the
31 top 10 contributors.

32 (3) The 10 persons who have made the largest cumulative
33 contributions to a committee shall be listed in order from largest
34 contribution amount to smallest amount. If two or more
35 contributors of identical amounts meet the threshold for inclusion
36 in the list of top 10 contributors, the order of disclosure shall be
37 made beginning with the most recent contributor of that amount.

38 (4) The Commission shall post or update a top 10 contributor
39 list within five business days or, during the 16 days before the

1 election, within 48 hours of a contributor qualifying for the list or
2 of any change to the list.

3 (d) In listing the top 10 contributors, a committee shall use
4 reasonable efforts to identify and state the actual individuals or
5 corporations that are the true sources of the contributions made to
6 the committee from other persons or committees.

7 (e) In addition to any other lists that the Commission is required
8 to post on its Internet Web site, the Commission shall compile,
9 maintain, and display on its Internet Web site a current list of the
10 top 10 contributors supporting and opposing each state ballot
11 measure, as prescribed by Commission regulations.

12 SEC. 6. Section 88001 of the Government Code is amended
13 to read:

14 88001. The ballot pamphlet shall contain all of the following:

15 (a) A complete copy of each state measure.

16 (b) A copy of the specific constitutional or statutory provision,
17 if any, that would be repealed or revised by each state measure.

18 (c) A copy of the arguments and rebuttals for and against each
19 state measure.

20 (d) A copy of the analysis of each state measure.

21 (e) Tables of contents, indexes, art work, graphics, and other
22 materials that the Secretary of State determines will make the ballot
23 pamphlet easier to understand or more useful for the average voter.

24 (f) A notice, conspicuously printed on the cover of the ballot
25 pamphlet, indicating that additional copies of the ballot pamphlet
26 will be mailed by the county elections official upon request.

27 (g) A written explanation of the judicial retention procedure as
28 required by Section 9083 of the Elections Code.

29 (h) The Voter Bill of Rights pursuant to Section 2300 of the
30 Elections Code.

31 (i) If the ballot contains an election for the office of United
32 States Senator, information on candidates for United States Senator.
33 A candidate for United States Senator may purchase the space to
34 place a statement in the state ballot pamphlet that does not exceed
35 250 words. The statement may not make any reference to any
36 opponent of the candidate. The statement shall be submitted in
37 accordance with timeframes and procedures set forth by the
38 Secretary of State for the preparation of the state ballot pamphlet.

1 (j) If the ballot contains a question as to the confirmation or
2 retention of a justice of the Supreme Court, information on justices
3 of the Supreme Court who are subject to confirmation or retention.

4 (k) If the ballot contains an election for the offices of President
5 and Vice President of the United States, a notice that refers voters
6 to the Secretary of State's Internet Web site for information about
7 candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the
8 United States.

9 (l) A written explanation of the appropriate election procedures
10 for party-nominated, voter-nominated, and nonpartisan offices as
11 required by Section 9083.5 of the Elections Code.

12 (m) A written explanation of the top 10 contributor lists required
13 by Section 84223, including a description of the Internet Web sites
14 where those lists are available to the public.

15 SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
16 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
17 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
18 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
19 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
20 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
21 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
22 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
23 Constitution.

24 SEC. 8. The Legislature finds and declares that this bill furthers
25 the purposes of the Political Reform Act of 1974 within the
26 meaning of subdivision (a) of Section 81012 of the Government
27 Code.