

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 28, 2013

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 9, 2013

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 1, 2013

SENATE BILL

No. 639

Introduced by Senator Hernandez

February 22, 2013

An act to amend Section 1367 of, and to add Sections 1367.006, 1367.007, 1367.008, and 1367.009 to, the Health and Safety Code, and to add Sections 10112.28, 10112.29, 10112.295, 10112.297, and 10112.7 to the Insurance Code, relating to health care coverage.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 639, as amended, Hernandez. Health care coverage.

Existing federal law, the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), enacts various health care coverage market reforms that take effect January 1, 2014. Among other things, PPACA establishes annual limits on deductibles for employer-sponsored plans and defines bronze, silver, gold, and platinum levels of coverage for the nongrandfathered individual and small group markets.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance.

This bill would prohibit the deductible under a small employer health care service plan contract or health insurance policy offered, sold, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, from exceeding \$2,000 in the case

of a plan contract or policy covering a single individual, or \$4,000 in all other cases.

The bill would require, for nongrandfathered products in the individual or small group markets, a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy, except a specialized health insurance policy, that is issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, to provide for a limit on annual out-of-pocket expenses for all covered benefits that meet the definition of essential health benefits, as defined, and would require the contract or policy, for nongrandfathered products in the large group market, to provide that limit for ~~all~~ covered benefits, including out-of-network emergency care.

The bill would define bronze, silver, gold, and platinum levels of coverage for the nongrandfathered individual and small group markets consistent with the definitions in PPACA. The bill would prohibit a carrier that is not participating in the Exchange from offering a catastrophic plan, as defined, in the individual market.

PPACA requires a health insurance issuer offering group or individual coverage that provides or covers benefits with respect to services in the emergency department of a hospital to cover emergency services without the need for prior authorization, regardless of whether the provider is a participating provider, and subject to the same cost sharing required if the services were provided by a participating provider, as specified.

This bill would impose that requirement with respect to health insurance policies issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, as specified.

Because a willful violation of these requirements with respect to health care service plans would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1367 of the Health and Safety Code is
2 amended to read:

1 1367. A health care service plan and, if applicable, a specialized
2 health care service plan shall meet the following requirements:

3 (a) Facilities located in this state including, but not limited to,
4 clinics, hospitals, and skilled nursing facilities to be utilized by
5 the plan shall be licensed by the State Department of Public Health,
6 where licensure is required by law. Facilities not located in this
7 state shall conform to all licensing and other requirements of the
8 jurisdiction in which they are located.

9 (b) Personnel employed by or under contract to the plan shall
10 be licensed or certified by their respective board or agency, where
11 licensure or certification is required by law.

12 (c) Equipment required to be licensed or registered by law shall
13 be so licensed or registered, and the operating personnel for that
14 equipment shall be licensed or certified as required by law.

15 (d) The plan shall furnish services in a manner providing
16 continuity of care and ready referral of patients to other providers
17 at times as may be appropriate consistent with good professional
18 practice.

19 (e) (1) All services shall be readily available at reasonable times
20 to each enrollee consistent with good professional practice. To the
21 extent feasible, the plan shall make all services readily accessible
22 to all enrollees consistent with Section 1367.03.

23 (2) To the extent that telehealth services are appropriately
24 provided through telehealth, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section
25 2290.5 of the Business and Professions Code, these services shall
26 be considered in determining compliance with Section 1300.67.2
27 of Title 28 of the California Code of Regulations.

28 (3) The plan shall make all services accessible and appropriate
29 consistent with Section 1367.04.

30 (f) The plan shall employ and utilize allied health manpower
31 for the furnishing of services to the extent permitted by law and
32 consistent with good medical practice.

33 (g) The plan shall have the organizational and administrative
34 capacity to provide services to subscribers and enrollees. The plan
35 shall be able to demonstrate to the department that medical
36 decisions are rendered by qualified medical providers, unhindered
37 by fiscal and administrative management.

38 (h) (1) Contracts with subscribers and enrollees, including
39 group contracts, and contracts with providers, and other persons
40 furnishing services, equipment, or facilities to or in connection

1 with the plan, shall be fair, reasonable, and consistent with the
2 objectives of this chapter. All contracts with providers shall contain
3 provisions requiring a fast, fair, and cost-effective dispute
4 resolution mechanism under which providers may submit disputes
5 to the plan, and requiring the plan to inform its providers upon
6 contracting with the plan, or upon change to these provisions, of
7 the procedures for processing and resolving disputes, including
8 the location and telephone number where information regarding
9 disputes may be submitted.

10 (2) A health care service plan shall ensure that a dispute
11 resolution mechanism is accessible to noncontracting providers
12 for the purpose of resolving billing and claims disputes.

13 (3) On and after January 1, 2002, a health care service plan shall
14 annually submit a report to the department regarding its dispute
15 resolution mechanism. The report shall include information on the
16 number of providers who utilized the dispute resolution mechanism
17 and a summary of the disposition of those disputes.

18 (i) A health care service plan contract shall provide to
19 subscribers and enrollees all of the basic health care services
20 included in subdivision (b) of Section 1345, except that the director
21 may, for good cause, by rule or order exempt a plan contract or
22 any class of plan contracts from that requirement. The director
23 shall by rule define the scope of each basic health care service that
24 health care service plans are required to provide as a minimum for
25 licensure under this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit
26 a health care service plan from charging subscribers or enrollees
27 a copayment or a deductible for a basic health care service
28 consistent with Section 1367.006 or 1367.007, provided that the
29 copayments, deductibles, or other cost sharing are reported to the
30 director and set forth to the subscriber or enrollee pursuant to the
31 disclosure provisions of Section 1363. Nothing in this chapter shall
32 prohibit a health care service plan from setting forth, by contract,
33 limitations on maximum coverage of basic health care services,
34 provided that the limitations are reported to, and held
35 unobjectionable by, the director and set forth to the subscriber or
36 enrollee pursuant to the disclosure provisions of Section 1363.

37 (j) A health care service plan shall not require registration under
38 the *federal* Controlled Substances Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. Sec.
39 801 et seq.) as a condition for participation by an optometrist

1 certified to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents pursuant to
2 Section 3041.3 of the Business and Professions Code.

3 Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the director
4 to establish the rates charged subscribers and enrollees for
5 contractual health care services.

6 The director's enforcement of Article 3.1 (commencing with
7 Section 1357) shall not be deemed to establish the rates charged
8 subscribers and enrollees for contractual health care services.

9 The obligation of the plan to comply with this chapter shall not
10 be waived when the plan delegates any services that it is required
11 to perform to its medical groups, independent practice associations,
12 or other contracting entities.

13 SEC. 2. Section 1367.006 is added to the Health and Safety
14 Code, to read:

15 1367.006. (a) (1) For nongrandfathered products in the
16 individual or small group markets, a health care service plan
17 contract, except a specialized health care service plan contract,
18 that is issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014,
19 shall provide for a limit on annual out-of-pocket expenses for all
20 covered benefits that meet the definition of essential health benefits
21 in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 1367.005.

22 (2) For nongrandfathered products in the large group market, a
23 health care service plan contract, except a specialized health care
24 service plan contract, that is issued, amended, or renewed on or
25 after January 1, 2014, shall provide for a limit on annual
26 out-of-pocket expenses for ~~all~~ covered benefits, including
27 out-of-network emergency care consistent with Section 1371.4.
28 For large group products for the first plan year commencing on or
29 after January 1, 2014, the requirement that a product provide for
30 a limit on annual out-of-pocket expenses shall be satisfied if both
31 of the following apply:

32 (A) The product complies with the requirements of this
33 paragraph with respect to basic health care services.

34 (B) To the extent the product includes an out-of-pocket
35 maximum on coverage ~~that does not consist solely of other than~~
36 basic health care services, ~~the~~ *that* out-of-pocket maximum *also*
37 does not exceed the limit established pursuant to this paragraph.

38 (b) The limit described in subdivision (a) shall apply to any
39 copayment, coinsurance, deductible, incentive payment, and any

1 other form of cost sharing for all covered benefits, including
2 prescription drugs covered pursuant to Section 1367.24.

3 (c) The limit described in subdivision (a) shall not exceed the
4 limit described in Section 1302(c) of PPACA, and any subsequent
5 rules, regulations, or guidance issued under that section.

6 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the
7 reduction in cost sharing for eligible enrollees described in Section
8 1402 of PPACA, and any subsequent rules, regulations, or guidance
9 issued under that section.

10 (e) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
11 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
12 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
13 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
14 issued thereunder.

15 SEC. 3. Section 1367.007 is added to the Health and Safety
16 Code, to read:

17 1367.007. (a) (1) For a small employer health care service
18 plan contract offered, sold, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014,
19 the deductible under the plan shall not exceed:

20 (A) Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in the case of a plan contract
21 covering a single individual.

22 (B) Four thousand dollars (\$4,000) in the case of any other plan
23 contract.

24 (2) The dollar amounts in this section shall be indexed consistent
25 with Section 1302(c)(2) of PPACA and any federal rules or
26 guidance pursuant to that section.

27 (3) The limitation in this subdivision shall be applied in a
28 manner that does not affect the actuarial value of any small
29 employer health care service plan contract.

30 (4) For small group products at the bronze level of coverage,
31 as defined in Section 1367.008, the department may permit plans
32 to offer a higher deductible in order to meet the actuarial value
33 requirement of the bronze level. In making this determination, the
34 department shall consider affordability of cost sharing for enrollees
35 and shall also consider whether enrollees may be deterred from
36 seeking appropriate care because of higher cost sharing.

37 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a plan
38 contract to have a deductible that applies to preventive services as
39 defined in Section 1367.002.

1 (c) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
2 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
3 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
4 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
5 issued thereunder.

6 SEC. 4. Section 1367.008 is added to the Health and Safety
7 Code, to read:

8 1367.008. (a) Levels of coverage for the nongrandfathered
9 individual market are defined as follows:

10 (1) Bronze level: A health care service plan contract in the
11 bronze level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially
12 equivalent to 60 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits
13 provided under the plan contract. No product shall be offered at
14 this level of coverage unless it is a standardized product consistent
15 with Section 1366.6.

16 (2) Silver level: A health care service plan contract in the silver
17 level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent
18 to 70 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided
19 under the plan contract. No product shall be offered at this level
20 of coverage unless it is a standardized product consistent with
21 Section 1366.6.

22 (3) Gold level: A health care service plan contract in the gold
23 level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent
24 to 80 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided
25 under the plan contract. No product shall be offered at this level
26 of coverage unless it is a standardized product consistent with
27 Section 1366.6.

28 (4) Platinum level: A health care service plan contract in the
29 platinum level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially
30 equivalent to 90 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits
31 provided under the plan contract. No product shall be offered at
32 this level of coverage unless it is a standardized product consistent
33 with Section 1366.6.

34 (b) Actuarial value for nongrandfathered individual health care
35 service plan contracts shall be determined in accordance with the
36 following:

37 (1) Actuarial value shall not vary by more than plus or minus
38 2 percent.

39 (2) Actuarial value shall be determined on the basis of essential
40 health benefits as defined in Section 1367.005 and as provided to

1 a standard, nonelderly population. For this purpose, a standard
2 population shall not include those receiving coverage through the
3 Medi-Cal or Medicare programs.

4 (3) The department may use the actuarial value methodology
5 developed consistent with Section 1302(d) of PPACA.

6 (4) The department, in consultation with the Department of
7 Insurance and the Exchange, shall consider whether to exercise
8 state-level flexibility with respect to the actuarial value calculator
9 in order to take into account the unique characteristics of the
10 California health care coverage market, including the prevalence
11 of health care service plans, total cost of care paid for by the plan,
12 price of care, patterns of service utilization, and relevant
13 demographic factors.

14 (c) For all products in the nongrandfathered individual market
15 commencing January 1, 2015, any deductible shall apply to the
16 same services for any product in the same level of coverage
17 whether regulated by the department or the Department of
18 Insurance.

19 (d) (1) A catastrophic plan is a health care service plan contract
20 that provides no benefits for any plan year until the enrollee has
21 incurred cost-sharing expenses in an amount equal to the annual
22 limit on out-of-pocket costs as specified in Section 1367.006 except
23 that it shall provide coverage for at least three primary care visits.
24 A carrier that is not participating in the Exchange shall not offer,
25 market, or sell a catastrophic plan in the individual market. No
26 product shall be offered at this level of coverage unless it is a
27 standardized product consistent with Section 1366.6.

28 (2) A catastrophic plan may be offered only in the individual
29 market and only if consistent with subdivision (c) and this
30 paragraph. Catastrophic plans may be offered only if either of the
31 following apply:

32 (A) The individual purchasing the plan has not yet attained 30
33 years of age.

34 (B) The individual has a certificate of exemption from Section
35 5000(A) of the Internal Revenue Code because the individual is
36 not offered affordable coverage or because the individual faces
37 hardship.

38 (e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a plan from offering
39 supplemental benefits for services that are not included in essential
40 health benefits as defined in Section 1367.005, including adult

1 dental, adult vision, acupuncture, or chiropractic, if the plan
2 demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that those benefits
3 will not affect the risk adjustment scores or the reinsurance amounts
4 for the product or the plan. For a plan to continue to offer a
5 supplemental benefit, the plan shall annually provide to the
6 department information necessary to determine whether the benefit
7 has affected the risk mix in the prior plan year.

8 (f) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
9 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
10 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
11 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
12 issued thereunder.

13 SEC. 5. Section 1367.009 is added to the Health and Safety
14 Code, to read:

15 1367.009. (a) Levels of coverage for the nongrandfathered
16 small group market are defined as follows:

17 (1) Bronze level: A health care service plan contract in the
18 bronze level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially
19 equivalent to 60 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits
20 provided under the plan contract.

21 (2) Silver level: A health care service plan contract in the silver
22 level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent
23 to 70 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided
24 under the plan contract.

25 (3) Gold level: A health care service plan contract in the gold
26 level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent
27 to 80 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided
28 under the plan contract.

29 (4) Platinum level: A health care service plan contract in the
30 platinum level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially
31 equivalent to 90 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits
32 provided under the plan contract.

33 (b) Actuarial value for nongrandfathered small employer health
34 care service plan contracts shall be determined in accordance with
35 the following:

36 (1) Actuarial value shall not vary by more than plus or minus
37 2 percent.

38 (2) Actuarial value shall be determined on the basis of essential
39 health benefits as defined in Section 1367.005 and as provided to
40 a standard, nonelderly population. For this purpose, a standard

1 population shall not include those receiving coverage through the
2 Medi-Cal or Medicare programs.

3 (3) The department may use the actuarial value methodology
4 developed consistent with Section 1302(d) of PPACA.

5 (4) The department, in consultation with the Department of
6 Insurance and the Exchange, shall consider whether to exercise
7 state-level flexibility with respect to the actuarial value calculator
8 in order to take into account the unique characteristics of the
9 California health care coverage market, including the prevalence
10 of health care service plans, total cost of care paid for by the plan,
11 price of care, patterns of service utilization, and relevant
12 demographic factors.

13 (5) Employer contributions toward health reimbursement
14 accounts and health savings accounts shall count toward the
15 actuarial value of the product in the manner specified in federal
16 rules and guidance.

17 (c) For all products in the nongrandfathered small group market
18 commencing January 1, 2015, any deductible shall apply to the
19 same services for any product in the same level of coverage
20 whether regulated by the department or the Department of
21 Insurance.

22 (e)

23 (d) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
24 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
25 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
26 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
27 issued thereunder.

28 SEC. 6. Section 10112.28 is added to the Insurance Code, to
29 read:

30 10112.28. (a) (1) For nongrandfathered products in the
31 individual or small group markets, a health insurance policy, except
32 a specialized health insurance policy, that is issued, amended, or
33 renewed on or after January 1, 2014, shall provide for a limit on
34 annual out-of-pocket expenses for all covered benefits that meet
35 the definition of essential health benefits in paragraph (1) of
36 subdivision (a) of Section 10112.27.

37 (2) For nongrandfathered products in the large group market, a
38 health insurance policy, except a specialized health insurance
39 policy, that is issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1,
40 2014, shall provide for a limit on annual out-of-pocket expenses

1 for all covered benefits, including out-of-network emergency care.
2 For large group products for the first plan year commencing on or
3 after January 1, 2014, the requirement that a product provide for
4 a limit on annual out-of-pocket expenses shall be satisfied if both
5 of the following apply:

6 (A) The product complies with the requirements of this
7 paragraph with respect to basic health care services.

8 (B) To the extent the product includes an out-of-pocket
9 maximum on coverage ~~that does not consist solely of other than~~
10 basic health care services, ~~the~~ *that* out-of-pocket maximum *also*
11 does not exceed the limit established pursuant to this ~~subdivision~~
12 *paragraph*.

13 (b) The limit described in subdivision (a) shall apply to any
14 copayment, coinsurance, deductible, incentive payment and any
15 other form of cost sharing for all covered benefits, including
16 nonformulary prescription drugs that are authorized as medically
17 necessary.

18 (c) The limit described in subdivision (a) shall not exceed the
19 limit described in Section 1302(c) of PPACA and any subsequent
20 rules, regulations, or guidance issued under that section.

21 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the
22 reduction in cost sharing for eligible enrollees described in Section
23 1402 of PPACA and any subsequent rules, regulations, or guidance
24 issued under that section.

25 (e) "PPACA" means the federal Patient Protection and
26 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
27 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
28 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
29 issued thereunder.

30 SEC. 7. Section 10112.29 is added to the Insurance Code, to
31 read:

32 10112.29. (a) (1) For a small employer health insurance policy
33 offered, sold, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, the deductible
34 under the policy shall not exceed:

35 (A) Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in the case of a policy
36 covering a single individual.

37 (B) Four thousand dollars (\$4,000) in the case of any other
38 policy.

1 (2) The dollar amounts in this section shall be indexed consistent
2 with Section 1302(c)(2) of PPACA and any federal rules or
3 guidance pursuant to that section.

4 (3) The limitation in this subdivision shall be applied in a
5 manner that does not affect the actuarial value of any small
6 employer health insurance policy.

7 (4) For small group products at the bronze level of coverage,
8 as defined in Section 10112.295, the department may permit
9 insurers to offer a higher deductible in order to meet the actuarial
10 value requirement of the bronze level. In making this
11 determination, the department shall consider affordability of cost
12 sharing for insureds and shall also consider whether insureds may
13 be deterred from seeking appropriate care because of higher cost
14 sharing.

15 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a policy
16 to have a deductible that applies to preventive services as defined
17 in PPACA.

18 (c) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
19 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
20 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
21 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
22 issued thereunder.

23 SEC. 8. Section 10112.295 is added to the Insurance Code, to
24 read:

25 10112.295. (a) Levels of coverage for the nongrandfathered
26 individual market are defined as follows:

27 (1) Bronze level: A health insurance policy in the bronze level
28 shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent to
29 60 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under
30 the policy. No product shall be offered at this level of coverage
31 unless it is a standardized product consistent with Section 10112.3.

32 (2) Silver level: A health insurance policy in the silver level
33 shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent to
34 70 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under
35 the policy. No product shall be offered at this level of coverage
36 unless it is a standardized product consistent with Section 10112.3.

37 (3) Gold level: A health insurance policy in the gold level shall
38 provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 80
39 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under

1 the policy. No product shall be offered at this level of coverage
2 unless it is a standardized product consistent with Section 10112.3.

3 (4) Platinum level: A health insurance policy in the platinum
4 level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent
5 to 90 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided
6 under the policy. No product shall be offered at this level of
7 coverage unless it is a standardized product consistent with Section
8 10112.3.

9 (b) Actuarial value for nongrandfathered individual health
10 insurance policies shall be determined in accordance with the
11 following:

12 (1) Actuarial value shall not vary by more than plus or minus
13 2 percent.

14 (2) Actuarial value shall be determined on the basis of essential
15 health benefits as defined in Section 10112.27 and as provided to
16 a standard, nonelderly population. For this purpose, a standard
17 population shall not include those receiving coverage through the
18 Medi-Cal or Medicare programs.

19 (3) The department may use the actuarial value methodology
20 developed consistent with Section 1302(d) of PPACA.

21 (4) The department, in consultation with the Department of
22 Managed Health Care and the Exchange, shall consider whether
23 to exercise state-level flexibility with respect to the actuarial value
24 calculator in order to take into account the unique characteristics
25 of the California health care coverage market, including the
26 prevalence of health insurance policies, total cost of care paid for
27 by the health insurer, price of care, patterns of service utilization,
28 and relevant demographic factors.

29 (c) For all products in the nongrandfathered individual market
30 commencing January 1, 2015, any deductible shall apply to the
31 same services for any product in the same level of coverage
32 whether regulated by the department or the Department of Managed
33 Health Care.

34 (d) (1) A catastrophic policy is a health insurance policy that
35 provides no benefits for any plan year until the insured has incurred
36 cost-sharing expenses in an amount equal to the annual limit on
37 out-of-pocket costs as specified in Section 10112.28 except that
38 it shall provide coverage for at least three primary care visits. No
39 product shall be offered at this level of coverage unless it is a
40 standardized product consistent with Section 10112.3. A carrier

1 that is not participating in the Exchange shall not offer, market, or
2 sell a catastrophic plan in the individual market.

3 (2) A catastrophic policy may be offered only in the individual
4 market and only if consistent with subdivision (c) and this
5 paragraph. Catastrophic policies may be offered only if either of
6 the following apply:

7 (A) The individual purchasing the policy has not yet attained
8 30 years of age.

9 (B) The individual has a certificate of exemption from Section
10 5000(A) of the Internal Revenue Code because the individual is
11 not offered affordable coverage or because the individual faces
12 hardship.

13 (e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an insurer from offering
14 supplemental benefits for services that are not included in essential
15 health benefits as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of
16 Section 10112.27, including adult dental, adult vision, acupuncture,
17 or chiropractic, if the insurer demonstrates to the satisfaction of
18 the commissioner that those benefits will not affect the risk
19 adjustment scores or the reinsurance amounts for the product or
20 the policy. For an insurer to continue to offer a supplemental
21 benefit, the insurer shall annually provide to the department
22 information necessary to determine whether the benefit has affected
23 the risk mix in the prior policy year.

24 (f) "PPACA" means the federal Patient Protection and
25 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
26 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
27 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
28 issued thereunder.

29 SEC. 9. Section 10112.297 is added to the Insurance Code, to
30 read:

31 10112.297. (a) Levels of coverage for the nongrandfathered
32 small group market are defined as follows:

33 (1) Bronze level: A health insurance policy in the bronze level
34 shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent to
35 60 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under
36 the policy.

37 (2) Silver level: A health insurance policy in the silver level
38 shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent to
39 70 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under
40 the policy.

1 (3) Gold level: A health insurance policy in the gold level shall
2 provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 80
3 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under
4 the policy.

5 (4) Platinum level: A health insurance policy in the platinum
6 level shall provide a level of coverage that is actuarially equivalent
7 to 90 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided
8 under the policy.

9 (b) Actuarial value for nongrandfathered small employer health
10 insurance policies shall be determined in accordance with the
11 following:

12 (1) Actuarial value shall not vary by more than plus or minus
13 2 percent.

14 (2) Actuarial value shall be determined on the basis of essential
15 health benefits as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of
16 Section 10112.27 and as provided to a standard, nonelderly
17 population. For this purpose, a standard population shall not include
18 those receiving coverage through the Medi-Cal or Medicare
19 programs.

20 (3) The department may use the actuarial value methodology
21 developed consistent with Section 1302(d) of PPACA.

22 (4) The department, in consultation with the Department of
23 Managed Health Care and the Exchange, shall consider whether
24 to exercise state-level flexibility with respect to the actuarial value
25 calculator in order to take into account the unique characteristics
26 of the California health care coverage market, including the
27 prevalence of health insurance policies, total cost of care paid for
28 by the health insurer, price of care, patterns of service utilization,
29 and relevant demographic factors.

30 (5) Employer contributions toward health reimbursement
31 accounts and health savings accounts shall count toward the
32 actuarial value of the product in the manner specified in federal
33 rules and guidance.

34 (c) For all products in the nongrandfathered small group market
35 commencing January 1, 2015, any deductible shall apply to the
36 same services for any product in the same level of coverage
37 whether regulated by the department or the Department of Managed
38 Health Care.

39 (e)

1 (d) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
2 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
3 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
4 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
5 issued thereunder.

6 SEC. 10. Section 10112.7 is added to the Insurance Code, to
7 read:

8 10112.7. (a) A group or individual health insurance policy
9 issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, that
10 provides or covers any benefits with respect to services in an
11 emergency department of a hospital shall cover emergency services
12 as follows:

13 (1) Without the need for any prior authorization determination.

14 (2) Whether the health care provider furnishing the services is
15 a participating provider with respect to those services.

16 (3) In a manner so that, if the services are provided to an insured:

17 (A) By a nonparticipating health care provider with or without
18 prior authorization; or

19 (B) (i) The services will be provided without imposing any
20 requirement under the policy for prior authorization of services or
21 any limitation on coverage where the provider of services does
22 not have a contractual relationship with the insurer for the
23 providing of services that is more restrictive than the requirements
24 or limitations that apply to emergency department services received
25 from providers who do have such a contractual relationship with
26 the insurer; and

27 (ii) If the services are provided to an insured out-of-network,
28 the cost-sharing requirement, expressed as a copayment amount
29 or coinsurance rate, is the same requirement that would apply if
30 the services were provided in-network.

31 (b) For the purposes of this section, the term “emergency
32 services” means, with respect to an emergency medical condition:

33 (1) A medical screening examination that is within the capability
34 of the emergency department of a hospital, including ancillary
35 services routinely available to the emergency department to
36 evaluate that emergency medical condition.

37 (2) Within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at
38 the hospital, further medical examination and treatment as are
39 required under Section 1867(e)(3) of the federal Social Security
40 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(3)) to stabilize the patient.

1 SEC. 11. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant
2 to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
3 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
4 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
5 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
6 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
7 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
8 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
9 Constitution.

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