

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 27, 2015

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 6

Introduced by Assembly Member Cooper

July 16, 2015

An act to amend Sections 22950.5, 22958, and 22962 of, to amend, repeal, and add Sections 22973 and 22980.2 of, and to add Section 22971.7 to, the Business and Professions Code, to amend Section 1947.5 of the Civil Code, to amend Section 48901 of the Education Code, to amend Section 7597 of the Government Code, to amend Sections 1234, 1286, 1530.7, 1596.795, 104495, 114332.3, 114371, 118910, 118925, and 118948 of, to add Section 119406 to, and to repeal Section 119405 of, the Health and Safety Code, to amend Section 6404.5 of the Labor Code, to amend Section 308 of the Penal Code, to amend Sections 561 and 99580 of the Public Utilities Code, and to amend Section 12523 of the Vehicle Code, relating to electronic cigarettes.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 6, as amended, Cooper. Electronic cigarettes.

Existing law, the Stop Tobacco Access to Kids Enforcement (STAKE) Act, prohibits a person from selling or otherwise furnishing tobacco products to minors. Existing law permits enforcing agencies to assess various civil penalties for violations of the STAKE Act. Existing law makes it a crime to furnish tobacco products to minors. Existing law also prohibits a person from selling or otherwise furnishing an electronic cigarette to minors, and makes a violation punishable as an infraction.

This bill would define the term “smoking” for purposes of the STAKE Act. The bill would also change the STAKE Act’s definition of “tobacco products” to include electronic devices, such as electronic cigarettes,

that deliver nicotine or other vaporized liquids, and make furnishing such a tobacco product to a minor a misdemeanor.

Existing law, the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law, imposes a tax on the distribution of cigarettes and tobacco products at specified rates, and defines tobacco products for those purposes. Existing law, the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Licensing Act of 2003, requires the State Board of Equalization to administer a statewide program to license manufacturers, importers, distributors, wholesalers, and retailers of cigarettes and tobacco products, as defined. Under existing law, a violation of this act is a misdemeanor. Existing law requires a retailer to have in place and maintain a license to engage in the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products, as defined, and prescribes procedures for the issuance of and grounds for revocation or suspension of a license. Existing law requires a retailer who seeks to obtain a license to engage in the sale of cigarettes and tobacco products to pay a one-time license fee of \$100, as specified. Existing law authorizes the State Board of Equalization or a law enforcement agency that discovers that a retailer or other person possesses, stores, owns, or has made a retail sale of tobacco products on which a tax is due but has not been paid to seize those products, and deems those products forfeited, as specified.

This bill would include in the definition of tobacco products for the purposes of those provisions relating to licenses for retailers the STAKE Act's new definition of tobacco products. This bill would require a retailer that seeks to sell a tobacco product that is not subject to imposition of a tax under the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law to pay a one-time license fee to engage in the sale of that product, as specified. The bill would except the STAKE Act's new definition of tobacco products from the provision authorizing seizure of tobacco products described above. The bill would make these provisions operative on October 1, 2016.

Existing law makes it a crime for a person or entity to engage in the business of selling cigarettes or tobacco products without a valid license or after a license has been suspended or revoked, as specified. Existing law also makes it a crime for a person to continue selling or gifting cigarettes or tobacco products without a valid license or after a notification of suspension or revocation, as specified.

This bill would include in the definition of tobacco products for the purposes of those provisions the STAKE Act's new definition of tobacco products. The bill would require all cartridges for electronic cigarettes and solutions for filling or refilling an electronic cigarette to be in

~~childproof~~ *child-resistant* packaging, as prescribed. The bill would make these provisions operative on October 1, 2016.

Existing law prohibits the smoking of cigarettes and other tobacco products in a variety of specified areas. Under existing law, a violation of some of these prohibitions is punishable as an infraction.

This bill would change the location restrictions for smoking cigarettes and other tobacco products to reflect the STAKE Act’s definitions of smoking and tobacco products. The bill would make the use of electronic cigarettes in some of these restricted locations a violation punishable as an infraction.

Existing law prohibits the smoking of medical marijuana in any place where smoking is prohibited by law.

This bill would declare that its provisions do not affect any law or regulation regarding medical marijuana.

By expanding the scope of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions
- 2 Code is amended to read:
- 3 22950.5. For purposes of this division, the following terms
- 4 have the following meanings:
- 5 (a) “Department” means the State Department of Public Health.
- 6 (b) “Enforcing agency” means the State Department of Public
- 7 Health, another state agency, including, but not limited to, the
- 8 office of the Attorney General, or a local law enforcement agency,
- 9 including, but not limited to, a city attorney, district attorney, or
- 10 county counsel.
- 11 (c) “Smoking” means inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying
- 12 any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, or pipe, or any other lighted
- 13 or heated tobacco or plant product intended for inhalation, whether
- 14 natural or synthetic, in any manner or in any form. “Smoking”

1 includes the use of an electronic smoking device that creates an
2 aerosol or vapor, in any manner or in any form, or the use of any
3 oral smoking device for the purpose of circumventing the
4 prohibition of smoking.

5 (d) (1) “Tobacco product” means any of the following:

6 (A) A product containing, made, or derived from tobacco or
7 nicotine that is intended for human consumption, whether smoked,
8 heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or
9 ingested by any other means, including, but not limited to,
10 cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, chewing tobacco, pipe tobacco, or
11 snuff.

12 (B) An electronic device that delivers nicotine or other vaporized
13 liquids to the person inhaling from the device, including, but not
14 limited to, an electronic cigarette, cigar, pipe, or hookah.

15 (C) Any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product,
16 whether or not sold separately.

17 (2) “Tobacco product” does not include a product that has been
18 approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for
19 sale as a tobacco cessation product or for other therapeutic purposes
20 where the product is marketed and sold solely for such an approved
21 purpose.

22 SEC. 2. Section 22958 of the Business and Professions Code
23 is amended to read:

24 22958. (a) An enforcing agency may assess civil penalties
25 against any person, firm, or corporation that sells, gives, or in any
26 way furnishes to another person who is under 18 years of age, any
27 tobacco, cigarette, cigarette papers, any other instrument or
28 paraphernalia that is designed for the smoking or ingestion of
29 tobacco, tobacco products, or any controlled substance, according
30 to the following schedule: (1) a civil penalty of four hundred dollars
31 (\$400) to six hundred dollars (\$600) for the first violation, (2) a
32 civil penalty of nine hundred dollars (\$900) to one thousand dollars
33 (\$1,000) for the second violation within a five-year period, (3) a
34 civil penalty of one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200) to one
35 thousand eight hundred dollars (\$1,800) for a third violation within
36 a five-year period, (4) a civil penalty of three thousand dollars
37 (\$3,000) to four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a fourth violation
38 within a five-year period, or (5) a civil penalty of five thousand
39 dollars (\$5,000) to six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a fifth violation
40 within a five-year period.

(b) (1) In addition to the civil penalties described in subdivision (a), upon the assessment of a civil penalty for the third, fourth, or fifth violation, the department, within 60 days of the date of service of the final administrative adjudication on the parties or payment of the civil penalty for an uncontested violation, shall notify the State Board of Equalization of the violation. The State Board of Equalization shall then assess a civil penalty of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and suspend or revoke a license issued pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 22972) of Division 8.6 in accordance with the following schedule:

(A) A 45-day suspension of the license for a third violation at the same location within a five-year period.

(B) A 90-day suspension of the license for a fourth violation at the same location within a five-year period.

(C) Revocation of the license for a fifth violation at the same location within a five-year period.

(2) The provisions of Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 55121) of Part 30 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code apply with respect to the collection of the penalty imposed by the State Board of Equalization pursuant to paragraph (1).

(c) (1) For each suspension or revocation pursuant to subdivision (b), the civil penalty of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) assessed pursuant to that subdivision, notwithstanding Section 22953, shall be deposited into the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund established pursuant to Section 22990. Moneys from that civil penalty deposited into this fund shall be made available to the State Board of Equalization, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purposes of meeting its duties under subdivision (b).

(2) The department shall, upon request, provide to the State Board of Equalization information concerning any person, firm, or corporation that has been assessed a civil penalty for violation of the STAKE Act pursuant to this section when the department has notified the State Board of Equalization of the violation.

(d) The enforcing agency shall assess penalties pursuant to the schedule set forth in subdivision (a) against a person, firm, or corporation that sells, offers for sale, or distributes tobacco products from a cigarette or tobacco products vending machine, or a person, firm, or corporation that leases, furnishes, or services these machines in violation of Section 22960.

(e) An enforcing agency may assess civil penalties against a person, firm, or corporation that sells or deals in tobacco or any preparation thereof, and fails to post conspicuously and keep posted in the place of business at each point of purchase the notice required pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 22952. The civil penalty shall be in the amount of two hundred dollars (\$200) for the first offense and five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional violation.

(f) An enforcing agency shall assess penalties in accordance with the schedule set forth in subdivision (a) against a person, firm, or corporation that advertises or causes to be advertised a tobacco product on an outdoor billboard in violation of Section 22961.

(g) If a civil penalty has been assessed pursuant to this section against a person, firm, or corporation for a single, specific violation of this division, the person, firm, or corporation shall not be prosecuted under Section 308 of the Penal Code for a violation based on the same facts or specific incident for which the civil penalty was assessed. If a person, firm, or corporation has been prosecuted for a single, specific violation of Section 308 of the Penal Code, the person, firm, or corporation shall not be assessed a civil penalty under this section based on the same facts or specific incident upon which the prosecution under Section 308 of the Penal Code was based.

(h) (1) In the case of a corporation or business with more than one retail location, to determine the number of accumulated violations for purposes of the penalty schedule set forth in subdivision (a), violations of this division by one retail location shall not be accumulated against other retail locations of that same corporation or business.

(2) In the case of a retail location that operates pursuant to a franchise as defined in Section 20001, violations of this division accumulated and assessed against a prior owner of a single franchise location shall not be accumulated against a new owner of the same single franchise location for purposes of the penalty schedule set forth in subdivision (a).

(i) Proceedings under this section shall be conducted pursuant to Section 131071 of the Health and Safety Code, except in cases where a civil penalty is assessed by an enforcing agency other than the department, in which case proceedings shall be conducted

1 pursuant to the procedures of that agency that are consistent with
2 Section 131071 of the Health and Safety Code.

3 SEC. 3. Section 22962 of the Business and Professions Code
4 is amended to read:

5 22962. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
6 have the following meanings:

7 (1) "Self-service display" means the open display of tobacco
8 products or tobacco paraphernalia in a manner that is accessible
9 to the general public without the assistance of the retailer or
10 employee of the retailer.

11 (2) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means cigarette papers or wrappers,
12 blunt wraps as defined in Section 308 of the Penal Code, pipes,
13 holders of smoking materials of all types, cigarette rolling
14 machines, or other instruments or things designed for the smoking
15 or ingestion of tobacco products.

16 (3) "Tobacco product" means a product or device as defined in
17 subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions
18 Code.

19 (4) "Tobacco store" means a retail business that meets all of the
20 following requirements:

21 (A) Primarily sells tobacco products.

22 (B) Generates more than 60 percent of its gross revenues
23 annually from the sale of tobacco products and tobacco
24 paraphernalia.

25 (C) Does not permit any person under 18 years of age to be
26 present or enter the premises at any time, unless accompanied by
27 the person's parent or legal guardian, as defined in Section 6903
28 of the Family Code.

29 (D) Does not sell alcoholic beverages or food for consumption
30 on the premises.

31 (b) (1) (A) Except as permitted in subdivision (b) of Section
32 22960, it is unlawful for a person engaged in the retail sale of
33 tobacco products to sell, offer for sale, or display for sale any
34 tobacco product or tobacco paraphernalia by self-service display.
35 A person who violates this section is subject to those civil penalties
36 specified in the schedule in subdivision (a) of Section 22958.

37 (B) A person who violates this section is subject to those civil
38 penalties specified in the schedule in subdivision (a) of Section
39 22958.

(2) It is unlawful for a person engaged in the retail sale of blunt wraps to place or maintain, or to cause to be placed or maintained, any blunt wraps advertising display within two feet of candy, snack, or nonalcoholic beverage displayed inside any store or business.

(3) It is unlawful for any person or business to place or maintain, or cause to be placed or maintained, any blunt wrap advertising display that is less than four feet above the floor.

(c) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to the display in a tobacco store of cigars, pipe tobacco, snuff, chewing tobacco, or dipping tobacco, provided that in the case of cigars they are generally not sold or offered for sale in a sealed package of the manufacturer or importer containing less than six cigars. In any enforcement action brought pursuant to this division, the retail business that displays any of the items described in this subdivision in a self-service display shall have the burden of proving that it qualifies for the exemption established in this subdivision.

(d) The Attorney General, a city attorney, a county counsel, or a district attorney may bring a civil action to enforce this section.

(e) This section does not preempt or otherwise prohibit the adoption of a local standard that imposes greater restrictions on the access to tobacco products than the restrictions imposed by this section. To the extent that there is an inconsistency between this section and a local standard that imposes greater restrictions on the access to tobacco products, the greater restriction on the access to tobacco products in the local standard shall prevail.

SEC. 4. Section 22971.7 is added to the Business and Professions Code, immediately preceding Section 22972, to read:

22971.7. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, except as provided in subdivision (b), and notwithstanding subdivision (s) of Section 22971, a “tobacco product” includes a product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5.

(b) This section does not apply to subdivision (b) of Section 22974.3.

(c) This section shall be operative on October 1, 2016.

SEC. 5. Section 22973 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

22973. (a) An application for a license shall be filed on or before April 15, 2004, on a form prescribed by the board and shall include the following:

1 (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the applicant.

2 (2) The business name, address, and telephone number of each
3 retail location. For applicants who control more than one retail
4 location, an address for receipt of correspondence or notices from
5 the board, such as a headquarters or corporate office of the retailer,
6 shall also be included on the application and listed on the license.
7 Citations issued to licensees shall be forwarded to all addressees
8 on the license.

9 (3) A statement by the applicant affirming that the applicant
10 has not been convicted of a felony and has not violated and will
11 not violate or cause or permit to be violated any of the provisions
12 of this division or any rule of the board applicable to the applicant
13 or pertaining to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cigarettes
14 or tobacco products. If the applicant is unable to affirm this
15 statement, the application shall contain a statement by the applicant
16 of the nature of any violation or the reasons that will prevent the
17 applicant from complying with the requirements with respect to
18 the statement.

19 (4) If any other licenses or permits have been issued by the
20 board or the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to the
21 applicant, the license or permit number of those licenses or permits
22 then in effect.

23 (5) A statement by the applicant that the contents of the
24 application are complete, true, and correct. Any person who signs
25 a statement pursuant to this subdivision that asserts the truth of
26 any material matter that he or she knows to be false is guilty of a
27 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment of up to one year in the
28 county jail, or a fine of not more than one thousand dollars
29 (\$1,000), or both the imprisonment and the fine.

30 (6) The signature of the applicant.

31 (7) Any other information the board may require.

32 (b) The board may investigate to determine the truthfulness and
33 completeness of the information provided in the application. The
34 board may issue a license without further investigation to an
35 applicant for a retail location if the applicant holds a valid license
36 from the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control for that same
37 location.

38 (c) The board shall provide electronic means for applicants to
39 download and submit applications.

(d) (1) A one-time license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be submitted with each application. An applicant that owns or controls more than one retail location shall obtain a separate license for each retail location, but may submit a single application for those licenses with a one-time license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) per location.

(2) The one-time fee required by this subdivision does not apply to an application for renewal of a license for a retail location for which the one-time license fee has already been paid. If a license is reinstated after its expiration, the retailer, as a condition precedent to its reinstatement, shall pay a reinstatement fee of one hundred dollars (\$100).

(e) This section shall become inoperative on October 1, 2016, and, as of January 1, 2017, is repealed.

SEC. 6. Section 22973 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

22973. (a) An application for a license shall be filed on or before April 15, 2004, on a form prescribed by the board and shall include the following:

(1) The name, address, and telephone number of the applicant.

(2) The business name, address, and telephone number of each retail location. For applicants who control more than one retail location, an address for receipt of correspondence or notices from the board, such as a headquarters or corporate office of the retailer, shall also be included on the application and listed on the license. Citations issued to licensees shall be forwarded to all addressees on the license.

(3) A statement by the applicant affirming that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony and has not violated and will not violate or cause or permit to be violated any of the provisions of this division or any rule of the board applicable to the applicant or pertaining to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cigarettes or tobacco products. If the applicant is unable to affirm this statement, the application shall contain a statement by the applicant of the nature of any violation or the reasons that will prevent the applicant from complying with the requirements with respect to the statement.

(4) If any other licenses or permits have been issued by the board or the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to the

1 applicant, the license or permit number of those licenses or permits
2 then in effect.

3 (5) A statement by the applicant that the contents of the
4 application are complete, true, and correct. Any person who signs
5 a statement pursuant to this subdivision that asserts the truth of
6 any material matter that he or she knows to be false is guilty of a
7 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment of up to one year in the
8 county jail, or a fine of not more than one thousand dollars
9 (\$1,000), or both the imprisonment and the fine.

10 (6) The signature of the applicant.

11 (7) Any other information the board may require.

12 (b) The board may investigate to determine the truthfulness and
13 completeness of the information provided in the application. The
14 board may issue a license without further investigation to an
15 applicant for a retail location if the applicant holds a valid license
16 from the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control for that same
17 location.

18 (c) The board shall provide electronic means for applicants to
19 download and submit applications.

20 (d) (1) A one-time license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100)
21 shall be submitted with each application to obtain a license to
22 engage in the sale of a cigarette or a tobacco product, as defined
23 in Sections 30121 and 30131.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
24 An applicant that owns or controls more than one retail location
25 shall obtain a separate license for each retail location, but may
26 submit a single application for those licenses with a one-time
27 license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) per location.

28 (2) A one-time license fee in an amount determined by the State
29 Board of Equalization shall be submitted with each application to
30 obtain a license to engage in the sale of a tobacco product, as
31 defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5, that is not subject
32 to a tax imposed by the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law
33 pursuant to Part 13 (commencing with Section 30001) of Division
34 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. The fee collected pursuant
35 to this paragraph shall not exceed the total cost associated with
36 the administration and enforcement of the license.

37 (3) The one-time fee required by paragraph (1) of this
38 subdivision does not apply to an application for renewal of a license
39 for a retail location for which the one-time license fee has already
40 been paid. If a license is reinstated after its expiration, the retailer,

1 as a condition precedent to its reinstatement, shall pay a
2 reinstatement fee of one hundred dollars (\$100).

3 (e) This section shall be operative on October 1, 2016.

4 SEC. 7. Section 22980.2 of the Business and Professions Code
5 is amended to read:

6 22980.2. (a) A person or entity that engages in the business
7 of selling cigarettes or tobacco products in this state either without
8 a valid license or after a license has been suspended or revoked,
9 and each officer of any corporation that so engages in this business,
10 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided in Section
11 22981.

12 (b) Each day after notification by the board or by a law
13 enforcement agency that a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor,
14 importer, retailer, or any other person required to be licensed under
15 this division offers cigarette and tobacco products for sale or
16 exchange without a valid license for the location from which they
17 are offered for sale shall constitute a separate violation.

18 (c) Continued sales or gifting of cigarettes and tobacco products
19 either without a valid license or after a notification of suspension
20 or revocation shall constitute a violation punishable as provided
21 in Section 22981, and shall result in the seizure of all cigarettes
22 and tobacco products in the possession of the person by the board
23 or a law enforcement agency. Any cigarettes and tobacco products
24 seized by the board or by a law enforcement agency shall be
25 deemed forfeited.

26 (d) This section shall become inoperative on October 1, 2016,
27 and, as of January 1, 2017, is repealed.

28 SEC. 8. Section 22980.2 is added to the Business and
29 Professions Code, to read:

30 22980.2. (a) A person or entity that engages in the business
31 of selling cigarettes or tobacco products in this state either without
32 a valid license or after a license has been suspended or revoked,
33 and each officer of any corporation that so engages in this business,
34 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided in Section
35 22981.

36 (b) Each day after notification by the board or by a law
37 enforcement agency that a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor,
38 importer, retailer, or any other person required to be licensed under
39 this division offers cigarette and tobacco products for sale or

1 exchange without a valid license for the location from which they
2 are offered for sale shall constitute a separate violation.

3 (c) Continued sales or gifting of cigarettes and tobacco products
4 either without a valid license or after a notification of suspension
5 or revocation shall constitute a violation punishable as provided
6 in Section 22981, and shall result in the seizure of all cigarettes
7 and tobacco products in the possession of the person by the board
8 or a law enforcement agency. Any cigarettes and tobacco products
9 seized by the board or by a law enforcement agency shall be
10 deemed forfeited.

11 (d) For the purposes of this section, notwithstanding subdivision
12 (s) of Section 22971, “tobacco products” includes a product or
13 device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5.

14 (e) This section shall be operative on October 1, 2016.

15 SEC. 9. Section 1947.5 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

16 1947.5. (a) A landlord of a residential dwelling unit, as defined
17 in Section 1940, or his or her agent, may prohibit the smoking of
18 a cigarette, as defined in Section 104556 of the Health and Safety
19 Code, or other tobacco product on the property or in any building
20 or portion of the building, including any dwelling unit, other
21 interior or exterior area, or the premises on which it is located, in
22 accordance with this article.

23 (b) (1) Every lease or rental agreement entered into on or after
24 January 1, 2012, for a residential dwelling unit on property on any
25 portion of which the landlord has prohibited the smoking of
26 cigarettes or other tobacco products pursuant to this article shall
27 include a provision that specifies the areas on the property where
28 smoking is prohibited, if the lessee has not previously occupied
29 the dwelling unit.

30 (2) For a lease or rental agreement entered into before January
31 1, 2012, a prohibition against the smoking of cigarettes or other
32 tobacco products in any portion of the property in which smoking
33 was previously permitted shall constitute a change of the terms of
34 tenancy, requiring adequate notice in writing, to be provided in
35 the manner prescribed in Section 827.

36 (c) A landlord who exercises the authority provided in
37 subdivision (a) to prohibit smoking shall be subject to federal,
38 state, and local requirements governing changes to the terms of a
39 lease or rental agreement for tenants with leases or rental

1 agreements that are in existence at the time that the policy limiting
2 or prohibiting smoking is adopted.

3 (d) This section shall not be construed to preempt any local
4 ordinance in effect on or before January 1, 2012, or any provision
5 of a local ordinance in effect on or after January 1, 2012, that
6 restricts the smoking of cigarettes or other tobacco products.

7 (e) A limitation or prohibition of the use of any tobacco product
8 shall not affect any other term or condition of the tenancy, nor
9 shall this section be construed to require statutory authority to
10 establish or enforce any other lawful term or condition of the
11 tenancy.

12 (f) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
13 ~~the definition in~~ *same meaning as in* subdivision (c) of Section
14 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

15 (g) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
16 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
17 of the Business and Professions Code.

18 SEC. 10. Section 48901 of the Education Code is amended to
19 read:

20 48901. (a) No school shall permit the smoking or use of a
21 tobacco product by pupils of the school while the pupils are on
22 campus, or while attending school-sponsored activities or while
23 under the supervision and control of school district employees.

24 (b) The governing board of any school district maintaining a
25 high school shall take all steps it deems practical to discourage
26 high school students from smoking.

27 (c) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
28 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as in* subdivision (c) of Section
29 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

30 (d) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
31 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
32 of the Business and Professions Code.

33 SEC. 11. Section 7597 of the Government Code is amended
34 to read:

35 7597. (a) No public employee or member of the public shall
36 smoke a tobacco product inside a public building, or in an outdoor
37 area within 20 feet of a main exit, entrance, or operable window
38 of a public building, or in a passenger vehicle, as defined by
39 Section 465 of the Vehicle Code, owned by the state.

(b) This section shall not preempt the authority of any county, city, city and county, California Community College campus, campus of the California State University, or campus of the University of California to adopt and enforce additional smoking and tobacco control ordinances, regulations, or policies that are more restrictive than the applicable standards required by this chapter.

(c) For purposes of this section, “smoke” and “smoking” have ~~the meaning of the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

(d) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

SEC. 12. Section 1234 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1234. (a) Smoking a tobacco product shall not be permitted in patient areas of a clinic except those rooms designated for occupancy exclusively by smokers.

(b) Clearly legible signs shall either:

(1) State that smoking is unlawful and be conspicuously posted by, or on behalf of, the owner or manager of such clinic, in all areas of a clinic where smoking is unlawful.

(2) Identify “smoking permitted” areas, and be posted by, or on behalf of, the owner or manager of such clinic, only in areas of a clinic where smoking is lawfully permitted.

If “smoking permitted” signs are posted, there shall also be conspicuously posted, near all major entrances, clearly legible signs stating that smoking is unlawful except in areas designated “smoking permitted.”

(c) This section shall not apply to skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, and intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.

(d) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has ~~the meaning of the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

(e) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

SEC. 13. Section 1286 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1 1286. (a) Smoking a tobacco product shall be prohibited in
2 patient care areas, waiting rooms, and visiting rooms of a health
3 facility, except those areas specifically designated as smoking
4 areas, and in patient rooms as specified in subdivision (b).

5 (b) Smoking a tobacco product shall not be permitted in a patient
6 room unless all persons assigned to the room have requested a
7 room where smoking is permitted. In the event that the health
8 facility occupancy has reached capacity, the health facility shall
9 have reasonable time to reassign patients to appropriate rooms.

10 (c) Clearly legible signs shall either:

11 (1) State that smoking is unlawful and be conspicuously posted
12 by, or on behalf of, the owner or manager of the health facility, in
13 all areas of a health facility where smoking is unlawful, or

14 (2) Identify “smoking permitted” areas, and be posted by, or on
15 behalf of, the owner or manager of the health facility, only in areas
16 of the health facility where smoking is lawfully permitted.

17 If “smoking permitted” signs are posted, there shall also be
18 conspicuously posted, near all major entrances, clearly legible
19 signs stating that smoking is unlawful except in areas designated
20 “smoking permitted.”

21 (d) No signs pertaining to smoking are required to be posted in
22 patient rooms.

23 (e) This section shall not apply to skilled nursing facilities,
24 intermediate care facilities, and intermediate care facilities for the
25 developmentally disabled.

26 (f) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the meaning of
27 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
28 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

29 (g) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
30 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
31 of the Business and Professions Code.

32 SEC. 14. Section 1530.7 of the Health and Safety Code is
33 amended to read:

34 1530.7. (a) Group homes, foster family agencies, small family
35 homes, transitional housing placement providers, and crisis
36 nurseries licensed pursuant to this chapter shall maintain a
37 smoke-free environment in the facility.

38 (b) A person who is licensed or certified pursuant to this chapter
39 to provide residential care in a foster family home or certified
40 family home shall not smoke a tobacco product or permit any other

1 person to smoke a tobacco product inside the facility, and, when
2 the child is present, on the outdoor grounds of the facility.

3 (c) A person who is licensed or certified pursuant to this chapter
4 to provide residential foster care shall not smoke a tobacco product
5 in any motor vehicle that is regularly used to transport the child.

6 (d) For purposes of this section, “smoke” has the ~~meaning of~~
7 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
8 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

9 (e) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
10 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
11 of the Business and Professions Code.

12 SEC. 15. Section 1596.795 of the Health and Safety Code is
13 amended to read:

14 1596.795. (a) The smoking of a tobacco product in a private
15 residence that is licensed as a family day care home shall be
16 prohibited in the home and in those areas of the family day care
17 home where children are present. Nothing in this section shall
18 prohibit a city or county from enacting or enforcing an ordinance
19 relating to smoking in a family day care home if the ordinance is
20 more stringent than this section.

21 (b) The smoking of a tobacco product on the premises of a
22 licensed day care center shall be prohibited.

23 (c) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
24 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
25 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

26 (d) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
27 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
28 of the Business and Professions Code.

29 SEC. 16. Section 104495 of the Health and Safety Code is
30 amended to read:

31 104495. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following
32 definitions shall govern:

33 (1) “Playground” means any park or recreational area
34 specifically designed to be used by children that has play equipment
35 installed, or any similar facility located on public or private school
36 grounds, or on city, county, or state park grounds.

37 (2) “Tot lot sandbox area” means a designated play area within
38 a public park for the use by children under five years of age. Where
39 the area is not contained by a fence, the boundary of a tot lot
40 sandbox area shall be defined by the edge of the resilient surface

1 of safety material, such as concrete or wood, or any other material
2 surrounding the tot lot sandbox area.

3 (3) “Public park” includes a park operated by a public agency.

4 (4) “Smoke” and “smoking” have the ~~meaning of the definition~~
5 *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section 22950.5 of the
6 Business and Professions Code.

7 (5) “Cigarette” means the same as defined in Section 104556.

8 (6) “Cigar” means the same as defined in Section 104550.

9 (7) “Tobacco product” means a product or device as defined in
10 subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions
11 Code.

12 (b) No person shall smoke a cigarette, cigar, or other tobacco
13 product within 25 feet of any playground or tot lot sandbox area.

14 (c) No person shall dispose of cigarette butts, cigar butts, or any
15 other tobacco-related waste within 25 feet of a playground or a tot
16 lot sandbox area.

17 (d) No person shall intimidate, threaten any reprisal, or effect
18 any reprisal, for the purpose of retaliating against another person
19 who seeks to attain compliance with this section.

20 (e) Any person who violates this section is guilty of an infraction
21 and shall be punished by a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)
22 for each violation of this section. Punishment under this section
23 shall not preclude punishment pursuant to Section 13002, Section
24 374.4 of the Penal Code, or any other provision of law proscribing
25 the act of littering.

26 (f) The prohibitions contained in subdivisions (b), (c), and (d)
27 shall not apply to private property.

28 (g) The prohibitions contained in subdivisions (b) and (c) shall
29 not apply to a public sidewalk located within 25 feet of a
30 playground or a tot lot sandbox area.

31 (h) This section shall not preempt the authority of any county,
32 city, or city and county to regulate smoking around playgrounds
33 or tot lot sandbox areas. Any county, city, or city and county may
34 enforce any ordinance adopted prior to January 1, 2002, or may
35 adopt and enforce new regulations that are more restrictive than
36 this section, on and after January 1, 2002.

37 SEC. 17. Section 114332.3 of the Health and Safety Code is
38 amended to read:

39 114332.3. (a) No potentially hazardous food or beverage stored
40 or prepared in a private home may be offered for sale, sold, or

1 given away from a nonprofit charitable temporary food facility.
2 Potentially hazardous food shall be prepared in a food
3 establishment or on the premises of a nonprofit charitable
4 temporary food facility.

5 (b) All food and beverages shall be protected at all times from
6 unnecessary handling and shall be stored, displayed, and served
7 so as to be protected from contamination.

8 (c) Potentially hazardous food and beverages shall be maintained
9 at or below 7 degrees Celsius (45 degrees Fahrenheit) or at or
10 above 57.2 degrees Celsius (135 degrees Fahrenheit) at all times.

11 (d) Ice used in beverages shall be protected from contamination
12 and shall be maintained separate from ice used for refrigeration
13 purposes.

14 (e) All food and food containers shall be stored off the floor on
15 shelving or pallets located within the facility.

16 (f) Smoking a tobacco product is prohibited in nonprofit
17 charitable temporary food facilities.

18 (g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), live animals, birds,
19 or fowl shall not be kept or allowed in nonprofit charitable
20 temporary food facilities.

21 (2) Paragraph (1) does not prohibit the presence, in any room
22 where food is served to the public, guests, or patrons, of a guide
23 dog, signal dog, or service dog, as defined by Section 54.1 of the
24 Civil Code, accompanied by a totally or partially blind person,
25 deaf person, person whose hearing is impaired, or handicapped
26 person, or dogs accompanied by persons licensed to train guide
27 dogs for the blind pursuant to Chapter 9.5 (commencing with
28 Section 7200) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code.

29 (3) Paragraph (1) does not apply to dogs under the control of
30 uniformed law enforcement officers or of uniformed employees
31 of private patrol operators and operators of a private patrol service
32 who are licensed pursuant to Chapter 11.5 (commencing with
33 Section 7580) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code,
34 while these employees are acting within the course and scope of
35 their employment as private patrol persons.

36 (4) The persons and operators described in paragraphs (2) and
37 (3) are liable for any damage done to the premises or facilities by
38 the dog.

39 (5) The dogs described in paragraphs (2) and (3) shall be
40 excluded from food preparation and utensil wash areas. Aquariums

1 and aviaries shall be allowed if enclosed so as not to create a public
2 health problem.

3 (h) All garbage shall be disposed of in a sanitary manner.

4 (i) Employees preparing or handling food shall wear clean
5 clothing and shall keep their hands clean at all times.

6 (j) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
7 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
8 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

9 (k) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
10 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
11 of the Business and Professions Code.

12 SEC. 18. Section 114371 of the Health and Safety Code is
13 amended to read:

14 114371. Certified farmers’ markets shall meet all of the
15 following requirements:

16 (a) All food shall be stored at least six inches off the floor or
17 ground or under any other conditions that are approved. Tents,
18 canopies, or other overhead coverings are not required for fresh
19 whole produce sales displays or storage, except when specifically
20 required pursuant to this chapter. Flavored nuts and dried fruits
21 that are being sold on a bulk or nonprepackaged basis shall be
22 displayed and dispensed by the producer from covered containers.
23 All processed food products being sold shall be in compliance with
24 Section 113735 and the applicable provisions of Section 110460,
25 114365, or 114365.2.

26 (b) Food preparation is prohibited at certified farmers’ markets
27 with the exception of food samples. Trimming whole produce for
28 sale shall not be considered food preparation. Distribution of food
29 samples may occur provided that the following sanitary conditions
30 exist:

31 (1) Samples shall be kept in clean, nonabsorbent, and covered
32 containers intended by the manufacturer for use with foods. Any
33 cutting or distribution of samples shall only occur under a tent,
34 canopy, or other overhead covering.

35 (2) All food samples shall be distributed by the producer in a
36 manner that is sanitary and in which each sample is distributed
37 without the possibility of a consumer touching the remaining
38 samples.

39 (3) Clean, disposable plastic gloves shall be used when cutting
40 food samples.

1 (4) Fresh, whole produce intended for sampling shall be washed
2 or cleaned in another manner of any soil or other material by
3 potable water in order that it is wholesome and safe for
4 consumption.

5 (5) Notwithstanding Section 114205, available potable water
6 may be required for handwashing and sanitizing; the need
7 determined and manner approved by the enforcement agency.

8 (6) Potentially hazardous food samples shall be maintained at
9 or below 45 degrees Fahrenheit and shall be disposed of within
10 two hours after cutting. A certified farmers' market or an
11 enforcement officer may cause immediate removal and disposal,
12 or confiscate and destroy, any potentially hazardous food samples
13 found not in compliance with this paragraph.

14 (7) Wastewater shall be disposed of in a facility connected to
15 the public sewer system or in a manner approved by the
16 enforcement agency.

17 (8) Utensils and cutting surfaces shall be smooth, nonabsorbent,
18 and easily cleanable, or single-use articles shall be utilized. If the
19 producer uses only single-use articles or maintains an adequate
20 supply of clean replacement articles readily available at the site at
21 the time of use, warewashing facilities shall not be required.

22 (c) Approved toilet and handwashing facilities shall be available
23 within 200 feet travel distance of the premises of the certified
24 farmers' market or as approved by the enforcement officer.

25 (d) No live animals, birds, or fowl shall be kept or allowed, and
26 no individual shall bring a live animal, bird, or fowl, within 20
27 feet of any area where food is stored or held for sale within a
28 certified farmers' market. This subdivision does not apply to guide
29 dogs, signal dogs, or service dogs when used in accordance with
30 the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
31 Sec. 12101 et seq.), and as provided in Section 36.104 of Title 28
32 of the Code of Federal Regulations. All guide dogs, signal dogs,
33 and service dogs shall be used and properly identified in accordance
34 with Section 54.1 and subdivision (b) of Section 54.2 of the Civil
35 Code, and Sections 30850, 30851, and 30852 of the Food and
36 Agricultural Code.

37 (e) All garbage and refuse shall be stored and disposed of in a
38 manner approved by the enforcement officer.

39 (f) Smoking of cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, and other tobacco
40 products shall not be permitted within 25 feet of the common

1 commerce area comprised of sales personnel and shopping
2 customers of the certified farmers' market.

3 (g) Notwithstanding Chapter 10 (commencing with Section
4 114294) vendors selling food adjacent to, and under the jurisdiction
5 and management of, a certified farmers' market may store, display,
6 and sell from a table or display fixture apart from the mobile
7 facility in a manner approved by the enforcement agency.

8 (h) Temporary food facilities may be operated at a separate
9 community event adjacent to, and in conjunction with, certified
10 farmers' markets. The organization in control of the community
11 event at which these temporary food facilities operate shall comply
12 with Section 114381.1.

13 (i) All harvested, cut, wrapped, or otherwise processed meat,
14 poultry, and fish products shall be from approved sources as set
15 forth in Section 113735, and shall be properly labeled or have
16 documentation present at the point of sale that demonstrates
17 compliance with this requirement. All harvested, cut, wrapped, or
18 otherwise processed meat, poultry, and fish products offered for
19 sale shall be transported, stored, displayed, and maintained at a
20 temperature of 41 degrees Fahrenheit or colder. The temperature
21 holding capabilities of the storage containers used shall be
22 sufficient to maintain safe product temperatures. Storage containers
23 for meat, poultry, and fish products shall be insulated and have
24 interior surfaces that are smooth, nonabsorbent, and easily
25 cleanable. All meat, poultry, and fish products shall be stored in
26 a manner that reduces the risk of cross-contamination.

27 (j) For purposes of this section, "smoking" has the meaning of
28 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
29 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

30 (k) For purposes of this section, "tobacco product" means a
31 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
32 of the Business and Professions Code.

33 SEC. 19. Section 118910 of the Health and Safety Code is
34 amended to read:

35 118910. (a) The Legislature declares its intent not to preempt
36 the field of regulation of the smoking of tobacco products. A local
37 governing body may ban completely the smoking of tobacco
38 products, or may regulate smoking of tobacco products in any
39 manner not inconsistent with this article and Article 3 (commencing
40 with Section 118920) or any other provision of state law.

1 (b) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
2 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
3 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

4 (c) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
5 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
6 of the Business and Professions Code.

7 SEC. 20. Section 118925 of the Health and Safety Code is
8 amended to read:

9 118925. (a) (1) It is unlawful for any person to smoke a
10 tobacco product in any vehicle of a passenger stage corporation,
11 the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak) except to
12 the extent permitted by federal law, in any aircraft except to the
13 extent permitted by federal law, on a public transportation system,
14 as defined by Section 99211 of the Public Utilities Code, or in any
15 vehicle of an entity receiving any transit assistance from the state.

16 (2) (A) For purposes of this subdivision, “smoke” has the
17 ~~meaning of the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of
18 Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

19 (B) For purposes of this subdivision, “tobacco product” means
20 a product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
21 of the Business and Professions Code.

22 (b) It is unlawful for any person to smoke any plant product
23 other than a tobacco product in any vehicle of a passenger stage
24 corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak)
25 except to the extent permitted by federal law, in any aircraft except
26 to the extent permitted by federal law, on a public transportation
27 system, as defined by Section 99211 of the Public Utilities Code,
28 or in any vehicle of an entity receiving any transit assistance from
29 the state.

30 SEC. 21. Section 118948 of the Health and Safety Code is
31 amended to read:

32 118948. (a) It is unlawful for a person to smoke a tobacco
33 product in a motor vehicle, whether in motion or at rest, in which
34 there is a minor.

35 (b) For purposes of this section, “smoke” has the ~~meaning of~~
36 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
37 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

38 (c) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
39 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
40 of the Business and Professions Code.

(d) A violation of this section is an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) for each violation.

SEC. 22. Section 119405 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.

SEC. 23. Section 119406 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:

119406. (a) Commencing October 1, 2016, all cartridges for electronic cigarettes and solutions for filling or refilling an electronic cigarette shall be in ~~childproof~~ *child-resistant* packaging.

(b) “Child-resistant packaging” means packaging that meets the specifications in Section 1700.15 (b) of, and is tested by the method described in Section 1700.20 of, Title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

SEC. 24. Section 6404.5 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

6404.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that regulation of smoking in the workplace is a matter of statewide interest and concern. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to prohibit the smoking of tobacco products in all (100 percent of) enclosed places of employment in this state, as covered by this section, thereby eliminating the need of local governments to enact workplace smoking restrictions within their respective jurisdictions. It is further the intent of the Legislature to create a uniform statewide standard to restrict and prohibit the smoking of tobacco products in enclosed places of employment, as specified in this section, in order to reduce employee exposure to environmental tobacco smoke to a level that will prevent anything other than insignificantly harmful effects to exposed employees, and also to eliminate the confusion and hardship that can result from enactment or enforcement of disparate local workplace smoking restrictions. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, it is the intent of the Legislature that any area not defined as a “place of employment” pursuant to subdivision (d) or in which the smoking of tobacco products is not regulated pursuant to subdivision (e) shall be subject to local regulation of smoking of tobacco products.

(b) No employer shall knowingly or intentionally permit, and no person shall engage in, the smoking of tobacco products in an enclosed space at a place of employment. “Enclosed space” includes lobbies, lounges, waiting areas, elevators, stairwells, and restrooms that are a structural part of the building and not specifically defined in subdivision (d).

1 (c) For purposes of this section, an employer who permits any
2 nonemployee access to his or her place of employment on a regular
3 basis has not acted knowingly or intentionally in violation of this
4 section if he or she has taken the following reasonable steps to
5 prevent smoking by a nonemployee:

6 (1) Posted clear and prominent signs, as follows:

7 (A) Where smoking is prohibited throughout the building or
8 structure, a sign stating “No smoking” shall be posted at each
9 entrance to the building or structure.

10 (B) Where smoking is permitted in designated areas of the
11 building or structure, a sign stating “Smoking is prohibited except
12 in designated areas” shall be posted at each entrance to the building
13 or structure.

14 (2) Has requested, when appropriate, that a nonemployee who
15 is smoking refrain from smoking in the enclosed workplace.

16 For purposes of this subdivision, “reasonable steps” does not
17 include (A) the physical ejection of a nonemployee from the place
18 of employment or (B) any requirement for making a request to a
19 nonemployee to refrain from smoking, under circumstances
20 involving a risk of physical harm to the employer or any employee.

21 (d) For purposes of this section, “place of employment” does
22 not include any of the following:

23 (1) Sixty-five percent of the guestroom accommodations in a
24 hotel, motel, or similar transient lodging establishment.

25 (2) Areas of the lobby in a hotel, motel, or other similar transient
26 lodging establishment designated for smoking by the establishment.
27 An establishment may permit smoking in a designated lobby area
28 that does not exceed 25 percent of the total floor area of the lobby
29 or, if the total area of the lobby is 2,000 square feet or less, that
30 does not exceed 50 percent of the total floor area of the lobby. For
31 purposes of this paragraph, “lobby” means the common public
32 area of an establishment in which registration and other similar or
33 related transactions, or both, are conducted and in which the
34 establishment’s guests and members of the public typically
35 congregate.

36 (3) Meeting and banquet rooms in a hotel, motel, other transient
37 lodging establishment similar to a hotel or motel, restaurant, or
38 public convention center, except while food or beverage functions
39 are taking place, including setup, service, and cleanup activities,
40 or when the room is being used for exhibit purposes. At times

1 when smoking is not permitted in a meeting or banquet room
2 pursuant to this paragraph, the establishment may permit smoking
3 in corridors and prefunction areas adjacent to and serving the
4 meeting or banquet room if no employee is stationed in that
5 corridor or area on other than a passing basis.

6 (4) Retail or wholesale tobacco shops and private smokers'
7 lounges. For purposes of this paragraph:

8 (A) "Private smokers' lounge" means any enclosed area in or
9 attached to a retail or wholesale tobacco shop that is dedicated to
10 the use of tobacco products, including, but not limited to, cigars
11 and pipes.

12 (B) "Retail or wholesale tobacco shop" means any business
13 establishment the main purpose of which is the sale of tobacco
14 products, including, but not limited to, cigars, pipe tobacco, and
15 smoking accessories.

16 (5) Cabs of motortrucks, as defined in Section 410 of the Vehicle
17 Code, or truck tractors, as defined in Section 655 of the Vehicle
18 Code, if no nonsmoking employees are present.

19 (6) Warehouse facilities. For purposes of this paragraph,
20 "warehouse facility" means a warehouse facility with more than
21 100,000 square feet of total floorspace, and 20 or fewer full-time
22 employees working at the facility, but does not include any area
23 within a facility that is utilized as office space.

24 (7) Gaming clubs, in which smoking is permitted by subdivision
25 (f). For purposes of this paragraph, "gaming club" means any
26 gaming club, as defined in Section 19802 of the Business and
27 Professions Code, or bingo facility, as defined in Section 326.5 of
28 the Penal Code, that restricts access to minors under 18 years of
29 age.

30 (8) Bars and taverns, in which smoking is permitted by
31 subdivision (f). For purposes of this paragraph, "bar" or "tavern"
32 means a facility primarily devoted to the serving of alcoholic
33 beverages for consumption by guests on the premises, in which
34 the serving of food is incidental. "Bar or tavern" includes those
35 facilities located within a hotel, motel, or other similar transient
36 occupancy establishment. However, when located within a building
37 in conjunction with another use, including a restaurant, "bar" or
38 "tavern" includes only those areas used primarily for the sale and
39 service of alcoholic beverages. "Bar" or "tavern" does not include

1 the dining areas of a restaurant, regardless of whether alcoholic
2 beverages are served therein.

3 (9) Theatrical production sites, if smoking is an integral part of
4 the story in the theatrical production.

5 (10) Medical research or treatment sites, if smoking is integral
6 to the research and treatment being conducted.

7 (11) Private residences, except for private residences licensed
8 as family day care homes, where smoking is prohibited pursuant
9 to Section 1596.795 of the Health and Safety Code.

10 (12) Patient smoking areas in long-term health care facilities,
11 as defined in Section 1418 of the Health and Safety Code.

12 (13) Breakrooms designated by employers for smoking, provided
13 that all of the following conditions are met:

14 (A) Air from the smoking room shall be exhausted directly to
15 the outside by an exhaust fan. Air from the smoking room shall
16 not be recirculated to other parts of the building.

17 (B) The employer shall comply with any ventilation standard
18 or other standard utilizing appropriate technology, including, but
19 not limited to, mechanical, electronic, and biotechnical systems,
20 adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board
21 or the federal Environmental Protection Agency. If both adopt
22 inconsistent standards, the ventilation standards of the Occupational
23 Safety and Health Standards Board shall be no less stringent than
24 the standards adopted by the federal Environmental Protection
25 Agency.

26 (C) The smoking room shall be located in a nonwork area where
27 no one, as part of his or her work responsibilities, is required to
28 enter. For purposes of this subparagraph, “work responsibilities”
29 does not include any custodial or maintenance work carried out in
30 the breakroom when it is unoccupied.

31 (D) There are sufficient nonsmoking breakrooms to
32 accommodate nonsmokers.

33 (14) Employers with a total of five or fewer employees, either
34 full time or part time, may permit smoking where all of the
35 following conditions are met:

36 (A) The smoking area is not accessible to minors.

37 (B) All employees who enter the smoking area consent to permit
38 smoking. No one, as part of his or her work responsibilities, shall
39 be required to work in an area where smoking is permitted. An
40 employer who is determined by the division to have used coercion

1 to obtain consent or who has required an employee to work in the
2 smoking area shall be subject to the penalty provisions of Section
3 6427.

4 (C) Air from the smoking area shall be exhausted directly to
5 the outside by an exhaust fan. Air from the smoking area shall not
6 be recirculated to other parts of the building.

7 (D) The employer shall comply with any ventilation standard
8 or other standard utilizing appropriate technology, including, but
9 not limited to, mechanical, electronic, and biotechnical systems,
10 adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board
11 or the federal Environmental Protection Agency. If both adopt
12 inconsistent standards, the ventilation standards of the Occupational
13 Safety and Health Standards Board shall be no less stringent than
14 the standards adopted by the federal Environmental Protection
15 Agency.

16 This paragraph shall not be construed to (i) supersede or render
17 inapplicable any condition or limitation on smoking areas made
18 applicable to specific types of business establishments by any other
19 paragraph of this subdivision or (ii) apply in lieu of any otherwise
20 applicable paragraph of this subdivision that has become
21 inoperative.

22 (e) Paragraphs (13) and (14) of subdivision (d) shall not be
23 construed to require employers to provide reasonable
24 accommodation to smokers, or to provide breakrooms for smokers
25 or nonsmokers.

26 (f) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision,
27 smoking may be permitted in gaming clubs, as defined in paragraph
28 (7) of subdivision (d), and in bars and taverns, as defined in
29 paragraph (8) of subdivision (d), until the earlier of the following:

30 (A) January 1, 1998.

31 (B) The date of adoption of a regulation (i) by the Occupational
32 Safety and Health Standards Board reducing the permissible
33 employee exposure level to environmental tobacco smoke to a
34 level that will prevent anything other than insignificantly harmful
35 effects to exposed employees or (ii) by the federal Environmental
36 Protection Agency establishing a standard for reduction of
37 permissible exposure to environmental tobacco smoke to an
38 exposure level that will prevent anything other than insignificantly
39 harmful effects to exposed persons.

1 (2) If a regulation specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph
2 (1) is adopted on or before January 1, 1998, smoking may thereafter
3 be permitted in gaming clubs and in bars and taverns, subject to
4 full compliance with, or conformity to, the standard in the
5 regulation within two years following the date of adoption of the
6 regulation. An employer failing to achieve compliance with, or
7 conformity to, the regulation within this two-year period shall
8 prohibit smoking in the gaming club, bar, or tavern until
9 compliance or conformity is achieved. If the Occupational Safety
10 and Health Standards Board and the federal Environmental
11 Protection Agency both adopt regulations specified in subparagraph
12 (B) of paragraph (1) that are inconsistent, the regulations of the
13 Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board shall be no less
14 stringent than the regulations of the federal Environmental
15 Protection Agency.

16 (3) If a regulation specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph
17 (1) is not adopted on or before January 1, 1998, the exemptions
18 specified in paragraphs (7) and (8) of subdivision (d) shall become
19 inoperative on and after January 1, 1998, until a regulation is
20 adopted. Upon adoption of such a regulation on or after January
21 1, 1998, smoking may thereafter be permitted in gaming clubs and
22 in bars and taverns, subject to full compliance with, or conformity
23 to, the standard in the regulation within two years following the
24 date of adoption of the regulation. An employer failing to achieve
25 compliance with, or conformity to, the regulation within this
26 two-year period shall prohibit smoking in the gaming club, bar,
27 or tavern until compliance or conformity is achieved. If the
28 Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board and the federal
29 Environmental Protection Agency both adopt regulations specified
30 in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) that are inconsistent, the
31 regulations of the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board
32 shall be no less stringent than the regulations of the federal
33 Environmental Protection Agency.

34 (4) From January 1, 1997, to December 31, 1997, inclusive,
35 smoking may be permitted in gaming clubs, as defined in paragraph
36 (7) of subdivision (d), and in bars and taverns, as defined in
37 paragraph (8) of subdivision (d), subject to both of the following
38 conditions:

39 (A) If practicable, the gaming club or bar or tavern shall
40 establish a designated nonsmoking area.

1 (B) If feasible, no employee shall be required, in the
2 performance of ordinary work responsibilities, to enter any area
3 in which smoking is permitted.

4 (g) The smoking prohibition set forth in this section shall
5 constitute a uniform statewide standard for regulating the smoking
6 of tobacco products in enclosed places of employment and shall
7 supersede and render unnecessary the local enactment or
8 enforcement of local ordinances regulating the smoking of tobacco
9 products in enclosed places of employment. Insofar as the smoking
10 prohibition set forth in this section is applicable to all 100 percent
11 places of employment within this state and, therefore, provides
12 the maximum degree of coverage, the practical effect of this section
13 is to eliminate the need of local governments to enact enclosed
14 workplace smoking restrictions within their respective jurisdictions.

15 (h) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an employer from
16 prohibiting smoking of tobacco products in an enclosed place of
17 employment for any reason.

18 (i) The enactment of local regulation of smoking of tobacco
19 products in enclosed places of employment by local governments
20 shall be suspended only for as long as, and to the extent that, the
21 (100 percent) smoking prohibition provided for in this section
22 remains in effect. In the event this section is repealed or modified
23 by subsequent legislative or judicial action so that the (100 percent)
24 smoking prohibition is no longer applicable to all enclosed places
25 of employment in California, local governments shall have the full
26 right and authority to enforce previously enacted, and to enact and
27 enforce new, restrictions on the smoking of tobacco products in
28 enclosed places of employment within their jurisdictions, including
29 a complete prohibition of smoking. Notwithstanding any other
30 provision of this section, any area not defined as a “place of
31 employment” or in which smoking is not regulated pursuant to
32 subdivision (d) or (e), shall be subject to local regulation of
33 smoking of tobacco products.

34 (j) Any violation of the prohibition set forth in subdivision (b)
35 is an infraction, punishable by a fine not to exceed one hundred
36 dollars (\$100) for a first violation, two hundred dollars (\$200) for
37 a second violation within one year, and five hundred dollars (\$500)
38 for a third and for each subsequent violation within one year. This
39 subdivision shall be enforced by local law enforcement agencies,

1 including, but not limited to, local health departments, as
2 determined by the local governing body.

3 (k) Notwithstanding Section 6309, the division shall not be
4 required to respond to any complaint regarding the smoking of
5 tobacco products in an enclosed space at a place of employment,
6 unless the employer has been found guilty pursuant to subdivision
7 (j) of a third violation of subdivision (b) within the previous year.

8 (l) If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any
9 person or circumstances is held invalid, that invalidity shall not
10 affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given
11 effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end
12 the provisions of this act are severable.

13 (m) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning~~
14 ~~of the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
15 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

16 (n) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
17 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
18 of the Business and Professions Code.

19 SEC. 25. Section 308 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

20 308. (a) (1) Every person, firm, or corporation that knowingly
21 or under circumstances in which it has knowledge, or should
22 otherwise have grounds for knowledge, sells, gives, or in any way
23 furnishes to another person who is under 18 years of age any
24 tobacco, cigarette, or cigarette papers, or blunt wraps, or any other
25 preparation of tobacco, or any other instrument or paraphernalia
26 that is designed for the smoking or ingestion of tobacco, tobacco
27 products, or any controlled substance, is subject to either a criminal
28 action for a misdemeanor or to a civil action brought by a city
29 attorney, a county counsel, or a district attorney, punishable by a
30 fine of two hundred dollars (\$200) for the first offense, five
31 hundred dollars (\$500) for the second offense, and one thousand
32 dollars (\$1,000) for the third offense.

33 Notwithstanding Section 1464 or any other law, 25 percent of
34 each civil and criminal penalty collected pursuant to this
35 subdivision shall be paid to the office of the city attorney, county
36 counsel, or district attorney, whoever is responsible for bringing
37 the successful action, and 25 percent of each civil and criminal
38 penalty collected pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid to the
39 city or county for the administration and cost of the community
40 service work component provided in subdivision (b).

1 Proof that a defendant, or his or her employee or agent,
2 demanded, was shown, and reasonably relied upon evidence of
3 majority shall be defense to any action brought pursuant to this
4 subdivision. Evidence of majority of a person is a facsimile of or
5 a reasonable likeness of a document issued by a federal, state,
6 county, or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof,
7 including, but not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, a
8 registration certificate issued under the federal Selective Service
9 Act, or an identification card issued to a member of the Armed
10 Forces.

11 For purposes of this section, the person liable for selling or
12 furnishing tobacco products to minors by a tobacco vending
13 machine shall be the person authorizing the installation or
14 placement of the tobacco vending machine upon premises he or
15 she manages or otherwise controls and under circumstances in
16 which he or she has knowledge, or should otherwise have grounds
17 for knowledge, that the tobacco vending machine will be utilized
18 by minors.

19 (2) For purposes of this section, "blunt wraps" means cigar
20 papers or cigar wrappers of all types that are designed for smoking
21 or ingestion of tobacco products and contain less than 50 percent
22 tobacco.

23 (b) Every person under 18 years of age who purchases, receives,
24 or possesses any tobacco, cigarette, or cigarette papers, or any
25 other preparation of tobacco, or any other instrument or
26 paraphernalia that is designed for the smoking of tobacco, tobacco
27 products, or any controlled substance shall, upon conviction, be
28 punished by a fine of seventy-five dollars (\$75) or 30 hours of
29 community service work.

30 (c) Every person, firm, or corporation that sells, or deals in
31 tobacco or any preparation thereof, shall post conspicuously and
32 keep so posted in his, her, or their place of business at each point
33 of purchase the notice required pursuant to subdivision (b) of
34 Section 22952 of the Business and Professions Code, and any
35 person failing to do so shall, upon conviction, be punished by a
36 fine of fifty dollars (\$50) for the first offense, one hundred dollars
37 (\$100) for the second offense, two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for
38 the third offense, and five hundred dollars (\$500) for the fourth
39 offense and each subsequent violation of this provision, or by
40 imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding 30 days.

1 (d) For purposes of determining the liability of persons, firms,
2 or corporations controlling franchises or business operations in
3 multiple locations for the second and subsequent violations of this
4 section, each individual franchise or business location shall be
5 deemed a separate entity.

6 (e) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), any person under 18 years
7 of age who purchases, receives, or possesses any tobacco, cigarette,
8 or cigarette papers, or any other preparation of tobacco, any other
9 instrument or paraphernalia that is designed for the smoking of
10 tobacco, or tobacco products is immune from prosecution for that
11 purchase, receipt, or possession while participating in either of the
12 following:

13 (1) An enforcement activity that complies with the guidelines
14 adopted pursuant to subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 22952 of
15 the Business and Professions Code.

16 (2) An activity conducted by the State Department of Public
17 Health, a local health department, or a law enforcement agency
18 for the purpose of determining or evaluating youth tobacco
19 purchase rates.

20 (f) It is the Legislature's intent to regulate the subject matter of
21 this section. As a result, a city, county, or city and county shall not
22 adopt any ordinance or regulation inconsistent with this section.

23 (g) For purposes of this section, "smoking" has the ~~meaning of~~
24 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
25 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

26 (h) For purposes of this section, "tobacco product" means a
27 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
28 of the Business and Professions Code.

29 SEC. 26. Section 561 of the Public Utilities Code is amended
30 to read:

31 561. (a) Every railroad corporation, passenger stage
32 corporation, passenger air carrier, and street railroad corporation
33 providing departures originating in this state shall prohibit the
34 smoking of a tobacco product in the passenger seating area of
35 every passenger car, passenger stage, aircraft, or other vehicle.

36 (b) Every such corporation and carrier shall display in the
37 passenger seating area of every passenger car, passenger stage,
38 aircraft, or other vehicle, notices sufficient in number, posted in
39 such locations as to be readily seen by boarding passengers,
40 advising passengers of the no smoking requirements pursuant to

1 subdivision (a). Words on such notices which state “No Smoking”
2 or an equivalent phrase shall be at least three-quarters of one inch
3 high, and any other explanatory words on the notices shall be at
4 least one-quarter of one inch high.

5 (c) No person shall smoke a tobacco product in a space known
6 by him or her to be designated for nonsmoking passengers. A
7 violation of this subdivision is not a crime.

8 (d) As used in this section, “passenger air carrier” shall have
9 the same meaning as provided in Sections 2741 and 2743.

10 (e) For purposes of this section, “smoke” and “smoking” have
11 ~~the meaning of the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c)
12 of Section 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

13 (f) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
14 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
15 of the Business and Professions Code.

16 SEC. 27. Section 99580 of the Public Utilities Code is amended
17 to read:

18 99580. (a) Pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 640 of the
19 Penal Code, a public transportation agency may enact and enforce
20 an ordinance to impose and enforce an administrative penalty for
21 any of the acts described in subdivision (b). The ordinance shall
22 include the provisions of this chapter and shall not apply to minors.

23 (b) (1) Evasion of the payment of a fare of the system.

24 (2) Misuse of a transfer, pass, ticket, or token with the intent to
25 evade the payment of a fare.

26 (3) Playing sound equipment on or in a system facility or
27 vehicle.

28 (4) Smoking a tobacco product, eating, or drinking in or on a
29 system facility or vehicle in those areas where those activities are
30 prohibited by that system.

31 (5) Expectorating upon a system facility or vehicle.

32 (6) Willfully disturbing others on or in a system facility or
33 vehicle by engaging in boisterous or unruly behavior.

34 (7) Carrying an explosive or acid, flammable liquid, or toxic or
35 hazardous material in a system facility or vehicle.

36 (8) Urinating or defecating in a system facility or vehicle, except
37 in a lavatory. However, this paragraph shall not apply to a person
38 who cannot comply with this paragraph as a result of a disability,
39 age, or a medical condition.

1 (9) (A) Willfully blocking the free movement of another person
2 in a system facility or vehicle.

3 (B) This paragraph shall not be interpreted to affect any lawful
4 activities permitted or first amendment rights protected under the
5 laws of this state or applicable federal law, including, but not
6 limited to, laws related to collective bargaining, labor relations,
7 or labor disputes.

8 (10) Skateboarding, roller skating, bicycle riding, or roller
9 blading in a system facility, including a parking structure, or in a
10 system vehicle. This paragraph does not apply to an activity that
11 is necessary for utilization of a system facility by a bicyclist,
12 including, but not limited to, an activity that is necessary for
13 parking a bicycle or transporting a bicycle aboard a system vehicle,
14 if that activity is conducted with the permission of the agency of
15 the system in a manner that does not interfere with the safety of
16 the bicyclist or other patrons of the system facility.

17 (11) (A) Unauthorized use of a discount ticket or failure to
18 present, upon request from a system representative, acceptable
19 proof of eligibility to use a discount ticket, in accordance with
20 Section 99155, and posted system identification policies when
21 entering or exiting a system station or vehicle. Acceptable proof
22 of eligibility must be clearly defined in the posting.

23 (B) In the event that an eligible discount ticket user is not in
24 possession of acceptable proof at the time of request, an issued
25 notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation shall be held
26 for a period of 72 hours to allow the user to produce acceptable
27 proof. If the proof is provided, that notice shall be voided. If the
28 proof is not produced within that time period, that notice shall be
29 processed.

30 (12) Sale or peddling of any goods, merchandise, property, or
31 services of any kind whatsoever on the facilities, vehicles, or
32 property of the public transportation system without the express
33 written consent of the public transportation system or its duly
34 authorized representatives.

35 (c) (1) The public transportation agency may contract with a
36 private vendor or governmental agency for the processing of notices
37 of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation, and notices of
38 delinquent fare evasion or passenger conduct violation pursuant
39 to Section 99581.

(2) For the purpose of this chapter, “processing agency” means either of the following:

(A) The agency issuing the notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation and the notice of delinquent fare evasion or passenger conduct violation.

(B) The party responsible for processing the notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation and the notice of delinquent violation, if a contract is entered into pursuant to paragraph (1).

(3) For the purpose of this chapter, “fare evasion or passenger conduct violation penalty” includes, but is not limited to, a late payment penalty, administrative fee, fine, assessment, and costs of collection as provided for in the ordinance.

(4) For the purpose of this chapter, “public transportation agency” shall mean a public agency that provides public transportation as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) of Section 1 of Article XIX A of the California Constitution.

(5) All fare evasion and passenger conduct violation penalties collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the general fund of the county in which the citation is administered.

(d) (1) If a fare evasion or passenger conduct violation is observed by a person authorized to enforce the ordinance, a notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation shall be issued. The notice shall set forth the violation, including reference to the ordinance setting forth the administrative penalty, the date of the violation, the approximate time, and the location where the violation occurred. The notice shall include a printed statement indicating the date payment is required to be made, and the procedure for contesting the notice. The notice shall be served by personal service upon the violator. The notice, or copy of the notice, shall be considered a record kept in the ordinary course of business of the issuing agency and the processing agency, and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained in the notice establishing a rebuttable presumption affecting the burden of producing evidence.

(2) When a notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation has been served, the person issuing the notice shall file the notice with the processing agency.

(3) If, after a notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation is issued pursuant to this section, the issuing officer determines that there is incorrect data on the notice, including, but

1 not limited to, the date or time, the issuing officer may indicate in
2 writing on a form attached to the original notice the necessary
3 correction to allow for the timely entry of the corrected notice on
4 the processing agency's data system. A copy of the correction shall
5 be mailed to the address provided by the person cited at the time
6 the original notice of fare evasion or passenger conduct violation
7 was served.

8 (4) If a person contests a notice of fare evasion or passenger
9 conduct violation, the issuing agency shall proceed in accordance
10 with Section 99581.

11 (e) In setting the amounts of administrative penalties for the
12 violations listed in subdivision (b), the public transportation agency
13 shall not establish penalty amounts that exceed the maximum fine
14 amount set forth in Section 640 of the Penal Code.

15 (f) A person who receives a notice of fare evasion or passenger
16 conduct violation pursuant to this section shall not be subject to
17 citation for a violation of Section 640 of the Penal Code.

18 (g) If an entity enacts an ordinance pursuant to this section it
19 shall, both two years and five years after enactment of the
20 ordinance, report all of the following information to the Senate
21 Committee on Transportation and Housing and the Assembly
22 Committee on Transportation:

23 (1) A description of the ordinance, including the circumstances
24 under which an alleged violator is afforded the opportunity to
25 complete the administrative process.

26 (2) The amount of the administrative penalties.

27 (3) The number and types of citations administered pursuant to
28 the ordinance.

29 (4) To the extent available, a comparison of the number and
30 types of citations administered pursuant to the ordinance with the
31 number and types of citations issued for similar offenses and
32 administered through the courts both in the two years prior to the
33 ordinance and, if any, since enactment of the ordinance.

34 (5) A discussion of the effect of the ordinance on passenger
35 behavior.

36 (6) A discussion of the effect of the ordinance on revenues to
37 the entity described in subdivision (a) and, in consultation with
38 the superior courts, the cost savings to the county courts. The
39 superior courts are encouraged to collaborate on and provide data
40 for this report.

1 (h) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
2 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
3 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

4 (i) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
5 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
6 of the Business and Professions Code.

7 SEC. 28. Section 12523 of the Vehicle Code is amended to
8 read:

9 12523. (a) No person shall operate a youth bus without having
10 in possession a valid driver’s license of the appropriate class,
11 endorsed for passenger transportation and a certificate issued by
12 the department to permit the operation of a youth bus.

13 (b) Applicants for a certificate to drive a youth bus shall present
14 evidence that they have successfully completed a driver training
15 course administered by or at the direction of their employer
16 consisting of a minimum of 10 hours of classroom instruction
17 covering applicable laws and regulations and defensive driving
18 practices and a minimum of 10 hours of behind-the-wheel training
19 in a vehicle to be used as a youth bus. Applicants seeking to renew
20 a certificate to drive a youth bus shall present evidence that they
21 have received two hours of refresher training during each 12
22 months of driver certificate validity.

23 (c) The driver certificate shall be issued only to applicants
24 qualified by examinations prescribed by the Department of Motor
25 Vehicles and the Department of the California Highway Patrol,
26 and upon payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for an
27 original certificate and twelve dollars (\$12) for the renewal of that
28 certificate to the Department of the California Highway Patrol.
29 The examinations shall be conducted by the Department of the
30 California Highway Patrol. The Department of Motor Vehicles
31 may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate valid for driving a youth
32 bus for the causes specified in this code or in regulations adopted
33 pursuant to this code.

34 (d) An operator of a youth bus shall, at all times when operating
35 a youth bus, do all of the following:

- 36 (1) Use seat belts.
37 (2) Refrain from smoking tobacco products.
38 (3) Report any accidents reportable under Section 16000 to the
39 Department of the California Highway Patrol.

1 (e) A person holding a valid certificate to permit the operation
2 of a youth bus, issued prior to January 1, 1991, shall not be required
3 to reapply for a certificate to satisfy any additional requirements
4 imposed by the act adding this subdivision until the certificate he
5 or she holds expires or is canceled or revoked.

6 (f) For purposes of this section, “smoking” has the ~~meaning of~~
7 ~~the definition~~ *same meaning as* in subdivision (c) of Section
8 22950.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

9 (g) For purposes of this section, “tobacco product” means a
10 product or device as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 22950.5
11 of the Business and Professions Code.

12 SEC. 29. This act does not affect any laws or regulations
13 regarding medical cannabis.

14 SEC. 30. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
15 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
16 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
17 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
18 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
19 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
20 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
21 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
22 Constitution.

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