No. 1

Introduced by Assembly Member Gordon

December 1, 2014

House Resolution No. 1—Relative to the Standing Rules of the Assembly for the 2015–16 Regular Session.

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the 1 following Rules be, and the same are hereby, adopted as the 2 3 Standing Rules of the Assembly for the 2015–16 Regular Session; and be it further 4 Resolved, That these rules shall govern the operations of the 5 6 Assembly. 7 8 STANDING RULES OF THE ASSEMBLY 9 2015–16 REGULAR SESSION 10 I. LEGISLATIVE ORGANIZATION 11 Assembly General Officers 12 13 1. (a) The general officers of the Assembly are the following: 14 (1) Speaker 15 (2) Speaker pro Tempore Assistant Speaker pro Tempore 16 Majority Floor Leader 17 Minority Floor Leader 18 (3) Chief Clerk 19 20 Sergeant at Arms 21 Chaplain

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 (b) Except for the officers listed in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), each officer listed in subdivision (a) shall be elected by a majority vote of the duly elected and qualified Members. (c) The Chief Clerk, subject to the approval of the Committee on Rules, shall determine the names and titles that shall appear on the front page of all publications.
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10	2. The Speaker, or, in his or her absence, the Speaker pro
11	Tempore, shall determine the time for convening the session, unless
12	otherwise ordered by a majority vote of the Members present and
13	voting.
14	
15	Speaker to Call Assembly to Order
16	
17	3. The Speaker, or, in his or her absence, the Speaker pro
18	Tempore, shall, at the hour appointed for meeting, call the
19	Assembly to order.
20	
21	Rollcall and Quorum
	Roncan and Quorum
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22 23	4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both
22 23 24	4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed:
22 23 24 25	4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed:(1) The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of
22 23 24 25 26	 4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed: (1) The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members
22 23 24 25 26 27	 4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed: (1) The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members constitute a quorum.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed: (1) The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members constitute a quorum. (2) The presiding officer shall announce the names of all
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed: The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members constitute a quorum. The presiding officer shall announce the names of all Members who will be absent from that day's session and the reason for their absence. 5. For the purposes of the organization of any regular session of the Assembly pursuant to Section 9023 of the Government
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed: The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members constitute a quorum. The presiding officer shall announce the names of all Members who will be absent from that day's session and the reason for their absence. 5. For the purposes of the organization of any regular session of the Assembly pursuant to Section 9023 of the Government
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed: The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members constitute a quorum. The presiding officer shall announce the names of all Members who will be absent from that day's session and the reason for their absence. 5. For the purposes of the organization of any regular session of the Assembly pursuant to Section 9023 of the Government Code, the person who was the Speaker when the previous regular session adjourned sine die, if he or she is reelected to the Assembly.

1 2	Adoption of Standing Rules
$\frac{2}{3}$	6. The adoption of the Standing Rules requires an affirmative
4	recorded vote of a majority of the duly elected and qualified
5	Members. When once adopted, the Standing Rules shall remain
6 7	in effect unless suspended or amended as provided in these rules.
8	Suspension of Rules
9	
10	7. Unless specified otherwise in these rules, any Standing Rule
11	of the Assembly not requiring more than a majority vote, except
12	Rule 8, may be suspended temporarily by a vote of a majority of
13 14	the Members of the Assembly. A rule requiring a two-thirds vote may be temporarily suspended by a two-thirds vote of the Members
14	of the Assembly. A temporary suspension applies only to the matter
16	under immediate consideration, and in no case may it extend
17	beyond an adjournment.
18	
19	Amending Standing Rules
20	
21 22	8. A standing rule of the Assembly may not be amended except by a resolution adopted by an affirmative recorded vote of a
$\frac{22}{23}$	majority of the duly elected and qualified Members.
24	majority of the daily elected and quanted memoris.
25	Mason's Manual
26	
27	10. In all cases not provided for by the California Constitution,
28	by the Assembly Rules, by the Joint Rules of the Senate and
29 30	Assembly, or by statute, the authority is the latest edition of Mason's Manual.
31	Mason's Manual.
32	III. ORGANIZATION OF COMMITTEES
33	Standing Committees
34	
35	11. Thirty-one standing committees of the Assembly are hereby
36 37	created, upon the several subjects, and titled respectively, as follows:
37 38	Accountability and Administrative Review
39	Aging and Long-Term Care
40	Agriculture

HR 1

- 1 Appropriations
- 2 Arts, Entertainment, Sports, Tourism, and Internet Media
- 3 Banking and Finance
- 4 Budget
- **Business and Professions** 5
- 6 Education
- 7 **Elections and Redistricting**
- 8 Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials
- 9 Governmental Organization
- 10 Health
- **Higher Education** 11
- Housing and Community Development 12
- 13 Human Services
- 14 Insurance
- 15 Jobs, Economic Development, and the Economy
- 16 Judiciary
- 17 Labor and Employment
- 18 Local Government
- 19 Natural Resources
- 20 Privacy and Consumer Protection
- 21 Public Employees, Retirement, and Social Security
- 22 Public Safety
- 23 **Revenue and Taxation**
- 24 Rules
- 25 Transportation
- Utilities and Commerce 26
- 27 **Veterans Affairs**
- 28 Water, Parks, and Wildlife
- 29 30

Open Meetings

31

- 32 11.3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, all meetings
- 33 of the Assembly or a committee thereof shall be open and public,
- 34 and all persons shall be permitted to attend the meetings. As used
- in this rule, "meeting" means a gathering of a quorum of the 35
- Members of the Assembly or a committee in one place for the 36
- 37 purpose of discussing legislative or other official matters within
- the jurisdiction of the Assembly or committee. As used in this rule, 38
- 39 "committee" includes a standing committee, joint committee,

conference committee, subcommittee, select committee, special
 committee, research committee, or any similar body.

3 (b) Any meeting that is required to be open and public pursuant 4 to this rule, including any closed session held pursuant to 5 subdivision (c), may be held only after full and timely notice to 6 the public as provided by the Joint Rules of the Assembly and 7 Senate.

8 (c) The Assembly or a committee thereof may hold a closed9 session solely for any of the following purposes:

(1) To consider the appointment, employment, evaluation of
performance, or dismissal of a public officer or employee, to
consider or hear complaints or charges brought against a Member
of the Legislature or other public officer or employee, or to
establish the classification or compensation of an employee of the
Assembly.

16 (2) To consider matters affecting the safety and security of 17 Members of the Legislature or its employees, or the safety and 18 security of any buildings and grounds used by the Legislature.

19 (3) To confer with, or receive advice from, its legal counsel

regarding pending or reasonably anticipated litigation, or whether
 to initiate litigation, when discussion in open session would not
 protect the interests of the Assembly or committee regarding the

23 litigation.

(d) A caucus of the Members of the Assembly that is composedof members of the same political party may meet in closed session.

(e) A closed session may be held pursuant to paragraph (3) of
subdivision (c) under any of the following circumstances:

(1) An adjudicatory proceeding before a court, administrative
body exercising its adjudicatory authority, hearing officer, or
arbitrator, to which the Assembly or a committee, Member, or
employee thereof is a party, has been initiated formally.

(2) Based on existing facts and circumstances, a point has been
reached where, in the opinion of the Assembly or a committee
thereof, on the advice of its legal counsel, litigation against the
Assembly or a committee, Member, or employee thereof is
reasonably anticipated.

37 (3) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the Assembly or

a committee thereof has decided to initiate, or is deciding whether

39 to initiate, litigation.

(4) To confer with, or receive advice from, its legal counsel and
 negotiator prior to the purchase, sale, exchange, or lease of real
 property by or for the Assembly or a committee thereof regarding
 the price and terms of payment for the purchase, sale, exchange,
 or lease.

(f) Prior to holding a closed session pursuant to paragraph (3) 6 7 of subdivision (c), the presiding officer of the Assembly or the 8 chair of the committee, as appropriate, shall state publicly which 9 paragraph of subdivision (e) is applicable. If the closed session is held pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), the presiding 10 officer or chair shall state the title of or otherwise specifically 11 identify the litigation to be discussed, unless the presiding officer 12 or chair states that to do so would jeopardize the ability to 13 14 effectuate service of process upon one or more unserved parties, 15 or that to do so would jeopardize the ability of the Assembly or the committee to conclude existing settlement negotiations to its 16 17 advantage. If the closed session is held pursuant to paragraph (4) 18 of subdivision (e), the notice of the closed session shall identify 19 the real property that the negotiations may concern and the person 20 with whom the negotiations may take place.

21 (g) The legal counsel for the Assembly or the committee shall 22 prepare and submit to the Assembly or the committee a memorandum stating the specific reasons and legal authority for 23 the closed session. If the closed session is held pursuant to 24 25 paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), the memorandum shall include the title of or other identification of the litigation. If the closed 26 27 session is held pursuant to paragraph (2), (3), or (4) of subdivision 28 (e), the memorandum shall set forth the existing facts and 29 circumstances on which the closed session is based. The legal 30 counsel shall submit the memorandum to the Assembly or the 31 committee prior to the closed session, if feasible, or, in any case, 32 not later than one week after the closed session. The memorandum is exempt from disclosure under the Legislative Open Records Act 33 34 contained in Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 9070) of 35 Chapter 1.5 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government 36 Code.

37 (h) For purposes of paragraph (3) of subdivision (c), "litigation"

38 includes any adjudicatory proceeding, including eminent domain,

39 before a court, administrative body exercising its adjudicatory40 authority, hearing officer, or arbitrator.

1 (i) For purposes of this rule, all expressions of the lawyer-client 2 privilege other than those provided in this rule are hereby 3 abrogated. This rule is the exclusive expression of the lawyer-client 4 privilege for the purposes of conducting closed-session meetings 5 pursuant to this rule. 6 (j) Disclosure of a memorandum required under this rule shall 7 not be deemed a waiver of the lawyer-client privilege provided 8 for under Article 3 (commencing with Section 950) of Chapter 4 9 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code. 10 11 **Conference Committee Meetings** 12 13 11.4. A Member may not participate in a meeting of a 14 conference committee considering any bill that is not open to the 15 public. 16 17 Assembly Investigating Committees 18 19 11.5. (a) The standing committees of the Assembly created 20 pursuant to Rule 11, with the exception of the Committee on Rules, 21 are hereby constituted Assembly investigating committees and are 22 authorized and directed to conduct oversight hearings and to 23 ascertain, study, and analyze all facts relating to any subjects or 24 matters which the Committee on Rules shall assign to them upon 25 request of the Assembly or upon its own initiative. 26 (b) Each of the Assembly investigating committees consists of 27 the members of the standing committee on the same subject as 28 most recently constituted. The chairperson and vice chairperson 29 is the chairperson and vice chairperson of the standing committee. 30 Vacancies occurring in the membership of the committee shall be 31 filled by the appointing authority. 32 (c) Each committee and any subcommittee, and its members, 33 have and may exercise all the rights, duties, and powers conferred 34 upon investigating committees and their members by law and by 35 the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly and the Standing Rules 36 of the Assembly as they are adopted and amended from time to 37 time, which rules are incorporated herein and made applicable to 38 the committee or subcommittee and their members. 39 (d) In order to prevent duplication and overlapping of studies

40 between the various investigating committees herein created, a

1 committee may not commence the study of any subject or matter 2 not specifically authorized herein or assigned to it unless and until 3 prior written approval thereof has been obtained from the 4 Committee on Rules. 5 (e) The Committee on Rules shall provide for the expenses of the above committees and their members and for any charges, 6 7 expenses, or claims they may incur under this rule, to be paid from 8 the Assembly Operating Fund and disbursed, after certification by 9 the Chairperson of the Committee on Rules or his or her authorized 10 representative, upon warrants drawn by the Controller upon the State Treasury. 11 12 13 Membership of Standing Committees 14 15 12. The Speaker shall determine the size, and appoint the membership and the chairperson and vice chairperson, of all 16 17 standing committees and subcommittees. In appointing Members 18 to serve on committees, the Speaker shall consider the preferences 19 of the Members. 20 21 Committee on Rules 22 23 13. There is a Committee on Rules, which acts as the executive 24 committee of the Assembly. No regular member of the Committee 25 on Rules may simultaneously serve as a chairperson of any standing committee. All meetings of the Committee on Rules that are 26 required to be open and public shall be held in a room of 27 28 appropriate size, and audio or video transmission of those meetings 29 shall be provided. 30 31 Organization of Party Caucuses 33 Within two days after the general election held in 13.1. 34 November of each even-numbered year, the caucus of the political 35 party having the greatest number of Members in the Assembly, 36 and the caucus of the political party having the second greatest 37 number of Members, each shall meet for the purpose of selecting 38 their officers for the next regular session. The rules and procedures 39 of each caucus shall be determined by that caucus, but may not be 40 inconsistent with these rules.

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1	Powers of the Committee on Rules
2 3	14. (a) The Committee on Rules has the following powers:
4	(1) To refer each bill and resolution to a committee, as provided
5	by these rules.
6	(2) To appoint all employees of the Assembly not otherwise
7	provided for by statute. It has authority to terminate, to discipline,
8	to establish, and to modify the terms and conditions of employment
9	of, or to suspend, with or without pay, any employee of the
10	Assembly.
11	(3) To make studies and recommendations designed to promote,
12	improve, and expedite the business and procedure of the Assembly
13 14	and of the committees thereof, and to propose any amendments to
14	the Rules deemed necessary to accomplish these purposes.(4) To adopt additional policies or requirements regarding the
16	use of cameras and other recording equipment at committee
17	hearings or Assembly floor sessions.
18	(5) To contract with other agencies, public or private, as it deems
19	necessary for the rendition and affording of those services,
20	facilities, studies, and reports to the committee that will best assist
21	it to carry out the purposes for which it is created.
22	(6) To cooperate with and secure the cooperation of county,
23	city, city and county, and other local law enforcement agencies in
24	investigating any matter within the scope of these rules and to
25 26	direct the sheriff of any county to serve subpoenas, orders, and other process issued by the committee.
20 27	(7) To report its findings and recommendations to the
28	Legislature and to the people from time to time and at any time.
29	(8) To do any and all other things necessary or convenient to
30	enable it fully and adequately to exercise its powers, perform its
31	duties, and accomplish the objects and purposes of these rules.
32	(9) To make available to the Assembly, or to any Assembly or
33	joint committee, or to any Member of the Assembly assistance in
34	connection with the duties of the committee or other legislative
35	matters as the personnel under direction of the committee or its
36 37	other facilities permit. (10) To make qualitable to and furnish to the Assembly, and to
37 38	(10) To make available to and furnish to the Assembly, and to
38 39	Assembly investigating committees created at this session and to each of the members thereof, clerical, secretarial, and stenographic
40	help as may be reasonably necessary for the Assembly to carry
10	The may be reasonably necessary for the resembly to early

1 out its work, and for the committees and each of the members 2 thereof, to make and carry on the studies and investigations 3 required by or of them by the resolutions creating the committees, 4 and for these purposes to employ additional stenographic and 5 secretarial assistants as may be necessary, assign, reassign, and discharge these assistants and prescribe amounts, times, and 6 7 methods of payment of their compensation. The committee shall 8 allocate annually an amount for the operation of each investigating 9 committee, which shall constitute the annual budget of the 10 committee. (b) During the times as the Assembly is not in session, the 11 committee is authorized and directed to incur and pay expenses 12 of the Assembly not otherwise provided for that the committee 13 14 determines are reasonably necessary, including the repair, 15 alteration, improvement, and equipping of the Assembly Chamber and the offices provided for the Assembly in the State Capitol and 16 17 the Capitol Annex. (c) The committee shall allocate sufficient moneys from the 18 19 Assembly Operating Fund to support the Assembly's share of joint 20 operations. (d) The Chairperson of the Committee on Rules shall appoint 21 22 a Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly, subject to the ratification of the Committee on Rules, who has duties relating to 23 the administrative, fiscal, and business affairs of the Assembly 24 25 that the committee shall prescribe. The Chairperson of the 26 Committee on Rules or a majority of the membership of the Committee on Rules may terminate the services of the Chief 27 28 Administrative Officer at any time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 29 the Speaker may appoint a temporary chief administrative officer 30 for up to 90 days following the beginning of the session. (e) The Committee on Rules shall provide for the publication 31 32 of a compilation of the photographs of accredited press 33 representatives. 34 (f) The Committee on Rules may delegate powers to the Speaker 35 by a majority vote of the membership of the committee. 36 37 Subcommittee on Sexual Harassment Prevention and Response

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39 14.5. (a) The Subcommittee on Sexual Harassment Prevention
40 and Response is created as a subcommittee of the Committee on

1 Rules. The subcommittee is composed of a total of six members, 2 with the following four members appointed by the Chairperson of 3 the Committee on Rules: two members of the Committee on Rules 4 from the political party having the greatest number of Members 5 in the Assembly and two members of the Committee on Rules 6 from the political party having the second greatest number of 7 Members. The two members from the political party having the 8 second greatest number of Members shall be appointed from a list 9 of nominees that the vice chairperson of the committee provides 10 to the chairperson. The co-chairs of the Assembly Legislative 11 Ethics Committee also shall be members of the subcommittee. The 12 Chairperson of the Committee on Rules shall designate one of the 13 members of the subcommittee to serve as chair of the 14 subcommittee. 15 (b) The subcommittee shall periodically review procedures for the handling of complaints of sexual harassment lodged against a 16 17 Member of the Assembly or an Assembly employee and submit 18 any recommendations to the Committee on Rules for consideration. 19 (c) Following the submission of the recommendations pursuant 20 to subdivision (b), the chair of the subcommittee may cause the 21 subcommittee to convene to review and recommend further

22 changes in procedures as subsequent events may require.

23 24

25

Committee on Rules

26 15. The Committee on Rules shall continue in existence during 27 any recess of the Legislature and after final adjournment and until 28 the convening of the next regular session, and shall have the same 29 powers and duties as while the Assembly is in session. In dealing 30 with any matter within its jurisdiction, the committee and its 31 members have and may exercise all of the rights, duties, and 32 powers conferred upon investigating committees and their members 33 by the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly as they are adopted 34 and amended from time to time, which rules are incorporated herein 35 and made applicable to the Committee on Rules and its members.

HR	1 -12-
1	Operating Fund Report
2 3	
3	15.5. The Committee on Rules shall annually prepare a report
4 5	to the public of expenditures as required by Section 9131 of the Government Code.
5 6	Government Code.
7	Independent Audit of Operating Funds
8	independent Audit of Operating Funds
9	15.6. The Committee on Rules shall contract for an independent
10	audit of the revenues and expenditures, for each fiscal year, from
11	the Assembly Operating Fund. The organization performing the
12	audit shall be selected by a majority of the membership of the
13	Committee on Rules. The contract for the audit shall be awarded
14	through a competitive bidding procedure. The audit shall be
15	prepared in a manner and form to be determined by the organization
16	performing the audit, and shall be consistent with generally
17	accepted accounting principles.
18	The audit shall be completed and made available to the public
19	within 180 calendar days following the completion of the fiscal
20	year for which the audit is performed.
21	
22	Performance Audit
23	
24	15.7. In addition to the annual financial audit required by Rule
25	15.6, the Committee on Rules shall contract for an audit of the
26 27	administrative operations of the Assembly. The administrative
27	departments to be audited shall be determined by the Committee on Rules. An organization performing an audit pursuant to this
28 29	rule shall be selected by a majority of the membership of the
30	Committee on Rules. A contract for an audit shall be awarded
31	through a competitive bidding procedure. Audits shall be prepared
32	in a manner and form to be determined by the organization
33	performing the audit, and shall be consistent with generally
34	accented accounting principles

accepted accounting principles. All findings and recommendations reported by an auditing firm shall be made available to Members and to the public.

HR 1

1	Rules Committee Resolutions
2 3	16. The Committee on Rules, acting unanimously by
4	appropriate resolution, on behalf of and in the name of the
5	Assembly, may extend congratulations, commendations, sympathy,
6	or regret to any person, group, or organization, and may authorize
7	the presentation of suitably prepared copies of these resolutions
8	to the persons concerned and to their relatives.
9 10	Assembly Operating Fund
10	Assembly Operating Fund
12	17. The Committee on Rules is the committee identified in
13	Section 9127 of the Government Code. The balance of all money
14	in the Assembly Operating Fund, including money now or hereafter
15	appropriated, except the sums that are made available specifically
16	for the expense of designated committees or for other purposes,
17	is hereby made available to the Committee on Rules for any
18 19	charges or claims it may incur in carrying out the duties imposed upon it by these rules or by Assembly or concurrent resolution.
20	The money made available by this rule includes the unencumbered
20	balances of all sums heretofore made available to any Assembly
22	or joint committee by the Assembly, upon the expiration of that
23	committee, and shall be expended as provided in these rules.
24	
25	Expenditures
26 27	18 A Member or committee may not incur any expanse except
27	18. A Member or committee may not incur any expense except as authorized pursuant to these rules or the Joint Rules of the Senate
20 29	and Assembly, or as authorized by the Assembly or the Committee
30	on Rules.
31	The Committee on Rules shall provide, by rules and regulations,
32	for the manner of authorizing expenditures by Members,
33	committees, officers, and employees of the Assembly that are not
34	otherwise authorized by law, these rules, or the Joint Rules of the
35 36	Senate and Assembly. These rules and regulations shall incorporate a provision whereby construction, alteration, improvement, repair,
37	or maintenance of real or personal property, and the purchase of
38	supplies and equipment, shall be governed by competitive bidding.
39	Further, the rules and regulations shall provide for the payment of
40	expenditures, as authorized by these rules and regulations, from

1 the Assembly Operating Fund upon certification of claims therefor

- 2 to the Controller by the Committee on Rules or its authorized3 representative.
- 4 A Member may not be reimbursed for travel outside the State 5 of California without prior approval of the Speaker or the
- 6 Committee on Rules.
- 7 8 9

Rules and Regulations Governing Committees

10 20. All claims for expenses incurred by investigating 11 committees of the Assembly shall be approved by the Committee 12 on Rules, or its authorized representative, before the claims are 13 presented to the Controller.

All proposed expenditures, other than expenditures of the funds of an investigating committee, shall be approved by the Committee on Rules or its authorized representative before the expenses are incurred, unless the expenditure is specifically exempted from this requirement by the resolution authorizing it.

No warrant may be drawn in payment of any claim for expenses
 until the approval of the Committee on Rules, or its authorized

21 representative, has been obtained in accordance with this rule.

The Committee on Rules shall adopt rules and regulations governing the awarding of any contract by an investigating committee, and rules and regulations limiting the amount, time, and place of expenses and allowances to be paid to employees of Assembly investigating committees or other Assembly committees. These rules may provide for allowances to committee employees in lieu of extual emergence

28 in lieu of actual expenses.

Mileage is an allowance to a committee employee in lieu of actual expenses of travel. When travel is by private conveyance, mileage may be allowed only to the operator of, and not to passengers in, a private vehicle. Claims for mileage by private conveyance must be accompanied by the license number of the vehicle and the names of state officers and employees riding as passengers.

36 Copies of all rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this rule 37 shall be distributed to the chairperson of every investigating 38 committee and of any other Assembly committee that has 39 employees.

Fees for Witnesses

3 21. Each witness summoned to appear before the Assembly or4 any of its committees shall be reimbursed at a rate set by the5 Committee on Rules.

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Assembly General Research Committee

9 22. (a) The Assembly General Research Committee is hereby continued as a permanent factfinding committee pursuant to Section 10 11 of Article IV of the California Constitution. The committee is 11 12 allocated all subjects within the scope of legislative regulation and control, but may not undertake any investigation that another 13 14 committee has been specifically requested or directed to undertake. 15 The Assembly General Research Committee may act through subcommittees appointed by the Speaker in consultation with the 16 17 Committee on Rules, and each of these subcommittees may act 18 only on the particular study or investigation assigned by the 19 Speaker in consultation with the Committee on Rules to that subcommittee. Each subcommittee shall be known and designated 20 21 as a select committee. The Speaker is the Chairperson of the 22 Assembly General Research Committee and may be a voting 23 member of any subcommittee. Each member of the Assembly General Research Committee is authorized and directed to receive 24 25 and investigate requests for legislative action made by individuals 26 or groups, and to report thereon to the full committee. The 27 Committee on Rules is authorized to allocate to any subcommittee 28 from the Assembly Operating Fund those sums that the Committee 29 on Rules deems necessary to complete the investigation or study 30 conferred upon that subcommittee. The Committee on Rules shall 31 further allocate, from time to time, to the Assembly General 32 Research Committee from the Assembly Operating Fund those sums that are necessary to permit the Assembly General Research 33 34 Committee and the members thereof to carry out the duties imposed 35 on them. The committee has continuous existence until the time 36 that its existence is terminated by a resolution adopted by the 37 Assembly, and the committee is authorized to act both during and 38 between sessions of the Legislature, including any recess.

39 (b) The committee and its members shall have and exercise all 40 the rights, duties, and powers conferred upon investigating

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1 committees and their members by the Joint Rules of the Senate 2 and Assembly and the Standing Rules of the Assembly as they are 3 adopted and amended from time to time at this session, which 4 provisions are incorporated herein and made applicable to the 5 committee and its members. (c) The committee has the following additional powers and 6 7 duties: 8 (1) To contract with other agencies, public or private, for the 9 rendition and affording of services, facilities, studies, and reports 10 to the committee as the committee deems necessary to assist it to 11 carry out the purposes for which it is created. 12 (2) To cooperate with and secure the cooperation of county, 13 city, city and county, and other local law enforcement agencies in investigating any matter within the scope of this rule and to direct 14 15 the sheriff of any county to serve subpoenas, orders, and other process issued by the committee. 16 17 (3) To report its findings and recommendations to the 18 Legislature and the people from time to time. 19 (4) To do any and all other things necessary or convenient to enable it fully and adequately to exercise its powers, perform its 20 21 duties, and accomplish the objects and purposes of this rule. 22 23 Assembly Legislative Ethics Committee 24 25 22.5. (a) The Assembly Legislative Ethics Committee is hereby 26 created. The committee shall consist of six Members of the 27 Assembly, appointed by the Speaker. Notwithstanding any other 28 rule of the Assembly, three members of the committee shall be 29 from the political party having the greatest number of Members 30 in the Assembly and three members shall be from the political 31 party having the second greatest number of Members. Any 32 temporary or permanent vacancy on the committee shall be filled within 10 days by a member from the same political party. All 33 34 appointments, including appointments to fill permanent or 35 temporary vacancies, of members from the political party having the second greatest number of Members in the Assembly shall be 36 37 made from a list of nominees that the Minority Floor Leader 38 provides to the Speaker. The Speaker shall designate one member

of the committee from the political party having the greatest

number of Members in the Assembly and one member of the

1 committee from the political party having the second greatest

- number of Members to serve as co-chairs of the committee. The
 Speaker shall designate one of the co-chairs to serve as the
 presiding officer at any meeting or hearing conducted by the
 committee.
- 6 If a verified complaint is filed against a member of the 7 committee, the Speaker shall temporarily replace the member with 8 a Member from the same political party, who shall serve until the 9 complaint is dismissed or the Assembly takes final action on the
- 10 complaint, whichever occurs first.
- (b) The provisions of this rule, and of Rule 11.5 related toinvestigating committees, apply to the committee and govern itsproceedings.
- Prior to the issuance of any subpoena by the committee with respect to any matter before the committee, it shall, by a resolution adopted by the committee pursuant to a vote in accordance with subdivision (n), define the nature and scope of its investigation in the matter before it.
- (c) Funds for the support of the committee shall be providedfrom the Assembly Operating Fund in the same manner that thosefunds are made available to other committees of the Assembly.
- (d) (1) The committee has the power, pursuant to this rule andArticle 3 (commencing with Section 8940) of Chapter 1 of Part 1
- of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, to investigate
- 25 and make findings and recommendations concerning violations
- 26 by Members of the Assembly of any provision of Article 2
- 27 (commencing with Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division28 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code or of any other provision of
- 29 2 of file 2 of the Government Code of of any other provision of 29 law or legislative rule that governs the conduct of Members of the
- 30 Assembly, hereafter collectively referred to as "standards of 31 conduct."
- (2) The committee may, on its own action pursuant to a vote in
 accordance with subdivision (n), initiate an investigation of a
 Member of the Assembly.
- (e) Any person may file with the committee a verified complaint
 in writing, which shall state the name of the Member of the
 Assembly alleged to have violated any standard of conduct, and
 which shall set forth the particulars thereof with sufficient clarity
- 39 and detail to enable the committee to make a determination. The
 - 99

1 person filing the complaint thereafter shall be designated the 2 complainant.

3 If a verified complaint is filed with the committee, the committee

4 promptly shall send a copy of the complaint to the Member of the

5 Assembly alleged to have committed the violation complained of,6 who thereafter shall be designated the respondent.

A complaint may not be filed with the committee after the
expiration of 12 months from the date the alleged violation is
discovered or three years from the date of the alleged violation,
whichever occurs first.

(f) (1) If the committee determines that the verified complaint
does not allege facts, directly or upon information and belief,
sufficient to constitute a violation of any standard of conduct, it
shall dismiss the complaint and so notify the complainant and
respondent.

16 (2) (i) If the committee determines that the verified complaint 17 does allege facts, directly or upon information and belief, sufficient 18 to constitute a violation of any standard of conduct, the committee 19 promptly shall investigate the alleged violation and if, after this preliminary investigation, the committee finds that reasonable 20 21 cause exists for believing the allegations of the complaint, it shall 22 fix a time for a hearing in the matter, which shall be not more than 23 30 days after that finding. The committee may, however, seek an 24 extension of this period, not to exceed an additional 30 days, which 25 may be granted by a majority vote of the Committee on Rules.

(ii) If, after preliminary investigation, the committee does not
find that reasonable cause exists for believing the allegations of
the complaint, the committee shall dismiss the complaint. In either
event, the committee shall notify the complainant and the
respondent of its determination.

31 (3) The committee shall make its determination under paragraph 32 (1) or (2) of this subdivision, pursuant to a vote in accordance with subdivision (n), not later than 90 days after first receiving a 33 34 complaint that satisfies subdivision (e). The committee may, 35 however, seek an extension, not to exceed 30 days, which may be 36 granted by a majority vote of the membership of the Committee 37 on Rules. If the committee has requested a law enforcement agency 38 to investigate the complaint or if the committee knows the 39 complaint is being investigated by a law enforcement agency, the

1 time limits set forth in this subdivision shall be tolled until the 2 investigation is completed.

3 (4) The committee's determination under paragraph (1) or (2) 4 of this subdivision shall be stated in writing, with reasons given 5 therefor, and shall be provided to the Assembly, and, in any case concerning an alleged violation of Article 2 (commencing with 6 7 Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the 8 Government Code, shall be provided to the appropriate law 9 enforcement agency. This written determination is a public record and is open to public inspection. 10

(5) Any deliberations of the committee from the time of receipt
of a complaint until it decides to dismiss the complaint or to set a
hearing shall not be open to the public unless the respondent
requests a public meeting.

15 (g) After the complaint has been filed, the respondent shall be 16 entitled to examine and make copies of all evidence in the 17 possession of the committee relating to the complaint.

(h) If a hearing is held pursuant to subdivision (f), the
committee, before the hearing has commenced, shall issue
subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum at the request of any party
in accordance with Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 9400) of

22 Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code. All of the

23 provisions of that chapter, except Section 9410 of the Government

24 Code, shall apply to the committee and the witnesses before it.

25 (i) At any hearing held by the committee:

26 (1) Oral evidence shall be taken on oath or affirmation.

(2) Each party shall have these rights: to be represented by legalcounsel; to call and examine witnesses; to introduce exhibits; and

29 to cross-examine opposing witnesses.

30 (3) The hearing shall be open to the public.

(j) Any official or other person whose name is mentioned at any investigation or hearing of the committee, and who believes that testimony has been given that adversely affects him or her, shall have the right to testify or, at the discretion of the committee, to testify under oath relating solely to the material relevant to the testimony regarding which he or she complains.

37 (k) The committee shall have 15 days following the hearing

38 within which to deliberate and reach its final determination on the

39 matter as follows:

1 (1) If the committee finds that the respondent has not violated 2 any standard of conduct, it shall order the action dismissed, shall 3 notify the respondent and complainant thereof, and, in cases 4 concerning an alleged violation of Article 2 (commencing with 5 Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall transmit a copy of the complaint and the 6 7 fact of dismissal to the appropriate law enforcement agency. The 8 complaint and the fact of dismissal transmitted pursuant to this 9 paragraph are public records and open to public inspection. (2) If the committee finds that the respondent has violated any 10

standard of conduct, it shall state its findings of fact and submit a 11 12 report thereon to the Assembly. This report shall be accompanied 13 by a House Resolution, authored by the committee, which shall 14 be introduced at the Chief Clerk's desk and then referred by the 15 Committee on Rules to the Ethics Committee. The House Resolution shall include a statement of the committee's findings 16 17 and the committee's recommendation for disciplinary action. 18 Within seven days, the committee shall adopt the final form of the 19 House Resolution and report it to the Assembly for placement on the Daily File. The committee also shall send a copy of those 20 21 findings and report to the complainant and respondent, and, in 22 cases concerning an alleged violation of Article 2 (commencing 23 with Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall report thereon to the appropriate 24

law enforcement agency. The report submitted pursuant to thisparagraph is a public record and open to public inspection.

After the receipt of a copy of the committee's final report and
House Resolution, the Assembly expeditiously shall take
appropriate action with respect to the respondent.

30 (*l*) The filing of a complaint with the committee pursuant to this

31 rule suspends the running of the statute of limitations applicable

32 to any violation of any standard of conduct alleged in the substance

33 of that complaint while the complaint is pending.

(m) The committee shall maintain a record of its investigations,
inquiries, and proceedings. All records, complaints, documents,
and reports filed with or submitted to or made by the committee,
and all records and transcripts of any investigations, inquiries, or
hearings of the committee under this rule shall be deemed
confidential and shall not be open to inspection, without the express
permission of the committee, by any person other than a member

of the committee, or an employee of the committee or other state 1 2 employee designated to assist the committee, except as otherwise 3 specifically provided in this rule. The committee may, by adoption 4 of a resolution, authorize the release to the Attorney General or a 5 district attorney of the appropriate county of any information, 6 records, complaints, documents, reports, and transcripts in its 7 possession that are material to any matter pending before the 8 Attorney General or that district attorney. All matters presented 9 at a public hearing of the committee and all reports of the 10 committee stating a final finding of fact pursuant to subdivision 11 (k) shall be public records and open to public inspection. Any 12 employee of the committee who divulges any matter that is deemed 13 to be confidential by this subdivision shall be subject to discipline by the Committee on Rules. 14

(n) The committee may take any action authorized by this rule 15 only upon the vote of not less than two members from the 16 17 registered political party having the greatest number of Members 18 in the Assembly and two members from the registered political 19 party having the second greatest number of Members. Any vacancy 20 on the committee does not reduce the votes required to take action. 21 (o) The committee may render advisory opinions to Members 22 of the Assembly with respect to the standards of conduct and their 23 application and construction. The committee may secure an opinion 24 from the Legislative Counsel for this purpose or issue its own 25 opinion. Any committee advisory opinion shall be prepared by 26 committee members or staff and shall be adopted by the committee

27 pursuant to subdivision (n).

(p) The committee shall conduct, at least semiannually, an
orientation course on the relevant statutes and regulations
governing official conduct. The curriculum and presentation of
the course shall be established by the Committee on Rules. At least
once each biennial session, each Member of the Assembly and
each employee of the Assembly shall attend one of these courses.
(q) Pursuant to Section 8956 of the Government Code, the

- 35 committee shall do each of the following:
- 36 (1) Conduct, at least semiannually, an orientation course on the37 relevant ethical issues and laws relating to lobbying.
- 38 (2) Impose fees on lobbyists for attending the course specified
- 39 in paragraph (1) at an amount that will permit the participation of
- 40 lobbyists to the fullest extent possible.

1 Printing of Committee Reports 2 3 23. All requests for the printing of reports of Assembly 4 committees shall be referred to the Committee on Rules. The Committee on Rules shall determine the number of copies needed, 5 whether the report shall be printed in the Journal, and whether the 6 7 report shall be distributed electronically. The Committee on Rules 8 shall authorize the distribution of reports electronically whenever 9 possible. 10 11 Assembly Employees 12 13 24. Every employee who works for a committee of the 14 Assembly or a subcommittee of a committee, for a Member of the 15 Assembly, for the Chief Clerk's office, or for the Sergeant at Arms, is an employee of the Assembly. All employees of the Assembly 16 17 serve at the pleasure of the Assembly and the terms and conditions 18 of their employment may be modified, or their employment may 19 be terminated at will, at any time and without notice, by the 20 Committee on Rules. 21 Every applicant for employment by the Assembly shall prepare 22 a formal application for employment on forms prescribed by the Committee on Rules. The application shall include a statement of 23 24 his or her present employment, his or her employment during the 25 preceding two years, and other pertinent information that the 26 Committee on Rules may require. The application shall be certified 27 under penalty of perjury, and any willful false statement or 28 omission of a material fact shall be punishable as perjury. If the 29 application discloses any fact that indicates that the applicant has 30 a personal interest that would conflict with the faithful performance 31 of his or her duties, the applicant shall not be employed. All 32 applications shall be retained in the records of the committee. 33 Every employee shall complete the Assembly ethics course in 34 the first six months of his or her employment. Thereafter, every 35 employee shall take the course in the first six months of every 36 legislative session. 37 Every employee shall, within the first six months of every

legislative session, take a course on sexual harassment prevention.The content of the course shall be determined by the Committee

on Rules and shall include the Assembly's policy on sexual 1 2 harassment prevention and response. 3 An employee may not engage in any outside business activity 4 or outside employment that is inconsistent, incompatible, or in 5 conflict with his or her functions or responsibilities as an employee 6 of the Assembly. Any employee who engages in any outside 7 business activity or employment that is in any way related to his 8 or her functions or responsibilities as an employee shall promptly 9 notify the Committee on Rules of that business activity or 10 employment. 11 12 Assembly Proceedings 13 14 25. Accredited press representatives may not be excluded from 15 any public legislative meeting or hearing and may not be prohibited from taking photographs of, televising, or recording the committee 16 17 or house hearings, subject to the following conditions: 18 (1) This rule shall extend to all public legislative meetings. 19 (2) Lights shall be used only when cameras are filming, and, 20 when possible, proceedings in hearing rooms and the Chamber 21 shall be filmed without lights. 22 (3) Every effort should be made to set up filming equipment 23 before hearings or sessions begin. (4) The committee chairperson or the Speaker shall be notified, 24 25 as far in advance of the proceedings as possible, that recordings 26 and television cameras will be present and filming. 27 (5) To the extent practical, flash cameras shall not be used. 28 (6) Photographs shall be taken in an orderly and expeditious 29 manner so as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the 30 committee or to the Members in the Chamber. 31 32 **IV. ASSEMBLY FUNCTIONS** 33 A. Duties of Assembly Officers 34 Duties of the Speaker 35 36 26. (a) The Speaker possesses the powers and shall perform 37 the duties prescribed as follows: 38 (1) To preserve order and decorum; he or she may speak to 39 points of order in preference to the other Members, rising from

40 his or her chair for that purpose.

1 (2) To decide all questions of order subject to appeal to the 2 Assembly by any Member. On every appeal, the Speaker shall 3 have the right to assign the reason for his or her decision.

4 (3) To name any Member to perform the duties of the Speaker,

5 except that any substitution may not extend beyond adjournment.
(4) To have general direction over the Assembly chamber and
rooms set aside for the use of the Assembly, including the rooms
8 for use by Members as private offices.

9 (5) To allocate funds, staffing, and other resources for the 10 effective operation of the Assembly.

(6) To appoint the membership of all standing and special 11 committees, including the Committee on Rules, and their respective 12 chairpersons and vice chairpersons. The Speaker has approval 13 14 power over the appointment of subcommittees of standing and 15 special committees, except as otherwise provided in Rule 14.5. The Committee on Rules consists of the Chairperson, Vice 16 17 Chairperson, and other Members who shall be appointed by the 18 Speaker in accordance with the process for appointing the 19 membership of standing committees pursuant to this rule. Two alternate members of the Committee on Rules shall be appointed 20 21 in accordance with the process for appointing members to the 22 Committee on Rules. Members and alternates so appointed shall 23 remain in office until their successors are selected as provided for

in these rules. The Speaker may designate any member in lieu of

25 or in addition to the alternate member to fill a temporary vacancy.

An alternate member may serve when a committee member is absent.

(7) To establish a schedule of meetings of standing committeesor subcommittees and to approve special meetings at a timedifferent from the scheduled time.

(8) To have general control and direction over the Journals,
papers, and bills of the Assembly and to establish a procedure in
accordance with Rule 118 for admitting employees of the
Legislature to the Assembly Chambers, including the Lobby in
the rear of the chambers and any hallway or area of the floor that
is adjacent to the desks occupied by the assistants to the Chief

37 Clerk.

38 (9) To act as Chairperson of the Committee of the Whole.

39 (10) To order the Lobby and Gallery cleared whenever he or40 she deems it necessary.

1 (11) To authenticate by his or her signature, when necessary or 2 required by law, all bills, memorials, resolutions, orders, 3 proceedings, writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the 4 Assembly. 5 (b) The Speaker is an ex officio member of all Assembly and 6 joint committees with all of the rights and privileges of that membership, except the right to vote. In counting a quorum of any 7 of those committees, the Speaker shall not be counted as a member. 8 9 (c) The Speaker shall, at each regular session, appoint a Member 10 of the Assembly to serve on the Judicial Council pursuant to Section 6 of Article VI of the California Constitution. 11 12 13 Funerals and Other Ceremonies and Events 14 15 27. The Speaker may designate any one or more of the Members 16 of the Assembly as the representatives of the Assembly to attend 17 funerals and other ceremonies and events in appropriate 18 circumstances. The Members so designated shall receive their 19 expenses as provided in Joint Rule 35. 20 21 Selection of Officers 22 23 28. (a) The Speaker shall appoint all nonelected officers of the 24 Assembly except the Minority Floor Leader. 25 (b) The Minority Floor Leader shall be selected by the caucus 26 of the political party having the second greatest number of 27 Members in the Assembly. 28 29 Duties of the Speaker pro Tempore 30 31 29. The Speaker pro Tempore shall perform those duties 32 assigned by the Speaker, including the responsibility of presiding 33 over sessions of the Assembly and advising the Members on 34 parliamentary procedures of the house. 35 36 Duties of the Assistant Speaker pro Tempore 37 38 29.5. The Assistant Speaker pro Tempore shall perform those 39 duties assigned by the Speaker or Speaker pro Tempore, including

1 the responsibility of presiding over sessions of the Assembly and 2 advising the Members on parliamentary procedures of the house. 3 4 Majority Floor Leader 5 30. It is the duty of the Majority Floor Leader to make those 6 7 appropriate motions, points of order, or other arrangements that 8 may be necessary to expedite the proceedings of the Assembly, 9 and he or she is responsible for the presentation of all matters that relate to the order of business, and to the promotion of harmony 10 among the membership. 11 12 13 **Caucus Chairpersons** 14 15 31. The chairperson of the caucus of the political party having the greatest number of Members in the Assembly, and the 16 17 chairperson of the caucus of the political party having the second 18 greatest number of Members in the Assembly, shall perform those 19 duties that are prescribed by their respective party caucuses. 20 21 Chief Clerk 22 23 32. The Chief Clerk of the Assembly has the following duties, 24 powers, and responsibilities: 25 (a) To keep the bills, papers, and records of the proceedings and actions of the Assembly and to have charge of the publication and 26 distribution of those publications related thereto. 27 28 (b) To supervise Assembly employees who are engaged in duties 29 related to subdivision (a). 30 (c) To act as Parliamentarian of the Assembly and to advise the 31 officers of the Assembly and the Committee on Rules on 32 parliamentary procedure and the Rules of the Assembly when 33 called upon to do so. 34 (d) To prepare all bills, resolutions, histories, journals, and 35 related publications for printing. (e) To refuse to permit any bills, papers, or records to be 36 37 removed from his or her office or out of his or her custody, except 38 upon duly signed receipts from persons authorized. 39 (f) To send to each Member, upon the request of the Speaker 40 or the Committee on Rules, before the commencement of each

regular session of the Legislature, a blank form on which the 1 2 Member may indicate his or her committee preferences. After the 3 receipt of the forms, all those communications shall be held by the 4 Chief Clerk of the Assembly and the information contained in the 5 forms shall be forwarded to the Speaker. 6 (g) To perform other duties that are prescribed by law or the 7 Committee on Rules. 8 (h) To make technical changes in measures and amendments 9 pending before the Assembly. The Chief Clerk shall notify the 10 Speaker and the author of the measure of any such change. 11 (i) To compare all bills, ordered or considered engrossed by the 12 Assembly, with the engrossed copies thereof; before they pass out 13 of the possession of the Assembly, to see that each engrossed bill 14 is a true copy of the original, with those amendments that may 15 have been made thereto; and to see that all engrossed bills are 16 reported back in the order in which they were ordered engrossed. 17 (i) To assist the Committee on Rules, upon its request, in 18 recommending the reference of bills to the appropriate standing 19 committee. 20 The Assistant Chief Clerk shall have the powers and perform the duties of the Chief Clerk during his or her absence. 21 22 23 Sergeant at Arms 24 25 33. The Sergeant at Arms has the following duties, powers, 26 and responsibilities: 27 (a) To attend the Assembly during its session, preserve order, 28 announce all official messengers, and serve all process issued by 29 authority of the Assembly and directed by the Speaker; the Sergeant 30 at Arms shall receive actual expenses for himself or herself, or for 31 an assistant, incurred in executing any process. 32 (b) To see that no person is admitted to the Assembly Chamber 33 except in accordance with these rules. 34 (c) To have general supervision over the Assistant Sergeants at 35 Arms and be responsible for their official acts and their 36 performance of and regular attendance upon their duties. 37 (d) To execute all commands of the Speaker. 38 (e) To perform all other duties pertaining to his or her office as

39 prescribed by law or Assembly rule.

1 The Chief Assistant Sergeant at Arms shall have the powers and 2 perform the duties of the Sergeant at Arms during his or her 3 absence.

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Filling Interim Vacancies—Assembly Elected Officers

6 7 34. In the event a vacancy in any office, except Speaker, elected 8 by the membership of the Assembly occurs during joint recesses, 9 the Committee on Rules shall fill the office until the session reconvenes. If a vacancy occurs in the office of the Speaker during 10 a joint recess, the Committee on Rules shall notify the membership 11 12 within 15 days from the time the vacancy occurs and shall call a 13 caucus of the membership of the Assembly for the purpose of 14 filling the vacancy. This caucus shall be held at the State Capitol 15 within 30 days from the time the vacancy occurs. Notice of the caucus shall be in writing and shall be mailed not less than 10 days 16 17 prior to the meeting of the caucus. If the Committee on Rules fails to act within 15 days from the time the vacancy in the office of 18 19 Speaker occurs, the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act in its 20 place, following the procedure set forth in this rule. Any person 21 selected to fill any vacancy pursuant to this rule holds the office 22 until the session reconvenes. An affirmative recorded vote of a majority of the duly elected 23 24 and qualified Members is required for the selection by the

Assembly caucus of a person to fill a vacancy pursuant to this rule. The procedure for selecting the Speaker at the caucus is the same as the procedure required for the election of the Speaker at a session.

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B. Printing

Authority for Printing

33 35. The State Printer may not charge any printing or other work 34 to the Assembly other than as provided by law or Assembly rule, 35 except upon a written order signed by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly or the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly. 36 37 All invoices for printing furnished to the Assembly shall be 38 itemized and rendered by the State Printer within 30 days after 39 completion of the printing. When necessary, the Chief Clerk of 40 the Assembly or the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly

1 may order certain printed matter completed in advance of its regular
2 order by the issuance of a rush order.
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Ordering of Printing

6 36. The Chief Clerk is authorized to order, and is responsible
7 for ordering, the printing of bills, resolutions, journals, daily files,
8 histories, and related documents.

9 The Chief Clerk of the Assembly, or the Chief Administrative 10 Officer of the Assembly, shall order other printing as directed or authorized by the Committee on Rules, and the written order for 11 12 that printing shall be countersigned by the Speaker or a person designated by the Speaker. The Chief Clerk of the Assembly or 13 14 the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly shall also order 15 other printing as directed or authorized by resolution or motion of 16 the Assembly.

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- 18 19

Printing Assembly History and Legislative Handbook

20 37. During the session, the Chief Clerk shall cause to be printed 21 and placed upon each Member's desk, prior to convening on 22 Monday of each week, a complete history showing all actions 23 taken upon each measure up to and including the legislative day 24 preceding its issuance. For each legislative day intervening between 25 the issuance of each Weekly History, there shall be printed a Daily 26 Supplemental History showing only actions taken upon any 27 measure since the issuance of the preceding Weekly History.

The Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall, as soon as practicable,
in each even-numbered year, commence to compile a legislative
manual or handbook, pursuant to Section 9740 of the Government
Code.

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33 34 Transmittal of Assembly Joint Resolutions

35 37.5. Whenever the Chief Clerk is directed to transmit copies

36 of an Assembly Joint Resolution to Members of the Legislature

or Members of Congress, the Chief Clerk may do one or both ofthe following:

39 (a) Transmit the copies to the designated Members by electronic40 means.

1 2	(b) Transmit one physical copy to the appropriate administrative or legislative officer of the designated body.
3	
4	V. LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE
5	Order of Business
6	
7	40. (a) The order of business of the Assembly shall be as
8	follows:
9	1. Rollcall
10	2. Prayer by the Chaplain
11	3. Reading of the Previous Day's Journal
12	4. Presentation of Petitions
13	5. Introduction and Reference of Bills
14	6. Reports of Committees
15	7. Messages From the Governor
16	8. Messages From the Senate
17	9. Motions and Resolutions
18	10. Business on the Daily File
19	11. Announcements
20	12. Adjournment
21	(b) With the exception of Special Orders of Business, the
22	Speaker may determine that a different order of business will result
23	in a more expeditious processing of the business of the Assembly
24	by ordering resolutions honoring an individual or an organization,
25	introductions, and adjournments in memory of individuals to be
26	taken up in a different order than that listed in subdivision (a).
27	
28	Pledging of Allegiance to the Flag
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30	41. At each session, following the prayer by the Chaplain, the
31	Members of the Assembly and its officers and employees present
32	in the Assembly Chamber shall pledge their allegiance to the Flag
33	of the United States of America. The Speaker shall invite guests

present in the Assembly Chamber to join in the pledge of allegiance
to the Flag of the United States of America.

1 2	Reading and Correcting Journals
$\frac{2}{3}$	42. (a) The reading of the Journal of the previous day may be
4	dispensed with, on motion, by a majority vote of the Members
5 6	(b) All journals of the Assembly shall be corrected by the Minute
7	(b) All journals of the Assembly shall be corrected by the Minute Clerk and delivered to the Chief Clerk.
8	(c) A motion to correct any day's Journal or to print a letter in
9	the Journal shall always be in order and shall require a majority
10	vote of the Members present and voting.
11 12	Presentation of Petitions
12	riesentation of retitions
14	43. Whenever petitions, memorials, or other papers are
15	presented by a Member, a brief statement of the contents thereof
16	may be made verbally by the introducer. Petitions are not debatable
17 18	and shall be filed, or referred to a committee as the Speaker shall
18 19	determine. Receipt of that presentation and its disposition shall be noted in the Journal.
20	Upon receipt of a petition for the impeachment of any person
21	subject to impeachment by the Legislature, the Speaker shall,
22	without comment or debate, forthwith refer the petition to
23	committee.
24 25	Messages From the Governor
23 26	Wessages Hom the Governor
27	44. Messages from the Governor shall be delivered to the Chief
28	Clerk or an assistant, and shall be read and ordered printed in the
29	Journal unless otherwise ordered by an affirmative recorded vote
30	of 54 or more Members.
31 32	Messages From the Senate
33	Wessages From the Senate
34	45. Messages from the Senate shall be delivered to the Chief
35	Clerk or an assistant, and shall be read and ordered printed in the
36	Journal. The Committee on Rules shall refer each bill to a
37 38	committee, unless upon a motion the Assembly, by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members, refers it to some other
30 39	committee. The action to refer a bill is not debatable. The reference
40	shall be entered in the Journal. Assembly bills that have been
	-

passed without amendment by the Senate shall be ordered to 1 2 enrollment. 3 An Assembly bill amended by the Senate shall be placed upon 4 the unfinished business file but shall not be eligible to be acted 5 upon until it is on the unfinished business file for one calendar day, except that when the Assembly bill is placed upon the 6 7 unfinished business file during the last two legislative days 8 preceding (1) the January 31 bill passage deadline specified by 9 Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution, (2) the scheduled commencement of the interim study recess, or (3) the 10 scheduled commencement of the final recess as specified by the 11 12 Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, it may be acted upon 13 immediately. 14 15 Presentation of Guests or Memorials in the Assembly 16 17 45.5. These rules do not prohibit the Speaker or Speaker pro Tempore from permitting the introduction of a special guest or 18 19 guests. A request that a session of the Assembly adjourn in memory of a person shall be made in writing. The request shall be read by 20 21 the presiding officer immediately prior to adjournment. 22 23 A. Bills and Resolutions 24 **Bills** Defined 25 46. (a) The word "bill," as used in these rules, includes a 26 27 constitutional amendment, a concurrent resolution, and a joint 28 resolution, except as otherwise specifically provided. 29 (b) A concurrent resolution and a joint resolution, other than a 30 resolution ratifying proposed amendments to the United States 31 Constitution and a resolution calling for a constitutional 32 convention, shall be treated in all respects as a bill except as 33 follows: 34 (1) It shall be given only one formal reading. 35 (2) It shall not be deemed a bill within the meaning of subdivision (a) of Section 8 of Article IV of the California 36 37 Constitution.

1 Introduction and Reference of Bills 2 3 47. (a) Each bill shall be signed by each Member who is an 4 author or coauthor of the bill before it is introduced. If any bill is 5 introduced that does not contain the signature of its author or coauthor, the bill, on motion of the Member whose name appears 6 7 thereon without that signature, shall be stricken from the file by 8 an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. 9 (b) After the introduction of preprinted bills, and subject to the provisions of the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, any 10 Member desiring to introduce a bill, constitutional amendment, or 11 12 concurrent or joint resolution may at any time during a session 13 send the same to the Chief Clerk's desk. 14 (c) When received at the Chief Clerk's desk each bill shall, under the proper order of business, be numbered, read the first 15 time, printed, and referred to a standing committee, and a copy 16 17 thereof shall be placed upon the desk of each Member before final 18 passage. 19 All bills and constitutional amendments introduced before the standing committees of the Assembly are appointed shall be 20 21 referred to committee, the references to take effect when the

22 committees are appointed.

(d) The Committee on Budget may introduce a bill germane to
any subject within the jurisdiction of the committee in the same
manner as any Member. Any other standing committee may
introduce a total of five bills in each year of a biennial session that
are germane to any subject within the proper consideration of the
committee.

(e) No committee, except the Committee on Budget, may
introduce or author a House Resolution, Concurrent Resolution,
or Joint Resolution.

(f) A committee bill may not be introduced unless it contains the signatures of a majority of all of the members, including the chairperson, of the committee. If all of the members of a committee sign the bill, at the option of the committee chairperson the committee members' names need not appear as authors in the heading of the printed bill.

38 (g) Subdivision (d) or (e) of this rule may be suspended with 39 respect to a particular bill or resolution by approval of the 40 Committee on Rules.

HR	134
1	Bills Authored by a Former Member
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	47.1. Whenever the author of a bill in the Assembly is no longer a Member of the Legislature, upon a request of a committee or current Member of the house in which the bill was introduced, the Assembly Committee on Rules may authorize that committee or Member to be the author of that bill. Absent that authorization, an action may not be taken by a committee or the Assembly with respect to a bill authored by a former Member.
11	Limitation on the Introduction of Bills
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 49. (a) A Member may introduce not more than 40 bills in the regular session. As used in this rule, "bills" includes constitutional amendments. (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of this rule, a Member may introduce not more than five resolutions in the regular session. As used in this rule, "resolutions" include House, Concurrent, and Joint Resolutions, but do not include resolutions introduced by a Member for the specific purpose of organizing a session that is convened pursuant to Article IV, Section 3(a) of the State Constitution or resolutions introduced by the Speaker as part of a session honoring a retiring Assembly Member. (c) This rule may be suspended with respect to a particular bill or resolution by approval of the Committee on Rules.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	51. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the Committee on Rules shall refer each bill to a committee by a majority vote of the membership of the committee, unless upon a motion the Assembly, by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members, refers it to some other committee. A motion to refer a bill is not debatable, except as to the propriety of the motion, and it may not open the main question to debate. The Committee on Rules may require that, if a bill is reported out of the committee to which it has been referred, it shall be re-referred to another committee that shares jurisdiction of the subject matter of the bill.

1	Spot Bills
2 3	51.5. A bill that upon introduction makes no substantive change
4	in or addition to existing law, and would not otherwise affect the
5	ongoing operations of state or local government, except a bill
6	stating legislative intent to make necessary statutory changes to
7	implement the Budget Bill, may not be referred to a committee by
8 9	the Committee on Rules. If the author subsequently proposes to the Committee on Rules to make substantive changes in the bill
10	as introduced, the Committee on Rules may refer the bill to a
11	committee, together with the proposed changes for consideration
12	as author's amendments. A vote on passage of the bill may not be
13	taken, however, until the bill with its amendments, if adopted, has
14	been in print for at least 15 days.
15	
16 17	Delivery of Bills to State Printer
17	52. After introduction and first reading, all bills shall be
19	delivered to the State Printer.
20	
21	Resolutions
22	
23	53. All resolutions shall be numbered and may be referred to
24 25	the appropriate committee by the Committee on Rules.
25 26	Each resolution shall be signed by each Member who is an author or coauthor of the resolution before it is introduced.
27	or coaution of the resolution before it is introduced.
28	Resolutions by Member
29	·
30	54. A concurrent resolution or a house resolution may be
31	introduced relating to a present or former state or federal elected
32	official or a member of his or her immediate family. Other
33 34	resolutions for the purpose of commendation or congratulation of any person, group, or organization, or for the purpose of expressing
34 35	sympathy, regret, or sorrow on the death of any person, shall be
36	prepared as a Rules Committee Resolution and presented to the
37	committee for appropriate action.
38	The Committee on Rules may approve exceptions to this rule

The Committee on Rules may approve exceptions to this rulefor house resolutions. The Chief Clerk may not accept for

introduction any house resolution that is contrary to this rule unless 1 2 it is accompanied by the approval of the Committee on Rules. 3 4 **B.** Standing Committee Functions 5 **Standing Committee Rules** 6 7 55. Subject to the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, the 8 Rules of the Assembly shall govern the conduct of all committee 9 and subcommittee meetings. 10 11 Meetings of Standing Committees and Subcommittees 12 13 56. All standing committees and subcommittees shall meet at the hour and place provided by the schedule established by the 14 Speaker, unless permission for a different hearing time is granted 15 by the Speaker. A committee or subcommittee may not meet during 16 17 any session of the Assembly, nor may any Member of the 18 Assembly attend a conference committee meeting on any bill 19 during any session of the Assembly without first obtaining 20 permission from the Assembly. 21 When an unscheduled meeting of a standing committee or 22 subcommittee has been so ordered, the meeting shall convene in an area that is readily accessible to the public and the Assembly 23 24 shall take care that every effort is made to inform the public that 25 a meeting has been called. An unscheduled meeting of a committee 26 or subcommittee may not be held in the Assembly Chamber. 27 No bill may be set for hearing, nor may any notice thereof be 28 published by any Assembly committee or subcommittee, until the 29 bill has been referred to the committee or subcommittee. Nothing 30 in this paragraph shall prevent a committee or subcommittee from 31 acting with regard to a bill referred to it where the only action 32 taken is to cause the bill to be reported to the Assembly with the 33 recommendation that amendments be adopted and the bill be 34 reprinted as amended and re-referred to the committee or 35 subcommittee. 36 The several standing committees and subcommittees and their 37 chairpersons may adopt a procedure under which bills are 38 scheduled for hearing on the basis of like subject matter groupings.

1	Setting and Hearing Bills in Committee
2	6 6
3	56.1. All bills referred to a standing committee pursuant to Rule
4	51 shall be set and heard, if requested by the author, as specified
5	by the Joint Rules. If the analysis of an author's amendment that
6	is subsequently adopted pursuant to Rule 68 discloses that the
7	amendment makes a substantial substantive change to the original
8	bill as referred by the Rules Committee, the bill as amended shall
9	either be set and heard by the committee having jurisdiction of the
10	bill as amended or re-referred to the Committee on Rules pursuant
11	to the Assembly Rules.
12	
13	Committee Analyses
14	565. Encent on othermise manifed in this rule work standing
15 16	56.5. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, each standing
10	committee and subcommittee shall prepare an analysis of every bill it has set for hearing, which shall be available to the public in
17	the office of the committee or subcommittee one working day prior
19	to the date on which the hearing is to be held. In the case of a
20	special meeting, or a meeting of the Committee on Appropriations
20	or the Committee on Budget, or their subcommittees, the analysis
22	shall be available to the public at the beginning of the hearing. No
23	question concerning a committee's compliance with this rule with
24	regard to any bill shall be in order following a vote on passage of
25	the bill in that committee. As used in this rule, a "working day" is
26	any day on which a house file is published.
27	A copy of each committee analysis shall be transmitted by the
28	committee secretary to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit at the
29	same time it is made available to the public.
30	
31	Committee Consultants: Floor Analyses
32	
33	56.6. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the consultants
34	of a standing committee or subcommittee are responsible for
35 36	monitoring bills assigned to their respective committee or
30 37	subcommittee throughout the entire legislative process. Except for resolutions and bills on the Consent Calendar, a consultant of the
37 38	appropriate standing committee shall prepare, in a timely fashion,
38 39	an analysis of every bill on third reading or the unfinished business
57	an analysis of every one on unitereating of the unitilished busiless

1	file, and of any amendment to a bill that is on the Assembly floor,
2	as directed by the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit.
3	The committee consultant who prepares the analysis shall
4	transmit a copy of the completed analysis to the Assembly Floor
5	Analysis Unit. The Assembly Floor Analysis Unit is responsible
6	for final editing for grammar and format of all floor analyses.
7	
8	Consent Calendar
9	
10	56.7. If the chairperson of a committee or subcommittee, in
11	advance of a hearing, proposes to recommend any bills for
12	consideration on the Consent Calendar without hearing testimony
13	on those bills in committee, a list of those bills shall be made
14	available to the public at the same time as the committee analysis
15	required under Rule 56.5.
16	
17	Committee Quorum
18	
19	57. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, a majority of the
20	membership of any standing committee constitutes a quorum for
21	the transaction of its business, including the decision to recommend
22	the adoption of any amendments to any bill. A majority of the
${23}$	membership of the committee, or a subcommittee thereof, is
24	required to report a bill out of the committee or subcommittee,
25	respectively. Any vacancy on a standing committee shall not reduce
26	the votes required to take action on a bill in that committee.
20 27	Whenever a member is disqualified pursuant to Joint Rule 44
28	
	or the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with
29	Section 81000) of the Government Code) from voting or taking
30	any other action related to the passage, defeat, or amendment of
31	a bill in committee, that disqualification shall be treated the same
32	as a vacancy. The member shall advise the chairperson of a
33	disqualification, and the chairperson shall announce which
34	members are so disqualified at the commencement of the hearing
35	on the bill.
36	
37	Reconsideration
38	
39	57.1. After a committee has voted on a bill, reconsideration
40	may be granted only one time. Pursuant to subdivision (a) of Joint

Rule 62, reconsideration may be granted within 15 legislative days 1 2 or prior to the interim study joint recess, whichever occurs first. 3 A vote on reconsideration may not be taken without the same 4 notice required to set a bill for hearing unless that vote is taken at 5 the same meeting at which the vote to be reconsidered was taken 6 and the author is present. An action taken by a committee may not 7 be reconsidered except by a majority vote of the membership of 8 the committee. 9 10 Bills Reported Back to Assembly 11 12 58. All committees shall act upon bills referred to them as soon 13 as practicable, and when acted upon each bill shall be reported 14 back to the Assembly forthwith; the chairperson of each committee 15 is charged with the observance of this rule. The chairperson of 16 each committee shall, insofar as practicable, report back bills in 17 the same order as they were acted upon by the committee. 18 19 **Appropriations Suspense File** 20 21 58.2. The Committee on Appropriations may maintain a 22 suspense file, to which bills may be referred by vote of a majority 23 of the members of the committee present and voting, pending 24 further consideration by the committee. A bill may be taken off 25 the suspense file and heard, upon two days' notice published in 26 the file, by a vote of a majority of the members of the committee 27 present and voting. A bill removed from the suspense file for the 28 purpose of amendment only, pursuant to Rule 68, shall be 29 re-referred to the committee and shall be placed on the suspense 30 file pending further consideration by the committee. 31 32 Voting in Committee 33 34 58.5. When a standing committee or subcommittee takes action 35 on a bill, including reconsideration, the vote may be by rollcall 36 vote only. All rollcall votes taken in a standing committee or 37 subcommittee shall be recorded by the committee secretary on 38 forms provided by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly. The record

39 of a rollcall vote shall show, for each proposal voted upon: all 40 votes for and against, all members absent, and all members not

1 voting. The chairperson of each standing committee or 2 subcommittee shall promptly transmit a copy of the record of the 3 rollcall votes to the Chief Clerk of the Assembly, who shall cause 4 the votes to be published in an appendix to the Journal on a monthly basis. 5 The committee secretary of each standing committee or 6 7 subcommittee shall promptly transmit a copy of the record of the 8 rollcall votes to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit. 9 A member may submit a written explanation of his or her vote, absence, or failure to vote on any bill or resolution, and that 10 explanation shall be printed in the appendix to the Journal in the 11 12 appropriate place, provided that no explanation may exceed 50 13 words in length. 14 At the request of the author or any member of the committee, the committee shall hold the roll open on any bill until the 15 adjournment of the committee meeting. At no time may a bill be 16 17 passed out by a committee without a quorum being present. 18 This rule does not apply to any of the following: 19 (a) Adoption of author's amendments to a bill. 20 (b) Withdrawal of a bill from a committee calendar at the request 21 of an author. 22 (c) Return of bills to the house where the bills have not been 23 voted on by the committee. (d) Votes of subcommittees of the Committee on Budget when 24 25 considering the Budget Bill. 26 (e) Votes of the Committee on Rules when referring bills to 27 committees. 28 29 Subject Matter of Bill Recommended for Interim Study 30 31 59. Whenever it is the decision of a standing committee that a 32 bill referred to that committee shall not be given a do-pass recommendation, but that the subject matter of the bill should be 33 34 referred for study, that standing committee shall retain the bill in 35 its possession and report its recommendation to the Assembly that 36 the subject matter of the bill be referred to the Committee on Rules 37 for that committee's assignment of the subject matter to an appropriate committee. 38 39 Nothing in this rule shall be construed to prohibit a committee 40 from subsequently reporting the bill to the Assembly with a do-pass

or do-pass as amended recommendation or from reporting it out
 of committee without further action on the final day of the session.

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	Committee Chairperson as Author
4 5	1
6	60. A chairperson of a standing committee may not preside at
7	a committee hearing to consider a bill of which he or she is the
8	sole author or the lead author, except that the Chairperson of the
9	Committee on Budget may preside at the hearing of the Budget
10	Bill by the Committee on Budget.
11	Din by the Committee on Dudget.
12	Reports of Committees
13	
14	61. Specially prepared reports of standing and special
15	committees shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk or an assistant,
16	and shall be read and ordered printed in the Journal unless
17	otherwise ordered by the Speaker or a majority vote of the
18	Members present and voting.
19	When a report of a joint legislative committee is delivered to
20	the Assembly Desk, the Speaker shall refer it to a standing
21	committee for review and appropriate action.
22	commute for review and appropriate action.
23	Constitutional Amendments
23 24	Constitutional / Michanients
25	62.5. All constitutional amendments shall be referred to the
26	policy standing committee having jurisdiction of that subject matter
27	and, upon being reported out of that committee, shall be re-referred
28	to the committee having constitutional amendments within its
29	jurisdiction.
30	Junisaleuen
31	C. Passage of Bills
32	Daily File
33	
34	63. There shall be printed an Assembly Daily File for each
35	legislative day. The following listing shall constitute the order of
36	business on the Daily File:
37	1. Special Orders of the Day
38	2. Second Reading, Assembly Bills
39	3. Second Reading, Senate Bills
40	4. Unfinished Business

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 5. Third Reading, Assembly Bills 6. Third Reading, Senate Bills All bills on the Daily File shall be called for consideration, provided that Rule 58 has been complied with in the order of their listing. All scheduled committee hearings, together with the list of bills to be heard, shall be published in the Daily File.
, 8 9	Copies of Bills for Action on Floor
10	64. A bill may not be considered or acted upon on the floor of
10	the Assembly unless and until a copy of the bill as introduced, and
12	a copy of each amended form of the bill, has been distributed to
13	the desk of each Member in hard copy or in portable document
14	format (PDF) via computer.
15	
16	Second Reading of Bills
17	
18	66. All bills shall be read by title the second time in the order
19	of their appearance upon the second reading file. Upon second
20	reading, Assembly bills reported without amendments shall be
21	ordered engrossed, and Senate bills reported without amendments
22	shall be ordered to third reading. All bills reported out of committee
23	shall be placed on the second reading file for the next legislative
24 25	day, and may not be read a second time until the next legislative
25 26	day under that order of business. As used in this rule, "bill" does not include a joint or concurrent resolution, but does include a
20 27	constitutional amendment.
28	constitutional amendment.
28 29	Bills Requiring General Fund Appropriation
30	Bins Requiring General Fund Appropriation
31	66.6. Until the Budget Bill has been enacted, the Assembly
32	may not send to the Governor for consideration any bill
33	appropriating funds for expenditure during the fiscal year for which
34	the Budget Bill is to be enacted, except emergency bills
35	recommended by the Governor or appropriations for the salaries
36	and expenses of the Legislature.

1 2	Passage of Budget Bill
$\frac{2}{3}$	66.7. The Budget Bill may not be voted upon for final passage
4	on the floor of the Assembly unless it complies with subdivision
5	(g) of Section 12 of Article IV and Sections 1.3 and 20 of Article
6	XVI of the California Constitution.
7	
8 9	Committee Amendments
9 10	67. Committee amendments reported with bills shall be
10	67. Committee amendments reported with bills shall be considered upon their second reading, and the amendments may
12	be adopted by majority vote of the Members present and voting.
13	Assembly and Senate bills amended on second reading by
14	committee amendment shall be ordered reprinted and returned to
15	the second reading file. Assembly bills so amended shall be
16	engrossed after printing.
17	Committee amendments reported with bills shall be prepared,
18	or approved as to form, by the Legislative Counsel. Five copies
19	of the committee amendments to Assembly bills and five copies
20	of the committee amendments to Senate bills shall be delivered to
21	the Chief Clerk's desk.
22 23	The Chief Clerk shall cause to be transmitted to the Assembly
23 24	Floor Analysis Unit a copy of each committee report and committee amendment, unless the committee report or committee amendment
24 25	is relative to a joint, concurrent, or house resolution.
26	Adoption of amendments to any bill in the Assembly prior to
20 27	third reading, other than by a rollcall, shall not preclude subsequent
28	consideration in committee, or on the third reading by the
29	Assembly, of the bill, those amendments, or any part thereof.
30	<i>y y y y y y y y y y</i>
31	Author's Amendments
32	
33	68. Upon request of the author of a bill, the chairperson of the
34	committee to which the bill has been referred may, by his or her
35	individual action taken independently of any committee meeting,
36	cause the bill to be reported to the Assembly with the
37	recommendation that amendments submitted by the author be
38 39	adopted and the bill be reprinted as amended and re-referred to the committee

39 the committee.

1 Notwithstanding any other rule, a bill to be amended pursuant 2 to this rule may not be placed on the second reading file for the 3 adoption of those amendments.

4 5

Vote on Passage of Bill as Amended

6 7 Except as otherwise provided in this rule, a vote on 68.5. 8 passage of any bill in a standing committee or subcommittee shall be taken only when the bill is in print, including any previously 9 adopted amendments to the bill. A vote on passage of an amended 10 bill, when the amended form of the bill is not in print, may be 11 taken only if the sole effect of the amendment is to add coauthors 12 13 to the bill or if the committee determines that the effect of the 14 amendment upon the bill can be readily understood by all of the 15 members and audience present at the hearing. In that circumstance, any member may require that the amendments be in writing at the 16 17 time of their adoption.

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- 19 20

Bill Analysis Prior to Third Reading

68.6. A bill, concurrent resolution, or joint resolution may not
be considered on third reading unless and until an analysis of the
measure has been distributed by the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit
and placed upon the desks of the Members, unless otherwise
ordered by the Speaker.

26 27

28

Analysis of Conference Committee Amendments

68.7. A report of a conference committee on any bill, other
than the Budget Bill, that recommends the substantive amendment
of a bill may not be considered unless and until an analysis of the
proposed amendment has been distributed by the Assembly Floor
Analysis Unit and placed upon the desks of the Members, unless
otherwise ordered by the Speaker.

35

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Printing of Conference Committee Reports

68.8. A conference report may not be heard by the Assemblyuntil it has been in print for two days prior to being taken up bythe house.

Conference Committee: Substantial Policy Change

3 68.9. (a) A conference committee on any bill, other than the 4 Budget Bill or a bill that is making statutory changes to implement 5 the Budget Bill, may not approve any substantial policy change in any bill if that substantial policy change has been defeated in a 6 7 policy committee of the Assembly within the current legislative 8 session. For purposes of this rule, the most recent action of a policy 9 committee with regard to a substantial policy change is deemed the only action taken when the policy committee has taken 10 inconsistent actions with respect to a substantial policy change. 11

12 (b) For purposes of subdivision (d) of Joint Rule 29.5, the term 13 "heard" means that a printed bill with substantially similar language was before the appropriate committee and taken up at a regular or 14 15 special hearing of the committee during the current legislative session; or that an amendment, which was drafted and given a 16 17 request number or approved as to form by the Legislative Counsel, 18 was before the committee and taken up at a regular or special 19 hearing of the committee.

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Amendments From the Floor

69. (a) Any Member may move to amend a bill during its
second or third reading, and that motion to amend may be adopted
by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

26 Amendments to a bill offered from the floor, except committee 27 amendments reported with bills, amendments offered with a motion 28 to amend and re-refer a bill to committee, amendments deleting 29 any number of words, or amendments previously printed in the 30 Journal, are not in order unless and until a copy of the proposed 31 amendments has been placed upon the desks of the Members. A 32 copy of a bill that has been amended only to add coauthors to the 33 bill is not required to be placed upon the desks of the Members if 34 both the Speaker and Minority Leader grant an exemption.

Amendments offered from the floor during a bill's second or third reading shall be prepared, or approved as to form, by the Legislative Counsel.

38 Before debate five copies of the proposed amendment to 39 Assembly bills, and five copies of the proposed amendments to

40 Senate bills, shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk's desk. One copy

1 of the proposed amendment shall be transmitted by the Chief Clerk

2 to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit. Bills so amended upon

3 second or third reading shall be reprinted and re-engrossed. The

4 Chief Clerk shall order printed as many copies of all amended bills

5 as he or she may determine to be necessary.

6 (b) (1) Amendments from the floor during a bill's second or

third reading that would make a substantive change in the bill shall
be submitted to the Chief Clerk's desk by 5:00 p.m. or the time of

9 adjournment, whichever is later, the business day before the start

of session on the legislative day at which they are to be considered.(2) Upon receipt of the proposed amendments by the Chief

12 Clerk, an analysis shall be prepared by the committee of origin in 13 conjunction with the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit, and a copy 14 of that analysis shall be distributed to each Member's desk prior 15 to the beginning of debate on adoption of the proposed 16 amendments, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker.

(3) As used in this subdivision, "bill" does not include a joint
 or concurrent resolution, but does include a constitutional
 amendment.

(c) Paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) does not apply to (1) 20 21 amendments to a bill taken up without reference to file, (2) 22 amendments to a bill to add or delete an urgency clause, (3) 23 amendments to a bill that are identical to other amendments submitted to the Chief Clerk's desk in accordance with the 24 25 requirements of this rule, (4) amendments to the Budget Bill or to 26 a bill that is making statutory changes necessary to implement the 27 Budget Bill, or (5) amendments to a bill to make the bill contingent 28 upon the enactment of another bill, or to incorporate one or more 29 statutory amendments proposed in another bill to avoid superseding 30 those amendments.

(d) Any bill amended on the second or third reading file shall
be ordered reprinted and returned to the third reading file, and may
not be acted on by the Assembly until the bill, as amended, has
been on the Daily File for one calendar day. This subdivision does
not apply to a bill that is amended to add or delete an urgency
clause or to a bill that is amended to make statutory changes to
implement the Budget Bill.

(e) A motion to amend a bill on the second or third reading file,other than committee amendments reported pursuant to Rule 57,

40 is not in order on (1) the last two legislative days preceding the

January 31 bill passage deadline specified by Section 10 of Article 1 2 IV of the California Constitution or (2) the last seven days 3 preceding the scheduled commencement of the interim study recess 4 or the scheduled commencement of the final recess as specified 5 by the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly. This subdivision 6 may be suspended temporarily by two-thirds vote of the Members 7 present and voting. This subdivision does not apply to amendments 8 to a bill pursuant to Joint Rule 23.5, amendments to a bill to add 9 or delete an urgency clause, or amendments to a bill to incorporate 10 one or more statutory amendments proposed in another bill to 11 avoid superseding those amendments. 12 13 Consideration of Political Reform Act Bills 14 15 69.1. Pursuant to Section 81012 of the Government Code, any 16 bill that would amend the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 17 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code) may 18 not be passed until, 12 days prior to being considered for passage, 19 the bill in its final form has been delivered by the Chief Clerk to 20 the Fair Political Practices Commission for distribution to the news 21 media and to every person who has requested the commission to 22 send a copy of any such bill to him or her. 23 24 Consideration of Bills Amending the California Stem Cell 25 Research and Cures Act 26 27 69.2. Pursuant to Section 8 of the California Stem Cell Research 28 and Cures Act (Proposition 71 of the November 2, 2004, statewide 29 general election), the following requirements apply to a bill that 30 would amend the provisions of that act: 31 (a) The bill may not be passed until, 14 days prior to the date 32 of passage, copies of the bill in its final form are made available by the Chief Clerk to the public and the news media. 33 34 (b) Passage of the bill requires the affirmative votes of 56

34 (b) Passage of the bill requires the affirmative v 35 Members.

HR	1 -48-
1 2 3	Electronic Distribution of Bills, Conference Reports, Amendments, and Analyses
4 5 7 8 9 10	69.5. Any requirement that bills, conference reports, amendments, or an analysis be placed on the desks of the Members is satisfied by electronic distribution of the same information in portable document format (PDF) via computer to the desk of the Members through the Assembly Floor System, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker.
11 12	Consideration of Bills Re-referred to Committee
13 14 15 16	70. Whenever a bill that has been amended and re-referred to committee is reported out by that committee, it shall be placed on the second reading file and may not be transferred therefrom to the third reading file until the following day.
17 18	Uncontested Bills
19 20 21 22 23 24	71. A bill may not be placed on the Assembly Consent Calendar unless it has met the requirements of Joint Rule 22.1 with respect to each Assembly standing committee to which the bill has been referred.
25	Consideration of Concurrent and Joint Resolutions
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	73. A concurrent or joint resolution may be amended by a majority vote of the Members present and voting. The ayes and noes may not be called upon the adoption of concurrent resolutions, except those authorizing expenditures of money, unless regularly demanded, or required by statute or the California Constitution.
33	Adoption of Resolutions
34 35 36 37 38 39 40	74. Any resolution upon which a rollcall vote is demanded requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members for adoption. The adoption of any resolution authorizing the expenditure of money requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.

HR 1

Printing of Resolutions

3 75. When any previously printed house resolution is before the 4 Assembly for adoption, it may be printed in the Journal only if 5 amendments to it have been adopted, in which case it shall be printed as amended. In the absence of those amendments, house 6 7 resolutions before the Assembly for adoption shall be referred to 8 by day and page of the Journal as printed upon introduction. For 9 the purposes of this rule, the adding of a coauthor shall not be 10 deemed an amendment.

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Concurrence in Senate Amendments

13 14 Concurrence in any Senate Amendment to an Assembly 77. 15 bill requires the same affirmative recorded vote as the vote required by the California Constitution for the passage of the bill. A vote 16 17 on concurrence may not be taken until the bill has been on the 18 unfinished business file for one calendar day, except that when 19 the bill is placed upon the unfinished business file during the last 20 two legislative days preceding (1) the January 31 bill passage 21 deadline specified by Section 10 of Article IV of the California 22 Constitution, (2) the scheduled commencement of the interim study 23 recess, or (3) the scheduled commencement of the final recess as 24 specified by the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, it may 25 be acted upon immediately. The vote on concurrence shall be 26 deemed the vote upon final passage of the bill. 27 Senate amendments to Assembly bills may not be concurred in

Senate amendments to Assembly bills may not be concurred in
unless and until an analysis of the measure has been distributed
by the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit and a copy placed upon the
desks of the Members, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker.
As used in this rule, "bill" does not include a joint or concurrent
resolution, but does include a constitutional amendment.

- 33
- 34

Digest of Bills Amended in Senate

35
36 77.1. Whenever the Senate amends and passes an Assembly
37 bill, the Legislative Counsel shall, within one day after the bill is
38 passed by the Senate, prepare and transmit to the Chief Clerk and
39 the Speaker a brief digest summarizing the effect of the Senate
40 amendment. Upon receipt from the Legislative Counsel, the Chief

1 Clerk shall cause the digest to be printed in the Daily File

2 immediately following any reference in the file to the bill covered

3 by the digest.

5 6

21 22

Substantially Amended Bills

7 77.2. If the analysis of an amendment adopted on the floor 8 discloses that the amendment makes a substantial substantive 9 change to a bill as passed by the last committee of reference, the 10 bill, as amended, may be referred by the Speaker to the appropriate 11 committee.

12 A bill that was previously reported from a policy or fiscal 13 committee of reference in compliance with Joint Rule 61 is not 14 subject to the deadlines in Joint Rule 61 if the bill is subsequently 15 referred to a policy or fiscal committee pursuant to this rule.

16 If the digest to an Assembly Bill that has been returned to the

Assembly by the Senate for concurrence in Senate amendmentsdiscloses that the Senate has made a substantial substantive changein the bill as first passed by the Assembly, the bill may be referred

20 by the Speaker to the appropriate committee.

Inactive File

23 24 78. Whenever a bill has been passed twice on the third reading 25 file on two successive legislative days, it shall be placed forthwith 26 upon a special file to be known as the inactive file. A bill also may 27 be placed on the inactive file at the request of the author. When a 28 bill has been placed on the inactive file, it may be returned to the 29 third reading file by request of the author. Notice of the request to 30 return the bill to the third reading file shall be published one day 31 in advance in the Assembly File. The bill, when returned to the 32 third reading file, shall then be placed at the foot of the third 33 reading file. 34 When a bill, placed on the inactive file from the second reading

35 file or the unfinished business file, is removed from the inactive 36 file, it shall be returned to the foot of the second reading file or

37 the unfinished business file, respectively, in the next published

38 Daily File.

1	Engrossing and Enrolling Bills
2 3	79. The Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk shall engross and enroll
4	all bills that come to his or her hands for that purpose, in
5	compliance with the provisions of Section 9503 of the Government
6	Code, and in the order of time in which the same shall be acted
7	upon by the Assembly.
8	After final passage by both houses, any Assembly bill not
9	amended by the Senate shall be ordered by the Speaker forthwith
10	to be enrolled, as provided in Sections 9508 and 9509 of the
11	Government Code. The Chief Clerk shall report both the day and
12	hour each enrolled bill is presented to the Governor, which report
13	shall be entered in the Journal.
14	
15	VI. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE
16	A. Motions and Questions
17	Precedence of Motions During Debate
18	
19	80. When a question is under debate or before the Assembly,
20	no motions shall be received but the following, which shall take
21	precedence in the order named:
22	First—To adjourn;
23	Second—To recess to a time certain;
24	Third—To lay on the table;
25	Fourth—For the previous question;
26	Fifth—To set as a special order;
27	Sixth—To postpone indefinitely;
28	Seventh—To refer to or to re-refer;
29	Eighth—To amend.
30	
31	Questions of Order Decided Without Debate
32	
33	81. All incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is
34	made for any of the questions named in Rule 80 and pending that

mate for any of the questions halled in Rule so and pending that
 motion, shall be decided by the Speaker without debate, whether
 on appeal or otherwise.

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1	Appeal From Decision of the Speaker
2 3	
	82. Any Member may appeal from a decision of the Speaker
4	without waiting for recognition by the Speaker, even though
5	another Member has the floor. An appeal is not in order when
6	another is pending, or when other business has been transacted by
7	the Assembly prior to the appeal being taken. Upon the appeal
8	being seconded, the Speaker may give his or her reasons for the
9	decision, and the Member making the appeal may give his or her
10	reasons for the appeal, and the Speaker forthwith shall put one of
11	the following questions to the Assembly:
12	(1) "Shall the decision of the Speaker be sustained?"
13	(2) "Shall the decision of the Speaker be overruled?"
14	An appeal may not be amended and yields only to a motion to
15	recess or adjourn, or to lay on the table, or a question of personal
16	privilege. If an appeal is laid on the table, that action shall have
17	no effect on the pending question.
18	An appeal may not be debated when relating to indecorum, the
19	transgression of rules, or the priority of business. A majority vote
20	of the Members present and voting decides any appeal. In the event
21	of a tie vote, the appeal is lost.
22	
23	Speaker Explains Order of Business
24	
25	83. The Speaker may, on his or her own motion or the motion
26	of any Member, explain the order of business when the motion
27	pending before the Assembly is not debatable. That explanation
28	may not consume more than two minutes.
29 20	To A diourn
30 31	To Adjourn
31 32	84. A motion to adjourn is not debatable and may not be
32 33	84. A motion to adjourn is not debatable and may not be amended, and is always in order, except: (a) when another Member
33 34	has the floor; (b) when the Assembly is voting; or (c) during a
34 35	call of the Assembly. The name of any Member moving an
35 36	adjournment, and the hour at which the motion was made and
30 37	adjournment, and the nour at which the motion was made and adjournment taken, shall be entered in the Journal. A motion to
38	adjourn shall be adopted by a majority vote of the Members present
38 39	and voting.
57	und round.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	When a motion to adjourn is made and seconded, it shall be in order for the Speaker, before putting the question, to permit any Member to state to the Assembly any fact relating to the condition of the business of the Assembly which would seem to render it improper or inadvisable to adjourn. That statement may not occupy more than two minutes and is not debatable. An affirmative recorded vote of a majority of the duly elected and qualified Members is required to adjourn any session of the Assembly sine die.
11	To Recess to a Time Certain
12	95 A medien to measure to a time contain is tracted the server
13	85. A motion to recess to a time certain is treated the same as
14 15	a motion to adjourn, except that the motion is debatable when no business is before the Assembly, and can be amended as to the
16	time and duration of the recess. It yields only to a motion to
10	adjourn.
18	udjourn.
19	To Lay on the Table
20	
21	86. A motion to lay on the table is not debatable and may not
22	be amended.
23	A motion to table a bill, constitutional amendment, or concurrent
24	or joint resolution is adopted by an affirmative recorded vote of
25	41 or more Members.
26	Any motion to lay on the table, if carried by 41 or more votes,
27	carries with it the main question and everything that adheres to it,
28	except that a motion to lay an amendment on the table, if adopted,
29 30	does not carry with it a bill, constitutional amendment, or
30 31	concurrent, joint, or house resolution. A motion to lay an amendment on the table is adopted by a
31	majority vote of the Members present and voting.
33	A motion to lay on the table may not be applied with respect to
34	reconsideration.
35	
36	The Previous Question
37	
38	87. The previous question shall be put only when demanded
39	by five Members, and its effect, when sustained by a majority vote
40	of the Members present and voting, shall be to put an end to all

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1 debate and bring the Assembly to a vote only on the question then 2 pending, except that the proponent of the matter pending shall be 3 allowed not more than five minutes to close the debate. 4 5 Motion to Set Special Order 6 88. A motion to set any matter before the Assembly as a special 7 8 order of business is adopted by an affirmative recorded vote of 54 9 or more members. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety 10 of setting the main question as a special order of business, and may be amended only as to the time. 11 12 13 Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain 14 15 89. A motion to postpone to a time certain is deemed and treated as a motion to set as a special order. 16 17 18 Motion to Postpone Indefinitely 19 20 90. The making of a motion to postpone indefinitely any bill, 21 motion, or amendment opens the main question to debate. If the 22 motion to postpone indefinitely prevails by an affirmative recorded 23 vote of 41 or more Members, the main question may not be acted 24 upon again during the session. 25 26 Motion to Amend 27 28 91. A motion to amend may itself be amended, but an 29 "amendment to an amendment" may not be amended. A motion 30 to substitute is deemed to be a motion to amend and is considered 31 the same as an amendment. 32 Only one substitute is in order when an amendment is pending. 33 A motion to amend or to substitute is debatable, except where the 34 main question to be amended is not debatable. Any motion to 35 amend may be adopted by a majority vote of the Members present 36 and voting. 37 A motion to amend that is decided in the negative is not again 38 in order on the same day, or at the same stage of proceeding. The 39 fact that a motion to amend by striking out certain words is decided 40 in the negative does not preclude a motion to amend by adding

1	words, or a motion to amend by striking out and inserting words,
2 3	except that in no case may a further amendment be substantially the same as the one rejected.
4	Subject to the above provisions of this rule and Rule 69, a motion
5	to amend is in order during the second or third reading of any bill.
6	to amend is in order during the second of third reading of any officient.
7	Amendment To Be Germane
8	A monument to be commune
9	92. An amendment to any bill, other than a bill stating
10	legislative intent to make necessary statutory changes to implement
11	the Budget Bill, whether reported by a committee or offered by a
12	Member, is not in order when the amendment relates to a different
13	subject than, is intended to accomplish a different purpose than,
14	or requires a title essentially different than, the original bill.
15	A motion or proposition on a subject different from that under
16	consideration may not be admitted as an amendment.
17	An amendment is not in order that changes the original number
18	of any bill.
19	A Member may not be added or deleted as an author or coauthor
20	of a bill or resolution without his or her consent.
21	
22	Consideration of Motions
23 24	02 A motion whether and any mitten may not be adopted until
24 25	93. A motion, whether oral or written, may not be adopted until it is seconded and distinctly stated to the Assembly by the Speaker.
23 26	It is seconded and distinctly stated to the Assembly by the Speaker.
20	Motions in Writing
28	
29	94. Upon request of the Speaker, all motions shall be reduced
30	to writing and shall be read to the Assembly by the Speaker before
31	being acted upon.
32	8 million I
33	Withdrawal of Motions
34	
35	95. After a motion is stated by the Speaker, or a bill, resolution,
36	or petition is read by the Chief Clerk, it is in the possession of the
37	Assembly.

1	Motion to Withdraw or Re-refer Bills
2 3	96. (a) A motion to withdraw a bill or resolution from
4	committee, or to re-refer a bill or resolution from one committee
5	to another committee, may be made during the regular order of
6	business. A motion to re-refer may be debated only as to the
7	propriety of the reference, and shall require an affirmative recorded
8	vote of 41 or more Members.
9	(b) A bill or resolution may not be withdrawn from committee
10	and placed upon the file, unless a motion to withdraw has been
11	heard by, and has been approved by a majority vote of, the
12	Committee on Rules. This subdivision does not apply to a bill in
12	a fiscal committee that has been amended so as not to require its
14	reference to a fiscal committee, as indicated by the Legislative
15	Counsel's Digest.
16	(c) A motion to continue a motion to withdraw a bill or
17	resolution from committee requires a majority of those members
18	present and voting. A motion to withdraw a motion to withdraw
19	is not in order.
20	
$\overline{21}$	Re-reference of Measures on File
22	
22 23	97. A motion to re-refer a bill or resolution that is on the
23	
	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular
23 24 25	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety
23 24 25 26	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular
23 24 25	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of
23 24 25 26 27	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of
23 24 25 26 27 28	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That bill or resolution may not be acted upon again during the session.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That bill or resolution may not be acted upon again during the session. Motion to Rescind Action or Expunge Record 99. Previous to the approval of the Journal by the Assembly,
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That bill or resolution may not be acted upon again during the session. Motion to Rescind Action or Expunge Record 99. Previous to the approval of the Journal by the Assembly, any action may be rescinded and its record ordered expunged by
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That bill or resolution may not be acted upon again during the session. Motion to Rescind Action or Expunge Record 99. Previous to the approval of the Journal by the Assembly,
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion is debatable only as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. Bills Stricken From File 98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That bill or resolution may not be acted upon again during the session. Motion to Rescind Action or Expunge Record 99. Previous to the approval of the Journal by the Assembly, any action may be rescinded and its record ordered expunged by

record expunged by a vote less than an affirmative recorded vote
 of 41 or more Members. A motion to rescind the action and
 expunge the record may not be made twice on the same proposition.
 A motion to rescind is not in order on any matter upon which a
 vote to reconsider has previously been taken in the Assembly.
 Whenever any action of the Assembly is rescinded and its record

ordered expunged, the record of the action expunged may not appear in any form whatsoever, except that the record of the proceedings on the motion to rescind and expunge shall appear in the Journal as and when printed.

11 12

13

Reconsideration of Vote

14 100. (a) A motion to reconsider a vote on the next legislative 15 day shall be made on the same day the vote to be reconsidered was 16 taken. A motion to reconsider may not be adopted unless it receives 17 an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. A motion 18 to reconsider may be voted on without a second.

19 A motion to reconsider a vote shall be made by a Member voting 20 on the question, and takes precedence over all motions, except a 21 motion to adjourn. Upon that motion being made, the matter to be 22 reconsidered forthwith shall be placed upon the unfinished business 23 file, and further action may not be taken prior to the next legislative 24 day. When a motion to reconsider has once been made, the motion 25 is the property of the Assembly. When reconsideration is granted, 26 the matter to be reconsidered shall be before the Assembly in the 27 same status it had prior to the vote being reconsidered. 28 (b) (1) Interim Study Recess: 29 No motion to reconsider the vote whereby amendments are 30 concurred in on Assembly bills, the vote whereby a Senate bill is 31 passed and returned to the Senate, or the vote whereby a conference

committee report is adopted is in order on the last two legislative

33 days preceding the interim study recess.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby amendments are refused concurrence on Assembly bills, the vote whereby Senate bills are refused passage, or the vote whereby a conference committee report is refused adoption is in order on the last legislative day preceding the interim study recess. The motion may be taken up before the end of that legislative day.

1 As used in this paragraph, "bill" does not include a joint or 2 concurrent resolution.

3 (2) January 31—Even-numbered Year:

4 A motion to reconsider the vote whereby an Assembly bill is

5 passed to the Senate is not in order on the last two legislative days6 preceding January 31 of the even-numbered year.

7 A motion to reconsider the vote whereby an Assembly bill is

8 refused passage on its third reading is in order on the last legislative

9 day preceding January 31 of the even-numbered year. The motion

10 must be taken up before the end of that legislative day.

11 As used in this paragraph, "bill" does not include a Senate bill, 12 a constitutional amendment, or a joint or concurrent resolution.

13 (3) Spring or Summer Recess:

14 A motion to reconsider the vote whereby a bill is passed is not

in order on the last two legislative days preceding the Spring orSummer Recess as established by the Joint Rules of the Senate

17 and Assembly.

18 (4) Deadline for Passage by House:

19 A motion to reconsider the vote whereby an Assembly bill is

20 passed to the Senate is not in order on the last two legislative days 21 preceding the last day for the Assembly to pass a bill introduced

in the Assembly, as set forth in the Joint Rules of the Senate and

23 the Assembly.

As used in this paragraph, "bill" does not include a Senate bill,

25 a constitutional amendment, or a joint or concurrent resolution.

26 (5) Final Recess:

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby a bill is passed is not in order on the last two legislative days preceding the final recess.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby a bill is defeated is in order on the day of the final recess. The motion must be taken up before the end of that legislative day.

32 (c) Any Member voting on any matter may move to take up on 33 the same day the motion, previously made by another Member, to 34 reconsider the vote on that matter. A motion to take up on the same 35 day a motion to reconsider the vote on a bill requires an affirmative 36 recorded vote of at least 41 Members. A motion to take up on the 37 same day a motion to reconsider the vote on any motion, 38 amendment, Assembly resolution, or proposition other than a bill 39 requires an affirmative vote of a majority vote of the Members 40 present and voting. The motion to take up the reconsideration on

the same day takes precedence over the motion to reconsider and,
upon demand of any Member, the motion to take up the
reconsideration on the same day shall be put to an immediate vote.
If the motion to take up the reconsideration on the same day is
adopted, the motion to reconsider is the next order of business
before the Assembly.

7 (d) A second motion to reconsider the same question is not in8 order, nor is a motion to reconsider reconsideration in order.

9 (e) A motion to continue a motion to reconsider requires a 10 majority vote of those Members present and voting.

11 12 13

Call of Assembly

14 After the roll has been called, and prior to the 101. 15 announcement of the vote, any Member may move a call of the 16 Assembly. The Members present may order a call of the Assembly 17 by a majority vote of the Members present and voting, and the 18 Speaker shall immediately order the Sergeant at Arms to lock all 19 doors and direct the Chief Clerk to prepare a list of absentees as disclosed by the last rollcall. The list of absentees shall be furnished 20 21 to the Sergeant at Arms, whereupon no Members shall be permitted 22 to leave the Assembly Chamber except by written permission of 23 the Speaker, and a person may not be permitted to enter except 24 Members, Senators, or officers, or employees of the Legislature 25 in the official performance of their duties.

Each Member who is found to be absent, and for whom a leave of absence has not been granted, shall be forthwith taken into custody wherever found by the Sergeant at Arms, his or her assistants, or any person designated by the Sergeant at Arms, including members of the California Highway Patrol, and sheriffs or their deputies, and brought to the Assembly Chamber.

32 A recess or adjournment may not be taken during a call of the 33 Assembly. Additional business may be conducted and calls placed 34 regardless of the number of calls in effect. A call of the Assembly may be dispensed with at any time upon a majority vote of the 35 36 Members present, that action to become effective upon the 37 completion of the rollcall and the announcement of the vote upon 38 the matter for which the call was ordered, unless, prior to the 39 announcement of the vote, the call is continued by a majority vote 40 of the Members present.

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1	Division of Question
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	102. Any Member may call for a division of the question, and the Speaker shall order the question divided if it comprehends propositions in substance so distinct that, one being taken away, a substantive proposition would remain for the decision of the Assembly. This rule does not apply to an individual bill or resolution.
10	B. Voting
11 12	Members Voting
12	104. Every Member in the Assembly Chamber when a rollcall
14	is required shall record his or her vote openly and without debate,
15	unless the Assembly excuses that member by a majority vote of
16	the Members present and voting.
17 18	A Member may not operate the voting switch of any other Member, except that a Member presiding at the time of a rollcall,
19	who is not the Speaker or the Speaker pro Tempore, may direct
20	another Member on the floor to operate the voting switch of the
21	presiding Member, and any Member so presiding, including the
22	Speaker and the Speaker pro Tempore, may also operate the voting
23	switches at the rostrum of the Speaker and the Speaker pro
24 25	Tempore, at their direction. The name of any Member who refuses to vote as required by
$\frac{25}{26}$	this rule, after being requested by the Speaker to do so, shall be
27	entered in the Journal, together with a statement that he or she was
28	present and did so refuse to vote. Any Member who refuses so to
29	vote may, if he or she so desires, and immediately after the
30	announcement of the vote, submit a written explanation of the
31	failure to vote and that explanation shall be printed in the Journal,
32 33	provided that no explanation may exceed 50 words in length.
33 34	In addition to the entry of his or her name in the Journal, any Member who refuses so to vote when required, and who has not
35	been excused from doing so, may, immediately after the
36	announcement of the vote, at the discretion of the Speaker or upon
37	demand of any Member, be summoned to appear before the bar
38	of the Assembly for public censure by the Speaker or by any
39 40	Member designated by the Speaker. Censure of a Member as provided by this rule does not constitute a bar to proceedings for

1 his or her expulsion from the Assembly pursuant to Section 5 of 2 Article IV of the California Constitution. 3 A Member may submit a written explanation of his or her vote 4 on any bill or house resolution, and that explanation shall be printed 5 in the Journal immediately following the vote, provided that no 6 explanation may exceed 50 words in length. 7 A Member, prior to adjournment on the same legislative day, in 8 the absence of any objection, may instruct the Chief Clerk to add 9 his or her vote to any previously announced vote that had been 10 taken during his or her absence, so long as the outcome of the vote 11 is not thereby changed. The Chief Clerk shall record any vote 12 additions or vote changes in the order signed by the Members at 13 the Clerk's desk. 14 15 Ayes and Noes 16 17 105. The ayes and noes shall be recorded by the electrical voting 18 system on the final passage of all bills, when an affirmative 19 recorded vote of 41 Members or any vote above that number is 20 required, when demanded by three Members, or when ordered by 21 the Speaker. The names of the Members so voting shall be entered 22 in the Journal. 23 24 Voting and Vote Changes 25 26 106. When once begun, voting may not be interrupted, except 27 that, before the vote is announced, any Member may have the total 28 pending vote flashed on the visible vote recorder. Prior to the 29 announcement of the vote, the presiding officer shall instruct the 30 Chief Clerk to record verbal votes from Members not at their desks. 31 Any Member may move a call of the Assembly after the 32 completion of the roll. A Member, prior to adjournment on the 33 same legislative day, and in the absence of any objection, may 34 instruct the Chief Clerk to change his or her recorded vote after the vote is announced, so long as the outcome of the vote is not 35 36 thereby changed. The Chief Clerk may record any vote change 37 only after the Member making the change has announced it to the

38 Assembly.

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1	Tie Vote
2 3	107. In case of an equal division, or tie vote, the question shall
4 5	be lost.
6 7	VII. MEMBERS' DECORUM AND PRIVILEGES Order in Speaking to Questions
8	Order in Speaking to Questions
9	108. When a Member desires to address the Assembly, the
10	Member shall rise from his or her seat and respectfully address
11 12	himself or herself to "Mr. Speaker" or "Madame Speaker." Upon being recognized, the Member may speak, confining himself or
12	herself to the question under consideration. When two or more
14	Members rise at the same time, the Speaker shall designate the
15	Member who is entitled to the floor.
16	A Member may not speak more than once during the
17	consideration of any one question on the same day and at the same
18	stage of proceeding, except that the author of a bill or resolution
19	or the mover of a question has the right to open and close the debate
20 21	thereon. A Member may not be allowed to speak more than five minutes to open and five minutes to close the debate on any
$\frac{21}{22}$	question, including amendments, and no Member other than the
23	author or the mover of the question may be allowed to speak more
24	than five minutes thereon. A Member may not yield to any other
25	Member the time for which he or she is entitled to speak on any
26	matter.
27	
28	Rules of Decorum
29 30	108.1. (a) In accordance with Rule 10, Members of the
31	Assembly shall conduct themselves in accordance with the rules
32	of decorum specified in Sections 120 to 126, inclusive, of Mason's
33	Manual of Legislative Procedure.
34	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the Committee on Rules
35	may adopt additional rules of decorum by majority vote of the
36	membership of the committee.

19

20

Motions

2 3 109. When a Member desires to make a motion, the Member 4 shall obtain recognition as provided in Rule 108. Upon being 5 recognized, the Member shall open by stating his or her motion, except in the case of a nomination, and in any other case may not 6 7 speak to the merits of the motion at that time, but shall confine his 8 or her remarks to those necessary to explain the motion. If the 9 motion is in order and is seconded, it shall be stated to the 10 Assembly by the Speaker. If the motion is debated, the Member who made it shall then be entitled to recognition to open the debate 11 12 on the motion.

When a Member obtains the floor during debate upon any question that is pending before the Assembly and addresses the Assembly regarding the merits of the pending question, the Member may not be permitted to conclude his or her debate by making any motion or by demanding the previous question.

18

Leave of Absence

21 110. A Member may not absent himself or herself from 22 attendance at any session of the Assembly without leave of the 23 Assembly. A Member may not obtain that leave of absence or be excused for nonattendance except by a vote of 54 or more Members 24 25 or by unanimous consent. A Member who obtains a leave of 26 absence for personal business, or is excused for nonattendance for 27 personal business, thereby waives his or her per diem allowance 28 for attendance upon any session of the Legislature for which he 29 or she secures that leave of absence or excuse. A Member may not 30 obtain a leave of absence for legislative business or be excused 31 for nonattendance for legislative business unless the Member has 32 filed with the Speaker a statement of the legislative business for 33 which he or she seeks that leave of absence or excuse. That 34 statement shall be printed in the Journal. 35 If a Member is not recorded on the attendance roll within 30 minutes after the scheduled start of the session, the Member shall 36

stand up before the Assembly and explain the reason he or she is late before he or she is recorded on the rollcall for any vote. If a Member does not explain his or her reason for being late, any other

40 Member may raise a point of order under this rule, whereupon the

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1 2 3	tardy Member's vote may not be recorded until an explanation is made.
3 4 5	Personal Privilege
6	111. Any Member may rise to explain a matter of personal
7	privilege. A matter of personal privilege is a matter involving the
8	Member's integrity, dignity, or honor. Upon rising to explain such
9	a matter, the Member forthwith shall be recognized by the Speaker,
10	but may not discuss a question in that explanation. Matters of
11	personal privilege yield only to a motion to recess or adjourn.
12	
13	Objection to Reading of Any Paper
14	
15	112. Any Member, upon recognition by the Speaker, may object
16	to the reading of any paper before the Assembly. When that
17	objection is made, the question of reading shall be determined
18	without debate by a majority vote of the Members present and
19	voting, upon a brief statement by the Speaker of the substance of
20	the objection.
21	Manulan at Chief Challe's Deals
22 23	Members at Chief Clerk's Desk
23 24	113. A Member or other person may not be allowed at the Chief
25	Clerk's desk while the ayes and noes are being recorded or the
26	votes counted.
27	voies counted.
28	Members Called to Order for Transgressing Rules
29	Memoers Carlea to Craci for Transgressing Rates
30	114. If any Member transgresses the Rules of the Assembly,
31	the Speaker shall, or any Member may, call the offending Member
32	to order. The Member so called to order immediately shall take
33	his or her seat, until the Speaker, without debate, has determined
34	whether the Member is in order. That decision by the Speaker shall
35	be subject to an appeal to the Assembly.
36	If any Member is called to order for offensive words spoken in
37	debate, the person calling him or her to order shall state to the
38	Assembly the words to which exception is taken. No Member may
39	be held to answer, or be subject to censure by the Assembly, for

language used in debate if other business has been transacted by
 the Assembly prior to exception being taken to the words spoken.

3 4 VIII. MISCELLANEOUS 5 Committee of the Whole 6 7 115. The Assembly may resolve itself into a Committee of the 8 Whole at any time by a majority vote of the Members present and 9 voting. While sitting as that committee, persons other than Members may address the committee. The Speaker of the 10 Assembly, or any Member named by the Speaker, shall preside as 11 12 Chairperson of the Committee of the Whole. 13 A motion that the Committee of the Whole "do now rise and

report back to the Assembly," shall always be in order and shall be decided without debate. All actions of the Committee of the Whole shall be reported to the Assembly by the chairperson, but may not be entered in the Journal except upon motion and a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

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Use of Assembly Chamber

116. The Assembly Chamber may not be used for any public
or private business, other than legislative matters, except upon
approval of the Speaker or the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

26

Use of Assembly Facilities: Smoking

27 28 117. The smoking of tobacco products is prohibited within any building, or portion of a building, occupied or used by Assembly 29 30 Members or employees if the building or portion of the building 31 is under the jurisdiction or control of the Assembly. This smoking 32 prohibition shall apply to any outdoor area within five feet of an 33 entrance or exit to any building or portion of a building subject to 34 this rule. This smoking prohibition shall apply to the Assembly Chamber, Assembly hearing rooms, and Assembly offices, and to 35 36 hallways, stairways, and bathrooms within any building or portion

37 of a building subject to this rule.

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$\frac{1}{2}$	Telephones and Text Messages
2 3 4 5 6 7	117.5. While on the floor of the Assembly during any session of the Assembly, or while serving on a committee during any hearing of that committee, a Member may not do either of the following:(a) Use a cellular telephone to make or receive calls.
8 9 10	(b) Send text messages to, or receive text messages from, any lobbyist.
10 11 12	Meeting of the Assembly: Firearms
13 14 15 16 17 18	117.7. A person, except a peace officer acting within the scope of his or her employment, may not carry or possess a firearm on the floor of the Assembly during any session of the Assembly or in a committee hearing room during any meeting of a committee or subcommittee.
10 19 20	Persons Admitted to Floor of the Assembly
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	118. A person other than Members of the Legislature, officers, employees of the Legislature, accredited members of the press, and guests may not be admitted to the floor of the Assembly during any session of the Assembly. A guest of any Member may be admitted only upon presentation of a guest card of the Member countersigned by the Speaker. A guest card is valid only on the legislative day for which it is issued. A lobbyist, as defined by Section 82039 of the Government Code, may not, under any circumstances, be admitted to the Assembly Chamber while the Assembly is in session.
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Persons admitted to the Assembly Chamber, other than Members, may not be permitted to stand in the Lobby in the rear of the Assembly Chamber while the Assembly is in session, but shall be required to occupy the seats provided for them. Guests may be seated only in the chairs in the back of the rail in the rear of the Assembly Chamber, and may not be permitted to sit at the desks of the Members. No person other than an accredited newspaper representative may be permitted to sit at the press desks. A special section in the balcony may be reserved for those holding guest cards. Neither any person mentioned in this

1 rule nor any other person, except a Member of the Legislature, 2 may engage in influencing the passage or defeat of legislation in 3 the Assembly Chamber. 4 A person other than a Member of the Legislature, the Sergeant 5 at Arms or his or her assistants, the Chief Clerk or his or her 6 assistants, or the Legislative Counsel or his or her representatives, 7 may not be permitted in the area of the floor of the chamber which 8 is occupied by the desks of the Members. 9 10 Floor Attire 11 12 118.1. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, 13 Members of the Legislature, officers or employees of the Legislature, accredited members of the press, or any other persons 14 15 may be restricted from admission to the floor of the Assembly during any session if they are inappropriately attired. The 16 17 Committee on Rules may, as necessary, adopt policies to 18 implement this rule. 19 20 **Oualifications and Elections of Members** 21 22 119. An affirmative vote of 41 or more Members shall be 23 required to determine the qualifications and election of any 24 Member pursuant to Section 5 of Article IV of the California 25 Constitution. A motion to disgualify a Member is not in order at 26 the convening of a legislative session until a Speaker has been 27 elected in accordance with Section 9023 of the Government Code. 28 29 Compensation and Expenses of Member Convicted of Felony 30 31 120. If a Member of the Assembly is convicted of a felony by 32 a superior court, his or her right to further compensation or 33 expenses is thereupon suspended, and his or her membership on 34 any committee is thereupon suspended. If the conviction becomes 35 final, the right of the Member to further compensation or expenses 36 shall terminate and any compensation or expenses withheld shall 37 be forfeited to the state. If the conviction is reversed by an appellate 38 court or a motion for a new trial is granted, and the Member is 39 thereafter found not guilty or the charges against him or her are 40 dismissed, the amounts of the withheld compensation or expenses

1 2 3 4 5	shall be paid to the Member and the suspension of his or her committee membership shall terminate. Whenever a Member is convicted of a felony in the superior court, the Committee on Rules shall give written notice thereof to the Controller, directing him or her to discontinue any further
6	payments to the Member unless and until the Committee on Rules
7	notifies the Controller that the Member has been found not guilty
8	or that the charges against him or her are dismissed. The Controller
9	may not draw any warrant payable to that Member except as
10	provided in this rule.
11	
12	The Seal of the Assembly
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14	121. The Seal of the Assembly may be used only by or on
15	behalf of a Member of the Assembly, or when specifically
16	authorized by the Committee on Rules.
17	
18	Agency Reports: Electronic Copies
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20	122. Pursuant to Section 9795 of the Government Code, any
21	report required or requested by law to be submitted by a state or
22	local agency to the Members, or to the Legislature generally, shall
23	be submitted as an electronic copy to the Chief Clerk.