Introduced by Assembly Member Gipson (Coauthors: Assembly Members Burke, Holden, Jones-Sawyer, McCarty, Ridley-Thomas, Thurmond, and Weber)

(Coauthors: Senators Hall and Mitchell)

June 25, 2015

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 92—Relative to the 50th Anniversary of the Watts Revolt.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 92, as introduced, Gipson. 50th Anniversary of the Watts Revolt. This measure would commemorate the 50th Anniversary of the Watts Revolt.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Economic equality is a critical component of community well-being and the maintenance of social peace; and
- WHEREAS, In 1964, there were a total of 8 revolts across 3
- African American communities, including Chicago, New York
- City, Philadelphia, and Jersey City, that came as a result of racial
- tension and economic deprivation; and
- 7 WHEREAS, August 2015, will mark the 50th Anniversary of
- the Watts Revolt (also known as the "Watts Rebellion"), which
- began on August 11, 1965, when Marquette Frye and his brother
- 10 were stopped by police under a drunk driving suspicion, which
- resulted in a hostile confrontation between the Frye family and 11
- 12 police officers on the scene; and

ACR 92 __2_

 WHEREAS, The Watts Revolt was the culmination of historic and systemic racial and economic injustice that included frustration with the passage of Proposition 14 of 1964 in California, which sought to nullify the state's fair housing law; and

WHEREAS, This historic event, which took place in the greater Watts neighborhoods of Los Angeles and the City of Compton, involved six days of protest resulting in 34 deaths, 1,032 injuries, and over \$40 million worth of property damage; and

WHEREAS, Between 31,000 and 35,000 adults participated in the revolt over the course of six days. At that time, it was the most severe uprising in the history of the South Los Angeles region; and

WHEREAS, The Watts Revolt is an important part of Los Angeles history and it is critical that we mark the 50th anniversary of this event appropriately; and

WHEREAS, The McCone Commission, Chaired by John McCone, was established by Governor Edmund G. Brown to investigate the Watts Revolt and identify solutions to ensure that such an issue never reoccurred; and

WHEREAS, The results of the investigation found that the Watts Revolt was a result of discrimination in employment, education, housing, and law enforcement; and

WHEREAS, The aforementioned issues persist within these communities today; now, therefore, be it,

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature commemorates the 50th Anniversary of the Watts Revolt, one of the largest uprisings in 20th century America; and be it further

Resolved, That the California Legislature urges the development of public and private solutions to statewide and local disparities on the basis of legal and institutional racism in areas, including, but not limited to, education, employment, housing, and law enforcement; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the City of Los Angeles and the City of Compton, which are encouraged to disseminate copies to local, community, and statewide organizations throughout California; and be it further

3 **ACR 92**

- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.