

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 2015
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY FEBRUARY 9, 2015
CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 174

Introduced by Assembly Member Gray
(Principal coauthor: Senator Cannella)

January 22, 2015

An act relating to the University of California, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 174, as amended, Gray. University of California: medical education.

Existing provisions of the California Constitution establish the University of California as a public trust under the administration of the Regents of the University of California. The University of California system includes 10 campuses, which are located in Berkeley, Davis, Irvine, Los Angeles, Merced, Riverside, San Diego, San Francisco, Santa Barbara, and Santa Cruz.

This bill would express findings and declarations of the Legislature relating to the role of the University of California with respect to access to health care in the San Joaquin Valley.

The bill would appropriate ~~\$1,855,000~~ *\$1,255,000* from the General Fund to the regents each fiscal year, commencing with the 2016–17 fiscal year, for allocation to the University of California to support expansion of the San Joaquin Valley Program in Medical Education, as specified.

The bill would appropriate \$1,000,000 from the General Fund to the Regents of the University of California during the 2016–17 fiscal year for allocation to the University of California to support a 2-year planning effort geared toward the establishment of a separate traditional medical school at the University of California, Merced, as specified.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
2 following:
- 3 (a) The federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
4 provides millions of previously uninsured Californians access to
5 health services, including physician care. As a result of this
6 additional demand for physician services, the projected statewide
7 physician shortfall is 17,000 for 2015.
- 8 (b) The San Joaquin Valley, which runs from Stockton to
9 Bakersfield, is rich in cultural diversity and is the nation’s leading
10 agricultural region. However, the valley is disproportionately
11 affected by the state’s physician shortage, which is expected to
12 intensify in the years ahead given the high rate of population
13 growth in the area. Access to health care is 31 percent lower in the
14 San Joaquin Valley than in the rest of California.
- 15 (c) Several regions of the San Joaquin Valley are federally
16 designated Medically Underserved Areas (MUAs). The calculation
17 of MUAs involves four variables: the ratio of primary medical
18 care physicians per 1,000 population, the infant mortality rate, the
19 percentage of the population with incomes below the poverty level,
20 and the percentage of the population 65 years of age or over.
- 21 (d) To help address California’s physician workforce needs, the
22 Regents of the University of California engaged in a comprehensive
23 strategic planning process and, in May 2008, approved moving
24 forward with planning efforts leading to the development of a
25 possible medical school at the campus of the University of
26 California, Merced (UC Merced). At that time, the regents also
27 approved moving forward with other preparations, such as planning
28 for the initial basic sciences and clinical infrastructure. Upon
29 completion of these and other activities, the regents envisioned

1 that a formal proposal to establish a new medical school eventually
2 could be developed.

3 (e) The medical schools of the University of California,
4 including a possible future medical school at UC Merced, will play
5 an important role in addressing California’s physician shortages.

6 (f) Medical education and a possible future UC Merced School
7 of Medicine will further contribute to the economic growth of the
8 San Joaquin Valley and the state, as well as expand educational
9 opportunities for valley residents, and will further support UC
10 Merced’s trajectory toward becoming a top-tier university.

11 (g) UC Merced’s San Joaquin Valley Program in Medical
12 Education (PRIME) is providing a key interim resource for training
13 valley health care providers. This program accomplishes all of the
14 following:

15 (1) Strengthens the desire for new physicians to practice in the
16 San Joaquin Valley, which is one of California’s most medically
17 underserved areas.

18 (2) Reduces health disparities and inequalities in the San Joaquin
19 Valley.

20 (3) Forms lasting relationships between the program and
21 communities, hospitals, clinics, and physicians to enhance health
22 care in the region.

23 (h) Students who take part in PRIME benefit from firsthand
24 experience with interdisciplinary health care by providing care in
25 medically underserved communities, working with patients and
26 families from culturally diverse backgrounds, and developing a
27 true understanding of the issues and conditions that impact access
28 to and quality of health care in the region.

29 (i) Despite its numerous benefits for its region, PRIME lacks
30 an ongoing source of funding for its current enrollment as well as
31 the financial resources to expand capacity to meet the needs of the
32 valley.

33 (j) Given the San Joaquin Valley’s health care needs and the
34 critical role that a possible future medical school at UC Merced
35 would play in addressing those needs, it is essential for the State
36 of California to continue developing the valley’s health care
37 resources by sustaining the current PRIME enrollment, expanding
38 that program’s capacity, and continuing to move toward the
39 establishment of a medical school at UC Merced.

1 SEC. 2. The sum of one million ~~eight~~ *two* hundred fifty-five
2 thousand dollars ~~(\$1,855,000)~~ *(\$1,255,000)* is hereby appropriated
3 from the General Fund to the Regents of the University of
4 California each fiscal year, commencing with the 2016–17 fiscal
5 year, for allocation to the University of California to support
6 expansion of the San Joaquin Valley PRIME program to admit up
7 to 12 students per year and operate the program with up to 48
8 student participants from across the four-year curriculum annually.

9 ~~SEC. 3. The sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) is hereby~~
10 ~~appropriated from the General Fund to the Regents of the~~
11 ~~University of California during the 2016–17 fiscal year for~~
12 ~~allocation to the University of California, to support a two-year~~
13 ~~planning effort geared toward the establishment of a separate~~
14 ~~traditional medical school at the University of California, Merced.~~
15 ~~The effort shall include determination of the necessary program~~
16 ~~components such as basic and clinical science courses, curriculum,~~
17 ~~capital needs, one-time and ongoing operational funding, student~~
18 ~~support services, and other necessary components. The University~~
19 ~~of California shall submit a report to the appropriate policy and~~
20 ~~fiscal committees of the Legislature by March 1, 2019,~~
21 ~~summarizing its planning efforts and providing recommendations~~
22 ~~and estimates for the infrastructure, personnel, and funding, and~~
23 ~~time necessary to establish and maintain such a program.~~