AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 2015 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 7, 2015

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 194

Introduced by Assembly Member Frazier

January 28, 2015

An act to amend Section 149.7 of, and to add Section 149.2 to, the Streets and Highways Code, relating to transportation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 194, as amended, Frazier. High-occupancy toll lanes.

Existing law provides that the Department of Transportation has full possession and control of the state highway system. Existing law authorizes the department to construct exclusive or preferential lanes for buses only or for buses and other high-occupancy vehicles.

Existing law authorizes a regional transportation agency, as defined, in cooperation with the department to apply to the California Transportation Commission to develop and operate high-occupancy toll (HOT) lanes, including administration and operation of a value-pricing program and exclusive or preferential lane facilities for public transit, consistent with established standards, requirements, and limitations that apply to specified facilities. Existing law requires the commission to conduct at least one public hearing in northern California and one in southern California for each eligible application submitted by the regional transportation agency. Existing law limits the number of approved facilities to not more than 4, 2 in northern California and 2 in southern California, and provides that no applications may be approved on or after January 1, 2012.

-2-

This bill would also authorize a regional transportation agency, in cooperation with the department, to apply to the commission to develop other toll facilities, as specified. The bill would delete the requirement that the facilities be consistent with the established standards, requirements, and limitations that apply to specified facilities and would instead require the commission to establish guidelines for the development and operation of the facilities approved by the commission on or after January 1, 2016, subject to specified minimum requirements. The bill would provide that these provisions do not authorize or prohibit the conversion of any existing nontoll or nonuser-fee lanes into tolled or user-fee lanes, except that a high-occupancy vehicle lane may be converted into a high-occupancy toll lane pursuant to its provisions. The bill would authorize a regional transportation agency to issue bonds, refunding bonds, or bond anticipation notes backed by revenues generated from the facilities. The bill would additionally authorize the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority to apply to the commission for purposes of the above-described provisions. The bill would remove the limitations on the number of approved facilities and would delete the January 1, 2012, deadline for HOT lane applications. The bill would delete the requirement that the commission conduct at least one public hearing in northen California and one in southern California for each eligible application and would instead require the commission to conduct at least one public hearing. The bill would provide that each application is subject to the review and approval of the commission and would require a regional transportation agency that applies to the commission to reimburse the commission for all of the commission's cost and expense expenses incurred in processing the application. Before submitting an application to the commission, the bill would require a regional transportation agency to consult with—a every local transportation-authority authority, or every congestion management agency, whose jurisdiction includes the facility that the regional transportation agency proposes to develop and operate pursuant to the above-described provisions. The bill would require the regional transportation agency to give a local transportation authority or congestion management agency, as specified, the option of entering into agreements, as needed, for project development, engineering, financial studies, and environmental documentation for each construction project or segment, and would authorize the local transportation authority or congestion management agency to be the lead agency for those construction projects or segments.

-3— AB 194

This bill would additionally authorize the department, in cooperation with a regional transportation agency, as applicable, to apply to the commission to develop and operate HOT lanes or other toll facilities and associated facilities pursuant to similar provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares that high-occupancy toll lanes, express lanes, and toll roads provide an opportunity to more effectively manage state highways in order to increase passenger throughput and to reduce delays for freight shipments and travelers, especially those traveling by carpool, vanpool, or bus.

SECTION 1.

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- SEC. 2. Section 149.2 is added to the Streets and Highways Code, to read:
- 149.2. (a) The department, in cooperation with a regional transportation agency, as applicable, may apply to the commission to develop and operate high-occupancy toll lanes or other toll facilities, including the administration and operation of a value pricing program and exclusive or preferential lane facilities for public transit or freight.
- (b) Each application for the development and operation of the facilities described in subdivision (a) shall be subject to review and approval by the commission pursuant to eligibility criteria established by the commission. For each eligible application, the commission shall conduct at least one public hearing.
- (c) The commission shall establish guidelines for the development and operation of facilities described in subdivision (a) and approved by the commission pursuant to this section, subject to the following minimum requirements:
- (1) The department shall develop and operate the facilities in cooperation with regional transportation agencies, as applicable, and with the active participation of the Department of the California Highway Patrol.
- 29 (2) The department shall be responsible for establishing, 30 collecting, and administering tolls.

AB 194 —4—

(3) The department shall be responsible for paying for the maintenance of the facilities.

- (4) The revenue generated from the operation of the facilities shall be available to the department for the direct expenses related to the maintenance, administration, and operation of the facilities, including toll collection and enforcement.
- (5) All remaining revenue generated by the facilities shall be used in the corridor from which the revenue was generated pursuant to an expenditure plan developed by the department and approved by the commission.
- (6) This section shall not prevent any regional transportation agency or local agency from constructing facilities that compete with the facilities approved by the commission and the department shall not be entitled to compensation for the adverse effects on toll revenue due to those competing facilities.
- (d) The department shall provide any information or data requested by the commission or the Legislative Analyst relating to a facility that the department develops or operates pursuant to this section. The commission, in cooperation with the Legislative Analyst, shall annually prepare a report on the progress of the development and operation of a facility authorized under this section. The commission may submit this report as a section in its annual report to the Legislature required pursuant to Section 14535 of the Government Code.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall authorize or prohibit the conversion of any existing nontoll or nonuser-fee lanes into tolled or user-fee lanes, except that a high-occupancy vehicle lane may be converted into a high-occupancy toll lane.

SEC. 2.

- SEC. 3. Section 149.7 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read:
- 149.7. (a) A regional transportation agency, as defined in subdivision (h), in cooperation with the department, may apply to the commission to develop and operate high-occupancy toll lanes or other toll facilities, including the administration and operation of a value pricing program and exclusive or preferential lane facilities for public transit or freight.
- (b) Each application for the development and operation of the facilities described in subdivision (a) shall be subject to review and approval by the commission pursuant to eligibility criteria

5 AB 194

established by the commission. For each eligible application, the commission shall conduct at least one public hearing.

- (c) A regional transportation agency that applies to the commission to develop and operate facilities described in subdivision (a) shall reimburse the commission for all of the commission's costs and expenses incurred in processing the application.
- (d) The commission shall establish guidelines for the development and operation of facilities described in subdivision (a) and approved by the commission on or after January 1, 2016, pursuant to this section, subject to the following minimum requirements:
- (1) The regional transportation agency shall develop and operate the facilities in cooperation with the department, and the active participation of the Department of the California Highway Patrol, pursuant to an agreement that addresses all matters related to design, construction, maintenance, and operation of state highway system facilities in connection with the facilities.
- (2) The regional transportation agency shall be responsible for establishing, collecting, and administering tolls.
- (3) The regional transportation agency shall be responsible for paying for the maintenance of the facilities, pursuant to an agreement between the department and the regional transportation agency.
- (4) The revenue generated from the operation of the facilities shall be available to the regional transportation agency for the direct expenses related to the maintenance, administration, and operation of the facilities, including toll collection and enforcement.
- (5) All remaining revenue generated by the facilities shall be used in the corridor from which the revenue was generated pursuant to an expenditure plan adopted by the regional transportation agency.
- (6) This section shall not prevent the department or any local agency from constructing facilities that compete with the facilities approved by the commission and the regional transportation agency shall not be entitled to compensation for the adverse effects on toll revenue due to those competing facilities.
- (e) A regional transportation agency that develops or operates a facility, or facilities, described in subdivision (a) shall provide any information or data requested by the commission or the

AB 194 -6-

Legislative Analyst. The commission, in cooperation with the Legislative Analyst, shall annually prepare a report on the progress of the development and operation of a facility authorized under this section. The commission may submit this report as a section in its annual report to the Legislature required pursuant to Section 14535 of the Government Code.

- (f) (1) A regional transportation agency may issue bonds, refunding bonds, or bond anticipation notes, at any time, to finance construction of, and construction-related expenditures for, facilities approved pursuant to this section, and construction and construction-related expenditures that are included in the expenditure plan adopted pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (d), payable-solely from the revenues generated from the respective facilities.
- (2) Any bond A bond, refunding bond, or bond anticipation note issued pursuant to this subdivision shall contain on its face a statement to the following effect:

"Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California is pledged to the payment of principal of, or the interest on, this-bond." *instrument*."

- (g) (1) Before submitting an application pursuant to subdivision (a), a regional transportation agency shall consult with—any every local transportation authority designated pursuant to Division 12.5 (commencing with Section 131000) or Division 19 (commencing with Section 180000) of the Public Utilities—Code Code, or every congestion management agency, whose jurisdiction includes the facility that the regional transportation agency proposes to develop and operate.
- (2) A regional transportation agency shall give a local transportation authority or congestion management agency described in paragraph (1) the option to enter into agreements, as needed, for project development, engineering, financial studies, and environmental documentation for each construction project or segment that is part of the facility. The local transportation authority or congestion management agency may be the lead agency for these construction projects or segments.
- (h) Notwithstanding Section 143, for purposes of this section, "regional transportation agency" means any of the following:

7 AB 194

(1) A transportation planning agency described in Section 29532 or 29532.1 of the Government Code.

- (2) A county transportation commission established under Section 130050, 130050.1, or 130050.2 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (3) Any other local or regional transportation entity that is designated by statute as a regional transportation agency.
- (4) A joint exercise of powers authority established pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6500) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, with the consent of a transportation planning agency or a county transportation commission for the jurisdiction in which the transportation project will be developed.
- (5) The Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority established pursuant to Part 12 (commencing with Section 100000) of Division 10 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (i) Nothing in this section shall authorize or prohibit the conversion of any existing nontoll or nonuser-fee lanes into tolled or user-fee lanes, except that a high-occupancy vehicle lane may be converted into a high-occupancy toll lane.