

## Assembly Bill No. 285

### CHAPTER 295

An act to amend Sections 6400, 6402, 6403, 6404, 6405, 6406, 6407, 6408, 6410, 6410.5, 22355, and 22457 of, to add Sections 6401.7, 6402.2, and 6409.1 to, and to repeal Chapter 5.5 (commencing with Section 6400) of Division 3 of, the Business and Professions Code, relating to professions and vocations.

[Approved by Governor September 21, 2015. Filed with  
Secretary of State September 21, 2015.]

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 285, Gallagher. Professions and vocations: registration.

(1) Existing law defines and regulates the activities of legal document assistants and unlawful detainer assistants, as those terms are defined. Existing law requires a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to be registered in the county in which his or her principal place of business is located, which is deemed the primary place of registration, and in any other county in which he or she performs acts for which registration is required, which is deemed a secondary place of registration. A violation of this requirement is a misdemeanor. Existing law prohibits a legal document assistant from providing self-help service, as defined, for compensation unless he or she is registered in the county in which his or her principal place of business is located and in any other county in which he or she performs acts for which registration is required. Existing law requires a county clerk to, among other things, issue an identification card to each registered legal document assistant and unlawful detainer assistant.

This bill would delete the requirement that a legal document assistant or an unlawful detainer assistant be registered in any other county in which he or she performs acts for which registration is required. The bill would also specify that a legal document assistant registered in the county in which his or her principal place of business is located and in which he or she maintains a branch office may provide self-help services in any part of this state. The bill would also delete references to primary and secondary places of registration.

(2) Existing law requires an applicant for registration as a legal document assistant to meet specified educational requirements. Existing law requires the county clerk to, among other things, return an application and fee to an applicant, along with notice indicating the reason for the denial and the method of appeal, if the clerk finds that the applicant has not complied with the educational requirements for registration as a legal document assistant.

This bill would additionally require an applicant for renewal of registration as a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to complete 15

hours of continuing legal education courses that meet specified requirements relating to attorneys during the 2-year period preceding renewal. The bill would require the applicant to state on his or her application for renewal, under penalty of perjury, that the applicant has completed the required continuing legal education courses. The bill would require the county clerk to return an application and fee to an applicant for renewal who fails to comply with this requirement.

By revising the duties of county clerks with respect to the renewal of registration of legal document assistants and unlawful detainer assistants, and by expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(3) Existing law provides for the renewal of registration of a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant and requires the county clerk to assign the same registration number to a legal document assistant or an unlawful detainer assistant renewing his or her registration provided that there is no lapse in the period of registration.

Existing law defines and regulates the activities of process servers and professional photocopiers, as those terms are defined, including requiring a process server or professional photocopier to be registered, as specified. Existing law provides for the renewal of registration under these provisions and requires the county clerk to assign the same registration number to a process server or professional photocopier renewing his or her registration provided that there is no lapse in the period of registration.

This bill would instead require the county clerk to assign the same registration number to a registrant in any of the above-described professions, provided that the applicant is renewing registration in the same county in which he or she was previously registered and there is no lapse of three years or more in the period of registration.

By changing the process by which county clerks renew registration of legal document assistants, unlawful detainer assistants, process servers, and professional photocopiers, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(4) Existing law requires a registered legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to include his or her name, business address, telephone number, registration number, expiration date of the registration, and county of registration in any solicitation or advertisement, and on any papers or documents prepared or used by the registrant. A violation of this requirement is a misdemeanor.

This bill would delete the requirement that the expiration date of the registration appear on any papers or documents prepared or used by the registrant. The bill would also require the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to include his or her name, business address, telephone number, registration number, expiration date of the registration, and county of registration on a written contract for services required to be provided to a client, on any Internet Web site maintained by the registrant, and in any solicitation, advertisement, document, or correspondence prepared or used by the registrant in electronic form.

By changing the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(5) Existing law prescribes the proper county of venue in civil actions.

This bill, notwithstanding any other law, would provide that the proper venue in an action between a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant and his or her client is the county in which the client has his or her primary residence. The bill would require a written contract entered into on or after January 1, 2016, between the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant and his or her client to include a statement to this effect and would make a contract voidable at the client's option for failure to comply with this requirement.

(6) Existing law requires a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to make specified statements to a prospective client at the first in-person or telephonic solicitation indicating that he or she is not a lawyer. Existing law requires the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to make similar statements if the prospective client initiates the first contact and authorizes the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to have the prospective client read and sign a "Notice to Consumer" indicating that the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant has provided this information.

This bill would recast these provisions and require a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to provide this information at the first contact with the prospective client, regardless of which party initiates. The bill would also require the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to provide the "Notice to Consumer," as specified, after making these oral statements and before entering into a contract or agreement for services or accepting compensation and to translate the "Notice to Consumer" into the language principally used in any oral sales presentation or negotiation. The bill would additionally require the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to inform the prospective client of the county in which he or she, or the partnership or corporation, is registered, the registration number assigned by the county, and the expiration date of his or her, or of the partnership's or corporation's, current registration period. The bill would also require the written contract between the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to include the contact information of the county clerk's office for the county in which the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant is registered, as specified. The bill would require the "Notice to Consumer" to include this information.

(7) This bill would repeal the provisions regulating the activities of legal document assistants and unlawful detainer assistants as of January 1, 2021.

(8) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so

mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 6400 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6400. (a) “Unlawful detainer assistant” means any individual who for compensation renders assistance or advice in the prosecution or defense of an unlawful detainer claim or action, including any bankruptcy petition that may affect the unlawful detainer claim or action.

(b) “Unlawful detainer claim” means a proceeding, filing, or action affecting rights or liabilities of any person that arises under Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1159) of Title 3 of Part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure and that contemplates an adjudication by a court.

(c) “Legal document assistant” means:

(1) Any person who is not exempted under Section 6401 and who provides, or assists in providing, or offers to provide, or offers to assist in providing, for compensation, any self-help service to a member of the public who is representing himself or herself in a legal matter, or who holds himself or herself out as someone who offers that service or has that authority. This paragraph does not apply to any individual whose assistance consists merely of secretarial or receptionist services.

(2) A corporation, partnership, association, or other entity that employs or contracts with any person not exempted under Section 6401 who, as part of his or her responsibilities, provides, or assists in providing, or offers to provide, or offers to assist in providing, for compensation, any self-help service to a member of the public who is representing himself or herself in a legal matter or holds himself or herself out as someone who offers that service or has that authority. This paragraph does not apply to an individual whose assistance consists merely of secretarial or receptionist services.

(d) “Self-help service” means all of the following:

(1) Completing legal documents in a ministerial manner, selected by a person who is representing himself or herself in a legal matter, by typing or otherwise completing the documents at the person’s specific direction.

(2) Providing general published factual information that has been written or approved by an attorney, pertaining to legal procedures, rights, or obligations to a person who is representing himself or herself in a legal matter, to assist the person in representing himself or herself. This service in and of itself, shall not require registration as a legal document assistant.

(3) Making published legal documents available to a person who is representing himself or herself in a legal matter.

(4) Filing and serving legal forms and documents at the specific direction of a person who is representing himself or herself in a legal matter.

(e) “Compensation” means money, property, or anything else of value.

(f) A legal document assistant, including any legal document assistant employed by a partnership or corporation, shall not provide any self-help service for compensation, unless the legal document assistant is registered pursuant to Section 6402.

(g) A legal document assistant may not provide any kind of advice, explanation, opinion, or recommendation to a consumer about possible legal rights, remedies, defenses, options, selection of forms, or strategies. A legal document assistant shall complete documents only in the manner prescribed by paragraph (1) of subdivision (d).

SEC. 2. Section 6401.7 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

6401.7. This chapter shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2021, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 3. Section 6402 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6402. A legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall be registered pursuant to this chapter by the county clerk in the county in which his or her principal place of business is located, and in which he or she maintains a branch office, and provide proof that the registrant has satisfied the bonding requirement of Section 6405. No person who has been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law pursuant to Article 6 (commencing with Section 6100) of Chapter 4 may, during the period of any disbarment or suspension, register as a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant. The Department of Consumer Affairs shall develop the application required to be completed by a person for purposes of registration as a legal document assistant. The application shall specify the types of proof that the applicant shall provide to the county clerk in order to demonstrate the qualifications and requirements of Section 6402.1.

SEC. 4. Section 6402.2 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

6402.2. To be eligible to renew registration under this chapter, the registrant shall complete 15 hours of continuing legal education courses, which meet the requirements of Section 6070, during the two-year period preceding renewal.

SEC. 5. Section 6403 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6403. (a) The application for registration of a natural person shall contain all of the following statements about the applicant:

- (1) Name, age, address, and telephone number.
- (2) Whether he or she has been convicted of a felony, or of a misdemeanor under Section 6126 or 6127, or found liable under Section 6126.5.
- (3) Whether he or she has been held liable in a civil action by final judgment or entry of a stipulated judgment, if the action alleged fraud, the use of an untrue or misleading representation, or the use of an unfair, unlawful, or deceptive business practice.
- (4) Whether he or she has ever been convicted of a misdemeanor violation of this chapter.

(5) Whether he or she has had a civil judgment entered against him or her in an action arising out of the applicant's negligent, reckless, or willful failure to properly perform his or her obligation as a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant.

(6) Whether he or she has had a registration revoked pursuant to Section 6413.

(7) If the application is for a renewal of registration, a statement by the applicant that he or she has completed the legal education courses required by Section 6402.2.

(b) The application for registration of a natural person shall be accompanied by the display of personal identification, such as a California driver's license, birth certificate, or other identification acceptable to the county clerk to adequately determine the identity of the applicant.

(c) The application for registration of a partnership or corporation shall contain all of the following statements about the applicant:

(1) The names, ages, addresses, and telephone numbers of the general partners or officers.

(2) Whether the general partners or officers have ever been convicted of a felony, or a misdemeanor under Section 6126 or 6127, or found liable under Section 6126.5.

(3) Whether the general partners or officers have ever been held liable in a civil action by final judgment or entry of a stipulated judgment, if the action alleged fraud, the use of an untrue or misleading representation, or the use of an unfair, unlawful, or deceptive business practice.

(4) Whether the general partners or officers have ever been convicted of a misdemeanor violation of this chapter.

(5) Whether the general partners or officers have had a civil judgment entered against them in an action arising out of a negligent, reckless, or willful failure to properly perform the obligations of a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant.

(6) Whether the general partners or officers have ever had a registration revoked pursuant to Section 6413.

(7) If the application is for a renewal of registration, a statement by the applicant that the individuals performing legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant services have completed the legal education courses required by Section 6402.2.

(d) The applications made under this section shall be made under penalty of perjury.

(e) The county clerk shall retain the application for registration for a period of three years following the expiration date of the application, after which time the application may be destroyed if it is scanned or if the conditions specified in Section 26205.1 of the Government Code are met. If the application is scanned, the scanned image shall be retained for a period of 10 years, after which time that image may be destroyed and, notwithstanding Section 26205.1 of the Government Code, no reproduction thereof need be made or preserved.

SEC. 6. Section 6404 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6404. An applicant shall pay a fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) to the county clerk at the time he or she files an application for initial registration or renewal of registration. An additional fee of ten dollars (\$10) shall be paid to the county clerk for each additional identification card.

SEC. 7. Section 6405 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6405. (a) (1) An application for a certificate of registration by an individual shall be accompanied by a bond of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) executed by a corporate surety qualified to do business in this state and conditioned upon compliance with this chapter. The total aggregate liability on the bond shall be limited to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(2) An application for a certificate of registration by a partnership or corporation shall be accompanied by a bond executed by a corporate surety qualified to do business in this state and conditioned upon compliance with this chapter in the following amount, based on the total number of legal document assistants and unlawful detainer assistants employed by the partnership or corporation:

- (A) Twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for one to four assistants.
- (B) Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for five to nine assistants.
- (C) One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for 10 or more assistants.

An application for a certificate of registration by a person employed by a partnership or corporation shall be accompanied by a bond of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) only if the partnership or corporation has not posted a bond in the amount required by this subdivision.

(3) If a partnership or corporation increases the number of assistants it employs above the number stated in its application for a certificate of registration, the partnership or corporation shall promptly increase the bond to the applicable amount in subparagraphs (B) or (C) of paragraph (2) based on the actual number of assistants it employs, and shall promptly submit the increased bond to the county clerk.

(4) The bond may be terminated pursuant to Section 995.440 of, and Article 13 (commencing with Section 996.310) of Chapter 2 of Title 14 of Part 2 of, the Code of Civil Procedure.

(b) The county clerk shall, upon filing of the bond, deliver the bond forthwith to the county recorder for recording. The recording fee specified in Section 27361 of the Government Code shall be paid by the registrant. The fee may be paid to the county clerk who shall transmit it to the recorder.

(c) The fee for filing, canceling, revoking, or withdrawing the bond is seven dollars (\$7).

(d) The county recorder shall record the bond and any notice of cancellation, revocation, or withdrawal of the bond, and shall thereafter mail the instrument, unless specified to the contrary, to the person named in the instrument and, if no person is named, to the party leaving it for recording. The recording fee specified in Section 27361 of the Government

Code for notice of cancellation, revocation, or withdrawal of the bond shall be paid to the county clerk, who shall transmit it to the county recorder.

(e) In lieu of the bond required by subdivision (a), a registrant may deposit the amount required by subdivision (a) in cash with the county clerk.

(f) If the certificate is revoked, the bond or cash deposit shall be returned to the bonding party or depositor subject to subdivision (g) and the right of a person to recover against the bond or cash deposit under Section 6412.

(g) The county clerk may retain a cash deposit until the expiration of three years from the date the registrant has ceased to do business, or three years from the expiration or revocation date of the registration, in order to ensure there are no outstanding claims against the deposit. A judge may order the return of the deposit prior to the expiration of three years upon evidence satisfactory to the judge that there are no outstanding claims against the deposit.

(h) The bond required by this section shall be in favor of the State of California for the benefit of any person who is damaged as a result of the violation of this chapter or by the fraud, dishonesty, or incompetency of an individual, partnership, or corporation registered under this chapter. The bond required by this section shall also indicate the name of the county in which it will be filed.

SEC. 8. Section 6406 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6406. (a) If granted, a certificate of registration shall be effective for a period of two years, until the date the bond expires, or until the total number of legal document assistants and unlawful detainer assistants employed by a partnership or corporation exceeds the number allowed for the amount of the bond in effect, whichever occurs first. Thereafter, a registrant shall file a new certificate of registration or a renewal of the certificate of registration and pay the fee required by Section 6404, and increase the amount of the bond if required to comply with subdivision (a) of Section 6405. A certificate of registration that is currently effective may be renewed up to 60 days prior to its expiration date and the effective date of the renewal shall be the date the current registration expires. The renewal shall be effective for a period of two years from the effective date or until the expiration date of the bond, or until the total number of legal document assistants and unlawful detainer assistants employed by a partnership or corporation exceeds the number allowed for the dollar amount of the bond in effect, whichever occurs first.

(b) Except as provided in subdivisions (d) to (f), inclusive, an applicant shall be denied registration or renewal of registration if the applicant has been any of the following:

(1) Convicted of a felony, or of a misdemeanor under Section 6126 or 6127, or found liable under Section 6126.5.

(2) Held liable in a civil action by final judgment or entry of a stipulated judgment, if the action alleged fraud, or the use of an untrue or misleading representation, or the use of an unfair, unlawful, or deceptive business practice.

(3) Convicted of a misdemeanor violation of this chapter.

(4) Had a civil judgment entered against him or her in an action arising out of the applicant's negligent, reckless, or willful failure to properly perform his or her obligation as a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant.

(5) Had his or her registration revoked pursuant to Section 6413.

(c) If the county clerk finds that the applicant has failed to demonstrate having met the requisite requirements of Section 6402, 6402.1, or 6402.2, or that any of the paragraphs of subdivision (b) apply, the county clerk, within three business days of submission of the application and fee, shall return the application and fee to the applicant with a notice to the applicant indicating the reason for the denial and the method of appeal.

(d) The denial of an application may be appealed by the applicant by submitting, to the director, the following:

(1) The completed application and notice from the county clerk specifying the reasons for the denial of the application.

(2) A copy of any final judgment or order that resulted from any conviction or civil judgment listed on the application.

(3) Any relevant information the applicant wishes to include for the record.

(e) The director shall order the applicant's certificate of registration to be granted if the director determines that the issuance of a certificate of registration is not likely to expose consumers to a significant risk of harm based on a review of the application and any other information relating to the applicant's unlawful act or unfair practice described in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (b). The director shall order the applicant's certificate of registration to be denied if the director determines that issuance of a certificate of registration is likely to expose consumers to a significant risk of harm based on a review of the application and any other information relating to the applicant's unlawful act or unfair practice described in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (b). The director shall send to the applicant and the county clerk a written decision listing the reasons registration shall be granted or denied within 30 days of the submission of the matter.

(f) If the director orders that the certificate of registration be granted, the applicant may resubmit the application, with the appropriate application fee and the written decision of the director. The county clerk shall grant the certificate of registration to the applicant within three business days of being supplied this information.

SEC. 9. Section 6407 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6407. (a) The county clerk shall maintain a register of legal document assistants, and a register of unlawful detainer assistants, assign a unique number to each legal document assistant, or unlawful detainer assistant, and issue an identification card to each one. Upon renewal of registration, the same number shall be assigned, provided that the applicant is renewing registration in the same county in which he or she was previously registered and there is no lapse of three or more years in the period of registration.

(b) The identification card shall be a card not less than three and one-quarter by two inches, and shall contain at the top, the title “Legal Document Assistant” or “Unlawful Detainer Assistant,” as appropriate, followed by the registrant’s name, address, registration number, date of expiration, and county of registration. It shall also contain a photograph of the registrant in the lower left corner. The identification card for a partnership or corporation registration shall be issued in the name of the partnership or corporation, and shall not contain a photograph. The front of the card, above the title, shall also contain the following statement in 12-point boldface type: “This person is not a lawyer.” The front of the card, at the bottom, shall also contain the following statement in 12-point boldface type: “The county clerk has not evaluated this person’s knowledge, experience, or services.”

SEC. 10. Section 6408 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6408. The registrant’s name, business address, telephone number, registration number, and county of registration shall appear in any solicitation or advertisement, and on any printed papers or documents prepared or used by the registrant, including, but not limited to, contracts, letterhead, business cards, correspondence, documents, forms, claims, petitions, checks, receipts, and pleadings. The registrant’s name, business address, telephone number, registration number, expiration date of the registration, and county of registration shall appear on the written contract required to be provided to a client pursuant to Section 6410, as well as on any Internet Web site maintained by the registrant, and in any solicitation, advertisement, document, or correspondence prepared or used by the registrant in electronic form.

SEC. 11. Section 6409.1 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

6409.1. Notwithstanding any other law, the venue for an action arising out of a dispute between a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant and his or her client shall be the county in which the client has his or her primary residence.

SEC. 12. Section 6410 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6410. (a) Every legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant who enters into a contract or agreement with a client to provide services shall, prior to providing any services, provide the client with a written contract, the contents of which shall be prescribed by regulations adopted by the Department of Consumer Affairs.

(b) The written contract shall include all of the following provisions:

- (1) The services to be performed.
- (2) The costs of the services to be performed.
- (3) The contact information of the county clerk’s office for the county in which the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant is registered, including the address, phone number, and, if available, Internet Web site.

(4) There shall be printed on the face of the contract in 12-point boldface type a statement that the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant is not an attorney and may not perform the legal services that an attorney performs.

(5) The contract shall contain a statement in 12-point boldface type that the county clerk has not evaluated or approved the registrant's knowledge or experience, or the quality of the registrant's services.

(6) The contract shall contain a statement in 12-point boldface type that the consumer may obtain information regarding free or low-cost representation through a local bar association or legal aid foundation and that the consumer may contact local law enforcement, a district attorney, or a legal aid foundation if the consumer believes that he or she has been a victim of fraud, the unauthorized practice of law, or any other injury.

(7) The contract shall contain a statement in 12-point boldface type that a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant is not permitted to engage in the practice of law, including providing any kind of advice, explanation, opinion, or recommendation to a consumer about possible legal rights, remedies, defenses, options, selection of forms, or strategies.

(c) The contract shall be written both in English and in any other language comprehended by the client and principally used in any oral sales presentation or negotiation leading to execution of the contract. The legal document assistant or the unlawful detainer assistant is responsible for translating the contract into the language principally used in any oral sales presentation or negotiation leading to the execution of the contract.

(d) A written contract entered into on or after January 1, 2016, shall contain a statement that, pursuant to Section 6409.1, the venue for an action arising out of a dispute between a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant and his or her client shall be the county in which the client has his or her primary residence.

(e) Failure of a legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant to comply with subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d) shall make the contract or agreement for services voidable at the option of the client. Upon the voiding of the contract, the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall immediately return in full any fees paid by the client.

(f) In addition to any other right to rescind, the client shall have the right to rescind the contract within 24 hours of the signing of the contract. The client may cancel the contract by giving the legal document assistant or the unlawful detainer assistant any written statement to the effect that the contract is canceled. If the client gives notice of cancellation by mail addressed to the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant, with first-class postage prepaid, cancellation is effective upon the date indicated on the postmark. Upon the voiding or rescinding of the contract or agreement for services, the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall immediately return to the client any fees paid by the client, except fees for services that were actually, necessarily, and reasonably performed on the client's behalf by the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant with the client's knowing and express written consent.

The requirements of this subdivision shall be conspicuously set forth in the written contract.

SEC. 13. Section 6410.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6410.5. (a) It is unlawful for any legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant, in the first contact with a prospective client of legal document or unlawful detainer assistant services, to enter into a contract or agreement for services or accept any compensation unless the legal document assistant or the unlawful detainer assistant states orally, clearly, affirmatively and expressly all of the following, before making any other statement, except statements required by law in telephonic or home solicitations, and a greeting, or asking the prospective client any questions:

- (1) The identity of the person making the solicitation.
- (2) The trade name of the person represented by the person making the solicitation, if any.
- (3) The kind of services being offered for sale.
- (4) The statement: “I am not an attorney” and, if the person offering legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant services is a partnership or a corporation, or uses a fictitious business name, “[name] is not a law firm. I/we cannot represent you in court, advise you about your legal rights or the law, or select legal forms for you.”
- (5) The county in which the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant is registered and his or her registration number.
- (6) The expiration date of the legal document assistant’s or unlawful detainer assistant’s current registration period.

(b) After the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant makes the oral statements required pursuant to subdivision (a), and before the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant enters into a contract or agreement for services or accept any compensation, the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall provide the prospective client with a “Notice to Consumer” set forth below. After allowing the prospective client time to read the notice, the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall ask the prospective client to sign and date the notice. If the first contact is not in person, the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall provide the notice to the prospective client at the first in-person meeting or mail the notice to the prospective client before entering into a contract or agreement for services or accepting any compensation. The notice shall be set forth in black, bold, 12-point type on a separate, white, 8 ½ by 11 inch sheet of paper which contains no other print or graphics, and shall be in the following form. The notice shall contain only the appropriate name or other designation from those indicated in brackets below. At the time a prospective client signs the notice and before that prospective client is offered any contract or agreement for signature, the legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall give the prospective client a clearly legible copy of the signed notice. A legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall not

ask or require a prospective client or a client to sign any other form of acknowledgment regarding this notice.

NOTICE TO CONSUMER

DO NOT SIGN ANYTHING BEFORE YOU READ THIS PAGE

In the first conversation when you contacted [the unlawful detainer assistant or the legal document assistant], did [he or she] explain  
.....

[Name of unlawful detainer assistant or legal document assistant] is not an attorney.

[Name of corporation or partnership, if any, that is offering legal document assistant services or unlawful detainer assistant services] is not a law firm.

[He/she/name of the business] cannot represent you in court.

[He/she/name of the business] cannot advise you about your legal rights or the law.

[He/she/name of the business] cannot select legal forms for you.

[He/she/name of the business] is registered in [county name] and the registration number is [registration number].

[He/she/name of the business]'s registration is valid until [date of expiration of registration], after which it must be renewed.

To confirm that [he/she/name of business] is registered, you may contact the [county name] clerk's office at [office address], [or] [office phone number], [or] [if available, office Internet Web site].

Choose one:

- Yes, [he/she] explained.
- No, [he/she] did not explain.

Date:

Signature:

(c) The legal document assistant or unlawful detainer assistant shall be responsible for translating, if necessary, the "Notice to Consumer" required

pursuant to subdivision (b) into the language principally used in any oral sales presentation or negotiation.

SEC. 14. Section 22355 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

22355. (a) The county clerk shall maintain a register of process servers and assign a number and issue an identification card to each process server. The county clerk shall issue a temporary identification card, for no additional fee, to applicants who are required to submit Request for Live Scan forms for background checks to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Department of Justice. This card shall be valid for 120 days. If clearance is received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Department of Justice within 120 days, the county clerk shall immediately issue a permanent identification card to the applicant. Upon request of the applicant, the permanent identification card shall be mailed to the applicant at his or her address of record. Upon renewal of a certificate of registration, the same number shall be assigned, provided that the applicant is renewing registration in the same county in which he or she was previously registered and there is no lapse of three or more years in the period of registration.

(b) The temporary and permanent identification cards shall be not less than 3 ¼ inches by 2 inches and shall contain at the top the title, "Registered Process Server," followed by the registrant's name, address, registration number, date of expiration, and county of registration. In the case of a natural person, it shall also contain a photograph of the registrant in the lower left corner. The identification card for a partnership or corporation registration shall be issued in the name of the partnership or corporation, and shall not contain a photograph.

SEC. 15. Section 22457 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

22457. (a) The county clerk shall maintain a register of professional photocopiers, assign a number to each professional photocopier, and issue an identification card to each one. Additional cards for employees of professional photocopiers shall be issued upon the payment of a fee for each card in an amount sufficient to cover the reasonable regulatory costs associated with the issuance of additional cards, as determined by the county clerk. Upon renewal of registration, the same number shall be assigned, provided that the applicant is renewing registration in the same county in which he or she was previously registered and there is no lapse of three or more years in the period of registration.

(b) The identification card shall be a card not less than three and one-quarter inches by two inches, and shall contain at the top the title, "Professional Photocopier" followed by the registrant's name, address, registration number, date of expiration, and county of registration. It shall also contain a photograph of the registrant in the lower left corner. The identification card for a partnership or corporation registration shall be issued in the name of the partnership or corporation, and shall not contain a photograph. The identification card for an employee of a professional

photocopier or a partnership or corporation shall contain a photograph of the employee in the lower left corner.

(c) The identification card for an employee of a professional photocopier or a partnership or corporation shall be issued in the name of the employee and include “Employee of: [insert name of the professional photocopier or the partnership or corporation].”

SEC. 16. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution for certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.