AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 23, 2015 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 16, 2015

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 615

Introduced by Assembly Member Rendon

February 24, 2015

An act to amend Section 189 of, and to add Section 79713.5 189.5 to, the Water Code, relating to water.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 615, as amended, Rendon. Drinking water and wastewater treatment: Office of Sustainable Water Solutions: technical assistance.

Existing law, the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, approved by the voters as Proposition 1 at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election, authorizes the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$7,545,000,000 to finance a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program. Proposition 1 makes available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, specified amounts of bond proceeds for grants and loans for projects that improve water quality or safe drinking water, for water recycling and advanced treatment technology projects, and for projects that prevent or clean up the contamination of groundwater, including providing technical assistance services to disadvantaged communities.

Existing law establishes the Office of Sustainable Water Solutions within the State Water Resources Control Board with the purpose of promoting permanent and sustainable drinking water and wastewater treatment solutions to ensure the effective and efficient provision of safe, clean, affordable, and reliable drinking water and wastewater

AB 615 -2-

treatment services. Existing law authorizes the office to take certain actions to further this purpose, including providing technical assistance to disadvantaged communities and small drinking water systems and wastewater systems.

This bill would specify the types of technical assistance services that may be provided for the purposes of these provisions. The bill by the office and would authorize the office, in collaboration with the California State University, office to establish and administer at least one "Center for Excellence" for the purpose of providing technical assistance to disadvantaged-communities in the region of the campus. communities. The bill would authorize, in establishing and administering the center, the office to collaborate with the California State University, the University of California, nonprofit organizations, and other organizations that can help further the purpose of the center and would require the state board to determine the number and location of centers, if any, that are necessary to adequately provide technical assistance to disadvantaged communities throughout the state. The bill would specify that a center may be funded by both public and private sources, including Proposition 1, but would require, if bond proceeds from that proposition or any other bond act are used, the office to separately account for those moneys. The bill would prohibit moneys from Proposition 1 to be used for the administration of a center. The bill would encourage the University of California to collaborate with the office to establish the center, develop a program similar to the center, or both.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 189 of the Water Code is amended to 2 read:
 - 189. (a) There is hereby established the Office of Sustainable Water Solutions within the state board, which may be administered by the state board as a separate organizational unit or within the state board's divisions or offices.
- 7 (b) The purpose of the office is to promote permanent and 8 sustainable drinking water and wastewater treatment solutions to 9 ensure the effective and efficient provision of safe, clean, affordable, and reliable drinking water and wastewater treatment

-3— AB 615

services. In furtherance of this purpose, the office may take, but is not limited to, all of the following actions:

- (1) Coordinating with and providing assistance to small drinking water systems, wastewater treatment systems, and disadvantaged communities without drinking water or wastewater treatment systems.
- (2) Promoting and facilitating regional drinking water and wastewater projects.
- (3) Promoting and facilitating regional solutions, including consolidation of existing water districts, expansion of existing water districts to serve communities unserved by public water systems and wastewater treatment systems, and extension of services to underserved communities and disadvantaged communities.
- (4) Advancing the delivery of affordable, safe drinking water to disadvantaged communities throughout the state.
- (5) Providing technical assistance to disadvantaged communities and small drinking water systems and wastewater systems. Technical assistance services include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 21 (A) Grant application assistance.
 - (B) Project development and management support.
- 23 (C) Engineering services.
- 24 (D) Financial management review and support.
- 25 (E) Environmental review.
- 26 (F) Operations and management review and support.
- (G) Legal assistance.

- 28 (H) Certification and training of wastewater treatment plant 29 operators.
 - (I) Facilitation of discussions within and between communities.
 - (J) Outreach and education in vulnerable communities.
 - (K) Income surveys and other assessments needed to qualify for funding programs.
 - (e) (1) The office, in collaboration with the California State University, may establish and administer at least one "Center For Excellence" at a California State University campus with the purpose of providing, through collaboration between California State University faculty and students of that campus, the engineering and other types of technical assistance described in

AB 615 —4—

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(2) The state board shall determine the number and the location of centers, if any, that are necessary to adequately provide technical assistance to disadvantaged communities throughout the state.

- (3) A center may be funded by both public and private sources, including, but not limited to, bond proceeds from the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014 (Division 26.7 (commencing with Section 79700)). If bond proceeds from that act are used, or from any other bond act, the office shall separately account for those moneys to ensure the bond moneys are properly utilized for their intended purposes. Bond proceeds from the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014 shall not be used for the administration of a center but may be used to provide technical assistance to disadvantaged communities.
- (4) The University of California is encouraged to develop, in collaboration with the office, a program similar to the one described in this subdivision.
- SEC. 2. Section 79713.5 is added to the Water Code, to read: 79713.5. For the purpose of providing technical assistance to disadvantaged communities pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 79720), 9 (commencing with Section 79765), or 10 (commencing with Section 79770), technical assistance services include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Grant application assistance.
- 25 (b) Project development and management support.
- 26 (c) Engineering services.
- 27 (d) Financial management review and support.
- 28 (e) Environmental review.
- 29 (f) Operations and management review and support.
 - (g) Legal assistance.
- 31 (h) Certification and training of wastewater treatment plant operators.
 - (i) Facilitation of discussions within and between communities.
 - (i) Outreach and education in vulnerable communities.
- (k) Income surveys and other assessments needed to qualify for
 funding programs.
- 37 SEC. 2. Section 189.5 is added to the Water Code, to read:
- 38 189.5. (a) The Office of Sustainable Water Solutions may 39 establish and administer at least one "Center For Excellence" at
- 40 a California State University campus with the purpose of providing

5 AB 615

engineering and other types of technical assistance described in Section 189. In establishing the center, the office may collaborate with the California State University, the University of California, nonprofit organizations, and other organizations that can help further the purpose of the center. Technical assistance may be provided by students, faculty, members of nonprofit organizations, and other persons with relevant expertise or knowledge, as deemed appropriate by the office.

(b) The state board shall determine the number and the location of centers, if any, that are necessary to adequately provide technical assistance to disadvantaged communities throughout the state.

- (c) A center may be funded by both public and private sources, including, but not limited to, bond proceeds from the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014 (Division 26.7 (commencing with Section 79700)). If bond proceeds from that act are used, or from any other bond act, the office shall separately account for those moneys to ensure the bond moneys are properly utilized for their intended purposes. Bond proceeds from the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014 shall not be used for the administration of a center but may be used to provide technical assistance to disadvantaged communities.
- (d) The University of California is encouraged to collaborate with the office to establish the center described in this section, develop a program similar to the center described in this section, or both.