### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 30, 2015

### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 20, 2015

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

# ASSEMBLY BILL

## No. 1335

Introduced by Assembly Member Atkins (Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Chau, Chiu, and Gordon) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Alejo, Bloom, Bonilla, Bonta, Cooper, Gonzalez, Lopez, Low, McCarty, Mullin, Rendon, Santiago, Mark Stone, Ting, and Weber) (Coauthor: Senator Hill)

February 27, 2015

An act to add Section 27388.1 to the Government Code, and to add Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 50470) to Part 2 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to housing, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1335, as amended, Atkins. Building Homes and Jobs Act.

Under existing law, there are programs providing assistance for, among other things, emergency housing, multifamily housing, farmworker housing, home ownership for very low and low-income households, and downpayment assistance for first-time homebuyers. Existing law also authorizes the issuance of bonds in specified amounts pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. Existing law requires that proceeds from the sale of these bonds be used to finance various existing housing programs, capital outlay related to infill development, brownfield cleanup that promotes infill development, and housing-related parks.

This bill would enact the Building Homes and Jobs Act. The bill would make legislative findings and declarations relating to the need for establishing permanent, ongoing sources of funding dedicated to affordable housing development. The bill would impose a fee, except as provided, of \$75 to be paid at the time of the recording of every real estate instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, per each single transaction per single parcel of real property, not to exceed \$225. By imposing new duties on counties with respect to the imposition of the recording fee, the bill would create a state-mandated local program. The bill would require that revenues from this fee, after deduction of any actual and necessary administrative costs incurred by the county recorder, be sent quarterly to the Department of Housing and Community Development for deposit in the Building Homes and Jobs Fund, which the bill would create within the State Treasury. The bill would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, require that 20% of the moneys in the fund be expended for affordable-homeowership activities owner-occupied workforce housing and authorize the remainder of the moneys in the fund to be expended for supporting to support affordable housing, home ownership opportunities, and other housing-related program, programs, and administrative costs, as specified. The bill would impose certain auditing and reporting requirements.

This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would create the Secretary of Housing within state government to oversee all activities related to housing in the state.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote:  $\frac{2}{3}$ . Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the Building Homes

2 and Jobs Act.

1 SEC. 2. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that having a 2 healthy housing market that provides an adequate supply of homes 3 affordable to Californians at all income levels is critical to the 4 economic prosperity and quality of life in the state.

5 (b) The Legislature further finds and declares all of the 6 following:

7 (1) Funding approved by the state's voters in 2002 and 2006, 8 as of June 2014, has financed the construction, rehabilitation, and 9 preservation of over 14,000 shelter spaces and 149,000 affordable 10 homes. These numbers include thousands of supportive homes for 11 people experiencing homelessness. In addition, these funds have 12 helped tens of thousands of families become or remain 13 homeowners. Nearly all of the voter-approved funding for 14 affordable housing was awarded by the beginning of 2015.

(2) The requirement in the Community Redevelopment Law
that redevelopment agencies set aside 20 percent of tax increment
for affordable housing generated roughly \$1 billion per year. With
the elimination of redevelopment agencies, this funding stream
has disappeared.

20 (3) In 2014, the Legislature committed 10 percent of ongoing 21 cap-and-trade funds for affordable housing that reduces greenhouse 22 gas emissions and dedicated \$100 million in one-time funding for 23 affordable multifamily and permanent supportive housing. In 24 addition, the people of California thoughtfully approved the 25 repurposing of \$600 million in already committed bond funds for 26 the creation of affordable rental and permanent supportive housing 27 for veterans through the passage of Proposition 41.

(4) Despite these investments, the need in the state of California
greatly exceeds the available resources, considering 36.2 percent
of mortgaged homeowners and 47.7 percent of all renters are
spending more than 35 percent of their household incomes on
housing.

(5) California has 12 percent of the United States population,
but 20 percent of its homeless population. California has the highest
percentage of unsheltered homeless in the nation, with 63 percent
of homeless Californians not having shelter. California has 24
percent of the nation's homeless veterans population and one-third

38 of the nations' chronically homeless population. California also

39 has the largest populations of unaccompanied homeless children

40 and youth, with 30 percent of the national total.

1 (6) Furthermore, four of the top 10 metropolitan areas in the 2 country with the highest rate of homelessness are in the following 3 metropolitan areas in California: San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara,

4 Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, Fresno, and Stockton.

5 (7) California continues to have the second lowest 6 homeownership rate in the nation, and the Los Angeles 7 metropolitan area is now a majority renter area. In fact, five of the 8 eight lowest homeownership rates are in metropolitan areas in 9 California.

(8) Los Angeles and Orange Counties have been identified as
the epicenter of overcrowded housing, and numerous studies have
shown that children in crowded homes have poorer health, worse
scores on mathematics and reading tests, and higher rates of
depression and behavioral problems—even when poverty is taken
into account.
(0) Millians of Californians are affected by the state's chronic

(9) Millions of Californians are affected by the state's chronic
housing shortage, including seniors, veterans, people experiencing
chronic homelessness, working families, people with mental,
physical, or developmental disabilities, agricultural workers, people
exiting jails, prisons, and other state institutions, survivors of
domestic violence, and former foster and transition-aged youth.

(10) Eight of the top 10 hardest hit cities by the foreclosure
crisis in the nation were in California. They include the Cities of
Stockton, Modesto, Vallejo, Riverside, San Bernardino, Merced,
Bakersfield, and Sacramento.

(11) California's workforce continues to experience longer
commute times as persons in the workforce seek affordable housing
outside the areas in which they work. If California is unable to
support the construction of affordable housing in these areas,
congestion problems will strain the state's transportation system
and exacerbate greenhouse gas emissions.

(12) Many economists agree that the state's higher than average
unemployment rate is due in large part to massive shrinkage in the
construction industry from 2005 to 2009, including losses of nearly
700,000 construction-related jobs, a 60-percent decline in
construction spending, and an 83-percent reduction in residential
permits. Restoration of a healthy construction sector will
significantly reduce the state's unemployment rate.

(13) The lack of sufficient housing impedes economic growth
and development by making it difficult for California employers
to attract and retain employees.

4 (14) To keep pace with continuing demand, the state should 5 identify and establish a permanent, ongoing source or sources of 6 funding dedicated to affordable housing development. Without a 7 reliable source of funding for housing affordable to the state's 8 workforce and most vulnerable residents, the state and its local 9 and private housing development partners will not be able to 10 continue increasing the supply of housing after existing housing 11 bond resources are depleted.

12 (15) The investment will leverage billions of dollars in private 13 investment, lessen demands on law enforcement and dwindling 14 health care resources as fewer people are forced to live on the 15 streets or in dangerous substandard buildings, and increase 16 businesses' ability to attract and retain skilled workers.

17 (16) In order to promote housing and homeownership 18 opportunities, the recording fee imposed by this act shall not be 19 applied to any recording made in connection with a sale of real 20 property. Purchasing a home is likely the largest purchase made 21 by Californians, and it is the intent of this act to not increase 22 transaction costs associated with these transfers.

23 SEC. 3. Section 27388.1 is added to the Government Code, to 24 read:

25 27388.1. (a) (1) Commencing January 1, 2016, and except as 26 provided in paragraph (2), in addition to any other recording fees 27 specified in this code, a fee of seventy-five dollars (\$75) shall be 28 paid at the time of recording of every real estate instrument, paper, 29 or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, except those 30 expressly exempted from payment of recording fees, per each 31 single transaction per parcel of real property. The fee imposed by 32 this section shall not exceed two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225). "Real estate instrument, paper, or notice" means a 33 34 document relating to real property, including including, but not *limited to*, the following: deed, grant deed, trustee's deed, deed of 35 36 trust, reconveyance, quit claim deed, fictitious deed of trust, 37 assignment of deed of trust, request for notice of default, abstract 38 of judgment, subordination agreement, declaration of homestead, 39 abandonment of homestead, notice of default, release or discharge, 40 easement, notice of trustee sale, notice of completion, UCC

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1	financing statement, mechanic's lien, maps, and covenants,
2	conditions, and restrictions.
3	(2) The fee described in paragraph (1) shall not be imposed on
4	any real estate instrument, paper, or notice recorded in connection
5	with a transfer subject to the imposition of a documentary transfer
6	tax as defined in Section 11911 of the Revenue and Taxation Code
7	or on any real estate instrument, paper, or notice recorded in
8	connection with a transfer of real property that is a residential
9	dwelling to an owner-occupier.
10	(b) The fees, after deduction of any actual and necessary
11	administrative costs incurred by the county recorder in carrying
12	out this section, shall be remitted quarterly, on or before the last
13	day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period,
14	to the Department of Housing and Community Development for
15	deposit in the California Homes and Jobs Trust Fund established
16	by Section 50470 of the Health and Safety Code, to be expended
17	for the purposes set forth in that section. In addition, the county
18	shall pay to the Department of Housing and Community
19	Development interest, at the legal rate, on any funds not paid to
20	the Controller before the last day of the month next succeeding
21	each quarterly period.
22	SEC. 4. Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 50470) is added
23	to Part 2 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:
24	
25	Chapter 2.5. Building Homes and Jobs Act
26	
27	Article 1. General Provisions
28	
29	50470. (a) (1) There is hereby created in the State Treasury
30	the Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund. All interest or other
31	increments resulting from the investment of moneys in the fund
32	shall be deposited in the fund, notwithstanding Section 16305.7
33	of the Government Code.
34	(2) Moneys in the Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund shall
35	not be subject to transfer to any other fund pursuant to any
36	provision of Part 2 (commencing with Section 16300) of Division
37	4 of Title 2 of the Government Code, except to the Surplus Money
38	Investment Fund. Upon appropriation by the Legislature:

1 (A) Twenty percent of moneys in the fund shall be expended 2 for affordable homeownership activities. *owner-occupied workforce* 3 *housing*.

- 4 (B) The remainder of the moneys in the fund may be expended 5 for the following purposes:
- 6 (i) The development, acquisition, rehabilitation, and preservation
- 7 of rental housing that is affordable to extremely low, very low,

8 low-, and moderate-income households, including necessary9 operating subsidies.

(ii) Affordable rental and ownership housing that meets theneeds of a growing workforce up to 120 percent of area medianincome.

- (iii) Matching portions of funds placed into local or regionalhousing trust funds.
- 15 (iv) Matching portions of funds available through the Low and
- 16 Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund pursuant to subdivision (d)
- 17 of Section 34176 of the Health and Safety Code.

18 (v) Capitalized reserves for services connected to the creation

- 19 of new permanent supportive housing, including, but not limited 20 to, developments funded through the Veterans Housing and
- 21 Homelessness Prevention Program.
- 22 (vi) Emergency shelters, transitional housing, and rapid 23 rehousing.
- 24 (vii) Accessibility modifications.
- (viii) Efforts to acquire and rehabilitate foreclosed or vacanthomes.
- (xi) Homeownership opportunities, including, but not limitedto, down payment assistance.
- 29 (xii) To the department for the administration of housing
- 30 programs that receive an appropriation from the fund. Moneys 31 expended for this purpose shall not exceed 5 percent of the moneys
- 32 in the fund.
- 33 (b) Both of the following shall be paid and deposited in the 34 fund:
- (1) Any moneys appropriated and made available by theLegislature for purposes of the fund.
- 37 (2) Any other moneys that may be made available to the
- department for the purposes of the fund from any other source orsources.

1 50470.5. For purposes of this chapter, "department" means the 2 Department of Housing and Community Development. 3 50470.7. The Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund Governing 4 Board is hereby established. The governing board shall consist of 5 not less than two real estate licensees, one from northen California and one from southern California, each with not less than 10 years 6 7 of real estate experience and membership in a real estate trade 8 organization with not less than 20,000 licensees. The governing 9 board shall include a local government official from northern and 10 southern California, and a representative from the northern and southern California home building industry, all of whom shall be 11 12 appointed by the Governor. The governing board shall also include two public members each from northern, central, and southern 13 California. Three of the public members shall be appointed by the 14 15 Speaker of the Assembly and three shall be appointed by President pro Tempore of the Senate. 16 17 50471. (a) In order to maximize efficiency and address 18 comprehensive needs, the department, in consultation with the 19 California Housing Finance Agency, the California Tax Credit 20 Allocation Committee, and the California Debt Limit Allocation 21 Committee, shall develop and submit to the Legislature, at the time 22 of the Department of Finance's adjustments to the proposed 23 2015–16 fiscal year budget pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 13308 of the Government Code, the Building Homes and Jobs 24 25 Investment Strategy. Notwithstanding Section 10231.5 of the Government Code, commencing with the 2020-21 fiscal year, and 26 27 every five years thereafter, concurrent with the release of the 28 Governor's proposed budget, the department shall update the 29 investment strategy and submit it to the Legislature. The governing 30 board established in Section 50470.7 shall review and advise the 31 department regarding the investment strategy prior to its 32 submission to the Legislature. The investment strategy shall do 33 all of the following: 34 (1) Identify the statewide needs, goals, objectives, and outcomes 35 for housing for a five-year time period. Goals should include targets 36 of the total number of affordable homes created and preserved

37 with the funds.

38 (2) Promote a geographically balanced distribution of funds

39 including consideration of a direct allocation of funds to local

40 governments.

1 (3) Emphasize investments that serve households that are at or 2 below 60 percent of area median income.

3 (4) Meet the following minimum objectives:

4 (A) Encourage economic development and job creation by 5 helping to meet the housing needs of a growing workforce up to 6 120 percent of area median income.

7 (B) Identify opportunities for coordination among state 8 departments and agencies to achieve greater efficiencies, increase 9 the amount of federal investment in production, services, and 10 operating costs of housing, and promote energy efficiency in 11 housing produced.

12 (C) Incentivize the use and coordination of nontraditional 13 funding sources including philanthropic funds, local realignment 14 funds, nonhousing tax increment, the federal Patient Protection 15 and Affordable Care Act, and other resources.

16 (D) Incentivize innovative approaches that produce cost savings

to local and state services by reducing the instability of housingfor frequent, high-cost users of hospitals, jails, detoxificationfacilities, psychiatric hospitals, and emergency shelters.

20 (b) Before submitting the Building Homes and Jobs Investment

21 Strategy to the Legislature, the department shall hold at least four

22 public workshops in different regions of the state to further inform

23 the development of the investment strategy.

(c) The department shall form an advisory body of experts and
stakeholders to help develop the Building Homes and Jobs
Investment Strategy, including, but not limited to, representatives
from the banking and financial sector, real estate sector, real estate
and housing developers, and homeless service providers.

29 (d) Expenditure requests contained in the Governor's proposed

30 budget shall be consistent with the Building Homes and Jobs

31 Investment Strategy developed and submitted pursuant to this part.

32 Moneys in the Building Homes and Jobs Act Fund shall be

33 appropriated through the annual Budget Act.

34 (e) The Building Homes and Jobs Investment Strategy and

35 updates required by this section shall be submitted pursuant to

36 Section 9795 of the Government Code.

#### 1 Article 2. Audits and Reporting 2 3 50475. The California State Auditor's Office shall conduct 4 periodic audits to ensure that the annual allocation to individual 5 programs is awarded by the department in a timely fashion consistent with the requirements of this chapter. The first audit 6 7 shall be conducted no later than 24 months from the effective date 8 of this section. 9 50476. (a) In its annual report to the Legislature pursuant to 10 Section 50408, the department shall report how funds that were made available pursuant to this chapter and allocated in the prior 11 12 year were expended, including efforts to promote a geographically 13 balanced distribution of funds. The report shall also assess the 14 impact of the investment on job creation and the economy. With 15 respect to any awards made specifically to house or support persons who are homeless or at-risk of homelessness, the report shall 16 17 include an analysis of the effectiveness of the funding in allowing 18 these households to retain permanent housing. The department 19 shall make the report available to the public on its Internet Web 20 site. 21 (b) (1) In the report, the department shall make a determination 22 of whether any of the moneys derived from fees collected pursuant 23 to Section 27388.1 of the Government Code are being allocated by the state for any purpose not authorized by Section 50470 and 24 25 shall share the information with the county recorders. 26 (2) If the department determines that any moneys derived from 27 fees collected pursuant to Section 27388.1 of the Government 28 Code are being allocated by the state for a purpose not authorized 29 by Section 50470, the county recorders shall, upon notice of the 30 determination, immediately cease collection of the fees imposed 31 by Section 27388.1 of the Government Code, and shall resume 32 collection of those fees only upon notice that the moneys derived from fees collected pursuant to Section 23788.1 of the Government 33 34 Code are being allocated by the state only for a purpose authorized 35 by Section 50470.

36 SEC. 5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the housing
37 market plays a critical role in the functioning of the California
38 economy.

39 (b) The Legislature further finds and declares all of the40 following:

1 (1) The need for housing is something every Californian 2 encounters.

3 (2) Adequate and stable housing is a crucial component of all4 Californians' quality of life.

5 (3) The expenditure for housing is one of the largest expenses 6 all Californians undertake in their day-to-day lives.

7 (4) Housing and housing-related activities are of such significant
8 importance to the state that it warrants a clear and unified voice
9 in state government.

10 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that 11 would create a Secretary of Housing within state government to 12 oversee all activities related to housing in the state. In creating this 13 position, it is the intent of the Legislature that all professional 14 entities that play a role in the housing market would be authorized 15 to be incorporated in order to have a clearer and more unified 16 approach to housing in California.

SEC. 6. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because
a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service
charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or
level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section

22 17556 of the Government Code.

23 SEC. 7. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the

24 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within

25 the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into

26 immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

27 In order to provide affordable housing opportunities at the earliest

28 possible time, it is necessary for this act to take effect immediately.

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