No. 26

## **Introduced by Senator Hernandez**

December 1, 2014

An act to add Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 127670) to Part 2 of Division 107 of, and to repeal the heading of Chapter 8 (formerly commencing with Section 127670) of Part 2 of Division 107 of, the Health and Safety Code, relating to health care.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 26, as amended, Hernandez. California Health Care Cost and Quality Database.

Existing law establishes health care coverage programs to provide health care to segments of the population meeting specified criteria who are otherwise unable to afford health care coverage and provides for the licensure and regulation of health insurers and health care service plans.

This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to establish a system to provide valid, timely, and comprehensive health care performance information that is publicly available and can be used to improve the safety, appropriateness, and medical effectiveness of health care, and to provide care that is safe, medically effective, patient-centered, timely, affordable, and equitable. The bill would require the Secretary of California Health and Human Services to, no later than January 1, 2017, enter into a contract with one or more independent, nonprofit organizations to administer the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database. The bill would require the secretary to include specified terms in that contract or contracts, including, among others, that the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care

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Cost and Quality Database develop methodologies relating to the submission of health care data by health care entities. The bill would require certain health care entities, including health care service plans, to provide specified information to the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database. The bill would authorize the nonprofit organization or organizations to report a health care entity that fails to comply with that requirement to the health care entity's regulating agency, and would authorize the regulating agency to enforce that requirement using its existing enforcement procedures.

The bill would require all data disclosures made pursuant to these provisions to comply with all applicable state and federal laws for the protection of the privacy and security of data and would prohibit the public disclosure of any unaggregated, individually identifiable health information. The bill would require that certain confidentially negotiated contract terms be protected in data disclosures made pursuant to these provisions and would prohibit certain individually identifiable proprietary contract information from being disclosed in an unaggregated format. The bill would require the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database to receive, process, maintain, and analyze information from specified data sources, including, among others, disease and chronic condition registries. The bill would require, no later than January 1, 2019, the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database to publicly make available a web-based, searchable database and would require that database to be updated regularly. The bill would prohibit implementation and ongoing administration costs of the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database from being paid using General Fund moneys.

This bill would also require the secretary to convene a review committee composed of a broad spectrum of health care stakeholders and experts, as specified, to, among other things, develop the parameters for establishing, implementing, and administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database. The bill would require the secretary to arrange for the preparation of an annual report to the Legislature and the Governor that examines and addresses specified issues, including, among others, containing the cost of health care services and coverage. The bill would provide that the commission not be convened until the Director of Finance has determined that sufficient private or federal funds have been received and appropriated for that purpose, and that

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members of the committee not receive a per diem or travel expense reimbursement, or any other expense reimbursement.

Existing constitutional provisions require that a statute that limits the right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies be adopted with findings demonstrating the interest protected by the limitation and the need for protecting that interest.

This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

SECTION 1. The heading of Chapter 8 (formerly commencing with Section 127670) of Part 2 of Division 107 of the Health and Safety Code, as amended by Section 230 of Chapter 183 of the Statutes of 2004, is repealed.

SEC. 2. Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 127670) is added to Part 2 of Division 107 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

Chapter 8. California Health Care Cost and Quality **DATABASE** 

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127670. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish a system to provide valid, timely, and comprehensive health care performance information that is publicly available and can be used to improve the safety, appropriateness, and medical effectiveness of health care, and to provide care that is patient-centered, timely, affordable, and equitable. It is also the intent of the Legislature to grant access to provider performance information to consumers and purchasers in order for them to understand the potential financial consequences and liabilities and obtain maximum quality and value and to minimize health disparities in health care services.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature, by making cost and quality data available, to encourage health care service plans, health insurers, and providers to develop innovative approaches, services, and programs that may have the potential to deliver health care that is both cost effective and responsive to the needs of enrollees. enrollees, including recognizing the diversity of California and the impact of social determinants of health.

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127671. (a) The Secretary of California Health and Human 2 Services shall, no later than January 1, 2017, use a competitive 3 process to contract with one or more independent, nonprofit 4 organizations in order to administer the California Health Care 5 Cost and Quality Database. This competitive process and any requests for proposal shall be publicly posted on the agency's 6 7 Internet Web site for a minimum of 30 days for public review and 8 comment. A contract entered into pursuant to this section is exempt from Part 2 (commencing with Section 10100) of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code, and is exempt from review or approval 10 by any division of the Department of General Services.

- (b) The secretary shall include as a term in the contract or contracts entered into pursuant to subdivision (a) all of the following:
- (1) A requirement that the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Ouality Database do all of the following:
- (A) Establish, implement, and administer the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database in accordance with parameters developed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 127672.
- (B) Develop methodologies for the collection, validation, refinement, analysis, comparison, review, reporting, and improvement of health care data, including, but not limited to, data from fee-for-service, capitated, and other alternative, value-based, payment sources, submitted by health care entities that are validated, recognized as reliable, and meet industry and research standards.
- (C) Receive information, as described in this section, from health care entities and report that information in a form that allows valid comparisons across care delivery systems.
- (D) Ensure that the database has the capacity to map to other data sets, including public health data sets on morbidity and mortality, including data sets from the federal Centers for Disease Control, the State Department of Public Health, and other data sets with data regarding the social determinants of health.

<del>(D)</del>

(E) Comply with the requirements governing provider and supplier requests for error correction established pursuant to Section 401.717 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations \_5\_ SB 26

for all claims data received, including, but not limited to, data from sources other than Medicare.

- (2) A prohibition on the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database from doing either of the following:
- (A) Using the data received during the execution of the contract for any purpose not specified in this chapter or in the contract.
- (B) Receiving funding from any other source to accomplish the same purposes sought to be accomplished under this chapter unless funding is received from another nonprofit or government source and is for the purpose of research or education.
- (3) A requirement that the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database identify, in accordance with this section, the type of data, purpose of use, and entities and individuals that are required to report to, or that may have access to, the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database. An entity or individual shall not be required to report to, and shall not have access to, the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database until the review committee established pursuant to Section 127672 has approved the nonprofit organization or organizations determination.
- (c) (1) For the purpose of developing information for inclusion in the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database, a health care service plan, including a specialized health care service plan, an insurer licensed to provide health insurance, as defined in Section 106 of the Insurance Code, a self-insured employer, a supplier, as defined in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 1367.50, or a provider, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 1367.50, shall, and a multiemployer self-insured plan that is responsible for paying for health care services provided to beneficiaries and the trust administrator for a multiemployer self-insured plan may, provide—both all of the following to the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database:
- (A) Utilization data from the health care service plans' and insurers' medical, dental, and pharmacy claims or, in the case of entities that do not use claims data, including, but not limited to, integrated delivery systems, encounter data consistent with the core set of data elements for data submission proposed by the

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APCD Council, the University of New Hampshire, and the National
Association of Health Data Organizations.

- (B) Pricing information for health care items, services, and medical and surgical episodes of care gathered from allowed charges for covered health care items and services or, in the case of entities that do not use or produce individual claims, price information that is the best possible proxy to pricing information for health care items, services, and medical and surgical episodes of care available in lieu of actual cost data—so to allow for meaningful comparisons of provider prices and treatment costs.
- (C) Information sufficient to determine the impacts of social determinants of health, including age, gender, race, ethnicity, limited English proficiency, sexual orientation and gender identity, ZIP Code, and any other factors for which there is peer-reviewed evidence.
- (2) (A) The nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database may report an entity's failure to comply with paragraph (1) to the entity's regulating agency.
- (B) The regulating agency of an entity described in paragraph (1) may enforce paragraph (1) using its existing enforcement procedures. Notwithstanding any other law, moneys collected pursuant to this authorization shall be subject to appropriation by the Legislature, and the failure to comply with paragraph (1) shall not be a crime.
- (d) (1) All uses and disclosures of data made pursuant to this section shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws for the protection of the privacy and security of data, including, but not limited to, the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act (Part 2.6 (commencing with Section 56)) of Division 1 of the Civil Code), the Information Practices Act (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, Title 1.81 (commencing with Section 1798.80) of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191) and the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, Title XIII of the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5), and implementing regulations.
- (2) (A) All policies and protocols developed in the performance of the contract shall ensure that the privacy, security, and

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confidentiality of individually identifiable health information is protected. The nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database shall not publicly disclose any unaggregated, individually identifiable health information and shall develop a protocol for assessing the risk of reidentification stemming from public disclosure of any health information that is aggregated, individually identifiable health information.

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- (B) For the purposes of this paragraph, "individually identifiable health information" has the same meaning as in Section 160.103 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (3) Confidentially negotiated contract terms contained in a contract between a health care service plan or insurer and a provider or supplier shall be protected in any public disclosure of data made pursuant to this section. Individually identifiable proprietary contract information included in a contract between a health care service plan or insurer and a provider or supplier shall not be disclosed in an unaggregated format.
- (e) (1) The nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database shall receive, process, maintain, and analyze information from data sources, including, but not limited to, data received pursuant to subdivision (c), claims from private and public payers, disease and chronic condition registries, third-party surveys of quality and patient satisfaction, reviews by licensing and accrediting bodies, and local and regional public health data. Aggregated payer and provider performance on validated measures of clinical quality and patient experience, such as measures from the Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) and Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS), shall be collected from accrediting organizations, including, but not limited to, the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), URAC, and the Joint Commission.
- (2) The nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database shall include in an analysis performed pursuant to paragraph (1), but shall not be limited-to; to including, all of the following:
- (A) Population-level data on prevention, screening, and wellness utilization.

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(B) Population-level data on behavioral and medical risk factors, interventions, and outcomes.

- (C) Population-level data on chronic conditions, management, and outcomes.
- (D) Population-level data on trends in utilization of procedures for treatment of similar conditions to evaluate medical appropriateness.
- (E) Facility and physician organization risk adjusted performance information measures on the quality, efficiency, and outcomes of care that are aligned with national efforts, including, but not limited to, those of the National Quality Forum, related to defining cost and quality measures. Measures shall be publicly reported without risk adjustment for sociodemographic factors and shall also be risk adjusted for sociodemographic factors if peer-reviewed literature indicates an association between health outcomes and a sociodemographic factor or factors.
- (F) Data that permits consideration of socioeconomic status and disparities in care due to race, ethnicity, gender, *limited English proficiency, ZIP Code*, sexual orientation,—and gender—identity. identity, and other factors for which there is peer-reviewed evidence of a relationship between a social determinant of health and health outcomes.
- (f) No later than January 1, 2019, the nonprofit organization or organizations administering the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database shall make publicly available a web-based, searchable database. The database shall include the information and analysis described in subdivision (e). The information and analysis included in the database shall be presented in a way that facilitates comparisons of cost, quality, and satisfaction across payers, provider organizations, and other suppliers of health care services. This public database shall be regularly updated to reflect new data submissions.
- (g) Implementation and ongoing administration costs of the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database shall not be paid using General Fund moneys.
- 127672. (a) The Secretary of California Health and Human Services shall convene a review committee, composed of a broad spectrum of health care stakeholders and experts, including, but not limited to, representatives of the entities that are required to provide information pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 127671

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1 and representatives of purchasers, including, but not limited to,

- 2 businesses, organized labor, and consumers, to develop the
- 3 parameters for the establishment, implementation, and ongoing
- 4 administration of the California Health Care Cost and Quality
- 5 Database, including a business plan for sustainability without using
- 6 moneys from the General Fund, and to approve the determinations
- 7 described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 127671.
- 8 The review committee shall hold public meetings with
- 9 stakeholders, solicit input, and set its own meeting agendas.
- 10 Meetings of the review committee are subject to the Bagley-Keene
- Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120)
- 12 of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government
- 13 Code).

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- (b) The secretary shall arrange for the preparation of an annual report to the Legislature and the Governor, to be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code, based on the findings of the review committee, including input from the public meetings, that shall, at a minimum, examine and address the following issues:
- (1) Assessing California health care needs and available resources.
  - (2) Containing the cost of health care services and coverage.
- (3) Improving the quality and medical appropriateness of health care.
- 25 (4) Reducing health disparities and addressing the social 26 determinants of health.
- 27 (4)
- 28 (5) Increasing the transparency of health care costs and the relative efficiency with which care is delivered.
- 30 <del>(5)</del>
  - (6) Use of disease management, wellness, prevention, and other innovative programs to keep people healthy and reduce disparities and costs and improving health outcomes for all populations.
- 34 (6)
- 35 (7) Efficient utilization of prescription drugs and technology.
- 36 <del>(7)</del>
- 37 (8) Reducing unnecessary, inappropriate, and wasteful health 38 care.
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- 40 (9) Educating consumers in the use of health care information.

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- (10) Using existing data sources to build the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database.
- (c) The review committee established pursuant to this section shall not be convened until the Director of Finance has determined that sufficient private or federal funds have been received and that the funds have been appropriated for that purpose. The review committee shall continue to function for as long as the Department of Finance has determined that the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database is established and is being administered.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other law, the members of the review committee shall receive no per diem or travel expense reimbursement, or any other expense reimbursement.
- SEC. 3. The Legislature finds and declares that Section 2 of this act, which adds Section 127671 to the Health and Safety Code, imposes a limitation on the public's right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies within the meaning of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution. Pursuant to that constitutional provision, the Legislature makes the following findings to demonstrate the interest protected by this limitation and the need for protecting that interest:
- In order to protect confidential and proprietary information submitted to the California Health Care Cost and Quality Database, it is necessary for that information to remain confidential.