

**Introduced by Senator Leyva**

February 19, 2015

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An act to amend Section 290.03 of the Penal Code, relating to registered sex offenders.

**LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST**

SB 267, as introduced, Leyva. Registered sex offenders: local ordinances.

Existing law, the Sex Offender Registration Act, requires persons convicted of specified sex offenses to register with local authorities for life while residing, located, attending school, or working in California. Existing law, as adopted by the voters by the passage of Proposition 83 at the November 7, 2006, statewide general election, prohibits a person who is required to register as a sex offender from living in specified places, including within 2,000 feet of a school or park where children regularly gather. Existing law authorizes municipal jurisdictions to enact local ordinances that further restrict the residency of the registered sex offender. Existing law makes it a misdemeanor for a person who is on parole for specified sex offenses to enter any park where children regularly gather without express permission from the person's parole agent.

This bill would state that a local agency is not preempted by state law from enacting and enforcing an ordinance that restricts a registered sex offender from residing or being present at certain locations within the local agency's jurisdiction. The bill would authorize a local agency to adopt ordinances, rules, or regulations that are more restrictive than state law relating to a registered sex offender's ability to reside or be present at certain locations within the local agency's jurisdiction.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.  
State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1     SECTION 1. Section 290.03 of the Penal Code is amended to  
2     read:  
3     290.03. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that a  
4     comprehensive system of risk assessment, supervision, monitoring  
5     and containment for registered sex offenders residing in California  
6     communities is necessary to enhance public safety and reduce the  
7     risk of recidivism posed by these offenders. The Legislature further  
8     affirms and incorporates the following findings and declarations,  
9     previously reflected in its enactment of “Megan’s Law”:  
10    (1) Sex offenders pose a potentially high risk of committing  
11    further sex offenses after release from incarceration or commitment,  
12    and the protection of the public from reoffending by these offenders  
13    is a paramount public interest.  
14    (2) It is a compelling and necessary public interest that the public  
15    have information concerning persons convicted of offenses  
16    involving unlawful sexual behavior collected pursuant to Sections  
17    290 and 290.4 to allow members of the public to adequately protect  
18    themselves and their children from these persons.  
19    (3) Persons convicted of these offenses involving unlawful  
20    sexual behavior have a reduced expectation of privacy because of  
21    the public’s interest in public safety.  
22    (4) In balancing the offenders’ due process and other rights  
23    against the interests of public security, the Legislature finds that  
24    releasing information about sex offenders under the circumstances  
25    specified in the Sex Offender Punishment, Control, and  
26    Containment Act of 2006 will further the primary-~~government~~  
27    ~~governmental~~ interest of protecting vulnerable populations from  
28    potential harm.  
29    (5) The registration of sex offenders, the public release of  
30    specified information about certain sex offenders pursuant to  
31    Sections 290 and 290.4, and public notice of the presence of certain  
32    ~~high-risk~~ *high-risk* sex offenders in communities will further the  
33    governmental interests of public safety and public scrutiny of the  
34    criminal and mental health systems that deal with these offenders.

1 (6) To protect the safety and general welfare of the people of  
2 this state, it is necessary to provide for continued registration of  
3 sex offenders, for the public release of specified information  
4 regarding certain more serious sex offenders, and for community  
5 notification regarding ~~high-risk~~ *high-risk* sex offenders who are  
6 about to be released from custody or who already reside in  
7 communities in this state. This policy of authorizing the release  
8 of necessary and relevant information about serious and ~~high-risk~~  
9 *high-risk* sex offenders to members of the general public is a means  
10 of assuring public protection and shall not be construed as punitive.

11 (7) The Legislature also declares, however, that in making  
12 information available about certain sex offenders to the public, it  
13 does not intend that the information be used to inflict retribution  
14 or additional punishment on any person convicted of a sex offense.  
15 While the Legislature is aware of the possibility of misuse, it finds  
16 that the dangers to the public of nondisclosure far outweigh the  
17 risk of possible misuse of the information. The Legislature is  
18 further aware of studies in Oregon and Washington indicating that  
19 community notification laws and public release of similar  
20 information in those states have resulted in little criminal misuse  
21 of the information and that the enhancement to public safety has  
22 been significant.

23 (b) In enacting the Sex Offender Punishment, Control, and  
24 Containment Act of 2006, the Legislature hereby creates a  
25 standardized, statewide system to identify, assess, monitor and  
26 contain known sex offenders for the purpose of reducing the risk  
27 of recidivism posed by these offenders, thereby protecting victims  
28 and potential victims from future harm.

29 (c) (1) *A local agency is not preempted by state law from*  
30 *enacting and enforcing an ordinance that restricts a person*  
31 *required to register pursuant to Section 290 from residing or being*  
32 *present at certain locations within the local agency's jurisdiction.*

33 (2) *A local agency may adopt ordinances, rules, or regulations*  
34 *that are more restrictive than state law relating to a person's*  
35 *ability to reside or be present at certain locations within the local*  
36 *agency's jurisdiction when the person is required to register*  
37 *pursuant to Section 290.*

1     (3) *For purposes of this subdivision, “local agency” means a*  
2     *city, county, or city and county.*

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