AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 21, 2015

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 6, 2015

No. 267

Introduced by Senator Leyva (Coauthor: Assembly Member Steinorth)

February 19, 2015

An act to amend Section 290.03 of the Penal Code, relating to registered sex offenders.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 267, as amended, Leyva. Registered sex offenders: local ordinances.

Existing law, the Sex Offender Registration Act, requires persons convicted of specified sex offenses to register with local authorities for life while residing, located, attending school, or working in California. Existing law, as adopted by the voters by the passage of Proposition 83 at the November 7, 2006, statewide general election, prohibits a person who is required to register as a sex offender from living in specified places, including within 2,000 feet of a school or park where children regularly gather. Existing law authorizes municipal jurisdictions to enact local ordinances that further restrict the residency of the registered sex offender. Existing law makes it a misdemeanor for a person who is on parole for specified sex offenses to enter any park where children regularly gather without express permission from the person's parole agent.

This bill would state that a local agency is not preempted by state law from enacting and enforcing an ordinance that restricts a registered sex offender who is required to register for an offense committed against a minor from residing or being present at schools, parks, day care

centers, or other locations where children regularly gather within the local agency's jurisdiction. The bill would authorize a local agency to adopt ordinances, rules, or regulations that are more restrictive than state law relating to a registered sex offender's ability to reside or be present at those locations within the local agency's jurisdiction if the person is required to register for an offense committed against a minor.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 290.03 of the Penal Code is amended to 2 read:

290.03. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that a
comprehensive system of risk assessment, supervision, monitoring,
and containment for registered sex offenders residing in California
communities is necessary to enhance public safety and reduce the
risk of recidivism posed by these offenders. The Legislature further
affirms and incorporates the following findings and declarations,
previously reflected in its enactment of "Megan's Law":

(1) Sex offenders pose a potentially high risk of committing
further sex offenses after release from incarceration or commitment,
and the protection of the public from reoffending by these offenders

13 is a paramount public interest.

(2) It is a compelling and necessary public interest that the public
have information concerning persons convicted of offenses
involving unlawful sexual behavior collected pursuant to Sections
290 and 290.4 to allow members of the public to adequately protect
themselves and their children from these persons.

(3) Persons convicted of these offenses involving unlawfulsexual behavior have a reduced expectation of privacy because ofthe public's interest in public safety.

22 (4) In balancing the offenders' due process and other rights 23 against the interests of public security, the Legislature finds that 24 releasing information about sex offenders under the circumstances 25 specified in the Sex Offender Punishment, Control, and 26 Containment Act of 2006 will further the primary governmental 27 interest of protecting vulnerable populations from potential harm. 28 (5) The registration of sex offenders, the public release of 29 specified information about certain sex offenders pursuant to

1 Sections 290 and 290.4, and public notice of the presence of certain 2 high-risk sex offenders in communities will further the 3 governmental interests of public safety and public scrutiny of the 4 criminal and mental health systems that deal with these offenders. 5 (6) To protect the safety and general welfare of the people of 6 this state, it is necessary to provide for continued registration of 7 sex offenders, for the public release of specified information 8 regarding certain more serious sex offenders, and for community 9 notification regarding high-risk sex offenders who are about to be 10 released from custody or who already reside in communities in 11 this state. This policy of authorizing the release of necessary and 12 relevant information about serious and high-risk sex offenders to 13 members of the general public is a means of ensuring public 14 protection and shall not be construed as punitive.

15 (7) The Legislature also declares, however, that in making 16 information available about certain sex offenders to the public, it 17 does not intend that the information be used to inflict retribution 18 or additional punishment on any person convicted of a sex offense. 19 While the Legislature is aware of the possibility of misuse, it finds 20 that the dangers to the public of nondisclosure far outweigh the 21 risk of possible misuse of the information. The Legislature is 22 further aware of studies in Oregon and Washington indicating that 23 community notification laws and public release of similar 24 information in those states have resulted in little criminal misuse 25 of the information and that the enhancement to public safety has 26 been significant.

(b) In enacting the Sex Offender Punishment, Control, and
Containment Act of 2006, the Legislature hereby creates a
standardized, statewide system to identify, assess, monitor and
contain known sex offenders for the purpose of reducing the risk
of recidivism posed by these offenders, thereby protecting victims
and potential victims from future harm.

(c) (1) A local agency is not preempted by state law from
enacting and enforcing an ordinance that restricts a person required
to register pursuant to Section 290 for an offense committed against
a minor from residing or being present at schools, parks, day care
centers, or other locations where children regularly gather within
the local agency's jurisdiction.

39 (2) A local agency may adopt ordinances, rules, or regulations40 that are more restrictive than state law relating to a person's ability

- 1 to reside or be present at schools, parks, day care centers, or other
- 2 locations where children regularly gather within the local agency's
- 3 jurisdiction when the person is required to register pursuant to
- 4 Section 290 for an offense committed against a minor.
- 5 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "local agency" means a
- 6 city, county, or city and county.

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