AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 24, 2016 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 16, 2016 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 16, 2015 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 8, 2015 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 1, 2015 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 13, 2015 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 29, 2015 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 13, 2015

SENATE BILL

No. 322

Introduced by Senator Leno

February 23, 2015

An act to amend Section 47605 of the Education Code, relating to charter schools.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 322, as amended, Leno. Charter schools: pupils: suspension and expulsion: admissions.

(1) The Charter Schools Act of 1992 (the act) permits teachers and parents to petition the governing board of a school district to approve a charter school to operate independently from the existing school district structure as a method of accomplishing, among other things, improved pupil learning. The act prohibits the governing board of a school district from denying a petition for the establishment of a charter school unless the governing board of the school district finds that the petition does not contain specified information, including, among other

information, the procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled.

Existing law enumerates the acts for which a pupil may be suspended or expelled from a traditional public school and sets forth procedures a school district is required to follow in suspending or expelling a pupil. Existing law requires the governing board of a school district to refer a pupil who has been expelled from school to a program of study that meets certain conditions, including that the program not be provided at a comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school, or at any elementary school.

This bill would require the charter school suspension and expulsion procedures described in the charter petition to meet certain minimum requirements, including, among other things, meeting the constitutional due process requirement of providing notice and an opportunity to be heard, various procedural requirements, identifying a list of acts for which a pupil enrolled in the charter school may be suspended or expelled, and identifying the maximum length of time for which a pupil may be suspended. The bill also would require a charter school to ensure no loss of instructional days for a pupil pending final determination of the expulsion hearing by providing the pupil access to educational programming, and and, upon a final determination to expel a pupil, to ensure the pupil is provided access to educational programing until the charter school has confirmed the pupil has been provided a suitable educational placement. To the extent this bill would impose additional duties on charter schools, it would constitute a state-mandated local program. The bill also would authorize a pupil to appeal his or her expulsion to the applicable county board of education. To the extent this would impose additional duties on county board of education officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) The act requires, if the number of pupils who wish to attend a charter school exceeds its capacity, preference to be extended to pupils currently attending the charter school and to pupils who reside in the school district, and authorizes other preferences as permitted by the chartering authority on an individual school basis and only if consistent with the law.

This bill would instead authorize other preferences permitted by the chartering authority on an individual charter school basis only if certain conditions are met, including, among other conditions, that each type of preference is approved by the charter school at a public hearing, and that no preference requires mandatory parental volunteer hours as criterion for admission or continued enrollment. The bill also would authorize a charter school to encourage parental involvement, but would require the charter school to notify the parents and guardians of applicant pupils and currently enrolled pupils that parental involvement is not a requirement for acceptance to, or continued enrollment at, the charter school.

(3) This bill would state the intent of the Legislature in enacting its provisions, and would make other nonsubstantive changes.

(4) This bill would incorporate additional changes to Section 47605 of the Education Code proposed by SB 739 that would become operative if this bill and SB 739 are both enacted and this bill is enacted last. (4)

(5) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this 2 act to do all of the following:

3 (a) Ensure equal access to interested pupils at charter schools 4 and prohibit practices that discourage enrollment or 5 disproportionately push out segments of already enrolled pupils.

- 6 (b) Ensure that charter school discipline policies are fair and7 transparent.
- 8 (c) Ensure that a pupil's constitutional right to due process is 9 protected at charter schools.
- 10 (d) Consistent with Section 5 of Article IX of the California

11 Constitution, ensure that charter schools operate within the system

12 of common schools by remaining "... free, nonsectarian and open

13 to all students...," as stated in Wilson v. State Board of Education

14 (1999) 75 Cal.App.4th 1125, 1137–38.

15 (e) Gather data on pupil turnover in the charter school 16 environment.

1	SEC. 2. Section 47605 of the Education Code is amended to
2	read:
3	47605. (a) (1) Except as set forth in paragraph (2), a petition
4	for the establishment of a charter school within a school district
5	may be circulated by one or more persons seeking to establish the
6	charter school. A petition for the establishment of a charter school
7	shall identify a single charter school that will operate within the
8	geographic boundaries of that school district. A charter school
9	may propose to operate at multiple sites within the school district
10	if each location is identified in the charter school petition. The
11	petition may be submitted to the governing board of the school
12	district for review after either of the following conditions is met:
13	(A) The petition is signed by a number of parents or legal
14	guardians of pupils that is equivalent to at least one-half of the

number of pupils that the charter school estimates will enroll in
the charter school for its first year of operation.

17 (B) The petition is signed by a number of teachers that is 18 equivalent to at least one-half of the number of teachers that the 19 charter school estimates will be employed at the charter school 20 during its first year of operation.

21 (2) A petition that proposes to convert an existing public school 22 to a charter school that would not be eligible for a loan pursuant 23 to subdivision (c) of Section 41365 may be circulated by one or 24 more persons seeking to establish the charter school. The petition 25 may be submitted to the governing board of the school district for 26 review after the petition is signed by not less than 50 percent of 27 the permanent status teachers currently employed at the public 28 school to be converted.

(3) A petition shall include a prominent statement that a
signature on the petition means that the parent or legal guardian
is meaningfully interested in having his or her child or ward attend
the charter school, or in the case of a teacher's signature, means
that the teacher is meaningfully interested in teaching at the charter

34 school. The proposed charter shall be attached to the petition.

(4) After receiving approval of its petition, a charter school that
proposes to establish operations at one or more additional sites
shall request a material revision to its charter and shall notify the
authority that granted its charter of those additional locations. The
authority that granted its charter shall consider whether to approve
those additional locations at an open, public meeting. If the

additional locations are approved, there shall be a material revision
 to the charter school's charter.

3 (5) A charter school that is unable to locate within the 4 jurisdiction of the chartering school district may establish one site 5 outside the boundaries of the school district, but within the county 6 in which that school district is located, if the school district within 7 the jurisdiction of which the charter school proposes to operate is 8 notified in advance of the charter petition approval, the county 9 superintendent of schools and the Superintendent are notified of 10 the location of the charter school before it commences operations, 11 and either of the following circumstances exists:

(A) The school has attempted to locate a single site or facilityto house the entire program, but a site or facility is unavailable inthe area in which the school chooses to locate.

(B) The site is needed for temporary use during a constructionor expansion project.

(6) Commencing January 1, 2003, a petition to establish a charter
school shall not be approved to serve pupils in a grade level that
is not served by the school district of the governing board
considering the petition, unless the petition proposes to serve pupils
in all of the grade levels served by that school district.

22 (b) No later than 30 days after receiving a petition, in accordance 23 with subdivision (a), the governing board of the school district 24 shall hold a public hearing on the provisions of the charter, at 25 which time the governing board of the school district shall consider 26 the level of support for the petition by teachers employed by the 27 school district, other employees of the school district, and parents. 28 Following review of the petition and the public hearing, the 29 governing board of the school district shall either grant or deny 30 the charter within 60 days of receipt of the petition, provided, 31 however, that the date may be extended by an additional 30 days 32 if both parties agree to the extension. In reviewing petitions for 33 the establishment of charter schools pursuant to this section, the 34 chartering authority shall be guided by the intent of the Legislature 35 that charter schools are and should become an integral part of the 36 California educational system and that the establishment of charter 37 schools should be encouraged. The governing board of the school 38 district shall grant a charter for the operation of a school under this 39 part if it is satisfied that granting the charter is consistent with 40 sound educational practice. The governing board of the school

1 district shall not deny a petition for the establishment of a charter

2 school unless it makes written factual findings, specific to the

3 particular petition, setting forth specific facts to support one or4 more of the following findings:

5 (1) The charter school presents an unsound educational program 6 for the pupils to be enrolled in the charter school.

7 (2) The petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully 8 implement the program set forth in the petition.

9 (3) The petition does not contain the number of signatures 10 required by subdivision (a).

(4) The petition does not contain an affirmation of each of theconditions described in subdivision (d).

(5) The petition does not contain reasonably comprehensivedescriptions of all of the following:

(A) (i) The educational program of the charter school, designed,
among other things, to identify those whom the charter school is
attempting to educate, what it means to be an "educated person"
in the 21st century, and how learning best occurs. The goals
identified in that program shall include the objective of enabling
pupils to become self-motivated, competent, and lifelong learners.

20 pupils to become sen-indivated, competent, and melong learners. 21 (ii) The annual goals for the charter school for all pupils and

22 for each subgroup of pupils identified pursuant to Section 52052,

to be achieved in the state priorities, as described in subdivision(d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels served, or the

24 (d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels served, or the25 nature of the program operated, by the charter school, and specific

26 annual actions to achieve those goals. A charter petition may 27 identify additional school priorities, the goals for the school

priorities, and the specific annual actions to achieve those goals.(iii) If the proposed charter school will serve high school pupils,

(iii) If the proposed charter school will serve high school pupils,the manner in which the charter school will inform parents about

31 the transferability of courses to other public high schools and the

32 eligibility of courses to meet college entrance requirements.

33 Courses offered by the charter school that are accredited by the

34 Western Association of Schools and Colleges may be considered

35 transferable and courses approved by the University of California

or the California State University as creditable under the "A" to
"G" admissions criteria may be considered to meet college entrance

38 requirements.

39 (B) The measurable pupil outcomes identified for use by the 40 charter school. "Pupil outcomes," for purposes of this part, means

1 the extent to which all pupils of the charter school demonstrate 2 that they have attained the skills, knowledge, and attitudes specified 3 as goals in the charter school's educational program. Pupil 4 outcomes shall include outcomes that address increases in pupil 5 academic achievement both schoolwide and for all groups of pupils 6 served by the charter school, as that term is defined in subparagraph 7 (B) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 47607. The pupil 8 outcomes shall align with the state priorities, as described in 9 subdivision (d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels 10 served, or the nature of the program operated, by the charter school. 11 (C) The method by which pupil progress in meeting those pupil 12 outcomes is to be measured. To the extent practicable, the method 13 for measuring pupil outcomes for state priorities shall be consistent 14 with the way information is reported on a school accountability 15 report card. 16 (D) The governance structure of the charter school, including,

but not limited to, the process to be followed by the charter schoolto ensure parental involvement.

(E) The qualifications to be met by individuals to be employedby the charter school.

(F) The procedures that the charter school will follow to ensure
the health and safety of pupils and staff. These procedures shall
include the requirement that each employee of the charter school
furnish it with a criminal record summary as described in Section
44237.

(G) The means by which the charter school will achieve a racial
and ethnic balance among its pupils that is reflective of the general
population residing within the territorial jurisdiction of the school
district to which the charter petition is submitted.

30 (H) Admission policies and procedures, consistent with 31 subdivision (d).

(I) The manner in which annual, independent financial audits
shall be conducted, which shall employ generally accepted
accounting principles, and the manner in which audit exceptions
and deficiencies shall be resolved to the satisfaction of the
chartering authority.

37 (J) The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or
38 expelled, consistent with subdivision (d), which, at a minimum,
39 shall also do the following:

1 (i) Identify a list of acts for which a pupil enrolled in the charter 2 school may be suspended or expelled.

3 (ii) Identify suspension and expulsion procedures, including the
4 maximum length of time for which a pupil may be suspended. The
5 procedures shall also accommodate the rights of pupils with
6 disabilities, consistent with federal law.

7 (K) The manner by which staff members of the charter schools
8 will be covered by the State Teachers' Retirement System, the
9 Public Employees' Retirement System, or federal social security.

10 (L) The public school attendance alternatives for pupils residing 11 within the school district who choose not to attend charter schools.

12 (M) The rights of an employee of the school district upon 13 leaving the employment of the school district to work in a charter 14 school, and of any rights of return to the school district after 15 employment at a charter school.

16 (N) The procedures to be followed by the charter school andthe entity granting the charter to resolve disputes relating toprovisions of the charter.

(O) The procedures to be used if the charter school closes. The
procedures shall ensure a final audit of the charter school to
determine the disposition of all assets and liabilities of the charter
school, including plans for disposing of any net assets and for the
maintenance and transfer of pupil records.

(6) The petition does not contain a declaration of whether or
not the charter school shall be deemed the exclusive public
employer of the employees of the charter school for purposes of
Chapter 10.7 (commencing with Section 3540) of Division 4 of
Title 1 of the Government Code.

(c) (1) Charter schools shall meet all statewide standards and
 conduct the pupil assessments required pursuant to Sections 60605
 and 60851 and any other statewide standards authorized in statute

or pupil assessments applicable to pupils in noncharter public schools.

(2) Charter schools shall, on a regular basis, consult with their
parents, legal guardians, and teachers regarding the charter school's
educational programs.

(d) (1) In addition to any other requirement imposed under this
part, a charter school shall be nonsectarian in its programs,
admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations,

40 shall not charge tuition, and shall not discriminate against a pupil

1 on the basis of the characteristics listed in Section 220. Except as

2 provided in paragraph (2), admission to a charter school shall not

3 be determined according to the place of residence of the pupil, or

4 of his or her parent or legal guardian, within this state, except that

5 an existing public school converting partially or entirely to a charter

6 school under this part shall adopt and maintain a policy giving 7 admission preference to pupils who reside within the former

8 attendance area of that public school.

9 (2) (A) A charter school shall admit all pupils who wish to attend the charter school.

(B) If the number of pupils who wish to attend the charter school 11 12 exceeds the charter school's capacity, attendance, except for 13 existing pupils of the charter school, shall be determined by a public random drawing. Preference shall be extended to pupils 14 15 currently attending the charter school and pupils who reside in the 16 school district except as provided for in Section 47614.5. 17 Additionally, other preferences may be permitted by the chartering 18 authority on an individual charter school basis, in accordance with 19 all of the following:

20 (i) Each type of preference shall be approved by the charter21 school at a public hearing.

(ii) Preferences shall be consistent with federal law, theCalifornia Constitution, and Section 200.

(iii) Preferences shall not result in limiting enrollment access
for pupils with disabilities, academically low-achieving pupils,
English learners, neglected or delinquent pupils, homeless pupils,
or pupils who are economically disadvantaged, as determined by
eligibility for any free or reduced-price meal program.

(iv) In accordance with Section 49011, preferences shall not
 require mandatory parental volunteer hours as a criterion for
 admission or continued enrollment.

32 (C) In the event of a drawing, the chartering authority shall 33 make reasonable efforts to accommodate the growth of the charter 34 school and shall not take any action to impede the charter school

35 from expanding enrollment to meet pupil demand.

36 (3) Charter school suspension and expulsion procedures shall37 meet the following minimum requirements:

38 (A) The procedures shall comply with federal and state

39 constitutional due process requirements, which include providing

40 notice and an opportunity to be heard.

1 (B) For expulsions, the procedures shall ensure all of the 2 following:

3 (i) The pupil is entitled to a formal hearing to determine if the 4 pupil shall be expelled.

5 (ii) The pupil shall be provided written notice of the hearing, 6 which, at a minimum, shall identify the date and place of the 7 hearing, a statement of the specific facts and charges upon which 8 the proposed expulsion is based, a copy of the disciplinary rules 9 that relate to the alleged violation, and notice of the procedures 10 that will govern the hearing, including those specified in clause 11 (iii).

12 (iii) At the hearing, the pupil or the pupil's parent or guardian, 13 or the pupil's educational rights holder if the pupil is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, has a right to appear in 14 15 person or to be represented by an attorney licensed to practice law in California or by a nonattorney adviser, to inspect and obtain 16 17 copies of all documents to be used at the hearing, to confront and 18 question all witnesses who testify at the hearing, to question all 19 other evidence presented, and to present oral and documentary evidence on the pupil's behalf, including through witnesses. A 20 21 record of the hearing shall be made so that a reasonably accurate 22 and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made. 23 (iv) If the individual, panel, or board conducting the formal hearing determines that the pupil shall be expelled, the individual, 24 25 panel, or board shall issue a written decision identifying the basis 26 for the decision, including all facts in support of the decision, 27 which shall be based upon substantial evidence relevant to the 28 charges adduced at the formal hearing and shall not consist solely 29 of hearsay evidence. 30 (v) Written notice of any decision to expel shall be sent by the

charter school to the pupil or the pupil's parent or guardian, or the pupil's educational rights holder if the pupil is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, and shall include notice of the right to appeal the expulsion to the county board of education, as provided for in clause (vi), and notice of the educational placement to be provided to the pupil during the time of expulsion, as

37 provided for in clause (viii).

38 (vi) A pupil may appeal the expulsion to the county board of

39 education with jurisdiction in the county in which the charter school

40 is located.

(vii) The charter school shall ensure no loss of instructional
 days for the pupil pending final determination of the expulsion,
 including an appeal, if one is filed, by providing the pupil access
 to educational programming.

5 (viii) Upon final determination to expel a pupil, the charter 6 school shall ensure the pupil is provided access to educational 7 programing until the charter school has confirmed the pupil has 8 been provided a suitable educational placement.

9 (4) A pupil shall not be removed, involuntarily dismissed, 10 disenrolled, or terminated from a charter school unless the charter 11 school has complied with all of the procedures specified in 12 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3).

(5) Nothing in this section is intended to restrict or otherwise
limit the rights available to pupils in charter schools under other
federal and state law. All such protections shall apply with full
force and effect.

17 (6) If a pupil is expelled or leaves the charter school without 18 graduating or completing the school year for any reason, the charter 19 school shall notify the superintendent of the school district of the 20 pupil's last known address within 30 days, and shall, upon request, 21 provide that school district with a copy of the cumulative record 22 of the pupil, including a transcript of grades or report card, and 23 health information. This paragraph applies only to pupils subject 24 to compulsory full-time education pursuant to Section 48200.

(e) The governing board of a school district shall not require an
employee of the school district to be employed in a charter school.
(f) The governing board of a school district shall not require a
pupil enrolled in the school district to attend a charter school.

29 (g) The governing board of a school district shall require that 30 the petitioner or petitioners provide information regarding the 31 proposed operation and potential effects of the charter school, 32 including, but not limited to, the facilities to be used by the charter 33 school, the manner in which administrative services of the charter 34 school are to be provided, and potential civil liability effects, if any, upon the charter school and upon the school district. The 35 36 description of the facilities to be used by the charter school shall 37 specify where the charter school intends to locate. The petitioner 38 or petitioners also shall be required to provide financial statements 39 that include a proposed first-year operational budget, including

startup costs, and cashflow and financial projections for the first
 three years of operation.

3 (h) In reviewing petitions for the establishment of charter 4 schools within the school district, the governing board of the school district shall give preference to petitions that demonstrate the 5 capability to provide comprehensive learning experiences to pupils 6 7 identified by the petitioner or petitioners as academically low 8 achieving pursuant to the standards established by the department 9 under Section 54032, as that section read before July 19, 2006. (i) Upon the approval of the petition by the governing board of 10

the school district, the petitioner or petitioners shall provide written notice of that approval, including a copy of the petition, to the applicable county superintendent of schools, the department, and the state board.

(j) (1) If the governing board of a school district denies a 15 petition, the petitioner may elect to submit the petition for the 16 17 establishment of a charter school to the county board of education. 18 The county board of education shall review the petition pursuant to subdivision (b). If the petitioner elects to submit a petition for 19 20 establishment of a charter school to the county board of education 21 and the county board of education denies the petition, the petitioner 22 may file a petition for establishment of a charter school with the 23 state board, and the state board may approve the petition, in accordance with subdivision (b). A charter school that receives 24 25 approval of its petition from a county board of education or from 26 the state board on appeal shall be subject to the same requirements 27 concerning geographic location to which it would otherwise be 28 subject if it received approval from the entity to which it originally 29 submitted its petition. A charter petition that is submitted to either 30 a county board of education or to the state board shall meet all 31 otherwise applicable petition requirements, including the 32 identification of the proposed site or sites where the charter school 33 will operate. 34 (2) In assuming its role as a chartering agency, the state board

shall develop criteria to be used for the review and approval of charter school petitions presented to the state board. The criteria shall address all elements required for charter approval, as identified in subdivision (b), and shall define "reasonably comprehensive," as used in paragraph (5) of subdivision (b), in a way that is consistent with the intent of this part. Upon satisfactory

completion of the criteria, the state board shall adopt the criteria
 on or before June 30, 2001.

3 (3) A charter school for which a charter is granted by either the
4 county board of education or the state board based on an appeal
5 pursuant to this subdivision shall qualify fully as a charter school
6 for all funding and other purposes of this part.

7 (4) If either the county board of education or the state board 8 fails to act on a petition within 120 days of receipt, the decision 9 of the governing board of the school district to deny the petition 10 shall be subject to judicial review.

11 (5) The state board shall adopt regulations implementing this 12 subdivision.

(6) Upon the approval of the petition by the county board of
education, the petitioner or petitioners shall provide written notice
of that approval, including a copy of the petition, to the department
and the state board.

(k) (1) The state board may, by mutual agreement, designate
its supervisorial and oversight responsibilities for a charter school
approved by the state board to any local educational agency in the
county in which the charter school is located or to the governing
board of the school district that first denied the petition.

(2) The designated local educational agency shall have all
monitoring and supervising authority of a chartering agency,
including, but not limited to, powers and duties set forth in Section
47607, except the power of revocation, which shall remain with
the state board.

(3) A charter school that is granted its charter through an appeal
to the state board and elects to seek renewal of its charter shall,
before expiration of the charter, submit its petition for renewal to
the governing board of the school district that initially denied the
charter. If the governing board of the school district denies the
charter school's petition for renewal, the charter school may
petition the state board for renewal of its charter.

(*l*) Teachers in charter schools shall hold a Commission on
Teacher Credentialing certificate, permit, or other document
equivalent to that which a teacher in other public schools would
be required to hold. These documents shall be maintained on file
at the charter school and are subject to periodic inspection by the

39 chartering authority. It is the intent of the Legislature that charter

schools be given flexibility with regard to noncore, noncollege
 preparatory courses.

3 (m) A charter school shall transmit a copy of its annual, 4 independent financial audit report for the preceding fiscal year, as 5 described in subparagraph (I) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (b), 6 to its chartering entity, the Controller, the county superintendent 7 of schools of the county in which the charter school is sited, unless 8 the county board of education of the county in which the charter 9 school is sited is the chartering entity, and the department by 10 December 15 of each year. This subdivision does not apply if the 11 audit of the charter school is encompassed in the audit of the 12 chartering entity pursuant to Section 41020.

(n) A charter school may encourage parental involvement, but
shall notify the parents and guardians of applicant pupils and
currently enrolled pupils that parental involvement is not a
requirement for acceptance to, or continued enrollment at, the
charter school.

18 SEC. 2.5. Section 47605 of the Education Code is amended to 19 read:

20 47605. (a) (1) Except as set forth in paragraph (2), a petition 21 for the establishment of a charter school within a school district 22 may be circulated by one or more persons seeking to establish the 23 charter school. A petition for the establishment of a charter school shall identify a single charter school that will operate within the 24 25 geographic boundaries of that school district. A charter school 26 may propose to operate at multiple sites within the school district 27 if each location is identified in the charter school petition. The 28 petition may be submitted to the governing board of the school 29 district for review after either of the following conditions is met: 30 (A) The petition is signed by a number of parents or legal

31 guardians of pupils that is equivalent to at least one-half of the 32 number of pupils that the charter school estimates will enroll in 33 the *charter* school for its first year of operation.

(B) The petition is signed by a number of teachers that is
equivalent to at least one-half of the number of teachers that the
charter school estimates will be employed at the *charter* school
during its first year of operation.

38 (2) A petition that proposes to convert an existing public school
39 to a charter school that would not be eligible for a loan pursuant
40 to subdivision (c) of Section 41365 may be circulated by one or

1 more persons seeking to establish the charter school. The petition 2 may be submitted to the governing board of the school district for 3 review after the petition is signed by not less than 50 percent of 4 the permanent status teachers currently employed at the public 5 school to be converted.

6 (3) A petition shall include a prominent statement that a 7 signature on the petition means that the parent or legal guardian 8 is meaningfully interested in having his or her child or ward attend 9 the charter school, or in the case of a teacher's signature, means 10 that the teacher is meaningfully interested in teaching at the charter 11 school. The proposed charter shall be attached to the petition.

12 (4) After receiving approval of its petition, a charter school that 13 proposes to establish operations at one or more additional sites 14 shall request a material revision to its charter and shall notify the 15 authority that granted its charter of those additional locations. The authority that granted its charter shall consider whether to approve 16 17 those additional locations at an open, public meeting. If the 18 additional locations are approved, they there shall be a material 19 revision to the charter school's charter.

20 (5) (A) A charter school that is unable to locate within the 21 jurisdiction of the chartering school district may establish one site 22 outside the boundaries of the school district, but within the county 23 in which that school district is located, if the school district within 24 the jurisdiction of which the charter school proposes to operate is 25 notified in advance of the charter petition approval, the county 26 superintendent of schools and the Superintendent are notified of 27 the location of the charter school before it commences operations, 28 and either of the following circumstances exists:

29 (A)

30 *(i)* The *charter* school has attempted to locate a single site or 31 facility to house the entire program, but a site or facility is 32 unavailable in the area in which the *charter* school chooses to 33 locate.

34 (B)

35 *(ii)* The site is needed for temporary use during a construction 36 or expansion project.

37 (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the governing board of

38 a school district shall not authorize new charter schools to locate

39 outside the boundaries of the school district if the school district

1 is assigned a negative certification pursuant to paragraph (1) of
2 subdivision (a) of Section 42131.

3 (6) Commencing January 1, 2003, a petition to establish a charter 4 school-may *shall* not be approved to serve pupils in a grade level 5 that is not served by the school district of the governing board 6 considering the petition, unless the petition proposes to serve pupils 7 in all of the grade levels served by that school district.

8 (b) No later than 30 days after receiving a petition, in accordance 9 with subdivision (a), the governing board of the school district 10 shall hold a public hearing on the provisions of the charter, at 11 which time the governing board of the school district shall consider 12 the level of support for the petition by teachers employed by the 13 school district, other employees of the school district, and parents. Following review of the petition and the public hearing, the 14 15 governing board of the school district shall either grant or deny 16 the charter within 60 days of receipt of the petition, provided, 17 however, that the date may be extended by an additional 30 days 18 if both parties agree to the extension. In reviewing petitions for 19 the establishment of charter schools pursuant to this section, the 20 chartering authority shall be guided by the intent of the Legislature 21 that charter schools are and should become an integral part of the 22 California educational system and that the establishment of charter 23 schools should be encouraged. The governing board of the school 24 district shall grant a charter for the operation of a *charter* school 25 under this part if it is satisfied that granting the charter is consistent 26 with sound educational practice. The governing board of the school 27 district shall not deny a petition for the establishment of a charter 28 school unless it makes written factual findings, specific to the 29 particular petition, setting forth specific facts to support one or 30 more of the following findings: 31 (1) The charter school presents an unsound educational program 32 for the pupils to be enrolled in the charter school. 33 (2) The petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully 34 implement the program set forth in the petition. 35 (3) The petition does not contain the number of signatures

36 required by subdivision (a).

37 (4) The petition does not contain an affirmation of each of the38 conditions described in subdivision (d).

39 (5) The petition does not contain reasonably comprehensive40 descriptions of all of the following:

1 (A) (i) The educational program of the charter school, designed, 2 among other things, to identify those whom the charter school is 3 attempting to educate, what it means to be an "educated person" 4 in the 21st century, and how learning best occurs. The goals 5 identified in that program shall include the objective of enabling 6 pupils to become self-motivated, competent, and lifelong learners. 7 (ii) The annual goals for the charter school for all pupils and 8 for each subgroup of pupils identified pursuant to Section 52052, 9 to be achieved in the state priorities, as described in subdivision 10 (d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels served, or the 11 nature of the program operated, by the charter school, and specific 12 annual actions to achieve those goals. A charter petition may 13 identify additional school priorities, the goals for the school 14 priorities, and the specific annual actions to achieve those goals. 15 (iii) If the proposed charter school will serve high school pupils, 16 the manner in which the charter school will inform parents about 17 the transferability of courses to other public high schools and the 18 eligibility of courses to meet college entrance requirements. 19 Courses offered by the charter school that are accredited by the 20 Western Association of Schools and Colleges may be considered 21 transferable and courses approved by the University of California 22 or the California State University as creditable under the "A" to 23 "G" "A to G" admissions criteria may be considered to meet 24 college entrance requirements.

25 (B) The measurable pupil outcomes identified for use by the 26 charter school. "Pupil outcomes," for purposes of this part, means 27 the extent to which all pupils of the *charter* school demonstrate 28 that they have attained the skills, knowledge, and attitudes specified 29 as goals in the *charter* school's educational program. Pupil 30 outcomes shall include outcomes that address increases in pupil 31 academic achievement both schoolwide and for all groups of pupils 32 served by the charter school, as that term is defined in subparagraph 33 (B) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 47607. The pupil 34 outcomes shall align with the state priorities, as described in 35 subdivision (d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels 36 served, or the nature of the program operated, by the charter school. 37 (C) The method by which pupil progress in meeting those pupil 38 outcomes is to be measured. To the extent practicable, the method 39 for measuring pupil outcomes for state priorities shall be consistent

1	with the way information is reported on a school accountability
2	report card.
3	(D) The governance structure of the charter school, including,
4	but not limited to, the process to be followed by the charter school
5	to ensure parental involvement.
6	(E) The qualifications to be met by individuals to be employed
7	by the charter school.
8	(F) The procedures that the charter school will follow to ensure
9	the health and safety of pupils and staff. These procedures shall
10	include the requirement that each employee of the charter school
11	furnish it with a criminal record summary as described in Section
12	44237.
13	(G) The means by which the <i>charter</i> school will achieve a racial
14	and ethnic balance among its pupils that is reflective of the general
15	population residing within the territorial jurisdiction of the school
16	district to which the charter petition is submitted.
17	(H) Admission-requirements, if applicable. policies and
18	procedures, consistent with subdivision (d).
19	(I) The manner in which annual, independent financial audits
20	shall be conducted, which shall employ generally accepted
21	accounting principles, and the manner in which audit exceptions
22	and deficiencies shall be resolved to the satisfaction of the
23	chartering authority.
24	(J) The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or
25	expelled. expelled, consistent with subdivision (d), which, at a
26	minimum, shall also do the following:
27	(i) Identify a list of acts for which a pupil enrolled in the charter
28	school may be suspended or expelled.
29	(ii) Identify suspension and expulsion procedures, including the
30	maximum length of time for which a pupil may be suspended. The
31	procedures shall also accommodate the rights of pupils with
32	disabilities, consistent with federal law.
33	(K) The manner by which staff members of the charter schools

34 will be covered by the State Teachers' Retirement System, the

35 Public Employees' Retirement System, or federal social security.

36 (L) The public school attendance alternatives for pupils residing37 within the school district who choose not to attend charter schools.

38 (M) The rights of an employee of the school district upon

39 leaving the employment of the school district to work in a charter

1 school, and of any rights of return to the school district after2 employment at a charter school.

3 (N) The procedures to be followed by the charter school and 4 the entity granting the charter to resolve disputes relating to 5 provisions of the charter.

6 (O) The procedures to be used if the charter school closes. The 7 procedures shall ensure a final audit of the charter school to 8 determine the disposition of all assets and liabilities of the charter 9 school, including plans for disposing of any net assets and for the 10 maintenance and transfer of pupil records.

(6) The petition does not contain a declaration of whether or
not the charter school shall be deemed the exclusive public
employer of the employees of the charter school for purposes of
Chapter 10.7 (commencing with Section 3540) of Division 4 of

15 Title 1 of the Government Code.

16 (c) (1) Charter schools shall meet all statewide standards and 17 conduct the pupil assessments required pursuant to Sections 60605 18 and 60851 and any other statewide standards authorized in statute 19 or pupil assessments applicable to pupils in noncharter public 20 schools.

(2) Charter schools shall, on a regular basis, consult with their
 parents, legal guardians, and teachers regarding the charter school's
 educational programs.

(d) (1) In addition to any other requirement imposed under this 24 25 part, a charter school shall be nonsectarian in its programs, 26 admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations, 27 shall not charge tuition, and shall not discriminate against a pupil 28 on the basis of the characteristics listed in Section 220. Except as 29 provided in paragraph (2), admission to a charter school shall not 30 be determined according to the place of residence of the pupil, or 31 of his or her parent or legal guardian, within this state, except that 32 an existing public school converting partially or entirely to a charter 33 school under this part shall adopt and maintain a policy giving 34 admission preference to pupils who reside within the former 35 attendance area of that public school.

36 (2) (A) A charter school shall admit all pupils who wish to
37 attend the *charter* school.

attend the *charter* school.
(B) If the number of pupils who wish to attend the *charter* school
exceeds the charter school's capacity, attendance, except for

40 existing pupils of the charter school, shall be determined by a

public random drawing. Preference shall be extended to pupils 1

2 currently attending the charter school and pupils who reside in the

3 school district except as provided for in Section 47614.5. Other

4 Additionally, other preferences may be permitted by the chartering

5 authority on an individual school basis and only if consistent with

the law. charter school basis, in accordance with all of the 6 7 following:

8 (i) Each type of preference shall be approved by the charter 9 school at a public hearing.

(ii) Preferences shall be consistent with federal law, the 10 California Constitution, and Section 200. 11

12 (iii) Preferences shall not result in limiting enrollment access for pupils with disabilities, academically low-achieving pupils, 13

English learners, neglected or delinquent pupils, homeless pupils, 14

15 or pupils who are economically disadvantaged, as determined by

eligibility for any free or reduced-price meal program. 16

17 (iv) In accordance with Section 49011, preferences shall not require mandatory parental volunteer hours as a criterion for 18 19 admission or continued enrollment.

20

(C) In the event of a drawing, the chartering authority shall 21 make reasonable efforts to accommodate the growth of the charter

22 school and shall not take any action to impede the charter school

from expanding enrollment to meet pupil demand. 23

24 (3) Charter school suspension and expulsion procedures shall 25 meet the following minimum requirements:

26 (A) The procedures shall comply with federal and state 27 constitutional due process requirements, which include providing 28 notice and an opportunity to be heard.

29 (B) For expulsions, the procedures shall ensure all of the 30 following:

31 (i) The pupil is entitled to a formal hearing to determine if the 32 pupil shall be expelled.

33 (ii) The pupil shall be provided written notice of the hearing, 34 which, at a minimum, shall identify the date and place of the hearing, a statement of the specific facts and charges upon which 35

36 the proposed expulsion is based, a copy of the disciplinary rules

37 that relate to the alleged violation, and notice of the procedures

38 that will govern the hearing, including those specified in clause

39 (iii).

1 (iii) At the hearing, the pupil or the pupil's parent or guardian, 2 or the pupil's educational rights holder if the pupil is a foster child 3 or youth or a homeless child or youth, has a right to appear in 4 person or to be represented by an attorney licensed to practice 5 law in California or by a nonattorney adviser, to inspect and obtain 6 copies of all documents to be used at the hearing, to confront and 7 question all witnesses who testify at the hearing, to question all 8 other evidence presented, and to present oral and documentary 9 evidence on the pupil's behalf, including through witnesses. A 10 record of the hearing shall be made so that a reasonably accurate 11 and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made. 12 (iv) If the individual, panel, or board conducting the formal 13 hearing determines that the pupil shall be expelled, the individual, panel, or board shall issue a written decision identifying the basis 14 15 for the decision, including all facts in support of the decision, 16 which shall be based upon substantial evidence relevant to the 17 charges adduced at the formal hearing and shall not consist solely 18 of hearsay evidence. 19 (v) Written notice of any decision to expel shall be sent by the 20 charter school to the pupil or the pupil's parent or guardian, or 21 the pupil's educational rights holder if the pupil is a foster child 22 or youth or a homeless child or youth, and shall include notice of 23 the right to appeal the expulsion to the county board of education, 24 as provided for in clause (vi), and notice of the educational 25 placement to be provided to the pupil during the time of expulsion, 26 as provided for in clause (viii). (vi) A pupil may appeal the expulsion to the county board of 27 28 education with jurisdiction in the county in which the charter 29 school is located.

- 30 (vii) The charter school shall ensure no loss of instructional 31 days for the pupil pending final determination of the expulsion,
- including an appeal, if one is filed, by providing the pupil access
 to educational programming.
- (viii) Upon final determination to expel a pupil, the charter
 school shall ensure the pupil is provided access to educational
 programing until the charter school has confirmed the pupil has
 been provided a suitable educational placement.
- 38 (4) A pupil shall not be removed, involuntarily dismissed,
- 39 disenrolled, or terminated from a charter school unless the charter

school has complied with all of the procedures specified in
 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3).

3 (5) Nothing in this section is intended to restrict or otherwise 4 limit the rights available to pupils in charter schools under other 5 federal and state law. All such protections shall apply with full

6 *force and effect.*

7 (3)

8 (6) If a pupil is expelled or leaves the charter school without 9 graduating or completing the school year for any reason, the charter school shall notify the superintendent of the school district of the 10 pupil's last known address within 30 days, and shall, upon request, 11 12 provide that school district with a copy of the cumulative record 13 of the pupil, including a transcript of grades or report card, and 14 health information. This paragraph applies only to pupils subject 15 to compulsory full-time education pursuant to Section 48200.

(e) The governing board of a school district shall not require an
employee of the school district to be employed in a charter school.
(f) The governing board of a school district shall not require a

19 pupil enrolled in the school district to attend a charter school.

20 (g) The governing board of a school district shall require that 21 the petitioner or petitioners provide information regarding the 22 proposed operation and potential effects of the charter school, 23 including, but not limited to, the facilities to be used by the *charter* school, the manner in which administrative services of the *charter* 24 25 school are to be provided, and potential civil liability effects, if 26 any, upon the *charter* school and upon the school district. The 27 description of the facilities to be used by the charter school shall 28 specify where the *charter* school intends to locate. The petitioner 29 or petitioners-shall also shall be required to provide financial 30 statements that include a proposed first-year operational budget, 31 including startup costs, and cashflow and financial projections for 32 the first three years of operation.

(h) In reviewing petitions for the establishment of charter
schools within the school district, the governing board of the school
district shall give preference to petitions that demonstrate the
capability to provide comprehensive learning experiences to pupils
identified by the petitioner or petitioners as academically low
achieving pursuant to the standards established by the department

39 under Section 54032, as that section read before July 19, 2006.

(i) Upon the approval of the petition by the governing board of
the school district, the petitioner or petitioners shall provide written
notice of that approval, including a copy of the petition, to the
applicable county superintendent of schools, the department, and
the state board.

6 (j) (1) If the governing board of a school district denies a 7 petition, the petitioner may elect to submit the petition for the 8 establishment of a charter school to the county board of education. 9 The county board of education shall review the petition pursuant 10 to subdivision (b). If the petitioner elects to submit a petition for 11 establishment of a charter school to the county board of education 12 and the county board of education denies the petition, the petitioner 13 may file a petition for establishment of a charter school with the state board, and the state board may approve the petition, in 14 15 accordance with subdivision (b). A charter school that receives 16 approval of its petition from a county board of education or from 17 the state board on appeal shall be subject to the same requirements 18 concerning geographic location to which it would otherwise be 19 subject if it received approval from the entity to which it originally 20 submitted its petition. A charter petition that is submitted to either 21 a county board of education or to the state board shall meet all 22 otherwise applicable petition requirements, including the 23 identification of the proposed site or sites where the charter school 24 will operate.

25 (2) In assuming its role as a chartering agency, the state board 26 shall develop criteria to be used for the review and approval of 27 charter school petitions presented to the state board. The criteria 28 shall address all elements required for charter approval, as 29 identified in subdivision (b), and shall define "reasonably 30 comprehensive" comprehensive," as used in paragraph (5) of 31 subdivision (b) (b), in a way that is consistent with the intent of 32 this part. Upon satisfactory completion of the criteria, the state 33 board shall adopt the criteria on or before June 30, 2001.

34 (3) A charter school for which a charter is granted by either the
35 county board of education or the state board based on an appeal
36 pursuant to this subdivision shall qualify fully as a charter school
37 for all funding and other purposes of this part.

38 (4) If either the county board of education or the state board

39 fails to act on a petition within 120 days of receipt, the decision

- 1 of the governing board of the school district to deny-a *the* petition
- 2 shall be subject to judicial review.
- 3 (5) The state board shall adopt regulations implementing this4 subdivision.
- 5 (6) Upon the approval of the petition by the county board of
- 6 education, the petitioner or petitioners shall provide written notice7 of that approval, including a copy of the petition petition, to the
- 8 department and the state board.
- 9 (k) (1) The state board may, by mutual agreement, designate
- 10 its supervisorial and oversight responsibilities for a charter school
- approved by the state board to any local educational agency in the county in which the charter school is located or to the governing
- board of the school district that first denied the petition.
- (2) The designated local educational agency shall have all
 monitoring and supervising authority of a chartering agency,
 including, but not limited to, powers and duties set forth in Section
 47607, except the power of revocation, which shall remain with
- 18 the state board.
 19 (3) A charter school that is granted its charter through an
- 19 (3) A charter school that is granted its charter through an appeal
- to the state board and elects to seek renewal of its charter shall,before expiration of the charter, submit its petition for renewal to
- the governing board of the school district that initially denied the
- charter. If the governing board of the school district that initially defied the
- charter school's petition for renewal, the *charter* school may
- 25 petition the state board for renewal of its charter.
- 26 (1) Teachers in charter schools shall hold a Commission on 27 Teacher Credentialing certificate, permit, or other document 28 equivalent to that which a teacher in other public schools would 29 be required to hold. These documents shall be maintained on file 30 at the charter school and are subject to periodic inspection by the 31 chartering authority. It is the intent of the Legislature that charter 32 schools be given flexibility with regard to noncore, noncollege 33 preparatory courses.
- (m) A charter school shall transmit a copy of its annual,
 independent financial audit report for the preceding fiscal year, as
 described in subparagraph (I) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (b),
 to its chartering entity, the Controller, the county superintendent
 of schools of the county in which the charter school is sited, unless
- 39 the county board of education of the county in which the charter
- 40 school is sited is the chartering entity, and the department by
 - 91

1 December 15 of each year. This subdivision does not apply if the 2 audit of the charter school is encompassed in the audit of the

3 chartering entity pursuant to Section 41020.

4 (n) A charter school may encourage parental involvement, but

5 shall notify the parents and guardians of applicant pupils and

6 currently enrolled pupils that parental involvement is not a

7 requirement for acceptance to, or continued enrollment at, the

8 charter school.

9 SEC. 3. Section 2.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to

10 Section 47605 of the Education Code proposed by both this bill

11 and Senate Bill 739. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills

12 are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2017,

(2) each bill amends Section 47605 of the Education Code, and
(3) this bill is enacted after Senate Bill 739, in which case Section

15 2 of this bill shall not become operative.

16 SEC. 3.

17 SEC. 4. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that

18 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to

19 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

20 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

21 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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