# AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 3, 2015 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 14, 2015

## **SENATE BILL**

No. 414

Introduced by Senator Jackson (Coauthor: Senator Leno) (Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Williams)

February 25, 2015

An act to amend Sections 10238 and 17537.1 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Sections 50, 51.3, 51.11, 682, 682.1, 683, 1099, 1569, and 3390 of the Civil Code, to amend Sections 371, 116.540, 703.140, and 704.930 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to amend Sections 158, 704, 5612, 7612, 12482, 25102, and 25206 of the Corporations Code, to amend Sections 21100, 24803, and 68062 of the Education Code, to amend Sections 917 and 980 of the Evidence Code, to amend Sections 14860, 18220, 18523, and 22327 of the Financial Code, to amend Section 8552.3 of the Fish and Game Code, to amend Sections 9359.9, 9374, 21571, 21572, and 21573, of the Government Code, to amend Sections 1373.5, 18080, 25299.54, and 32501 of the Health and Safety Code, to amend Sections 10112, 10121.5, 10320, 10493, and 10494.6 of the Insurance Code, to amend Section 3503 of the Labor Code, to amend Sections 152.3, 197, 270e, 273.5, 281, 282, 284, 534, 4002, and 13700 of the Penal Code, to amend Sections 59, 78, 100, 101, 103, 2407, 5203, 5600, 5601, 6122, 6227, 6240, 13500, and 13600 of the Probate Code, to amend Sections 17021, 17039, 17045, 17053.5, 17054, 17077, 17555, 18501, 18522, 18530, 18531.5, 18532, 19006, 19035, 19107, 19110, 19701.5, and 20542 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, to amend Section 2804 of the Streets and Highways Code, to amend Section 13003 of the Unemployment Insurance Code, and to amend Sections 742.16, 7275, 12003, 14140, and 18291 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to marriage. An act to amend Sections 8670.8.5, 8670.12, 8670.13, and 8670.67.5 of, and to add Sections 8670.11, 8670.12.1, 8670.13.3, 8670.31.5, and 8670.43 to, the Government Code, relating to oil spill response.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 414, as amended, Jackson. Marriage. Oil spill response.

(1) The Lempert-Keene-Seastrand Oil Spill Prevention and Response Act generally requires the administrator for oil spill response, acting at the direction of the Governor, to implement activities relating to oil spill response, including emergency drills and preparedness, and oil spill containment and cleanup. The act authorizes the administrator to use volunteer workers in response, containment, restoration, wildlife rehabilitation, and cleanup efforts for oil spills in waters of the state. Existing law requires the administrator to evaluate the feasibility of using commercial fishermen and other mariners for oil spill containment and cleanup.

This bill would require the administrator, in cooperation with the United States Coast Guard, to conduct an independent vessel traffic assessment for the San Francisco Bay that may inform an area rescue towing plan for the 3 approaches to the Golden Gate, and to establish a schedule of drills and exercises that are required under the federal Salvage and Marine Firefighting regulations. The bill would require the administrator to develop and implement a program to allow immediate response to an oil spill by contracted fishing vessels and crews. The bill would require the administrator, on or before July 1, 2016, to submit to the Legislature a report assessing the best available technology and equipment for oil spill prevention and response.

(2) The act requires operators of specified vessels and facilities to submit to the administrator an oil spill contingency plan to determine whether the plan meets applicable requirements. The act requires an operator to resubmit the plan to the administrator every 5 years.

This bill would require the administrator to adopt, by regulation, methodology to rate the oil spill prevention and response equipment listed in the plan to maintain the best achievable protection standards through the use of equipment that is the best available technology.

(3) The act requires the administrator to license oil spill cleanup agents for use in response to oil spills. The federal Coastal Zone Management Act (federal act) requires federal agency activities to be carried out in a manner that is consistent, to the maximum extent practicable, with an approved state management plan. Existing federal law authorizes the California Coastal Commission, the designated state agency, to conduct federal consistency review to ensure federal agency activities are consistent with the California Coastal Management Program.

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This bill would prohibit the use of oil spill cleanup agents in the waters of the state unless 2 specified conditions occur. The bill would require the California Coastal Commission to conduct a federal consistency review for federal policies authorizing the use of oil spill cleanup agents in the coastal waters of the state.

(4) Existing law imposes an oil spill prevention and administration fee in an amount determined by the administrator to be sufficient to implement oil spill prevention activities. The fee is deposited into the Oil Spill Prevention and Administration Fund in the State Treasury and moneys in the fund are available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for, among other purposes, the implementation, installation, and maintenance of emergency programs, equipment, and facilities to respond to, contain, and clean up oil spills, and to ensure that those operations will be carried out as intended.

This bill would require the administrator, upon appropriation of funds for that purpose, to purchase specified oil spill response equipment, including specified equipment to be stationed on the Santa Barbara coastline.

(5) The act makes a person who causes or permits a spill or inland spill strictly liable for specified penalties for the spill on a per-gallon-released basis. The act provides that the amount of penalty is reduced by the amount of released oil that is recovered and properly disposed of.

This bill would provide that the above reduction in the penalty for spills, including inland spills, of greater than 500 gallons, is only applicable to the amount of oil recovered and properly disposed of within 2 weeks of the start of the spill.

(6) This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for the San Francisco Bay and for the Santa Barbara coastline.

Under existing law, a reference to "husband" and "wife," "spouses," or "married persons," or a comparable term, includes persons who are lawfully married to each other and persons who were previously lawfully married to each other, as is appropriate under the circumstances of the particular case.

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The bill would replace references to a "husband" or "wife" with references to a "spouse," and would make other conforming and related changes.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no.

### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 8670.8.5 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

3 8670.8.5. (*a*)The administrator may use volunteer workers in 4 response, containment, restoration, wildlife rehabilitation, and

5 cleanup efforts for oil spills in waters of the state. The volunteers

6 shall be deemed employees of the state for the purpose of workers'

7 compensation under Article 2 (commencing with Section 3350)

8 of Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Labor Code. Any

9 payments for workers' compensation pursuant to this section shall

be made from the Oil Spill Response Trust Fund created pursuantto Section 8670.46.

12 (b) (1) The administrator shall develop and implement a

13 program to allow immediate response to an oil spill by contracted

14 fishing vessels and crews and that shall provide for regularly

scheduled emergency drills and training in areas that include thefollowing:

17 (A) Shoreline protection.

18 (B) Towing boom and skimmers.

19 (C) Working with minibarges.

20 (D) Loading and unloading equipment from response barges.

21 (2) In developing the program, the administrator shall consider

22 the fishing vessel training program funded and maintained by

23 Alyeska's Ship Escort/Response Vessel System.

24 SEC. 2. Section 8670.11 is added to the Government Code, to 25 read:

26 8670.11. In addition to Section 8670.10, the administrator, in 27 cooperation with the United States Coast Guard, shall establish

a schedule of drills and exercises required pursuant to Section

29 155.4052 of Title 33 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The

30 administrator shall make publicly available the established

31 schedule.

## 1 SEC. 3. Section 8670.12 of the Government Code is amended 2 to read:

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3 8670.12. (a) The administrator shall conduct studies and 4 evaluations necessary for improving oil spill response, containment, 5 and cleanup and oil spill wildlife rehabilitation in waters of the 6 state and oil transportation systems. The administrator may expend 7 moneys from the Oil Spill Prevention and Administration Fund 8 created pursuant to Section 8670.38, enter into consultation 9 agreements, and acquire necessary equipment and services for the purpose of carrying out these studies and evaluations. 10

11 (b) The administrator shall study the use and effects of 12 dispersants, incineration, bioremediation, and any other methods 13 used to respond to a spill. The study shall periodically be updated 14 to ensure the best achievable protection from the use of those 15 methods. Based upon substantial evidence in the record, the administrator may determine in individual cases that best 16 17 achievable protection is provided by establishing requirements 18 that provide the greatest degree of protection achievable without 19 imposing costs that significantly outweigh the incremental 20 protection that would otherwise be provided. The studies shall do 21 all of the following:

(1) Evaluate the effectiveness of dispersants and other chemical
agents in oil spill response under varying environmental conditions.
(2) Evaluate potential adverse impacts on the environment and
public health including, but not limited to, adverse toxic impacts
on water quality, fisheries, and wildlife with consideration to
bioaccumulation and synergistic impacts, and the potential for
human exposure, including skin contact and consumption of

29 contaminated seafood.

30 (3) Recommend appropriate uses and limitations on the use of

dispersants and other chemical agents to ensure they are used onlyin situations where the administrator determines they are effective

and safe.

34 (c) The administrator shall evaluate the feasibility of using
 35 commercial fishermen and other mariners for oil spill containment

36 and cleanup. The study shall examine the following:

37 (1) Equipment and technology needs.

38 (2) Coordination with private response personnel.

39 (3) Liability and insurance.

40 (4) Compensation.

1 (d)2 (c) The studies shall be performed in conjunction with any 3 studies performed by federal, state, and international entities. The 4 administrator may enter into contracts for the studies. 5 SEC. 4. Section 8670.12.1 is added to the Government Code, 6 to read: 7 8670.12.1. The administrator, in cooperation with the United 8 States Coast Guard, shall conduct an independent vessel traffic 9 risk assessment for the San Francisco Bay that may inform an area 10 rescue towing plan for the three approaches to the Golden Gate. SEC. 5. Section 8670.13 of the Government Code is amended 11 12 to read: 13 8670.13. (a) The administrator shall periodically evaluate the 14 feasibility of requiring new technologies to aid prevention, 15 response, containment, cleanup and wildlife rehabilitation. 16 (b) (1) On or before July 1, 2016, the administrator shall submit 17 a report to the Legislature, pursuant to Section 9795, assessing 18 the best available technology and equipment for oil spill prevention 19 and response, including, but not limited to, prevention and response 20 tugs, tractor tugs, salve and marine firefighting tugs, oil spill 21 skimmers and barges, and protective in-water boom equipment. 22 (2) In conducting the assessment, the administrator shall consult 23 the peer-reviewed research performed by the Prince William Sound Regional Citizens' Advisory Council. 24 25 (3) Pursuant to Section 10231.5, this subdivision is inoperative 26 on July 1, 2020. 27 (c) Based on the report prepared pursuant to subdivision (b), 28 the administrator shall establish standards for best achievable 29 technologies for oil spill prevention and response. 30 SEC. 6. Section 8670.13.3 is added to the Government Code, 31 to read: 32 8670.13.3. (a) (1) (A) Notwithstanding any law, oil spill 33 cleanup agents shall not be used in response to an oil spill within 34 the waters of the state unless both of the following occur: 35 (i) The administrator establishes, pursuant to Section 8670.13, 36 standards for best achievable technologies for oil spill prevention 37 and response. 38 (ii) The United States Environmental Protection Agency adopts 39 amendments to subpart J of the National Oil and Hazardous 40 Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 C.F.R. Sec. 300.900

1 et. seq.) governing the use of oil spill cleanup agents, other 2 chemical and biological agents, and other oil spill mitigating 3 substances in responding to oil discharges into water, as set forth 4 in Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OPA-2006-0090, and the administrator 5 adopts regulations consistent with those federal amendments. 6 (B) Upon the occurrence of clauses (i) and (ii), the administrator 7 shall notify the Secretary of State of those occurrences and shall 8 post on the Office of Oil Spill Prevention and Response's Internet 9 Web site a notice of those occurrences. (2) For purposes of this section, "waters of the state" means 10 any surface water, including saline water, within the boundary of 11 12 the state. 13 (b) The California Coastal Commission, pursuant to Section 14 307 of the federal Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 15 1456) and the California Coastal Act (Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of the Public Resources Code), shall conduct 16 17 a federal consistency review for federal policy authorizing the use 18 of oil spill cleanup agents in the coastal waters of California. 19 SEC. 7. Section 8670.31.5 is added to the Government Code, 20 to read: 21 8670.31.5. The administrator shall, by regulation, establish a 22 methodology for rating equipment, such as oil containment, 23 skimming, storage, and oil/water separation technologies, listed 24 in an oil spill contingency plan to maintain the best achievable 25 protection standards through the use of equipment that is the best 26 available technology. 27 SEC. 8. Section 8670.43 is added to the Government Code, to 28 read: 29 8670.43. Pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (e) of 30 Section 8670.40, the administrator, upon appropriation of funds 31 for that purpose, shall do both of the following: 32 (a) Purchase at least two new-generation, high-efficiency disc 33 skimmers to be stationed on the Santa Barbara coastline. This 34 equipment shall include high-efficiency skimming NOFI current 35 busters, or their equivalent, and Elastec grooved disc skimmers, 36 or their equivalent. 37 (b) Purchase a purpose-built, prepositioned prevention and 38 response tug with appropriate size, bollard pull, horsepower, 39 propulsion, seakeeping, and maneuverability to meet Det Norske 40 Veritas criteria for emergency towing.

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1 SEC. 9. Section 8670.67.5 of the Government Code is amended 2 to read:

8670.67.5. (a) Any-Regardless of intent or negligence, any
person who-without regard to intent or negligence causes or permits
a spill shall be strictly liable civilly in accordance with subdivision
(b) or (c).

7 (b) A penalty may be administratively imposed by the 8 administrator in accordance with Section 8670.68 in an amount 9 not to exceed twenty dollars (\$20) per gallon for a spill. The *Except* 10 *as provided in subdivision (d), the* amount of the penalty shall be 11 reduced for every gallon of released oil that is recovered and 12 properly disposed of in accordance with applicable law.

13 (c) Whenever the release of oil resulted from gross negligence 14 or reckless conduct, the administrator shall, in accordance with 15 Section 8670.68, impose a penalty in an amount not to exceed 16 sixty dollars (\$60) per gallon for a spill. The *Except as provided* 17 *in subdivision (d), the* amount of the penalty shall be reduced for 18 every gallon of released oil that is recovered and properly disposed 19 of in accordance with applicable law.

(d) (1) For a spill of greater than 500 gallons, the penalty
assessed pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c) shall only be reduced
for every gallon of released oil that is recovered and properly
disposed of in accordance with applicable law within two weeks
of the start of the spill.

25 (2) Notwithstanding Section 8670.69.7, any increase in the 26 amount of a penalty assessed for an inland spill resulting from the 27 operation of paragraph (1) shall be deposited in the Environmental 28 Environmental

28 Enhancement Fund pursuant to Section 8670.70.

29 <del>(d)</del>

30 *(e)* The administrator shall adopt regulations governing the 31 method for determining the amount of oil that is cleaned up.

32 SEC. 10. In regard to provisions of this act related to the San 33 Francisco Bay or the Santa Barbara coastline, the Legislature 34 finds and declares that a special law is necessary and that a 35 general law cannot be made applicable within the meaning of 36 Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution because of 37 the unique maritime conditions in the San Francisco Bay that affect

38 vessel traffic and the operation of offshore oil drilling platforms

39 *near the Santa Barbara coastline.* 

1	<del>S</del>	ECTION 1. Section 10238 of the Business and Professions
2	Cod	e is amended to read:
3	1	0238. (a) A notice in the following form and containing the
4	folle	owing information shall be filed with the commissioner within
5	<del>30 d</del>	ays after the first transaction and within 30 days of any material
6		nge in the information required in the notice:
7		
8	TO	Real Estate Commissioner
9		Mortgage Loan Section
10		2201 Broadway
11		Sacramento, CA 95818
12	This notice is filed pursuant to Sections 10237 and 10238 of the Business and	
13	Professions Code.	
14	(-)	Original Notice () Amended Notice
15	<del>1.</del>	Name of Broker conducting transaction under Section 10237:
16		
17		
18	<del>2.</del>	Broker license identification number:
19		
20	<del>3.</del>	List the month the fiscal year ends:
21		
22	<del>4.</del>	Broker's telephone number:
23		
24	<del>5.</del>	Firm name (if different from "1"):
25		
•		

17		
18	<del>2.</del>	Broker license identification number:
19		
20	<del>3.</del>	List the month the fiscal year ends:
21		
22	<del>4.</del>	Broker's telephone number:
23		
24	<del>5.</del>	Firm name (if different from "1"):
25		
26		
27	<del>6.</del>	Street address (main location):
28		··
29		# and Street City State ZIP Code
30		
31	<del>7.</del>	Mailing address (if different from "6"):
32		
33		
34	<del>8.</del>	Servicing agent: Identify by name, address, and telephone number the
35		person or entity who will act as the servicing agent in transactions pursuant
36		to Section 10237 (including the undersigned Broker if that is the ease):
37		
38		
20		

9. Total number of multilender notes arranged: \_\_\_\_

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1 2 3 4	<del>10.</del>	Total number of interests sold to investors on the multilender's notes:
5	<del>11.</del>	Inspection of trust account (before answering this question, review the
6		provisions of paragraph (3) of subdivision (k) of Section 10238).
7	CHI	ECK ONLY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
8	$\leftrightarrow$	The undersigned Broker is (or expects to be) required to file reports of
9		inspection of its trust account(s) with the Real Estate Commissioner
10		pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (k) of Section 10238.
11	Amo	ount of Multilender Payments Collected Last Fiseal Quarter:
12		
13	Tota	I Number of Investors Due Payments Last Fiseal Quarter:
14		
15	$\leftrightarrow$	The undersigned Broker is NOT (or does NOT expect to be) required to
16		file reports of inspection of its trust account(s) with the Real Estate
17		Commissioner pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (k) of Section
18 19		<del>10238.</del>
20	<del>12.</del>	Signature. The contents of this notice are true and correct.
20	12.	
22		Date         Type Name of Broker
23		
24		Signature of Broker or of Designated Officer of
25		Corporate Broker
26		
27		Type Name of Person(s) Signing This Notice
28		
29	NOT	FE: AN AMENDED NOTICE MUST BE FILED BY THE
30	BRC	<b>DKER WITHIN 30 DAYS OF ANY MATERIAL CHANGE</b>
31	<del>IN </del>	THE INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE SET FORTH
32	HEF	REIN.
33		
34	<del>(b</del>	) A broker or person who becomes the servicing agent for
35		s or interest sold pursuant to this article, upon which payments
36		during any period of three consecutive months in the aggregate
37		ed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) or
38		number of persons entitled to the payments exceeds 120, shall

1 file the notice required by subdivision (a) with the commissioner 2 within 30 days after becoming the servicing agent. 3 (c) All advertising employed for transactions under this article 4 shall show the name of the broker and comply with Section 10235 5 and Sections 260.302 and 2848 of Title 10 of the California Code 6 of Regulations. Brokers and their agents are cautioned that a 7 reference to a prospective investor that a transaction is conducted 8 under this article may be deemed misleading or deceptive if this 9 representation may reasonably be construed by the investor as an 10 implication of merit or approval of the transaction. 11 (d) Each parcel of real property directly securing the notes or 12 interests shall be located in this state, the note or notes shall not 13 by their terms be subject to subordination to any subsequently 14 ereated deed of trust upon the real property, and the note or notes 15 shall not be promotional notes secured by liens on separate parcels 16 of real property in one subdivision or in contiguous subdivisions. 17 For purposes of this subdivision, a promotional note means a 18 promissory note secured by a trust deed, executed on unimproved 19 real property or executed after construction of an improvement of 20 the property but before the first purchase of the property as so 21 improved, or executed as a means of financing the first purchase 22 of the property as so improved, that is subordinate, or by its terms 23 may become subordinate, to any other trust deed on the property. 24 However, the term "promotional note" does not include either of 25 the following: 26 (1) A note that was executed in excess of three years prior to 27 being offered for sale. 28 (2) A note secured by a first trust deed on real property in a 29 subdivision that evidences a bona fide loan made in connection 30 with the financing of the usual cost of the development in a 31 residential, commercial, or industrial building or buildings on the 32 property under a written agreement providing for the disbursement 33 of the loan funds as costs are incurred or in relation to the progress 34 of the work and providing for title insurance ensuring the priority 35 of the security as against mechanic's and materialmen's liens or 36 for the final disbursement of at least 10 percent of the loan funds 37 after the expiration of the period for the filing of mechanic's and 38 materialmen's liens. 39 (e) The notes or interests shall be sold by or through a real estate 40 broker, as principal or agent. At the time the interests are originally

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1 sold or assigned, neither the broker nor an affiliate of the broker 2 shall have an interest as owner, lessor, or developer of the property 3 securing the loan, or any contractual right to acquire, lease, or 4 develop the property securing the loan. This provision does not 5 prohibit a broker from conducting the following transactions if, in 6 either case, the disclosure statement furnished by the broker 7 pursuant to subdivision (1) discloses the interest of the broker or 8 affiliate in the transaction and the circumstances under which the 9 broker or affiliate acquired the interest: 10 (1) A transaction in which the broker or an affiliate of the broker 11 is acquiring the property pursuant to a foreclosure under, or sale 12 pursuant to, a deed of trust securing a note for which the broker is 13 the servicing agent or that the broker sold to the holder or holders. 14 (2) A transaction in which the broker or an affiliate of the broker 15 is reselling from inventory property acquired by the broker pursuant to a foreclosure under, or sale pursuant to, a deed of trust securing 16 17 a note for which the broker is the servicing agent or that the broker 18 sold to the holder or holders. 19 (f) (1) The notes or interests shall not be sold to more than 10 persons, each of whom meets one or both of the qualifications of 20 21 income or net worth set forth below and signs a statement, which 22 shall be retained by the broker for four years, conforming to the 23 following: 24 25 Transaction Identifier: 26 Name of Purchaser: --Date: --27 Check either one of the following, if true: 28 () My investment in the transaction does not exceed 10% of my net worth, 29 exclusive of home, furnishings, and automobiles. 30 31 () My investment in the transaction does not exceed 10% of my adjusted 32 gross income for federal income tax purposes for my last tax year or, in 33 the alternative, as estimated for the current year. 34 Signature 35 36 37 (2) The number of offerees shall not be considered for the 38 purposes of this section. 39 (3) Spouses and their dependents, and an individual and his or 40 her dependents, shall be counted as one person.

1 (4) A retirement plan, trust, business trust, corporation, or other 2 entity that is wholly owned by an individual and the individual's 3 spouse or the individual's dependents, or any combination thereof, 4 shall not be counted separately from the individual, but the 5 investments of these entities shall be aggregated with those of the 6 individual for the purposes of the statement required by paragraph 7 (1). If the investments of any entities are required to be aggregated 8 under this subdivision, the adjusted gross income or net worth of 9 these entities may also be aggregated with the net worth, income, 10 or both, of the individual. 11 (5) The "institutional investors" enumerated in subdivision (i) 12 of Section 25102 or subdivision (c) of Section 25104 of the 13 Corporations Code, or in a rule adopted pursuant thereto, shall not 14 be counted. 15 (6) A partnership, limited liability company, corporation, or 16 other organization that was not specifically formed for the purpose 17 of purchasing the security offered in reliance upon this exemption 18 from securities qualification is counted as one person. 19 (g) The notes or interests of the purchasers shall be identical in 20 their underlying terms, including the right to direct or require 21 foreclosure, rights to and rate of interest, and other incidents of 22 being a lender, and the sale to each purchaser pursuant to this 23 section shall be upon the same terms, subject to adjustment for the 24 face or principal amount or percentage interest purchased and for 25 interest earned or accrued. This subdivision does not preclude 26 different selling prices for interests to the extent that these 27 differences are reasonably related to changes in the market value 28 of the loan occurring between the sales of these interests. The 29 interest of each purchaser shall be recorded pursuant to 30 subdivisions (a) to (c), inclusive, of Section 10234. 31 (h) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the aggregate 32 principal amount of the notes or interests sold, together with the 33 unpaid principal amount of any encumbrances upon the real 34 property senior thereto, shall not exceed the following percentages 35 of the current market value of each parcel of the real property, as 36 determined in writing by the broker or appraiser pursuant to Section 37 10232.6, plus the amount for which the payment of principal and 38 interest in excess of the percentage of current market value is

39 insured for the benefit of the holders of the notes or interests by

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1	an insurer admitted to do business in this state by the Insurance			
2	Commissioner:			
3				
4	(A) Single-family residence, owner occupied	0		
5	(B) Single-family residence, not owner occupied	0		
6	(C) Commercial and income-producing properties	, <del>0</del>		
7	(D) Single-family residentially zoned lot or parcel which has			
8	installed offsite improvements including drainage, curbs, —			
9	gutters, sidewalks, paved roads, and utilities as mandated —			
10	by the political subdivision having jurisdiction over the lot —			
11	or parcel	0		
12	(E) Land that has been zoned for (and if required, approved for —			
13	subdivision as) commercial or residential development 50%	6		
14	(F) Other real property	6		
15				
16	(2) The percentage amounts specified in paragraph (1) may b	e		
17	exceeded when and to the extent that the broker determines that			
18	the encumbrance of the property in excess of these percentages i	is		
19	reasonable and prudent considering all relevant factors pertainin	g		
20	to the real property. However, in no event shall the aggregat	-		
21	principal amount of the notes or interests sold, together with th			
22	unpaid principal amount of any encumbrances upon the propert	у		
23	senior thereto, exceed 80 percent of the current fair market valu	te		
24	of improved real property or 50 percent of the current fair marked			
25	value of unimproved real property, except in the case of	a		
26	single-family zoned lot or parcel as defined in paragraph (1), whic	h		
27	shall not exceed 65 percent of the current fair market value of that	at		
28	lot or parcel, plus the amount insured as specified in paragrap	h		
29	(1). A written statement shall be prepared by the broker that set	ŧs		
30	forth the material considerations and facts that the broker relic	<del>)S</del>		
31	upon for his or her determination, which shall be retained as a part	rt		
32	of the broker's record of the transaction. Either a copy of th	e		
33	statement or the information contained therein shall be include	d		
34	in the disclosures required pursuant to subdivision (1).			
35	(3) A copy of the appraisal or the broker's evaluation, for eac	h		
36	parcel of real property securing the notes or interests, shall b	æ		
37	delivered to each purchaser. The broker shall advise purchaser			
38	of their right to receive a copy. For purposes of this paragraph			
39	"appraisal" means a written estimate of value based upon th			
40	assembling, analyzing, and reconciling of facts and value indicator			

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1 for the real property in question. A broker shall not purport to make

2 an appraisal unless the person so employed is qualified on the basis

3 of special training, preparation, or experience.

4 (4) For construction or rehabilitation loans, the term "current
5 market value" may be deemed to be the value of the completed
6 project if the following safeguards are met:

7 (A) An independent neutral third-party escrow holder is used
 8 for all deposits and disbursements.

9 (B) The loan is fully funded, with the entire loan amount to be 10 deposited in escrow prior to recording of the deed or deeds of trust.

(C) A comprehensive, detailed, draw schedule is used to ensure
 proper and timely disbursements to allow for completion of the

13 project.

14 (D) The disbursement draws from the escrow account are based 15 on verification from an independent qualified person who certifies 16 that the work completed to date meets the related codes and 17 standards and that the draws were made in accordance with the 18 construction contract and draw schedule. For purposes of this 19 subparagraph, "independent qualified person" means a person who 20 is not an employee, agent, or affiliate of the broker and who is a 21 licensed architect, general contractor, structural engineer, or active 22 local government building inspector acting in his or her official 23 capacity. 24 (E) An appraisal is completed by a qualified and licensed

25 appraiser in accordance with the Uniform Standards of Professional
 26 Appraisal Practice (USPAP).

(F) In addition to the transaction documentation required by
subdivision (i), the documentation shall include a detailed
description of actions that may be taken in the event of a failure
to complete the project, whether that failure is due to default,
insufficiency of funds, or other causes.

32 (G) The entire amount of the loan does not exceed two million
 33 five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000).

34 (5) If a note or an interest will be secured by more than one
 35 parcel of real property, for the purpose of determining the

36 maximum amount of the note or interest, each security property

37 shall be assigned a portion of the note or interest which shall not

38 exceed the percentage of current market value determined by, and

39 in accordance with, the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2).

1 (i) The documentation of the transaction shall require that (1) 2 a default upon any interest or note is a default upon all interests 3 or notes and (2) the holders of more than 50 percent of the recorded 4 beneficial interests of the notes or interests may govern the actions 5 to be taken on behalf of all holders in accordance with Section 6 2941.9 of the Civil Code in the event of default or forcelosure for 7 matters that require direction or approval of the holders, including 8 designation of the broker, servicing agent, or other person acting 9 on their behalf, and the sale, encumbrance, or lease of real property 10 owned by the holders resulting from foreclosure or receipt of a 11 deed in lieu of forcelosure. The terms called for by this subdivision 12 may be included in the deed of trust, in the assignment of interests, 13 or in any other documentation as is necessary or appropriate to 14 make them binding on the parties. 15 (i) (1) The broker shall not accept any purchase or loan funds 16 or other consideration from a prospective lender or purchaser, or directly or indirectly cause the funds or other consideration to be 17 18 deposited in an escrow or trust account, except as to a specific loan 19 or note secured by a deed of trust that the broker owns, is 20 authorized to negotiate, or is unconditionally obligated to buy. 21 (2) All funds received by the broker from the purchasers or 22 lenders shall be handled in accordance with Section 10145 for 23 disbursement to the persons thereto entitled upon recordation of 24 the interests of the purchasers or lenders in the note and deed of 25 trust. No provision of this article shall be construed as modifying 26 or superseding applicable law regulating the escrow holder in any 27 transaction or the handling of the escrow account. 28 (3) The books and records of the broker or servicing agent, or 29 both, shall be maintained in a manner that readily identifies 30 transactions under this article and the receipt and disbursement of 31 funds in connection with these transactions. 32 (4) If required by paragraph (3) of subdivision (k), the review 33 by the independent certified public accountant shall include a 34 sample of transactions, as reflected in the records of the trust 35 account required pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (k), and 36 the bank statements and supporting documents. These documents 37 shall be reviewed for compliance with this article with respect to 38 the handling and distribution of funds. The sample shall be selected 39 at random by the accountant from all these transactions and shall 40 consist of the following: (A) three sales made or 5 percent of the

1 sales made pursuant to this article during the period for which the 2 examination is conducted, whichever is greater, and (B) 10 3 payments processed or 2 percent of payments processed under this 4 article during the period for which the examination is conducted, 5 whichever is greater. 6 (5) For the purposes of this subdivision, the transaction that 7 constitutes a "sale" is the series of transactions by which a series 8 of notes of a maker, or the interests in the note of a maker, are sold 9 or issued to their various purchasers under this article, including 10 all receipts and disbursements in that process of funds received 11 from the purchasers or lenders. The transaction that constitutes a 12 "payment," for the purposes of this subdivision, is the receipt of 13 a payment from the person obligated on the note or from some 14 other person on behalf of the person so obligated, including the 15 broker or servicing agent, and the distribution of that payment to 16 the persons entitled thereto. If a payment involves an advance paid by the broker or servicing agent as the result of a dishonored check, 17 18 the inspection shall identify the source of funds from which the 19 payment was made or, in the alternative, the steps that are 20 reasonably necessary to determine that there was not a 21 disbursement of trust funds. The accountant shall inspect for 22 compliance with the following specific provisions of this section: 23 paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (j) and paragraphs (1) 24 and (2) of subdivision (k). 25 (6) Within 30 days of the close of the period for which the report 26 is made, or within any additional time as the commissioner may 27 in writing allow in a particular case, the accountant shall forward 28 to the broker or servicing agent, as the case may be, and to the 29 commissioner, the report of the accountant, stating that the 30 inspection was performed in accordance with this section, listing 31 the sales and the payments examined, specifying the nature of the 32 deficiencies, if any, noted by the accountant with respect to each 33 sale or payment, together with any further information as the 34 accountant may wish to include, such as corrective steps taken 35 with respect to any deficiency so noted, or stating that no 36 deficiencies were observed. If the broker meets the threshold 37 eriteria of Section 10232, the report of the accountant shall be 38 submitted as part of the quarterly reports required under Section 39 10232.25.

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1 (k) The notes or interests shall be sold subject to a written 2 agreement that obligates a licensed real estate broker, or a person 3 exempted from the licensing requirement for real estate brokers 4 under this chapter, to act as agent for the purchasers or lenders to 5 service the note or notes and deed of trust, including the receipt 6 and transmission of payments and the institution of foreclosure 7 proceedings in the event of a default. A copy of this servicing 8 agreement shall be delivered to each purchaser. The broker shall 9 offer to the lenders or purchasers the services of the broker or one 10 or more affiliates of the broker, or both, as servicing agent for each 11 transaction conducted pursuant to this article. The agreement shall 12 require all of the following: 13 (1) (A) That payments received on the note or notes be 14 deposited immediately to a trust account maintained in accordance 15 with this section and with the provisions for trust accounts of 16 licensed real estate brokers contained in Section 10145 and Article 17 15 (commencing with Section 2830.1) of Chapter 6 of Title 10 of 18 the California Code of Regulations. 19 (B) That payments deposited pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall not be commingled with the assets of the servicing agent or used 20 21 for any transaction other than the transaction for which the funds 22 are received. 23 (2) That payments received on the note or notes shall be 24 transmitted to the purchasers or lenders pro rata according to their 25 respective interests within 25 days after receipt thereof by the 26 agent. If the source for the payment is not the maker of the note, 27 the agent shall inform the purchasers or lenders in writing of the 28 source for payment. A broker or servicing agent who transmits to 29 the purchaser or lenders the broker's or servicing agent's own 30 funds to cover payments due from the borrower but unpaid as a 31 result of a dishonored check may recover the amount of the 32 advances from the trust fund when the past due payment is 33 received. However, this article does not authorize the broker, 34 servicing agent, or any other person to issue, or to engage in any 35 practice constituting, any guarantee or to engage in the practice of 36 advancing payments on behalf of the borrower. 37 (3) If the broker or person who is or becomes the servicing agent 38 for notes or interests sold pursuant to this article upon which the 39 payments due during any period of three consecutive months in

40 the aggregate exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars

1 (\$125,000) or the number of persons entitled to the payments 2 exceeds 120, the trust account or accounts of that broker or affiliate 3 shall be inspected by an independent certified public accountant 4 at no less than three-month intervals during the time the volume 5 is maintained. Within 30 days after the close of the period for 6 which the review is made, the report of the accountant shall be 7 forwarded as provided in paragraph (6) of subdivision (j). If the 8 broker is required to file an annual report pursuant to subdivision 9 (o) or pursuant to Section 10232.2, the quarterly report pursuant 10 to this subdivision need not be filed for the last quarter of the year 11 for which the annual report is made. For the purposes of this 12 subdivision, an affiliate of a broker is any person controlled by, 13 controlling, or under common control with the broker. 14 (4) Unless the servicing agent will receive notice pursuant to 15 Section 2924b of the Civil Code, the servicing agent shall file a written request for notice of default upon any prior encumbrances 16 17 and promptly notify the purchasers or lenders of any default on 18 the prior encumbrances or on the note or notes subject to the 19 servicing agreement. 20 (5) The servicing agent shall promptly forward copies of the 21 following to each purchaser or lender: 22 (A) Any notice of trustee sale filed on behalf of the purchasers 23 or lenders. 24 (B) Any request for reconveyance of the deed of trust received 25 on behalf of the purchasers or lenders. 26 (1) The broker shall disclose in writing to each purchaser or 27 lender the material facts concerning the transaction on a disclosure 28 form adopted or approved by the commissioner pursuant to Section 29 10232.5, subject to the following: 30 (1) The disclosure form shall include a description of the terms 31 upon which the note and deed of trust are being sold, including 32 the terms of the undivided interests being offered therein, including 33 the following: 34 (A) In the case of the sale of an existing note: 35 (i) The aggregate sale price of the note. 36 (ii) The percent of the premium over or discount from the 37 principal balance plus accrued but unpaid interest.

(iii) The effective rate of return to the purchasers if the note is
 paid according to its terms.

1 (iv) The name and address of the escrow holder for the 2 transaction. 3 (v) A description of, and the estimated amount of, each cost 4 payable by the seller in connection with the sale and a description 5 of, and the estimated amount of, each cost payable by the 6 purchasers in connection with the sale. 7 (B) In the case of the origination of a note: 8 (i) The name and address of the escrow holder for the 9 transaction. 10 (ii) The anticipated closing date. 11 (iii) A description of, and the estimated amount of, each cost 12 payable by the borrower in connection with the loan and a 13 description of, and the estimated amount of, each cost payable by 14 the lenders in connection with the loan. 15 (C) In the case of a transaction involving a note or interest secured by more than one parcel of real property, in addition to 16 17 the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B): 18 (i) The address, description, and estimated fair market value of 19 each property securing the loan. 20 (ii) The amount of the available equity in each property securing 21 the loan after the loan amount to be apportioned to each property 22 is assigned. 23 (iii) The loan to value percentage for each property after the 24 loan amount to be apportioned to each property is assigned pursuant 25 to subdivision (h). 26 (2) A copy of the written statement or information contained 27 therein, as required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (h), shall be 28 included in the disclosure form. 29 (3) Any interest of the broker or affiliate in the transaction, as 30 described in subdivision (e), shall be included with the disclosure 31 form. 32 (4) When the particular circumstances of a transaction make 33 information not specified in the disclosure form material or 34 essential to keep the information provided in the form from being 35 misleading, and the other information is known to the broker, the 36 other information shall also be provided by the broker. (5) If more than one parcel of real property secures the notes or 37 38 interests, the disclosure form shall also fully disclose any risks to 39 investors associated with securing the notes or interests with 40 multiple parcels of real property.

1 (m) The broker or servicing agent shall furnish any purchaser 2 of a note or interest, upon request, with the names and addresses 3 of the purchasers of the other notes or interests in the loan. 4 (n) No agreement in connection with a transaction covered by 5 this article shall grant to the real estate broker, the servicing agent, 6 or any affiliate of the broker or agent the option or election to 7 acquire the interests of the purchasers or lenders or to acquire the 8 real property securing the interests. This subdivision shall not 9 prohibit the broker or affiliate from acquiring the interests, with 10 the consent of the purchasers or lenders whose interests are being 11 purchased, or the property, with the written consent of the 12 purchasers or lenders, if the consent is given at the time of the 13 acquisition. 14 (o) Each broker who conducts transactions under this article, 15 or broker or person who becomes the servicing agent for notes or 16 interest sold pursuant to this article, who meets the criteria of 17 paragraph (3) of subdivision (k) shall file with the commissioner 18 an annual report of a review of its trust account. The report shall 19 be prepared and filed in accordance with subdivision (a) of Section 20 10232.2 and the rules and procedures thereunder of the 21 commissioner. That report shall cover the broker's transactions 22 under this article and, if the broker also meets the threshold criteria 23 set forth in Section 10232, the broker's transactions subject to that 24 section shall be included as well. 25 (p) Each broker conducting transactions pursuant to this article, 26 or broker or person who becomes the servicing agent for notes or 27 interest sold pursuant to this article, who meets the criteria of 28 paragraph (3) of subdivision (k) shall file with the commissioner 29 a report of the transactions that is prepared in accordance with 30 subdivision (c) of Section 10232.2. If the broker also meets the 31 threshold criteria of Section 10232, the report shall include the 32 transactions subject to that section as well. This report shall be 33 confidential pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 10232.2. 34 SEC. 2. Section 17537.1 of the Business and Professions Code 35 is amended to read: 36 17537.1. (a) It is unlawful for any person, or an employee, 37 agent, or independent contractor employed or authorized by that 38 person, by any means, as part of an advertising plan or program,

39 to offer any incentive as an inducement to the recipient to visit a

40 location, attend a sales presentation, or contact a sales agent in

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1 person, by telephone, or by mail, unless the offer clearly and 2 conspicuously discloses in writing, in readily understandable 3 language, all of the information required in paragraphs (1) and (2). 4 If the offer is not initially made in writing, the required disclosures 5 shall be received by the recipient in writing prior to any scheduled 6 visit to a location, sales presentation, or contact with a sales agent. 7 For purposes of this section, the term "incentive" means any item 8 or service of value, including, but not limited to, any prize, gift, 9 money, or other tangible property. 10 (1) The following disclosures shall appear on the front (or first) 11 page of the offer: 12 (A) The name and street address of the owner of the real or 13 personal property or the provider of the services which are the 14 subject of the visit, sales presentation, or contact with a sales agent. 15 If the offer is made by an agent or independent contractor employed 16 or authorized by the owner or provider, or is made under a name 17 other than the true name of the owner or provider, the name of the 18 owner or provider shall be more prominently and conspicuously 19 displayed than the name of the agent, independent contractor, or 20 other name. 21 (B) A general description of the business of the owner or 22 provider identified pursuant to subparagraph (A), and the purpose 23 of any requested visit, sales presentation, or contact with a sales 24 agent, which shall include a general description of the real or 25 personal property or services which are the subject of the sales 26 presentation and a clear statement, if applicable, that there will be 27 a sales presentation and the approximate duration of the visit and 28 sales presentation. 29 (C) If the recipient is not assured of receiving any particular 30 incentive, a statement of the odds of receiving each incentive 31 offered or, in the alternative, a clear statement describing the 32 location in the offer where the odds can be found. The odds shall 33 be stated in whole Arabic numbers in a format such as: "1 chance 34 in 100,000" or "1:100,000." The odds and, where applicable, the 35 alternative statement describing their location, shall be printed in 36 a type size that is at least equal to that used for the standard text 37 on the front (or first) page of the offer. 38 (D) A clear statement, if applicable, that the offer is subject to 39 specific restrictions, qualifications, and conditions and a statement

describing the location in the offer where the restrictions,

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1 qualifications, and conditions may be found. Both statements shall

2 be printed in a type size that is at least equal to that used for the

3 standard text on the front (or first) page of the offer.

4 (2) The following disclosures shall appear in the offer, but need
 5 not appear on the front (or first) page of the offer:

6 (A) Unless the odds are disclosed on the front (or first) page of

7 the offer, a statement of the odds of receiving each incentive
8 offered, printed in the size and format set forth in subparagraph
9 (C) of paragraph (1).

10 (B) All restrictions, qualifications, and other conditions which

11 must be satisfied before the recipient is entitled to receive the

12 incentive, including but not limited to:

(i) Any deadline by which the recipient must visit the location,
 attend the sales presentation, or contact the sales agent in order to
 receive an incentive.

16 (ii) Any other conditions, such as a minimum age qualification,

17 a financial qualification, or a requirement that if the recipient is

18 married both spouses must be present in order to receive the

19 incentive. Any financial qualifications shall be stated with a

specificity sufficient to enable the recipient to reasonably determine
 his or her eligibility.

(C) A statement that the owner or provider identified pursuant
 to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) reserves the right to provide
 a raincheck, or a substitute or like incentive, if those rights are

25 reserved.

(D) A statement that a recipient who receives an offered
 incentive may request and will receive evidence showing that the
 incentive provided matches the incentive randomly or otherwise
 selected for distribution to that recipient.

30 (E) All other rules, terms, and conditions of the offer, plan, or 31 program.

(b) It is unlawful for any person making an offer subject to
subdivision (a), or any employee, agent, or independent contractor
employed or authorized by that person, to offer any incentive when
the person knows or has reason to know that the offered item will
not be available in a sufficient quantity based upon the reasonably
anticipated response to the offer.
(c) It is unlawful for any person making an offer subject to

39 subdivision (a), or any employee, agent, or independent contractor

40 employed or authorized by that person, to fail to provide any

1 offered incentive which any recipient who has responded to the 2 offer in the manner specified therein, who has performed the 3 requirements disclosed therein, and who has met the qualifications 4 described therein, is entitled to receive, unless the offered incentive 5 is not reasonably available and the offer discloses the reservation 6 of a right to provide a raincheck, or a like or substitute incentive, 7 if the offered incentive is unavailable. 8 (d) If the person making an offer subject to subdivision (a) is 9 unable to provide an offered incentive because of limitations of 10 supply, quantity, or quality that were not reasonably foreseeable 11 or controllable by the person making the offer, the person making the offer shall inform the recipient of the recipient's right to receive 12 13 a raincheck for the incentive offered, unless the person making 14 the offer knows or has reasonable basis for knowing that the 15 incentive will not be reasonably available and shall inform the recipient of the recipient's right to at least one of the following 16 17 additional options: 18 (1) The person making the offer will provide a like incentive 19 of equivalent or greater retail value or a raincheck therefor. 20 (2) The person making the offer will provide a substitute 21 incentive of equivalent or greater retail value. 22 (3) The person making the offer will provide a raincheck for 23 the like or substitute incentive. (c) If a raincheck is provided, the person making an offer subject 24 25 to subdivision (a) shall, within a reasonable time, and in no event 26 later than 80 days, deliver the agreed incentive to the recipient's 27 address without additional cost or obligation to the recipient, unless 28 the incentive for which the raincheck is provided remains 29 unavailable because of limitations of supply, quantity, or quality 30 not reasonably foreseeable or controllable by the person making 31 the offer. In that ease, the person making the offer shall, not later 32 than 30 days after the expiration of the 80 days, deliver a like 33 incentive of equal or greater retail value or, if an incentive is not 34 reasonably available to the person making the offer, a substitute 35 incentive of equal or greater retail value. 36 (f) Upon the request of a recipient who has received or claims 37 a right to receive any offered incentive, the person making an offer 38 subject to subdivision (a) shall furnish to the person sufficient 39 evidence showing that the incentive provided matches the incentive

40 randomly or otherwise selected for distribution to that recipient.

1 (g) It is unlawful for any person making an offer subject to 2 subdivision (a), or any employee, agent, or independent contractor 3 employed or authorized by that person, to: 4 (1) Use any printing styles, graphics, layouts, text, colors, or 5 formats on envelopes or on the offer that imply, create an 6 appearance, or would lead a reasonable person to believe, that the 7 offer originates from or is issued by or on behalf of a government 8 or public agency, public utility, public organization, insurance 9 company, credit reporting agency, bill collecting company, or law 10 firm, unless the same is true. 11 (2) Misrepresent the size, quantity, identity, value, or qualities 12 of any incentive. 13 (3) Misrepresent in any manner the odds of receiving any 14 particular incentive. 15 (4) Represent directly or by implication that the number of 16 participants has been significantly limited or that any person has 17 been selected to receive a particular incentive unless that is the 18 fact. 19 (5) Label any offer a notice of termination or notice of 20 cancellation. 21 (6) Misrepresent, in any manner, the offer, plan, or program or 22 the affiliation, connection, association, or contractual relationship 23 between the person making the offer and the owner or provider, 24 if they are not the same. 25 (h) If the major incentives are awarded or given at random, by 26 the assignment of a number to the incentives, that number shall 27 be actually assigned by the party contractually responsible for 28 doing so. The person making an offer subject to subdivision (a) 29 hereof, or the agent, employee, or independent contractor employed 30 or authorized by that person, if any, shall maintain, for a period of 31 one year after the date the offer is made, the records that show that 32 the winning numbers or opportunity to receive the major incentives 33 have been deposited in the mail or otherwise made available to 34 recipients in accordance with the odds statement provided pursuant 35 to subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) hereof. 36 The records shall be made available to the Attorney General within 37 30 days after written request therefor. Postal receipt records, 38 affidavits of mailing, or a list of winners or recipients of the major 39 incentives shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of this 40 section.

1 SEC. 3. Section 50 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 2 50. Any necessary force may be used to protect from wrongful 3 injury the person or property of oneself, or of a spouse, child, 4 parent, or other relative, or member of one's family, or of a ward, 5 servant, master, or guest. 6 SEC. 4. Section 51.3 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 7 51.3. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that this section 8 is essential to establish and preserve specially designed accessible 9 housing for senior citizens. There are senior citizens who need 10 special living environments and services, and find that there is an 11 inadequate supply of this type of housing in the state. 12 (b) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions 13 apply: 14 (1) "Qualifying resident" or "senior citizen" means a person 62 15 years of age or older, or 55 years of age or older in a senior citizen 16 housing development. (2) "Qualified permanent resident" means a person who meets 17 18 both of the following requirements: 19 (A) Was residing with the qualifying resident or senior citizen 20 prior to the death, hospitalization, or other prolonged absence of, 21 or the dissolution of marriage with, the qualifying resident or senior 22 eitizen. 23 (B) Was 45 years of age or older, or was a spouse, cohabitant, 24 or person providing primary physical or economic support to the 25 qualifying resident or senior citizen. 26 (3) "Qualified permanent resident" also means a disabled person 27 or person with a disabling illness or injury who is a child or 28 grandchild of the senior citizen or a qualified permanent resident 29 as defined in paragraph (2) who needs to live with the senior citizen 30 or qualified permanent resident because of the disabling condition, 31 illness, or injury. For purposes of this section, "disabled" means 32 a person who has a disability as defined in subdivision (b) of 33 Section 54. A "disabling injury or illness" means an illness or 34 injury which results in a condition meeting the definition of 35 disability set forth in subdivision (b) of Section 54. 36 (A) For any person who is a qualified permanent resident under 37 this paragraph whose disabling condition ends, the owner, board 38 of directors, or other governing body may require the formerly 39 disabled resident to cease residing in the development upon receipt 40 of six months' written notice; provided, however, that the owner,

1 board of directors, or other governing body may allow the person 2 to remain a resident for up to one year after the disabling condition 3 ends. 4 (B) The owner, board of directors, or other governing body of 5 the senior citizen housing development may take action to prohibit 6 or terminate occupancy by a person who is a qualified permanent 7 resident under this paragraph if the owner, board of directors, or 8 other governing body finds, based on credible and objective 9 evidence, that the person is likely to pose a significant threat to 10 the health or safety of others that cannot be ameliorated by means 11 of a reasonable accommodation; provided, however, that the action 12 to prohibit or terminate the occupancy may be taken only after 13 doing both of the following: 14 (i) Providing reasonable notice to and an opportunity to be heard 15 for the disabled person whose occupancy is being challenged, and 16 reasonable notice to the coresident parent or grandparent of that 17 person. 18 (ii) Giving due consideration to the relevant, credible, and 19 objective information provided in the hearing. The evidence shall 20 be taken and held in a confidential manner, pursuant to a closed 21 session, by the owner, board of directors, or other governing body 22 in order to preserve the privacy of the affected persons. 23 The affected persons shall be entitled to have present at the 24 hearing an attorney or any other person authorized by them to 25 speak on their behalf or to assist them in the matter. 26 (4) "Senior citizen housing development" means a residential 27 development developed, substantially rehabilitated, or substantially 28 renovated for, senior citizens that has at least 35 dwelling units. 29 Any senior citizen housing development which is required to obtain 30 a public report under Section 11010 of the Business and Professions 31 Code and which submits its application for a public report after 32 July 1, 2001, shall be required to have been issued a public report 33 as a senior citizen housing development under Section 11010.05 34 of the Business and Professions Code. No housing development 35 constructed prior to January 1, 1985, shall fail to qualify as a senior 36 eitizen housing development because it was not originally 37 developed or put to use for occupancy by senior citizens. 38 (5) "Dwelling unit" or "housing" means any residential 39 accommodation other than a mobilehome.

1 (6) "Cohabitant" refers to persons who live together as spouses 2 or persons who are domestic partners within the meaning of Section 3 297 of the Family Code. 4 (7) "Permitted health care resident" means a person hired to 5 provide live-in, long-term, or terminal health care to a qualifying 6 resident, or a family member of the qualifying resident providing 7 that care. For the purposes of this section, the care provided by a 8 permitted health care resident must be substantial in nature and 9 must provide either assistance with necessary daily activities or 10 medical treatment, or both. 11 A permitted health care resident shall be entitled to continue his 12 or her occupancy, residency, or use of the dwelling unit as a 13 permitted resident in the absence of the senior citizen from the 14 dwelling unit only if both of the following are applicable: 15 (A) The senior citizen became absent from the dwelling due to 16 hospitalization or other necessary medical treatment and expects 17 to return to his or her residence within 90 days from the date the 18 absence began. 19 (B) The absent senior citizen or an authorized person acting for 20 the senior citizen submits a written request to the owner, board of 21 directors, or governing board stating that the senior citizen desires 22 that the permitted health care resident be allowed to remain in 23 order to be present when the senior citizen returns to reside in the 24 development. 25 Upon written request by the senior citizen or an authorized 26 person acting for the senior citizen, the owner, board of directors, 27 or governing board shall have the discretion to allow a permitted 28 health care resident to remain for a time period longer than 90 days 29 from the date that the senior citizen's absence began, if it appears 30 that the senior citizen will return within a period of time not to 31 exceed an additional 90 days. 32 (c) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions and other 33 documents or written policy shall set forth the limitations on 34 occupancy, residency, or use on the basis of age. Any such 35 limitation shall not be more exclusive than to require that one 36 person in residence in each dwelling unit may be required to be a 37 senior citizen and that each other resident in the same dwelling 38 unit may be required to be a qualified permanent resident, a 39 permitted health care resident, or a person under 55 years of age 40 whose occupancy is permitted under subdivision (h) of this section

1 or under subdivision (b) of Section 51.4. That limitation may be 2 less exclusive, but shall at least require that the persons 3 commencing any occupancy of a dwelling unit include a senior 4 eitizen who intends to reside in the unit as his or her primary 5 residence on a permanent basis. The application of the rules set 6 forth in this subdivision regarding limitations on occupancy may 7 result in less than all of the dwellings being actually occupied by 8 a senior citizen. 9 (d) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions or other 10 documents or written policy shall permit temporary residency, as 11 a guest of a senior citizen or qualified permanent resident, by a 12 person of less than 55 years of age for periods of time, not less 13 than 60 days in any year, that are specified in the covenants, 14 conditions, and restrictions or other documents or written policy. 15 (e) Upon the death or dissolution of marriage, or upon 16 hospitalization, or other prolonged absence of the qualifying 17 resident, any qualified permanent resident shall be entitled to 18 continue his or her occupancy, residency, or use of the dwelling 19 unit as a permitted resident. This subdivision shall not apply to a 20 permitted health care resident. 21 (f) The condominium, stock cooperative, limited-equity housing 22 eooperative, planned development, or multiple-family residential 23 rental property shall have been developed for, and initially been 24 put to use as, housing for senior citizens, or shall have been 25 substantially rehabilitated or renovated for, and immediately 26 afterward put to use as, housing for senior citizens, as provided in 27 this section; provided, however, that no housing development 28 constructed prior to January 1, 1985, shall fail to qualify as a senior 29 citizen housing development because it was not originally 30 developed for or originally put to use for occupancy by senior 31 citizens. 32 (g) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions or other 33 documents or written policies applicable to any condominium, 34 stock cooperative, limited-equity housing cooperative, planned 35 development, or multiple-family residential property that contained 36 age restrictions on January 1, 1984, shall be enforceable only to 37 the extent permitted by this section, notwithstanding lower age 38 restrictions contained in those documents or policies. 39 (h) Any person who has the right to reside in, occupy, or use

40 the housing or an unimproved lot subject to this section on January

1 1, 1985, shall not be deprived of the right to continue that

residency, occupancy, or use as the result of the enactment of this
 section.

4 (i) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions or other 5 documents or written policy of the senior citizen housing 6 development shall permit the occupancy of a dwelling unit by a 7 permitted health care resident during any period that the person is 8 actually providing live-in, long-term, or hospice health care to a 9 qualifying resident for compensation. For purposes of this 10 subdivision, the term "for compensation" shall include provisions 11 of lodging and food in exchange for care. 12 (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, this

13 section shall not apply to the County of Riverside.

14 SEC. 5. Section 51.11 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

15 51.11. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that this section
 is essential to establish and preserve housing for senior citizens.
 17 There are senior citizens who need special living environments,

and find that there is an inadequate supply of this type of housing
 in the state.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions
 apply:

(1) "Qualifying resident" or "senior citizen" means a person 62
 years of age or older, or 55 years of age or older in a senior citizen
 housing development.

(2) "Qualified permanent resident" means a person who meets
 both of the following requirements:

(A) Was residing with the qualifying resident or senior citizen
 prior to the death, hospitalization, or other prolonged absence of,
 or the dissolution of marriage with, the qualifying resident or senior
 citizen.

(B) Was 45 years of age or older, or was a spouse, cohabitant,
 or person providing primary physical or economic support to the
 qualifying resident or senior citizen.
 (3) "Oualified permanent resident" also means a disabled person

(3) "Qualified permanent resident" also means a disabled person
or person with a disabling illness or injury who is a child or
grandchild of the senior citizen or a qualified permanent resident
as defined in paragraph (2) who needs to live with the senior citizen
or qualified permanent resident because of the disabling condition,
illness, or injury. For purposes of this section, "disabled" means

40 a person who has a disability as defined in subdivision (b) of

1 Section 54. A "disabling injury or illness" means an illness or 2 injury which results in a condition meeting the definition of 3 disability set forth in subdivision (b) of Section 54. 4 (A) For any person who is a qualified permanent resident under 5 paragraph (3) whose disabling condition ends, the owner, board 6 of directors, or other governing body may require the formerly 7 disabled resident to cease residing in the development upon receipt 8 of six months' written notice; provided, however, that the owner, 9 board of directors, or other governing body may allow the person 10 to remain a resident for up to one year, after the disabling condition 11 ends. 12 (B) The owner, board of directors, or other governing body of 13 the senior citizen housing development may take action to prohibit 14 or terminate occupancy by a person who is a qualified permanent 15 resident under paragraph (3) if the owner, board of directors, or 16 other governing body finds, based on credible and objective 17 evidence, that the person is likely to pose a significant threat to 18 the health or safety of others that cannot be ameliorated by means 19 of a reasonable accommodation; provided, however, that action 20 to prohibit or terminate the occupancy may be taken only after 21 doing both of the following: 22 (i) Providing reasonable notice to and an opportunity to be heard 23 for the disabled person whose occupancy is being challenged, and 24 reasonable notice to the coresident parent or grandparent of that 25 person. 26 (ii) Giving due consideration to the relevant, credible, and 27 objective information provided in that hearing. The evidence shall 28 be taken and held in a confidential manner, pursuant to a closed 29 session, by the owner, board of directors, or other governing body 30 in order to preserve the privacy of the affected persons. 31 The affected persons shall be entitled to have present at the 32 hearing an attorney or any other person authorized by them to 33 speak on their behalf or to assist them in the matter. 34 (4) "Senior citizen housing development" means a residential 35 development developed with more than 20 units as a senior 36 community by its developer and zoned as a senior community by 37 a local governmental entity, or characterized as a senior community 38 in its governing documents, as these are defined in Section 4150, 39 or qualified as a senior community under the federal Fair Housing

40 Amendments Act of 1988, as amended. Any senior citizen housing

1 development which is required to obtain a public report under 2 Section 11010 of the Business and Professions Code and which 3 submits its application for a public report after July 1, 2001, shall 4 be required to have been issued a public report as a senior citizen 5 housing development under Section 11010.05 of the Business and 6 Professions Code. 7 (5) "Dwelling unit" or "housing" means any residential 8 accommodation other than a mobilehome. 9 (6) "Cohabitant" refers to persons who live together as spouses 10 or persons who are domestic partners within the meaning of Section 11 297 of the Family Code. 12 (7) "Permitted health care resident" means a person hired to 13 provide live-in, long-term, or terminal health care to a qualifying 14 resident, or a family member of the qualifying resident providing 15 that care. For the purposes of this section, the care provided by a 16 permitted health care resident must be substantial in nature and 17 must provide either assistance with necessary daily activities or 18 medical treatment, or both. 19 A permitted health care resident shall be entitled to continue his 20 or her occupancy, residency, or use of the dwelling unit as a 21 permitted resident in the absence of the senior citizen from the 22 dwelling unit only if both of the following are applicable: 23 (A) The senior citizen became absent from the dwelling due to 24 hospitalization or other necessary medical treatment and expects 25 to return to his or her residence within 90 days from the date the 26 absence began. 27 (B) The absent senior citizen or an authorized person acting for 28 the senior citizen submits a written request to the owner, board of 29 directors, or governing board stating that the senior citizen desires 30 that the permitted health care resident be allowed to remain in 31 order to be present when the senior citizen returns to reside in the 32 development. 33 Upon written request by the senior citizen or an authorized 34 person acting for the senior citizen, the owner, board of directors, 35 or governing board shall have the discretion to allow a permitted 36 health care resident to remain for a time period longer than 90 days 37 from the date that the senior citizen's absence began, if it appears 38 that the senior citizen will return within a period of time not to 39 exceed an additional 90 days.

1 (c) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions and other 2 documents or written policy shall set forth the limitations on 3 occupancy, residency, or use on the basis of age. Any limitation 4 shall not be more exclusive than to require that one person in 5 residence in each dwelling unit may be required to be a senior 6 citizen and that each other resident in the same dwelling unit may 7 be required to be a qualified permanent resident, a permitted health 8 eare resident, or a person under 55 years of age whose occupancy 9 is permitted under subdivision (g) of this section or subdivision 10 (b) of Section 51.12. That limitation may be less exclusive, but 11 shall at least require that the persons commencing any occupancy 12 of a dwelling unit include a senior citizen who intends to reside in 13 the unit as his or her primary residence on a permanent basis. The 14 application of the rules set forth in this subdivision regarding 15 limitations on occupancy may result in less than all of the dwellings 16 being actually occupied by a senior citizen. 17 (d) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions or other 18 documents or written policy shall permit temporary residency, as 19 a guest of a senior citizen or qualified permanent resident, by a 20 person of less than 55 years of age for periods of time, not more 21 than 60 days in any year, that are specified in the covenants, 22 conditions, and restrictions or other documents or written policy. 23 (e) Upon the death or dissolution of marriage, or upon 24 hospitalization, or other prolonged absence of the qualifying 25 resident, any qualified permanent resident shall be entitled to 26 continue his or her occupancy, residency, or use of the dwelling 27 unit as a permitted resident. This subdivision shall not apply to a 28 permitted health care resident. 29 (f) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions or other 30 documents or written policies applicable to any condominium, 31 stock cooperative, limited-equity housing cooperative, planned 32 development, or multiple-family residential property that contained 33 age restrictions on January 1, 1984, shall be enforceable only to 34 the extent permitted by this section, notwithstanding lower age 35 restrictions contained in those documents or policies. 36 (g) Any person who has the right to reside in, occupy, or use 37 the housing or an unimproved lot subject to this section on or after 38 January 1, 1985, shall not be deprived of the right to continue that 39 residency, occupancy, or use as the result of the enactment of this

40 section by Chapter 1147 of the Statutes of 1996.

1 (h) A housing development may qualify as a senior citizen 2 housing development under this section even though, as of January 3 1, 1997, it does not meet the definition of a senior citizen housing 4 development specified in subdivision (b), if the development 5 complies with that definition for every unit that becomes occupied 6 after January 1, 1997, and if the development was once within that 7 definition, and then became noncompliant with the definition as 8 the result of any one of the following: 9 (1) The development was ordered by a court or a local, state, 10 or federal enforcement agency to allow persons other than qualifying residents, qualified permanent residents, or permitted 11 12 health care residents to reside in the development. 13 (2) The development received a notice of a pending or proposed 14 action in, or by, a court, or a local, state, or federal enforcement 15 agency, which action could have resulted in the development being 16 ordered by a court or a state or federal enforcement agency to allow 17 persons other than qualifying residents, qualified permanent 18 residents, or permitted health care residents to reside in the 19 development. 20 (3) The development agreed to allow persons other than 21 qualifying residents, qualified permanent residents, or permitted 22 health care residents to reside in the development by entering into 23 a stipulation, conciliation agreement, or settlement agreement with 24 a local, state, or federal enforcement agency or with a private party 25 who had filed, or indicated an intent to file, a complaint against 26 the development with a local, state, or federal enforcement agency, 27 or file an action in a court. 28 (4) The development allowed persons other than qualifying 29 residents, qualified permanent residents, or permitted health care 30 residents to reside in the development on the advice of counsel in 31 order to prevent the possibility of an action being filed by a private 32 party or by a local, state, or federal enforcement agency. 33 (i) The covenants, conditions, and restrictions or other 34 documents or written policy of the senior citizen housing 35 development shall permit the occupancy of a dwelling unit by a 36 permitted health care resident during any period that the person is 37 actually providing live-in, long-term, or hospice health care to a 38 qualifying resident for compensation. 39 (j) This section shall only apply to the County of Riverside.

40 SEC. 6. Section 682 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1	682. The ownership of property by several persons is either:
2	1. Of joint interest;
3	2. Of partnership interests;
4	3. Of interests in common;
5	4. Of community interest of spouses.
6	SEC. 7. Section 682.1 of the Civil Code is amended to read:
7	682.1. (a) Community property of spouses, when expressly
8	declared in the transfer document to be community property with
9	right of survivorship, and which may be accepted in writing on
10	the face of the document by a statement signed or initialed by the
11	grantees, shall, upon the death of one of the spouses, pass to the
12	survivor, without administration, pursuant to the terms of the
13	instrument, subject to the same procedures, as property held in
14	joint tenancy. Prior to the death of either spouse, the right of
15	survivorship may be terminated pursuant to the same procedures
16	by which a joint tenancy may be severed. Part I (commencing with
17	Section 5000) of Division 5 of the Probate Code and Chapter 2
18	(commencing with Section 13540), Chapter 3 (commencing with
19	Section 13550) and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 13560)
20	of Part 2 of Division 8 of the Probate Code apply to this property.
21	(b) This section does not apply to a joint account in a financial
22	institution to which Part 2 (commencing with Section 5100) of
23	Division 5 of the Probate Code applies.
24	(c) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2001, and
25	shall apply to instruments created on or after that date.
26	SEC. 8. Section 683 of the Civil Code is amended to read:
27	683. (a) A joint interest is one owned by two or more persons
28	in equal shares, by a title created by a single will or transfer, when
29	expressly declared in the will or transfer to be a joint tenancy, or
30	by transfer from a sole owner to himself or herself and others, or
31	from tenants in common or joint tenants to themselves or some of
32	them, or to themselves or any of them and others, or from spouses,
33	when holding title as community property or otherwise to
34	themselves or to themselves and others or to one of them and to
35	another or others, when expressly declared in the transfer to be a
36	joint tenancy, or when granted or devised to executors or trustees
37	as joint tenants. A joint tenancy in personal property may be created

38 by a written transfer, instrument, or agreement.

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1 (b) Provisions of this section do not apply to a joint account in 2 a financial institution if Part 2 (commencing with Section 5100) 3 of Division 5 of the Probate Code applies to such account. 4 SEC. 9. Section 1099 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 5 1099. (a) As soon as practical before transfer of title of any 6 real property or the execution of a real property sales contract as 7 defined in Section 2985, the transferor, fee owner, or his agent, 8 shall deliver to the transferee a copy of a structural pest control 9 inspection report prepared pursuant to Section 8516 of the Business 10 and Professions Code upon which any certification in accordance with Section 8519 of the Business and Professions Code may be 11 12 made, provided that certification or preparation of a report is a 13 condition of the contract effecting that transfer, or is a requirement 14 imposed as a condition of financing such transfer. 15 (b) If a notice of work completed as contemplated by Section 16 8518 of the Business and Professions Code, indicating action by 17 a structural pest control licensee in response to an inspection report 18 delivered or to be delivered under provisions of subdivision (a), 19 or a certification pursuant to Section 8519 of the Business and Professions Code, has been received by a transferor or his agent 20 21 before transfer of title or execution of a real property sales contract 22 as defined in Section 2985, it shall be furnished to the transferee 23 as soon as practical before transfer of title or the execution of such 24 real property sales contract. 25 (c) Delivery to a transferee as used in this section means delivery 26 in person or by mail to the transferee himself or any person 27 authorized to act for him in the transaction or to such additional 28 transferees who have requested such delivery from the transferor 29 or his agent in writing. For the purposes of this section, delivery 30 to either spouse shall be deemed delivery to a transferee, unless 31 the contract affecting the transfer states otherwise. 32 (d) No transfer of title of real property shall be invalidated solely 33 because of the failure of any person to comply with the provisions 34 of this section unless such failure is an act or omission which would 35 be a valid ground for reseission of such transfer in the absence of 36 this section. 37 SEC. 10. Section 1569 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

38 1569. Duress consists in:

1 1. Unlawful confinement of the person of the party, or of the 2 spouse of such party, or of an ancestor, descendant, or adopted 3 child of such party or spouse; 4 2. Unlawful detention of the property of any such person; or, 3. Confinement of such person, lawful in form, but fraudulently 5 6 obtained, or fraudulently made unjustly harassing or oppressive. 7 SEC. 11. Section 3390 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 8 3390. The following obligations cannot be specifically 9 enforced: 10 1. An obligation to render personal service; 11 2. An obligation to employ another in personal service; 12 3. An agreement to perform an act which the party has not power 13 lawfully to perform when required to do so; 14 4. An agreement to procure the act or consent of the spouse of 15 the contracting party, or of any other third person; or, 16 5. An agreement, the terms of which are not sufficiently certain 17 to make the precise act which is to be done clearly ascertainable. 18 SEC. 12. Section 371 of the Code of Civil Procedure is 19 amended to read: 20 371. If spouses are sued together, each may defend for his or 21 her own right, but if one spouse neglects to defend, the other spouse 22 may defend for that spouse's right also. 23 SEC. 13. Section 116.540 of the Code of Civil Procedure is 24 amended to read: 25 116.540. (a) Except as permitted by this section, no individual 26 other than the plaintiff and the defendant may take part in the 27 conduct or defense of a small claims action. 28 (b) Except as additionally provided in subdivision (i), a 29 corporation may appear and participate in a small claims action 30 only through a regular employee, or a duly appointed or elected 31 officer or director, who is employed, appointed, or elected for 32 purposes other than solely representing the corporation in small 33 elaims court. 34 (c) A party who is not a corporation or a natural person may 35 appear and participate in a small claims action only through a 36 regular employee, or a duly appointed or elected officer or director, 37 or in the case of a partnership, a partner, engaged for purposes 38 other than solely representing the party in small claims court. 39 (d) If a party is an individual doing business as a sole

40 proprietorship, the party may appear and participate in a small

1 elaims action by a representative and without personally appearing

2 if both of the following conditions are met:

3 (1) The claim can be proved or disputed by evidence of an

4 account that constitutes a business record as defined in Section

5 1271 of the Evidence Code, and there is no other issue of fact in 6 the case.

7 (2) The representative is a regular employee of the party for 8 purposes other than solely representing the party in small claims 9 actions and is qualified to testify to the identity and mode of 10 preparation of the business record.

11 (e) A plaintiff is not required to personally appear, and may

12 submit declarations to serve as evidence supporting his or her claim

13 or allow another individual to appear and participate on his or her 14

behalf, if (1) the plaintiff is serving on active duty in the United 15

States Armed Forces outside this state, (2) the plaintiff was 16 assigned to his or her duty station after his or her claim arose, (3)

17 the assignment is for more than six months, (4) the representative

18 is serving without compensation, and (5) the representative has

19 appeared in small claims actions on behalf of others no more than

20 four times during the calendar year. The defendant may file a claim

21 in the same action in an amount not to exceed the jurisdictional

22 limits stated in Sections 116.220, 116.221, and 116.231.

23 (f) A party incarcerated in a county jail, a Department of 24 Corrections and Rehabilitation facility, or a Division of Juvenile 25 Facilities facility is not required to personally appear, and may 26 submit declarations to serve as evidence supporting his or her 27 elaim, or may authorize another individual to appear and participate 28 on his or her behalf if that individual is serving without 29 compensation and has appeared in small claims actions on behalf 30 of others no more than four times during the calendar year. 31 (g) A defendant who is a nonresident owner of real property 32 may defend against a claim relating to that property without 33 personally appearing by (1) submitting written declarations to

34 serve as evidence supporting his or her defense, (2) allowing

35 another individual to appear and participate on his or her behalf if

36 that individual is serving without compensation and has appeared

37 in small claims actions on behalf of others no more than four times

38 during the calendar year, or (3) taking the action described in both

39 (1) and (2).

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1 (h) A party who is an owner of rental real property may appear 2 and participate in a small claims action through a property agent 3 under contract with the owner to manage the rental of that property, 4 if (1) the owner has retained the property agent principally to 5 manage the rental of that property and not principally to represent 6 the owner in small claims court, and (2) the claim relates to the 7 rental property. 8 (i) A party that is an association created to manage a common 9 interest development, as defined in Section 4100 or in Sections 10 6528 and 6534 of the Civil Code, may appear and participate in a 11 small claims action through an agent, a management company 12 representative, or bookkeeper who appears on behalf of that 13 association. 14 (j) At the hearing of a small claims action, the court shall require 15 any individual who is appearing as a representative of a party under 16 subdivisions (b) to (i), inclusive, to file a declaration stating (1) 17 that the individual is authorized to appear for the party, and (2) 18 the basis for that authorization. If the representative is appearing 19 under subdivision (b), (c), (d), (h), or (i), the declaration also shall 20 state that the individual is not employed solely to represent the 21 party in small claims court. If the representative is appearing under 22 subdivision (e), (f), or (g), the declaration also shall state that the 23 representative is serving without compensation, and has appeared 24 in small claims actions on behalf of others no more than four times 25 during the calendar year. 26 (k) A spouse who sues or who is sued with his or her spouse 27 may appear and participate on behalf of his or her spouse if (1) 28 the claim is a joint claim, (2) the represented spouse has given his 29 or her consent, and (3) the court determines that the interests of 30 justice would be served. 31 (1) If the court determines that a party cannot properly present 32 his or her claim or defense and needs assistance, the court may in 33 its discretion allow another individual to assist that party. 34 (m) Nothing in this section shall operate or be construed to 35 authorize an attorney to participate in a small claims action except 36 as expressly provided in Section 116.530. 37 SEC. 14. Section 703.140 of the Code of Civil Procedure is 38 amended to read:

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39 703.140. (a) In a case under Title 11 of the United States Code,

40 all of the exemptions provided by this chapter, including the

1 homestead exemption, other than the provisions of subdivision (b) 2 are applicable regardless of whether there is a money judgment 3 against the debtor or whether a money judgment is being enforced 4 by execution sale or any other procedure, but the exemptions 5 provided by subdivision (b) may be elected in lieu of all other 6 exemptions provided by this chapter, as follows: 7 (1) If spouses are joined in the petition, they jointly may elect 8 to utilize the applicable exemption provisions of this chapter other 9 than the provisions of subdivision (b), or to utilize the applicable 10 exemptions set forth in subdivision (b), but not both. 11 (2) If the petition is filed individually, and not jointly, for a 12 spouse, the exemptions provided by this chapter other than the 13 provisions of subdivision (b) are applicable, except that, if both 14 of the spouses effectively waive in writing the right to claim, during 15 the period the case commenced by filing the petition is pending, 16 the exemptions provided by the applicable exemption provisions 17 of this chapter, other than subdivision (b), in any case commenced 18 by filing a petition for either of them under Title 11 of the United 19 States Code, then they may elect to instead utilize the applicable 20 exemptions set forth in subdivision (b). 21 (3) If the petition is filed for an unmarried person, that person 22 may elect to utilize the applicable exemption provisions of this 23 ehapter other than subdivision (b), or to utilize the applicable 24 exemptions set forth in subdivision (b), but not both. 25 (b) The following exemptions may be elected as provided in 26 subdivision (a): 27 (1) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed twenty-four 28 thousand sixty dollars (\$24,060) in value, in real property or 29 personal property that the debtor or a dependent of the debtor uses 30 as a residence, in a cooperative that owns property that the debtor 31 or a dependent of the debtor uses as a residence. 32 (2) The debtor's interest, not to exceed four thousand eight 33 hundred dollars (\$4,800) in value, in one or more motor vehicles. 34 (3) The debtor's interest, not to exceed six hundred dollars 35 (\$600) in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, 36 household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, 37 erops, or musical instruments, that are held primarily for the 38 personal, family, or household use of the debtor or a dependent of

39 the debtor.

1 (4) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed one thousand 2 four hundred twenty-five dollars (\$1,425) in value, in jewelry held 3 primarily for the personal, family, or household use of the debtor 4 or a dependent of the debtor. 5 (5) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed in value one 6 thousand two hundred eighty dollars (\$1,280) plus any unused 7 amount of the exemption provided under paragraph (1), in any 8 property. 9 (6) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed seven thousand 10 one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$7,175) in value, in any 11 implements, professional books, or tools of the trade of the debtor 12 or the trade of a dependent of the debtor. 13 (7) Any unmatured life insurance contract owned by the debtor, 14 other than a credit life insurance contract. 15 (8) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed in value twelve thousand eight hundred sixty dollars (\$12,860), in any accrued 16 17 dividend or interest under, or loan value of, any unmatured life 18 insurance contract owned by the debtor under which the insured 19 is the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is a dependent. 20 (9) Professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor or a 21 dependent of the debtor. 22 (10) The debtor's right to receive any of the following: 23 (A) A social security benefit, unemployment compensation, or 24 a local public assistance benefit. 25 (B) A veterans' benefit. 26 (C) A disability, illness, or unemployment benefit. 27 (D) Alimony, support, or separate maintenance, to the extent 28 reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any 29 dependent of the debtor. 30 (E) A payment under a stock bonus, pension, profit-sharing, 31 annuity, or similar plan or contract on account of illness, disability, 32 death, age, or length of service, to the extent reasonably necessary 33 for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor, 34 unless all of the following apply: 35 (i) That plan or contract was established by or under the auspices 36 of an insider that employed the debtor at the time the debtor's 37 rights under the plan or contract arose.

38 (ii) The payment is on account of age or length of service.

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1 (iii) That plan or contract does not qualify under Section 401(a),

2 403(a), 403(b), 408, or 408A of the Internal Revenue Code of 3 1986.

4 (11) The debtor's right to receive, or property that is traceable 5 to, any of the following:

(A) An award under a crime victim's reparation law.

(B) A payment on account of the wrongful death of an individual

8 of whom the debtor was a dependent, to the extent reasonably
9 necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the
10 debtor.

11 (C) A payment under a life insurance contract that insured the

12 life of an individual of whom the debtor was a dependent on the

13 date of that individual's death, to the extent reasonably necessary

14 for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor.

15 (D) A payment, not to exceed twenty-four thousand sixty dollars

16 (\$24,060), on account of personal bodily injury of the debtor or

17 an individual of whom the debtor is a dependent.

18 (E) A payment in compensation of loss of future earnings of

19 the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is or was a

20 dependent, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of

21 the debtor and any dependent of the debtor.

SEC. 15. Section 704.930 of the Code of Civil Procedure is
 amended to read:

704.930. (a) A homestead declaration recorded pursuant to
this article shall contain all of the following:

26 (1) The name of the declared homestead owner. Spouses both
 27 may be named as declared homestead owners in the same
 28 homestead declaration if each owns an interest in the dwelling

29 selected as the declared homestead.

30 (2) A description of the declared homestead.

31 (3) A statement that the declared homestead is the principal

32 dwelling of the declared homestead owner or such person's spouse,

33 and that the declared homestead owner or such person's spouse

34 resides in the declared homestead on the date the homestead

35 declaration is recorded.

36 (b) The homestead declaration shall be executed and

37 acknowledged in the manner of an acknowledgment of a

38 conveyance of real property by at least one of the following
 39 persons:

40 (1) The declared homestead owner.

1 (2) The spouse of the declared homestead owner. 2 (3) The guardian or conservator of the person or estate of either 3 of the persons listed in paragraph (1) or (2). The guardian or 4 conservator may execute, acknowledge, and record a homestead 5 declaration without the need to obtain court authorization. 6 (4) A person acting under a power of attorney or otherwise 7 authorized to act on behalf of a person listed in paragraph (1) or 8 (2). 9 (c) The homestead declaration shall include a statement that the 10 facts stated in the homestead declaration are known to be true as 11 of the personal knowledge of the person executing and 12 acknowledging the homestead declaration. If the homestead 13 declaration is executed and acknowledged by a person listed in 14 paragraph (3) or (4) of subdivision (b), it shall also contain a 15 statement that the person has authority to so act on behalf of the 16 declared homestead owner or the spouse of the declared homestead 17 owner and the source of the person's authority. 18 SEC. 16. Section 158 of the Corporations Code is amended to 19 read: 20 158. (a) "Close corporation" means a corporation, including 21 a close social purpose corporation, whose articles contain, in 22 addition to the provisions required by Section 202, a provision that 23 all of the corporation's issued shares of all classes shall be held of 24 record by not more than a specified number of persons, not 25 exceeding 35, and a statement "This corporation is a close 26 corporation." 27 (b) The special provisions referred to in subdivision (a) may be 28 included in the articles by amendment, but if such amendment is 29 adopted after the issuance of shares only by the affirmative vote 30 of all of the issued and outstanding shares of all classes. 31 (c) The special provisions referred to in subdivision (a) may be 32 deleted from the articles by amendment, or the number of 33 shareholders specified may be changed by amendment, but if such 34 amendment is adopted after the issuance of shares, only by the 35 affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of each class of the 36 outstanding shares; provided, however, that the articles may 37 provide for a lesser vote, but not less than a majority of the 38 outstanding shares, or may deny a vote to any class, or both. 39 (d) In determining the number of shareholders for the purposes 40 of the provision in the articles authorized by this section, spouses

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1 and the personal representative of either shall be counted as one 2 regardless of how shares may be held by either or both of them, a 3 trust or personal representative of a decedent holding shares shall 4 be counted as one regardless of the number of trustees or 5 beneficiaries, and a partnership or corporation or business 6 association holding shares shall be counted as one (except that any 7 such trust or entity the primary purpose of which was the 8 acquisition or voting of the shares shall be counted according to 9 the number of beneficial interests therein). 10 (e) A corporation shall cease to be a close corporation upon the 11 filing of an amendment to its articles pursuant to subdivision (c) 12 or, if it shall have more than the maximum number of holders of 13 record of its shares specified in its articles as a result of an inter 14 vivos transfer of shares which is not void under subdivision (d) of 15 Section 418, the transfer of shares on distribution by will or 16 pursuant to the laws of descent and distribution, the dissolution of 17 a partnership or corporation or business association, or the 18 termination of a trust which holds shares, by court decree upon 19 dissolution of a marriage or otherwise by operation of law. 20 Promptly upon acquiring more than the specified number of holders 21 of record of its shares, a close corporation shall execute and file 22 an amendment to its articles deleting the special provisions referred 23 to in subdivision (a) and deleting any other provisions not 24 permissible for a corporation which is not a close corporation, 25 which amendment shall be promptly approved and filed by the 26 board and need not be approved by the outstanding shares. 27 (f) Nothing contained in this section shall invalidate any 28 agreement among the shareholders to vote for the deletion from 29 the articles of the special provisions referred to in subdivision (a) 30 upon the lapse of a specified period of time or upon the occurrence 31 of a certain event or condition or otherwise. 32 (g) The following sections contain specific references to close 33 corporations: Sections 186, 202, 204, 300, 418, 421, 1111, 1201, 34 1800, and 1904. 35 SEC. 17. Section 704 of the Corporations Code is amended to 36 read: 37 704. If shares stand of record in the names of two or more 38 persons, whether fiduciaries, members of a partnership, joint

39 tenants, tenants in common, spouses as community property,

40 tenants by the entirety, voting trustees, persons entitled to vote

1 under a shareholder voting agreement or otherwise, or if two or 2 more persons (including proxyholders) have the same fiduciary 3 relationship respecting the same shares, unless the secretary of the 4 corporation is given written notice to the contrary and is furnished 5 with a copy of the instrument or order appointing them or creating 6 the relationship wherein it is so provided, their acts with respect 7 to voting shall have the following effect: 8 (1) If only one votes, such act binds all; 9 -(2) If more than one vote, the act of the majority so voting 10 binds all; 11 -(3) If more than one vote, but the vote is evenly split on any 12 particular matter, each faction may vote the securities in question 13 proportionately. 14 15 If the instrument so filed or the registration of the shares shows 16 that any such tenancy is held in unequal interests, a majority or 17 even split for the purpose of this section shall be a majority or even 18 split in interest. 19 SEC. 18. Section 5612 of the Corporations Code is amended 20 to read: 21 5612. If a membership stands of record in the names of two or 22 more persons, whether fiduciaries, members of a partnership, joint 23 tenants, tenants in common, spouses as community property, 24 tenants by the entirety, or otherwise, or if two or more persons 25 (including proxyholders) have the same fiduciary relationship 26 respecting the same membership, unless the secretary of the 27 corporation is given written notice to the contrary and is furnished 28 with a copy of the instrument or order appointing them or creating 29 the relationship wherein it is so provided, their acts with respect 30 to voting shall have the following effect: 31 (a) If only one votes, such act binds all; 32 (b) If more than one vote, the act of the majority so voting binds 33 <del>all.</del> 34 SEC. 19. Section 7612 of the Corporations Code is amended 35 to read: 36 7612. If a membership stands of record in the names of two or 37 more persons, whether fiduciaries, members of a partnership, joint 38 tenants, tenants in common, spouses as community property, 39 tenants by the entirety, persons entitled to vote under a voting

40 agreement or otherwise, or if two or more persons (including

1 proxyholders) have the same fiduciary relationship respecting the 2 same membership, unless the secretary of the corporation is given 3 written notice to the contrary and is furnished with a copy of the 4 instrument or order appointing them or creating the relationship 5 wherein it is so provided, their acts with respect to voting shall 6 have the following effect: 7 (a) If only one votes, such act binds all; or 8 (b) If more than one vote, the act of the majority so voting binds 9 all. 10 SEC. 20. Section 12482 of the Corporations Code is amended 11 to read: 12 12482. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws, if 13 a membership stands of record in the names of two or more 14 persons, whether fiduciaries, members of a partnership, joint 15 tenants, tenants in common, spouses as community property, 16 tenants by the entirety, persons entitled to vote under a voting 17 agreement or otherwise, or if two or more persons have the same 18 fiduciary relationship respecting the same membership, unless the 19 secretary of the corporation is given written notice to the contrary 20 and is furnished with a copy of the instrument or order appointing 21 them or creating the relationship wherein it is so provided, their 22 acts with respect to voting shall have the following effect: 23 (a) If only one vote, such act binds all; or 24 (b) If more than one vote, the act of the majority so voting binds 25 <del>all.</del> 26 SEC. 21. Section 25102 of the Corporations Code is amended 27 to read: 28 25102. The following transactions are exempted from the 29 provisions of Section 25110: 30 (a) Any offer (but not a sale) not involving any public offering 31 and the execution and delivery of any agreement for the sale of 32 securities pursuant to the offer if (1) the agreement contains substantially the following provision: "The sale of the securities 33 34 that are the subject of this agreement has not been qualified with 35 the Commissioner of Corporations of the State of California and 36 the issuance of the securities or the payment or receipt of any part 37 of the consideration therefor prior to the qualification is unlawful, 38 unless the sale of securities is exempt from the qualification by 39 Section 25100, 25102, or 25105 of the California Corporations 40 Code. The rights of all parties to this agreement are expressly

1 conditioned upon the qualification being obtained, unless the sale 2 is so exempt"; and (2) no part of the purchase price is paid or 3 received and none of the securities are issued until the sale of the 4 securities is qualified under this law unless the sale of securities 5 is exempt from the qualification by this section, Section 25100, 6 or 25105. 7 (b) Any offer (but not a sale) of a security for which a 8 registration statement has been filed under the Securities Act of 9 1933 but has not yet become effective, or for which an offering 10 statement under Regulation A has been filed but has not yet been 11 qualified, if no stop order or refusal order is in effect and no public 12 proceeding or examination looking towards an order is pending 13 under Section 8 of the act and no order under Section 25140 or 14 subdivision (a) of Section 25143 is in effect under this law. 15 (c) Any offer (but not a sale) and the execution and delivery of 16 any agreement for the sale of securities pursuant to the offer as 17 may be permitted by the commissioner upon application. Any 18 negotiating permit under this subdivision shall be conditioned to 19 the effect that none of the securities may be issued and none of 20 the consideration therefor may be received or accepted until the 21 sale of the securities is qualified under this law. 22 (d) Any transaction or agreement between the issuer and an 23 underwriter or among underwriters if the sale of the securities is 24 qualified, or exempt from qualification, at the time of distribution 25 thereof in this state, if any. 26 (e) Any offer or sale of any evidence of indebtedness, whether 27 secured or unsecured, and any guarantee thereof, in a transaction 28 not involving any public offering. 29 (f) Any offer or sale of any security in a transaction (other than 30 an offer or sale to a pension or profit-sharing trust of the issuer) 31 that meets each of the following criteria: 32 (1) Sales of the security are not made to more than 35 persons, 33 including persons not in this state. 34 (2) All purchasers either have a preexisting personal or business 35 relationship with the offeror or any of its partners, officers, 36 directors or controlling persons, or managers (as appointed or 37 elected by the members) if the offeror is a limited liability 38 company, or by reason of their business or financial experience or 39 the business or financial experience of their professional advisers 40 who are unaffiliated with and who are not compensated by the

1 issuer or any affiliate or selling agent of the issuer, directly or 2 indirectly, could be reasonably assumed to have the capacity to 3 protect their own interests in connection with the transaction. 4 (3) Each purchaser represents that the purchaser is purchasing 5 for the purchaser's own account (or a trust account if the purchaser 6 is a trustee) and not with a view to or for sale in connection with 7 any distribution of the security. 8 (4) The offer and sale of the security is not accomplished by 9 the publication of any advertisement. The number of purchasers 10 referred to above is exclusive of any described in subdivision (i), 11 any officer, director, or affiliate of the issuer, or manager (as 12 appointed or elected by the members) if the issuer is a limited 13 liability company, and any other purchaser who the commissioner 14 designates by rule. For purposes of this section, spouses (together 15 with any custodian or trustee acting for the account of their minor 16 children) are counted as one person and a partnership, corporation, or other organization that was not specifically formed for the 17 18 purpose of purchasing the security offered in reliance upon this 19 exemption, is counted as one person. The commissioner shall by 20 rule require the issuer to file a notice of transactions under this 21 subdivision. 22 The failure to file the notice or the failure to file the notice within 23 the time specified by the rule of the commissioner shall not affect 24 the availability of the exemption. Any issuer that fails to file the 25 notice as provided by rule of the commissioner shall, within 15 26 business days after discovery of the failure to file the notice or 27 after demand by the commissioner, whichever occurs first, file the 28 notice and pay to the commissioner a fee equal to the fee payable 29 had the transaction been qualified under Section 25110. Neither 30 the filing of the notice nor the failure by the commissioner to 31 comment thereon precludes the commissioner from taking any 32 action that the commissioner deems necessary or appropriate under 33 this division with respect to the offer and sale of the securities. 34 (g) Any offer or sale of conditional sale agreements, equipment 35 trust certificates, or certificates of interest or participation therein 36 or partial assignments thereof, covering the purchase of railroad 37 rolling stock or equipment or the purchase of motor vehicles, 38 aircraft, or parts thereof, in a transaction not involving any public

39 offering.

1 (h) Any offer or sale of voting common stock by a corporation 2 incorporated in any state if, immediately after the proposed sale 3 and issuance, there will be only one class of stock of the 4 corporation outstanding that is owned beneficially by no more than 5 35 persons, provided all of the following requirements have been 6 met: 7 (1) The offer and sale of the stock is not accompanied by the 8 publication of any advertisement, and no selling expenses have 9 been given, paid, or incurred in connection therewith. 10 (2) The consideration to be received by the issuer for the stock 11 to be issued consists of any of the following: 12 (A) Only assets (which may include cash) of an existing business 13 enterprise transferred to the issuer upon its initial organization, of 14 which all of the persons who are to receive the stock to be issued 15 pursuant to this exemption were owners during, and the enterprise 16 was operated for, a period of not less than one year immediately 17 preceding the proposed issuance, and the ownership of the 18 enterprise immediately prior to the proposed issuance was in the 19 same proportions as the shares of stock are to be issued. 20 (B) Only cash or cancellation of indebtedness for money 21 borrowed, or both, upon the initial organization of the issuer, 22 provided all of the stock is issued for the same price per share. 23 (C) Only eash, provided the sale is approved in writing by each 24 of the existing shareholders and the purchaser or purchasers are 25 existing shareholders. 26 (D) In a case where after the proposed issuance there will be 27 only one owner of the stock of the issuer, only any legal 28 consideration. 29 (3) No promotional consideration has been given, paid, or 30 incurred in connection with the issuance. Promotional consideration 31 means any consideration paid directly or indirectly to a person 32 who, acting alone or in conjunction with one or more other persons, 33 takes the initiative in founding and organizing the business or 34 enterprise of an issuer for services rendered in connection with the 35 founding or organizing. 36 (4) A notice in a form prescribed by rule of the commissioner, 37 signed by an active member of the State Bar of California, is filed 38 with or mailed for filing to the commissioner not later than 10 39 business days after receipt of consideration for the securities by 40 the issuer. That notice shall contain an opinion of the member of

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1 the State Bar of California that the exemption provided by this 2 subdivision is available for the offer and sale of the securities. The 3 failure to file the notice as required by this subdivision and the 4 rules of the commissioner shall not affect the availability of this 5 exemption. An issuer who fails to file the notice within the time 6 specified by this subdivision shall, within 15 business days after 7 discovery of the failure to file the notice or after demand by the 8 commissioner, whichever occurs first, file the notice and pay to 9 the commissioner a fee equal to the fee payable had the transaction 10 been qualified under Section 25110. The notice, except when filed 11 on behalf of a California corporation, shall be accompanied by an 12 irrevocable consent, in the form that the commissioner by rule 13 prescribes, appointing the commissioner or his or her successor in 14 office to be the issuer's attorney to receive service of any lawful 15 process in any noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding against it 16 or its successor that arises under this law or any rule or order 17 hereunder after the consent has been filed, with the same force and 18 validity as if served personally on the issuer. An issuer on whose 19 behalf a consent has been filed in connection with a previous 20 qualification or exemption from qualification under this law (or 21 application for a permit under any prior law if the application or 22 notice under this law states that the consent is still effective) need 23 not file another. Service may be made by leaving a copy of the 24 process in the office of the commissioner, but it is not effective 25 unless (A) the plaintiff, who may be the commissioner in a suit, 26 action, or proceeding instituted by him or her, forthwith sends 27 notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered or 28 eertified mail to the defendant or respondent at its last address on 29 file with the commissioner, and (B) the plaintiff's affidavit of 30 compliance with this section is filed in the case on or before the 31 return day of the process, if any, or within the further time as the 32 court allows. 33 (5) Each purchaser represents that the purchaser is purchasing 34 for the purchaser's own account, or a trust account if the purchaser 35 is a trustee, and not with a view to or for sale in connection with 36 any distribution of the stock. 37 For the purposes of this subdivision, all securities held by 38 spouses, whether or not jointly, shall be considered to be owned

39 by one person, and all securities held by a corporation that has

1 issued stock pursuant to this exemption shall be considered to be 2 held by the shareholders to whom it has issued the stock. 3 All stock issued by a corporation pursuant to this subdivision as 4 it existed prior to the effective date of the amendments to this 5 section made during the 1996 portion of the 1995-96 Regular 6 Session that required the issuer to have stamped or printed 7 prominently on the face of the stock certificate a legend in a form 8 prescribed by rule of the commissioner restricting transfer of the 9 stock in a manner provided for by that rule shall not be subject to 10 the transfer restriction legend requirement and, by operation of 11 law, the corporation is authorized to remove that transfer restriction 12 legend from the certificates of those shares of stock issued by the 13 corporation pursuant to this subdivision as it existed prior to the 14 effective date of the amendments to this section made during the 15 1996 portion of the 1995–96 Regular Session. 16 (i) Any offer or sale (1) to a bank, savings and loan association, 17 trust company, insurance company, investment company registered 18 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or 19 profit-sharing trust (other than a pension or profit-sharing trust of 20 the issuer, a self-employed individual retirement plan, or individual 21 retirement account), or other institutional investor or governmental 22 agency or instrumentality that the commissioner may designate 23 by rule, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee, or 24 (2) to any corporation with outstanding securities registered under 25 Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or any wholly 26 owned subsidiary of the corporation that after the offer and sale 27 will own directly or indirectly 100 percent of the outstanding 28 eapital stock of the issuer, provided the purchaser represents that 29 it is purchasing for its own account (or for the trust account) for 30 investment and not with a view to or for sale in connection with 31 any distribution of the security. 32 (i) Any offer or sale of any certificate of interest or participation 33 in an oil or gas title or lease (including subsurface gas storage and 34 payments out of production) if either of the following apply: 35 (1) All of the purchasers meet one of the following requirements: 36 (A) Are and have been during the preceding two years engaged 37 primarily in the business of drilling for, producing, or refining oil 38 or gas (or whose corporate predecessor, in the case of a corporation,

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- 39 has been so engaged).
- 40 (B) Are persons described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (i).

1 (C) Have been found by the commissioner upon written 2 application to be substantially engaged in the business of drilling 3 for, producing, or refining oil or gas so as not to require the 4 protection provided by this law (which finding shall be effective 5 until reseinded). 6 (2) The security is concurrently hypothecated to a bank in the 7 ordinary course of business to secure a loan made by the bank, 8 provided that each purchaser represents that it is purchasing for 9 its own account for investment and not with a view to or for sale 10 in connection with any distribution of the security. 11 (k) Any offer or sale of any security under, or pursuant to, a 12 plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the federal bankruptcy 13 law that has been confirmed or is subject to confirmation by the 14 decree or order of a court of competent jurisdiction. 15 (1) Any offer or sale of an option, warrant, put, call, or straddle, 16 and any guarantee of any of these securities, by a person who is 17 not the issuer of the security subject to the right, if the transaction, 18 had it involved an offer or sale of the security subject to the right 19 by the person, would not have violated Section 25110 or 25130. 20 (m) Any offer or sale of a stock to a pension, profit-sharing, 21 stock bonus, or employee stock ownership plan, provided that (1) 22 the plan meets the requirements for qualification under Section 23 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, and (2) the employees are not 24 required or permitted individually to make any contributions to 25 the plan. The exemption provided by this subdivision shall not be 26 affected by whether the stock is contributed to the plan, purchased 27 from the issuer with contributions by the issuer or an affiliate of 28 the issuer, or purchased from the issuer with funds borrowed from 29 the issuer, an affiliate of the issuer, or any other lender. 30 (n) Any offer or sale of any security in a transaction, other than 31 an offer or sale of a security in a rollup transaction, that meets all 32 of the following criteria: 33 (1) The issuer is (A) a California corporation or foreign 34 corporation that, at the time of the filing of the notice required 35 under this subdivision, is subject to Section 2115, or (B) any other 36 form of business entity, including without limitation a partnership 37 or trust organized under the laws of this state. The exemption 38 provided by this subdivision is not available to a "blind pool"

39 issuer, as that term is defined by the commissioner, or to an

1 investment company subject to the Investment Company Act of 2 1940.3 (2) Sales of securities are made only to qualified purchasers or 4 other persons the issuer reasonably believes, after reasonable 5 inquiry, to be qualified purchasers. A corporation, partnership, or 6 other organization specifically formed for the purpose of acquiring 7 the securities offered by the issuer in reliance upon this exemption 8 may be a qualified purchaser if each of the equity owners of the 9 corporation, partnership, or other organization is a qualified 10 purchaser. Qualified purchasers include the following: 11 (A) A person designated in Section 260.102.13 of Title 10 of 12 the California Code of Regulations. 13 (B) A person designated in subdivision (i) or any rule of the 14 commissioner adopted thereunder. (C) A pension or profit-sharing trust of the issuer, a 15 16 self-employed individual retirement plan, or an individual retirement account, if the investment decisions made on behalf of 17 the trust, plan, or account are made solely by persons who are 18 19 qualified purchasers. 20 (D) An organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the 21 Internal Revenue Code, corporation, Massachusetts or similar 22 business trust, or partnership, each with total assets in excess of 23 five million dollars (\$5,000,000) according to its most recent 24 audited financial statements. 25 (E) With respect to the offer and sale of one class of voting 26 common stock of an issuer or of preferred stock of an issuer 27 entitling the holder thereof to at least the same voting rights as the 28 issuer's one class of voting common stock, provided that the issuer 29 has only one-class voting common stock outstanding upon 30 consummation of the offer and sale, a natural person who, either 31 individually or jointly with the person's spouse, (i) has a minimum 32 net worth of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) and 33 had, during the immediately preceding tax year, gross income in 34 excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) and reasonably 35 expects gross income in excess of one hundred thousand dollars 36 (\$100,000) during the current tax year or (ii) has a minimum net 37 worth of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). "Net worth" 38 shall be determined exclusive of home, home furnishings, and 39 automobiles. Other assets included in the computation of net worth

40 may be valued at fair market value.

1 Each natural person specified above, by reason of his or her 2 business or financial experience, or the business or financial 3 experience of his or her professional adviser, who is unaffiliated 4 with and who is not compensated, directly or indirectly, by the 5 issuer or any affiliate or selling agent of the issuer, can be 6 reasonably assumed to have the capacity to protect his or her 7 interests in connection with the transaction. The amount of the 8 investment of each natural person shall not exceed 10 percent of 9 the net worth, as determined by this subparagraph, of that natural 10 person. 11 (F) Any other purchaser designated as qualified by rule of the 12 commissioner. 13 (3) Each purchaser represents that the purchaser is purchasing 14 for the purchaser's own account (or trust account, if the purchaser 15 is a trustee) and not with a view to or for sale in connection with 16 a distribution of the security. 17 (4) Each natural person purchaser, including a corporation, 18 partnership, or other organization specifically formed by natural 19 persons for the purpose of acquiring the securities offered by the 20 issuer, receives, at least five business days before securities are 21 sold to, or a commitment to purchase is accepted from, the 22 purchaser, a written offering disclosure statement that shall meet 23 the disclosure requirements of Regulation D (17 C.F.R. 230.501 24 et seq.), and any other information as may be prescribed by rule 25 of the commissioner, provided that the issuer shall not be obligated 26 pursuant to this paragraph to provide this disclosure statement to 27 a natural person qualified under Section 260.102.13 of Title 10 of 28 the California Code of Regulations. The offer or sale of securities 29 pursuant to a disclosure statement required by this paragraph that 30 is in violation of Section 25401, or that fails to meet the disclosure 31 requirements of Regulation D (17 C.F.R. 230.501 et seq.), shall 32 not render unavailable to the issuer the claim of an exemption from 33 Section 25110 afforded by this subdivision. This paragraph does 34 not impose, directly or indirectly, any additional disclosure 35 obligation with respect to any other exemption from qualification 36 available under any other provision of this section. 37 (5) (A) A general announcement of proposed offering may be 38 published by written document only, provided that the general 39 announcement of proposed offering sets forth the following

40 required information:

1 (i) The name of the issuer of the securities.

2 (ii) The full title of the security to be issued.

3 (iii) The anticipated suitability standards for prospective 4 purchasers.

5 (iv) A statement that (I) no money or other consideration is 6 being solicited or will be accepted, (II) an indication of interest 7 made by a prospective purchaser involves no obligation or 8 commitment of any kind, and, if the issuer is required by paragraph 9 (4) to deliver a disclosure statement to prospective purchasers, 10 (III) no sales will be made or commitment to purchase accepted 11 until five business days after delivery of a disclosure statement 12 and subscription information to the prospective purchaser in 13 accordance with the requirements of this subdivision. 14 (v) Any other information required by rule of the commissioner. (vi) The following legend: "For more complete information 15 about (Name of Issuer) and (Full Title of Security), send for 16 17 additional information from (Name and Address) by sending this

18 coupon or calling (Telephone Number)."

19 (B) The general announcement of proposed offering referred
 20 to in subparagraph (A) may also set forth the following
 21 information:

22 (i) A brief description of the business of the issuer.

23 (ii) The geographic location of the issuer and its business.

(iii) The price of the security to be issued, or, if the price is not
 known, the method of its determination or the probable price range
 as specified by the issuer, and the aggregate offering price.

27 (C) The general announcement of proposed offering shall
 28 contain only the information that is set forth in this paragraph.

(D) Dissemination of the general announcement of proposed
 offering to persons who are not qualified purchasers, without more,
 shall not disqualify the issuer from claiming the exemption under
 this subdivision.

33 (6) No telephone solicitation shall be permitted until the issuer
 34 has determined that the prospective purchaser to be solicited is a
 35 qualified purchaser.

(7) The issuer files a notice of transaction under this subdivision
 both (A) concurrent with the publication of a general announcement
 of proposed offering or at the time of the initial offer of the
 securities, whichever occurs first, accompanied by a filing fee, and

40 (B) within 10 business days following the close or abandonment

1 of the offering, but in no case more than 210 days from the date 2 of filing the first notice. The first notice of transaction under 3 subparagraph (A) shall contain an undertaking, in a form acceptable 4 to the commissioner, to deliver any disclosure statement required 5 by paragraph (4) to be delivered to prospective purchasers, and 6 any supplement thereto, to the commissioner within 10 days of 7 the commissioner's request for the information. The exemption 8 from qualification afforded by this subdivision is unavailable if 9 an issuer fails to file the first notice required under subparagraph 10 (A) or to pay the filing fee. The commissioner has the authority 11 to assess an administrative penalty of up to one thousand dollars 12 (\$1,000) against an issuer that fails to deliver the disclosure 13 statement required to be delivered to the commissioner upon the 14 commissioner's request within the time period set forth above. 15 Neither the filing of the disclosure statement nor the failure by the commissioner to comment thereon precludes the commissioner 16 17 from taking any action deemed necessary or appropriate under this 18 division with respect to the offer and sale of the securities. 19 (o) An offer or sale of any security issued by a corporation or 20 limited liability company pursuant to a purchase plan or agreement, 21 or issued pursuant to an option plan or agreement, where the 22 security at the time of issuance or grant is exempt from registration 23 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, pursuant to Rule 24 701 adopted pursuant to that act (17 C.F.R. 230.701), the provisions 25 of which are hereby incorporated by reference into this section, 26 provided that (1) the terms of any purchase plan or agreement shall 27 comply with Sections 260.140.42, 260.140.45, and 260.140.46 of 28 Title 10 of the California Code of Regulations, (2) the terms of 29 any option plan or agreement shall comply with Sections 30 260.140.41, 260.140.45, and 260.140.46 of Title 10 of the 31 California Code of Regulations, and (3) the issuer files a notice of 32 transaction in accordance with rules adopted by the commissioner 33 no later than 30 days after the initial issuance of any security under 34 that plan, accompanied by a filing fee as prescribed by subdivision 35 (y) of Section 25608. The failure to file the notice of transaction 36 within the time specified in this subdivision shall not affect the 37 availability of this exemption. An issuer that fails to file the notice 38 shall, within 15 business days after discovery of the failure to file 39 the notice or after demand by the commissioner, whichever occurs 40 first, file the notice and pay the commissioner a fee equal to the

1 maximum aggregate fee payable had the transaction been qualified 2 under Section 25110. 3 Offers and sales exempt pursuant to this subdivision shall be 4 deemed to be part of a single, discrete offering and are not subject 5 to integration with any other offering or sale, whether qualified 6 under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 25110), or otherwise 7 exempt, or not subject to qualification. 8 (p) An offer or sale of nonredeemable securities to accredited 9 investors (Section 28031) by a person licensed under the Capital 10 Access Company Law (Division 3 (commencing with Section 11 28000) of Title 4), provided that all purchasers either (1) have a 12 preexisting personal or business relationship with the offeror or 13 any of its partners, officers, directors, controlling persons, or 14 managers (as appointed or elected by the members), or (2) by 15 reason of their business or financial experience or the business or financial experience of their professional advisers who are 16 17 unaffiliated with and who are not compensated by the issuer or 18 any affiliate or selling agent of the issuer, directly or indirectly, 19 could be reasonably assumed to have the capacity to protect their 20 own interests in connection with the transaction. All nonredeemable 21 securities shall be evidenced by certificates that shall have stamped 22 or printed prominently on their face a legend in a form to be 23 prescribed by rule or order of the commissioner restricting transfer 24 of the securities in the manner as the rule or order provides. The 25 exemption under this subdivision shall not be available for any 26 offering that is exempt or asserted to be exempt pursuant to Section 27 3(a)(11) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 77c(a)(11)) 28 or Rule 147 (17 C.F.R. 230.147) thereunder or otherwise is 29 conducted by means of any form of general solicitation or general 30 advertising. 31 (q) Any offer or sale of any viatical or life settlement contract 32 or fractionalized or pooled interest therein in a transaction that 33 meets all of the following criteria: 34 (1) Sales of securities described in this subdivision are made 35 only to qualified purchasers or other persons the issuer reasonably 36 believes, after reasonable inquiry, to be qualified purchasers. A 37 corporation, partnership, or other organization specifically formed 38 for the purpose of acquiring the securities offered by the issuer in 39 reliance upon this exemption may be a qualified purchaser only if

40 each of the equity owners of the corporation, partnership, or other

1 organization is a qualified purchaser. Qualified purchasers include

2 the following:

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3 (A) A person designated in Section 260.102.13 of Title 10 of

4 the California Code of Regulations.

5 (B) A person designated in subdivision (i) or any rule of the 6 commissioner adopted thereunder.

7 (C) A pension or profit-sharing trust of the issuer, a 8 self-employed individual retirement plan, or an individual 9 retirement account, if the investment decisions made on behalf of 10 the trust, plan, or account are made solely by persons who are 11 qualified purchasers.

12 (D) An organization described in Section 501(e)(3) of the 13 Internal Revenue Code, corporation, Massachusetts or similar 14 business trust, or partnership, each with total assets in excess of 15 five million dollars (\$5,000,000) according to its most recent 16 audited financial statements.

17 (E) A natural person who, either individually or jointly with the 18 person's spouse, (i) has a minimum net worth of one hundred fifty 19 thousand dollars (\$150,000) and had, during the immediately 20 preceding tax year, gross income in excess of one hundred thousand 21 dollars (\$100,000) and reasonably expects gross income in excess 22 of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) during the current tax 23 year or (ii) has a minimum net worth of two hundred fifty thousand 24 dollars (\$250,000). "Net worth" shall be determined exclusive of 25 home, home furnishings, and automobiles. Other assets included 26 in the computation of net worth may be valued at fair market value. 27 Each natural person specified above, by reason of his or her 28 business or financial experience, or the business or financial 29 experience of his or her professional adviser, who is unaffiliated 30 with and who is not compensated, directly or indirectly, by the 31 issuer or any affiliate or selling agent of the issuer, can be 32 reasonably assumed to have the capacity to protect his or her 33 interests in connection with the transaction. 34 The amount of the investment of each natural person shall not 35 exceed 10 percent of the net worth, as determined by this 36 subdivision, of that natural person. 37 (F) Any other purchaser designated as qualified by rule of the

38 commissioner.

39 (2) Each purchaser represents that the purchaser is purchasing

40 for the purchaser's own account (or trust account, if the purchaser

1 is a trustee) and not with a view to or for sale in connection with 2 a distribution of the security. 3 (3) Each natural person purchaser, including a corporation, 4 partnership, or other organization specifically formed by natural 5 persons for the purpose of acquiring the securities offered by the 6 issuer, receives, at least five business days before securities 7 described in this subdivision are sold to, or a commitment to 8 purchase is accepted from, the purchaser, the following information 9 in writing: 10 (A) The name, principal business and mailing address, and 11 telephone number of the issuer. 12 (B) The suitability standards for prospective purchasers as set 13 forth in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. 14 (C) A description of the issuer's type of business organization 15 and the state in which the issuer is organized or incorporated. (D) A brief description of the business of the issuer. 16 17 (E) If the issuer retains ownership or becomes the beneficiary 18 of the insurance policy, an audit report of an independent certified 19 public accountant together with a balance sheet and related 20 statements of income, retained earnings, and eashflows that reflect 21 the issuer's financial position, the results of the issuer's operations, 22 and the issuer's cashflows as of a date within 15 months before 23 the date of the initial issuance of the securities described in this 24 subdivision. The financial statements listed in this subparagraph 25 shall be prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting 26 principles. If the date of the audit report is more than 120 days 27 before the date of the initial issuance of the securities described 28 in this subdivision, the issuer shall provide unaudited interim 29 financial statements. 30 (F) The names of all directors, officers, partners, members, or 31 trustees of the issuer. 32 (G) A description of any order, judgment, or decree that is final 33 as to the issuing entity of any state, federal, or foreign country 34 governmental agency or administrator, or of any state, federal, or 35 foreign country court of competent jurisdiction (i) revoking, 36 suspending, denying, or censuring for cause any license, permit, 37 or other authority of the issuer or of any director, officer, partner, 38 member, trustee, or person owning or controlling, directly or 39 indirectly, 10 percent or more of the outstanding interest or equity 40 securities of the issuer, to engage in the securities, commodities,

1 franchise, insurance, real estate, or lending business or in the offer 2 or sale of securities, commodities, franchises, insurance, real estate, 3 or loans, (ii) permanently restraining, enjoining, barring, 4 suspending, or censuring any such person from engaging in or 5 continuing any conduct, practice, or employment in connection 6 with the offer or sale of securities, commodities, franchises, 7 insurance, real estate, or loans, (iii) convicting any such person 8 of, or pleading nolo contendere by any such person to, any felony 9 or misdemeanor involving a security, commodity, franchise, 10 insurance, real estate, or loan, or any aspect of the securities, 11 commodities, franchise, insurance, real estate, or lending business, 12 or involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit, embezzlement, fraudulent 13 conversion, or misappropriation of property, or (iv) holding any 14 such person liable in a civil action involving breach of a fiduciary 15 duty, fraud, deceit, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, or misappropriation of property. This subparagraph does not apply 16 17 to any order, judgment, or decree that has been vacated, overturned, 18 or is more than 10 years old. 19 (H) Notice of the purchaser's right to rescind or cancel the 20 investment and receive a refund pursuant to Section 25508.5. 21 (I) The name, address, and telephone number of the issuing 22 insurance company, and the name, address, and telephone number 23 of the state or foreign country regulator of the insurance company. 24 (J) The total face value of the insurance policy and the 25 percentage of the insurance policy the purchaser will own. 26 (K) The insurance policy number, issue date, and type. 27 (L) If a group insurance policy, the name, address, and telephone 28 number of the group, and, if applicable, the material terms and 29 conditions of converting the policy to an individual policy, 30 including the amount of increased premiums. 31 (M) If a term insurance policy, the term and the name, address, 32 and telephone number of the person who will be responsible for 33 renewing the policy if necessary. 34 (N) That the insurance policy is beyond the state statute for 35 contestability and the reason therefor. 36 (O) The insurance policy premiums and terms of premium 37 payments.

38 (P) The amount of the purchaser's moneys that will be set aside
 39 to pay premiums.

1 (Q) The name, address, and telephone number of the person 2 who will be the insurance policy owner and the person who will 3 be responsible for paying premiums. 4 (R) The date on which the purchaser will be required to pay 5 premiums and the amount of the premium, if known. 6 (S) A statement to the effect that any projected rate of return to 7 the purchaser from the purchase of a viatical or life settlement 8 contract or a fractionalized or pooled interest therein is based on 9 an estimated life expectancy for the person insured under the life 10 insurance policy; that the return on the purchase may vary 11 substantially from the expected rate of return based upon the actual 12 life expectancy of the insured that may be less than, equal to, or 13 may greatly exceed the estimated life expectancy; and that the rate 14 of return would be higher if the actual life expectancy were less 15 than, and lower if the actual life expectancy were greater than the 16 estimated life expectancy of the insured at the time the viatical or 17 life settlement contract was closed. 18 (T) A statement that the purchaser should consult with his or 19 her tax adviser regarding the tax consequences of the purchase of 20 the viatical or life settlement contract or fractionalized or pooled 21 interest therein and, if the purchaser is using retirement funds or 22 accounts for that purchase, whether or not any adverse tax 23 consequences might result from the use of those funds for the 24 purchase of that investment. 25 (U) Any other information as may be prescribed by rule of the 26 commissioner. 27 SEC. 22. Section 25206 of the Corporations Code is amended 28 to read: 29 25206. A broker licensed by the Real Estate Commissioner is 30 exempt from the provisions of Section 25210 when engaged in 31 transactions in any interest in any general or limited partnership, 32 joint venture, unincorporated association, or similar organization 33 (but not a corporation) owned beneficially by no more than 100 34 persons and formed for the sole purpose of, and engaged solely 35 in, investment in or gain from an interest in real property, including, 36 but not limited to, a sale, exchange, trade, or development. An 37 interest held by spouses shall be considered held by one person 38 for the purposes of this section. 39 SEC. 23. Section 21100 of the Education Code is amended to 40 read:

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1 21100. Any person desiring in his or her lifetime to promote 2 the public welfare by founding, endowing, and maintaining within 3 this state a university, college, school, seminary of learning, 4 mechanical institute, museum, botanic garden, public park, or 5 gallery of art, or any or all thereof, may, for such purposes, by 6 grant in writing convey to a trustee, or any number of trustees, 7 named in the grant, and to their successors, any property, real or 8 personal, belonging to him or her and situated within this state. If 9 he or she is married and the property is community property, then 10 both spouses shall join in the grant. SEC. 24. Section 24803 of the Education Code is amended to 11 12 read: 13 24803. (a) If any benefit is payable by a district retirement 14 system to the estate of a deceased person, whether because the 15 estate is the beneficiary of the person or because no beneficiary was designated or because an allowance payable to the person had 16 17 accrued and remained unpaid at the date of the death, and the estate 18 would not be administered if no amount were due from the system, 19 then the benefit shall be paid directly without procuring letters of 20 administration to the surviving next of kin of the deceased, or the 21 guardians of the survivors' estates, share and share alike. The 22 payment shall be made in the same order in which the following 23 groups are listed: 24 (1) Spouse. 25 (2) Children and issue of deceased children by right of 26 representation. 27 (3) Father and mother. 28 (4) Brothers and sisters. 29 (5) Nieces and nephews. 30 (b) Payment may also be made to persons in the groups listed 31 in subdivision (a) to the extent those persons are the only 32 beneficiaries under the last will and testament of a deceased former 33 member of a district retirement system, without the probate of the 34 will. 35 SEC. 25. Section 68062 of the Education Code is amended to 36 read: 37 68062. In determining the place of residence the following 38 rules are to be observed:

39 (a) There can only be one residence.

2 elsewhere for labor or other special or temporary purpose, and to 3 which he or she returns in seasons of repose. 4 (c) A residence cannot be lost until another is gained. 5 (d) The residence can be changed only by the union of act and 6 intent. 7 (e) A man or woman may establish his or her residence. A 8 person's residence shall not be derivative from that of his or her 9 spouse. 10 (f) The residence of the parent with whom an unmarried minor 11 child maintains his or her place of abode is the residence of the 12 unmarried minor child. When the minor lives with neither parent 13 his or her residence is that of the parent with whom he or she 14 maintained his or her last place of abode, provided the minor may 15 establish his or her residence when both parents are deceased and 16 a legal guardian has not been appointed. 17 (g) The residence of an unmarried minor who has a parent living 18 cannot be changed by his or her own act, by the appointment of a 19 legal guardian, or by relinquishment of a parent's right of control. 20 (h) An alien, including an unmarried minor alien, may establish 21 his or her residence, unless precluded by the Immigration and 22 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101, et seq.) from establishing domicile 23 in the United States. 24 (i) The residence of an unmarried minor alien shall be derived 25 from his or her parents pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions 26 (f) and (g). 27 SEC. 26. Section 917 of the Evidence Code is amended to read: 28 917. (a) If a privilege is claimed on the ground that the matter 29 sought to be disclosed is a communication made in confidence in 30 the course of the lawyer-client, lawyer referral service-client, 31 physician-patient, psychotherapist-patient, elergy-penitent, marital, 32 assault counselor-victim, domestic violence sexual 33 counselor-victim, or human trafficking caseworker-victim 34 relationship, the communication is presumed to have been made 35 in confidence and the opponent of the claim of privilege has the 36 burden of proof to establish that the communication was not 37 confidential. 38 (b) A communication between persons in a relationship listed 39 in subdivision (a) does not lose its privileged character for the sole 40 reason that it is communicated by electronic means or because

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(b) A residence is the place where one remains when not called

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2 electronic communication may have access to the content of the
3 communication.
4 (c) For purposes of this section, "electronic" has the same
5 meaning provided in Section 1633.2 of the Civil Code.
6 SEC. 27. Section 980 of the Evidence Code is amended to read:

persons involved in the delivery, facilitation, or storage of

7 980. Subject to Section 912 and except as otherwise provided 8 in this article, a spouse (or his or her guardian or conservator when 9 he or she has a guardian or conservator), whether or not a party, 10 has a privilege during the marital relationship and afterwards to 11 refuse to disclose, and to prevent another from disclosing, a 12 communication if he or she claims the privilege and the 13 communication was made in confidence between him or her and 14 the other spouse while they were spouses. 15 SEC. 28. Section 14860 of the Financial Code is amended to 16 read: 17 14860. Except as provided in this section and Part 2 18 (commencing with Section 5100) of Division 5 of the Probate 19 Code, no credit union shall exercise trust powers except upon 20 qualifying as a trust company pursuant to Division 1 (commencing 21 with Section 99). 22 (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law relating to trusts 23 and trust authority, subject to the regulations of the commissioner, 24 a credit union may act as a trustee or custodian, and may receive 25 reasonable compensation for so acting, under any written trust 26 instrument or custodial agreement created or organized in the 27 United States which is a part of a pension, education, or medical 28 plan for its members or groups or organizations of its members, 29 which qualifies or has qualified for specific tax treatment under 30 Section 220, 223, 401, 408, 408A, 457, or 530 of the Internal 31 Revenue Code, Title 26 of the United States Code, or any deferred 32 compensation plan for the benefit of the credit union's employees, 33 provided the funds received pursuant to these plans are invested 34 as provided in Section 16040 of the Probate Code. All funds held 35 by a credit union as trustee or in a custodial capacity shall be 36 maintained in accordance with applicable laws and rules and 37 regulations as may be promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, the 38 Secretary of the Treasury, or any other authority exercising 39 jurisdiction over the trust or custodial accounts. The credit union 40 shall maintain individual records for each participant or beneficiary

1 that show in detail all transactions relating to the funds of each 2 participant or beneficiary. 3 The trust instrument or agreement shall provide for the 4 appointment of a successor trustee or custodian by a person, 5 committee, corporation, or organization other than the credit union 6 or any person acting in his or her capacity as a director, employee, 7 or agent of the credit union, upon notice from the credit union or 8 the commissioner that the credit union is unwilling or unable to 9 continue to act as trustee or custodian. 10 (b) Shares may be issued in a revocable or irrevocable trust 11 subject to the following: 12 (1) When shares are issued in a revocable trust, the settlor shall 13 be a member of the credit union issuing the shares in his or her 14 own right. If the trust has joint settlers, who are spouses, then only 15 one settlor need be a member of the credit union. 16 (2) When shares are issued in an irrevocable trust, the settlor or 17 the beneficiary shall be a member of this credit union in his or her 18 own right. For purposes of this section, shares issued pursuant to 19 a pension plan authorized by this section shall be treated as an 20 irrevocable trust unless otherwise indicated in rules and regulations 21 issued by the commissioner. 22 (3) This subdivision does not apply to trust accounts established 23 prior to the effective date of this subdivision. 24 SEC. 29. Section 18220 of the Financial Code is amended to 25 read: 26 18220. An industrial loan company shall not induce any spouses 27 jointly or severally, to become obligated, directly or contingently 28 or both, under more than one contract of loan at the same time, 29 with the result of obtaining a higher rate of charge than would 30 otherwise be permitted by this division. 31 SEC. 30. Section 18523 of the Financial Code is amended to 32 read: 33 18523. The following described thrift obligations will be 34 guaranteed by Guaranty Corporation in the amounts hereinafter 35 set forth below: 36 (a) Single ownership investment certificates. Funds owned by an individual and invested in the manner set forth below shall be 37 38 added together and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars

39 (\$50,000) in the aggregate.

1 (1) Individual investment certificates (or investment certificates 2 of the marital community of which the individual is a member) 3 and invested in one or more investment certificates in his or her 4 own name shall be guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars 5 (\$50,000) in the aggregate. 6 (2) Funds owned by a principal and invested in one or more 7 investment certificates in the name or names of agents or nominees 8 shall be added to any individual investment certificates of the 9 principal and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in 10 the aggregate. 11 (3) Investment certificates held by guardians, custodians, or 12 conservators for the benefit of their wards or for the benefit of a 13 minor under a Uniform Gifts to Minors Act and invested in one 14 or more investment certificates in the name of the guardian, 15 eustodian, or conservator shall be added to any individual 16 investment certificates of the ward or minor and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate. 17 18 (b) Testamentary investment certificates. 19 (1) Funds owned by an individual and invested in a revocable 20 trust investment certificate, tentative trust investment certificate, 21 payable-on-death investment certificate, or similar investment 22 eertificate evidencing an intention that on his or her death the funds 23 shall belong to his or her spouse, child or grandchild, shall be 24 guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate, 25 as to each such named beneficiary, separately from any other 26 investment certificates of the owner. 27 (2) If the named beneficiary of such an investment certificate 28 is other than the owner's spouse, child or grandchild, the funds in 29 the investment certificate shall be added to any individual 30 investment certificates of such owner and guaranteed up to fifty 31 thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate, separately from the 32 individual investment certificates of the beneficiaries of the estate 33 or of the executor or administrator. 34 (c) Investment certificates held by executors or administrators. 35 Funds of a decedent held in the name of the decedent or in the 36 name of the executor or administrator of his or her estate and 37 invested in one or more investment certificates shall be guaranteed 38 up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate, separately 39 from the individual investment certificates of the beneficiaries of

40 the estate or of the executor or administrator.

1 (d) Corporation or partnership investment certificates. 2 Investment certificates of a corporation or partnership engaged in 3 any independent activity shall be guaranteed up to fifty thousand 4 dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate. An investment certificate of a 5 corporation or partnership not engaged in an independent activity 6 shall be deemed to be owned by the person or persons owning 7 such corporation or comprising such partnership and, for guarantee 8 purposes, the interest of each person in the investment certificate 9 shall be added to any other investment certificates individually 10 owned by such person and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars 11 (\$50,000) in the aggregate. The term "independent activity" means 12 any activity other than one directed solely at increasing guarantee 13 coverage under this chapter. 14 (e) Unincorporated associations. Investment certificates of an 15 unincorporated association engaged in any independent activity 16 shall be guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the 17 aggregate. An investment certificate of an unincorporated 18 association not engaged in an independent activity shall be deemed 19 to be owned by the persons comprising such association and, for 20 guarantee purposes, the interest of each owner in the investment 21 certificate shall be added to any other investment certificates 22 individually owned by such person and guaranteed up to fifty 23 thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate. 24 (f) Joint investment certificates. 25 (1) Investment certificates owned jointly, whether as joint 26 tenants with right of survivorship, as tenants by the entireties, as 27 tenants in common, or by spouses as community property, shall 28 be guaranteed separately from investment certificates individually 29 owned by the co-owners. 30 (2) A joint investment certificate shall be deemed to exist, for 31 purposes of guarantee of investment certificates, only if each 32 co-owner has personally executed an investment certificate 33 signature card and possesses redemption rights. 34 (3) An investment certificate owned jointly which does not 35 qualify as a joint investment certificate for purposes of guarantee 36 of investment certificates shall be treated as owned by the named 37 persons as individuals and the actual ownership interest of each

38 such person in such investment certificate shall be added to any

39 other investment certificates individually owned by such person

1 and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the 2 aggregate. 3 (4) All joint investment certificates owned by the same 4 combination of individuals shall first be added together and 5 guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the aggregate. 6 (5) The interest of each co-owner in all joint investment 7 certificates owned by different combinations of individuals shall 8 then be added together and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars 9 (\$50,000) in the aggregate. 10 (g) Trust investment certificates. All trust interests for the same 11 beneficiary invested in investment certificates established pursuant 12 to valid trust arrangements created by the same settlor (grantor) 13 shall be added together and guaranteed up to fifty thousand dollars 14 (\$50,000) in the aggregate, separately from other investment 15 certificates of the trustee of such trust funds or the settlor or 16 beneficiary of such trust arrangements. 17 (h) Thrift obligations withdrawn by checks that have not cleared 18 a member's bank account at the time the commissioner has taken 19 possession of the property and business of a member. The owner 20 of the funds represented by such a check shall be recognized for 21 all purposes of a claim for guaranteed thrift obligations to the same 22 extent as if his or her name and interest were disclosed on the 23 records of the member. 24 SEC. 31. Section 22327 of the Financial Code is amended to 25 read: 26 22327. No licensee shall knowingly induce any borrower to 27 split up or divide any loan with any other licensee. No licensee 28 shall induce or permit any borrower to be or to become obligated 29 directly or indirectly, or both, under more than one contract of loan 30 at the same time with the same licensee for the purpose or with the result of obtaining a higher rate of charge than would otherwise 31 32 be permitted by this article, except as otherwise required by the 33 federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 1691 et seq.; 34 Public Law 93-495) and Regulation B promulgated by the Board 35 of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (12 C.F.R. 202 et 36 seq.). For the purpose of this section, "borrower" includes any 37 spouses, whether jointly or severally obligated. 38 SEC. 32. Section 8552.3 of the Fish and Game Code is 39 amended to read:

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1 8552.3. The commission may, in consultation with 2 representatives of the commercial herring roe fishery, and after 3 holding at least one public hearing, adopt regulations intended to facilitate the transfer of herring permits, including, but not limited 4 5 to, regulations that would do the following: 6 (a) Allow an individual to own a single permit for each of the 7 different herring gillnet platoons in San Francisco Bay. 8 (b) Eliminate the point system for qualifying for a herring 9 permit. 10 (c) Allow a herring permit to be passed from a parent to child, 11 or between spouses. 12 SEC. 33. Section 9359.9 of the Government Code is amended 13 to read: 14 9359.9. If a beneficiary is not designated, or if the estate is the 15 beneficiary and the estate would not be probated if no amount were 16 due from this system, all of the amount due by reason of the death 17 of a member or retired member, including retirement allowances 18 accrued but not received prior to death, shall be paid directly 19 without probate to the surviving next of kin of the deceased, or the guardians of such survivors' estates, share and share alike. 20 21 Such payment shall be made in the same order in which the 22 following groups are listed: 23 1. Spouse, 24 2. Children, 25 3. Father and mother, 26 4. Grandchildren, 27 5. Brothers and sisters, 28 6. Nieces and nephews. 29 SEC. 34. Section 9374 of the Government Code is amended 30 to read: 31 9374. Upon the death of a member before retirement (a) the surviving spouse of the member, who has the care of unmarried 32 33 ehildren, including stepchildren, of the member who are under 18 34 years of age, or are incapacitated because of disability which began 35 before and has continued without interruption after attainment of 36 that age, or if there is no such spouse, then (b) the guardian of 37 surviving unmarried children, including stepchildren, of the 38 member who are under 18 years of age or so incapacitated, if any, 39 or (c) the surviving spouse of the member, who does not qualify 40 under (a), if any, or if no such children under (b) or such spouse

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1 under (c), then (d) each surviving parent of the member, shall be 2 paid the following applicable survivor allowance, under the 3 conditions stated and from contributions of the state: 4 (1) A widow or a widower who was married to the member 5 prior to the occurrence of the injury or onset of the illness that 6 resulted in death, and has the care of unmarried children, including 7 stepchildren, of the deceased member under 18 years of age or so 8 incapacitated, shall be paid three hundred sixty dollars (\$360) if 9 there is one such child, or four hundred thirty dollars (\$430) per 10 month if there are two or more such children. If there also are such 11 children who are not in the care of the surviving spouse, the portion 12 of the allowance payable under this paragraph, assuming that these 13 children were in the care of the surviving spouse, which is in excess 14 of one hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per month, shall be divided 15 equally among all of those children and payments made to the 16 spouse and other children, as the case may be. 17 (2) If there is no such surviving spouse, or if such surviving 18 spouse dies or remarries, and if there are unmarried children, 19 including stepchildren, of the deceased member under 18 years of 20 age, or if there are such children not in the care of such spouse, 21 such children shall be paid an allowance as follows: 22 (a) If there is only one such child, such child shall be paid one 23 hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per month; 24 (b) If there are two such children, such children shall be paid 25 three hundred sixty dollars (\$360) per month divided equally 26 between them; and 27 (c) If there are three or more such children, such children shall 28 be paid four hundred thirty dollars (\$430) per month divided 29 equally among them. 30 (3) A surviving spouse who has attained or attains the age of 31 62 years, and, regardless of the gender of the surviving spouse, who was married to such member prior to the occurrence of the 32 33 injury or onset of the illness that resulted in death, and has not 34 remarried subsequent to the member's death, shall be paid one 35 hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per month. No allowance shall be 36 paid under this subdivision, while the surviving spouse is receiving 37 an allowance under subdivision (1) of this section, or while an 38 allowance is being paid under subdivision (2)(c) of this section. 39 The allowance paid under this subdivision shall be seventy dollars

1 (\$70) per month while an allowance is being paid under subdivision 2 (2)(b) of this section. 3 (4) If there is no surviving spouse, or surviving children who 4 qualify for a survivor allowance, or if such surviving spouse dies 5 or remarries, or if such children reach age 18 or die or marry prior 6 thereto, each of the member's dependent mother and father who 7 has attained or attains the age of 62 years, and who received at 8 least one-half of his or her support from the member at the time 9 of the member's death, shall be paid one hundred eighty dollars 10 (\$180) per month. 11 "Stepchildren," for purposes of this section, shall include only 12 stepchildren of the member living with him or her in a regular 13 parent-child relationship at the time of his or her death. 14 SEC. 35. Section 21571 of the Government Code is amended 15 to read: 16 21571. (a) If the death benefit provided by Section 21532 is 17 payable on account of a member's death that occurs under 18 eircumstances other than those described in subparagraph (F) of 19 paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of Section 21530, or if an allowance 20 under Section 21546 is payable, the payment pursuant to 21 subdivision (b) shall be made, in the following order of priority: 22 (1) The surviving spouse of the member, who has the care of 23 unmarried children, including stepchildren, of the member who 24 are under 22 years of age, or are incapacitated because of disability 25 that began before and has continued without interruption after 26 attainment of that age. 27 (2) The guardian or conservator of surviving unmarried children, 28 including stepchildren, of the member who are under 22 years of 29 age or are so incapacitated. 30 (3) The surviving spouse of the member, who does not qualify 31 under paragraph (1). 32 (4) Each surviving parent of the member. 33 (b) Regardless of the benefit provided by Section 21532 and of 34 the beneficiary designated by the member under that section, or 35 regardless of the allowance provided under Section 21546, the 36 following applicable 1959 survivor allowance, under the conditions 37 stated and from contributions of the state, shall be paid: 38 (1) A surviving spouse who was either continuously married to 39 the member for at least one year prior to death, or was married to 40 the member prior to the occurrence of the injury or onset of the

1 illness that resulted in death, and has the care of unmarried 2 children, including stepchildren, of the deceased member who are 3 under 22 years of age or are so incapacitated, shall be paid three 4 hundred sixty dollars (\$360) if there is one child or four hundred 5 thirty dollars (\$430) per month if there are two or more children. 6 If there also are children who are not in the care of the surviving 7 spouse, the portion of the allowance payable under this paragraph, 8 assuming that these children were in the care of the surviving 9 spouse, which is in excess of one hundred eighty dollars (\$180) 10 per month, shall be divided equally among all those children and 11 payments made to the spouse and other children, as the case may 12 be. 13 (2) If there is no surviving spouse, or if the surviving spouse 14 dies, and if there are unmarried children, including stepchildren, 15 of the deceased member who are under 22 years of age or are so 16 incapacitated, or if there are children not in the care of the spouse, the children shall be paid an allowance as follows: 17 18 (A) If there is only one child, the child shall be paid one hundred 19 eighty dollars (\$180) per month. 20 (B) If there are two children, the children shall be paid three 21 hundred sixty dollars (\$360) per month divided equally between 22 them. 23 (C) If there are three or more children, the children shall be paid 24 four hundred thirty dollars (\$430) per month divided equally among 25 them. 26 (3) A surviving spouse who has attained or attains the age of 27 62 years and, with respect to that surviving spouse, who was either 28 continuously married to the member for at least one year prior to 29 death, or who was married to the member prior to the occurrence 30 of the injury or onset of the illness which resulted in death, shall 31 be paid one hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per month. No allowance 32 shall be paid under this paragraph, while the surviving spouse is 33 receiving an allowance under paragraph (1), or while an allowance 34 is being paid under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2). The 35 allowance paid under this paragraph shall be seventy dollars (\$70) 36 per month while an allowance is being paid under subparagraph 37 (B) of paragraph (2). 38 (4) If there is no surviving spouse or surviving child who 39 qualifies for a 1959 survivor allowance, or if the surviving spouse

40 dies and there is no surviving child, or if the surviving spouse dies

1 and the children die or marry or, if not incapacitated, reach age 2 22, each of the member's dependent parents who has attained or 3 attains the age of 62, and who received at least one-half of his or 4 her support from the member at the time of the member's death, 5 shall be paid one hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per month. 6 (c) "Stepchildren," for purposes of this section, shall include 7 only stepchildren of the member living with him or her in a regular 8 parent-child relationship at the time of his or her death. 9 (d) The amendments to this section by Chapter 1617 of the 10 Statutes of 1971 shall apply only to 1959 survivor allowances 11 payable April 1, 1972, and thereafter. 12 (e) This section does not apply to any member in the employ 13 of an employer not subject to this section on January 1, 1994. 14 (f) On and after the date determined by the board, all assets and 15 liabilities of all contracting agencies subject to this section, and 16 their employees, on account of benefits provided under this article 17 shall be pooled into a single account, and a single employer rate 18 shall be established to provide benefits under this section on 19 account of members employed by a contracting agency that is 20 subject to this section. 21 (g) The rate of contribution of an employer subject to this section 22 shall be figured using the term insurance valuation method. If a 23 contracting agency that is subject to this section is projected to 24 have a surplus in its 1959 survivor benefit account as of the date 25 the assets and liabilities are first pooled, the surplus shall be applied 26 to reduce its rate of contribution. If a contracting agency that is 27 subject to this section is projected to have a deficit in its 1959 28 survivor benefit account as of the date the assets and liabilities are 29 first pooled, its rate of contribution shall be increased until the 30 projected deficit is paid. 31 SEC. 36. Section 21572 of the Government Code is amended 32 to read: 33 21572. (a) In lieu of benefits provided in Section 21571, if the 34 death benefit provided by Section 21532 is payable on account of 35 a state member's death that occurs under circumstances other than 36 those described in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subdivision 37 (a) of Section 21530, or if an allowance under Section 21546 is 38 payable, the payment pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be made in

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39 the following order of priority:

1 (1) The surviving spouse of the member who has the care of 2 unmarried children, including stepchildren, of the member who 3 are under 22 years of age or are incapacitated because of a 4 disability that began before and has continued without interruption 5 after attainment of that age. 6 (2) The guardian of surviving unmarried children, including 7 stepchildren, of the member who are under 22 years of age or are 8 so incapacitated. 9 (3) The surviving spouse of the member who does not qualify 10 under paragraph (1). 11 (4) Each surviving parent of the member. 12 (b) Regardless of the benefit provided by Section 21532 and of 13 the beneficiary designated by the member under that section, or 14 regardless of the allowance provided under Section 21546, the 15 following applicable 1959 survivor allowance, under the conditions 16 stated and from contributions of the state, shall be paid: (1) A surviving spouse who was either continuously married to 17 18 the member for at least one year prior to death, or was married to 19 the member prior to the occurrence of the injury or onset of the 20 illness that resulted in death, and has the care of unmarried 21 ehildren, including stepchildren, of the deceased member who are 22 under 22 years of age or are so incapacitated, shall be paid four 23 hundred fifty dollars (\$450) per month if there is one child or five 24 hundred thirty-eight dollars (\$538) per month if there are two or 25 more children. If there also are children who are not in the care of 26 the surviving spouse, the portion of the allowance payable under 27 this paragraph, assuming that these children were in the care of 28 the surviving spouse, that is in excess of two hundred twenty-five 29 dollars (\$225) per month, shall be divided equally among all those 30 children and payments made to the spouse and other children, as 31 the case may be. 32 (2) If there is no surviving spouse, or if the surviving spouse 33 dies, and if there are unmarried children, including stepchildren, 34 of the deceased member who are under 22 years of age or are so 35 incapacitated, or if there are children not in the care of the spouse, 36 the children shall be paid an allowance as follows:

37 (A) If there is only one child, the child shall be paid two hundred
 38 twenty-five dollars (\$225) per month.

(B) If there are two children, the children shall be paid four
 hundred fifty dollars (\$450) per month divided equally between
 them.

4 (C) If there are three or more children, the children shall be paid
5 five hundred thirty-eight dollars (\$538) per month divided equally
6 among them.

7 (3) A surviving spouse who has attained or attains the age of 8 62 years and, with respect to that surviving spouse, who was either 9 continuously married to the member for at least one year prior to 10 death, or was married to the member prior to the occurrence of the injury or onset of the illness that resulted in death, shall be paid 11 12 two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225) per month. No allowance 13 shall be paid under this paragraph while the surviving spouse is 14 receiving an allowance under paragraph (1) or while an allowance 15 is being paid under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2). The 16 allowance paid under this paragraph shall be eighty-eight dollars 17 (\$88) per month while an allowance is being paid under 18 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2). 19 (4) If there is no surviving spouse or surviving child who

qualifies for a 1959 survivor allowance, or if the surviving spouse dies and there is no surviving child, or if the surviving spouse dies and the children die or marry or, if not incapacitated, reach 22 years of age, each of the member's dependent parents who has attained or attains the age of 62 years, and who received at least one-half of his or her support from the member at the time of the

26 member's death, shall be paid two hundred twenty-five dollars
 27 (\$225) per month.

(c) "Stepchildren," for purposes of this section, shall include
 only stepchildren of the member living with him or her in a regular
 parent-child relationship at the time of his or her death.

31 (d) This section shall apply to beneficiaries receiving 1959
32 survivor allowances on July 1, 1975, as well as to beneficiaries
33 with respect to the death of a state member occurring on or after
34 July 1, 1975.

35 (c) This section shall apply, with respect to benefits payable on

36 and after July 1, 1981, to all members employed by a school

37 employer, and school safety members employed with a school

38 district or community college district as defined in subdivision (i)

39 of Section 20057, except that it shall not apply, without contract

40 amendment, with respect to safety members who became members

1 after July 1, 1981. All assets and liabilities of all school employers, 2 and their employees, on account of benefits provided under this 3 article shall be pooled into a single account, and a single employer 4 rate shall be established to provide benefits under this section on 5 account of all miscellaneous members employed by a school 6 employer and all safety members who are members on July 1, 7 <del>1981.</del> 8 (f) This section does not apply to any member in the employ of 9 an employer not subject to this section on January 1, 1994. 10 (g) On and after January 1, 2000, all state members covered by 11 this section shall be covered by the benefit provided under Section 12 21574.7. 13 (h) On and after the date determined by the board, all assets and 14 liabilities of all contracting agencies subject to this section, and 15 their employees, on account of benefits provided under this article shall be pooled into a single account, and a single employer rate 16 17 shall be established to provide benefits under this section on 18 account of members employed by a contracting agency that is 19 subject to this section. 20 (i) The rate of contribution of an employer subject to this section 21 shall be figured using the term insurance valuation method. If a 22 contracting agency that is subject to this section is projected to 23 have a surplus in its 1959 survivor benefit account as of the date 24 the assets and liabilities are first pooled, the surplus shall be applied 25 to reduce its rate of contribution. If a contracting agency that is 26 subject to this section is projected to have a deficit in its 1959 27 survivor benefit account as of the date the assets and liabilities are 28 first pooled, its rate of contribution shall be increased until the 29 projected deficit is paid. 30 SEC. 37. Section 21573 of the Government Code is amended 31 to read: 32 21573. (a) In lieu of benefits provided in Section 21571 or 33 Section 21572, if the death benefit provided by Section 21532 is 34 payable on account of a state member's death that occurs under 35 eircumstances other than those described in subparagraph (F) of 36 paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 21530, or if an 37 allowance under Section 21546 is payable, the payment pursuant 38 to subdivision (b) shall be made in the following order of priority: 39 (1) The surviving spouse of the member who has the care of 40 unmarried children, including stepchildren, of the member who

1 are under 22 years of age or are incapacitated because of a 2 disability that began before and has continued without interruption 3 after attainment of that age. 4 (2) The guardian of surviving unmarried children, including 5 stepchildren, of the member who are under 22 years of age or are 6 so incapacitated. 7 (3) The surviving spouse of the member who does not qualify 8 under paragraph (1). 9 (4) Each surviving parent of the member. (b) Regardless of the benefit provided by Section 21532 and of 10 11 the beneficiary designated by the member under that section, or 12 regardless of the allowance provided under Section 21546, the 13 following applicable 1959 survivor allowance, under the conditions 14 stated and from contributions of the state, shall be paid: 15 (1) A surviving spouse who was either continuously married to the member for at least one year prior to death, or who was married 16 17 to the member prior to the occurrence of the injury or onset of the 18 illness that resulted in death, and has the care of unmarried 19 children, including stepchildren, of the deceased member who are 20 under 22 years of age or are so incapacitated, shall be paid seven 21 hundred dollars (\$700) per month if there is one child, or eight 22 hundred forty dollars (\$840) per month if there are two or more 23 children. If there also are children who are not in the care of the 24 surviving spouse, the portion of the allowance payable under this 25 paragraph, assuming that these children were in the care of the 26 surviving spouse, that is in excess of three hundred fifty dollars 27 (\$350) per month, shall be divided equally among all those children 28 and payments made to the spouse and other children, as the case 29 may be. 30 (2) If there is no surviving spouse, or if the surviving spouse 31 dies, and if there are unmarried children, including stepchildren, 32 of the deceased member who are under 22 years of age or are so 33 incapacitated, or if there are children not in the care of the spouse, 34 the children shall be paid an allowance as follows: 35 (A) If there is only one child, the child shall be paid three 36 hundred fifty dollars (\$350) per month.

37 (B) If there are two children, the children shall be paid seven
 38 hundred dollars (\$700) per month divided equally between them.

1 (C) If there are three or more children, the children shall be paid 2 eight hundred forty dollars (\$840) per month divided equally 3 among them. 4 (3) A surviving spouse who has attained or attains the age of 5 62 years, and, with respect to that surviving spouse, who was either 6 continuously married to the member for at least one year prior to 7 death, or who was married to the member prior to the occurrence 8 of the injury or onset of the illness that resulted in death, shall be 9 paid three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) per month. No allowance 10 shall be paid under this paragraph while the surviving spouse is 11 receiving an allowance under paragraph (1) or while an allowance 12 is being paid under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2). The 13 allowance paid under this paragraph shall be one hundred forty 14 dollars (\$140) per month while an allowance is being paid under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2). 15 (4) If there is no surviving spouse or surviving child who 16 qualifies for the 1959 survivor allowance, or if the surviving spouse 17 18 dies and there is no surviving child, or if the surviving spouse dies 19 and the children die or marry or, if not incapacitated, reach 22 20 years of age, each of the member's dependent parents who has 21 attained or attains the age of 62 years, and who received at least 22 one-half of his or her support from the member at the time of the 23 member's death, shall be paid three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) 24 per month. 25 (c) "Stepchildren," for purposes of this section, shall include 26 only stepchildren of the member living with the member in a 27 regular parent-child relationship at the time of the death of the 28 member. 29 (d) This section shall apply to beneficiaries of state members 30 whose death occurred before January 1, 1985. Where a surviving 31 spouse attained the age of 62 years prior to January 1, 1987, 32 entitlement shall exist retroactive to January 1, 1985, or to his or 33 her 62nd birthday, whichever is later. All assets and liabilities of 34 all state agencies and their employees on account of benefits 35 provided to beneficiaries specified in this subdivision shall be 36 pooled into a single account. The board shall transfer from the reserve for 1959 survivor contributions retained in the retirement 37 38 fund an amount sufficient to pay the cost of the increased benefits 39 provided by this subdivision for beneficiaries of members who

40 died on or before December 31, 1984.

1 (c) This section shall not apply to beneficiaries with respect to 2 the death of a state member, except as provided in subdivision (i), 3 occurring on or after January 1, 1985, unless provided for in a 4 memorandum of understanding reached pursuant to Section 3517.5, 5 or authorized by the Director of Personnel Administration for 6 elassifications of state employees that are excluded from, or not 7 subject to, collective bargaining. The memorandum of 8 understanding adopting this section shall be controlling without 9 further legislative action, except that if those provisions of a 10 memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, 11 those provisions shall not become effective unless approved by 12 the Legislature as provided by law. 13 (f) This section shall apply, with respect to benefits payable on 14 and after January 1, 1985, to school members and to school safety 15 members, as defined in Section 20444. All assets and liabilities of 16 all school employers, and their employees, on account of benefits 17 provided under this article shall be pooled into a single account, 18 and a single employer rate shall be established to provide benefits 19 under this section on account of school members employed by a 20 school employer. 21 (g) This section shall apply to members of a contracting agency 22 that, in its original contract or by amending its contract, first elects 23 effective on or after January 1, 1985, and prior to July 1, 2001, to 24 make this article applicable to local members employed by the 25 agency. On or after January 1, 1985, and prior to July 1, 2001, 26 contracting agencies already subject to Section 21571 or Section 27 21572 may elect by contract amendment to be subject to this 28 section. All assets and liabilities of all contracting agencies subject 29 to this section, and their employees, on account of benefits provided 30 under this article shall be pooled into a single account, and a single 31 employer rate shall be established to provide benefits under this 32 section on account of members employed by a contracting agency 33 that is subject to this section. Any public agency first contracting 34 with the board on or after January 1, 1994, and prior to July 1, 35 2001, or any contracting agency amending its contract to remove 36 exclusions of member classifications on or after January 1, 1994, 37 and prior to July 1, 2001, that has not, pursuant to Section 418 of 38 Title 42 of the United States Code, entered into an agreement with 39 the federal government for the coverage of its employees under

40 the federal system, shall be subject to this section.

1 (h) The rate of contribution of an employer subject to this section 2 shall be figured using the term insurance valuation method. If a 3 contracting agency that is subject to this section has a surplus in 4 its 1959 survivor benefit account as of the date the contracting 5 agency becomes subject to this section, the surplus shall be applied 6 to reduce its rate of contribution. If a contracting agency that is 7 subject to this section has a deficit in its 1959 survivor benefit 8 account as of the date the contracting agency becomes subject to 9 this section, its rate of contribution shall be increased until the 10 deficit is paid. 11 (i) This section shall not apply to beneficiaries with respect to 12 the death of a state member employed by the California State 13 University occurring on or after January 1, 1988, unless provided 14 for in a memorandum of understanding reached pursuant to Chapter 15 12 (commencing with Section 3560) of Division 4 of Title 1, or 16 authorized by the Trustees of the California State University for 17 employees excluded from collective bargaining. The memorandum 18 of understanding shall be controlling without further legislative 19 action, except that if the provisions of a memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, the provisions 20 21 shall not become effective unless approved by the Legislature in 22 the annual Budget Act. 23 (j) This section shall apply to local members employed by a 24 contracting agency that has included this benefit in its contract 25 with the board on or before June 30, 2001. (k) This section shall not apply to any contracting agency that 26 27 first contracts with the board on or after July 1, 2001. 28 (1) On and after January 1, 2000, all eligible state and school 29 members covered by this section shall be covered by the benefit 30 provided under Section 21574.7. 31 SEC. 38. Section 1373.5 of the Health and Safety Code is 32 amended to read: 33 1373.5. When spouses are both employed as employees, and 34 both have enrolled themselves and their eligible family members 35 under a group health care service plan provided by their respective 36 employers, and each spouse is covered as an employee under the 37 terms of the same master contract, each spouse may claim on his 38 or her behalf, or on behalf of his or her enrolled dependents, the 39 combined maximum contractual benefits to which an employee is

40 entitled under the terms of the master contract, not to exceed in

1 the aggregate 100 percent of the charge for the covered expense 2 or service. 3 This section shall apply to every group plan entered into, 4 delivered, amended, or renewed in this state on or after January 5 1, 1978. 6 SEC. 39. Section 18080 of the Health and Safety Code is 7 amended to read: 8 18080. Ownership registration and title to a manufactured 9 home, mobilehome, commercial coach, or truck camper, or floating 10 home subject to registration may be held by two or more coowners 11 as follows: 12 (a) A manufactured home, mobilehome, commercial coach, 13 truck camper, or floating home may be registered in the names of 14 two or more persons as joint tenants. Upon the death of a joint 15 tenant, the interest of the decedent shall pass to the survivor or 16 survivors. The signature of each joint tenant or survivor or 17 survivors, as the case may be, shall be required to transfer or 18 encumber the title to the manufactured home, mobilehome, 19 commercial coach, truck camper, or floating home. 20 (b) A manufactured home, mobilehome, commercial coach, 21 truck camper, or floating home may be registered in the names of 22 two or more persons as tenants in common. If the names of the 23 tenants in common are separated by the word "and," each tenant 24 in common may transfer his or her individual interest in the 25 manufactured home, mobilehome, commercial coach, truck camper, 26 or floating home without the signature of the other tenant or tenants 27 in common. However, the signature of each tenant in common 28 shall be required to transfer full interest in the title to a new 29 registered owner. If the names of the tenants in common are 30 separated by the word "or," any one of the tenants in common may 31 transfer full interest in the title to the manufactured home, 32 mobilehome, commercial coach, truck camper, or floating home 33 to a new registered owner without the signature of the other tenant 34 or tenants in common. The signature of each tenant in common is 35 required in all cases to encumber the title to the manufactured 36 home, mobilehome, commercial coach, truck camper, or floating 37 home. 38 (c) A manufactured home, mobilehome, commercial coach,

truck camper, or floating home may be registered as community
 property in the names of the spouses. The signature of each spouse

1 shall be required to transfer or encumber the title to the 2 manufactured home, mobilehome, commercial coach, truck camper, 3 or floating home. 4 (d) All manufactured homes, mobilehomes, commercial 5 eoaches, truck campers, and floating homes registered, on or before 6 January 1, 1985, in the names of two or more persons as tenants 7 in common, as provided in subdivision (b), shall be considered to 8 be the same as if the names of the tenants in common were 9 separated by the word "or," as provided in subdivision (b). 10 SEC. 40. Section 25299.54 of the Health and Safety Code is 11 amended to read: 12 25299.54. (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b), (c), (d), 13 (c), (g), and (h), an owner or operator, required to perform 14 corrective action pursuant to Section 25296.10, or an owner or 15 operator who, as of January 1, 1988, is required to perform 16 corrective action, who has initiated this action in accordance with 17 Division 7 (commencing with Section 13000) of the Water Code, 18 who is undertaking corrective action in compliance with waste 19 discharge requirements or other orders issued pursuant to Division 20 7 (commencing with Section 13000) of the Water Code, or Chapter 21 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280), may apply to the board for 22 satisfaction of a claim filed pursuant to this article. 23 (b) A person who has failed to comply with Article 3 24 (commencing with Section 25299.30) is ineligible to file a claim 25 pursuant to this section. 26 (c) An owner or operator of an underground storage tank 27 containing petroleum is ineligible to file a claim pursuant to this 28 section if the person meets both of the following conditions: 29 (1) The person knew, before January 1, 1988, of the 30 unauthorized release of petroleum which is the subject of the claim. 31 (2) The person did not initiate, on or before June 30, 1988, any 32 corrective action in accordance with Division 7 (commencing with 33 Section 13000) of the Water Code concerning the release, or the 34 person did not, on or before June 30, 1988, initiate corrective action 35 in accordance with Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280) 36 or the person did not initiate action on or before June 30, 1988, to 37 come into compliance with waste discharge requirements or other 38 orders issued pursuant to Division 7 (commencing with Section

39 13000) of the Water Code concerning the release.

1 (d) An owner or operator who violates Section 25296.10 or a 2 corrective action order, directive, notification, or approval order 3 issued pursuant to this chapter, Chapter 6.7 (commencing with 4 Section 25280) of this code, or Division 7 (commencing with 5 Section 13000) of the Water Code, is liable for a corrective action 6 cost that results from the owner's or operator's violation and is 7 ineligible to file a claim pursuant to this section. 8 (c) Notwithstanding this chapter, a person who owns a tank 9 located underground that is used to store petroleum may apply to 10 the board for satisfaction of a claim, and the board may pay the elaim pursuant to Section 25299.57 without making the finding 11 12 specified in paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) of Section 25299.57 13 if all of the following apply: 14 (1) The tank meets one of the following requirements: 15 (A) The tank is located at the residence of a person on property 16 used exclusively for residential purposes at the time of discovery 17 of the unauthorized release of petroleum. 18 (B) The tank owner demonstrates that the tank is located on 19 property that, on and after January 1, 1985, is not used for 20 agricultural purposes, the tank is of a type specified in 21 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (y) of Section 22 25281, and the petroleum in the tank is used solely for the purposes 23 specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (y) of Section 25281 on and after January 1, 1985. 24 25 (2) The tank is not a tank described in subparagraph (A) of 26 paragraph (1) of subdivision (y) of Section 25281 and the tank is 27 not used on or after January 1, 1985, for the purposes specified in 28 that subparagraph. 29 (3) The claimant has complied with Section 25299.31 and the 30 permit requirements of Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 31 25280), or the claimant is not subject to the requirements of those 32 provisions. 33 (f) Whenever the board has authorized the prepayment of a 34 elaim pursuant to Section 25299.57, and the amount of money 35 available in the fund is insufficient to pay the claim, the owner or 36 operator shall remain obligated to undertake the corrective action 37 in accordance with Section 25296.10. 38 (g) The board shall not reimburse a claimant for any eligible 39 costs for which the claimant has been, or will be, compensated by 40 another person. This subdivision does not affect reimbursement 1 of a claimant from the fund under either of the following

2 circumstances:

3 (1) The claimant has a written contract, other than an insurance

4 contract, with another person that requires the claimant to

5 reimburse the person for payments the person has provided the

6 claimant pending receipt of reimbursement from the fund.

7 (2) An insurer has made payments on behalf of the elaimant
 8 pursuant to an insurance contract and either of the following
 9 applies:

10 (A) The insurance contract explicitly coordinates insurance

benefits with the fund and requires the claimant to do both of thefollowing:

(i) Maintain the claimant's eligibility for reimbursement of costs
 pursuant to this chapter by complying with all applicable eligibility

15 requirements.

(ii) Reimburse the insurer for costs paid by the insurer pending
 reimbursement of those costs by the fund.

(B) The claimant received a letter of commitment prior to June
 30, 1999, for the occurrence and the claimant is required to
 reimburse the insurer for any costs paid by the insurer pending
 reimbursement of those costs by the fund.

(h) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a person who
 purchases or otherwise acquires real property on which an
 underground storage tank or tank specified in subdivision (e) is
 situated shall not be reimbursed by the board for a cost attributable
 to an occurrence that commenced prior to the acquisition of the
 real property if both of the following conditions apply:

28 (A) The purchaser or acquirer knew, or in the exercise of
29 reasonable diligence would have discovered, that an underground
30 storage tank or tank specified in subdivision (e) was located on
31 the real property being acquired.

32 (B) A person who owned the site or owned or operated an 33 underground storage tank or tank specified in subdivision (e) at 34 the site during or after the occurrence and prior to acquisition by 35 the purchaser or acquirer would not have been eligible for 36 reimbursement from the fund.

37 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if the claim is filed on or
 38 after January 1, 2003, the board may reimburse the eligible costs

39 claimed by a person who purchases or otherwise acquires real

40 property on which an underground storage tank or tank specified

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1 in subdivision (c) is situated, if all of the following conditions 2 apply: 3 (A) The claimant is the owner or operator of the underground 4 storage tank or tank specified in subdivision (c) that had an 5 occurrence that commenced prior to the owner's acquisition of the 6 real property. 7 (B) The claimant satisfies all eligibility requirements, other than 8 those specified in paragraph (1). 9 (C) The claimant is not an affiliate of a person whose act or 10 omission caused or would cause ineligibility for the fund. 11 (3) If the board reimburses a claim pursuant to paragraph (2), 12 a person specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), other than 13 a person who is ineligible for reimbursement from the fund solely 14 because the property was acquired from another person who was 15 ineligible for reimbursement from the fund, shall be liable for the 16 amount paid from the fund. The Attorney General, upon request 17 of the board, shall bring a civil action to recover the liability 18 imposed under this paragraph. All money recovered by the 19 Attorney General under this paragraph shall be deposited in the 20 fund. 21 (4) The liability established pursuant to paragraph (3) does not 22 limit or supersede liability under any other provision of state or 23 federal law, including common law. 24 (5) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions 25 shall apply: 26 (A) "Affiliate" means a person who has one or more of the 27 following relationships with another person: (i) Familial relationship. 28 29 (ii) Fiduciary relationship. 30 (iii) A relationship of direct or indirect control or shared 31 interests. 32 (B) Affiliates include, but are not limited to, any of the 33 following: 34 (i) Parent corporation and subsidiary. 35 (ii) Subsidiaries that are owned by the same parent corporation. 36 (iii) Business entities involved in a reorganization, as defined 37 in Section 181 of the Corporations Code. 38 (iv) Corporate officer and corporation. 39 (v) Shareholder that owns a controlling block of voting stock

40 and the corporation.

(vi) Partner and the partnership.

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2 (vii) Member and a limited liability company. 3 (viii) Franchiser and franchisee. 4 (ix) Settlor, trustee, and beneficiary of a trust. 5 (x) Debtor and bankruptcy trustee or debtor-in-possession. 6 (xi) Principal and agent. 7 (C) "Familial relationship" means relationships between family 8 members, including, and limited to, a spouse, child, stepchild, 9 parent, grandparent, grandehild, brother, sister, stepbrother, 10 stepsister, stepmother, stepfather, mother-in-law, father-in-law, 11 brother-in-law, sister-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, and, if 12 related by blood, uncle, aunt, niece, or nephew. 13 (D) "Purchases or otherwise acquires real property" means the 14 acquisition of fee title ownership or the acquisition of the lessee's interest in a ground lease of real property on which one or more 15 underground storage tanks are located if the lease has an initial 16 17 original term, including unilateral extension or renewal rights, of 18 not less than 35 years. 19 (i) The Legislature finds and declares that the changes made to 20 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) by Chapter 21 1290 of the Statutes of 1992 are declaratory of existing law. 22 (i) The Legislature finds and declares that the amendment of 23 subdivisions (a) and (g) by Chapter 328 of the Statutes of 1999 is 24 declaratory of existing law. SEC. 41. Section 32501 of the Health and Safety Code is 25 26 amended to read: 27 32501. Any person desiring in his or her lifetime to promote 28 the public welfare by founding, endowing, and having maintained 29 within this state a hospital for the relief of the sick, and for use as 30 a training school for nurses may, by grant in writing, convey to a 31 trustee named in the grant and to the successor of such trustee, any 32 of his or her property situated within this state. If he or she is married and the property is community, both spouses shall join in 33 34 the grant. 35 SEC. 42. Section 10112 of the Insurance Code is amended to 36 read: 37 10112. Subject to Section 2459 of the Probate Code, in respect 38 to life or disability insurance, or annuity contracts (except as 39 provided in Sections 2500 to 2507, inclusive, of the Probate Code 40 and Section 3500 of the Probate Code and Chapter 4 (commencing

1 with Section 3600) of Part 8 of Division 4 of the Probate Code), 2 heretofore or hereafter issued to or upon the life of any person not 3 of the full age of 18 years for the benefit of such minor or for the 4 benefit of the father, mother, spouse, child, brother, or sister, of 5 such minor, or issued to such minor, subject to written consent of 6 a parent or guardian, upon the life of any person in whom such 7 minor has an insurable interest for the benefit of himself or such 8 minor's father, mother, spouse, child, brother or sister, such minor 9 shall not, by reason only of such minority, be deemed incompetent 10 to contract for such insurance or annuity, or for the surrender 11 thereof, or to exercise all contractual rights thereunder, or, subject 12 to approval of a parent or guardian, to give a valid discharge for 13 any benefit accruing or for any money payable thereunder; 14 provided, that all such contracts made by a minor under the age 15 of 16 years, as determined by the nearest birthday, shall have the 16 written consent of a parent or guardian, and that the exercise of 17 all contractual rights under such contracts, or the surrender thereof, 18 or the giving of a valid discharge for any benefit accruing or money 19 payable thereunder, in the case of a minor under the age of 16 years, as determined by the nearest birthday, shall have the written 20 21 consent of a parent or guardian. 22 All such contracts made by a minor not of the full age of 18 23 years which may result in any personal liability for assessment 24 shall have the written assumption of any such liability by a parent 25 or guardian in consideration of the issuance of the contract. Such 26 assumption shall be in a form approved by the commissioner, 27 reasonably designed to inform the parent or guardian of the liability 28 thus assumed. 29 Such assumption of liability may be made a part of and included 30 with any written consent of such parent or guardian required under 31 other provisions of this section and it may be provided therein that 32 such assumption shall cover only up to the anniversary date of the 33 policy nearest to the member's birthday at which he or she attains 34 age 18. 35 SEC. 43. Section 10121.5 of the Insurance Code is amended 36 to read: 37 10121.5. (a) When spouses are both employed as employees, 38 and both have enrolled themselves and their eligible family 39 members under a group policy of disability insurance provided by

40 their respective employers, and each spouse is covered as an

1 employee under the terms of the same master policy, each spouse 2 may claim on his or her behalf, or on behalf of his or her enrolled 3 dependents, the combined maximum contractual benefits to which 4 an employee is entitled under the terms of the master policy, not 5 to exceed in the aggregate 100 percent of the charge for the covered 6 expense or service. 7 (b) When spouses are both employed as employees, and both 8 have enrolled themselves and their eligible family members under 9 a self-insured employee welfare benefit plan provided by their 10 respective employers, and each spouse is covered as an employee 11 under the terms of the same master contract, each spouse may 12 elaim on his or her behalf, or on behalf of his or her enrolled 13 dependents, the combined maximum contractual benefits to which 14 an employee is entitled under the terms of the master contract, not 15 to exceed in the aggregate 100 percent of the charge for the covered 16 expense or service. 17 (c) This section shall apply to every group disability insurance 18 policy and self-insured employee welfare benefit plan which is 19 entered into, issued, delivered, amended, or renewed in this state 20 on or after January 1, 1978. 21 SEC. 44. Section 10320 of the Insurance Code is amended to 22 read: 23 10320. No policy of accident and sickness insurance shall be 24 delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this State unless: 25 (a) The entire money and other considerations therefor are 26 expressed therein; and 27 (b) The time at which the insurance takes effect and terminates 28 is expressed therein; and 29 (c) It purports to insure only one person, except that a policy 30 may insure, originally or by subsequent amendment, upon the 31 application of the head of a family who shall be deemed the 32 policyholder, any two or more eligible members of that family, 33 including spouse, dependent children or any children under a 34 specified age which shall not exceed 19 years and any other person 35 dependent upon the policyholder; and 36 (d) The style, arrangement and over-all appearance of the policy 37 give no undue prominence to any portion of the text, and unless 38 every printed portion of the text of the policy and of any 39 endorsements or attached papers is plainly printed in light-faced 40 type of a style in general use, the size of which shall be uniform

1 and not less than 10-point with a lower case unspaced alphabet 2 length not less than 120-point (the "text" shall include all printed 3 matter except the name and address of the insurer, name or title 4 of the policy, the brief description, if any, and captions and 5 subcaptions); and 6 (c) The exceptions and reductions of indemnity are set forth in 7 the policy and, except those which are set forth in Article 4a or 5a 8 of this chapter, are printed, at the insurer's option, either included 9 with the benefit provision to which they apply, or under an 10 appropriate caption such as "Exceptions," or "Exceptions and 11 Reductions"; provided, that if an exception or reduction specifically applies only to a particular benefit of the policy, a statement of 12 13 such exception or reduction shall be included with the benefit 14 provision to which it applies; and 15 (f) Each such form, including riders and endorsements, shall be 16 identified by a form number in the lower left-hand corner of the 17 first page thereof; and 18 (g) It contains no provision purporting to make any portion of 19 the charter, rules, constitution, or by-laws of the insurer a part of 20 the policy unless such portion is set forth in full in the policy. 21 except in the case of the incorporation of, or reference to, a 22 statement of rates or classification of risks, or short-rate table filed 23 with the commissioner; and 24 (h) If the policy contains amendment, change, limitation, 25 alteration, or restriction of the printed text by endorsement, or by 26 any means other than rider upon a separate piece of paper made a 27 part of such policy; and 28 (i) If any portion of such policy purports to reduce benefits by 29 reason of age of the insured and such reduction, in accordance 30 with the age of the insured as stated in his or her application, would 31 be effective on the issue date of the policy. 32 SEC. 45. Section 10493 of the Insurance Code is amended to 33 read: 34 10493. Any incorporated or unincorporated benefit and relief 35 association organized before January 15, 1951, may procure a 36 certificate of exemption from the commissioner if it complies with all of the following: 37 38 (a) All of the other requirements of this article. 39 (b) As respects life or disability or life and disability insurance

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40 transacted by it, it is of an entirely nonprofit nature.

1 (c) Any one of the following requirements as to membership 2 and purpose: 3 (1) It is composed of and its membership limited to the 4 appointive officers and employees of a public school district or 5 districts and/or the pupils of any such district or districts, or of any 6 private school or schools. 7 (2) It is composed of and its membership limited to the 8 appointive officers and employees of a municipal playground 9 system, or the systems of two or more municipalities united in a 10 league, federation or other association for the purpose of promoting 11 intercity competitions or other activities, and/or the participants 12 in dancing, recreational, sporting, educational, social and/or 13 theatrical activities sponsored and/or directed by such system or 14 systems and carried on through the use of any of the facilities of 15 such system or systems. (3) Its membership in this state is 1,000 or more and it is either 16 17 an organization of a purely religious or benevolent character or its 18 membership is limited to the members of such an organization. 19 (4) It is composed of and its membership is limited to the 20 members of another organization which other organization is of a 21 purely religious or benevolent character and has a total membership 22 in this state of not less than 1,000. 23 (5) It is a domestic organization, lodge, society or order which 24 prior to September 19, 1947, provided life or disability benefits 25 or both such benefits to its members and 26 (A) Is of a charitable, benevolent or beneficent character or 27 becomes such within one year from September 4, 1951, and in 28 both instances is thereafter of such character, and 29 (B) Operates in such a manner that the payment of such benefits 30 even though it be one of the express purposes of such organization, 31 lodge or order, is as a matter of fact incidental to its charitable, 32 benevolent or beneficent purposes or within one year from 33 September 4, 1951, operates in such a manner and in both instances 34 thereafter operates in such a manner. 35 (6) Officers and employees of a common employer, and related 36 dependents of such officers and employees, comprising spouses 37 and unmarried dependent children under 19 years of age, and living 38 in the same household. 39 (d) Pays a filing fee in the amount of seven hundred eight dollars 40 <del>(\$708).</del>

1 SEC. 46. Section 10494.6 of the Insurance Code is amended 2 to read: 3 10494.6. Any employer who qualifies for a certificate of 4 exemption under Section 10494.5 by virtue of which certificate 5 he or she maintains a plan for furnishing disability benefits to his 6 or her employees may, if he or she elects, make available for the 7 related dependents of his or her employees, comprising spouses 8 and unmarried dependent children living in the same household, 9 a supplemental plan of disability benefits containing any or all of 10 the following benefits, hospital, surgical and medical; provided, 11 that as to the supplemental plan the Insurance Commissioner finds 12 that all of the following exist: 13 (a) The supplemental plan shall be separately stated, setting out 14 all of the provisions of coverage. 15 (b) The plan shall set out the respective contributions of the 16 employer and employees. All contributions of employees received or retained by the employer shall be trust funds and shall be 17 18 separately accounted for by the employer and may not inure to the 19 benefit of the employer in any manner whatsoever. 20 (c) The plan permits the disabled individual a free choice of 21 physician and surgeon, or podiatrist in the case of those services 22 that are within the scope of practice of podiatric medicine, as 23 defined in Section 2472 of the Business and Professions Code, 24 and hospital. 25 (d) The employer agrees to assume 50 percent of the cost of 26 maintaining the plan, and he or she further agrees to guarantee the 27 benefits if the contributions required for the supplementary benefits 28 are not sufficient to pay the cost of same. The funds necessary to 29 discharge the employer's 50 percent assumption shall be trust 30 funds and shall be separately accounted for by him or her. 31 SEC. 47. Section 3503 of the Labor Code is amended to read: 32 3503. No person is a dependent of any deceased employee 33 unless in good faith a member of the family or household of the 34 employee, or unless the person bears to the employee the relation 35 of spouse, child, posthumous child, adopted child or stepchild, 36 grandchild, father or mother, father-in-law or mother-in-law, 37 grandfather or grandmother, brother or sister, uncle or aunt, 38 brother-in-law or sister-in-law, or nephew or niece. 39 SEC. 48. Section 152.3 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

1 152.3. (a) Any person who reasonably believes that he or she 2 has observed the commission of any of the following offenses 3 where the victim is a child under the age of 14 years shall notify 4 a peace officer, as defined in Chapter 4.5 (commencing with 5 Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2: 6 (1) Murder. 7 (2) Rape. 8 (3) A violation of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 9 288 of the Penal Code. 10 (b) This section shall not be construed to affect privileged 11 relationships as provided by law. 12 (c) The duty to notify a peace officer imposed pursuant to 13 subdivision (a) is satisfied if the notification or an attempt to 14 provide notice is made by telephone or any other means. 15 (d) Failure to notify as required pursuant to subdivision (a) is a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine of not more than one 16 thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500), by imprisonment in a 17 18 county jail for not more than six months, or by both that fine and 19 imprisonment. 20 (e) The requirements of this section shall not apply to the 21 following: 22 (1) A person who is related to either the victim or the offender, 23 including a spouse, parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent, 24 grandchild, or other person related by consanguinity or affinity. 25 (2) A person who fails to report based on a reasonable mistake 26 of fact. 27 (3) A person who fails to report based on a reasonable fear for 28 his or her own safety or for the safety of his or her family. SEC. 49. Section 197 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 29 30 197. Homicide is also justifiable when committed by any person 31 in any of the following cases: 1. When resisting any attempt to murder any person, or to 32 33 commit a felony, or to do some great bodily injury upon any 34 person; or, 35 2. When committed in defense of habitation, property, or person, 36 against one who manifestly intends or endeavors, by violence or 37 surprise, to commit a felony, or against one who manifestly intends 38 and endeavors, in a violent, riotous or tumultuous manner, to enter 39 the habitation of another for the purpose of offering violence to

40 any person therein; or,

1 3. When committed in the lawful defense of such person, or of 2 a spouse, parent, child, master, mistress, or servant of such person, 3 when there is reasonable ground to apprehend a design to commit 4 a felony or to do some great bodily injury, and imminent danger 5 of such design being accomplished; but such person, or the person 6 in whose behalf the defense was made, if he was the assailant or 7 engaged in mutual combat, must really and in good faith have 8 endeavored to decline any further struggle before the homicide 9 was committed; or, 10 4. When necessarily committed in attempting, by lawful ways 11 and means, to apprehend any person for any felony committed, or 12 in lawfully suppressing any riot, or in lawfully keeping and 13 preserving the peace. 14 SEC. 50. Section 270e of the Penal Code is amended to read: 15 270e. No other evidence shall be required to prove marriage of spouses, or that a person is the lawful father or mother of a child 16 17 or children, than is or shall be required to prove such facts in a 18 eivil action. In all prosecutions under either Section 270a or 270 19 of this code, Sections 970, 971, and 980 of the Evidence Code do 20 not apply, and both spouses shall be competent to testify to any 21 and all relevant matters, including the fact of marriage and the 22 parentage of a child or children. Proof of the abandonment and 23 nonsupport of a spouse, or of the omission to furnish necessary 24 food, clothing, shelter, or of medical attendance for a child or 25 children is prima facie evidence that such abandonment and 26 nonsupport or omission to furnish necessary food, clothing, shelter 27 or medical attendance is willful. In any prosecution under Section 28 270, it shall be competent for the people to prove nonaccess of 29 husband to wife or any other fact establishing nonpaternity of a 30 husband. In any prosecution pursuant to Section 270, the final 31 establishment of paternity or nonpaternity in another proceeding 32 shall be admissible as evidence of paternity or nonpaternity. 33 SEC. 51. Section 273.5 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 34 273.5. (a) Any person who willfully inflicts corporal injury 35 resulting in a traumatic condition upon a victim described in 36 subdivision (b) is guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof 37 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two, 38 three, or four years, or in a county jail for not more than one year, 39 or by a fine of up to six thousand dollars (\$6,000), or by both that

40 fine and imprisonment.

1 (b) Subdivision (a) shall apply if the victim is or was one or 2 more of the following: 3 (1) The offender's spouse or former spouse. 4 (2) The offender's cohabitant or former cohabitant. 5 (3) The offender's fiancé or fiancée, or someone with whom 6 the offender has, or previously had, an engagement or dating 7 relationship, as defined in paragraph (10) of subdivision (f) of 8 Section 243. 9 (4) The mother or father of the offender's child. 10 (c) Holding oneself out to be the spouse of the person with 11 whom one is cohabiting is not necessary to constitute cohabitation 12 as the term is used in this section. 13 (d) As used in this section, "traumatic condition" means a 14 condition of the body, such as a wound, or external or internal 15 injury, including, but not limited to, injury as a result of strangulation or suffocation, whether of a minor or serious nature, 16 17 caused by a physical force. For purposes of this section, 18 "strangulation" and "suffocation" include impeding the normal 19 breathing or circulation of the blood of a person by applying 20 pressure on the throat or neck. 21 (e) For the purpose of this section, a person shall be considered 22 the father or mother of another person's child if the alleged male 23 parent is presumed the natural father under Sections 7611 and 7612 24 of the Family Code. 25 (f) (1) Any person convicted of violating this section for acts 26 occurring within seven years of a previous conviction under 27 subdivision (a), or subdivision (d) of Section 243, or Section 243.4, 28 244, 244.5, or 245, shall be punished by imprisonment in a county 29 jail for not more than one year, or by imprisonment in the state 30 prison for two, four, or five years, or by both imprisonment and a 31 fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). 32 (2) Any person convicted of a violation of this section for acts 33 occurring within seven years of a previous conviction under 34 subdivision (e) of Section 243 shall be punished by imprisonment 35 in the state prison for two, three, or four years, or in a county jail 36 for not more than one year, or by a fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by both that imprisonment and fine. 37 38 (g) If probation is granted to any person convicted under 39 subdivision (a), the court shall impose probation consistent with

40 the provisions of Section 1203.097.

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1 (h) If probation is granted, or the execution or imposition of a 2 sentence is suspended, for any defendant convicted under 3 subdivision (a) who has been convicted of any prior offense 4 specified in subdivision (f), the court shall impose one of the 5 following conditions of probation: 6 (1) If the defendant has suffered one prior conviction within the 7 previous seven years for a violation of any offense specified in 8 subdivision (f), it shall be a condition of probation, in addition to 9 the provisions contained in Section 1203.097, that he or she be 10 imprisoned in a county jail for not less than 15 days. 11 (2) If the defendant has suffered two or more prior convictions 12 within the previous seven years for a violation of any offense 13 specified in subdivision (f), it shall be a condition of probation, in 14 addition to the provisions contained in Section 1203.097, that he 15 or she be imprisoned in a county jail for not less than 60 days. (3) The court, upon a showing of good cause, may find that the 16 17 mandatory imprisonment required by this subdivision shall not be 18 imposed and shall state on the record its reasons for finding good 19 cause. 20 (i) If probation is granted upon conviction of a violation of 21 subdivision (a), the conditions of probation may include, consistent 22 with the terms of probation imposed pursuant to Section 1203.097, 23 in lieu of a fine, one or both of the following requirements: 24 (1) That the defendant make payments to a battered women's 25 shelter, up to a maximum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), 26 pursuant to Section 1203.097. 27 (2) (A) That the defendant reimburse the victim for reasonable 28 costs of counseling and other reasonable expenses that the court 29 finds are the direct result of the defendant's offense. 30 (B) For any order to pay a fine, make payments to a battered 31 women's shelter, or pay restitution as a condition of probation 32 under this subdivision, the court shall make a determination of the 33 defendant's ability to pay. An order to make payments to a battered 34 women's shelter shall not be made if it would impair the ability 35 of the defendant to pay direct restitution to the victim or 36 court-ordered child support. If the injury to a married person is 37 eaused in whole or in part by the criminal acts of his or her spouse 38 in violation of this section, the community property may not be 39 used to discharge the liability of the offending spouse for restitution

40 to the injured spouse, required by Section 1203.04, as operative

1 on or before August 2, 1995, or Section 1202.4, or to a shelter for 2 costs with regard to the injured spouse and dependents, required 3 by this section, until all separate property of the offending spouse 4 is exhausted. 5 (j) Upon conviction under subdivision (a), the sentencing court 6 shall also consider issuing an order restraining the defendant from 7 any contact with the victim, which may be valid for up to 10 years, 8 as determined by the court. It is the intent of the Legislature that 9 the length of any restraining order be based upon the seriousness 10 of the facts before the court, the probability of future violations, 11 and the safety of the victim and his or her immediate family. This 12 protective order may be issued by the court whether the defendant 13 is sentenced to state prison or county jail, or if imposition of 14 sentence is suspended and the defendant is placed on probation. 15 (k) If a peace officer makes an arrest for a violation of this 16 section, the peace officer is not required to inform the victim of 17 his or her right to make a citizen's arrest pursuant to subdivision 18 (b) of Section 836. 19 SEC. 52. Section 281 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 281. (a) Every person having a spouse living, who marries 20 21 any other person, except in the cases specified in Section 282, is 22 guilty of bigamy. 23 (b) Upon a trial for bigamy, it is not necessary to prove either 24 of the marriages by the register, certificate, or other record evidence 25 thereof, but the marriages may be proved by evidence which is 26 admissible to prove a marriage in other cases; and when the second 27 marriage took place out of this state, proof of that fact, 28 accompanied with proof of cohabitation thereafter in this state, is 29 sufficient to sustain the charge. 30 SEC. 53. Section 282 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 31 282. Section 281 does not extend to any of the following: 32 (a) To any person by reason of any former marriage whose 33 spouse by such marriage has been absent for five successive years 34 without being known to such person within that time to be living. 35 (b) To any person by reason of any former marriage which has 36 been pronounced void, annulled, or dissolved by the judgment of 37 a competent court. 38 SEC. 54. Section 284 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 39 284. Every person who knowingly and willfully marries the

40 spouse of another, in any case in which such spouse would be

1 punishable under the provisions of this chapter, is punishable by 2 fine not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or by 3 imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170. 4 SEC. 55. Section 534 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 5 534. Every married person who falsely and fraudulently 6 represents himself or herself as competent to sell or mortgage any 7 real estate, to the validity of which sale or mortgage the assent or 8 concurrence of his or her spouse is necessary, and under such 9 representations willfully conveys or mortgages the same, is guilty 10 of felony. 11 SEC. 56. Section 4002 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 12 4002. (a) Persons committed on criminal process and detained 13 for trial, persons convicted and under sentence, and persons 14 committed upon civil process, shall not be kept or put in the same 15 room, nor shall male and female prisoners, except spouses, sleep, 16 dress or undress, bathe, or perform eliminatory functions in the 17 same room. However, persons committed on criminal process and 18 detained for trial may be kept or put in the same room with persons 19 convicted and under sentence for the purpose of participating in 20 supervised activities and for the purpose of housing, provided, that 21 the housing occurs as a result of a classification procedure that is 22 based upon objective criteria, including consideration of criminal 23 sophistication, seriousness of crime charged, presence or absence 24 of assaultive behavior, age, and other criteria that will provide for 25 the safety of the prisoners and staff. 26 (b) Inmates who are held pending civil process under the 27 sexually violent predator laws shall be held in administrative 28 segregation. For purposes of this subdivision, administrative 29 segregation means separate and secure housing that does not 30 involve any deprivation of privileges other than what is necessary 31 to protect the inmates and staff. Consistent with Section 1610, to 32 the extent possible, the person shall continue in his or her course 33 of treatment, if any. An alleged sexually violent predator held 34 pending civil process may waive placement in secure housing by 35 petitioning the court for a waiver. In order to grant the waiver, the 36 court must find that the waiver is voluntary and intelligent, and 37 that granting the waiver would not interfere with any treatment 38 programming for the person requesting the waiver. A person

39 granted a waiver shall be placed with inmates charged with similar

1 offenses or with similar criminal histories, based on the objective 2 eriteria set forth in subdivision (a). 3 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose any 4 requirement upon a county to confine male and female prisoners 5 in the same or an adjoining facility or impose any duty upon a 6 county to establish or maintain programs which involve the joint 7 participation of male and female prisoners. 8 SEC. 57. Section 13700 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 9 13700. As used in this title: (a) "Abuse" means intentionally or recklessly causing or 10 11 attempting to cause bodily injury, or placing another person in 12 reasonable apprehension of imminent serious bodily injury to 13 himself or herself, or another. 14 (b) "Domestic violence" means abuse committed against an 15 adult or a minor who is a spouse, former spouse, cohabitant, former eohabitant, or person with whom the suspect has had a child or is 16 17 having or has had a dating or engagement relationship. For 18 purposes of this subdivision, "cohabitant" means two unrelated 19 adult persons living together for a substantial period of time, 20 resulting in some permanency of relationship. Factors that may 21 determine whether persons are cohabiting include, but are not 22 limited to, (1) sexual relations between the parties while sharing 23 the same living quarters, (2) sharing of income or expenses, (3) 24 joint use or ownership of property, (4) whether the parties hold 25 themselves out as spouses, (5) the continuity of the relationship, 26 and (6) the length of the relationship. 27 (c) "Officer" means any officer or employee of a local police 28 department or sheriff's office, and any peace officer of the 29 Department of the California Highway Patrol, the Department of 30 Parks and Recreation, the University of California Police 31 Department, or the California State University and College Police Departments, as defined in Section 830.2, a peace officer of the 32 33 Department of General Services of the City of Los Angeles, as 34 defined in subdivision (c) of Section 830.31, a housing authority 35 patrol officer, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 830.31, a 36 peace officer as defined in subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 37 830.32, or a peace officer as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 38 830.33. 39 (d) "Victim" means a person who is a victim of domestic 40 violence.

1 SEC. 58. Section 59 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 2 59. "Predeceased spouse" means a person who died before the 3 decedent while married to the decedent, except that the term does 4 not include any of the following: 5 (a) A person who obtains or consents to a final decree or 6 judgment of dissolution of marriage from the decedent or a final 7 decree or judgment of annulment of their marriage, which decree 8 or judgment is not recognized as valid in this state, unless they (1) 9 subsequently participate in a marriage ceremony purporting to 10 marry each to the other or (2) subsequently live together as spouses. 11 (b) A person who, following a decree or judgment of dissolution 12 or annulment of marriage obtained by the decedent, participates 13 in a marriage ceremony to a third person. 14 (c) A person who was a party to a valid proceeding concluded 15 by an order purporting to terminate all marital property rights. SEC. 59. Section 78 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 16 17 78. "Surviving spouse" does not include any of the following: 18 (a) A person whose marriage to the decedent has been dissolved 19 or annulled, unless, by virtue of a subsequent marriage, the person 20 is married to the decedent at the time of death. 21 (b) A person who obtains or consents to a final decree or 22 judgment of dissolution of marriage from the decedent or a final 23 decree or judgment of annulment of their marriage, which decree 24 or judgment is not recognized as valid in this state, unless they (1) 25 subsequently participate in a marriage ceremony purporting to 26 marry each to the other or (2) subsequently live together as spouses. 27 (c) A person who, following a decree or judgment of dissolution 28 or annulment of marriage obtained by the decedent, participates 29 in a marriage ceremony with a third person. 30 (d) A person who was a party to a valid proceeding concluded 31 by an order purporting to terminate all marital property rights. SEC. 60. Section 100 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 32 33 100. (a) Upon the death of a married person, one-half of the 34 community property belongs to the surviving spouse and the other 35 half belongs to the decedent. 36 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), spouses may agree in 37 writing to divide their community property on the basis of a non 38 pro rata division of the aggregate value of the community property 39 or on the basis of a division of each individual item or asset of 40 community property, or partly on each basis. Nothing in this

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1 subdivision shall be construed to require this written agreement 2 in order to permit or recognize a non pro rata division of 3 community property. 4 SEC. 61. Section 101 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 5 101. (a) Upon the death of a married person domiciled in this 6 state, one-half of the decedent's quasi-community property belongs 7 to the surviving spouse and the other half belongs to the decedent. 8 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), spouses may agree in 9 writing to divide their quasi-community property on the basis of 10 a non pro rata division of the aggregate value of the 11 quasi-community property, or on the basis of a division of each 12 individual item or asset of quasi-community property, or partly on 13 each basis. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require 14 this written agreement in order to permit or recognize a non pro 15 rata division of quasi-community property. SEC. 62. Section 103 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 16 17 103. Except as provided by Section 224, if spouses die leaving 18 community or quasi-community property and it cannot be 19 established by clear and convincing evidence that one spouse 20 survived the other: 21 (a) One-half of the community property and one-half of the 22 quasi-community property shall be administered or distributed, or 23 otherwise dealt with, as if one spouse had survived and as if that 24 half belonged to that spouse. (b) The other half of the community property and the other half 25 26 of the quasi-community property shall be administered or 27 distributed, or otherwise dealt with, as if the other spouse had 28 survived and as if that half belonged to that spouse. SEC. 63. Section 2407 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 29 30 2407. This chapter applies to property owned by spouses as 31 community property only to the extent authorized by Part 6 32 (commencing with Section 3000). 33 SEC. 64. Section 5203 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 34 5203. (a) Words in substantially the following form in a 35 signature card, passbook, contract, or instrument evidencing an account, or words to the same effect, executed before, on, or after 36 37 July 1, 1990, create the following accounts: 38 (1) Joint account: "This account or certificate is owned by the 39 named parties. Upon the death of any of them, ownership passes

40 to the survivor(s)."

1 (2) P.O.D. account with single party: "This account or certificate 2 is owned by the named party. Upon the death of that party, 3 ownership passes to the named pay-on-death payee(s)." 4 (3) P.O.D. account with multiple parties: "This account or 5 certificate is owned by the named parties. Upon the death of any 6 of them, ownership passes to the survivor(s). Upon the death of 7 all of them, ownership passes to the named pay-on-death payee(s)." 8 (4) Joint account of spouses with right of survivorship: "This 9 account or certificate is owned by the named parties, who are 10 spouses, and is presumed to be their community property. Upon 11 the death of either of them, ownership passes to the survivor." 12 (5) Community property account of spouses: "This account or 13 certificate is the community property of the named parties who 14 are spouses. The ownership during lifetime and after the death of 15 a spouse is determined by the law applicable to community 16 property generally and may be affected by a will." 17 (6) Tenancy in common account: "This account or certificate 18 is owned by the named parties as tenants in common. Upon the 19 death of any party, the ownership interest of that party passes to 20 the named pay-on-death payee(s) of that party or, if none, to the 21 estate of that party." 22 (b) Use of the form language provided in this section is not 23 necessary to create an account that is governed by this part. If the 24 contract of deposit creates substantially the same relationship 25 between the parties as an account created using the form language 26 provided in this section, this part applies to the same extent as if 27 the form language had been used. 28 SEC. 65. Section 5600 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 29 5600. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), a nonprobate 30 transfer to the transferor's former spouse, in an instrument executed 31 by the transferor before or during the marriage, fails if, at the time 32 of the transferor's death, the former spouse is not the transferor's 33 surviving spouse as defined in Section 78, as a result of the 34 dissolution or annulment of the marriage. A judgment of legal 35 separation that does not terminate the status of spouses is not a 36 dissolution for purposes of this section. 37 (b) Subdivision (a) does not cause a nonprobate transfer to fail 38 in any of the following cases: 39 (1) The nonprobate transfer is not subject to revocation by the

40 transferor at the time of the transferor's death.

1 (2) There is clear and convincing evidence that the transferor 2 intended to preserve the nonprobate transfer to the former spouse. 3 (3) A court order that the nonprobate transfer be maintained on 4 behalf of the former spouse is in effect at the time of the 5 transferor's death. 6 (c) Where a nonprobate transfer fails by operation of this section, 7 the instrument making the nonprobate transfer shall be treated as 8 it would if the former spouse failed to survive the transferor. 9 (d) Nothing in this section affects the rights of a subsequent 10 purchaser or encumbrancer for value in good faith who relies on 11 the apparent failure of a nonprobate transfer under this section or 12 who lacks knowledge of the failure of a nonprobate transfer under 13 this section. 14 (c) As used in this section, "nonprobate transfer" means a 15 provision, other than a provision of a life insurance policy, of either 16 of the following types: 17 (1) A provision of a type described in Section 5000. (2) A provision in an instrument that operates on death, other 18 19 than a will, conferring a power of appointment or naming a trustee. SEC. 66. Section 5601 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 20 21 5601. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), a joint tenancy 22 between the decedent and the decedent's former spouse, created 23 before or during the marriage, is severed as to the decedent's 24 interest if, at the time of the decedent's death, the former spouse 25 is not the decedent's surviving spouse as defined in Section 78, as 26 a result of the dissolution or annulment of the marriage. A judgment 27 of legal separation that does not terminate the status of spouses is 28 not a dissolution for purposes of this section. (b) Subdivision (a) does not sever a joint tenancy in either of 29 30 the following cases: 31 (1) The joint tenancy is not subject to severance by the decedent 32 at the time of the decedent's death. 33 (2) There is clear and convincing evidence that the decedent 34 intended to preserve the joint tenancy in favor of the former spouse. 35 (c) Nothing in this section affects the rights of a subsequent 36 purchaser or encumbrancer for value in good faith who relies on

37 an apparent severance under this section or who lacks knowledge

38 of a severance under this section.

1 (d) For purposes of this section, property held in "joint tenancy" 2 includes property held as community property with right of 3 survivorship, as described in Section 682.1 of the Civil Code. 4 SEC. 67. Section 6122 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 5 6122. (a) Unless the will expressly provides otherwise, if after 6 executing a will the testator's marriage is dissolved or annulled, 7 the dissolution or annulment revokes all of the following: 8 (1) Any disposition or appointment of property made by the 9 will to the former spouse. 10 (2) Any provision of the will conferring a general or special 11 power of appointment on the former spouse. 12 (3) Any provision of the will nominating the former spouse as 13 executor, trustee, conservator, or guardian. 14 (b) If any disposition or other provision of a will is revoked 15 solely by this section, it is revived by the testator's remarriage to 16 the former spouse. 17 (c) In case of revocation by dissolution or annulment: 18 (1) Property prevented from passing to a former spouse because 19 of the revocation passes as if the former spouse failed to survive 20 the testator. 21 (2) Other provisions of the will conferring some power or office 22 on the former spouse shall be interpreted as if the former spouse 23 failed to survive the testator. 24 (d) For purposes of this section, dissolution or annulment means 25 any dissolution or annulment which would exclude the spouse as 26 a surviving spouse within the meaning of Section 78. A decree of 27 legal separation which does not terminate the status of spouses is 28 not a dissolution for purposes of this section. 29 (c) Except as provided in Section 6122.1, no change of 30 circumstances other than as described in this section revokes a 31 will. 32 (f) Subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, do not apply to any case 33 where the final judgment of dissolution or annulment of marriage 34 occurs before January 1, 1985. That case is governed by the law 35 in effect prior to January 1, 1985. 36 SEC. 68. Section 6227 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 37 6227. (a) If after executing a California statutory will the 38 testator's marriage is dissolved or annulled, the dissolution or 39 annulment revokes any disposition of property made by the will

40 to the former spouse and any nomination of the former spouse as

1 executor, trustee, guardian, or custodian made by the will. If any 2 disposition or nomination is revoked solely by this section, it is 3 revived by the testator's remarriage to the former spouse. 4 (b) In case of revocation by dissolution or annulment: 5 (1) Property prevented from passing to a former spouse because 6 of the revocation passes as if the former spouse failed to survive 7 the testator. 8 (2) Provisions nominating the former spouse as executor, trustee, 9 guardian, or custodian shall be interpreted as if the former spouse 10 failed to survive the testator. 11 (c) For purposes of this section, dissolution or annulment means 12 any dissolution or annulment that would exclude the spouse as a 13 surviving spouse within the meaning of Section 78. A decree of 14 legal separation which does not terminate the status of spouses is 15 not a dissolution or annulment for purposes of this section. (d) This section applies to any California statutory will, without 16 17 regard to the time when the will was executed, but this section 18 does not apply to any case where the final judgment of dissolution 19 or annulment of marriage occurs before January 1, 1985; and, if 20 the final judgment of dissolution or annulment of marriage occurs 21 before January 1, 1985, the case is governed by the law that applied 22 prior to January 1, 1985. 23 SEC. 69. Section 6240 of the Probate Code is amended to read: 24 6240. The following is the California Statutory Will form: 25 26 **QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THIS CALIFORNIA** 27 STATUTORY WILL 28 29 The following information, in question and answer form, is not 30 a part of the California Statutory Will. It is designed to help you 31 understand about Wills and to decide if this Will meets your needs. 32 This Will is in a simple form. The complete text of each paragraph 33 of this Will is printed at the end of the Will. 34 35 1. What happens if I die without a Will? If you die without a 36 Will, what you own (your "assets") in your name alone will be 37 divided among your spouse, domestic partner, children, or other 38 relatives according to state law. The court will appoint a relative

39 to collect and distribute your assets.

1 2. What can a Will do for me? In a Will you may designate 2 who will receive your assets at your death. You may designate 3 someone (called an "executor") to appear before the court, collect 4 your assets, pay your debts and taxes, and distribute your assets 5 as you specify. You may nominate someone (called a "guardian") 6 to raise your children who are under age 18. You may designate 7 someone (called a "custodian") to manage assets for your children 8 until they reach any age from 18 to 25. 9 3. Does a Will avoid probate? No. With or without a Will, 10 assets in your name alone usually go through the court probate process. The court's first job is to determine if your Will is valid. 11 12 4. What is community property? Can I give away my share in 13 my Will? If you are married and you or your spouse earned money 14 during your marriage from work and wages, that money (and the 15 assets bought with it) is community property. Your Will can only 16 give away your one-half of community property. Your Will cannot 17 give away your spouse's one-half of community property. 18 5. Does my Will give away all of my assets? Do all assets go 19 through probate? No. Money in a joint tenancy bank account 20 automatically belongs to the other named owner without probate. 21 If your spouse, domestic partner, or child is on the deed to your 22 house as a joint tenant, the house automatically passes to him or 23 her. Life insurance and retirement plan benefits may pass directly 24 to the named beneficiary. A Will does not necessarily control how 25 these types of "nonprobate" assets pass at your death. 26 6. Are there different kinds of Wills? Yes. There are 27 handwritten Wills, typewritten Wills, attorney-prepared Wills, and 28 statutory Wills. All are valid if done precisely as the law requires. 29 You should see a lawyer if you do not want to use this Statutory 30 Will or if you do not understand this form. 31 7. Who may use this Will? This Will is based on California 32 law. It is designed only for California residents. You may use this 33 form if you are single, married, a member of a domestie 34 partnership, or divorced. You must be age 18 or older and of sound 35 mind. 36 8. Are there any reasons why I should NOT use this Statutory 37 *Will?* Yes. This is a simple Will. It is not designed to reduce death 38 taxes or other taxes. Talk to a lawyer to do tax planning, especially 39 if (i) your assets will be worth more than \$600,000 or the current

40 amount excluded from estate tax under federal law at your death,

1 (ii) you own business-related assets, (iii) you want to create a trust 2 fund for your children's education or other purposes, (iv) you own 3 assets in some other state, (v) you want to disinherit your spouse, 4 domestic partner, or descendants, or (vi) you have valuable interests 5 in pension or profit-sharing plans. You should talk to a lawyer 6 who knows about estate planning if this Will does not meet your 7 needs. This Will treats most adopted children like natural children. 8 You should talk to a lawyer if you have stepchildren or foster 9 children whom you have not adopted. 10 9. May I add or cross out any words on this Will? No. If you 11 do, the Will may be invalid or the court may ignore the crossed 12 out or added words. You may only fill in the blanks. You may 13 amend this Will by a separate document (called a codicil). Talk to 14 a lawyer if you want to do something with your assets which is 15 not allowed in this form. 10. May I change my Will? Yes. A Will is not effective until 16 17 you die. You may make and sign a new Will. You may change 18 your Will at any time, but only by an amendment (called a codicil). 19 You can give away or sell your assets before your death. Your 20 Will only acts on what you own at death. 21 11. Where should I keep my Will? After you and the witnesses 22 sign the Will, keep your Will in your safe deposit box or other safe 23 place. You should tell trusted family members where your Will is 24 kept. 25 12. When should I change my Will? You should make and sign 26 a new Will if you marry, divorce, or terminate your domestic 27 partnership after you sign this Will. Divorce, annulment, or 28 termination of a domestic partnership automatically cancels all 29 property stated to pass to a former spouse or domestic partner 30 under this Will, and revokes the designation of a former spouse 31 or domestic partner as executor, custodian, or guardian. You should 32 sign a new Will when you have more children, or if your spouse 33 or a child dies, or a domestic partner dies or marries. You may 34 want to change your Will if there is a large change in the value of 35 your assets. You may also want to change your Will if you enter 36 a domestic partnership or your domestic partnership has been 37 terminated after you sign this Will. 38 13. What can I do if I do not understand something in this Will? 39 If there is anything in this Will you do not understand, ask a lawyer

1 14. What is an executor? An "executor" is the person you name 2 to collect your assets, pay your debts and taxes, and distribute your 3 assets as the court directs. It may be a person or it may be a 4 qualified bank or trust company. 5 15. Should I require a bond? You may require that an executor 6 post a "bond." A bond is a form of insurance to replace assets that 7 may be mismanaged or stolen by the executor. The cost of the 8 bond is paid from the estate's assets. 9 16. What is a guardian? Do I need to designate one? If you 10 have children under age 18, you should designate a guardian of 11 their "persons" to raise them. 12 17. What is a custodian? Do I need to designate one? A 13 "custodian" is a person you may designate to manage assets for 14 someone (including a child) who is under the age of 25 and who 15 receives assets under your Will. The custodian manages the assets 16 and pays as much as the custodian determines is proper for health, 17 support, maintenance, and education. The custodian delivers what is left to the person when the person reaches the age you choose 18 19 (from 18 to 25). No bond is required of a custodian. 20 18. Should I ask people if they are willing to serve before I 21 designate them as executor, guardian, or custodian? Probably 22 yes. Some people and banks and trust companies may not consent 23 to serve or may not be qualified to act. 24 19. What happens if I make a gift in this Will to someone and 25 that person dies before I do? A person must survive you by 120 26 hours to take a gift under this Will. If that person does not, then 27 the gift fails and goes with the rest of your assets. If the person 28 who does not survive you is a relative of yours or your spouse, 29 then certain assets may go to the relative's descendants. 30 20. What is a trust? There are many kinds of trusts, including 31 trusts created by Wills (called "testamentary trusts") and trusts 32 ereated during your lifetime (called "revocable living trusts"). Both 33 kinds of trusts are long-term arrangements in which a manager 34 (called a "trustee") invests and manages assets for someone (called 35 a "beneficiary") on the terms you specify. Trusts are too 36 complicated to be used in this Statutory Will. You should see a 37 lawyer if you want to create a trust. 38 21. What is a domestic partner? You have a domestic partner 39 if you have met certain legal requirements and filed a form entitled

40 "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" with the Secretary of State.

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Notwithstanding Section 299.6 of the Family Code, if you have 1 2 not filed a Declaration of Domestic Partnership with the Secretary 3 of State, you do not meet the required definition and should not 4 use the section of the Statutory Will form that refers to domestic 5 partners even if you have registered your domestic partnership 6 with another governmental entity. If you are unsure if you have a 7 domestic partner or if your domestic partnership meets the required 8 definition, please contact the Secretary of State's office. 9 10 **INSTRUCTIONS** 11 12 1. READ THE WILL. Read the whole Will first. If you do not 13 understand something, ask a lawyer to explain it to you. 14 2. FILL IN THE BLANKS. Fill in the blanks. Follow the instructions in the form carefully. Do not add any words to the 15 Will (except for filling in blanks) or cross out any words. 16 3. DATE AND SIGN THE WILL AND HAVE TWO WITNESSES 17 18 SIGN IT. Date and sign the Will and have two witnesses sign it. 19 You and the witnesses should read and follow the Notice to 20 Witnesses found at the end of this Will. 21 \*You do not need to have this document notarized. Notarization

22 will not fulfill the witness requirement.

### CALIFORNIA STATUTORY WILL OF

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#### Print Your Full Name

1. Will. This is my Will. I revoke all prior Wills and codicils.

2. <u>Specific Gift of Personal Residence.</u> (Optional use only if you want to give your personal residence to a different person or persons than you give the balance of your assets to under paragraph 5 below.) I give my interest in my principal personal residence at the time of my death (subject to mortgages and liens) as follows:

(Select one choice only and sign in the box after your choice.)

a. <u>Choice One:</u> All to my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State, if my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State, survives me; otherwise to my descendants (my children and the descendants of my children)who survive me.

b. <u>Choice Two:</u> Nothing to my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State; all to my descendants (my children and the descendants of my children) who survive me.

e. <u>Choice Three:</u> All to the following person if he or she survives me (Insert the name of the person.):

d. <u>Choice Four:</u> Equally among the following persons who survive me (Insert the names of two or more persons.):









<sup>3. &</sup>lt;u>Specific Gift of Automobiles, Household and Personal Effects.</u> (Optional use only if you want to give automobiles and household and personal effects to a different person or persons than you give the balance of your assets to under paragraph 5 below.) I give all of my automobiles (subject to loans), furniture, furnishings, household items, clothing, jewelry, and other tangible articles of a personal nature at the time of my death as follows:

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(Select one choice only and sign in the box after your choice.)

a. <u>Choice One:</u> All to my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State, if my spouse, domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State, survives me; otherwise to my descendants (my children and the descendants of my children) who survive me.

b. <u>Choice Two:</u> Nothing to my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State; all to my descendants (my children and the descendants of my children) who survive me.

e. <u>Choice Three:</u> All to the following person if he or she survives me (Insert the name of the person.):

d. <u>Choice Four:</u> Equally among the following persons who survive me (Insert the names of two or more persons.):









4. <u>Specific Gifts of Cash.</u> (Optional) I make the following eash gifts to the persons named below who survive me, or to the named charity, and I sign my name in the box after each gift. If I do not sign in the box, I do not make a gift. (Sign in the box after each gift you make.)

Name of Person or Charity	Amount of Cash Gift
to receive gift (name one	
only please print)	
	Sign your name in this box to
	make this gift
	_
Name of Person or Charity	Amount of Cash Gift
to receive gift (name one	
only please print)	
	Sign your name in this box to
	make this gift

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Name of Person or Charity to receive gift (name one only please print)	Amount of Cash Gift		
	Sign your name in this box to make this gift		
Name of Person or Charity to receive gift (name one only please print)	Amount of Cash Gift		
	Sign your name in this box to make this gift		
Name of Person or Charity to receive gift (name one only please print)	Amount of Cash Gift		
	Sign your name in this box to make this gift		

5. <u>Balance of My Assets.</u> Except for the specific gifts made in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 above, I give the balance of my assets as follows:

(Select <u>one</u> choice only and sign in the box after your choice. If I sign in more than one box or if I do not sign in any box, the court will distribute my assets as if I did not make a Will.)

a. <u>Choice One:</u> All to my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State, if my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State, survives me; otherwise to my descendants (my children and the descendants of my children) who survive me.

b. <u>Choice Two:</u> Nothing to my spouse or domestic partner, registered with the California Secretary of State; all to my descendants (my children and the descendants of my children) who survive me.

e. <u>Choice Three:</u> All to the following person if he or she survives me (Insert the name of the person.):





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d. <u>Choice Four:</u> Equally among the following persons who survive me (Insert the names of two or more persons.):



6. <u>Guardian of the Child's Person.</u> If, at my death, I have a child under age 18, whether the child is alive at the time this will is executed or born after the date this will is executed, and the child does not have a living parent, I nominate the individual named below as First Choice as guardian of the person of that child (to raise the child). If the First Choice does not serve, then I nominate the Second Choice, and then the Third Choice, to serve. Only an individual (not a bank or trust company) may serve.

Name of First Choice for Guardian of the Person

Name of Second Choice for Guardian of the Person

Name of Third Choice for Guardian of the Person

7. <u>Special Provision for Property of Persons Under Age 25.</u> (Optional—unless you use this paragraph, assets that go to a child or other person who is <u>under</u> age 18 may be given to the parent of the person, or to the Guardian named in paragraph 6 above as guardian of the person until age 18, and the court will require a bond, and assets that go to a child or other person who is age 18 or older will be given outright to the person. By using this paragraph you may provide that a custodian will hold the assets for the person until the person reaches any age from 18 to 25 which you choose.) If a beneficiary of this Will is under the age chosen below, I nominate the individual or bank or trust company named below as First Choice as custodian of the property. If the First Choice does not serve, then I nominate the Second Choice, and then the Third Choice, to serve.

Name of First Choice for Custodian of Assets
Name of Second Choice for Custodian of Assets
Name of Third Choice for Custodian of Assets

Insert any age from 18 to 25 as the age for the person to receive the property:

(If you do not choose an age, age 18 will apply.)

8. <u>Executor</u>. I nominate the individual or bank or trust company named below as First Choice as executor. If the First Choice does not serve, then I nominate the Second Choice, and then the Third Choice, to serve.

Name of First Choice for Executor

Name of Second Choice for Executor

Name of Third Choice for Executor

9. <u>Bond.</u> My signature in this box means a bond is <u>not</u> required for any person named as executor. A bond may be required if I do not sign in this box:

No bond shall be required.

(<u>Notice:</u> You must sign this Will in the presence of two (2) adult witnesses. The witnesses must sign their names in your presence. You must first read to them the following sentence.)

This is my Will: I ask the persons who sign below to be my witnesses.

Signed on		<del>at</del>		<del>, California.</del>	
C	<del>(date)</del>		<del>(city)</del>		
			Sig	nature of Maker of W	Vill
			Ũ		

(<u>Notice to Witnesses:</u> Two (2) adults must sign as witnesses. Each witness must read the following clause before signing. The witnesses should not receive assets under this Will.)

Each of us declares under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

a. On the date written below the maker of this Will declared to us that this instrument was the maker's Will and requested us to act as witnesses to it;

b. We understand this is the maker's Will;

c. The maker signed this Will in our presence, all of us being present at the same time;

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d. We now, at the maker's request, and in the maker's presence, sign below as witnesses;

e. We believe the maker is of sound mind and memory;

f. We believe that this Will was not procured by duress, menace, fraud or undue influence;

g. The maker is age 18 or older; and

h. Each of us is now age 18 or older, is a competent witness, and resides at the address set forth after his or her name.

- - -

Dated:

Signature of witness

Signature of witness

Print name here:

Print name here:

**Residence address:** 

Residence address:

AT LEAST TWO WITNESSES MUST SIGN

1 SEC. 70. Section 13500 of the Probate Code is amended to 2 read: 3 13500. Except as provided in this chapter, when a spouse dies 4 intestate leaving property that passes to the surviving spouse under 5 Section 6401, or dies testate and by his or her will devises all or 6 a part of his or her property to the surviving spouse, the property 7 passes to the survivor subject to the provisions of Chapter 2 8 (commencing with Section 13540) and Chapter 3 (commencing 9 with Section 13550), and no administration is necessary. 10 SEC. 71. Section 13600 of the Probate Code is amended to 11 read: 12 13600. (a) At any time after a spouse dies, the surviving spouse 13 or the guardian or conservator of the estate of the surviving spouse 14 may, without procuring letters of administration or awaiting probate 15 of the will, collect salary or other compensation owed by an 16 employer for personal services of the deceased spouse, including 17 compensation for unused vacation, not in excess of fifteen thousand 18 dollars (\$15,000) net. 19 (b) Not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) net in the 20 aggregate may be collected by or for the surviving spouse under 21 this chapter from all of the employers of the decedent. 22 (c) For the purposes of this chapter, a guardian or conservator 23 of the estate of the surviving spouse may act on behalf of the 24 surviving spouse without authorization or approval of the court in 25 which the guardianship or conservatorship proceeding is pending. 26 (d) The fifteen-thousand-dollar (\$15,000) net limitation set forth 27 in subdivisions (a) and (b) does not apply to the surviving spouse 28 or the guardian or conservator of the estate of the surviving spouse 29 of a firefighter or peace officer described in subdivision (a) of 30 Section 22820 of the Government Code. 31 (c) On January 1, 2003, and on January 1 of each year thereafter, 32 the maximum net amount of salary or compensation payable under 33 subdivisions (a) and (b) to the surviving spouse or the guardian or 34 conservator of the estate of the surviving spouse may be adjusted 35 to reflect any increase in the cost of living occurring after January 36 1 of the immediately preceding year. The United States city average 37 of the "Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers," as 38 published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, shall 39 be used as the basis for determining the changes in the cost of

40 living. The cost-of-living increase shall equal or exceed 1 percent

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1 before any adjustment is made. The net amount payable may not 2 be decreased as a result of the cost-of-living adjustment. 3 SEC. 72. Section 17021 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 4 amended to read: 5 17021. As used in this part, if the spouses therein referred to 6 are divorced, wherever appropriate to the meaning of this part, the 7 term "spouse" shall be read "former spouse." 8 SEC. 73. Section 17039 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 9 amended to read: 10 17039. (a) Notwithstanding any provision in this part to the 11 contrary, for the purposes of computing tax credits, the term "net 12 tax" means the tax imposed under either Section 17041 or 17048 13 plus the tax imposed under Section 17504 (relating to lump-sum 14 distributions) less the credits allowed by Section 17054 (relating to personal exemption credits) and any amount imposed under 15 paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) and paragraph (1) of subdivision 16 17 (e) of Section 17560. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the 18 "net tax" shall not be less than the tax imposed under Section 19 17504 (relating to the separate tax on lump-sum distributions), if any. Credits shall be allowed against "net tax" in the following 20 21 order: 22 (1) Credits that do not contain carryover or refundable 23 provisions, except those described in paragraphs (4) and (5). 24 (2) Credits that contain carryover provisions but do not contain 25 refundable provisions, except for those that are allowed to reduce 26 "net tax" below the tentative minimum tax, as defined by Section 27 17062. 28 (3) Credits that contain both carryover and refundable 29 provisions. 30 (4) The minimum tax credit allowed by Section 17063 (relating 31 to the alternative minimum tax). 32 (5) Credits that are allowed to reduce "net tax" below the 33 tentative minimum tax, as defined by Section 17062. 34 (6) Credits for taxes paid to other states allowed by Chapter 12 35 (commencing with Section 18001). 36 (7) Credits that contain refundable provisions but do not contain 37 carryover provisions.

38 The order within each paragraph shall be determined by the
 39 Franchise Tax Board.

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1 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 17061 (relating 2 to refunds pursuant to the Unemployment Insurance Code) and 3 19002 (relating to tax withholding), the credits provided in those 4 sections shall be allowed in the order provided in paragraph (6) of 5 subdivision (a). 6 (c) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, no tax 7 eredit shall reduce the tax imposed under Section 17041 or 17048 8 plus the tax imposed under Section 17504 (relating to the separate 9 tax on lump-sum distributions) below the tentative minimum tax, 10 as defined by Section 17062, except the following credits: 11 (A) The credit allowed by Section 17052.2 (relating to teacher 12 retention tax credit). 13 (B) The credit allowed by former Section 17052.4 (relating to 14 solar energy). 15 (C) The credit allowed by former Section 17052.5 (relating to 16 solar energy, repealed on January 1, 1987). 17 (D) The credit allowed by former Section 17052.5 (relating to 18 solar energy, repealed on December 1, 1994). 19 (E) The credit allowed by Section 17052.12 (relating to research 20 expenses). 21 (F) The credit allowed by former Section 17052.13 (relating to 22 sales and use tax credit). 23 (G) The credit allowed by former Section 17052.15 (relating to 24 Los Angeles Revitalization Zone sales tax credit). 25 (H) The credit allowed by Section 17052.25 (relating to the 26 adoption costs credit). 27 (I) The credit allowed by Section 17053.5 (relating to the 28 renter's credit). 29 (J) The credit allowed by former Section 17053.8 (relating to 30 enterprise zone hiring credit). 31 (K) The credit allowed by former Section 17053.10 (relating to 32 Los Angeles Revitalization Zone hiring credit). 33 (L) The credit allowed by former Section 17053.11 (relating to 34 program area hiring credit). 35 (M) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, 36 the credit allowed by former Section 17053.17 (relating to Los 37 Angeles Revitalization Zone hiring credit).

38 (N) The credit allowed by Section 17053.33 (relating to targeted
 39 tax area sales or use tax credit).

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1 (O) The credit allowed by Section 17053.34 (relating to targeted 2 tax area hiring credit). 3 (P) The credit allowed by Section 17053.49 (relating to qualified 4 property). 5 (Q) The credit allowed by Section 17053.70 (relating to 6 enterprise zone sales or use tax credit). 7 (R) The credit allowed by Section 17053.74 (relating to 8 enterprise zone hiring credit). 9 (S) The credit allowed by Section 17054 (relating to credits for 10 personal exemption). 11 (T) The credit allowed by Section 17054.5 (relating to the credits 12 for a qualified joint custody head of household and a qualified 13 taxpayer with a dependent parent). 14 (U) The credit allowed by Section 17054.7 (relating to the credit 15 for a senior head of household). 16 (V) The credit allowed by former Section 17057 (relating to 17 elinical testing expenses). 18 (W) The credit allowed by Section 17058 (relating to 19 low-income housing). 20 (X) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the 21 eredit allowed by Section 17059.2 (relating to GO-Biz California 22 Competes Credit). 23 (Y) The credit allowed by Section 17061 (relating to refunds 24 pursuant to the Unemployment Insurance Code). 25 (Z) Credits for taxes paid to other states allowed by Chapter 12 26 (commencing with Section 18001). 27 (AA) The credit allowed by Section 19002 (relating to tax 28 withholding). 29 (2) Any credit that is partially or totally denied under paragraph 30 (1) shall be allowed to be carried over and applied to the net tax 31 in succeeding taxable years, if the provisions relating to that credit 32 include a provision to allow a carryover when that credit exceeds 33 the net tax. 34 (d) Unless otherwise provided, any remaining carryover of a 35 eredit allowed by a section that has been repealed or made 36 inoperative shall continue to be allowed to be carried over under 37 the provisions of that section as it read immediately prior to being 38 repealed or becoming inoperative. 39 (e) (1) Unless otherwise provided, if two or more taxpayers

40 (other than spouses) share in costs that would be eligible for a tax

1 eredit allowed under this part, each taxpayer shall be eligible to 2 receive the tax credit in proportion to his or her respective share 3 of the costs paid or incurred. 4 (2) In the case of a partnership, the credit shall be allocated 5 among the partners pursuant to a written partnership agreement in 6 accordance with Section 704 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating 7 to partner's distributive share. 8 (3) In the case of spouses who file separate returns, the credit 9 may be taken by either or equally divided between them. 10 (f) Unless otherwise provided, in the case of a partnership, any 11 eredit allowed by this part shall be computed at the partnership 12 level, and any limitation on the expenses qualifying for the credit 13 or limitation upon the amount of the credit shall be applied to the 14 partnership and to each partner. 15 (g) (1) With respect to any taxpayer that directly or indirectly 16 owns an interest in a business entity that is disregarded for tax 17 purposes pursuant to Section 23038 and any regulations thereunder, 18 the amount of any credit or credit carryforward allowable for any 19 taxable year attributable to the disregarded business entity shall 20 be limited in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3). 21 (2) The amount of any credit otherwise allowed under this part, 22 including any credit carryover from prior years, that may be applied 23 to reduce the taxpayer's "net tax," as defined in subdivision (a), 24 for the taxable year shall be limited to an amount equal to the 25 excess of the taxpayer's regular tax (as defined in Section 17062), 26 determined by including income attributable to the disregarded 27 business entity that generated the credit or credit carryover, over 28 the taxpayer's regular tax (as defined in Section 17062), determined 29 by excluding the income attributable to that disregarded business 30 entity. No credit shall be allowed if the taxpayer's regular tax (as 31 defined in Section 17062), determined by including the income 32 attributable to the disregarded business entity, is less than the 33 taxpayer's regular tax (as defined in Section 17062), determined 34 by excluding the income attributable to the disregarded business 35 entity. 36 (3) If the amount of a credit allowed pursuant to the section 37 establishing the credit exceeds the amount allowable under this 38 subdivision in any taxable year, the excess amount may be carried 39 over to subsequent taxable years pursuant to subdivisions (c) and

40 <del>(d).</del>

1 (h) (1) Unless otherwise specifically provided, in the case of a 2 taxpayer that is a partner or shareholder of an eligible pass-thru 3 entity described in paragraph (2), any credit passed through to the 4 taxpayer in the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning on or after 5 the date the credit is no longer operative may be claimed by the 6 taxpayer in that taxable year, notwithstanding the repeal of the 7 statute authorizing the credit prior to the close of that taxable year. 8 (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "eligible pass-thru entity" 9 means any partnership or "S" corporation that files its return on a 10 fiscal year basis pursuant to Section 18566, and that is entitled to a credit pursuant to this part for the taxable year that begins during 11 12 the last year the credit is operative. 13 (3) This subdivision shall apply to credits that become 14 inoperative on or after the operative date of the act adding this 15 subdivision. 16 SEC. 74. Section 17045 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 17 amended to read: 18 17045. In the case of a joint return of a married couple under 19 Section 18521, the tax imposed by Section 17041 shall be twice the tax which would be imposed if the taxable income were cut in 20 21 half. 22 For purposes of this section, a return of a surviving spouse (as 23 defined in Section 17046) shall be treated as a joint return of a 24 married couple. 25 SEC. 75. Section 17053.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 26 is amended to read: 27 17053.5. (a) (1) For a qualified renter, there shall be allowed 28 a credit against his or her "net tax," as defined in Section 17039. 29 The amount of the credit shall be as follows: 30 (A) For married couples filing joint returns, heads of household, 31 and surviving spouses, as defined in Section 17046, the credit shall 32 be equal to one hundred twenty dollars (\$120) if adjusted gross 33 income is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or less. 34 (B) For other individuals, the credit shall be equal to sixty dollars 35 (\$60) if adjusted gross income is twenty-five thousand dollars 36 (\$25,000) or less. 37 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (b), a married couple shall 38 receive but one credit under this section. If the spouses file separate 39 returns, the credit may be taken by either or equally divided 40 between them, except as follows:

1 (A) If one spouse was a resident for the entire taxable year and 2 the other spouse was a nonresident for part or all of the taxable 3 year, the resident spouse shall be allowed one-half the credit 4 allowed to married persons and the nonresident spouse shall be 5 permitted one-half the credit allowed to married persons, prorated 6 as provided in subdivision (e). 7 (B) If both spouses were nonresidents for part of the taxable 8 year, the credit allowed to married persons shall be divided equally 9 between them subject to the proration provided in subdivision (e). 10 (b) For a married couple, if each spouse maintained a separate 11 place of residence and resided in this state during the entire taxable 12 year, each spouse will be allowed one-half the full credit allowed 13 to married persons provided in subdivision (a). 14 (c) For purposes of this section, a "qualified renter" means an 15 individual who satisfies both of the following: (1) Was a resident of this state, as defined in Section 17014. 16 17 (2) Rented and occupied premises in this state which constituted 18 his or her principal place of residence during at least 50 percent 19 of the taxable year. 20 (d) "Oualified renter" does not include any of the following: 21 (1) An individual who for more than 50 percent of the taxable 22 year rented and occupied premises that were exempt from property 23 taxes, except that an individual, otherwise qualified, is deemed a 24 qualified renter if he or she or his or her landlord pays possessory 25 interest taxes, or the owner of those premises makes payments in 26 lieu of property taxes that are substantially equivalent to property 27 taxes paid on properties of comparable market value. 28 (2) An individual whose principal place of residence for more 29 than 50 percent of the taxable year is with another person who 30 elaimed that individual as a dependent for income tax purposes. 31 (3) An individual who has been granted or whose spouse has been granted the homeowners' property tax exemption during the 32 33 taxable year. This paragraph does not apply to an individual whose 34 spouse has been granted the homeowners' property tax exemption 35 if each spouse maintained a separate residence for the entire taxable 36 vear. 37 (c) An otherwise qualified renter who is a nonresident for any 38 portion of the taxable year shall claim the credits set forth in

39 subdivision (a) at the rate of one-twelfth of those credits for each

full month that individual resided within this state during the
 taxable year.

3 (f) A person claiming the credit provided in this section shall,

4 as part of that claim, and under penalty of perjury, furnish that

5 information as the Franchise Tax Board prescribes on a form
6 supplied by the board.

7 (g) The credit provided in this section shall be claimed on returns
8 in the form as the Franchise Tax Board may from time to time
9 prescribe.

10 (h) For purposes of this section, "premises" means a house or 11 a dwelling unit used to provide living accommodations in a 12 building or structure and the land incidental thereto, but does not 13 include land only, unless the dwelling unit is a mobilehome. The 14 eredit is not allowed for any taxable year for the rental of land upon which a mobilehome is located if the mobilehome has been 15 granted a homeowners' exemption under Section 218 in that year. 16 17 (i) This section shall become operative on January 1, 1998, and 18 applies to any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1998. 19 (j) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1999,

20 the Franchise Tax Board shall recompute the adjusted gross income 21 amounts set forth in subdivision (a). The computation shall be

22 made as follows:

(1) The Department of Industrial Relations shall transmit
 annually to the Franchise Tax Board the percentage change in the
 California Consumer Price Index for all items from June of the

26 prior calendar year to June of the current year, no later than August 27 1 of the current calendar year

27 1 of the current calendar year.

(2) The Franchise Tax Board shall compute an inflation
adjustment factor by adding 100 percent to the portion of the
percentage change figure which is furnished pursuant to paragraph
(1) and dividing the result by 100.

32 (3) The Franchise Tax Board shall multiply the amount in
 33 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) for the
 34 preceding taxable year by the inflation adjustment factor

35 determined in paragraph (2), and round off the resulting products

36 to the nearest one dollar (\$1).

37 (4) In computing the amounts pursuant to this subdivision, the
38 amounts provided in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of
39 subdivision (a) shall be twice the amount provided in subparagraph
40 (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).

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1 SEC. 76. Section 17054 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 2 amended to read: 3 17054. In the case of individuals, the following credits for 4 personal exemption may be deducted from the tax imposed under 5 Section 17041 or 17048, less any increases imposed under 6 paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) or paragraph (1) of subdivision 7 (e), or both, of Section 17560. 8 (a) In the case of a single individual, a head of household, or a 9 married individual making a separate return, a credit of fifty-two 10 dollars (\$52). 11 (b) In the case of a surviving spouse (as defined in Section 12 17046), or a married couple making a joint return, a credit of one 13 hundred four dollars (\$104). If one spouse was a resident for the 14 entire taxable year and the other spouse was a nonresident for all 15 or any portion of the taxable year, the personal exemption shall 16 be divided equally. 17 (c) In addition to any other credit provided in this section, in 18 the case of an individual who is 65 years of age or over by the end 19 of the taxable year, a credit of fifty-two dollars (\$52). 20 (d) (1) A credit of two hundred twenty-seven dollars (\$227) 21 for each dependent (as defined in Section 17056) for whom an 22 exemption is allowable under Section 151(e) of the Internal 23 Revenue Code, relating to additional exemption for dependents. 24 The credit allowed under this subdivision for taxable years 25 beginning on or after January 1, 1999, shall not be adjusted 26 pursuant to subdivision (i) for any taxable year beginning before 27 January 1, 2000. 28 (2) (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, 29 a credit shall not be allowed under paragraph (1) with respect to 30 any individual unless the identification number, as defined in 31 Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code, of that individual is 32 included on the return claiming the credit. 33 (B) A disallowance of a credit due to the omission of a correct 34 identification number required under this paragraph, may be 35 assessed by the Franchise Tax Board in the same manner as is 36 provided by Section 19051 in the case of a mathematical error 37 appearing on the return. A claimant shall have the right to claim 38 a credit or refund of adjusted amounts within the period provided 39 in Section 19306, 19307, 19308, or 19311, whichever period

40 expires later.

1 (3) (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, 2 the credit allowed under paragraph (1) for each dependent shall 3 be equal to the credit allowed under subdivision (a). This 4 subparagraph shall cease to be operative for taxable years beginning 5 on or after January 1, 2011, unless the Director of Finance makes 6 the notification pursuant to Section 99040 of the Government 7 Code, in which case this subparagraph shall cease to be operative 8 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. 9 (B) For taxable years that subparagraph (A) ceases to be 10 operative, the credit allowed under paragraph (1) for each dependent shall be equal to the amount that would be allowed if 11 12 subparagraph (A) had never been operative. 13 (c) A credit for personal exemption of fifty-two dollars (\$52) 14 for the taxpayer if he or she is blind at the end of his or her taxable 15 vear. 16 (f) A credit for personal exemption of fifty-two dollars (\$52) 17 for the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the 18 taxpayer, and if the spouse is blind and, for the calendar year in 19 which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income 20 and is not the dependent of another taxpayer. 21 (g) For the purposes of this section, an individual is blind only 22 if either (1) his or her central visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 23 in the better eye with correcting lenses, or (2) his or her visual 24 acuity is greater than 20/200 but is accompanied by a limitation 25 in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual 26 field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees. 27 (h) In the case of an individual with respect to whom a credit 28 under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for a taxable 29 year beginning in the calendar year in which the individual's 30 taxable year begins, the credit amount applicable to that individual 31 for that individual's taxable year is zero. 32 (i) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1989, 33 the Franchise Tax Board shall compute the credits prescribed in 34 this section. That computation shall be made as follows: 35 (1) The California Department of Industrial Relations shall 36 transmit annually to the Franchise Tax Board the percentage change 37 in the California Consumer Price Index for all items from June of 38 the prior calendar year to June of the current calendar year, no 39 later than August 1 of the current calendar year.

1 (2) The Franchise Tax Board shall add 100 percent to the 2 percentage change figure which is furnished to them pursuant to 3 paragraph (1), and divide the result by 100. 4 (3) The Franchise Tax Board shall multiply the immediately 5 preceding taxable year credits by the inflation adjustment factor 6 determined in paragraph (2), and round off the resulting products 7 to the nearest one dollar (\$1). 8 (4) In computing the credits pursuant to this subdivision, the 9 eredit provided in subdivision (b) shall be twice the credit provided 10 in subdivision (a). SEC. 77. Section 17077 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 11 12 amended to read: 13 17077. Section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to 14 overall limitation on itemized deductions, shall apply, except as otherwise provided. 15 (a) "Six percent" shall be substituted for "3 percent" in Section 16 17 68(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. 18 (b) Section 68(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not 19 apply and in lieu thereof the term "applicable amount" in each 20 place it appears in Section 68(a) of the Internal Revenue Code 21 means one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in the case of a 22 single individual or a married individual filing a separate return, 23 one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) in the case of a head 24 of household, and two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) in the 25 case of a surviving spouse or a married couple filing a joint return. 26 (c) Section 68(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to 27 inflation adjustments, shall not apply. However, for any taxable 28 year beginning on or after January 1, 1992, the applicable amounts 29 specified in subdivision (b) shall be recomputed annually in the 30 same manner as the recomputation of income tax brackets under 31 subdivision (h) of Section 17041. 32 (d) Section 68(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to 33 phaseout of limitation, shall not apply. 34 (e) Section 68(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to 35 termination, shall not apply. 36 SEC. 78. Section 17555 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 37 amended to read: 38 17555. In any case where spouses file separate returns, the 39 Franchise Tax Board may distribute, apportion, or allocate gross 40 income between the spouses, if it is determined that such

1 distribution, apportionment, or allocation is necessary in order to

2 reflect the proper income of the spouses.

3 SEC. 79. Section 18501 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
4 amended to read:

5 18501. (a) Every individual taxable under Part 10 6 (commencing with Section 17001) shall make a return to the 7 Franchise Tax Board, stating specifically the items of the 8 individual's gross income from all sources and the deductions and 9 credits allowable, if the individual has any of the following for the 10 taxable year:

(1) An adjusted gross income from all sources in excess of eight
 thousand dollars (\$8,000), if single.

(2) An adjusted gross income from all sources in excess of
 sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000), if married.

(3) A gross income from all sources in excess of ten thousand
 dollars (\$10,000), if single, and twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000),

17 if married, regardless of the amount of adjusted gross income.

(4) In the case of an individual described in Section 63(c)(5) of
 the Internal Revenue Code, relating to limitation on basic standard

20 deduction in the case of certain dependents, a gross income from

all sources that exceeds the amount of the standard deduction
 allowed under that section.

(b) If a married couple has for the taxable year an adjusted gross
income from all sources in excess of sixteen thousand dollars
(\$16,000) or a gross income from all sources in excess of twenty
thousand dollars (\$20,000), each spouse shall make a return or the
income of each shall be included on a single joint return as
otherwise provided in this article.

(c) For any individual described in paragraph (1) or (2), the
 Franchise Tax Board shall recompute the amounts provided in
 subdivision (b) and paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision

31 subdivision (b) and paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision
32 (a) as follows:

(1) For any individual eligible to elaim the credit described in
subdivision (c) of Section 17054, the Franchise Tax Board shall
increase the income amounts described in subdivision (b) and
paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision (a), as adjusted by
subdivision (d), by the quotient provided by dividing the credit
described in subdivision (c) of Section 17054, as adjusted in
subdivision (i) of Section 17054, by 2 percent.

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1 (2) For any individual or married couple eligible to claim the 2 eredit described in subdivision (d) of Section 17054, the Franchise 3 Tax Board shall increase the income amounts described in 4 subdivision (b) or paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision 5 (a), as adjusted by subdivision (d), by the quotient provided by 6 dividing each credit described in subdivision (d) of Section 17054, 7 as adjusted in subdivision (i) of Section 17054, by the following: 8 (A) If the individual or married couple is not eligible to claim 9 the credit allowed in subdivision (c) of Section 17054, 3 percent 10 for the first dependent credit and 4 percent for the second dependent 11 credit, if any. 12 (B) If the individual or married couple is eligible to claim the 13 eredit allowed in subdivision (c) of Section 17054, 4 percent for 14 the first dependent credit and 5 percent for the second dependent 15 eredit, if any. (d) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, 16 17 the Franchise Tax Board shall recompute the income amounts 18 prescribed in paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision (a) 19 and in subdivision (b), as follows: 20 (1) The Department of Industrial Relations shall transmit 21 annually to the Franchise Tax Board the percentage change in the 22 California Consumer Price Index for all items from June of the 23 prior calendar year to June of the current calendar year, no later 24 than August 1 of the current calendar year. 25 (2) The Franchise Tax Board shall do both of the following: 26 (A) Compute an inflation adjustment factor by adding 100 27 percent to the percentage change figure that is furnished pursuant 28 to paragraph (1) and dividing the result by 100. 29 (B) Multiply the income amounts for the preceding taxable year 30 by the inflation adjustment factor determined in subparagraph (A) 31 and round off the resulting products to the nearest one dollar (\$1). 32 (c) The changes to subdivision (c) made by the act adding this 33 subdivision shall apply to each taxable year beginning on or after 34 January 1, 1999. 35 SEC. 80. Section 18522 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 36 amended to read: 37 18522. If an individual has filed a separate return for a taxable 38 year for which a joint return could have been made by him or her 39 and his or her spouse under Section 18521, and the time prescribed

40 for filing the return for that taxable year has expired, that individual

1 and his or her spouse may nevertheless make a joint return for that 2 taxable year, provided a joint federal income tax return is made 3 under the provisions of Section 6013(b) of the Internal Revenue 4 Code. A joint return filed by the married couple in that case shall 5 constitute the return of the married couple for that taxable year, 6 and all payments, credits, refunds, or other repayments made or 7 allowed with respect to the separate return of either spouse for that 8 taxable year shall be taken into account in determining the extent 9 to which the tax based upon the joint return has been paid. 10 SEC. 81. Section 18530 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 11 amended to read: 12 18530. Where the amount shown as the tax by the married 13 couple on a joint return made under Section 18522 exceeds the 14 aggregate of the amounts shown as the tax upon the separate return 15 of each spouse, each of the following shall apply: 16 (a) If any part of the excess is attributable to negligence or 17 intentional disregard of rules and regulations (but without intent 18 to defraud) at the time of the making of the separate return, then 19 20 percent of the total amount of the excess shall be assessed, 20 collected, and paid, in lieu of the 20 percent addition to the tax 21 provided in subdivision (a) of Section 19164. 22 (b) If any part of the excess is attributable to fraud with intent 23 to evade tax at the time of the making of the separate return, then 24 75 percent of the total amount of the excess shall be assessed, 25 collected, and paid, in lieu of the 75 percent addition to the tax 26 provided in subdivision (b) of Section 19164. 27 SEC. 82. Section 18531.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 28 is amended to read: 29 18531.5. For purposes of Section 443 of the Internal Revenue 30 Code, where the spouses have different taxable years because of 31 the death of either spouse, the joint return shall be treated as if the 32 taxable years of both spouses ended on the date of the closing of 33 the surviving spouse's taxable year. 34 SEC. 83. Section 18532 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 35 amended to read: 36 18532. For the purposes of this article, each of the following 37 shall apply: 38 (a) The status as married of two individuals having taxable years

39 beginning on the same day shall be determined as follows:

1 (1) If both have the same taxable year, then as of the close of 2 that year.

3 (2) If one dies before the close of the taxable year of the other,
4 then as of the time of the death.

5 (b) An individual who is legally separated from his or her spouse
 6 under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance shall not be
 7 considered as married.

8 (c) If a joint return is made, the tax shall be computed on the 9 aggregate income and the liability with respect to the tax shall be 10 joint and several.

SEC. 84. Section 19006 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
 amended to read:

13 19006. (a) The spouse who controls the disposition of or who
14 receives or spends community income as well as the spouse who
15 is taxable on the income is liable for the payment of the taxes
16 imposed by Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) on that

17 income.

(b) Whenever a joint return is filed by a married couple, the
 liability for the tax on the aggregate income is joint and several.

20 The liability may be revised by a court in a proceeding for

21 dissolution of the marriage of the married couple, provided:

(1) The order revising tax liability may not relieve a spouse of
tax liability on income carned by or subject to the exclusive
management and control of the spouse. The liability of the spouse
for the tax, penalties, and interest due for the taxable year shall be
in the same ratio to total tax, penalties, and interest due for the
taxable year as the income carned by or subject to the management
and control of the spouse is to total gross income reportable on the

29 return.

30 (2) The order revising tax liability:

31 (A) Must separately state the income tax liabilities for the
 32 taxable years for which revision of tax liability is granted.

33 (B) Shall not revise a tax liability that has been fully paid prior

to the effective date of the order; however, any unpaid amount
 may be revised.

36 (C) Shall become effective when the Franchise Tax Board is
 37 served with or acknowledges receipt of the order.

38 (D) Shall not be effective if the gross income reportable on the 39 return exceeds one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) or

40 the amount of tax liability the spouse is relieved of exceeds seven

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thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500), unless a tax revision 1 2 elearance certificate is obtained from the Franchise Tax Board and 3 filed with the court. 4 (c) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), whenever a joint 5 return is filed by a married couple and the tax liability is not fully 6 paid, that liability, including interest and penalties, may be revised 7 by the Franchise Tax Board as to one spouse. 8 (1) However, the liability shall not be revised: 9 (A) To relieve a spouse of tax liability on income earned by or 10 subject to the exclusive management and control of the spouse. 11 The liability of the spouse for the tax, penalties, and interest due 12 for the taxable year shall be in the same ratio to total tax, penalties, 13 and interest due for the taxable year as the income earned by or 14 subject to the management and control of the spouse is to total 15 gross income reportable on the return. 16 (B) To relieve a spouse of liability below the amount actually 17 paid on the liability prior to the granting of relief, including credit 18 from any other taxable year available for application to the liability. 19 (2) The liability may be revised only if the spouse whose liability 20 is to be revised establishes that he or she did not know of, and had 21 no reason to know of, the nonpayment at the time the return was 22 filed. For purposes of this paragraph, "reason to know" means 23 whether or not a reasonably prudent person would have had reason 24 to know of the nonpayment. 25 (3) For purposes of this section, the determination of the spouse 26 to whom items of gross income are attributable shall be made 27 without regard to community property laws. 28 (4) The determination of the Franchise Tax Board as to whether 29 the liability is to be revised as to one spouse shall be made not less 30 than 30 days after notification of the other spouse and shall be 31 based upon whether, under all of the facts and circumstances 32 surrounding the nonpayment, it would be inequitable to hold the 33 spouse requesting revision liable for the nonpayment. Any action 34 taken under this section shall be treated as though it were action 35 on a protest taken under Section 19044 and shall become final 36 upon the expiration of 30 days from the date that notice of the 37 action is mailed to both spouses, unless, within that 30-day period, 38 one or both spouses appeal the determination to the board as

39 provided in Section 19045.

1 (5) This subdivision shall apply to all taxable years subject to 2 the provisions of this part, but shall not apply to any taxable year 3 which has been closed by a statute of limitations, res judicata, or 4 otherwise. 5 SEC. 85. Section 19035 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 6 amended to read: 7 19035. In the case of a joint return filed by a married couple, 8 the notice of proposed deficiency assessment may be a single joint 9 notice, except that if the Franchise Tax Board is notified by either 10 spouse that separate residences have been established, it shall mail 11 to each spouse, in lieu of the single joint notice, duplicate originals 12 of the joint notice. 13 SEC. 86. Section 19107 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 14 15 19107. Where an overpayment is made by any individual for 16 any year, and a deficiency is owing from the spouse of the taxpayer 17 for the same year, and both spouses notify the Franchise Tax Board 18 in writing prior to the expiration of the time within which credit 19 for the overpayment may be allowed that the overpayment may 20 be credited against the deficiency, no interest shall be assessed on 21 that portion of the deficiency as is extinguished by the credit for 22 the period of time subsequent to the date the overpayment was 23 made. 24 SEC. 87. Section 19110 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 25 amended to read: 26 19110. (a) When the correction of an erroneous inclusion or 27 deduction of an item or items in the computation of income of a 28 trust, estate, parent, or spouse for any year results in an 29 overpayment for that year by the trust, estate, parent, or spouse, 30 and also results in a deficiency for the same year for a grantor of 31 the trust or beneficiary of the estate or trust, or child of the parent, 32 or spouse of the child, or the spouse of the spouse, the 33 overpayment, if the period within which credit for the overpayment 34 may be allowed has not expired, shall be credited on the deficiency, 35 if the period within which the deficiency may be proposed has not 36 expired, and the balance, if any, shall be credited or refunded. No 37 interest shall be assessed on the portion of the deficiency as is 38 extinguished by the credit for the period of time subsequent to the

39 date the overpayment was made.

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1 (b) When the correction of an erroneous inclusion or deduction 2 of an item or items in the computation of income of a grantor of 3 a trust, beneficiary of an estate or trust, a child, or spouse of the 4 child, or a spouse for any year results in an overpayment for that 5 year by the grantor, beneficiary, child, or spouse, and also results 6 in a deficiency for the same year for the grantor's or beneficiary's 7 trust, the beneficiary's estate, the child's parent, or spouse of the 8 child, or the beneficiary's spouse, the overpayment, if the period 9 within which credit for the overpayment may be allowed has not 10 expired, shall be credited on the deficiency, if the period within 11 which the deficiency may be proposed has not expired, and the 12 balance, if any, shall be credited or refunded. No interest shall be 13 assessed on the portion of the deficiency as is extinguished by the 14 eredit for the period of time subsequent to the date the overpayment 15 was made. 16 (c) Subdivisions (a) and (b) are not intended, nor shall they be 17 construed as a limitation on the Franchise Tax Board's right to 18 offset or recoup barred assessments against overpayments. 19 SEC. 88. Section 19701.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 20 is amended to read: 21 19701.5. (a) Any person who signs his or her spouse's name 22 on any income tax return, or any schedules or attachments thereto, 23 or who files electronically pursuant to Section 18621.5, without 24 the consent of the spouse as provided in subdivision (b), is guilty 25 of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be fined an amount 26 not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or be imprisoned for 27 a term not to exceed one year, or both, at the discretion of the court, 28 together with costs of investigation and prosecution. 29 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any person who signs his 30 or her spouse's name shall not be guilty of a misdemeanor when 31 one spouse is physically unable by reason of disease or injury to 32 sign a joint return, and the other spouse, with the oral consent of 33 the one who is incapacitated, signs the incapacitated spouse's name 34 in the proper place on the return followed by the words "By-35 Spouse (or Husband or Wife)," and by the signature of the signing 36 spouse in his or her own right, provided that a dated statement 37 signed by the spouse who is signing the return is attached to and 38 made a part of the return stating each of the following: 39 (1) The name of the return being filed.

 $40 \qquad (2) \quad \text{The taxable year.}$ 

(3) The reason for the inability of the spouse who is

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incapacitated to sign the return. (4) That the spouse who is incapacitated consented to the signing of the return and that the taxpayer and his or her agent, if any, are responsible for the return as made and incur liability for the penalties provided for erroneous, false, or fraudulent returns. (c) The penalties provided by this section are cumulative and shall not be construed as restricting any other penalty provided by law based upon the same facts, including any penalty under Section 470 of the Penal Code. However, an act or omission which is made punishable in different ways by this section and different provisions of the Penal Code shall not be punished under more than one provision. SEC. 89. Section 20542 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 20542. (a) The Franchise Tax Board, pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 (commencing with Section 20561), of this chapter, shall provide assistance to the claimant based on a percentage of the property tax accrued and paid by the claimant on the residential dwelling as provided in Section 20543 or the statutory property tax equivalent pursuant to Section 20544. In case of an owner-elaimant, the assistance shall be equal to the applicable percentage of property taxes paid on the full value of the residential dwelling up to, and including, thirty-four thousand dollars (\$34,000). No assistance shall be allowed for property taxes paid on that portion of full value of a residential dwelling exceeding thirty-four thousand dollars (\$34,000). No assistance shall be provided if the amount of the assistance claim is five dollars (\$5) or less. (b) For purposes of allowing assistance provided for by this section: (1) (A) Only one owner-claimant from one household each

33 year shall be entitled to assistance under this chapter. When two

34 or more individuals of a household are able to meet the

35 qualifications for an owner-claimant, they may determine who the

36 owner-claimant shall be. If they are unable to agree, the matter

37 shall be referred to the Franchise Tax Board and its decision shall
38 be final.

39 (B) When two or more individuals pay rent for the same

40 premises and each individual meets the qualifications for a

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1 renter-claimant, each qualified individual shall be entitled to

2 assistance under this part.

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For the purposes of this subparagraph, spouses residing in the
 same premises shall be presumed to be one renter.

5 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the right to file a claim 6 shall be personal to the claimant and shall not survive his or her 7 death; however, when a claimant dies after having filed a timely 8 elaim, the amount thereof may be disbursed to the surviving spouse 9 and, if no surviving spouse, to any other member of the household 10 who is a qualified claimant. If there is no surviving spouse or 11 otherwise qualified claimant, the claim shall be disbursed to any 12 other member of the household. In the event two or more 13 individuals qualify for payment as either an otherwise qualified 14 elaimant or a member of the household, they may determine which 15 of them will be paid. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall 16 be referred to the Franchise Tax Board and its decision shall be 17 final. 18 (3) If, after January 1 of the property tax fiscal year for which 19 a claim may be filed, a claimant dies without filing a timely claim, 20 a claim on behalf of such claimant may be filed by the surviving 21 spouse within the filing period prescribed in subdivision (a) or (b) 22 of Section 20563. 23 (4) If an individual postponed taxes for any given property tax 24 fiscal year under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), 25 Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 20625), Chapter 3.3 26 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing 27 with Section 20640), then any claim for assistance under this 28 chapter for the same property tax fiscal year shall be filed by such individual (assuming all other eligibility requirements in this 29 30 ehapter are satisfied) and not an otherwise qualified member of 31 the individual's household. 32 SEC. 90. Section 2804 of the Streets and Highways Code is 33 amended to read: 34 2804. (a) This division does not apply to irrigation districts, 35 irrigation district improvement districts, fire districts, fire protection 36 districts, or public cemetery districts, or to any proceeding

37 otherwise subject to this division when one or more of the
 38 following situations exist:

39 (1) The proceedings are undertaken by a district or public

40 corporation within one year of its incorporation.

1 (2) The improvement proceedings are by a chartered city, 2 chartered county, or a county sanitation district which is governed 3 ex officio by the board of supervisors of a chartered county, and 4 the city, county, or district has complied with Section 19 of Article 5 XVI of the California Constitution. 6 (3) All of the owners of more than 60 percent in area of the 7 property subject to assessment for the proposed improvements 8 have signed and filed with the clerk or secretary of the legislative 9 body undertaking the proceedings a written petition for the 10 improvements meeting the requirements of Section 2804.5. 11 (b) As used in this section, "substantially described" means that 12 additional improvements of the same or similar nature may not be 13 provided unless the estimated cost of the improvements does not 14 exceed 10 percent of the estimated cost of the improvements 15 provided in the former report. 16 (c) As used in this section, "owner of land" means only a person 17 who, at the time the petition is filed with the clerk or secretary of 18 the legislative body, appears to be the owner upon the assessor's 19 roll or, in the case of transfers of land, or parts thereof, subsequent 20 to the date upon which the last assessor's roll was prepared, appear 21 to be the owner on the records in the county assessor's office which 22 the county assessor will use to prepare the next assessor's roll. If 23 any person signing the petition appears on the assessor's roll or 24 the records in the county assessor's office as an owner of property 25 as a joint tenant or tenant in common, or as a spouse, that property 26 shall be counted as if all those persons had signed the petition. 27 SEC. 91. Section 13003 of the Unemployment Insurance Code 28 is amended to read: 29 13003. (a) Except where the context otherwise requires, the 30 definitions set forth in this chapter, and in addition the definitions 31 and provisions of the Personal Income Tax Law referred to and 32 hereby incorporated by reference as set forth in the following 33 provisions of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall apply to and 34 govern the construction of this division: 35 (1) "Corporation" as defined by Section 17009. 36 (2) "Fiduciary" as defined by Section 17006. 37 (3) "Fiscal year" as defined by Section 17011. 38 (4) "Foreign country" as defined by Section 17019. 39 (5) "Franchise Tax Board" as defined by Section 17003.

40 (6) "Spouse" as defined by Section 17021.

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1 (7) "Individual" as defined by Section 17005. 2 (8) "Military or naval forces" as defined by Section 17022. 3 (9) "Nonresident" as defined by Section 17015. 4 (10) "Partnership" as defined by Section 17008. 5 (11) "Person" as defined by Section 17007. 6 (12) "Resident" as defined by Sections 17014 and 17016. 7 (13) "State" as defined by Section 17018. 8 (14) "Taxable year" as defined by Section 17010. 9 (15) "Taxpayer" as defined by Section 17004. 10 (16) "Trade or business" as defined by Section 17020. 11 (17) "United States" as defined by Section 17017. 12 (b) The provisions of Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) 13 and Part 10.2 (commencing with Section 18401) of Division 2 of 14 the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to the following items, 15 are hereby incorporated by reference and shall apply to and govern construction of this division: 16 17 (1) Trade or business expense (Article 6 (commencing with 18 Section 17201) of Chapter 3 of Part 10). 19 (2) Deductions for retirement savings (Article 6 (commencing 20 with Section 17201) of Chapter 3 of Part 10). 21 (3) Distributions of property by a corporation to a shareholder 22 (Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 17321) of Part 10). 23 (4) Deferred compensation (Chapter 5 (commencing with 24 Section 17501) of Part 10). 25 (5) Partners and partnerships (Chapter 10 (commencing with 26 Section 17851) of Part 10). 27 (6) Gross income of nonresident taxpayers (Chapter 11 28 (commencing with Section 17951) of Part 10). 29 (7) Postponement of the time for certain acts by individuals in 30 or in support of the armed forces (Article 3 (commencing with 31 Section 18621) of Chapter 2 of Part 10.2). 32 (8) Disclosure of information (Article 2 (commencing with Section 19542) of Chapter 7 of Part 10.2). For this purpose 33 34 "Franchise Tax Board" as used therein shall mean the Employment 35 Development Department in respect to information obtained in 36 the administration of this division. 37 SEC. 92. Section 742.16 of the Welfare and Institutions Code 38 is amended to read: 39 742.16. (a) If a minor is found to be a person described in 40 Section 602 by reason of the commission of an act prohibited by Section 594, 594.3, 594.4, 640.5, 640.6, or 640.7 of the Penal 1 2 Code, and the court does not remove the minor from the physical 3 eustody of the parent or guardian, the court as a condition of 4 probation, except in any case in which the court makes a finding 5 and states on the record its reasons why that condition would be 6 inappropriate, shall require the minor to wash, paint, repair, or 7 replace the property defaced, damaged, or destroyed by the minor 8 or otherwise pay restitution to the probation officer of the county 9 for disbursement to the owner or possessor of the property or both. 10 In any case in which the minor is not granted probation or in which 11 the minor's cleanup, repair, or replacement of the property will 12 not return the property to its condition before it was defaced, 13 damaged, or destroyed, the court shall make a finding of the 14 amount of restitution that would be required to fully compensate 15 the owner and possessor of the property for their damages. The 16 court shall order the minor or the minor's estate to pay that 17 restitution to the probation officer of the county for disbursement 18 to the owner or possessor of the property or both, to the extent the 19 court determines that the minor or the minor's estate have the 20 ability to do so, except in any case in which the court makes a 21 finding and states on the record its reasons why full restitution 22 would be inappropriate. If full restitution is found to be 23 inappropriate, the court shall require the minor to perform specified 24 community service, except in any case in which the court makes 25 a finding and states on the record its reasons why that condition 26 would be inappropriate. 27 (b) If a minor is found to be a person described in Section 602 28 by reason of the commission of an act prohibited by Section 594, 29 594.3, 594.4, 640.5, 640.6, or 640.7 of the Penal Code, and the 30 graffiti or other material inscribed by the minor has been removed, 31 or the property defaced by the minor has been repaired or replaced by a public entity that has elected, pursuant to Section 742.14, to 32 33 have the probation officer of the county recoup its costs through 34 proceedings in accordance with this section and has made cost 35 findings in accordance with subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 36 742.14, the court shall determine the total cost incurred by the 37 public entity for said removal, repair, or replacement, using, if 38 applicable, the cost findings most recently adopted by the public 39 entity pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 742.14. The

40 court shall order the minor or the minor's estate to pay those costs

1 to the probation officer of the county to the extent the court 2 determines that the minor or the minor's estate have the ability to 3 do so. 4 (c) If the minor is found to be a person described in Section 602 5 by reason of the commission of an act prohibited by Section 594, 6 594.3, 594.4, 640.5, 640.6, or 640.7 of the Penal Code, and the 7 minor was identified or apprehended by the law enforcement 8 agency of a city or county that has elected, pursuant to Section 9 742.14, to have the probation officer of the county recoup its costs 10 through proceedings in accordance with this section, the court shall 11 determine the cost of identifying or apprehending the minor, or 12 both, using, if applicable, the cost findings adopted by the city or 13 county pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 742.14. The court 14 shall order the minor or the minor's estate to pay those costs to 15 the probation officer of the county to the extent the court 16 determines that the minor or the minor's estate has the ability to 17 do so. 18 (d) If the court determines that the minor or the minor's estate 19 is unable to pay in full the costs and damages determined pursuant 20 to subdivisions (a), (b), and (c), and if the minor's parent or parents 21 have been cited into court pursuant to Section 742.18, the court 22 shall hold a hearing to determine the liability of the minor's parent 23 or parents pursuant to Section 1714.1 of the Civil Code for those 24 costs and damages. Except when the court makes a finding setting 25 forth unusual circumstances in which parental liability would not 26 serve the interests of justice, the court shall order the minor's parent 27 or parents to pay those costs and damages to the probation officer 28 of the county to the extent the court determines that the parent or 29 parents have the ability to pay, if the minor was in the custody or 30 control of the parent or parents at the time he or she committed 31 the act that forms the basis for the finding that the minor is a person 32 described in Section 602. In evaluating the parent's or parents' 33 ability to pay, the court shall take into consideration the family 34 income, the necessary obligations of the family, and the number 35 of persons dependent upon this income. 36 (e) The hearing described in subdivision (d) may be held 37 immediately following the disposition hearing or at a later date, 38 at the option of the court. 39 (f) If the amount of costs and damages sought to be recovered 40 in the hearing pursuant to subdivision (d) is five thousand dollars

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1 (\$5,000) or less, the parent or parents may not be represented by 2 counsel and the probation officer of the county shall be represented 3 by his or her nonattorney designee. The court shall conduct that 4 hearing in accordance with Sections 116.510 and 116.520 of the 5 Code of Civil Procedure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the 6 court determines that a parent cannot properly present his or her 7 defense, the court may, in its discretion, allow another individual 8 to assist that parent. In addition, a spouse may appear and 9 participate in the hearing on behalf of his or her spouse if the 10 representative's spouse has given his or her consent and the court 11 determines that the interest of justice would be served thereby. 12 (g) If the amount of costs and damages sought to be recovered 13 in the hearing pursuant to subdivision (d) exceeds five thousand 14 dollars (\$5,000), the parent or parents may be represented by 15 counsel of his or her or their own choosing, and the probation 16 officer of the county shall be represented by the district attorney 17 or an attorney or nonattorney designee of the probation officer. 18 The parent or parents shall not be entitled to court-appointed 19 counsel or to counsel compensated at public expense. 20 (h) At the hearing conducted pursuant to subdivision (d), there 21 shall be a presumption affecting the burden of proof that the 22 findings of the court made pursuant to subdivisions (a), (b), and 23 (c) represent the actual damages and costs attributable to the act 24 of the minor that forms the basis of the finding that the minor is a 25 person described in Section 602. 26 (i) If the parent or parents, after having been cited to appear 27 pursuant to Section 742.18, fail to appear as ordered, the court 28 shall order the parent or parents to pay the full amount of the costs 29 and damages determined by the court pursuant to subdivisions (a), 30 (b), and (c). 31 (i) Execution may be issued on an order issued by the court 32 pursuant to this section in the same manner as on a judgment in a 33 eivil action, including any balance unpaid at the termination of the 34 court's jurisdiction over the minor. 35 (k) At any time prior to the satisfaction of a judgment entered 36 pursuant to this section, a person against whom the judgment was 37 entered may petition the rendering court to modify or vacate the 38 judgment on the showing of a change in circumstances relating to

39 his or her ability to pay the judgment.

1 (1) For purposes of a hearing conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 (d), the judge of the juvenile court shall have the jurisdiction of a 3 judge of the superior court in a limited civil case, and if the amount 4 of the demand is within the jurisdictional limits stated in Sections 5 116.220 and 116.221 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the judge of 6 the juvenile court shall have the powers of a judge presiding over 7 the small claims court. 8 (m) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the 9 authority of a juvenile court to provide conditions of probation. 10 (n) The options available to the court pursuant to subdivisions 11 (a), (b), (c), (d), and (k), to order payment by the minor and his or 12 her parent or parents of less than the full costs described in 13 subdivisions (a), (b), and (c), on grounds of financial inability or 14 for reasons of justice, shall not be available to a superior court in 15 an ordinary civil proceeding pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 16 1714.1 of the Civil Code, except that in any proceeding pursuant to either subdivision (b) of Section 1714.1 of the Civil Code or 17 18 this section, the maximum amount that a parent or a minor may 19 be ordered to pay shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each tort of the minor. 20 21 SEC. 93. Section 7275 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is 22 amended to read: 23 7275. (a) The spouse, father, mother, or children of a patient 24 in a state hospital, the estates of these persons, and the guardian 25 or conservator and administrator of the estate of the patient shall 26 eause him or her to be properly and suitably cared for and 27 maintained, and shall pay the costs and charges for transportation to a state institution. The spouse, father, mother, or children of a 28 29 patient in a state hospital and the administrators of their estates, 30 and the estate of the person shall be liable for his or her care, 31 support, and maintenance in a state institution of which he or she 32 is a patient. The liability of these persons and estates shall be a 33 joint and several liability, and the liability shall exist whether the 34 person has become a patient of a state institution pursuant to the 35 provisions of this code or pursuant to the provisions of Sections 36 1026, 1368, 1369, 1370, and 1372 of the Penal Code. 37 (b) This section does not impose liability for the care of persons 38 with intellectual disabilities in state hospitals. 39 SEC. 94. Section 12003 of the Welfare and Institutions Code

40 is amended to read:

1 12003. For the purposes of this chapter, neither the residence 2 nor domicile of the spouse shall be deemed the residence or 3 domicile of the other, but each may have a separate residence or 4 domicile dependent upon proof of the fact and not on legal 5 presumption. 6 For the purposes of this chapter, a minor child shall be deemed 7 to have resided in the state during any period in which such child 8 has been physically present in the state. 9 SEC. 95. Section 14140 of the Welfare and Institutions Code 10 is amended to read: 11 14140. The following definitions shall apply to the provisions 12 of this article: 13 (a) "Net worth" means: 14 (1) Personal property, which consists of cash, savings accounts, securities, and similar items; notes, mortgages, and deeds of trust; 15 16 the cash surrender value of life insurance on the life of the applicant 17 or beneficiary, on the life of the spouse or any member of the 18 family, except as provided in Section 11158; motor vehicles, except 19 one which meets the transportation needs of the person or family; 20 any other property or equity other than real estate, except that 21 property specified in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of Section 11155. 22 (2) Real property, including any interest in land of more than 23 nominal interest which does not constitute the home of the 24 applicant for aid under this chapter. The home of the applicant 25 shall be exempt from consideration as net worth under this section 26 to the extent of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) in assessed 27 valuation, as assessed by the county assessor. (3) "Income" which consists of the sum of adjusted gross income 28 29 as used for purposes of the Federal Income Tax Law. 30 (b) "Family unit" means: 31 (1) In the case of an unmarried patient under 21 years of age 32 living with his or her parent or parents, the patient and his or her 33 parents. 34 (2) In the case of a married patient under 21 years of age, the 35 patient and his or her spouse. 36 (3) In the case of a patient over 21, the patient, and if married, 37 the patient's spouse. 38 SEC. 96. Section 18291 of the Welfare and Institutions Code 39 is amended to read: 40 18291. For purposes of this chapter:

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1 (a) "Domestic violence" means abuse committed against an

2 adult or a minor who is a spouse, former spouse, cohabitant, former

3 cohabitant, or person with whom the suspect has had a child or is

4 having or has had a dating or engagement relationship.

5 (b) "Cohabitant" means two unrelated adult persons living 6 together for a substantial period of time, resulting in some

7 permanency of relationship. Factors that may determine whether

persons are cohabiting include, but are not limited to, all of the
 following:

(1) Sexual relations between the parties while sharing the same
 living quarters.

12 (2) Sharing of income or expenses.

13 (3) Joint use or ownership of property.

14 (4) Whether the parties hold themselves out as spouses.

15 (5) The continuity of the relationship.

16 (6) The length of the relationship.

17 (c) "Domestic violence shelter" means a shelter for domestic

18 violence victims that meets all of the following requirements:

19 (1) Provides shelter in an undisclosed and secured location.

20 (2) Provides staff that meet the requirements set forth in Section

21 1037.1 of the Evidence Code.

22 (3) Meets the requirements set forth in Section 18294.

23 (d) "Undisclosed" means a location that is not advertised or

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24 publicized.