## **Introduced by Senator Pavley**

February 16, 2016

An act to amend Section 2085.5 of the Penal Code, and to amend Section 19280 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to restitution orders.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1054, as introduced, Pavley. Restitution orders: collection.

(1) Existing law, when a prisoner is punished in a county jail for a felony, in any case in which the prisoner owes a restitution order, permits the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated to deduct a minimum of 20% or the balance owing on the order amount, whichever is less, up to a maximum of 50% from the county jail equivalent of wages and trust account deposits of a prisoner for transfer to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board. Existing law allows the agency to deduct and retain an administrative fee that totals 10% of any amount transferred to the board pursuant to these provisions. Existing law additionally allows the agency to charge a fee to cover the actual administrative cost of collection, not to exceed 10% of the total amount collected, upon release of the prisoner from custody.

This bill would instead allow the designated agency to charge an administrative fee to cover the actual administrative cost of collection, not to exceed 10% of the total amount collected pursuant to the above provisions. The bill would delete the authorization to charge a fee for the actual administrative cost of collection upon release of the prisoner from custody.

(2) Existing law, unless the victim of the crime notifies the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or county to the contrary,

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allows the department or county to refer a restitution order to the Franchise Tax Board for collection.

This bill would prohibit the department or county from referring the restitution order to the Franchise Tax Board if a county agency has been designated by the county board of supervisors to collect restitution from individuals who have been sentenced to a county jail for a felony, who are on mandatory supervision, or who are on postrelease community supervision, the designated county agency has an existing collection system and objects to collection by the board, and the designated county agency informs the department or county that it will collect the restitution order. If the crime victim entitled to restitution in the order notifies either the department or the designated county agency with regard to his or her preference of a collecting agency, the bill would require the collection to be performed in accordance with that preference.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 2085.5 of the Penal Code is amended to 1 2

read:

3 2085.5. (a) In any case in which a prisoner owes a restitution 4 fine imposed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 13967 of the

Government Code, as operative prior to September 29, 1994,

subdivision (b) of Section 730.6 of the Welfare and Institutions

7 Code, or subdivision (b) of Section 1202.4, the Secretary of the

8 Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall deduct a minimum of 20 percent or the balance owing on the fine amount, 9

10 whichever is less, up to a maximum of 50 percent from the wages

11 and trust account deposits of a prisoner, unless prohibited by

12 federal law, and shall transfer that amount to the California Victim

Compensation and Government Claims Board for deposit in the 13

14 Restitution Fund in the State Treasury. The amount deducted shall

15 be credited against the amount owing on the fine. The sentencing 16 court shall be provided a record of the payments.

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(b) (1) When If a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, in any case in which a prisoner and owes a restitution fine imposed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 13967 of the Government Code, as

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operative prior to September 29, 1994, subdivision (b) of Section 1 2 730.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or subdivision (b) of 3 Section 1202.4, the agency designated by the board of supervisors 4 in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated is authorized to 5 deduct a minimum of 20 percent or the balance owing on the fine 6 amount, whichever is less, up to a maximum of 50 percent from 7 the county jail equivalent of wages and trust account deposits of 8 a prisoner, unless prohibited by federal law, and shall transfer that amount to the California Victim Compensation and Government 10 Claims Board for deposit in the Restitution Fund in the State 11 Treasury. The amount deducted shall be credited against the 12 amount owing on the fine. The sentencing court shall be provided 13 a record of the payments. 14

(2) If the board of supervisors designates the county sheriff as the collecting agency, the board of supervisors shall first obtain the concurrence of the county sheriff.

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- (c) In any case in which a prisoner owes a restitution order imposed pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13967 of the Government Code, as operative prior to September 29, 1994, subdivision (h) of Section 730.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or subdivision (f) of Section 1202.4, the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall deduct a minimum of 20 percent or the balance owing on the order amount, whichever is less, up to a maximum of 50 percent from the wages and trust account deposits of a prisoner, unless prohibited by federal law. The secretary shall transfer that amount to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for direct payment to the victim, or payment shall be made to the Restitution Fund to the extent that the victim has received assistance pursuant to that program. The sentencing court shall be provided a record of the payments made to victims and of the payments deposited to the Restitution Fund pursuant to this subdivision.
- (d) When If a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, in any case in which a prisoner and owes a restitution order imposed pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13967 of the Government Code, as operative prior to September 29, 1994, subdivision (h) of Section 730.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or subdivision (b) of Section 1202.4, the agency designated by the board of supervisors

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in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated is authorized to 2 deduct a minimum of 20 percent or the balance owing on the order 3 amount, whichever is less, up to a maximum of 50 percent from 4 the county jail equivalent of wages and trust account deposits of 5 a prisoner, unless prohibited by federal law. The agency shall 6 transfer that amount to the California Victim Compensation and 7 Government Claims Board for direct payment to the victim, or 8 payment shall be made to the Restitution Fund to the extent that 9 the victim has received assistance pursuant to that program, or 10 may pay the victim directly. The sentencing court shall be provided a record of the payments made to the victims and of the payments 11 12 deposited to the Restitution Fund pursuant to this subdivision.

- (e) The secretary shall deduct and retain from the wages and trust account deposits of a prisoner, unless prohibited by federal law, an administrative fee that totals 10 percent of any amount transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board pursuant to subdivision (a) or (c). The secretary shall deduct and retain from any prisoner settlement or trial award, an administrative fee that totals 5 percent of any amount paid from the settlement or award to satisfy an outstanding restitution order or fine pursuant to subdivision (n), unless prohibited by federal law. The secretary shall deposit the administrative fee moneys in a special deposit account for reimbursing administrative and support costs of the restitution program of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. The secretary, at his or her discretion, may retain any excess funds in the special deposit account for future reimbursement of the department's administrative and support costs for the restitution program or may transfer all or part of the excess funds for deposit in the Restitution Fund.
- (f) When If a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated is authorized to deduct and retain from the county jail equivalent of wages and trust account deposits of a prisoner, unless prohibited by federal law, an administrative fee that totals 10 percent of any amount transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board to cover the actual administrative cost of collection, not to exceed 10 percent of the total amount collected pursuant to subdivision (b) or (d).

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1 The agency is authorized to deduct and retain from a prisoner 2 settlement or trial award an administrative fee that totals 5 percent 3 of any amount paid from the settlement or award to satisfy an 4 outstanding restitution order or fine pursuant to subdivision (n), 5 unless prohibited by federal law. Upon release from custody 6 pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency is 7 authorized to charge a fee to cover the actual administrative cost 8 of collection, not to exceed 10 percent of the total amount collected. 9 The agency shall deposit the administrative fee moneys in a special 10 deposit account for reimbursing administrative and support costs 11 of the restitution program of the agency. The agency is authorized 12 to retain any excess funds in the special deposit account for future 13 reimbursement of the agency's administrative and support costs 14 for the restitution program or may transfer all or part of the excess 15 funds for deposit in the Restitution Fund. 16

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- (g) In any case in which a parolee owes a restitution fine imposed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 13967 of the Government Code, as operative prior to September 29, 1994, subdivision (b) of Section 730.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or subdivision (b) of Section 1202.4, the secretary, or, when a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated, may collect from the parolee or, pursuant to Section 2085.6, from a person previously imprisoned in county jail any moneys owing on the restitution fine amount, unless prohibited by federal law. The secretary or the agency shall transfer that amount to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for deposit in the Restitution Fund in the State Treasury. The amount deducted shall be credited against the amount owing on the fine. The sentencing court shall be provided a record of the payments.
- (h) In any case in which a parolee owes a direct order of restitution, imposed pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13967 of the Government Code, as operative prior to September 29, 1994, subdivision (h) of Section 730.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 1202.4, the secretary, or, when a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the

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prisoner is incarcerated or a local collection program, may collect from the parolee or, pursuant to Section 2085.6, from a person 3 previously imprisoned in county jail any moneys owing, unless 4 prohibited by federal law. The secretary or the agency shall transfer that amount to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for direct payment to the victim, or 6 7 payment shall be made to the Restitution Fund to the extent that 8 the victim has received assistance pursuant to that program, or the agency may pay the victim directly. The sentencing court shall be provided a record of the payments made by the offender pursuant 10 11 to this subdivision.

(i) The secretary, or, when if a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated, may deduct and retain from moneys collected from parolees or persons previously imprisoned in county jail an administrative fee that totals 10 percent of any amount transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board pursuant to subdivision (g) or (h), unless prohibited by federal law. The secretary shall deduct and retain from any settlement or trial award of a parolee an administrative fee that totals 5 percent of an amount paid from the settlement or award to satisfy an outstanding restitution order or fine pursuant to subdivision (n), unless prohibited by federal law. The agency is authorized to deduct and retain from any settlement or trial award of a person previously imprisoned in county jail an administrative fee that totals 5 percent of any amount paid from the settlement or award to satisfy an outstanding restitution order or fine pursuant to subdivision (n). The secretary or the agency shall deposit the administrative fee moneys in a special deposit account for reimbursing administrative and support costs of the restitution program of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or the agency, as applicable. The secretary, at his or her discretion, or the agency may retain any excess funds in the special deposit account for future reimbursement of the department's or agency's administrative and support costs for the restitution program or may transfer all or part of the excess funds for deposit in the Restitution Fund.

(j) When If a prisoner has both a restitution fine and a restitution order from the sentencing court, the Department of Corrections

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and Rehabilitation shall collect the restitution order first pursuant to subdivision (c).

- (k) When If a prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 and that prisoner has both a restitution fine and a restitution order from the sentencing court, if the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated collects the fine and order, the agency shall collect the restitution order first pursuant to subdivision (d).
- (*l*) When *If* a parolee has both a restitution fine and a restitution order from the sentencing court, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, or, when *or if* the prisoner is punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner is incarcerated, may collect the restitution order first, pursuant to subdivision (h).
- (m) If an inmate is housed at an institution that requires food to be purchased from the institution canteen for unsupervised overnight visits, and if the money for the purchase of this food is received from funds other than the inmate's wages, that money shall be exempt from restitution deductions. This exemption shall apply to the actual amount spent on food for the visit up to a maximum of fifty dollars (\$50) for visits that include the inmate and one visitor, seventy dollars (\$70) for visits that include the inmate and two or three visitors, and eighty dollars (\$80) for visits that include the inmate and four or more visitors.
- (n) Compensatory or punitive damages awarded by trial or settlement to any inmate, parolee, person placed on postrelease community supervision pursuant to Section 3451, or defendant on mandatory supervision imposed pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (h) of Section 1170, in connection with a civil action brought against a federal, state, or local jail, prison, or correctional facility, or any official or agent thereof, shall be paid directly, after payment of reasonable attorney's fees and litigation costs approved by the court, to satisfy any outstanding restitution orders or restitution fines against that person. The balance of the award shall be forwarded to the payee after full payment of all outstanding restitution orders and restitution fines, subject to subdivisions (e) and (i). The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall make all reasonable efforts

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to notify the victims of the crime for which that person was convicted concerning the pending payment of any compensatory or punitive damages. For any prisoner punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, the agency is authorized to make all reasonable efforts to notify the victims of the crime for which that person was convicted concerning the pending payment of any compensatory or punitive damages.

- (o) (1) Amounts transferred to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for payment of direct orders of restitution shall be paid to the victim within 60 days from the date the restitution revenues are received by the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board. If the restitution payment to a victim is less than twenty-five dollars (\$25), then payment need not be forwarded to that victim until the payment reaches twenty-five dollars (\$25) or when the victim requests payment of the lesser amount.
- (2) If a victim cannot be located, the restitution revenues received by the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board on behalf of the victim shall be held in trust in the Restitution Fund until the end of the state fiscal year subsequent to the state fiscal year in which the funds were deposited or until the time that the victim has provided current address information, whichever occurs sooner. Amounts remaining in trust at the end of the specified period of time shall revert to the Restitution Fund.
- (3) (A) A victim failing to provide a current address within the period of time specified in paragraph (2) may provide documentation to the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, which shall verify that moneys were collected on behalf of the victim. Upon receipt of that verified information from the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board shall transmit the restitution revenues to the victim in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (c) or (h).
- (B) A victim failing to provide a current address within the period of time specified in paragraph (2) may provide documentation to the agency designated by the board of supervisors in the county where the prisoner punished by imprisonment in a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 is incarcerated, which may verify that moneys were collected on

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behalf of the victim. Upon receipt of that verified information from the agency, the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board shall transmit the restitution revenues to the victim in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (d) or (h).

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SEC. 2. Section 19280 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

19280. (a) (1) (A) Fines, state or local penalties, bail, forfeitures, restitution fines, restitution orders, or any other amounts imposed by a juvenile or superior court of the State of California upon a person or any other entity that are due and payable in an amount totaling no less than one hundred dollars (\$100), in the aggregate, for criminal offenses, including all offenses involving a violation of the Vehicle Code, and any amounts due pursuant to Section 903.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code may, no sooner than 90 days after payment of that amount becomes delinquent, be referred by the juvenile or superior court, the county, or the state to the Franchise Tax Board for collection under guidelines prescribed by the Franchise Tax Board. Unless the victim of the crime notifies the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or county to the contrary, Except as specified in subparagraph (B), the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or county may refer a restitution order to the Franchise Tax Board, in accordance with subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), for any person subject to the restitution order who is or has been under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or county.

(B) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or county shall not refer a restitution order to the Franchise Tax Board if a county agency has been designated by the county board of supervisors to collect restitution from individuals who (i) have been sentenced to a county jail pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code, (ii) are on mandatory supervision pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code, or (iii) are on postrelease community supervision pursuant to Title 2.05 (commencing with Section 3450) of Part 3 of the Penal Code, the designated county agency has an existing collection system and objects to collection by the Franchise Tax Board, and the designated county agency informs the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation or county that it will collect the restitution order. If the crime victim entitled to restitution in the

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1 order notifies either the Department of Correction and 2 Rehabilitation or the designated county agency with regard to his 3 or her preference of a collecting agency, that preference shall be 4 honored and the collection shall be performed in accordance with 5 the preference of the victim.

- (2) For purposes of this subdivision:
- (A) The amounts referred by the juvenile or superior court, the county, or the state under this section may include an administrative fee and any amounts that a government entity may add to the court-imposed obligation as a result of the underlying offense, trial, or conviction. For purposes of this article, those amounts shall be deemed to be imposed by the court.
- (B) Restitution orders may be referred to the Franchise Tax Board only by a government entity, as agreed upon by the Franchise Tax Board, provided that all of the following apply:
- (i) The government entity has the authority to collect on behalf of the state or the victim.
- (ii) The government entity shall be responsible for distributing the restitution order collections, as appropriate.
- (iii) The government entity shall ensure, in making the referrals and distributions, that it coordinates with any other related collection activities that may occur by superior courts, counties, or other state agencies.
- (iv) The government entity shall ensure compliance with laws relating to the reimbursement of the State Restitution Fund.
- (C) The Franchise Tax Board shall establish criteria for referral that shall include setting forth a minimum dollar amount subject to referral and collection.
- (b) The Franchise Tax Board, in conjunction with the Judicial Council, shall seek whatever additional resources are needed to accept referrals from all 58 counties or superior courts.
- (c) Upon written notice to the debtor from the Franchise Tax Board, any amount referred to the Franchise Tax Board under subdivision (a) and any interest thereon, including any interest on the amount referred under subdivision (a) that accrued prior to the date of referral, shall be treated as final and due and payable to the State of California, and shall be collected from the debtor by the Franchise Tax Board in any manner authorized under the law for collection of a delinquent personal income tax liability, including, but not limited to, issuance of an order and levy under Article 4

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(commencing with Section 706.070) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of Title 9 of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure in the manner provided for earnings withholding orders for taxes.

- (d) (1) Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001), this part, Part 10.7 (commencing with Section 21001), and Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001) shall apply to amounts referred under this article in the same manner and with the same force and effect and to the full extent as if the language of those laws had been incorporated in full into this article, except to the extent that any provision is either inconsistent with this article or is not relevant to this article.
- (2) Any information, information sources, or enforcement remedies and capabilities available to the court or the state referring to the amount due described in subdivision (a) shall be available to the Franchise Tax Board to be used in conjunction with, or independent of, the information, information sources, or remedies and capabilities available to the Franchise Tax Board for purposes of administering Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001), this part, Part 10.7 (commencing with Section 21001), or Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001).
- (e) The activities required to implement and administer this part shall not interfere with the primary mission of the Franchise Tax Board to administer Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) and Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001).
- (f) For amounts referred for collection under subdivision (a), interest shall accrue at the greater of the rate applicable to the amount due being collected or the rate provided under Section 19521. When notice of the amount due includes interest and is mailed to the debtor and the amount is paid within 15 days after the date of notice, interest shall not be imposed for the period after the date of notice.
- (g) A collection under this article is not a payment of income taxes imposed under Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) or Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001).