Introduced by Senator Moorlach

February 19, 2016

An act to amend Section 56001 of the Government Code, relating to local government.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1276, as introduced, Moorlach. Local agencies.

Existing law, the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000, establishes the sole and exclusive authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization and reorganization for cities and districts.

This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the above-described law.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 56001 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

3 56001. The Legislature finds and declares that it is the policy of the state to encourage orderly growth and development 4 *development*, which are essential to the social, fiscal, and economic 5 well-being of the state. The Legislature recognizes that the logical 6 7 formation and determination of local agency boundaries is an important factor in promoting orderly development and in 8 balancing that development with the sometimes competing state 9 interests of discouraging urban sprawl, preserving open-space and 10 prime agricultural lands, and efficiently extending government 11

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1 services. The Legislature also recognizes that providing housing

2 for persons and families of all incomes is an important factor in3 promoting orderly development. Therefore, the Legislature further

4 finds and declares that this policy should be effected by the logical

5 formation and modification of the boundaries of local agencies,

6 with a preference granted to accommodating additional growth

7 within, or through the expansion of, the boundaries of those local

8 agencies which can best accommodate and provide necessary

9 governmental services and housing for persons and families of all

10 incomes in the most efficient manner feasible.

The Legislature recognizes that urban population densities and 11 12 intensive residential, commercial, and industrial development 13 necessitate a broad spectrum and high level of community services 14 and controls. The Legislature also recognizes that when areas 15 become urbanized to the extent that they need the full range of community services, priorities are required to be established 16 17 regarding the type and levels of services that the residents of an 18 urban community need and desire; that community service 19 priorities be established by weighing the total community service needs against the total financial resources available for securing 20 21 community services; and that those community service priorities 22 are required to reflect local circumstances, conditions, and limited 23 financial resources. The Legislature finds and declares that a single multipurpose governmental agency is accountable for community 24 25 service needs and financial resources and, therefore, may be the 26 best mechanism for establishing community service priorities 27 especially in urban areas. Nonetheless, the Legislature recognizes 28 the critical role of many limited purpose agencies, especially in 29 rural communities. The Legislature also finds that, whether 30 governmental services are proposed to be provided by a 31 single-purpose agency, several agencies, or a multipurpose agency, 32 responsibility should be given to the an agency or agencies that

33 can best provide government services.

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