

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 23, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 4, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 18, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 4, 2016

**SENATE BILL**

**No. 1408**

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**Introduced by Senator Allen**

February 19, 2016

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An act to amend ~~Section 1644.5~~ *Section 2221.1 of the Business and Professions Code, and to amend Sections 1621.5, 1635, 1635.1, 1644.5, and 120290 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to public health.*

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1408, as amended, Allen. Tissue donation.

(1) Existing law prohibits the transfer of any tissues, as defined, into the body of another person by means of transplantation, unless the donor of the tissues has been screened and found nonreactive for evidence of infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), agents of viral hepatitis (HBV and HCV), human T lymphotropic virus (HTLV), and syphilis, except as provided. Existing law requires that all donors of sperm be screened and found nonreactive under the above provisions, except as provided. Existing law authorizes the transplantation of tissue from a donor who has not been tested for specified infectious diseases or, with the exception of HIV and HTLV, has been found reactive, if specified conditions are satisfied.

This bill would delete the exception of HIV from this provision. The bill would require a physician and surgeon performing the transplantation of ~~tissue~~ *an organ* from an HIV-reactive donor to ensure

that the recipient is also HIV reactive and complying with federal law, as specified.

(2) Under existing law, it is a felony for a person to donate blood, body organs or other tissue, or semen to a medical center or semen bank who knows that he or she has acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) except if the person is a sperm donor who has been screened and found nonreactive under the above provisions. Under existing law, a person afflicted with any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease who willfully exposes himself or herself to another person, and any person who willfully exposes another person afflicted with the disease to someone else, is guilty of a misdemeanor, except as provided.

This bill would exempt those sperm donors and ~~tissue~~ organ donors from those criminal provisions.

(3) Existing law authorizes the Medical Board of California and the California Board of Podiatric Medicine to take disciplinary action against a physician, surgeon, and other licensed or regulated individual who knowingly fails to protect patients by failing to follow infection control guidelines and risks transmission of blood-borne infectious diseases, as specified.

This bill would exempt the performance of an organ transplant, as authorized by this bill, from disciplinary action.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Section 2221.1 of the Business and Professions  
 2 Code is amended to read:  
 3 2221.1. (a) The board and the California Board of Podiatric  
 4 Medicine shall investigate and may take disciplinary action,  
 5 including, but not limited to, revocation or suspension of licenses,  
 6 against physicians and surgeons and all others licensed or regulated  
 7 by the board, or by the California Board of Podiatric Medicine,  
 8 whichever is applicable, who, except for good cause, knowingly  
 9 fail to protect patients by failing to follow infection control  
 10 guidelines of the applicable board, thereby risking transmission  
 11 of blood-borne infectious diseases from the physician and surgeon  
 12 or other health care provider licensed or regulated by the applicable  
 13 board to patients, from patients, and from patient to physician and  
 14 surgeon or other health care provider regulated by the applicable

1 board. In so doing, the boards shall consider referencing the  
2 standards, regulations, and guidelines of the State Department of  
3 Health Services developed pursuant to Section 1250.11 of the  
4 Health and Safety Code and the standards, guidelines, and  
5 regulations pursuant to the California Occupational Safety and  
6 Health Act of 1973 (Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300),  
7 Division 5, Labor Code) for preventing the transmission of HIV,  
8 hepatitis B, and other blood-borne pathogens in health care settings.  
9 As necessary, the board and the *California* Board of Podiatric  
10 Medicine shall consult with the Board of Dental Examiners, the  
11 Board of Registered Nursing, and the Board of Vocational Nursing  
12 and Psychiatric Technicians, to encourage appropriate consistency  
13 in the implementation of this section.

14 *(b) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to an organ transplant*  
15 *performed in compliance with subdivision (d) of Section 1644.5*  
16 *of the Health and Safety Code.*

17 ~~(b)~~

18 *(c) The board shall seek to ensure that licentiates and others*  
19 *regulated by the board are informed of the responsibility of*  
20 *licentiates to follow infection control guidelines and of the most*  
21 *recent scientifically recognized safeguards for minimizing the*  
22 *transmission of blood-borne infectious diseases.*

23 *SEC. 2. Section 1621.5 of the Health and Safety Code is*  
24 *amended to read:*

25 1621.5. (a) It is a felony punishable by imprisonment pursuant  
26 to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for two, four,  
27 or six years, for any person to donate ~~blood, body organs or other~~  
28 *blood or* tissue, semen to any medical center or semen bank that  
29 receives semen for purposes of artificial insemination, or breast  
30 milk to any medical center or breast milk bank that receives breast  
31 milk for purposes of distribution, whether he or she is a paid or a  
32 volunteer donor, who knows that he or she has acquired  
33 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), as diagnosed by a physician  
34 and surgeon, or who knows that he or she has tested reactive to  
35 HIV. This section shall not apply to any person who is mentally  
36 incompetent or who self-defers his or her blood at a blood bank  
37 or plasma center pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1603.3 or  
38 who donates his or her blood for purposes of an autologous  
39 donation.

1 (b) In a criminal investigation for a violation of this section,  
2 no person shall disclose the results of a blood test to detect the  
3 etiologic agent of AIDS or antibodies to that agent to any officer,  
4 employee, or agent of a state or local agency or department unless  
5 the test results are disclosed as otherwise required by law pursuant  
6 to any one of the following:

7 (1) A search warrant issued pursuant to Section 1524 of the  
8 Penal Code.

9 (2) A judicial subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued and  
10 served in compliance with Chapter 2 (commencing with Section  
11 1985) of Title 3 of Part 4 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

12 (3) An order of a court.

13 (c) For purposes of this section, “blood” means “human whole  
14 blood” and “human whole blood derivatives,” as defined for  
15 purposes of this chapter and includes “blood components,” as  
16 defined in subdivision (k) of Section 1603.1.

17 (d) *For purposes of this section, “tissue” shall have the same*  
18 *meaning as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section*  
19 *1635.*

20 *SEC. 3. Section 1635 of the Health and Safety Code is amended*  
21 *to read:*

22 1635. (a) “Donor” means an individual, living or deceased,  
23 from whom tissue is removed.

24 (b) “Person” means an individual, corporation, business trust,  
25 estate trust, partnership, association, state or local government, or  
26 subdivision or agency thereof, or any other legal entity.

27 (c) (1) “Tissue” means a human cell, group of cells, including  
28 the cornea, sclera, or vitreous humor and other segments of, or the  
29 whole eye, bones, skin, arteries, sperm, blood, other fluids, and  
30 any other portion of a human ~~body~~. *body, but shall not include an*  
31 *organ when recovered for transplantation or research purposes.*

32 (2) *For purposes of paragraph (1), “organ” means a human*  
33 *kidney, liver, heart, lung, pancreas, intestine (including the*  
34 *esophagus, stomach, small or large intestine, or any portion of*  
35 *the gastrointestinal tract), or vascularized composite allograft,*  
36 *and associated blood vessels recovered from an organ donor*  
37 *during the recovery of the organ.*

38 (d) “Tissue bank” means a place, establishment, or institution  
39 that collects, processes, stores, or distributes tissue for  
40 transplantation into human beings.

1 (e) “Transplantation” means the act or process of transferring  
2 tissue, including by ingestion, from a donor to the body of the  
3 donor or another human being.

4 (f) “Department” means the State Department of Public Health.

5 *SEC. 4. Section 1635.1 of the Health and Safety Code is*  
6 *amended to read:*

7 1635.1. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), every tissue  
8 bank operating in California on or after July 1, 1992, shall have a  
9 current and valid tissue bank license issued or renewed by the  
10 department pursuant to Section 1639.2 or 1639.3.

11 (b) This chapter does not apply to any of the following:

12 (1) The collection, processing, storage, or distribution of human  
13 whole blood or its derivatives by blood banks licensed pursuant  
14 to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600) or any person  
15 exempt from licensure under that chapter.

16 (2) The collection, processing, storage, or distribution of tissue  
17 for autopsy, biopsy, training, education, or for other medical or  
18 scientific research or investigation, when transplantation of the  
19 tissue is not intended or reasonably foreseeable.

20 (3) The collection of tissue by an individual physician and  
21 surgeon from his or her patient or the implantation of tissue by an  
22 individual physician and surgeon into his or her patient. This  
23 exemption shall not be interpreted to apply to any processing or  
24 storage of the tissue, except for the processing and storage of semen  
25 by an individual physician and surgeon when the semen was  
26 collected by that physician and surgeon from a semen donor or  
27 obtained by that physician and surgeon from a tissue bank licensed  
28 under this chapter.

29 (4) The collection, processing, storage, or distribution of fetal  
30 tissue or tissue derived from a human embryo or fetus.

31 (5) The collection, processing, storage, or distribution by an  
32 organ procurement organization (OPO), as defined in Section  
33 485.302 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, if the OPO,  
34 at the time of collection, processing, storage, and distribution of  
35 the ~~organ,~~ *tissue*, has been designated by the Secretary of Health  
36 and Human Services as an OPO, pursuant to Section 485.305 of  
37 Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and meets the  
38 requirements of Sections 485.304 and 485.306 of Title 42 of the  
39 Code of Federal Regulations, as applicable.

1 (6) The storage of prepackaged, freeze-dried bone by a general  
2 acute care hospital.

3 (7) The storage of freeze-dried bone and dermis by any licensed  
4 dentist practicing in a lawful practice setting, if the freeze-dried  
5 bone and dermis has been obtained from a licensed tissue bank, is  
6 stored in strict accordance with a kit's package insert and any other  
7 manufacturer instructions and guidelines, and is used for the  
8 express purpose of implantation into a patient.

9 (8) The storage of a human cell, tissue, or cellular- or  
10 tissue-based product, as defined by the federal Food and Drug  
11 Administration, that is either a medical device approved pursuant  
12 to Section 510 or 515 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic  
13 Act (21 U.S.C. Secs. 360 and 360e) or that is a biologic product  
14 approved under Section 351 of the federal Public Health Service  
15 Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 262) by a licensed physician or podiatrist  
16 acting within the scope and authority of his or her license and  
17 practicing in a lawful practice setting. The medical device or  
18 biologic product must have been obtained from a California  
19 licensed tissue bank, been stored in strict accordance with the  
20 device's or product's package insert and any other manufacturer  
21 instructions, and used solely for the express purpose of direct  
22 implantation into or application on the practitioner's own patient.  
23 In order to be eligible for the exemption in this paragraph, the  
24 entity or organization where the physician or podiatrist who is  
25 eligible for the exemption is practicing shall notify the department,  
26 in writing, that the practitioner is licensed and meets the  
27 requirements of this paragraph. The notification shall include all  
28 of the following:

29 (A) A list of all practitioners to whom the notice applies.

30 (B) Acknowledgment that each listed practitioner uses the  
31 medical device or biologic product in the scope and authority of  
32 his or her license and practice for the purposes of direct patient  
33 care as described in this paragraph.

34 (C) A statement that each listed practitioner agrees to strictly  
35 abide by the directions for storage in the device's or product's  
36 package insert and any other manufacturer instructions and  
37 guidelines.

38 (D) Acknowledgment by each practitioner that the medical  
39 device or biologic product shall not be resold or distributed.

1 (9) *The collection, processing, storage, or distribution of any*  
2 *organ, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section*  
3 *1635, within a single general acute care hospital, as defined in*  
4 *subdivision (a) of Section 1250, operating a Medicare-approved*  
5 *transplant program.*

6 **SECTION 1.**

7 *SEC. 5.* Section 1644.5 of the Health and Safety Code is  
8 amended to read:

9 1644.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c) or (d), no  
10 tissues shall be transferred into the body of another person by  
11 means of transplantation, unless the donor of the tissues has been  
12 screened and found nonreactive by laboratory tests for evidence  
13 of infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), agents  
14 of viral hepatitis (HBV and HCV), and syphilis. For tissues that  
15 are rich in viable leukocytes, the tissue shall be tested for evidence  
16 of infection with human T lymphotropic virus (HTLV) and found  
17 nonreactive. The department may adopt regulations requiring  
18 additional screening tests of donors of tissues when, in the opinion  
19 of the department, the action is necessary for the protection of the  
20 public, donors, or recipients.

21 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), infectious disease screening  
22 of blood and blood products shall be carried out solely in  
23 accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 1602.5) of  
24 Chapter 4.

25 (c) All donors of sperm shall be screened and found nonreactive  
26 as required under subdivision (a), except in the following instances:

27 (1) A recipient of sperm, from a sperm donor known to the  
28 recipient, may waive a second or other repeat testing of that donor  
29 if the recipient is informed of the requirements for testing donors  
30 under this section and signs a written waiver.

31 (2) A recipient of sperm may consent to therapeutic insemination  
32 of sperm or use of sperm in other assisted reproductive technologies  
33 even if the sperm donor is found reactive for hepatitis B, hepatitis  
34 C, syphilis, HIV, or HTLV if the sperm donor is the spouse of,  
35 partner of, or designated donor for that recipient. The physician  
36 providing insemination or assisted reproductive technology services  
37 shall advise the donor and recipient of the potential medical risks  
38 associated with receiving sperm from a reactive donor. The donor  
39 and the recipient shall sign a document affirming that each  
40 comprehends the potential medical risks of using sperm from a

1 reactive donor for the proposed procedure and that each consents  
2 to it. Copies of the document shall be placed in the medical records  
3 of the donor and the recipient.

4 (3) (A) Sperm whose donor has tested reactive for syphilis may  
5 be used for the purposes of insemination or assisted reproductive  
6 technology only after the donor has been treated for syphilis. Sperm  
7 whose donor has tested reactive for hepatitis B may be used for  
8 the purposes of insemination or assisted reproductive technology  
9 only after the recipient has been vaccinated against hepatitis B.

10 (B) (i) Sperm whose donor has tested reactive for HIV or HTLV  
11 may be used for the purposes of insemination or assisted  
12 reproductive technology for a recipient testing negative for HIV  
13 or HTLV only after the donor's sperm has been effectively  
14 processed to minimize the infectiousness of the sperm for that  
15 specific donation and where informed and mutual consent has  
16 occurred.

17 (ii) The department shall adopt regulations regulating facilities  
18 that perform sperm processing, pursuant to this subparagraph, that  
19 prescribe standards for the handling and storage of sperm samples  
20 of carriers of HIV, HTLV, or any other virus as deemed appropriate  
21 by the department. The department may propose to adopt, as initial  
22 regulations, the recommendations made within the "Guidelines  
23 for Reducing Risk of Viral Transmission During Fertility  
24 Treatment" as published by the American Society for Reproductive  
25 Medicine. Notice of the department's proposed adoption of the  
26 regulations shall be posted on the department's Internet Web site  
27 for at least 45 days. Public comment shall be accepted by the  
28 department for at least 30 days after the conclusion of the 45-day  
29 posting period. If a member of the public requests a public hearing  
30 during the 30-day comment period, the hearing shall be held prior  
31 to the adoption of the regulations. If no member of the public  
32 requests a public hearing, the regulations shall be deemed adopted  
33 at the conclusion of the 30-day comment period. Comments  
34 received shall be considered prior to the adoption of the final initial  
35 regulations. The department may modify any guidance published  
36 by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine. Adoption of  
37 initial regulations by the department pursuant to this subdivision  
38 shall not be subject to the rulemaking requirements of Chapter 3.5  
39 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title  
40 2 of the Government Code and written responses to public



1 comments shall not be required. Updates to the regulations shall  
2 be adopted pursuant to the same process. Until the department  
3 adopts these regulations, facilities that perform sperm processing  
4 pursuant to this section shall follow facility and sperm processing  
5 guidelines for the reduction of viral transmission developed by the  
6 American Society for Reproductive Medicine. Nothing in this  
7 section shall prevent the department from monitoring and  
8 inspecting facilities that process sperm to ensure adherence to the  
9 regulations, or, until regulations are adopted, to the guidelines set  
10 forth by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine.

11 (iii) Prior to insemination or other assisted reproductive  
12 technology services, the physician providing the services shall  
13 inform the recipient of sperm from a spouse, partner, or designated  
14 donor who has tested reactive for HIV or HTLV of all of the  
15 following:

16 (I) That sperm processing may not eliminate all of the risks of  
17 HIV or HTLV transmission.

18 (II) That the sperm may be tested to determine whether or not  
19 it is reactive for HIV or HTLV.

20 (III) That the recipient must provide documentation to the  
21 physician providing insemination or assisted reproductive  
22 technology services prior to treatment that she has established an  
23 ongoing relationship with another physician to provide for her  
24 medical care during and after completion of fertility services.

25 (IV) The recommendations made within the “Guidelines for  
26 Reducing the Risk of Viral Transmission During Fertility  
27 Treatment” published by the American Society for Reproductive  
28 Medicine regarding followup testing for HIV and HTLV after use  
29 of sperm from an HIV or HTLV reactive donor and have the  
30 recommendations regarding followup testing be documented in  
31 the recipient’s medical record.

32 (iv) The physician providing insemination or assisted  
33 reproductive technology services shall also verify, and document  
34 in the recipient’s medical record, that the donor of sperm who tests  
35 reactive for HIV or HTLV is under the care of a physician  
36 managing the HIV or HTLV.

37 (v) The physician providing insemination or assisted  
38 reproductive technology services shall recommend to the physician  
39 who will be providing ongoing care to the recipient recommended  
40 followup testing for HIV and HTLV according to the “Guidelines

1 for Reducing the Risk of Viral Transmission During Fertility  
2 Treatment” published by the American Society for Reproductive  
3 Medicine, which shall be documented in the recipient’s medical  
4 record.

5 (vi) If the recipient becomes HIV or HTLV positive, the  
6 physician assuming ongoing care of the recipient shall treat or  
7 provide information regarding referral to a physician who can  
8 provide ongoing treatment of the HIV or HTLV.

9 (4) A recipient of sperm donated by a sexually intimate partner  
10 of the recipient for reproductive use may waive a second or repeat  
11 testing of that donor if the recipient is informed of the donor testing  
12 requirements of this section and signs a written waiver. For  
13 purposes of this paragraph, “sexually intimate partner of the  
14 recipient” includes a known or designated donor to whose sperm  
15 the recipient has previously been exposed in a nonmedical setting  
16 in an attempt to conceive.

17 (d) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to the transplantation of tissue  
18 from a donor who has not been tested or, with the exception of  
19 HTLV, has been found reactive for the infectious diseases listed  
20 in subdivision (a) or for which the department has, by regulation,  
21 required additional screening tests, if all of the following conditions  
22 are satisfied:

23 (1) The physician and surgeon performing the transplantation  
24 has determined any one or more of the following:

25 (A) Without the transplantation the intended recipient will most  
26 likely die during the period of time necessary to obtain other tissue  
27 or to conduct the required tests.

28 (B) The intended recipient already is diagnosed with the  
29 infectious disease for which the donor has tested positive.

30 (C) The symptoms from the infectious disease for which the  
31 donor has tested positive will most likely not appear during the  
32 intended recipient’s likely lifespan after transplantation with the  
33 tissue or may be treated prophylactically if they do appear.

34 (2) The physician and surgeon performing the transplantation  
35 has ensured that ~~tissue~~ *an organ* from an individual who has been  
36 found reactive for HIV may be transplanted only into an individual  
37 who satisfies both of the following:

38 (A) The individual has been found reactive for HIV before  
39 receiving the ~~tissue~~: *organ*.

1 (B) The individual is either participating in clinical research  
2 approved by an institutional review board under the criteria,  
3 standards, and regulations described in subsections (a) and (b) of  
4 Section 274f-5 of Title 42 of the United States Code, or, if the  
5 United States Secretary of Health and Human Services determines  
6 under subsection (c) of Section 274f-5 of Title 42 of the United  
7 States Code that participation in this clinical research is no longer  
8 warranted as a requirement for transplants, the individual is  
9 receiving the transplant under the standards and regulations under  
10 subsection (c) of Section 274f-5 of Title 42 of the United States  
11 Code.

12 (3) Consent for the use of the tissue has been obtained from the  
13 recipient, if possible, or if not possible, from a member of the  
14 recipient’s family, or the recipient’s legal guardian. For purposes  
15 of this section, “family” shall mean spouse, adult son or daughter,  
16 either parent, adult brother or sister, or grandparent.

17 (e) The penalties prescribed in Sections 1621.5 and 120290 do  
18 not apply to a sperm donor covered under subdivision ~~(e)~~ or a  
19 ~~tissue donor covered under subdivision (d).~~ (c) or an organ donor  
20 who donates an organ for transplantation or research purposes.

21 (f) Human breast milk from donors who test reactive for agents  
22 of viral hepatitis (HBV and HCV), HTLV, HIV, or syphilis shall  
23 not be used for deposit into a milk bank for human ingestion in  
24 California.

25 *SEC. 6. Section 120290 of the Health and Safety Code is*  
26 *amended to read:*

27 120290. (a) Except as provided in Section 120291 or in the  
28 case of the removal of an afflicted person in a manner the least  
29 dangerous to the public health, any person afflicted with any  
30 contagious, infectious, or communicable disease who willfully  
31 exposes himself or herself to another person, and any person who  
32 willfully exposes another person afflicted with the disease to  
33 someone else, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

34 (b) *This section shall not apply to a person who donates an*  
35 *organ for transplantation or research purposes.*