No. 15

Introduced by Senator Polanco

December 7, 1998

An act to add Chapter 1.3 (commencing with Section 12125) to Title 2 of Part 4 of the Penal Code, relating to firearms.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 15, as amended, Polanco. Firearms.

Existing law makes it a misdemeanor or felony to manufacture or cause to be manufactured, import into the state, keep for sale, offer or expose for sale, give, lend, or possess specified weapons, but not including an unsafe handgun.

This bill, commencing January 1, 2001, would make it a misdemeanor to manufacture or cause to be manufactured, import into the state for sale, keep for sale, offer or expose for sale, give, or lend any unsafe handgun, except as specified. By creating new crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

This bill additionally would require every person licensed to manufacture firearms pursuant to federal law who manufactures firearms in this state and every person who imports into the state for sale, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes for sale any firearm to certify under penalty of perjury that every model, kind, class, style, or type of pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person that he or she manufactures or imports, keeps, or exposes for

sale is not a prohibited unsafe handgun. By expanding the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill also would require any pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person manufactured in this state, imported into the state for sale, kept for sale, or offered or exposed for sale, to be tested by an independent laboratory certified by the Department of Justice to determine whether that pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person meets or exceeds specified standards defining unsafe handguns. The bill would require the Department of Justice to certify laboratories for this purpose on or before July 1, 2000.

The bill also would require the Department of Justice, on and after January 1, 2001, to compile, publish, and thereafter maintain a roster listing all of the pistols, revolvers, and other firearms capable of being concealed upon the person that are not unsafe handguns by the manufacturer, model number, and model name. The bill would authorize the department to charge every person in this state who is licensed as a manufacturer of firearms pursuant to federal law, and any person in this state who manufactures or causes to be manufactured, imports into the state for sale, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes for sale any pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person in this state, an annual fee not exceeding the costs of preparing, publishing, and maintaining the roster.

This bill would make the above provisions inapplicable to specified transactions involving the sale, loan, or transfer of any firearm and to a single-action revolver with specified features.

The bill would state the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Justice pursue an internal loan from special fund revenues available to the department to cover startup costs for the unsafe handgun program established pursuant to the bill. The bill would require the department to repay any loan with the proceeds of fees collected under that program within 6 months.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated

by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 1.3 (commencing with Section 2 12125) is added to Title 2 of Part 4 of the Penal Code, to 3 read:

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CHAPTER 1.3. UNSAFE HANDGUNS

7 12125. (a) Commencing January 1, 2001, any person 8 state who manufactures or causes to in this be 9 manufactured, imports into the state for sale, keeps for sale, offers or exposes for sale, gives, or lends any unsafe 10 handgun shall be punished by imprisonment in a county 11 jail not exceeding one year. 12

13 (b) This section shall not apply to any of the following:

(1) The manufacture in this state, or importation into 14 15 this state, of any prototype pistol, revolver, or other 16 firearm capable of being concealed upon the person 17 when the manufacture or importation is for the sole 18 purpose of allowing an independent laboratory certified 19 by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12130 conduct an independent test to determine whether 20 to that pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being 21 22 concealed upon the person is prohibited by this chapter, and, if not, for the department to add the firearm to the 23 24 roster of pistols, revolvers, and other firearms capable of 25 being concealed upon the person that may be sold in this 26 state pursuant to Section 12131.

(2) The importation or lending of a pistol, revolver, or
other firearm capable of being concealed upon the
person by employees or authorized agents determining
whether the weapon is prohibited by this section.

(3) The sale to, purchase by, or possession of, any 1 pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being 2 3 concealed upon the person by the Department of Justice, police departments, sheriffs' officials, marshals' offices, 4 5 the Department of Corrections, the California Highway 6 Patrol, district attorneys' offices, full-time paid peace officers of other states and the federal government, the 7 federal military forces, the California National Guard, or 8 the State Military Reserve, excluding the unorganized 9 10 militia, when that weapon would be prevented by this 11 chapter from being sold in this state solely because it fails 12 to meet minimum frame and barrel size prerequisites established by this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall 13 14 prohibit the possession or use of any pistol, revolver, or 15 other firearm capable of being concealed upon the 16 person that would be prevented by this chapter from 17 being sold in this state solely because it fails to meet 18 minimum frame size prerequisites by sworn members of these agencies when on duty and the use is within the 19 20 scope of their duties.

21 (4) Firearms listed as curios or relics, as defined in22 Section 178.11 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal23 Regulations.

(c) Violations of subdivision (a) are cumulative with respect to each handgun and shall not be construed as restricting the application of any other law. However, an act or omission punishable in different ways by this section and other provisions of law shall not be punished under more than one provision, but the penalty to be imposed shall be determined as set forth in Section 654.

31 12126. As used in this chapter, "unsafe handgun" 32 means any pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of 33 being concealed upon the person, as defined in 34 subdivision (a) of Section 12001, for which any of the 35 following is true:

36 (a) For a revolver:

- 37 (1) It has an overall frame length of less than four and 38 one-half inches measured on a line parallel to the barrel.
- 39 (2) It has a barrel length less than three inches.

1 (3) It does not have a safety device that, either 2 automatically in the case of a double-action firing 3 mechanism, or by manual operation in the case of a 4 single-action firing mechanism, causes the hammer to 5 retract to a point where the firing pin does not rest upon 6 the primer of the cartridge.

7 (4) It does not meet the firing requirement for 8 handguns pursuant to Section 12127.

9 (5) It does not meet the drop safety requirement for 10 handguns pursuant to Section 12128.

11 (b) For a pistol:

12 (1) It does not have a positive manually operated 13 safety device.

14 (2) It has a combined length and height less than 10 15 inches with the height (right angle measurement to the 16 barrel without magazine or extension) less than four 17 inches and the length less than six inches.

18 (3) It does not meet the firing requirement for 19 handguns pursuant to Section 12127.

20 (4) It does not meet the drop safety requirement for 21 handguns pursuant to Section 12128.

22 12127. (a) As used in this chapter, the "firing 23 requirement for handguns" means a test in which the 24 manufacturer provides three handguns of the make and model for which certification is sought, these handguns 25 not being in any way modified from those that would be 26 27 sold if certification is granted, to an independent testing 28 laboratory certified by the Attorney General pursuant to Section 12130. The laboratory shall fire 600 rounds from 29 30 each gun, stopping after each series of 50 rounds has been 31 fired for 5 to 10 minutes to allow the weapon to cool, stopping after each series of 100 rounds has been fired to 32 tighten any loose screws and clean the gun in accordance 33 34 with the manufacturer's instructions, and stopping as 35 needed to refill the empty magazine or cylinder to capacity before continuing. The ammunition used shall 36 recommended 37 be of the type by the handgun manufacturer in the user 38 manual, or if none is 39 recommended, any standard ammunition of the correct

1 caliber in new condition. A handgun shall pass this test if 2 each of the three test guns meets both of the following:

3 (1) Fires the first 20 rounds without a malfunction that 4 is not due to faulty magazine or ammunition.

5 (2) Fires the full 600 rounds with no more than six 6 malfunctions that are not due to faulty magazine or 7 ammunition and without any crack or breakage of an 8 operating part of the handgun that increases the risk of 9 injury to the user.

(b) If a pistol or revolver fails the requirements of 10 11 either paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) due to either a faulty magazine or faulty ammunition, the pistol 12 13 or revolver shall be retested from the beginning of the 14 "firing requirement for handguns" test. A new model of the pistol or revolver that failed due to a faulty magazine 15 or ammunition may be submitted for the test to replace 16 17 the pistol or revolver that failed.

18 (c) As used in this section, "malfunction" means a 19 failure to properly feed, fire, or eject a round, or failure 20 of a pistol to accept or reject a manufacturer-approved 21 magazine, or failure of a pistol's slide to remain open after 22 a manufacturer-approved magazine has been expended.

12128. As used in this chapter, the "drop safety requirement for handguns" means that at the conclusion of the firing requirements for handguns described in Section 12127, the same certified independent testing laboratory shall subject the same three handguns of the make and model for which certification is sought, to the following test:

30 A primed case (no powder or projectile) shall be 31 inserted into the chamber. For pistols, the slide shall be released, allowing it to move forward under the impetus 32 33 of the recoil spring, and an empty magazine shall be 34 inserted. For both pistols and revolvers, the weapon shall 35 be placed in a drop fixture capable of dropping the pistol 36 from a drop height of 1m + 1cm (39.4 + 0.4 in.) onto the largest side of a slab of solid concrete having minimum 37 dimensions $7.5 \times 15 \times 15$ cm $(3 \times 6 \times 6$ in). The drop 38 distance shall be measured from the lowermost portion of 39 the weapon to the top surface of the slab. The weapon 40

shall be dropped from a fixture and not from the hand. 1 2 The weapon shall be dropped in the condition that it 3 would be in if it were dropped from a hand (cocked with no manual safety applied). If the design of a pistol is such 4 5 that upon leaving the hand a "safety" is automatically applied by the pistol, this feature shall not be defeated. An 6 7 approved drop fixture is a short piece of string with the weapon attached at one end and the other end held in an 8 9 air vise until the drop is initiated.

10 The following six drops shall be performed:

11 (a) Normal firing position with barrel horizontal.

12 (b) Upside down with barrel horizontal.

13 (c) On grip with barrel vertical.

14 (d) On muzzle with barrel vertical.

15 (e) On either side with barrel horizontal.

16 (f) If there is an exposed hammer or striker, on the 17 rearmost point of that device, otherwise on the rearmost 18 point of the weapon.

19 The primer shall be examined for indentations after 20 each drop. If indentations are present, a fresh primed case 21 shall be used for the next drop.

The handgun shall pass this test if each of the three test guns does not fire the primer.

24 12129. Every person who is licensed as а pursuant 25 manufacturer of firearms to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United 26 States Code who manufactures firearms in this state, and 27 28 every person who imports into the state for sale, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes for sale any firearm, shall certify 29 under penalty of perjury and any other remedy provided 30 31 by law that every model, kind, class, style, or type of pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed 32 upon the person that he or she manufactures or imports, 33 keeps, or exposes for sale is not an unsafe handgun as 34 35 prohibited by this chapter.

36 12130. (a) Any pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable being 37 of concealed upon the person manufactured in this state, imported into the state for 38 sale, kept for sale, or offered or exposed for sale, shall be 39 40 tested within a reasonable period of time by an

independent laboratory certified pursuant to subdivision
 (b) to determine whether that pistol, revolver, or other
 firearm capable of being concealed upon the person
 meets or exceeds the standards defined in Section 12126.

5 (b) On or before July 1, 2000, the Department of 6 Justice shall certify laboratories to verify compliance with 7 the standards defined in Section 12126. The department 8 may charge any laboratory that is seeking certification to 9 test any pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being 10 concealed upon the person pursuant to this chapter a fee 11 not exceeding the costs of certification.

12 (c) The certified testing laboratory shall. at the 13 manufacturer's or importer's expense, test the firearm 14 and submit a copy of the final test report directly to the Department of Justice along with a prototype of the 15 16 weapon. The department shall notify the manufacturer or importer of its receipt of the final test report and the 17 18 department's determination as to whether the firearm tested may be sold in this state. 19

20 12131. (a) On and after January 2001. 1, the compile, publish, 21 Department of Justice shall and 22 thereafter maintain a roster listing all of the pistols, revolvers, and other firearms capable of being concealed 23 24 upon the person that have been tested by a certified testing laboratory, have been determined not to 25 be unsafe handguns, and may be sold in this state pursuant 26 27 to this title. The roster shall list, for each firearm, the 28 manufacturer, model number, and model name.

(b) The department shall include on the roster any
pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being
concealed upon the person listed as a curio or relic, as
defined in Section 178.11 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal
Regulations.

(c) (1) The department may charge every person in 34 35 this state who is licensed as a manufacturer of firearms 36 pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code, and any person in 37 38 who manufactures this state or causes to be 39 manufactured, imports into the state for sale, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes for sale any pistol, revolver, or 40

other firearm capable of being concealed upon the 1 2 person in this state, an annual fee not exceeding the costs of preparing, publishing, and maintaining 3 the roster pursuant to subdivisions (a) and (b). 4 5 (2) Any pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person that is manufactured by 6 7 a manufacturer who manufactures or causes to be manufactured, imports into the state for sale, keeps for 8 sale, or offers or exposes for sale any pistol, revolver, or 9 other firearm capable of being concealed upon the 10 11 person in this state, and who fails to pay any fee required pursuant to paragraph (1), may be excluded from the 12 roster. 13 14 12132. This chapter shall not apply to any of the 15 following: (a) The transfer of any firearm pursuant to Section 16 12082 or 12084 in order to comply with subdivision (d) of 17 18 Section 12072. 19 (b) The transfer of any firearm between immediate 20 family members that is exempt from the provisions of subdivision (d) of Section 12072 pursuant to subdivision 21 22 (c) of Section 12078. 23 (a) The sale, loan, or transfer of any firearm pursuant 24 to Section 12082 or 12084 in order to comply with subdivision (d) of Section 12072. 25 (b) The sale, loan, or transfer of any firearm that is 26 27 exempt from the provisions of subdivision (d) of Section 28 12072 pursuant to any applicable exemption contained in Section 12078, if the sale, loan, or transfer complies with 29 of that 30 requirements *applicable exemption* the to 31 subdivision (d) of Section 12072. (c) The sale, loan, or transfer of any firearm as 32 33 described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section

34 12125.

12133. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to
a single-action revolver that has at least a five-cartridge
capacity with a barrel length of not less than three inches,
and meets any of the following specifications:

(a) Was originally manufactured prior to 1900 and is a 1 2 curio or relic, as defined in Section 178.11 of Title 27 of the 3 Code of Federal Regulations. (b) Has an overall length measured parallel to the 4 5 barrel of at least seven and one-half inches when the handle, frame or receiver, and barrel are assembled. 6 7 (c) Has an overall length measured parallel to the barrel of at least seven and one-half inches when the 8 9 handle, frame or receiver, and barrel are assembled and 10 that is currently approved for importation into the United 11 States pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of Section 925 of Title 18 of the United 12 13 States Code. 14 SEC. 2. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 15 Department of Justice pursue an internal loan from special fund revenues available to the department to 16 cover startup costs for the program established pursuant 17 to Section 1 of this act. Any loan shall be repaid with the 18 proceeds of fees collected under that program within six 19 20 months. SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act 21 22 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 23 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 24 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 25 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 26 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 27 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 28 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 29 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 30 XIII B of the California Constitution. 31 Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government

32 Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act 33 shall become operative on the same date that the act 34 takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.

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