SENATE BILL

No. 23

Introduced by Senators Perata, Alpert, Bowen, and Ortiz (Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Scott) (Coauthor: Senator O'Connell) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Alquist, Dutra, Galles

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Alquist, *Dutra*, Gallegos, *Keeley, Knox,* Kuehl, *Machado,* Mazzoni, Nakano, Scott, *Migden,* Shelley, *Steinberg,* Torlakson, and *Thomson,* Washington) Washington, and Wildman)

December 7, 1998

An act to amend Sections 245, 12001, 12020, 12022, 12022.5, 12280, 12285, and 12289 of, and to add Section 12276.1 to, the Penal Code, relating to firearms.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 23, as amended, Perata. Firearms: assault weapons.

(1) Existing law makes it a misdemeanor for any person to manufacture, cause to be manufactured, import into this state, keep or offer for sale, give, lend, or possess specified weapons and explosives.

This bill would make it a misdemeanor or a felony, beginning January 1, 2000, for any person to engage in any of the above activities with respect to any large-capacity magazine. A large-capacity magazine would be defined to mean any ammunition feeding device with the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds. By expanding the definition of, and increasing the penalty for, a crime, this bill imposes a state-mandated local program.

(2) Existing law requires imposition of <u>enhanced terms</u> a longer term of imprisonment on any person convicted of assault with a deadly weapon, and for enhanced terms of imprisonment for a person convicted of a felony, who if that person was either armed with, or personally used, an assault weapon or machinegun, as defined, in the commission of, or attempted commission of that felony.

This bill would expand the above 2 enhancement provisions to include large-capacity firearms and would define the term "large-capacity firearms." By expanding the scope of an enhancement provision, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(3)

Existing law makes it a crime to engage in specified activities regarding assault weapons and regulates the lawful possession of those weapons. Existing law defines the term "assault weapon" by, among other things, designating a list of specified semiautomatic firearms.

This bill would further define the term "assault weapon" by providing descriptive definitions concerning the capacity and function of the weapon. *These expanded definitions would specifically apply to the above-mentioned increased term and enhancement provisions and to related provisions.* By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(4)

(3) Existing law makes it a crime, punishable either as a felony or a misdemeanor, for any person to possess any assault weapon, as defined. However, if a person charged with a first-time violation of that offense, presents proof that he or she lawfully possessed the assault weapon within a specified period, and has since registered the weapon or relinquished it, the offense is punishable as an infraction, if the person has also complied with specified conditions. Existing law also provides a period of forgiveness to persons in possession of an assault weapon during a specified period under specified conditions. In addition, existing law exempts specified law enforcement agencies from the prohibition against possession, purchase, or sale of assault weapons.

This bill would make it an infraction, punishable by a fine up to \$500, for a first-time violation of the above-mentioned offense, if the offender was found in possession of no more than 2 firearms in compliance with specified provisions and proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she lawfully possessed the assault weapon prior to the date it was defined as an assault weapon under the proposed provision set forth in—(3) (2). This bill would also add an additional period

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of forgiveness for persons in possession of assault weapons, as defined, pursuant to the proposed provision set forth in (3) (2), to extend to the one-year period after the weapon was defined as an assault weapon under that proposed provision. By defining a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(5)

(4) Existing law requires any person who lawfully possesses an assault weapon, as defined, prior to specified periods, to register that weapon with the Department of Justice, within a specified period of time.

This bill would require any person who lawfully possessed an assault weapon prior to the date it was defined as an assault weapon pursuant to the proposed provision mentioned in—(3)(2) above, to register the weapon within one year of the effective date of that provision.

(6)

(5) Existing law requires the Department of Justice to conduct a public education and notification program regarding the registration of assault weapons, the limited forgiveness period of the registration requirement and the consequences of nonregistration.

This bill would require that the public education and notification program include the new definition of assault weapons discussed in paragraph (4) (2) above.

(6) The bill would state legislative intent.

(7) The bill would provide that its provisions are severable.

(8) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement. This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 245 of the Penal Code is 2 amended to read:

3 245. (a) (1) Any person who commits an assault 4 upon the person of another with a deadly weapon or 5 instrument other than a firearm or by any means of force 6 likely to produce great bodily injury shall be punished by 7 imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four 8 years, or in a county jail for not exceeding one year, or by 9 a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by 10 both the fine and imprisonment.

11 (2) Any person who commits an assault upon the 12 person of another with a firearm shall be punished by 13 imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four 14 years, or in a county jail for not less than six months and 15 not exceeding one year, or by both a fine not exceeding 16 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and imprisonment.

17 (3) Any person who commits an assault upon the 18 person of another with a machinegun, as defined in 19 Section 12200, or an assault weapon, as defined in Section 20 12276 *or* 12276.1, shall be punished by imprisonment in 21 the state prison for 4, 8, or 12 years.

22 (b) Any person who commits an assault upon the 23 person of another with a semiautomatic firearm shall be 24 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for three, 25 six, or nine years.

(c) Any person who commits an assault with a deadly weapon or instrument, other than a firearm, or by any means likely to produce great bodily injury upon the person of a peace officer or firefighter, and who knows or reasonably should know that the victim is a peace officer or firefighter engaged in the performance of his or her duties, when the peace officer or firefighter is engaged in the performance of his or her duties, shall be punished by 1 imprisonment in the state prison for three, four, or five 2 years.

3 (d) (1) Any person who commits an assault with a firearm upon the person of a peace officer or firefighter, 4 and who knows or reasonably should know that the victim 5 a peace officer or firefighter engaged in the 6 is 7 performance of his or her duties, when the peace officer 8 or firefighter is engaged in the performance of his or her 9 duties, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 10 prison for four, six, or eight years.

11 (2) Any person who commits an assault upon the 12 person of a peace officer or firefighter with a 13 semiautomatic firearm and who knows or reasonably 14 should know that the victim is a peace officer or 15 firefighter engaged in the performance of his or her 16 duties, when the peace officer or firefighter is engaged in 17 the performance of his or her duties, shall be punished by 18 imprisonment in the state prison for five, seven, or nine 19 years.

20 (3) Any person who commits an assault with a 21 machinegun, as defined in Section 12200, or an assault 22 weapon, as defined in Section 12276 *or* 12276.1, upon the 23 person of a peace officer or firefighter, and who knows or 24 reasonably should know that the victim is a peace officer 25 or firefighter engaged in the performance of his or her 26 duties, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 27 prison for 6, 9, or 12 years.

(e) When a person is convicted of a violation of this section in a case involving use of a deadly weapon or instrument or firearm, and the weapon or instrument or firearm is owned by that person, the court shall order that the weapon or instrument or firearm be deemed a nuisance, and it shall be confiscated and disposed of in the manner provided by Section 12028.

(f) As used in this section, "peace officer" refers to any
person designated as a peace officer in Chapter 4.5
(commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2.

38 SEC. 2. Section 12001 of the Penal Code is amended 39 to read:

12001. (a) As used in this title, the terms "pistol," 1 2 "revolver," and "firearm capable of being concealed upon the person" shall apply to and include any device 3 designed to be used as a weapon, from which is expelled 4 5 a projectile by the force of any explosion, or other form 6 of combustion, and which that has a barrel less than 16 inches in length. These terms also include any device 7 8 which that has a barrel 16 inches or more in length which 9 is designed to be interchanged with a barrel less than 16 10 inches in length.

(b) As used in this title, "firearm" means any device,designed to be used as a weapon, from which is expelledthrough a barrel a projectile by the force of any explosionor other form of combustion.

15 (c) As used in Sections 12021, 12021.1, 12070, 12071, 16 12072, 12073, 12078, and 12101 of this code, and Sections 17 8100, 8101, and 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, 18 the term "firearm" includes the frame or receiver of the 19 weapon.

20 (d) For the purposes of Sections 12025 and 12031, the 21 term "firearm" also shall include any rocket, rocket 22 propelled projectile launcher, or similar device containing any explosive or incendiary material whether 23 or not the device is designed for emergency or distress 24 signaling purposes. 25

26 (e) For purposes of Sections 12070, 12071, and 27 paragraph (7) of subdivision (a), and subdivisions (b), 28 (c), (d), and (f) of Section 12072, the term "firearm" does 29 not include an unloaded firearm—which that is defined as 30 an "antique firearm" in Section 921(a)(16) of Title 18 of 31 the United States Code.

32 (f) Nothing shall prevent a device defined as a 33 "pistol," "revolver," or "firearm capable of being 34 concealed upon the person" from also being found to be 35 a short-barreled shotgun or a short-barreled rifle, as 36 defined in Section 12020.

37 (g) For purposes of Sections 12551 and 12552, the term 38 "BB device" means any instrument which that expels a 39 metallic projectile, such as a BB or a pellet, through the

1 force of air pressure, CO_2 pressure, or spring action, or 2 any spot marker gun.

3 (h) As used in this title, "wholesaler" means any 4 person who is licensed as a dealer pursuant to Chapter 44 5 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United 6 States Code and the regulations issued pursuant thereto who sells, transfers, or assigns firearms, or parts of 7 8 firearms, to persons who are licensed as manufacturers, 9 importers, or gunsmiths pursuant Chapter to 44 10 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United 11 States Code, or persons licensed pursuant to Section 12 12071, and includes persons who receive finished parts of 13 firearms and assemble them into completed or partially 14 completed firearms in furtherance of that purpose.

"Wholesaler" shall not include manufacturer, 15 а 16 importer, or gunsmith who is licensed to engage in those 17 activities pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with 18 Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code or a 19 person licensed pursuant to Section 12071 and the 20 regulations issued pursuant thereto. A wholesaler also 21 does not include those persons dealing exclusively in 22 grips, stocks, and other parts of firearms that are not 23 frames or receivers thereof.

(i) As used in Section 12071, 12072, or 12084,"application to purchase" means any of the following:

26 (1) The initial completion of the register by the 27 purchaser, transferee, or person being loaned the firearm 28 as required by subdivision (b) of Section 12076.

29 (2) The initial completion of the LEFT by the30 purchaser, transferee, or person being loaned the firearm31 as required by subdivision (d) of Section 12084.

32 (3) The initial completion and transmission to the 33 department of the record of electronic or telephonic 34 transfer by the dealer on the purchaser, transferee, or 35 person being loaned the firearm as required by 36 subdivision (c) of Section 12076.

37 (j) For purposes of Section 12023, a firearm shall be 38 deemed to be "loaded" whenever both the firearm and 39 the unexpended ammunition capable of being

discharged from the firearm are in the immediate 1 2 possession of the same person. (k) For purposes of Sections 12021, 12021.1, 12025, 3 12070, 12072, 12073, 12078, and 12101 of this code, and 4 5 Sections 8100, 8101, and 8103 of the Welfare and 6 Institutions Code, notwithstanding the fact that the term "any firearm" may be used in those sections, each firearm 7 8 or the frame or receiver of the same shall constitute a 9 distinct and separate offense under those sections. (1) For purposes of Section 12020, a violation of that 10 11 section as to each firearm, weapon, or device enumerated therein shall constitute a distinct and separate offense. 12 13 (m) Each application that requires any firearms 14 eligibility determination involving the issuance of any 15 license, permit, or certificate pursuant to this title shall 16 include two copies of the applicant's fingerprints on 17 forms prescribed by the Department of Justice. One copy 18 of the fingerprints may be submitted to the United States 19 Federal Bureau of Investigation. 20 (n) As used in this chapter, a "personal handgun 21 importer" means an individual who meets all of the 22 following criteria: 23 (1) He or she is not a person licensed pursuant to 24 Section 12071. (2) He or she is not a licensed manufacturer of 25 26 firearms pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code. 27 28 (3) He or she is not a licensed importer of firearms 29 pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) 30 of Title 18 of the United States Code and the regulations 31 issued pursuant thereto. 32 (4) He or she is the owner of a pistol, revolver, or other 33 firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.

34 (5) He or she acquired that pistol, revolver, or other 35 firearm capable of being concealed upon the person 36 outside of California.

37 (6) He or she moves into this state on or after January38 1, 1998, as a resident of this state.

1 (7) He or she intends to possess that pistol, revolver, or 2 other firearm capable of being concealed upon the 3 person within this state on or after January 1, 1998.

4 (8) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of 5 being concealed upon the person was not delivered to 6 him or her by a person licensed pursuant to Section 12071 7 who delivered that firearm following the procedures set 8 forth in Section 12071 and subdivision (c) of Section 9 12072.

10 (9) He or she, while a resident of this state, had not 11 previously reported his or her ownership of that pistol, 12 revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed 13 upon the person to the Department of Justice in a manner 14 prescribed by the department that included information 15 concerning him or her and a description of the firearm.

16 (10) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of 17 being concealed upon the person is not a firearm that is 18 prohibited by subdivision (a) of Section 12020.

19 (11) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of 20 being concealed upon the person is not an assault 21 weapon, as defined in Section 12276 *or* 12276.1.

(12) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable ofbeing concealed upon the person is not a machinegun, asdefined in Section 12200.

25 (13) The person is 18 years of age or older.

26 (o) For purposes of paragraph (6) of subdivision (n):

27 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), residency
28 shall be determined in the same manner as is the case for
29 establishing residency pursuant to Section 12505 of the
30 Vehicle Code.

31 (2) In the case of members of the armed forces of the 32 United States, residency shall be deemed to be 33 established when he or she was discharged from active 34 service in this state.

35 *SEC. 3.* Section 12020 of the Penal Code is amended 36 to read:

12020. (a) Any person in this state who does any ofthe following is punishable by imprisonment in a countyjail not exceeding one year or in the state prison:

1 (1) Manufactures or causes to be manufactured. imports into the state, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes 2 for sale, or who gives, lends, or possesses any cane gun or 3 wallet gun, any undetectable firearm, any firearm which 4 5 is not immediately recognizable as a firearm, anv camouflaging firearm container, any ammunition which 6 7 contains or consists of any fléchette dart, any bullet 8 containing or carrying an explosive agent, any ballistic 9 knife, any multiburst trigger activator, any nunchaku, 10 any short-barreled shotgun, any short-barreled rifle, any metal knuckles, any belt buckle knife, any leaded cane, 11 any zip gun, any shuriken, any unconventional pistol, any 12 13 lipstick case knife, any cane sword, any shobi-zue, any air 14 gauge knife, any writing pen knife, any metal military 15 practice handgrenade or metal replica handgrenade, or 16 any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known 17 as a blackjack, slungshot, billy, sandclub, sap, or sandbag.

18 (2) Commencing January 1, 2000, manufactures or 19 causes to be manufactured, imports into the state, keeps 20 for sale, or offers or exposes for sale, or who gives, or lends, 21 *except to any licensed dealer or gunsmith for the* 22 *purposes of maintenance, repair, or modification,* any 23 *detachable* large-capacity magazine.

24 (3) Carries concealed upon his or her person any25 explosive substance, other than fixed ammunition.

26 (4) Carries concealed upon his or her person any dirk 27 or dagger. However

However, a first offense involving any metal military practice handgrenade or metal replica handgrenade shall be punishable only as an infraction unless the offender is an active participant in a criminal street gang as defined in the Street Terrorism and Enforcement and Prevention Act (Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 186.29) of Title 7 of Part 1). A bullet containing or carrying an explosive agent is not a destructive device as that term is used in Section 12301.

37 (b) Subdivision (a) does not apply to any of the 38 following:

39 (1) The sale to, purchase by, or possession of 40 short-barreled shotguns or short-barreled rifles by police

offices, marshals' sheriffs' offices, 1 departments. the 2 California Highway Patrol, the Department of Justice, or 3 the military or naval forces of this state or of the United States for use in the discharge of their official duties or the 4 possession of short-barreled shotguns and short-barreled 5 rifles by regular, salaried, full-time members of a police 6 7 department. sheriff's office. marshal's office. the 8 California Highway Patrol, or the Department of Justice 9 when on duty and the use is authorized by the agency and 10 is within the course and scope of their duties.

11 (2) The manufacture, possession, transportation or 12 sale of short-barreled shotguns or short-barreled rifles 13 when authorized by the Department of Justice pursuant 14 to Article 6 (commencing with Section 12095) of this 15 chapter and not in violation of federal law.

16 (3) The possession of a nunchaku on the premises of a 17 school which holds a regulatory or business license and 18 teaches the arts of self-defense.

(4) The manufacture of a nunchaku for sale to, or thesale of a nunchaku to, a school which holds a regulatoryor business license and teaches the arts of self-defense.

22 (5) Any antique firearm. For purposes of this section, 23 "antique firearm" means any firearm not designed or 24 redesigned for using rimfire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or 25 26 before 1898 (including any matchlock, flintlock. percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system or 27 28 replica thereof, whether actually manufactured before or after the year 1898) and also any firearm using fixed 29 ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which 30 31 ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United 32 States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels 33 of commercial trade.

34 (6) Tracer ammunition manufactured for use in 35 shotguns.

36 (7) Any firearm or ammunition which is a curio or relic 37 as defined in Section 178.11 of Title 27 of the Code of 38 Federal Regulations and which is in the possession of a 39 person permitted to possess the items pursuant to 40 Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of

the United States Code and the regulations issued 1 2 pursuant thereto. Any person prohibited by Section 12021, 12021.1, or 12101 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 3 4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code from possessing 5 firearms or ammunition who obtains title to these items by bequest or intestate succession may retain title for not 6 more than one year, but actual possession of these items 7 at any time is punishable pursuant to Section 12021, 8 9 12021.1, or 12101 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the 10 Welfare and Institutions Code. Within the year, the 11 person shall transfer title to the firearms or ammunition by sale, gift, or other disposition. Any person who violates 12 13 this paragraph is in violation of subdivision (a).

14 (8) Any other weapon as defined in subsection (e) of 15 Section 5845 of Title 26 of the United States Code and 16 which is in the possession of a person permitted to possess the weapons pursuant to the federal Gun Control Act of 17 18 1968 (Public Law 90-618), as amended. and the regulations issued 19 pursuant thereto. Any person 20 prohibited by Section 12021, 12021.1, or 12101 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions 21 22 Code from possessing these weapons who obtains title to 23 these weapons by bequest or intestate succession may retain title for not more than one year, but actual 24 possession of these weapons at any time is punishable 25 26 pursuant to Section 12021, 12021.1, or 12101 of this code or 27 Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. 28 Within the year, the person shall transfer title to the weapons by sale, gift, or other disposition. Any person 29 30 who violates this paragraph is in violation of subdivision 31 (a). The exemption provided in this subdivision does not 32 apply to pen guns.

33 (9) Instruments or devices that are possessed by 34 federal, state, and local historical societies, museums, and 35 institutional collections which are open to the public, 36 provided that these instruments or devices are properly 37 housed, secured from unauthorized handling, and, if the 38 instrument or device is a firearm, unloaded.

39 (10) Instruments or devices, other than short-barreled 40 shotguns or short-barreled rifles, that are possessed or

utilized during the course of a motion picture, television,
 or video production or entertainment event by an
 authorized participant therein in the course of making
 that production or event or by an authorized employee
 or agent of the entity producing that production or event.

6 (11) Instruments or devices, other than short-barreled 7 shotguns or short-barreled rifles, that are sold bv. manufactured by, exposed or kept for sale by, possessed 8 9 by, imported by, or lent by persons who are in the business of selling instruments or devices listed in 10 11 subdivision (a) solely to the entities referred to in paragraphs (9) and (10) when engaging in transactions 12 13 with those entities.

14 (12) The sale to, possession of, or purchase of any 15 weapon, device. or ammunition. other than а 16 short-barreled rifle or short-barreled shotgun, by any 17 federal, state, county, city and county, or city agency that 18 is charged with the enforcement of any law for use in the discharge of their official duties, or the possession of any 19 20 weapon, device. ammunition, other than or а 21 short-barreled rifle or short-barreled shotgun, by peace officers thereof when on duty and the use is authorized 22 23 by the agency and is within the course and scope of their 24 duties.

(13) Weapons, devices, and ammunition, other than a short-barreled rifle or short-barreled shotgun, that are sold by, manufactured by, exposed, or kept for sale by, possessed by, imported by, or lent by, persons who are in the business of selling weapons, devices, and ammunition listed in subdivision (a) solely to the entities referred to in paragraph (12) when engaging in transactions with those entities.

33 (14) The manufacture for, sale to, exposing or keeping 34 for sale to, importation of, or lending of wooden clubs or 35 batons to special police officers or uniformed security 36 guards authorized to carry any wooden club or baton 37 pursuant to Section 12002 by entities that are in the 38 business of selling wooden batons or clubs to special police 39 officers and uniformed security guards when engaging in 40 transactions with those persons.

1 (15) Any plastic toy handgrenade, or any metal 2 military practice handgrenade or metal replica handgrenade that is a relic, curio, memorabilia, or display 3 item, that is filled with a permanent inert substance or 4 5 that is otherwise permanently altered in a manner that 6 prevents ready modification for use as a grenade.

7 (16) Any instrument, ammunition, weapon, or device 8 listed in subdivision (a) that is not a firearm that is found 9 and possessed by a person who meets all of the following:

10 (A) The person is not prohibited from possessing 11 firearms or ammunition pursuant to Section 12021 or 12 12021.1 or paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 13 12316 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare 14 and Institutions Code.

(B) The possessed 15 person the instrument. 16 ammunition, weapon, or device no longer than was 17 necessary to deliver or transport the same to a law agency's 18 enforcement agency for that disposition 19 according to law.

20 (C) If the person is transporting the listed item, he or 21 she is transporting the listed item to a law enforcement 22 agency for disposition according to law.

23 (17) Any firearm, other than a short-barreled rifle or24 short-barreled shotgun, that is found and possessed by a25 person who meets all of the following:

26 (A) The person is not prohibited from possessing 27 firearms or ammunition pursuant to Section 12021 or 28 12021.1 or paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 29 12316 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare 30 and Institutions Code.

31 (B) The person possessed the firearm no longer than 32 was necessary to deliver or transport the same to a law 33 enforcement agency for that agency's disposition 34 according to law.

35 (C) If the person is transporting the firearm, he or she 36 is transporting the firearm to a law enforcement agency 37 for disposition according to law.

38 (D) Prior to transporting the firearm to a law 39 enforcement agency, he or she has given prior notice to 40 that law enforcement agency that he or she is

1 transporting the firearm to that law enforcement agency 2 for disposition according to law.

3 (E) The firearm is transported in a locked container as 4 defined in subdivision (d) of Section 12026.2.

5 (18) The possession of any weapon, device, or 6 ammunition, by a forensic laboratory or any authorized 7 agent or employee thereof in the course and scope of his 8 or her authorized activities.

9 (19) The sale to, or purchase of, any large-capacity 10 ammunition feeding device by, any federal, state, county, 11 city and county, or city agency that is charged with the 12 enforcement of any law for use in the discharge of their 13 official duties when on duty and the use is authorized by 14 the agency and is within the course and scope of their 15 duties.

16 (20) *The sale to, or purchase of any large-capacity* 17 *ammunition feeding device by, a licensed gun dealer.*

18 (c) (1) As used in this section, a "short-barreled 19 shotgun" means any of the following:

20 (A) A firearm which is designed or redesigned to fire 21 a fixed shotgun shell and having a barrel or barrels of less 22 than 18 inches in length.

(B) A firearm which has an overall length of less than24 26 inches and which is designed or redesigned to fire a25 fixed shotgun shell.

26 (C) Any weapon made from a shotgun (whether by
27 alteration, modification, or otherwise) if that weapon, as
28 modified, has an overall length of less than 26 inches or a
29 barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length.

30 (D) Any device which may be readily restored to fire 31 a fixed shotgun shell which, when so restored, is a device 32 defined in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive.

33 (E) Any part, or combination of parts, designed and 34 intended to convert a device into a device defined in 35 subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, or any combination 36 of parts from which a device defined in subparagraphs 37 (A) to (C), inclusive, can be readily assembled if those 38 parts are in the possession or under the control of the 39 same person.

1 (2) As used in this section, a "short-barreled rifle" 2 means any of the following:

3 (A) A rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 4 inches in length.

5 (B) A rifle with an overall length of less than 26 inches.

6 (C) Any weapon made from a rifle (whether by 7 alteration, modification, or otherwise) if that weapon, as 8 modified, has an overall length of less than 26 inches or a 9 barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length.

10 (D) Any device which may be readily restored to fire 11 a fixed cartridge which, when so restored, is a device 12 defined in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive.

13 (E) Any part, or combination of parts, designed and 14 intended to convert a device into a device defined in 15 subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, or any combination 16 of parts from which a device defined in subparagraphs 17 (A) to (C), inclusive, may be readily assembled if those 18 parts are in the possession or under the control of the 19 same person.

20 (3) As used in this section, a "nunchaku" means an 21 instrument consisting of two or more sticks, clubs, bars or 22 rods to be used as handles, connected by a rope, cord, 23 wire, or chain, in the design of a weapon used in 24 connection with the practice of a system of self-defense 25 such as karate.

26 (4) As used in this section, a "wallet gun" means any 27 firearm mounted or enclosed in a case, resembling a 28 wallet, designed to be or capable of being carried in a 29 pocket or purse, if the firearm may be fired while 30 mounted or enclosed in the case.

(5) As used in this section, a "cane gun" means any
firearm mounted or enclosed in a stick, staff, rod, crutch,
or similar device, designed to be, or capable of being used
as, an aid in walking, if the firearm may be fired while
mounted or enclosed therein.

36 (6) As used in this section, a "fléchette dart" means a 37 dart, capable of being fired from a firearm, which 38 measures approximately one inch in length, with tail fins 39 which take up five-sixteenths of an inch of the body.

(7) As used in this section, "metal knuckles" means 1 2 any device or instrument made wholly or partially of metal which is worn for purposes of offense or defense in 3 4 or on the hand and which either protects the wearer's 5 hand while striking a blow or increases the force of impact 6 from the blow or injury to the individual receiving the 7 blow. The metal contained in the device may help 8 support the hand or fist, provide a shield to protect it, or 9 consist of projections or studs which would contact the 10 individual receiving a blow.

(8) As used in this section, a "ballistic knife" means a
device that propels a knifelike blade as a projectile by
means of a coil spring, elastic material, or compressed gas.
Ballistic knife does not include any device which propels
an arrow or a bolt by means of any common bow,
compound bow, crossbow, or underwater spear gun.

17 (9) As used in this section, a "camouflaging firearm 18 container" means a container which meets all of the 19 following criteria:

20 (A) It is designed and intended to enclose a firearm.

21 (B) It is designed and intended to allow the firing of 22 the enclosed firearm by external controls while the 23 firearm is in the container.

24 (C) It is not readily recognizable as containing a 25 firearm.

26 "Camouflaging firearm container" does not include 27 any camouflaging covering used while engaged in lawful 28 hunting or while going to or returning from a lawful 29 hunting expedition.

30 (10) As used in this section, a "zip gun" means any 31 weapon or device which meets all of the following 32 criteria:

(A) It was not imported as a firearm by an importer
licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with
Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code and the
regulations issued pursuant thereto.

(B) It was not originally designed to be a firearm by a
manufacturer licensed pursuant to Chapter 44
(commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United
States Code and the regulations issued pursuant thereto.

(C) No tax was paid on the weapon or device nor was 1 2 an exemption from paying tax on that weapon or device 3 under Section 4181 and subchapters granted F (commencing with Section 4216) and G (commencing 4 with Section 4221) of Chapter 32 of Title 26 of the United 5 6 States Code, as amended, and the regulations issued 7 pursuant thereto. 8 (D) It is made or altered to expel a projectile by the 9 force of an explosion or other form of combustion. (11) As used in this section, a "shuriken" means any 10 11 instrument, without handles, consisting of a metal plate having three or more radiating points with one or more 12 13 sharp edges and designed in the shape of a polygon, 14 trefoil, cross, star, diamond, or other geometric shape for 15 use as a weapon for throwing. (12) As used in this section, an "unconventional pistol" 16 means a firearm that does not have a rifled bore and has 17 a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length or has 18 an overall length of less than 26 inches. 19 20 (13) As used in this section, a "belt buckle knife" is a knife which is made an integral part of a belt buckle and 21 22 consists of a blade with a length of at least $2^{1/2}$ inches. (14) As used in this section, a "lipstick case knife" 23 24 means a knife enclosed within and made an integral part of a lipstick case. 25 (15) As used in this section, a "cane sword" means a 26 27 cane, swagger stick, stick, staff, rod, pole, umbrella, or 28 similar device, having concealed within it a blade that may be used as a sword or stiletto. 29 (16) As used in this section, a "shobi-zue" means a staff, 30

31 crutch, stick, rod, or pole concealing a knife or blade 32 within it which may be exposed by a flip of the wrist or 33 by a mechanical action.

34 (17) As used in this section, a "leaded cane" means a
35 staff, crutch, stick, rod, pole, or similar device,
36 unnaturally weighted with lead.

(18) As used in this section, an "air gauge knife" means
a device that appears to be an air gauge but has concealed
within it a pointed, metallic shaft that is designed to be a

1 stabbing instrument which is exposed by mechanical 2 action or gravity which locks into place when extended.

3 (19) As used in this section, a "writing pen knife" 4 means a device that appears to be a writing pen but has 5 concealed within it a pointed, metallic shaft that is 6 designed to be a stabbing instrument which is exposed by 7 mechanical action or gravity which locks into place when 8 extended or the pointed, metallic shaft is exposed by the 9 removal of the cap or cover on the device.

10 (20) As used in this section, a "rifle" means a weapon 11 designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended 12 to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned 13 and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in 14 a fixed cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a 15 rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

16 (21) As used in this section, a "shotgun" means a 17 weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and 18 intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or 19 redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the 20 explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth 21 bore either a number of projectiles (ball shot) or a single 22 projectile for each pull of the trigger.

23 (22) As used in this section, an "undetectable firearm" 24 means any weapon which meets one of the following 25 requirements:

26 (A) When, after removal of grips, stocks, and
27 magazines, it is not as detectable as the Security
28 Exemplar, by walk-through metal detectors calibrated
29 and operated to detect the Security Exemplar.

30 (B) When any major component of which, when 31 subjected to inspection by the types of X-ray machines 32 commonly used at airports, does not generate an image 33 that accurately depicts the shape of the component. 34 Barium sulfate or other compounds may be used in the 35 fabrication of the component.

36 (C) For purposes of this paragraph, the terms
37 "firearm," "major component," and "Security Exemplar"
38 have the same meanings as those terms are defined in
39 Section 922 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

All firearm detection equipment newly installed in 1 2 nonfederal public buildings in this state shall be of a type identified by either the United States Attorney General, 3 4 the Secretary of Transportation, or the Secretary of the 5 as appropriate, as available state-of-the-art Treasury, 6 equipment capable of detecting an undetectable firearm, 7 as defined, while distinguishing innocuous metal objects likely to be carried on one's person sufficient for 8 9 reasonable passage of the public. (23) As used in this section, a "multiburst trigger 10 11 activator" means one of the following devices: 12 (A) A device designed or redesigned to be attached 13 to a semiautomatic firearm which allows the firearm to 14 discharge two or more shots in a burst by activating the device. 15 (B) A 16 manual or power-driven trigger activating device constructed and designed so that when attached 17 18 to a semiautomatic firearm it increases the rate of fire of 19 that firearm. 20 (24) As used in this section, a "dirk" or "dagger" means 21 a knife or other instrument with or without a handguard 22 that is capable of ready use as a stabbing weapon that may 23 inflict great bodily injury or death. A nonlocking folding 24 knife, a folding knife that is not prohibited by Section 25 653k, or a pocketknife is capable of ready use as a stabbing 26 weapon that may inflict great bodily injury or death only 27 if the blade of the knife is exposed and locked into 28 position. (25) As used in this section, "large-capacity magazine" 29 30 means any detachable ammunition feeding device with 31 the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds, but shall not be construed to include a feeding device that has been 32 33 permanently altered so that it cannot accommodate more 34 than 10 rounds nor shall it include any .22 caliber tube

35 *ammunition feeding device*.

36 (d) Knives carried in sheaths which are worn openly37 suspended from the waist of the wearer are not concealed38 within the meaning of this section.

39 SEC. 2. Section 12022 of the Penal Code is amended 40 to read:

1 12022. (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (c) 2 and (d), any person who is armed with a firearm in the 3 commission or attempted commission of a felony shall, 4 upon conviction of that felony or attempted felony, in addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed 5 for the felony or attempted felony of which he or she has 6 7 been convicted, be punished by an additional term of one year, unless the arming is an element of the offense of 8 9 which he or she was convicted. This additional term shall apply to any person who is a principal in the commission 10 or attempted commission of a felony if one or more of the 11 12 principals is armed with a firearm, whether or not the 13 person is personally armed with a firearm. 14 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (c), and notwithstanding subdivision (d), if the firearm is an 15 assault weapon, as defined in Section 12276, a 16 large-capacity firearm, as defined in subdivision (g), or a 17 machinegun, as defined in Section 12200, the additional 18 term described in this subdivision shall be three years 19 20 whether or not the arming is an element of the offense of 21 which he or she was convicted. The additional term 22 provided in this paragraph shall apply to any person who is a principal in the commission or attempted commission 23 24 of a felony if one or more of the principals is armed with 25 an assault weapon, large-capacity firearm, as defined in subdivision (g), or machinegun whether or not the 26 person is personally armed with an assault weapon, 27 28 large-capacity firearm, as defined in subdivision (g), or 29 machinegun. 30 (b) (1) Any person who personally uses a deadly or 31 dangerous weapon in the commission or attempted commission of a felony shall, upon conviction of that 32 felony or attempted felony, in addition and consecutive 33 to the punishment prescribed for the felony or attempted 34 35 felony of which he or she has been convicted, be punished 36 by an additional term of one year, unless use of a deadly

37 or dangerous weapon is an element of the offense of

38 which he or she was convicted.

1 (2) If the person described in paragraph (1) has been 2 convicted of carjacking or attempted carjacking, the additional term shall be one, two, or three years. 3 (3) When a person is found to have personally used a 4 5 deadly or dangerous weapon in the commission or attempted commission of a felony as provided in this 6 7 subdivision and the weapon is owned by that person, the court shall order that the weapon be deemed a nuisance 8 9 and disposed of in the manner provided in Section 12028. (c) Notwithstanding the enhancement set forth in 10 11 subdivision (a), any person who is personally armed with a firearm in the commission or attempted commission of 12 a violation of Section 11351, 11351.5, 11352, 11366.5, 13 14 11366.6, 11378, 11378.5, 11379, 11379.5, or 11379.6 of the Health and Safety Code, shall, upon conviction of that 15 offense and in addition and consecutive to the 16 punishment prescribed for that offense of which he or she 17 has been convicted, be punished by an additional term of 18 imprisonment in the state prison for three, four, or five 19 years in the court's discretion. The court shall order the 20 middle term unless there are circumstances in 21 22 aggravation or mitigation. The court shall state the 23 reasons for its enhancement choice on the record at the 24 time of the sentence. (d) Notwithstanding the enhancement set forth in 25 subdivision (a), any person who is not personally armed 26 with a firearm who, knowing that another principal is 27 28 personally armed with a firearm, is a principal in the commission or attempted commission of an offense 29 specified in subdivision (c), shall, upon conviction of that 30 31 offense, be punished by an additional term of one, two, or three years in the court's discretion. The court shall order 32 33 the middle term unless there are circumstances in aggravation or mitigation. The court shall state the 34 reasons for its enhancement choice on the record at the 35 36 time of the sentence. 37 (e) For purposes of imposing an enhancement under

- 38 Section 1170.1, the enhancements under this section shall
- 39 count as one, single enhancement.

1 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 2 court may strike the additional punishment for the 3 enhancements provided in subdivision (c) or (d) in an 4 unusual case where the interests of justice would best be 5 served, if the court specifies on the record and enters into the minutes the circumstances indicating that the 6 7 interests of justice would best be served by that 8 disposition. (g) As used in this section, "large-capacity firearm" 9 means any of the following: 10 (1) A semiautomatic rifle that has a magazine with the 11 12 capacity to accept more than 10 rounds attached to it. 13 (2) A semiautomatic pistol that has a magazine with the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds attached to it. 14 15 (3) A semiautomatic shotgun that has the capacity to accept a detachable magazine. 16 17 (h) As used in this section, the following definitions 18 shall apply: 19 (1) "Magazine" shall mean any ammunition feeding 20 device. 21 (2) "Capacity to accept more than 10 rounds" shall 22 mean capable of accommodating more than 10 rounds, 23 but shall not be construed to include a feeding device that 24 has been permanently altered so that it cannot 25 accommodate more than 10 rounds. 26 SEC. 3. Section 12022.5 of the Penal Code is amended 27 to read: 28 12022.5. (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions 29 (b) and (c), any person who personally uses a firearm in 30 the commission or attempted commission of a felony shall, upon conviction of that felony or attempted felony, 31 in addition and consecutive to the punishment 32 prescribed for the felony or attempted felony of which he 33 34 or she has been convicted, be punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the state prison for 3, 4, or 10 35 36 years, unless use of a firearm is an element of the offense 37 of which he or she was convicted. (2) If the person described in paragraph (1) has been 38 39 convicted of carjacking or attempted carjacking, the

40 additional term shall be 4, 5, or 10 years. The court shall

order imposition of the middle term unless there are 1 2 circumstances in aggravation or mitigation. The court shall state its reasons for its enhancement choice on the 3 record at the time of sentencing. 4 5 (b) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a 6 felony, including murder or attempted murder, in which 7 that person discharged a firearm at an occupied motor 8 9 vehicle which caused great bodily injury or death to the person of another, shall, upon conviction of that felony or 10 attempted felony, in addition and consecutive to the 11 sentence prescribed for the felony or attempted felony, 12 13 be punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the 14 state prison for 5, 6, or 10 years. (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any person who 15 personally uses an assault weapon, as specified in Section 16 12276, large-capacity firearm, as defined in subdivision 17 (g), or a machinegun, as defined in Section 12200, in the 18 commission or attempted commission of a felony, shall, 19 upon conviction of that felony or attempted felony, in 20 addition and consecutive to the sentence prescribed for 21 22 the felony or attempted felony, be punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the state prison for 5, 23 24 6, or 10 years. (c) Notwithstanding the enhancement set forth in 25 subdivision (a), any person who personally uses a firearm 26 in the commission or attempted commission of a violation 27 28 of Section 11351, 11351.5, 11352, 11366.5, 11366.6, 11378, 11378.5, 11379, 11379.5, or 11379.6 of the Health and Safety 29 Code, shall, upon conviction of that offense and in 30 addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed 31 for the offense of which he or she has been convicted, be 32 punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the 33 state prison for 3, 4, or 10 years in the court's discretion. 34 35 The court shall order the imposition of the middle term unless there are circumstances in aggravation or 36 37 mitigation. The court shall state the reasons for its enhancement choice on the record. 38

- 39 (d) The additional term provided by this section may
- 40 be imposed in cases of assault with a firearm under
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paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 245, or assault 1 2 with a deadly weapon which is a firearm under Section 3 245, or murder if the killing was perpetrated by means of 4 shooting a firearm from a motor vehicle, intentionally at another person outside of the vehicle with the intent to 5 inflict great bodily injury or death. 6 7 (c) When a person is found to have personally used a 8 firearm, an assault weapon, or a machinegun in the 9 commission or attempted commission of a felony as provided in this section and the firearm, assault weapon, 10 or machinegun is owned by that person, the court shall 11 order that the firearm be deemed a nuisance and 12 13 disposed of in the manner provided in Section 12028. 14 (f) For purposes of imposing an enhancement under Section 1170.1, the enhancements under this section shall 15 count as one, single enhancement. 16 (g) As used in this section, "large-capacity firearm" 17 means any of the following: 18 19 (1) A semiautomatic rifle that has a magazine with the 20 capacity to accept more than 10 rounds attached to it. 21 (2) A semiautomatic pistol that has a detachable 22 magazine with the capacity to accept more than 10 23 rounds attached to it. 24 (3) A semiautomatic shotgun that has the capacity to 25 accept a detachable magazine. 26 (h) As used in this section, the following definitions 27 shall apply: 28 (1) "Magazine" shall mean any ammunition feeding 29 device. 30 (2) "Capacity to accept more than 10 rounds" shall mean capable of accommodating more than 10 rounds, 31 32 but shall not be construed to include a feeding device that has been permanently altered so that it cannot 33 accommodate more than 10 rounds. 34 35 SEC. 4. Section 12022 of the Penal Code is amended 36 *SEC.* 4. 37 to read: 12022. (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (c) 38 39 and (d), any person who is armed with a firearm in the commission or attempted commission of a felony shall, 40

upon conviction of that felony or attempted felony, in 1 2 addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed for the felony or attempted felony of which he or she has 3 4 been convicted, be punished by an additional term of one 5 year, unless the arming is an element of the offense of 6 which he or she was convicted. This additional term shall apply to any person who is a principal in the commission 7 8 or attempted commission of a felony if one or more of the 9 principals is armed with a firearm, whether or not the person is personally armed with a firearm. 10

11 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (c), and 12 notwithstanding subdivision (d), if the firearm is an 13 assault weapon, as defined in Section 12276 or Section 14 12276.1, or a machinegun, as defined in Section 12200, the additional term described in this subdivision shall be 15 16 three years whether or not the arming is an element of 17 the offense of which he or she was convicted. The additional term provided in this paragraph shall apply to 18 any person who is a principal in the commission or 19 20 attempted commission of a felony if one or more of the 21 principals is armed with an assault weapon or 22 machinegun whether or not the person is personally 23 armed with an assault weapon or machinegun.

(b) (1) Any person who personally uses a deadly or 24 25 dangerous weapon in the commission or attempted commission of a felony shall, upon conviction of that 26 felony or attempted felony, in addition and consecutive 27 28 to the punishment prescribed for the felony or attempted felony of which he or she has been convicted, be punished 29 30 by an additional term of one year, unless use of a deadly 31 or dangerous weapon is an element of the offense of which he or she was convicted. 32

33 (2) If the person described in paragraph (1) has been
34 convicted of carjacking or attempted carjacking, the
35 additional term shall be one, two, or three years.

36 (3) When a person is found to have personally used a 37 deadly or dangerous weapon in the commission or 38 attempted commission of a felony as provided in this 39 subdivision and the weapon is owned by that person, the

1 court shall order that the weapon be deemed a nuisance 2 and disposed of in the manner provided in Section 12028.

3 (c) Notwithstanding the enhancement set forth in subdivision (a), any person who is personally armed with 4 5 a firearm in the commission or attempted commission of a violation of Section 11351, 11351.5, 11352, 11366.5, 6 11366.6, 11378, 11378.5, 11379, 11379.5, or 11379.6 of the 7 8 Health and Safety Code, shall, upon conviction of that 9 offense and in addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed for that offense of which he or she 10 11 has been convicted, be punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the state prison for three, four, or five 12 13 years in the court's discretion. The court shall order the 14 middle term unless there are circumstances in aggravation or mitigation. The court shall state 15 the 16 reasons for its enhancement choice on the record at the 17 time of the sentence.

(d) Notwithstanding 18 the enhancement set forth in 19 subdivision (a), any person who is not personally armed 20 with a firearm who, knowing that another principal is personally armed with a firearm, is a principal in the 21 22 commission or attempted commission of an offense specified in subdivision (c), shall, upon conviction of that 23 24 offense, be punished by an additional term of one, two, or three years in the court's discretion. The court shall order 25 26 the middle term unless there are circumstances in 27 aggravation or mitigation. The court shall state the 28 reasons for its enhancement choice on the record at the 29 time of the sentence.

30 (e) For purposes of imposing an enhancement under 31 Section 1170.1, the enhancements under this section shall 32 count as one, single enhancement.

33 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 34 court may strike the additional punishment for the 35 enhancements provided in subdivision (c) or (d) in an 36 unusual case where the interests of justice would best be served, if the court specifies on the record and enters into 37 circumstances indicating 38 the minutes the that the 39 interests of justice would best be served by that 40 disposition.

1 SEC. 5. Section 12022.5 of the Penal Code is amended 2 to read:

3 12022.5. (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c), any person who personally uses a firearm in 4 5 the commission or attempted commission of a felony 6 shall, upon conviction of that felony or attempted felony, 7 consecutive in addition and to the punishment prescribed for the felony or attempted felony of which he 8 9 or she has been convicted, be punished by an additional 10 term of imprisonment in the state prison for 3, 4, or 10 11 years, unless use of a firearm is an element of the offense 12 of which he or she was convicted.

13 (2) If the person described in paragraph (1) has been 14 convicted of carjacking or attempted carjacking, the 15 additional term shall be 4, 5, or 10 years. The court shall 16 order imposition of the middle term unless there are 17 circumstances in aggravation or mitigation. The court 18 shall state its reasons for its enhancement choice on the 19 record at the time of sentencing.

20 (b) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any person 21 who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a 22 felony, including murder or attempted murder, in which 23 that person discharged a firearm at an occupied motor 24 vehicle which caused great bodily injury or death to the 25 person of another, shall, upon conviction of that felony or attempted felony, in addition and consecutive to the 26 27 sentence prescribed for the felony or attempted felony, 28 be punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the state prison for 5, 6, or 10 years. 29

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any person who 30 31 personally uses an assault weapon, as specified in Section 32 12276 or Section 12276.1, or a machinegun, as defined in commission 33 Section 12200, in the attempted or 34 commission of a felony, shall, upon conviction of that 35 felony or attempted felony, in addition and consecutive 36 to the sentence prescribed for the felony or attempted 37 felony. be punished by an additional term of 38 imprisonment in the state prison for 5, 6, or 10 years.

39 (c) Notwithstanding the enhancement set forth in 40 subdivision (a), any person who personally uses a firearm

in the commission or attempted commission of a violation 1 2 of Section 11351, 11351.5, 11352, 11366.5, 11366.6, 11378, 11378.5, 11379, 11379.5, or 11379.6 of the Health and Safety 3 Code, shall, upon conviction of that offense and in 4 5 addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed for the offense of which he or she has been convicted, be 6 7 punished by an additional term of imprisonment in the 8 state prison for 3, 4, or 10 years in the court's discretion. 9 The court shall order the imposition of the middle term 10 unless there are circumstances in aggravation or 11 mitigation. The court shall state the reasons for its 12 enhancement choice on the record.

13 (d) The additional term provided by this section may 14 be imposed in cases of assault with a firearm under 15 paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 245, or assault 16 with a deadly weapon which is a firearm under Section 17 245, or murder if the killing was perpetrated by means of 18 shooting a firearm from a motor vehicle, intentionally at 19 another person outside of the vehicle with the intent to 20 inflict great bodily injury or death.

(e) When a person is found to have personally used a firearm, an assault weapon, or a machinegun in the commission or attempted commission of a felony as provided in this section and the firearm, assault weapon, or machinegun is owned by that person, the court shall order that the firearm be deemed a nuisance and disposed of in the manner provided in Section 12028.

(f) For purposes of imposing an enhancement underSection 1170.1, the enhancements under this section shallcount as one, single enhancement.

31 SEC. 6. Section 12276.1 is added to the Penal Code, to 32 read:

33 12276.1. (a) Notwithstanding Section 12276, "assault34 weapon" shall also mean any of the following:

35 (1) A semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has the 36 capacity to accept a detachable magazine and any one of 37 the following:

38 (A) A conspicuously protruding pistol grip.

39 (B) A thumbhole stock.

40 (C) A vertical handgrip.

- 1 (D) A folding or telescoping stock.
- 2 (E) A grenade launcher *or flare launcher*.
- 3 (F) A threaded barrel *capable of accepting a flash* 4 *suppressor, forward handgrip, or silencer.*

5 (2) A semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has a fixed 6 magazine with the capacity to accept more than 10 7 rounds.

- 8 (3) A semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has an 9 overall length of less than 30 inches.
- 10 (4) A semiautomatic pistol that has the capacity to 11 accept a detachable magazine and any one of the 12 following:
- 13 (A) A threaded barrel.
- 14 (B) A second vertical handgrip.

15 (C) A shroud that is attached to, or partially or 16 completely encircles, the barrel *that allows the bearer to* 17 *fire the weapon without burning his or her hand*, except 18 a slide that encloses the barrel.

19 (D) The capacity to accept a detachable magazine at 20 some location outside of the pistol grip.

(5) A semiautomatic pistol with a fixed magazine thathas the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds.

23 (6) A semiautomatic shotgun that has both of the 24 following:

25 (A) A folding or telescoping stock.

26 (B) A conspicuously protruding pistol grip, thumbhole 27 stock, or vertical handgrip.

28 (7) A semiautomatic shotgun that has the ability to 29 accept a detachable magazine.

- 30 (8) Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder.
- 31 (b) This section shall become operative on January 1, 32 2000.

33 (b) "Assault weapon" does not include any antique 34 firearm.

35 (c) The following definitions shall apply under this 36 section:

37 (1) "Magazine" shall mean any ammunition feeding 38 device.

39 (2) "Capacity to accept more than 10 rounds" shall 40 mean capable of accommodating more than 10 rounds,

but shall not be construed to include a feeding device that 1 2 has been permanently altered SO that it cannot 3 accommodate more than 10 rounds. firearm" 4 (3) "Antique means any firearm manufactured prior to January 1, 1898. 5 (d) This section shall become operative January 1. 6 7 2000. 8 SEC. 5. 9 SEC. 7. Section 12280 of the Penal Code is amended 10 to read: 11 12280. (a) (1) Any person who, within this state, 12 manufactures or causes to be manufactured, distributes, 13 transports, or imports into the state, keeps for sale, or 14 offers or exposes for sale, or who gives or lends any assault 15 weapon, except as provided by this chapter, is guilty of a 16 felony, and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for four, six, or eight 17 18 vears. (2) In addition and consecutive to the punishment 19 20 imposed under paragraph (1), any person who transfers, lends, sells, or gives any assault weapon to a minor in 21 22 violation of paragraph (1) shall receive an enhancement 23 of one year. 24 (b) Except as provided in Section 12288, and in 25 subdivisions (c) and (d), any person who, within this state, possesses any assault weapon, except as provided in 26 this chapter, is guilty of a public offense and upon 27 28 conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 29 prison, or in a county jail, not exceeding one year. 30 However, if the person presents proof that he or she 31 lawfully possessed the assault weapon prior to June 1, 32 1989, or prior to the date it was specified as an assault 33 weapon, and has since either registered the firearm and 34 any other lawfully obtained firearm specified by Section 35 12276 or 12276.5 pursuant to Section 12285 or relinquished 36 them pursuant to Section 12288, a first-time violation of this subdivision shall be an infraction punishable by a fine 37 of up to five hundred dollars (\$500), but not less than 38 three hundred fifty dollars (\$350), if the person has 39 otherwise possessed the firearm in compliance with 40

subdivision (c) of Section 12285. In these cases, the 1 2 firearm shall be returned unless the court finds in the interest of public safety, after notice and hearing, that the 3 assault weapon should be destroyed pursuant to Section 4 5 12028. 6 (c) A first-time violation of subdivision (b) shall be an 7 infraction punishable by a fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500), if the person was found in possession of no 8 more than two firearms in compliance with subdivision 9 10 (c) of Section 12285 and the person meets all of the 11 following conditions: 12 person proves by a preponderance of (1) The 13 evidence that he or she lawfully possessed the assault 14 weapon prior to the date it was defined as an assault 15 weapon pursuant to Section 12276.1. (2) The person is not found in possession of a firearm 16 specified as an assault weapon pursuant to Section 12276 17 18 or Section 12276.5. (3) The person has not previously been convicted of 19 20 violating this section. 21 (4) The person was found to be in possession of the 22 assault weapons within one year following the end of the 23 one-year registration period established pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 12285. 24 (5) The person has since registered the firearms and 25 26 any other lawfully obtained firearms defined by Section 12276.1, pursuant to Section 12285, except as provided for 27 28 by this section, or relinquished them pursuant to Section 12288. 29 30 (d) Firearms seized pursuant to subdivision (c) shall 31 be returned unless the court finds in the interest of public safety, after notice and hearing, that the assault weapon 32 should be destroyed pursuant to Section 12028. 33 34 (e) Notwithstanding Section 654 or any other 35 provision of law, any person who commits another crime 36 while violating this section may receive an additional, 37 consecutive punishment of one year for violating this 38 section in addition and consecutive to the punishment, 39 including enhancements, which is prescribed for the 40 other crime.

1 (f) Subdivisions (a) and (b) shall not apply to the sale 2 to, purchase by, or possession of assault weapons by the 3 Department of Justice, police departments, sheriffs' offices, marshals' offices, the Department of Corrections, 4 5 the Department of the California Highway Patrol, district attorneys' offices, or the military or naval forces of this 6 7 state or of the United States for use in the discharge of 8 their official duties; nor shall anything in this chapter 9 prohibit the possession or use of assault weapons by sworn 10 members of these agencies when on duty, whether the 11 officer is on or off duty, or the possession by an individual who is retired from service with a law enforcement 12 13 agency and who is not otherwise prohibited from 14 possessing an assault-weapon transferred to the individual by the agency upon his or her retirement. weapon. 15

16 (g) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to the possession of 17 an assault weapon, as defined in Section 12276, by any 18 person during the 1990 calendar year, during the 90-day 19 period immediately after the date it was specified as an 20 assault weapon pursuant to Section 12276.5, or during the 21 one-year period after the date it was defined as an assault 22 weapon pursuant to Section 12276.1, if all of the following 23 are applicable:

(1) The person is eligible under this chapter to registerthe particular assault weapon.

26 (2) The person lawfully possessed the particular 27 assault weapon described in paragraph (1) prior to June 28 1, 1989, if the weapon is specified as an assault weapon pursuant to Section 12276, or prior to the date it was 29 specified as an assault weapon pursuant to Section 30 31 12276.5, or prior to the date it was defined as an assault 32 weapon pursuant to Section 12276.1.

33 (3) The person is otherwise in compliance with this 34 chapter.

35 (h) Subdivisions (a) and (b) shall not apply to the 36 manufacture by persons who are issued permits pursuant 37 to Section 12287 of assault weapons for sale to the 38 following:

39 (1) Exempt entities listed in subdivision (f).

7

1 (2) Entities and persons who have been issued permits 2 pursuant to Section 12286.

3 (3) Entities outside the state who have, in effect, a 4 federal firearms dealer's license solely for the purpose of 5 distribution to an entity listed in paragraphs (4) to (6), 6 inclusive.

(4) Federal military and law enforcement agencies.

8 (5) Law enforcement and military agencies of other 9 states.

10 (6) Foreign governments and agencies approved by 11 the United States State Department.

12 (i) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to a person who is 13 the executor or administrator of an estate that includes an 14 assault weapon registered under Section 12285 which is 15 disposed of as authorized by the probate court, if the 16 disposition is otherwise permitted by this chapter.

17 (j) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to a person who is 18 the executor or administrator of an estate that includes an 19 assault weapon registered under Section 12285, if the 20 assault weapon is possessed at a place set forth in 21 paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 12285 or as 22 authorized by the probate court.

23 (k) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to:

(1) A person who lawfully possesses and has registeredan assault weapon pursuant to this chapter who lends thatassault weapon to another if all the following apply:

(A) The person to whom the assault weapon is lent is
18 years of age or over and is not in a class of persons
prohibited from possessing firearms by virtue of Section
12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the
Welfare and Institutions Code.

32 (B) The person to whom the assault weapon is lent 33 remains in the presence of the registered possessor of the 34 assault weapon.

35 (C) The assault weapon is possessed at any of the 36 following locations:

(i) While on a target range that holds a regulatory orbusiness license for the purpose of practicing shooting atthat target range.

1 (ii) While on the premises of a target range of a public 2 or private club or organization organized for the purpose 3 of practicing shooting at targets.

4 (iii) While attending any exhibition, display, or educational project that is about firearms and that is 5 sponsored by, conducted under the auspices 6 of, or 7 approved by a law enforcement agency or a nationally or 8 state recognized entity that fosters proficiency in, or 9 promotes education about, firearms.

10 (2) The return of an assault weapon to the registered 11 possessor which is lent by the same pursuant to paragraph 12 (1).

13 (*l*) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to the possession of 14 an assault weapon by a person to whom an assault weapon 15 is lent pursuant to subdivision-(i) (k).

16 (m) Subdivisions (a) and (b) shall not apply to the 17 possession and importation of an assault weapon into this 18 state by a nonresident if all of the following conditions are 19 met:

20 (1) The person is attending or going directly to or 21 coming directly from an organized competitive match or 22 league competition that involves the use of an assault 23 weapon.

24 (2) The competition or match is conducted on the 25 premises of one of the following:

26 (i) A target range that holds a regulatory or business 27 license for the purpose of practicing shooting at that 28 target range.

29 (ii) A target range of a public or private club or 30 organization that is organized for the purpose of 31 practicing shooting at targets.

32 (3) The match or competition is sponsored by, 33 conducted under the auspices of, or approved by, a law 34 enforcement agency or a nationally or state recognized 35 entity that fosters proficiency in, or promotes education 36 about, firearms.

37 (4) The assault weapon is transported in accordance38 with Section 12026.1 or 12026.2.

39 (5) The person is 18 years of age or over and is not in 40 a class of persons prohibited from possessing firearms by

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virtue of Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. (n) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to any of the following persons: (1) A person acting in accordance with Section 12286. (2) A person who has a permit to possess an assault weapon issued pursuant to Section 12286 when he or she is acting in accordance with Section 12285 or 12286. (o) Subdivisions (a) and (b) shall not apply to any of 10 the following persons: (1) A person acting in accordance with Section 12285. (2) A person acting in accordance with Section 12286 or 12290. (p) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to the registered 15 owner of an assault weapon possessing that firearm in accordance with subdivision (c) of Section 12285. (q) As used in this chapter, the date a firearm is an assault weapon is the earliest of the following: (1) The effective date of an amendment to Section 12276 that adds the designation of the specified firearm. (2) The effective date of the list promulgated pursuant to Section 12276.5 that adds or changes the designation of the specified firearm. (3) The operative date of Section 12276.1, as specified 25 in subdivision (b) of that section. SEC. 6. SEC. 8. Section 12285 of the Penal Code is amended 28 to read: 12285. (a) Any person who lawfully possesses an assault weapon, as defined in Section 12276, prior to June 1, 1989, shall register the firearm by January 1, 1991, and any person who lawfully possessed an assault weapon prior to the date it was specified as an assault weapon pursuant to Section 12276.5 shall register the firearm 35 within 90 days, with the Department of Justice pursuant 36 to those procedures that the department may establish. 37 Except as provided in subdivision (d) (a) of Section 38 12280, any person who lawfully possessed an assault 39 weapon prior to the date it was defined as an assault 40 weapon pursuant to Section 12276.1, and which was not

1 specified as an assault weapon under Section 12276 or 2 12276.5, shall register the firearm within one year of the 3 effective date of Section 12276.1, with the department pursuant to those procedures that the department may 4 establish. The registration shall contain a description of 5 the firearm that identifies it uniquely, including all 6 identification marks, the full name, address, date of birth, 7 8 and thumbprint of the owner, and any other information 9 that department may deem appropriate. the The department may charge a fee for registration of up to 10 11 twenty dollars (\$20) per person but not to exceed the actual processing costs of the department. After the 12 13 department establishes fees sufficient to reimburse the 14 department for processing costs, fees charged shall 15 increase at a rate not to exceed the legislatively approved 16 annual cost-of-living adjustment for the department's 17 budget or as otherwise increased through the Budget Act.

(b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), 18 no 19 assault weapon possessed pursuant to this section may be 20 sold or transferred on or after January 1, 1990, to anyone within this state other than to a licensed gun dealer, as 21 22 defined in subdivision (c) of Section 12290, or as provided in Section 12288. Any person who (A) obtains title to an 23 24 assault weapon registered under this section by bequest 25 or intestate succession, or (B) lawfully possessed a firearm subsequently declared to be an assault weapon 26 pursuant to Section 12276.5, or subsequently defined as an 27 28 assault weapon pursuant to Section 12276.1, shall, within 90 days, render the weapon permanently inoperable, sell 29 30 the weapon to a licensed gun dealer, obtain a permit from 31 the Department of Justice in the same manner as 32 specified in Article 3 (commencing with Section 12230) 33 of Chapter 2, or remove the weapon from this state. A 34 person who lawfully possessed a firearm that was 35 subsequently declared to be an assault weapon pursuant 36 to Section 12276.5 may alternatively register the firearm within 90 days of the declaration issued pursuant to 37 subdivision (f) of Section 12276.5. 38

1 (2) A person moving into this state, otherwise in lawful 2 possession of an assault weapon, shall do one of the 3 following:

4 (A) Prior to bringing the assault weapon into this state, 5 that person shall first obtain a permit from the 6 Department of Justice in the same manner as specified in 7 Article 3 (commencing with Section 12230) of Chapter 2.

8 (B) The person shall cause the assault weapon to be 9 delivered to a licensed gun dealer, as defined in 10 subdivision (c) of Section 12290, in this state in accordance with Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 11 12 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code and the 13 regulations issued pursuant thereto. If the person obtains 14 a permit from the Department of Justice in the same 15 manner as specified in Article 3 (commencing with 16 Section 12230) of Chapter 2, the dealer shall redeliver that assault weapon to the person. If the licensed gun 17 dealer, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 12290, is 18 prohibited from delivering the assault weapon to a person 19 20 pursuant to this paragraph, the dealer shall possess or 21 dispose of the assault weapon as allowed by this chapter.

22 (c) A person who has registered an assault weapon 23 under this section may possess it only under any of the 24 following conditions unless a permit allowing additional 25 uses is first obtained under Section 12286:

26 (1) At that person's residence, place of business, or27 other property owned by that person, or on property28 owned by another with the owner's express permission.

(2) While on the premises of a target range of a publicor private club or organization organized for the purposeof practicing shooting at targets.

32 (3) While on a target range that holds a regulatory or 33 business license for the purpose of practicing shooting at 34 that target range.

35 (4) While on the premises of a shooting club which is36 licensed pursuant to the Fish and Game Code.

37 (5) While attending any exhibition, display, or 38 educational project which is about firearms and which is 39 sponsored by, conducted under the auspices of, or 40 approved by a law enforcement agency or a nationally or

1 state recognized entity that fosters proficiency in, or 2 promotes education about, firearms.

3 (6) While on publicly owned land if the possession and 4 use of a firearm described in Section 12276 *or 12276.1* is 5 specifically permitted by the managing agency of the 6 land.

7 (7) While transporting the assault weapon between 8 any of the places mentioned in this subdivision, or to any 9 licensed gun dealer, as defined in subdivision (c) of 10 Section 12290, for servicing or repair pursuant to 11 subdivision (b) of Section 12290, if the assault weapon is 12 transported as required by Section 12026.1.

(d) No person who is under the age of 18 years, no
person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm by
Section 12021 or 12021.1, and no person described in
Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code
may register or possess an assault weapon.

18 (e) The department's registration procedures shall 19 provide the option of joint registration for assault 20 weapons owned by family members residing in the same 21 household.

(f) For 90 days following January 1, 1992, a forgiveness
period shall exist to allow persons specified in subdivision
(b) of Section 12280 to register with the Department of
Justice assault weapons that they lawfully possessed prior
to June 1, 1989.

(g) Any person who registered a firearm as an assault weapon pursuant to the provisions of law in effect prior to January 1, 2000, where the assault weapon is thereafter defined as an assault weapon pursuant to Section 12276.1, shall be deemed to have registered the weapon for purposes of this chapter and shall not be required to reregister the weapon pursuant to this section.

(h) Any person who registers his or her assault weapon
during the 90-day forgiveness period described in
subdivision (f), and any person whose registration form
was received by the Department of Justice after January
1, 1991, and who was issued a temporary registration prior
to the end of the forgiveness period, shall not be charged
with a violation of subdivision (b) of Section 12280, if law

1 enforcement becomes aware of that violation only as a 2 result of the registration of the assault weapon. This 3 subdivision shall have no effect upon persons charged 4 with a violation of subdivision (b) of Section 12280 of the 5 Penal Code prior to January 1, 1992, provided that law 6 enforcement was aware of the violation before the 7 weapon was registered.

8 <u>SEC. 7.</u>

9 SEC. 9. Section 12289 of the Penal Code is amended 10 to read:

11 12289. (a) The Department of Justice shall conduct a 12 public education and notification program regarding the 13 registration of assault weapons and the definition of the 14 weapons set forth in Section 12276.1. The public shall 15 education and notification program include 16 outreach enforcement to local law agencies and utilization of public service announcements in a variety 17 18 of media approaches, to ensure maximum publicity of the forgiveness period the 19 limited of registration 20 requirement specified in subdivision (f) of Section 12285 21 and consequences nonregistration. the of The department shall develop posters describing gunowners' 22 23 responsibilities under this chapter which shall be posted 24 in a conspicuous place in every licensed gun store in the state during the forgiveness period. 25

(b) Any costs incurred by the Department of Justice
to implement this section which cannot be absorbed by
the department shall be funded from the Dealers' Record
of Sale Special Account, as set forth in subdivision (d) of
Section 12076, upon appropriation by the Legislature.

31 SEC. 8.

32 SEC. 10. It was the original intent of the Legislature 33 in enacting Chapter 19 of the Statutes of 1989 to ban all 34 assault weapons, regardless of their name, model number, 35 or manufacture. It is the purpose of this act to effectively 36 achieve the Legislature's intent to prohibit all assault 37 weapons.

38 *SEC. 11.* If any phrase, clause, sentence, section, or 39 provision of this act or application thereof is held invalid 40 as to any person or circumstance, such invalidity shall not

affect any other phrase, clause, sentence, section,
 provision, or application of this act, that can be given
 effect without the invalid phrase, clause, sentence,
 section, provision, or application and to this end the
 provisions of the act are declared to be severable.

6 <u>SEC. 9.</u>

7 SEC. 12. No reimbursement is required by this act 8 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 9 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 10 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 11 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 12 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 13 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 14 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 15 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 16 XIII B of the California Constitution.

17 Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government

18 Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act

19 shall become operative on the same date that the act

20 takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.

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