

Senate Bill No. 141

Passed the Senate August 31, 2000

Secretary of the Senate

Passed the Assembly August 30, 2000

Chief Clerk of the Assembly

This bill was received by the Governor this _____ day
of _____, 2000, at _____ o'clock ____M.

Private Secretary of the Governor



CHAPTER _____

An act relating to parks and recreation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 141, Schiff. Park and recreation facilities.

Existing law provides for the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act, administered by the Department of Parks and Recreation, which provides for annual grants to cities, counties, and districts for recreational purposes.

This bill would provide for the allocation to specified cities and a district of funds appropriated to the department for that purpose in the annual Budget Act, from a source other than a prescribed fund. The bill would require the department to allocate those funds using the same criteria, dollar rate, and procedures as it employs to allocate funds to certain local agencies eligible for funding under the block grant portion of the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. (a) The Safe Neighborhood Parks, Clean Water, Clean Air, and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2000 (The Villaraigosa-Keeley Act) (Proposition 12 of the March 7, 2000, primary election; Chapter 1.692 (commencing with Section 5096.300) of Division 5 of the Public Resources Code) provides fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) in supplemental funds to cities and districts with populations under 200,000 in urbanized counties with populations of 200,000 or greater pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 5096.310 and subdivision (b) of Section 5096.336 of the Public Resources Code. Subdivision (g) of Section 5096.310 of the Public Resources Code provides two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000) in grants to cities, counties, and districts for the acquisition, development, rehabilitation, and



restoration of park and recreation areas and facilities pursuant to the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act (Chapter 3.2 (commencing with Section 5620) of Division 5 of the Public Resources Code).

(b) Of the 444 cities and districts in urbanized counties throughout the state, all but five cities and one district (Stockton, Bakersfield, Fremont, Glendale, and Riverside and the Hayward Area Recreation and Park District) qualify for supplemental per capita funding, as either "small cities" and "districts" having a population under 200,000 or heavily "urbanized areas" having a population over 300,000, as eligible cities under the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act. This inequity was not intended by the drafters of the Safe Neighborhood Parks, Clean Water, Clean Air, and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2000 or by the Legislature.

(c) It is the intent of the Legislature that the omitted five cities and one district receive supplemental per capita funding on the same basis as eligible cities with populations over 300,000 persons under the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act.

(d) Funds shall be allocated to the Cities of Stockton, Bakersfield, Fremont, Glendale, and Riverside and the Hayward Area Recreation District when funds are appropriated to the Department of Parks and Recreation for that purpose, from a source other than the Safe Neighborhood Parks, Clean Water, Clean Air, and Coastal Protection Bond Fund, in the annual Budget Act. The department shall allocate these funds using the same criteria, dollar rate, and procedures as it employs to allocate funds to local agencies with populations over 300,000 and eligible for funding under the block grant portion of the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act. Any amount in excess of the amount necessary to make that allocation shall revert to the General Fund.



(e) Funds appropriated for the purposes of subdivision (d) shall be available for encumbrance for three years after the date upon which funds first become available for encumbrance or, as allowed under Section 16304 of the Government Code, whichever period is longer.

(f) Disbursements in liquidation of encumbrances shall be made before the expiration of five years following the last day the appropriation is available for encumbrance pursuant to subdivision (e) or, in accordance with Section 16304.1 of the Government Code, whichever period is longer.



Approved _____, 2000

Governor

