AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 29, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 18, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 7, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 29, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 12, 2000 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 27, 2000

SENATE BILL

No. 1545

Introduced by Senator Costa

February 17, 2000

An act to amend Sections 17021 and 17055 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to housing.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1545, as amended, Costa. Housing: employee housing.

(1) The Employee Housing Act reserves to local jurisdictions specified planning and zoning requirements that include, among other things, the source of water supply and method of sewage disposal, except as specified.

This bill would impose specified processing requirements with respect to a building permit, grading permit, or other approval from a city or county building department for the rehabilitation of real property improvements that are or will be employee housing for agricultural employees, or from a city county health department for the operation. or construction, or repair of a water system or waste disposal system servicing employee housing for agricultural

employees. The bill would also require the local building or health department to approve or deny a complete application or permit request within 60 calendar days and would provide that if the application or permit is not approved or denied within the 60-day period, the Department of Housing and Community Development may approve the application or permit request if it determines that the plans are consistent with all *applicable building codes and* health and safety requirements. It would also require the local building or health department to inspect the plans and improvements prior to and during rehabilitation and issue a certificate of completion if the work is consistent with the plans and *all applicable codes and* health and safety requirements.

Because the bill would increase the duties of local public officials, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) Under the Employee Housing Act, if a civil action has not been filed by the enforcement agency within 34 days after receipt of the complaint has been denied, or within 34 days after the administrative complaint has been denied, and if the agency determines that the conditions alleged in the complaint continue to exist, the complainant may bring a civil action for injunctive or declaratory relief.

This bill would provide instead that a complainant may bring a civil action for injunctive relief if the enforcement agency has not filed a civil action within $\frac{10}{10} 21$ days after receipt of the complaint.

(3) Under the Employee Housing Act, if a complainant alleges, and the court finds, that residents of the employee housing were in imminent peril as a result of serious violations of the act, the complainant is not required to wait more than 5 days for the enforcement agency to bring the civil action and the complainant is authorized to do so after 5 days and is entitled to all rights and remedies pursuant to the act.

This bill would delete the 5-day waiting period.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs provisions mandated by the state. Statutory establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures for claims whose statewide costs exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 17021 of the Health and Safety 2 Code is amended to read:

3 17021. (a) Except as provided in Sections 17021.5 and 4 17021.6, local use zone requirements, local fire zones, 5 property line, source of water supply and method of 6 sewage disposal requirements are hereby specifically and 7 entirely reserved to the local jurisdictions.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with 8 9 respect to a building permit, grading permit, or other 10 approval from a city or county building department for 11 the rehabilitation of real property improvements that are 12 or will be employee housing for agricultural employees, or from a city or county health department for the 13 operation, construction, or repair of a water system or 14 waste disposal system servicing employee housing for 15 agricultural employees, all of the following processing 16 17 requirements shall apply:

(1) The local building or health department shall have 18 19 up to 60 calendar days to approve or deny a complete 20 application or permit request accompanied by applicable 21 fees, or a shorter time period if required by the Permit 22 Streamlining Act (Chapter 4.5 (commencing with 23 Section 65920) of Division 1 of Title 7 of the Government 24 Code). An application or permit request may be denied 25 on procedural grounds only if the denial occurs within 30 26 calendar days and the denial includes an itemization of the procedural defects. An application or permit request 27 may be denied on substantive grounds if the denial 28 includes an itemization of all substantive defects. 29

application or permit request is not 1 (2) If the 2 approved or denied by the local building or health department within the period prescribed by paragraph 3 4 (1), then the Department of Housing and Community 5 Development may approve the application or permit request if it determines that the plans are consistent with 6 7 all applicable building codes and health and safety requirements. At that time, the applicant may initiate any 8 9 work consistent with the application or permit approved 10 pursuant to this subdivision. Upon completion of the 11 work, any other state or local agency shall accept the 12 improvements as if they had been approved by the local 13 building or health department. However, if that other 14 local agency identifies any defects that would have that agency's disapproval 15 resulted in of the 16 improvements or plans thereto, those defects may be identified by the agency and shall be corrected by the 17 18 applicant. The local building or health department shall 19 inspect the plans and improvements prior to and during 20 rehabilitation and issue a certificate of completion if the 21 work is consistent with the plans and all applicable 22 *building codes and* health and safety requirements.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
exempt an application or permit request from complying
with the California Environmental Quality Act (Division
13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public
Resources Code).

28 (d) For purposes of this section, "agricultural29 employee" has the same meaning specified in subdivision30 (b) of Section 1140.4 of the Labor Code.

31 SEC. 2. Section 17055 of the Health and Safety Code 32 is amended to read:

33 17055. (a) Any person residing in employee housing 34 subject to this part may file an administrative complaint 35 orally or in writing with the enforcement agency. The 36 enforcement agency shall deliver a summary or copy of 37 the complaint, by mail or in person, to the owner or 38 operator, at the time of filing the complaint.

39 (b) If a civil action under this part has not been filed 40 by the enforcement agency within $\frac{10}{10} 21$ days after receipt

1 of the complaint, the complainant may bring a civil 2 action for injunctive or declaratory relief and appropriate 3 statutory damages, civil penalties, actual damages, 4 penalties, and other remedies which arise from any 5 violation of this part, building standards published in the 6 State Building Standards Code relating to employee 7 housing, regulations adopted pursuant to this part, or 8 conditions of the permit.

9 (c) In any civil action under this section, if the 10 enforcement agency certifies that the employee housing 11 is in compliance with this part, building standards published in the State Building Standards Code relating 12 13 to employee housing, regulations adopted pursuant to 14 this part, and conditions of the permit, no injunctive relief 15 related to mandatory repairs shall be granted with 16 respect to any alleged violation covered by the 17 certificate.

18 (d) In any civil action brought by a private person or 19 entity under this section, the private person or entity may 20 be granted reasonable attorney's fees and costs, in 21 addition to any other remedy granted, if the private 22 person or entity prevails, and if the trier of fact finds that 23 the violations involve retaliation or are so extensive and 24 of such a nature that the immediate health and safety of 25 residents or the public is endangered or has been 26 endangered.

27 (e) If a complainant alleges, and the court finds, that 28 residents of the employee housing were in imminent 29 peril as a result of serious violations of this part, the 30 complainant may immediately proceed with the filing of 31 a civil action without regard to the 10 day 21-day waiting 32 period specified in subdivision (b).

33 SEC. 3. Notwithstanding Section 17610 of the 34 Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates 35 determines that this act contains costs mandated by the 36 state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 37 38 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the 39 40 claim for reimbursement does not exceed one million

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- 1 dollars (\$1,000,000), reimbursement shall be made from 2 the State Mandates Claims Fund.

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