

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 4, 2010

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009—10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 516

Introduced by Assembly Member Niello

February 24, 2009

An act to amend Section 4453 of the Labor Code, relating to workers' compensation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 516, as amended, Niello. Workers' compensation: temporary ~~disability~~; *disability: local inmates*.

Existing workers' compensation law generally requires employers to secure the payment of workers' compensation, including medical treatment, for injuries incurred by their employees that arise out of, ~~or~~ *and* in the course of, employment. Existing law provides certain methods for determining workers' compensation benefits payable to a worker or his or her dependents for purposes of temporary disability, permanent total disability, permanent partial disability, and in case of death. Existing law requires, in computing average annual earnings for the purposes of temporary disability indemnity and permanent total disability indemnity only, that the average weekly earnings be taken, for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2006, at not less than \$189, nor more than \$1,260 or 1.5 times the state average weekly wage, whichever is greater, and, commencing January 1, 2007, and each January thereafter, requires that those limits be increased by an amount equal to the percentage increase in the state average weekly wage as compared to the prior year.

Existing law provides that whenever a person confined in the county jail, industrial farm, road camp, or city jail suffers injuries or death

while working in the prevention or suppression of forest, brush, or grass fires, he or she shall be considered to be an employee of the county or city, respectively, for purposes of workers' compensation.

Existing law provides that persons performing certain duties under a county work release program shall be eligible for workers' compensation.

This bill would require, for injuries to an inmate of any county jail or an inmate assigned to a county work release program occurring on or after January 1, 2010, for temporary disability, that the benefit amounts payable to an injured worker be not less than an amount equal to the employee's weekly earnings from all employers, nor more than \$1,260, or 1.5 times the state average wage, whichever is greater.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 4453 of the Labor Code is amended to
2 read:
3 4453. (a) In computing average annual earnings for the
4 purposes of temporary disability indemnity and permanent total
5 disability indemnity only, the average weekly earnings shall be
6 taken at:
7 (1) Not less than one hundred twenty-six dollars (\$126) nor
8 more than two hundred ninety-four dollars (\$294), for injuries
9 occurring on or after January 1, 1983.
10 (2) Not less than one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) nor
11 more than three hundred thirty-six dollars (\$336), for injuries
12 occurring on or after January 1, 1984.
13 (3) Not less than one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) for
14 permanent total disability, and, for temporary disability, not less
15 than the lesser of one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) or 1.5
16 times the employee's average weekly earnings from all employers,
17 but in no event less than one hundred forty-seven dollars (\$147),
18 nor more than three hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$399), for injuries
19 occurring on or after January 1, 1990.
20 (4) Not less than one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) for
21 permanent total disability, and for temporary disability, not less
22 than the lesser of one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189) or 1.5
23 times the employee's average weekly earnings from all employers,

1 nor more than five hundred four dollars (\$504), for injuries
2 occurring on or after January 1, 1991.

3 (5) Not less than one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) for
4 permanent total disability, and for temporary disability, not less
5 than the lesser of one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189) or 1.5
6 times the employee's average weekly earnings from all employers,
7 nor more than six hundred nine dollars (\$609), for injuries
8 occurring on or after July 1, 1994.

9 (6) Not less than one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) for
10 permanent total disability, and for temporary disability, not less
11 than the lesser of one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189) or 1.5
12 times the employee's average weekly earnings from all employers,
13 nor more than six hundred seventy-two dollars (\$672), for injuries
14 occurring on or after July 1, 1995.

15 (7) Not less than one hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$168) for
16 permanent total disability, and for temporary disability, not less
17 than the lesser of one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189) or 1.5
18 times the employee's average weekly earnings from all employers,
19 nor more than seven hundred thirty-five dollars (\$735), for injuries
20 occurring on or after July 1, 1996.

21 (8) Not less than one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189), nor
22 more than nine hundred three dollars (\$903), for injuries occurring
23 on or after January 1, 2003.

24 (9) Not less than one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189), nor
25 more than one thousand ninety-two dollars (\$1,092), for injuries
26 occurring on or after January 1, 2004.

27 (10) Not less than one hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$189), nor
28 more than one thousand two hundred sixty dollars (\$1,260), for
29 injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2005. For injuries
30 occurring on or after January 1, 2006, average weekly earnings
31 shall be taken at not less than one hundred eighty-nine dollars
32 (\$189), nor more than one thousand two hundred sixty dollars
33 (\$1,260) or 1.5 times the state average weekly wage, whichever
34 is greater. Commencing on January 1, 2007, and each January 1
35 thereafter, the limits specified in this paragraph shall be increased
36 by an amount equal to the percentage increase in the state average
37 weekly wage as compared to the prior year. For purposes of this
38 paragraph, "state average weekly wage" means the average weekly
39 wage paid by employers to employees covered by unemployment
40 insurance as reported by the United States Department of Labor

1 for California for the 12 months ending March 31 of the calendar
2 year preceding the year in which the injury occurred.

3 (11) For injuries *to an inmate of any county jail or an inmate*
4 *assigned to a work release program under Section 4024.2 of the*
5 *Penal Code* occurring on or after January 1, 2010, for temporary
6 disability, not less than an amount equal to the employee's average
7 weekly earnings from all employers, nor more than one thousand
8 two hundred sixty dollars (\$1,260) or 1.5 times the state average
9 weekly wage, whichever is greater. Commencing on January 1,
10 2010, *and each January 1 thereafter*, the maximum limit specified
11 in this paragraph shall be increased by an amount equal to the
12 percentage increase in the state average weekly wage as compared
13 to the prior year. For purposes of this paragraph, "state average
14 weekly wage" means the average weekly wage paid by employers
15 to employees covered by unemployment insurance as reported by
16 the United States Department of Labor for California for the 12
17 months ending March 31 of the calendar year preceding the year
18 in which the injury occurred.

19 (b) In computing average annual earnings for purposes of
20 permanent partial disability indemnity, except as provided in
21 Section 4659, the average weekly earnings shall be taken at:

22 (1) Not less than seventy-five dollars (\$75), nor more than one
23 hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195), for injuries occurring on or
24 after January 1, 1983.

25 (2) Not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than
26 two hundred ten dollars (\$210), for injuries occurring on or after
27 January 1, 1984.

28 (3) When the final adjusted permanent disability rating of the
29 injured employee is 15 percent or greater, but not more than 24.75
30 percent: (A) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor
31 more than two hundred twenty-two dollars (\$222), for injuries
32 occurring on or after July 1, 1994; (B) not less than one hundred
33 five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred thirty-one dollars
34 (\$231), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1995; (C) not less
35 than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred
36 forty dollars (\$240), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996.

37 (4) When the final adjusted permanent disability rating of the
38 injured employee is 25 percent or greater, not less than one hundred
39 five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred twenty-two dollars
40 (\$222), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1991.

(5) When the final adjusted permanent disability rating of the injured employee is 25 percent or greater but not more than 69.75 percent: (A) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred thirty-seven dollars (\$237), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994; (B) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred forty-six dollars (\$246), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1995; and (C) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred fifty-five dollars (\$255), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996.

(6) When the final adjusted permanent disability rating of the injured employee is less than 70 percent: (A) not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150), nor more than two hundred seventy-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$277.50), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2003; (B) not less than one hundred fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$157.50), nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2004; (C) not less than one hundred fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$157.50), nor more than three hundred thirty dollars (\$330), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2005; and (D) not less than one hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195), nor more than three hundred forty-five dollars (\$345), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2006.

(7) When the final adjusted permanent disability rating of the injured employee is 70 percent or greater, but less than 100 percent: (A) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred fifty-two dollars (\$252), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994; (B) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than two hundred ninety-seven dollars (\$297), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1995; (C) not less than one hundred five dollars (\$105), nor more than three hundred forty-five dollars (\$345), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996; (D) not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150), nor more than three hundred forty-five dollars (\$345), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2003; (E) not less than one hundred fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$157.50), nor more than three hundred seventy-five dollars (\$375), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2004; (F) not less than one hundred fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$157.50), nor more than four hundred five dollars (\$405), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2005; and (G) not less than one

1 hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195), nor more than four hundred
2 five dollars (\$405), for injuries occurring on or after January 1,
3 2006.

4 (c) Between the limits specified in subdivisions (a) and (b), the
5 average weekly earnings, except as provided in Sections 4456 to
6 4459, shall be arrived at as follows:

7 (1) Where the employment is for 30 or more hours a week and
8 for five or more working days a week, the average weekly earnings
9 shall be the number of working days a week times the daily
10 earnings at the time of the injury.

11 (2) Where the employee is working for two or more employers
12 at or about the time of the injury, the average weekly earnings
13 shall be taken as the aggregate of these earnings from all
14 employments computed in terms of one week; but the earnings
15 from employments other than the employment in which the injury
16 occurred shall not be taken at a higher rate than the hourly rate
17 paid at the time of the injury.

18 (3) If the earnings are at an irregular rate, such as piecework,
19 or on a commission basis, or are specified to be by week, month,
20 or other period, then the average weekly earnings mentioned in
21 subdivision (a) shall be taken as the actual weekly earnings
22 averaged for this period of time, not exceeding one year, as may
23 conveniently be taken to determine an average weekly rate of pay.

24 (4) Where the employment is for less than 30 hours per week,
25 or where for any reason the foregoing methods of arriving at the
26 average weekly earnings cannot reasonably and fairly be applied,
27 the average weekly earnings shall be taken at 100 percent of the
28 sum that reasonably represents the average weekly earning capacity
29 of the injured employee at the time of his or her injury, due
30 consideration being given to his or her actual earnings from all
31 sources and employments.

32 (d) Every computation made pursuant to this section beginning
33 January 1, 1990, shall be made only with reference to temporary
34 disability or the permanent disability resulting from an original
35 injury sustained after January 1, 1990. However, all rights existing
36 under this section on January 1, 1990, shall be continued in force.
37 Except as provided in Section 4661.5, disability indemnity benefits
38 shall be calculated according to the limits in this section in effect

- 1 on the date of injury and shall remain in effect for the duration of
- 2 any disability resulting from the injury.

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