

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 19, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009—10 REGULAR SESSION

**ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 952**

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**Introduced by Assembly Member Krekorian**

February 26, 2009

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~~An act to amend Sections 56.10, 56.104, and 56.11 of, and to add Chapter 2.7 (commencing with Section 56.19) to Part 2.6 of Division 1 of, the Civil Code, relating to health information. An act to amend Sections 56.10 and 56.11 of the Civil Code, relating to health information.~~

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 952, as amended, Krekorian. Health information: ~~health disclosure: Taft-Hartley plans.~~

Existing law, the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), establishes certain requirements relating to the provision of health insurance and, among other things, requires the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services to publicize the standards for the electronic exchange, privacy, and security of protected health information, as defined.

Existing law, the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act, prohibits a *health care provider, a contractor, or a health care service plan* from disclosing medical information, as defined, regarding a *patient of the provider or an enrollee or subscriber of the health care service plan without first obtaining an authorization*, except as specified. Existing law makes a violation of the act that results in economic loss or personal injury to a patient a misdemeanor.

This bill would, ~~notwithstanding any other provision of law, authorize a health plan, as defined, to disclose summary health information and~~

~~protected health information to the health plan's third party administrator or to another health plan to the extent authorized by, and in a manner consistent with, HIPAA and the regulations adopted thereunder. The bill would make other conforming changes authorize a health care provider or a health care service plan to disclose medical information to a specified type of employee welfare benefit plan formed under the Taft-Hartley Act, or to an entity contracting with that employee welfare benefit plan, as specified, if, among other requirements, the disclosure is for a specified purpose, is made pursuant to a request accompanied by a written authorization for the release of the information, as specified, and is authorized by and made in a manner consistent with HIPAA. By changing the definition of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.~~

*The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.*

*This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.*

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: ~~no~~-yes.  
State-mandated local program: ~~no~~-yes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 56.10 of the Civil Code is amended to  
2 read:  
3 56.10. (a) No provider of health care, health care service plan,  
4 or contractor shall disclose medical information regarding a patient  
5 of the provider of health care or an enrollee or subscriber of a  
6 health care service plan without first obtaining an authorization,  
7 except as provided in subdivision (b) or (c) ~~or in Section 56.19.~~  
8 (b) A provider of health care, a health care service plan, or a  
9 contractor shall disclose medical information if the disclosure is  
10 compelled by any of the following:  
11 (1) By a court pursuant to an order of that court.  
12 (2) By a board, commission, or administrative agency for  
13 purposes of adjudication pursuant to its lawful authority.  
14 (3) By a party to a proceeding before a court or administrative  
15 agency pursuant to a subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, notice to  
16 appear served pursuant to Section 1987 of the Code of Civil

1 Procedure, or any provision authorizing discovery in a proceeding  
2 before a court or administrative agency.

3 (4) By a board, commission, or administrative agency pursuant  
4 to an investigative subpoena issued under Article 2 (commencing  
5 with Section 11180) of Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title  
6 2 of the Government Code.

7 (5) By an arbitrator or arbitration panel, when arbitration is  
8 lawfully requested by either party, pursuant to a subpoena duces  
9 tecum issued under Section 1282.6 of the Code of Civil Procedure,  
10 or another provision authorizing discovery in a proceeding before  
11 an arbitrator or arbitration panel.

12 (6) By a search warrant lawfully issued to a governmental law  
13 enforcement agency.

14 (7) By the patient or the patient's representative pursuant to  
15 Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 123100) of Part 1 of Division  
16 106 of the Health and Safety Code.

17 (8) By a coroner, when requested in the course of an  
18 investigation by the coroner's office for the purpose of identifying  
19 the decedent or locating next of kin, or when investigating deaths  
20 that may involve public health concerns, organ or tissue donation,  
21 child abuse, elder abuse, suicides, poisonings, accidents, sudden  
22 infant deaths, suspicious deaths, unknown deaths, or criminal  
23 deaths, or when otherwise authorized by the decedent's  
24 representative. Medical information requested by the coroner under  
25 this paragraph shall be limited to information regarding the patient  
26 who is the decedent and who is the subject of the investigation and  
27 shall be disclosed to the coroner without delay upon request.

28 (9) When otherwise specifically required by law.

29 (c) A provider of health care or a health care service plan may  
30 disclose medical information as follows:

31 (1) The information may be disclosed to providers of health  
32 care, health care service plans, contractors, or other health care  
33 professionals or facilities for purposes of diagnosis or treatment  
34 of the patient. This includes, in an emergency situation, the  
35 communication of patient information by radio transmission or  
36 other means between emergency medical personnel at the scene  
37 of an emergency, or in an emergency medical transport vehicle,  
38 and emergency medical personnel at a health facility licensed  
39 pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1250) of Division  
40 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

1 (2) The information may be disclosed to an insurer, employer,  
2 health care service plan, hospital service plan, employee benefit  
3 plan, governmental authority, contractor, or any other person or  
4 entity responsible for paying for health care services rendered to  
5 the patient, to the extent necessary to allow responsibility for  
6 payment to be determined and payment to be made. If (A) the  
7 patient is, by reason of a comatose or other disabling medical  
8 condition, unable to consent to the disclosure of medical  
9 information and (B) no other arrangements have been made to pay  
10 for the health care services being rendered to the patient, the  
11 information may be disclosed to a governmental authority to the  
12 extent necessary to determine the patient's eligibility for, and to  
13 obtain, payment under a governmental program for health care  
14 services provided to the patient. The information may also be  
15 disclosed to another provider of health care or health care service  
16 plan as necessary to assist the other provider or health care service  
17 plan in obtaining payment for health care services rendered by that  
18 provider of health care or health care service plan to the patient.

19 (3) The information may be disclosed to a person or entity that  
20 provides billing, claims management, medical data processing, or  
21 other administrative services for providers of health care or health  
22 care service plans or for any of the persons or entities specified in  
23 paragraph (2). However, information so disclosed shall not be  
24 further disclosed by the recipient in a way that would violate this  
25 part.

26 (4) The information may be disclosed to organized committees  
27 and agents of professional societies or of medical staffs of licensed  
28 hospitals, licensed health care service plans, professional standards  
29 review organizations, independent medical review organizations  
30 and their selected reviewers, utilization and quality control peer  
31 review organizations as established by Congress in Public Law  
32 97-248 in 1982, contractors, or persons or organizations insuring,  
33 responsible for, or defending professional liability that a provider  
34 may incur, if the committees, agents, health care service plans,  
35 organizations, reviewers, contractors, or persons are engaged in  
36 reviewing the competence or qualifications of health care  
37 professionals or in reviewing health care services with respect to  
38 medical necessity, level of care, quality of care, or justification of  
39 charges.

1 (5) The information in the possession of a provider of health  
2 care or health care service plan may be reviewed by a private or  
3 public body responsible for licensing or accrediting the provider  
4 of health care or health care service plan. However, no  
5 patient-identifying medical information may be removed from the  
6 premises except as expressly permitted or required elsewhere by  
7 law, nor shall that information be further disclosed by the recipient  
8 in a way that would violate this part.

9 (6) The information may be disclosed to the county coroner in  
10 the course of an investigation by the coroner's office when  
11 requested for all purposes not included in paragraph (8) of  
12 subdivision (b).

13 (7) The information may be disclosed to public agencies, clinical  
14 investigators, including investigators conducting epidemiologic  
15 studies, health care research organizations, and accredited public  
16 or private nonprofit educational or health care institutions for bona  
17 fide research purposes. However, no information so disclosed shall  
18 be further disclosed by the recipient in a way that would disclose  
19 the identity of a patient or violate this part.

20 (8) A provider of health care or health care service plan that has  
21 created medical information as a result of employment-related  
22 health care services to an employee conducted at the specific prior  
23 written request and expense of the employer may disclose to the  
24 employee's employer that part of the information that:

25 (A) Is relevant in a lawsuit, arbitration, grievance, or other claim  
26 or challenge to which the employer and the employee are parties  
27 and in which the patient has placed in issue his or her medical  
28 history, mental or physical condition, or treatment, provided that  
29 information may only be used or disclosed in connection with that  
30 proceeding.

31 (B) Describes functional limitations of the patient that may  
32 entitle the patient to leave from work for medical reasons or limit  
33 the patient's fitness to perform his or her present employment,  
34 provided that no statement of medical cause is included in the  
35 information disclosed.

36 (9) Unless the provider of health care or health care service plan  
37 is notified in writing of an agreement by the sponsor, insurer, or  
38 administrator to the contrary, the information may be disclosed to  
39 a sponsor, insurer, or administrator of a group or individual insured  
40 or uninsured plan or policy that the patient seeks coverage by or

1 benefits from, if the information was created by the provider of  
2 health care or health care service plan as the result of services  
3 conducted at the specific prior written request and expense of the  
4 sponsor, insurer, or administrator for the purpose of evaluating the  
5 application for coverage or benefits.

6 (10) The information may be disclosed to a health care service  
7 plan by providers of health care that contract with the health care  
8 service plan and may be transferred among providers of health  
9 care that contract with the health care service plan, for the purpose  
10 of administering the health care service plan. Medical information  
11 shall not otherwise be disclosed by a health care service plan except  
12 in accordance with this part.

13 (11) This part does not prevent the disclosure by a provider of  
14 health care or a health care service plan to an insurance institution,  
15 agent, or support organization, subject to Article 6.6 (commencing  
16 with Section 791) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1 of the  
17 Insurance Code, of medical information if the insurance institution,  
18 agent, or support organization has complied with all of the  
19 requirements for obtaining the information pursuant to Article 6.6  
20 (commencing with Section 791) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division  
21 1 of the Insurance Code.

22 (12) The information relevant to the patient's condition, care,  
23 and treatment provided may be disclosed to a probate court  
24 investigator in the course of an investigation required or authorized  
25 in a conservatorship proceeding under the  
26 Guardianship-Conservatorship Law as defined in Section 1400 of  
27 the Probate Code, or to a probate court investigator, probation  
28 officer, or domestic relations investigator engaged in determining  
29 the need for an initial guardianship or continuation of an existing  
30 guardianship.

31 (13) The information may be disclosed to an organ procurement  
32 organization or a tissue bank processing the tissue of a decedent  
33 for transplantation into the body of another person, but only with  
34 respect to the donating decedent, for the purpose of aiding the  
35 transplant. For the purpose of this paragraph, "tissue bank" and  
36 "tissue" have the same meanings as defined in Section 1635 of the  
37 Health and Safety Code.

38 (14) The information may be disclosed when the disclosure is  
39 otherwise specifically authorized by law, including, but not limited  
40 to, the voluntary reporting, either directly or indirectly, to the

1 federal Food and Drug Administration of adverse events related  
2 to drug products or medical device problems.

3 (15) Basic information, including the patient's name, city of  
4 residence, age, sex, and general condition, may be disclosed to a  
5 state-recognized or federally recognized disaster relief organization  
6 for the purpose of responding to disaster welfare inquiries.

7 (16) The information may be disclosed to a third party for  
8 purposes of encoding, encrypting, or otherwise anonymizing data.  
9 However, no information so disclosed shall be further disclosed  
10 by the recipient in a way that would violate this part, including the  
11 unauthorized manipulation of coded or encrypted medical  
12 information that reveals individually identifiable medical  
13 information.

14 (17) For purposes of disease management programs and services  
15 as defined in Section 1399.901 of the Health and Safety Code,  
16 information may be disclosed as follows: (A) to an entity  
17 contracting with a health care service plan or the health care service  
18 plan's contractors to monitor or administer care of enrollees for a  
19 covered benefit, if the disease management services and care are  
20 authorized by a treating physician, or (B) to a disease management  
21 organization, as defined in Section 1399.900 of the Health and  
22 Safety Code, that complies fully with the physician authorization  
23 requirements of Section 1399.902 of the Health and Safety Code,  
24 if the health care service plan or its contractor provides or has  
25 provided a description of the disease management services to a  
26 treating physician or to the health care service plan's or contractor's  
27 network of physicians. This paragraph does not require physician  
28 authorization for the care or treatment of the adherents of a  
29 well-recognized church or religious denomination who depend  
30 solely upon prayer or spiritual means for healing in the practice  
31 of the religion of that church or denomination.

32 (18) The information may be disclosed, as permitted by state  
33 and federal law or regulation, to a local health department for the  
34 purpose of preventing or controlling disease, injury, or disability,  
35 including, but not limited to, the reporting of disease, injury, vital  
36 events, including, but not limited to, birth or death, and the conduct  
37 of public health surveillance, public health investigations, and  
38 public health interventions, as authorized or required by state or  
39 federal law or regulation.

(19) The information may be disclosed, consistent with applicable law and standards of ethical conduct, by a psychotherapist, as defined in Section 1010 of the Evidence Code, if the psychotherapist, in good faith, believes the disclosure is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of a reasonably foreseeable victim or victims, and the disclosure is made to a person or persons reasonably able to prevent or lessen the threat, including the target of the threat.

(20) The information may be disclosed as described in Section 56.103.

(21) (A) *The information may be disclosed to an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined under Section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(1)), which is formed under Section 302(c)(5) of the Taft-Hartley Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 186(c)(5)), to the extent that the employee welfare benefit plan provides medical care, and may also be disclosed to an entity contracting with the employee welfare benefit plan for administrative and management services related to the provision of medical care to persons enrolled in the employee welfare benefit plan for health care coverage, if all of the following conditions are met:*

(i) *The disclosure is for the purpose of determining eligibility, coordination of benefits, or to allow the employee welfare benefit plan, or the contracting entity, to advocate on the behalf of a patient or enrollee with a provider, a health care service plan, or a state or federal regulatory agency.*

(ii) *The request for the information is accompanied by a written authorization for the release of the information submitted in a manner consistent with subdivision (a) and Section 56.11.*

(iii) *The disclosure is authorized by and made in a manner consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191).*

(iv) *Any information disclosed is not further used or disclosed by the recipient in any way that would directly or indirectly violate this part or the restrictions imposed by Part 164 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, including the manipulation of the information in any way that might reveal individually identifiable medical information.*

(B) *For purposes of this paragraph, Section 1374.8 of the Health and Safety Code shall not apply.*

(d) Except to the extent expressly authorized by a patient or enrollee or subscriber or as provided by subdivisions (b) and (c) ~~or in Section 56.19~~, a provider of health care, health care service plan, contractor, or corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates shall not intentionally share, sell, use for marketing, or otherwise use medical information for a purpose not necessary to provide health care services to the patient.

(e) Except to the extent expressly authorized by a patient or enrollee or subscriber or as provided by subdivisions (b) and (c), a contractor or corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates shall not further disclose medical information regarding a patient of the provider of health care or an enrollee or subscriber of a health care service plan or insurer or self-insured employer received under this section to a person or entity that is not engaged in providing direct health care services to the patient or his or her provider of health care or health care service plan or insurer or self-insured employer.

SEC. 2. ~~Section 56.104 of the Civil Code is amended to read:~~

~~56.104. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 56.10, except as authorized in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 56.10 or in Section 56.19, no provider of health care, health care service plan, or contractor may release medical information to persons or entities authorized by law to receive that information pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 56.10, if the requested information specifically relates to the patient's participation in outpatient treatment with a psychotherapist, unless the person or entity requesting that information submits to the patient pursuant to subdivision (b) and to the provider of health care, health care service plan, or contractor a written request, signed by the person requesting the information or an authorized agent of the entity requesting the information, that includes all of the following:~~

~~(1) The specific information relating to a patient's participation in outpatient treatment with a psychotherapist being requested and its specific intended use or uses.~~

~~(2) The length of time during which the information will be kept before being destroyed or disposed of. A person or entity may extend that timeframe, provided that the person or entity notifies the provider, plan, or contractor of the extension. Any notification of an extension shall include the specific reason for the extension;~~

1 the intended use or uses of the information during the extended  
2 time, and the expected date of the destruction of the information.

3 (3) A statement that the information will not be used for any  
4 purpose other than its intended use.

5 (4) A statement that the person or entity requesting the  
6 information will destroy the information and all copies in the  
7 person's or entity's possession or control, will cause it to be  
8 destroyed, or will return the information and all copies of it before  
9 or immediately after the length of time specified in paragraph (2)  
10 has expired.

11 (b) The person or entity requesting the information shall submit  
12 a copy of the written request required by this section to the patient  
13 within 30 days of receipt of the information requested, unless the  
14 patient has signed a written waiver in the form of a letter signed  
15 and submitted by the patient to the provider of health care or health  
16 care service plan waiving notification.

17 (c) For purposes of this section, "psychotherapist" means a  
18 person who is both a "psychotherapist" as defined in Section 1010  
19 of the Evidence Code and a "provider of health care" as defined  
20 in subdivision (i) of Section 56.05.

21 (d) This section does not apply to the disclosure or use of  
22 medical information by a law enforcement agency or a regulatory  
23 agency when required for an investigation of unlawful activity or  
24 for licensing, certification, or regulatory purposes, unless the  
25 disclosure is otherwise prohibited by law.

26 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any  
27 additional authority to a provider of health care, health care service  
28 plan, or contractor to disclose information to a person or entity  
29 without the patient's consent.

30 SEC. 3.

31 SEC. 2. Section 56.11 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

32 56.11. Any person or entity that wishes to obtain medical  
33 information pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 56.10, other  
34 than a person or entity authorized to receive medical information  
35 pursuant to Section 56.19 or subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 56.10,  
36 *except as provided in paragraph (21) of subdivision (c) of Section*  
37 *56.10*, shall obtain a valid authorization for the release of this  
38 information.

1 An authorization for the release of medical information by a  
2 provider of health care, health care service plan, pharmaceutical  
3 company, or contractor shall be valid if it:

4 (a) Is handwritten by the person who signs it or is in a typeface  
5 no smaller than 14-point type.

6 (b) Is clearly separate from any other language present on the  
7 same page and is executed by a signature which serves no other  
8 purpose than to execute the authorization.

9 (c) Is signed and dated by one of the following:

10 (1) The patient. A patient who is a minor may only sign an  
11 authorization for the release of medical information obtained by  
12 a provider of health care, health care service plan, pharmaceutical  
13 company, or contractor in the course of furnishing services to  
14 which the minor could lawfully have consented under Part 1  
15 (commencing with Section 25) or Part 2.7 (commencing with  
16 Section 60).

17 (2) The legal representative of the patient, if the patient is a  
18 minor or an incompetent. However, authorization may not be given  
19 under this subdivision for the disclosure of medical information  
20 obtained by the provider of health care, health care service plan,  
21 pharmaceutical company, or contractor in the course of furnishing  
22 services to which a minor patient could lawfully have consented  
23 under Part 1 (commencing with Section 25) or Part 2.7  
24 (commencing with Section 60).

25 (3) The spouse of the patient or the person financially  
26 responsible for the patient, where the medical information is being  
27 sought for the sole purpose of processing an application for health  
28 insurance or for enrollment in a nonprofit hospital plan, a health  
29 care service plan, or an employee benefit plan, and where the  
30 patient is to be an enrolled spouse or dependent under the policy  
31 or plan.

32 (4) The beneficiary or personal representative of a deceased  
33 patient.

34 (d) States the specific uses and limitations on the types of  
35 medical information to be disclosed.

36 (e) States the name or functions of the provider of health care,  
37 health care service plan, pharmaceutical company, or contractor  
38 that may disclose the medical information.

39 (f) States the name or functions of the persons or entities  
40 authorized to receive the medical information.

1 (g) States the specific uses and limitations on the use of the  
2 medical information by the persons or entities authorized to receive  
3 the medical information.

4 (h) States a specific date after which the provider of health care,  
5 health care service plan, pharmaceutical company, or contractor  
6 is no longer authorized to disclose the medical information.

7 (i) Advises the person signing the authorization of the right to  
8 receive a copy of the authorization.

9 ~~SEC. 4. Chapter 2.7 (commencing with Section 56.19) is added~~  
10 ~~to Part 2.6 of Division 1 of the Civil Code, to read:~~

11  
12 ~~CHAPTER 2.7. DISCLOSURE OF HEALTH INFORMATION BY~~  
13 ~~HEALTH PLANS~~  
14

15 ~~56.19. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a health~~  
16 ~~plan may disclose summary health information and protected health~~  
17 ~~information to the health plan's third party administrator or to~~  
18 ~~another health plan to the extent authorized by, and in a manner~~  
19 ~~consistent with, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability~~  
20 ~~Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191) and the regulations adopted~~  
21 ~~thereunder.~~

22 (b) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

23 (1) "Health plan" and "protected health information" have the  
24 same meanings as those terms are defined in Section 160.103 of  
25 Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

26 (2) "Summary health information" has the same meaning as  
27 defined in Section 164.504 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal  
28 Regulations.

29 *SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to*  
30 *Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because*  
31 *the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school*  
32 *district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or*  
33 *infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty*  
34 *for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of*  
35 *the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within*  
36 *the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California*  
37 *Constitution.*