

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 23, 2009

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 4, 2009

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 2, 2009

SENATE BILL

No. 449

Introduced by Senator Padilla
(Coauthor: Senator Hancock)
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Torres)

February 26, 2009

An act to amend *Sections 21636, 21637, 21638, and 21643 of, to amend, repeal, and add Sections 21628 and 21628.1 of, and to add Section 21628.2 to, the Business and Professions Code, and to amend Section 12071 of the Penal Code, relating to firearms.*

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 449, as amended, Padilla. Firearms: transaction reports.

Existing law requires every secondhand dealer or coin dealer, as described, to report daily, or on the first working day after receipt or purchase of the property, on forms either approved or provided at actual cost by the Department of Justice, all tangible personal property ~~which~~ *that* he or she has purchased, taken in trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale on consignment, or accepted for auctioning, to the chief of police or to the sheriff, as specified. Other existing provisions of law make a violation of these provisions a criminal offense.

~~This bill would except firearms from those provisions. The bill would make other conforming changes. The bill would, on and after July 1, 2010, establish separate reporting procedures for secondhand dealers in connection with firearms. The bill would make other conforming changes.~~

By establishing *new* reporting requirements, the violation of which would be an offense under other provisions of existing law, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law generally regulates firearms dealers and firearms transactions. Existing law requires that, on the date of receipt, ~~the a~~ dealer ~~shall~~ report to the Department of Justice in a format prescribed by the department the acquisition by the dealer of the ownership of a handgun. ~~These provisions also provide exceptions, including the case when the~~ Existing law exempts from those provisions a firearms dealer who is also licensed as a secondhand dealer.

~~This bill would delete the exception to the reporting requirement pertaining~~ provide that the exemption applies to a firearms dealer who is also licensed as a secondhand dealer *when acquiring a handgun and when complying with other applicable reporting requirements, as specified.*

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 21628 of the Business and Professions
- 2 Code is amended to read:
- 3 21628. Every secondhand dealer or coin dealer described in
- 4 Section 21626 shall report daily, or on the first working day after
- 5 receipt or purchase of the property, on forms either approved or
- 6 provided at actual cost by the Department of Justice, all tangible
- 7 personal property ~~which~~ that he or she has purchased, taken in
- 8 trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale on consignment, or accepted
- 9 for auctioning, to the chief of police or to the sheriff, in accordance
- 10 with the provisions of Sections 21630 and 21633 and subdivision
- 11 (j) of this section. The report shall be legible, prepared in English,
- 12 completed where applicable, and include, but not be limited to,
- 13 the following information:
- 14 (a) The name and current address of the intended seller or
- 15 pledger of the property.

(b) The identification of the intended seller or pledger. The identification of the seller or pledger of the property shall be verified by the person taking the information. The verification shall be valid if the person taking the information reasonably relies on any one of the following documents, provided that the document is currently valid or has been issued within five years and contains a photograph or description, or both, of the person named on it, is signed by the person, and bears a serial or other identifying number:

- (1) A passport of the United States.
- (2) A driver's license issued by any state, or Canada.
- (3) An identification card issued by any state.
- (4) An identification card issued by the United States.
- (5) A passport from any other country in addition to another item of identification bearing an address.

(c) A complete and reasonably accurate description of serialized property, including, but not limited to, the following: serial number and other identifying marks or symbols, owner-applied numbers, manufacturer's named brand, and model name or number. Watches need not be disassembled when special skill or special tools are required to obtain the required information, unless specifically requested to do so by a peace officer. A special tool does not include a penknife, caseknife, or similar instrument and disassembling a watch with a penknife, caseknife, or similar instrument does not constitute a special skill. In all instances where the required information may be obtained by removal of a watchband, then the watchband shall be removed. The cost associated with opening the watch shall be borne by the pawnbroker, secondhand dealer, or customer.

(d) A complete and reasonably accurate description of nonserialized property, including, but not limited to, the following: size, color, material, manufacturer's pattern name (when known), owner-applied numbers and personalized inscriptions, and other identifying marks or symbols. Watches need not be disassembled when special skill or special tools are required to obtain the required information, unless specifically requested to do so by a peace officer. A special tool does not include a penknife, caseknife, or similar instrument and disassembling a watch with a penknife, caseknife, or similar instrument does not constitute a special skill. In all instances where the required information may be obtained by removal of a watchband, then the watchband shall be removed.

1 The cost associated with opening the watch shall be borne by the
2 pawnbroker, secondhand dealer, or customer.

3 (e) A certification by the intended seller or pledger that he or
4 she is the owner of the property or has the authority of the owner
5 to sell or pledge the property.

6 (f) A certification by the intended seller or pledger that to his
7 or her knowledge and belief the information is true and complete.

8 (g) A legible fingerprint taken from the intended seller or
9 pledger, as prescribed by the Department of Justice. This
10 requirement does not apply to a coin dealer, unless required
11 pursuant to local regulation.

12 (h) When a secondhand dealer complies with all of the
13 provisions of this section, he or she shall be deemed to have
14 received from the seller or pledger adequate evidence of authority
15 to sell or pledge the property for all purposes included in this
16 article, and Division 8 (commencing with Section 21000) of the
17 Financial Code.

18 In enacting this subdivision, it is the intent of the Legislature
19 that its provisions shall not adversely affect the implementation
20 of, or prosecution under, any provision of the Penal Code.

21 (i) Any person who conducts business as a secondhand dealer
22 at any gun show or event, as defined in Section 478.100 of Title
23 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or its successor, outside
24 the jurisdiction that issued the secondhand dealer license in
25 accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 21641, may be required
26 to submit a duplicate of the transaction report prepared pursuant
27 to this section to the local law enforcement agency where the gun
28 show or event is conducted.

29 (j) (1) The Department of Justice shall, in consultation with
30 appropriate local law enforcement agencies, develop clear and
31 comprehensive descriptive categories denoting tangible personal
32 property subject to the reporting requirements of this section. These
33 categories shall be incorporated by secondhand dealers and coin
34 dealers described in Section 21626 for purposes of the reporting
35 requirements set forth herein. Any required report shall be
36 transmitted by electronic means. The Department of Justice and
37 local law enforcement agencies, in consultation with representatives
38 from the secondhand dealer and coin dealer businesses, shall
39 develop a standard format to be used statewide to transmit this
40 report electronically.

(2) Twelve months after the format and the categories described in paragraph (1) have been developed, each secondhand dealer and coin dealer shall electronically report using this format the information required by this section under these reporting categories. Until that time, each secondhand dealer and coin dealer may either continue to report this information using existing forms and procedures or may begin electronically reporting this information under the reporting categories and using the format described in paragraph (1) as soon as each has been developed.

(3) A coin dealer who engages in less than 10 transactions each week in which he or she has purchased, taken in trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale or consignment, or accepted for auctioning tangible personal property, shall report the information required by this section under the reporting categories described in paragraph (1) on a form developed by the Attorney General that the coin dealer shall transmit each day by facsimile transmission or by mail to the chief of police or sheriff. A transaction shall consist of not more than one item. Nothing in this section shall prohibit up to 10 transactions with the same customer per week, provided that the cumulative total per week for all customers does not exceed 10 transactions. Until that form is developed, these coin dealers shall continue to report information required by this section using existing forms and procedures. If these transactions increase to 10 per week, the coin dealer shall electronically report using the format described in paragraph (1) the information required by this section beginning six months after his or her transactions exceed 10 per week or 12 months after the format described in paragraph (1) has been developed, whichever occurs later.

(4) For purposes of this subdivision, “item” shall mean any single physical article. However, with respect to a commonly accepted grouping of articles that are purchased as a set, including, but not limited to, a pair of earrings or place settings of china, silverware, or other tableware, “item” shall mean that commonly accepted grouping.

(5) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as excepting a secondhand dealer from the fingerprinting requirement of subdivision (g).

(k) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2010, and, as of January 1, 2011, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute,

1 that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2011, deletes or
2 extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed.

3 SEC. 2. Section 21628 is added to the Business and Professions
4 Code, to read:

5 21628. Every secondhand dealer or coin dealer described in
6 Section 21626 shall report daily, or on the first working day after
7 receipt or purchase of the property, on forms either approved or
8 provided at actual cost by the Department of Justice, all tangible
9 personal property, except for firearms, which he or she has
10 purchased, taken in trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale on
11 consignment, or accepted for auctioning, to the chief of police or
12 to the sheriff, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 21630
13 and 21633 and subdivision (j) of this section. The report shall be
14 legible, prepared in English, completed where applicable, and
15 include, but not be limited to, the following information:

16 (a) The name and current address of the intended seller or
17 pledger of the property.

18 (b) The identification of the intended seller or pledger. The
19 identification of the seller or pledger of the property shall be
20 verified by the person taking the information. The verification shall
21 be valid if the person taking the information reasonably relies on
22 any one of the following documents, provided that the document
23 is currently valid or has been issued within five years and contains
24 a photograph or description, or both, of the person named on it,
25 is signed by the person, and bears a serial or other identifying
26 number:

27 (1) A passport of the United States.

28 (2) A driver's license issued by any state, or Canada.

29 (3) An identification card issued by any state.

30 (4) An identification card issued by the United States.

31 (5) A passport from any other country in addition to another
32 item of identification bearing an address.

33 (c) A complete and reasonably accurate description of serialized
34 property, including, but not limited to, the following: serial number
35 and other identifying marks or symbols, owner-applied numbers,
36 manufacturer's named brand, and model name or number. Watches
37 need not be disassembled when special skill or special tools are
38 required to obtain the required information, unless specifically
39 requested to do so by a peace officer. A special tool does not
40 include a penknife, caseknife, or similar instrument and

1 *disassembling a watch with a penknife, caseknife, or similar*
 2 *instrument does not constitute a special skill. In all instances where*
 3 *the required information may be obtained by removal of a*
 4 *watchband, then the watchband shall be removed. The cost*
 5 *associated with opening the watch shall be borne by the*
 6 *pawnbroker, secondhand dealer, or customer.*

7 *(d) A complete and reasonably accurate description of*
 8 *nonserialized property, including, but not limited to, the following:*
 9 *size, color, material, manufacturer's pattern name (when known),*
 10 *owner-applied numbers and personalized inscriptions, and other*
 11 *identifying marks or symbols. Watches need not be disassembled*
 12 *when special skill or special tools are required to obtain the*
 13 *required information, unless specifically requested to do so by a*
 14 *peace officer. A special tool does not include a penknife, caseknife,*
 15 *or similar instrument and disassembling a watch with a penknife,*
 16 *caseknife, or similar instrument does not constitute a special skill.*
 17 *In all instances where the required information may be obtained*
 18 *by removal of a watchband, then the watchband shall be removed.*
 19 *The cost associated with opening the watch shall be borne by the*
 20 *pawnbroker, secondhand dealer, or customer.*

21 *(e) A certification by the intended seller or pledger that he or*
 22 *she is the owner of the property or has the authority of the owner*
 23 *to sell or pledge the property.*

24 *(f) A certification by the intended seller or pledger that to his*
 25 *or her knowledge and belief the information is true and complete.*

26 *(g) A legible fingerprint taken from the intended seller or*
 27 *pledger, as prescribed by the Department of Justice. This*
 28 *requirement does not apply to a coin dealer, unless required*
 29 *pursuant to local regulation.*

30 *(h) When a secondhand dealer complies with all of the*
 31 *provisions of this section, he or she shall be deemed to have*
 32 *received from the seller or pledger adequate evidence of authority*
 33 *to sell or pledge the property for all purposes included in this*
 34 *article, and Division 8 (commencing with Section 21000) of the*
 35 *Financial Code.*

36 *In enacting this subdivision, it is the intent of the Legislature*
 37 *that its provisions shall not adversely affect the implementation*
 38 *of, or prosecution under, any provision of the Penal Code.*

39 *(i) Any person who conducts business as a secondhand dealer*
 40 *at any gun show or event, as defined in Section 478.100 of Title*

1 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or its successor, outside
2 the jurisdiction that issued the secondhand dealer license in
3 accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 21641, may be required
4 to submit a duplicate of the transaction report prepared pursuant
5 to this section to the local law enforcement agency where the gun
6 show or event is conducted.

7 (j) (1) The Department of Justice shall, in consultation with
8 appropriate local law enforcement agencies, develop clear and
9 comprehensive descriptive categories denoting tangible personal
10 property subject to the reporting requirements of this section.
11 These categories shall be incorporated by secondhand dealers
12 and coin dealers described in Section 21626 for purposes of the
13 reporting requirements set forth herein. Any required report shall
14 be transmitted by electronic means. The Department of Justice
15 and local law enforcement agencies, in consultation with
16 representatives from the secondhand dealer and coin dealer
17 businesses, shall develop a standard format to be used statewide
18 to transmit this report electronically.

19 (2) Twelve months after the format and the categories described
20 in paragraph (1) have been developed, each secondhand dealer
21 and coin dealer shall electronically report using this format the
22 information required by this section under these reporting
23 categories. Until that time, each secondhand dealer and coin dealer
24 may either continue to report this information using existing forms
25 and procedures or may begin electronically reporting this
26 information under the reporting categories and using the format
27 described in paragraph (1) as soon as each has been developed.

28 (3) A coin dealer who engages in less than 10 transactions each
29 week in which he or she has purchased, taken in trade, taken in
30 pawn, accepted for sale or consignment, or accepted for auctioning
31 tangible personal property, shall report the information required
32 by this section under the reporting categories described in
33 paragraph (1) on a form developed by the Attorney General that
34 the coin dealer shall transmit each day by facsimile transmission
35 or by mail to the chief of police or sheriff. A transaction shall
36 consist of not more than one item. Nothing in this section shall
37 prohibit up to 10 transactions with the same customer per week,
38 provided that the cumulative total per week for all customers does
39 not exceed 10 transactions. Until that form is developed, these
40 coin dealers shall continue to report information required by this

1 section using existing forms and procedures. If these transactions
2 increase to 10 per week, the coin dealer shall electronically report
3 using the format described in paragraph (1) the information
4 required by this section beginning six months after his or her
5 transactions exceed 10 per week or 12 months after the format
6 described in paragraph (1) has been developed, whichever occurs
7 later.

8 (4) For purposes of this subdivision, “item” shall mean any
9 single physical article. However, with respect to a commonly
10 accepted grouping of articles that are purchased as a set,
11 including, but not limited to, a pair of earrings or place settings
12 of china, silverware, or other tableware, “item” shall mean that
13 commonly accepted grouping.

14 (5) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as excepting
15 a secondhand dealer from the fingerprinting requirement of
16 subdivision (g).

17 (k) Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt a person
18 licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to Article 4 (commencing
19 with Section 12071) of Chapter 1 of Title 2 of Part 4 of the Penal
20 Code from the reporting requirements for the delivery of firearms
21 pursuant to Section 12071 of the Penal Code.

22 (l) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2010.

23 SEC. 3. Section 21628.1 of the Business and Professions Code
24 is amended to read:

25 21628.1. (a) Notwithstanding Section 21628, except for
26 firearms, submission of transaction reports are not required to be
27 submitted to the local law enforcement agency if the report of an
28 acquisition of the same property from the same customer has been
29 submitted within the preceding 12 months, except when submission
30 of the reports is specifically requested in writing by the local
31 licensing authority.

32 (b) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2010, and,
33 as of January 1, 2011, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute,
34 that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2011, deletes or
35 extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed.

36 SEC. 4. Section 21628.1 is added to the Business and
37 Professions Code, to read:

38 21628.1. (a) Notwithstanding Section 21628, submission of
39 transaction reports are not required to be submitted to the local
40 law enforcement agency if the report of an acquisition of the same

1 *property from the same customer has been submitted within the*
2 *preceding 12 months, except when submission of the reports is*
3 *specifically requested in writing by the local licensing authority.*

4 *(b) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2010.*

5 SECTION 1. ~~Section 21628 of the Business and Professions~~
6 ~~Code is amended to read:~~

7 ~~21628. Every secondhand dealer or coin dealer described in~~
8 ~~Section 21626 shall report daily, or on the first working day after~~
9 ~~receipt or purchase of the property, on forms either approved or~~
10 ~~provided at actual cost by the Department of Justice, all tangible~~
11 ~~personal property, except firearms, which he or she has purchased,~~
12 ~~taken in trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale on consignment,~~
13 ~~or accepted for auctioning, to the chief of police or to the sheriff,~~
14 ~~in accordance with the provisions of Sections 21630 and 21633~~
15 ~~and subdivision (j) of this section. The report shall be legible,~~
16 ~~prepared in English, completed where applicable, and include, but~~
17 ~~not be limited to, the following information:~~

18 ~~(a) The name and current address of the intended seller or~~
19 ~~pledger of the property.~~

20 ~~(b) The identification of the intended seller or pledger. The~~
21 ~~identification of the seller or pledger of the property shall be~~
22 ~~verified by the person taking the information. The verification~~
23 ~~shall be valid if the person taking the information reasonably relies~~
24 ~~on any one of the following documents, provided that the document~~
25 ~~is currently valid or has been issued within five years and contains~~
26 ~~a photograph or description, or both, of the person named on it, is~~
27 ~~signed by the person, and bears a serial or other identifying number:~~

28 ~~(1) A passport of the United States.~~

29 ~~(2) A driver's license issued by any state, or Canada.~~

30 ~~(3) An identification card issued by any state.~~

31 ~~(4) An identification card issued by the United States.~~

32 ~~(5) A passport from any other country in addition to another~~
33 ~~item of identification bearing an address.~~

34 ~~(c) A complete and reasonably accurate description of serialized~~
35 ~~property, including, but not limited to, the following: serial number~~
36 ~~and other identifying marks or symbols, owner-applied numbers,~~
37 ~~manufacturer's named brand, and model name or number. Watches~~
38 ~~need not be disassembled when special skill or special tools are~~
39 ~~required to obtain the required information, unless specifically~~
40 ~~requested to do so by a peace officer. A special tool does not~~

1 include a penknife, caseknife, or similar instrument and
2 disassembling a watch with a penknife, caseknife, or similar
3 instrument does not constitute a special skill. In all instances where
4 the required information may be obtained by removal of a
5 watchband, then the watchband shall be removed. The cost
6 associated with opening the watch shall be borne by the
7 pawnbroker, secondhand dealer, or customer.

8 (d) A complete and reasonably accurate description of
9 nonserialized property, including, but not limited to, the following:
10 size, color, material, manufacturer's pattern name (when known),
11 owner-applied numbers and personalized inscriptions and other
12 identifying marks or symbols. Watches need not be disassembled
13 when special skill or special tools are required to obtain the
14 required information, unless specifically requested to do so by a
15 peace officer. A special tool does not include a penknife, caseknife,
16 or similar instrument and disassembling a watch with a penknife,
17 caseknife, or similar instrument does not constitute a special skill.
18 In all instances where the required information may be obtained
19 by removal of a watchband, then the watchband shall be removed.
20 The cost associated with opening the watch shall be borne by the
21 pawnbroker, secondhand dealer, or customer.

22 (e) A certification by the intended seller or pledger that he or
23 she is the owner of the property or has the authority of the owner
24 to sell or pledge the property.

25 (f) A certification by the intended seller or pledger that to his
26 or her knowledge and belief the information is true and complete.

27 (g) A legible fingerprint taken from the intended seller or
28 pledger, as prescribed by the Department of Justice. This
29 requirement does not apply to a coin dealer, unless required
30 pursuant to local regulation.

31 (h) When a secondhand dealer complies with all of the
32 provisions of this section, he or she shall be deemed to have
33 received from the seller or pledger adequate evidence of authority
34 to sell or pledge the property for all purposes included in this
35 article, and Division 8 (commencing with Section 21000) of the
36 Financial Code.

37 In enacting this subdivision, it is the intent of the Legislature
38 that its provisions shall not adversely affect the implementation
39 of, or prosecution under, any provision of the Penal Code.

~~(i) Any person who conducts business as a secondhand dealer at any gun show or event, as defined in Section 478.100 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or its successor, outside the jurisdiction that issued the secondhand dealer license in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 21641, may be required to submit a duplicate of the transaction report prepared pursuant to this section to the local law enforcement agency where the gun show or event is conducted.~~

~~(j) (1) The Department of Justice shall, in consultation with appropriate local law enforcement agencies, develop clear and comprehensive descriptive categories denoting tangible personal property subject to the reporting requirements of this section. These categories shall be incorporated by secondhand dealers and coin dealers described in Section 21626 for purposes of the reporting requirements set forth herein. Any required report shall be transmitted by electronic means. The Department of Justice and local law enforcement agencies, in consultation with representatives from the secondhand dealer and coin dealer businesses, shall develop a standard format to be used statewide to transmit this report electronically.~~

~~(2) Twelve months after the format and the categories described in paragraph (1) have been developed, each secondhand dealer and coin dealer shall electronically report using this format the information required by this section under these reporting categories. Until that time, each secondhand dealer and coin dealer may either continue to report this information using existing forms and procedures or may begin electronically reporting this information under the reporting categories and using the format described in paragraph (1) as soon as each has been developed.~~

~~(3) A coin dealer who engages in less than 10 transactions each week in which he or she has purchased, taken in trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale or consignment, or accepted for auctioning tangible personal property, shall report the information required by this section under the reporting categories described in paragraph (1) on a form developed by the Attorney General that the coin dealer shall transmit each day by facsimile transmission or by mail to the chief of police or sheriff. A transaction shall consist of not more than one item. Nothing in this section shall prohibit up to 10 transactions with the same customer per week, provided that the cumulative total per week for all customers does~~

1 not exceed 10 transactions. Until that form is developed, these
2 coin dealers shall continue to report information required by this
3 section using existing forms and procedures. If these transactions
4 increase to 10 per week, the coin dealer shall electronically report
5 using the format described in paragraph (1) the information
6 required by this section beginning six months after his or her
7 transactions exceed 10 per week or 12 months after the format
8 described in paragraph (1) has been developed, whichever occurs
9 later.

10 (4) For purposes of this subdivision, “item” shall mean any
11 single physical article. However, with respect to a commonly
12 accepted grouping of articles that are purchased as a set, including,
13 but not limited to, a pair of earrings or place settings of china,
14 silverware, or other tableware, “item” shall mean that commonly
15 accepted grouping.

16 (5) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as excepting
17 a secondhand dealer from the fingerprinting requirement of
18 subdivision (g).

19 (k) Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt a person
20 licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to Article 4 (commencing
21 with Section 12071) of Chapter 1 of Title 2 of Part 4 of the Penal
22 Code from the reporting requirements for firearms transactions
23 under Section 12071 of the Penal Code.

24 SEC. 2. Section 21628.1 of the Business and Professions Code
25 is amended to read:

26 21628.1. Notwithstanding Section 21628, submission of
27 transaction reports are not required to be submitted to the local
28 law enforcement agency if the report of an acquisition of the same
29 property from the same customer has been submitted within the
30 preceding 12 months, except when submission of the reports is
31 specifically requested in writing by the local licensing authority.

32 SEC. 3.

33 SEC. 5. Section 21628.2 is added to the Business and
34 Professions Code, to read:

35 21628.2. (a) For purposes of this section, the “department”
36 shall mean the Department of Justice.

37 (b) Every secondhand dealer described in Section 21626 shall,
38 in a format prescribed by the department, and on the day of the
39 transaction, electronically report to the department each firearm
40 purchased, taken in trade, taken in pawn, accepted for sale on

1 consignment, or accepted for auctioning. The secondhand dealer
2 shall retain a copy of the report submitted to the department and
3 make it available for inspection by the department, any peace
4 officer, or any local law enforcement employee who is authorized
5 by Section 12071 of the Penal Code to inspect a firearms
6 ~~transaction record. The secondhand dealer shall also submit a~~
7 ~~Dealers' Record of Sale to the department for firearm transfers in~~
8 ~~which the secondhand dealer relinquishes possession of the firearm.~~
9 ~~transaction record.~~

10 (c) The department may retain secondhand dealer reports to
11 determine whether a firearm taken in by a secondhand dealer has
12 been reported lost or stolen. If the department's records indicate
13 that the firearm is lost or stolen, the department shall notify the
14 law enforcement agency that entered the information in the
15 department's records and a law enforcement agency with
16 jurisdiction over the secondhand dealer's business location about
17 the status of the firearm. The Dealers' Record of Sale shall be
18 retained by the department pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision
19 (b) of Section 11106 of the Penal Code. ~~Upon the request of any~~
20 ~~law enforcement agency, the department shall forward to the~~
21 ~~agency the information in the report described in subdivision (a).~~

22 (d) *All information in the secondhand dealer report of each*
23 *firearm described in subdivision (a) shall be electronically*
24 *provided by the department to the secure mailbox of the local law*
25 *enforcement agency described in Section 21630 within one working*
26 *day of receipt by the department.*

27 (e) *This section shall become operative on July 1, 2010.*

28 SEC. 6. *Section 21636 of the Business and Professions Code*
29 *is amended to read:*

30 21636. (a) Every secondhand dealer and coin dealer shall retain
31 in his or her possession for a period of 30 days all tangible personal
32 property reported under Sections 21628, 21629, and 21630, *and*
33 *commencing July 1, 2010, Section 21628.2.* The 30-day holding
34 period with respect to this tangible personal property shall
35 commence with the date the report of its acquisition was made to
36 the chief of police or to the sheriff by the secondhand dealer and
37 coin dealer. The chief of police or the sheriff may for good cause,
38 as specified by the Department of Justice, *or the Department of*
39 *Justice may for good cause* authorize prior disposition of any
40 property described in a specific report, provided that a secondhand

dealer who disposes of tangible personal property pursuant to that authorization shall report the sale thereof to the chief of police or the sheriff *or the Department of Justice*.

(b) During the 30-day holding period specified in subdivision (a) every secondhand dealer and coin dealer shall produce any tangible personal property reported under Sections 21628, 21629, and 21630, *and commencing July 1, 2010, Section 21628.2*, for inspection by any peace officer or employee designated by the chief of police or sheriff *or the Department of Justice*.

(c) Property subject to inspection as specified in subdivision (b) and property held in pawn, which is stored off the business premises of the licensee, shall, upon request for inspection, be produced at the licensee's business premises within one business day of a request.

(d) Any person who conducts business as a secondhand dealer at any gun show or event, as defined in Section 478.100 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or its successor, outside the jurisdiction that issued the secondhand dealer license in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 21641, may be required to submit for inspection, as specified in subdivision (b), any firearm acquired at a gun show or event within 48 hours of the request of the local law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the gun show or event was conducted at a location specified by the local law enforcement agency.

SEC. 7. Section 21637 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

21637. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to excuse compliance with the provisions of any city, county, or city and county ordinance or any other state law pertaining to or covering the reporting, holding, or releasing of tangible personal property, not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, except that no city, county, or city and county or any other state agency shall adopt the following:

(a) Holding, reporting, or identification requirements for transactions involving coins, monetized bullion, or commercial grade ingots of gold, silver, or other precious metals.

(b) Identification, holding, or reporting requirements for the acquisition of tangible personal property, in the ordinary course of business, by pawnbrokers and secondhand dealers, other than as set forth in Sections 21628, 21630, 21633, and 21636 of this

code, and commencing July 1, 2010, Section 21628.2 of this code, and Section 21208 of the Financial Code.

SEC. 8. Section 21638 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

21638. The provisions of this article shall not prohibit enactment, amendment, or enforcement by any city, county, or city and county of any local ordinance relating to a secondhand dealer or coin dealer which is not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, except that no city, county, or city and county, or any other state agency shall adopt the following:

(a) Holding, reporting, or identification requirements for transactions involving coins, monetized bullion, or commercial grade ingots of gold, silver, or other precious metals.

(b) Identification, holding, or reporting requirements for the acquisition of tangible personal property, in the ordinary course of business, by pawnbrokers and secondhand dealers, other than as set forth in Sections 21628, 21630, 21633, and 21636 of this code, and commencing July 1, 2010, Section 21628.2 of this code, and Section 21208 of the Financial Code.

SEC. 9. Section 21643 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

21643. No transactions that require reporting under Section 21628, or commencing July 1, 2010, Section 21628.2, shall be engaged in with a minor.

~~SEC. 4.~~

SEC. 10. Section 12071 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

12071. (a) (1) As used in this chapter, the term “licensee,” “person licensed pursuant to Section 12071,” or “dealer” means a person who has all of the following:

(A) A valid federal firearms license.

(B) Any regulatory or business license, or licenses, required by local government.

(C) A valid seller’s permit issued by the State Board of Equalization.

(D) A certificate of eligibility issued by the Department of Justice pursuant to paragraph (4).

(E) A license issued in the format prescribed by paragraph (6).

(F) Is among those recorded in the centralized list specified in subdivision (e).

1 (2) The duly constituted licensing authority of a city, county,
2 or a city and county shall accept applications for, and may grant
3 licenses permitting, licensees to sell firearms at retail within the
4 city, county, or city and county. The duly constituted licensing
5 authority shall inform applicants who are denied licenses of the
6 reasons for the denial in writing.

7 (3) No license shall be granted to any applicant who fails to
8 provide a copy of his or her valid federal firearms license, valid
9 seller's permit issued by the State Board of Equalization, and the
10 certificate of eligibility described in paragraph (4).

11 (4) A person may request a certificate of eligibility from the
12 Department of Justice. The Department of Justice shall examine
13 its records and records available to the department in the National
14 Instant Criminal Background Check System in order to determine
15 if the applicant is prohibited by state or federal law from
16 possessing, receiving, owning, or purchasing a firearm and issue
17 a certificate to an applicant if the department's records indicate
18 that the applicant is not a person who is prohibited by state or
19 federal law from possessing firearms.

20 (5) The department shall adopt regulations to administer the
21 certificate of eligibility program and shall recover the full costs of
22 administering the program by imposing fees assessed to applicants
23 who apply for those certificates.

24 (6) A license granted by the duly constituted licensing authority
25 of any city, county, or city and county, shall be valid for not more
26 than one year from the date of issuance and shall be in one of the
27 following forms:

28 (A) In the form prescribed by the Attorney General.

29 (B) A regulatory or business license that states on its face "Valid
30 for Retail Sales of Firearms" and is endorsed by the signature of
31 the issuing authority.

32 (C) A letter from the duly constituted licensing authority having
33 primary jurisdiction for the applicant's intended business location
34 stating that the jurisdiction does not require any form of regulatory
35 or business license or does not otherwise restrict or regulate the
36 sale of firearms.

37 (7) Local licensing authorities may assess fees to recover their
38 full costs of processing applications for licenses.

39 (b) A license is subject to forfeiture for a breach of any of the
40 following prohibitions and requirements:

1 (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the
2 business shall be conducted only in the buildings designated in the
3 license.

4 (B) A person licensed pursuant to subdivision (a) may take
5 possession of firearms and commence preparation of registers for
6 the sale, delivery, or transfer of firearms at gun shows or events,
7 as defined in Section 478.100 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal
8 Regulations, or its successor, if the gun show or event is not
9 conducted from any motorized or towed vehicle. A person
10 conducting business pursuant to this subparagraph shall be entitled
11 to conduct business as authorized herein at any gun show or event
12 in the state without regard to the jurisdiction within this state that
13 issued the license pursuant to subdivision (a), provided the person
14 complies with (i) all applicable laws, including, but not limited to,
15 the waiting period specified in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3),
16 and (ii) all applicable local laws, regulations, and fees, if any.

17 A person conducting business pursuant to this subparagraph
18 shall publicly display his or her license issued pursuant to
19 subdivision (a), or a facsimile thereof, at any gun show or event,
20 as specified in this subparagraph.

21 (C) A person licensed pursuant to subdivision (a) may engage
22 in the sale and transfer of firearms other than pistols, revolvers, or
23 other firearms capable of being concealed upon the person, at
24 events specified in subdivision (g) of Section 12078, subject to
25 the prohibitions and restrictions contained in that subdivision.

26 A person licensed pursuant to subdivision (a) also may accept
27 delivery of firearms other than pistols, revolvers, or other firearms
28 capable of being concealed upon the person, outside the building
29 designated in the license, provided the firearm is being donated
30 for the purpose of sale or transfer at an auction or similar event
31 specified in subdivision (g) of Section 12078.

32 (D) The firearm may be delivered to the purchaser, transferee,
33 or person being loaned the firearm at one of the following places:

34 (i) The building designated in the license.

35 (ii) The places specified in subparagraph (B) or (C).

36 (iii) The place of residence of, the fixed place of business of,
37 or on private property owned or lawfully possessed by, the
38 purchaser, transferee, or person being loaned the firearm.

1 (2) The license or a copy thereof, certified by the issuing
2 authority, shall be displayed on the premises where it can easily
3 be seen.

4 (3) No firearm shall be delivered:

5 (A) Within 10 days of the application to purchase, or, after
6 notice by the department pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section
7 12076, within 10 days of the submission to the department of any
8 correction to the application, or within 10 days of the submission
9 to the department of any fee required pursuant to subdivision (e)
10 of Section 12076, whichever is later.

11 (B) Unless unloaded and securely wrapped or unloaded and in
12 a locked container.

13 (C) Unless the purchaser, transferee, or person being loaned the
14 firearm presents clear evidence of his or her identity and age to
15 the dealer.

16 (D) Whenever the dealer is notified by the Department of Justice
17 that the person is prohibited by state or federal law from processing,
18 owning, purchasing, or receiving a firearm. The dealer shall make
19 available to the person in the prohibited class a prohibited notice
20 and transfer form, provided by the department, stating that the
21 person is prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm, and that
22 the person may obtain from the department the reason for the
23 prohibition.

24 (4) No pistol, revolver, or other firearm or imitation thereof
25 capable of being concealed upon the person, or placard advertising
26 the sale or other transfer thereof, shall be displayed in any part of
27 the premises where it can readily be seen from the outside.

28 (5) The licensee shall agree to and shall act properly and
29 promptly in processing firearms transactions pursuant to Section
30 12082.

31 (6) The licensee shall comply with Sections 12073, 12076, and
32 12077, subdivisions (a) and (b) and paragraph (1) of subdivision
33 (f) of Section 12072, and subdivision (a) of Section 12316.

34 (7) The licensee shall post conspicuously within the licensed
35 premises the following warnings in block letters not less than one
36 inch in height:

37 (A) "IF YOU KEEP A LOADED FIREARM WITHIN ANY
38 PREMISES UNDER YOUR CUSTODY OR CONTROL, AND
39 A PERSON UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE OBTAINS IT AND
40 USES IT, RESULTING IN INJURY OR DEATH, OR CARRIES

1 IT TO A PUBLIC PLACE, YOU MAY BE GUILTY OF A
2 MISDEMEANOR OR A FELONY UNLESS YOU STORED
3 THE FIREARM IN A LOCKED CONTAINER OR LOCKED
4 THE FIREARM WITH A LOCKING DEVICE, TO KEEP IT
5 FROM TEMPORARILY FUNCTIONING.”

6 (B) “IF YOU KEEP A PISTOL, REVOLVER, OR OTHER
7 FIREARM CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED UPON THE
8 PERSON, WITHIN ANY PREMISES UNDER YOUR CUSTODY
9 OR CONTROL, AND A PERSON UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE
10 GAINS ACCESS TO THE FIREARM, AND CARRIES IT
11 OFF-PREMISES, YOU MAY BE GUILTY OF A
12 MISDEMEANOR, UNLESS YOU STORED THE FIREARM IN
13 A LOCKED CONTAINER, OR LOCKED THE FIREARM WITH
14 A LOCKING DEVICE, TO KEEP IT FROM TEMPORARILY
15 FUNCTIONING.”

16 (C) “IF YOU KEEP ANY FIREARM WITHIN ANY
17 PREMISES UNDER YOUR CUSTODY OR CONTROL, AND
18 A PERSON UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE GAINS ACCESS TO
19 THE FIREARM, AND CARRIES IT OFF-PREMISES TO A
20 SCHOOL OR SCHOOL-SPONSORED EVENT, YOU MAY BE
21 GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR, INCLUDING A FINE OF UP
22 TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$5,000), UNLESS YOU
23 STORED THE FIREARM IN A LOCKED CONTAINER, OR
24 LOCKED THE FIREARM WITH A LOCKING DEVICE.”

25 (D) “DISCHARGING FIREARMS IN POORLY
26 VENTILATED AREAS, CLEANING FIREARMS, OR
27 HANDLING AMMUNITION MAY RESULT IN EXPOSURE
28 TO LEAD, A SUBSTANCE KNOWN TO CAUSE BIRTH
29 DEFECTS, REPRODUCTIVE HARM, AND OTHER SERIOUS
30 PHYSICAL INJURY. HAVE ADEQUATE VENTILATION AT
31 ALL TIMES. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER
32 EXPOSURE.”

33 (E) “FEDERAL REGULATIONS PROVIDE THAT IF YOU
34 DO NOT TAKE PHYSICAL POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM
35 THAT YOU ARE ACQUIRING OWNERSHIP OF WITHIN 30
36 DAYS AFTER YOU COMPLETE THE INITIAL
37 BACKGROUND CHECK PAPERWORK, THEN YOU HAVE
38 TO GO THROUGH THE BACKGROUND CHECK PROCESS
39 A SECOND TIME IN ORDER TO TAKE PHYSICAL
40 POSSESSION OF THAT FIREARM.”

(F) “NO PERSON SHALL MAKE AN APPLICATION TO PURCHASE MORE THAN ONE PISTOL, REVOLVER, OR OTHER FIREARM CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED UPON THE PERSON WITHIN ANY 30-DAY PERIOD AND NO DELIVERY SHALL BE MADE TO ANY PERSON WHO HAS MADE AN APPLICATION TO PURCHASE MORE THAN ONE PISTOL, REVOLVER, OR OTHER FIREARM CAPABLE OF BEING CONCEALED UPON THE PERSON WITHIN ANY 30-DAY PERIOD.”

(8) (A) Commencing April 1, 1994, and until January 1, 2003, no pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person shall be delivered unless the purchaser, transferee, or person being loaned the firearm presents to the dealer a basic firearms safety certificate.

(B) Commencing January 1, 2003, no dealer may deliver a handgun unless the person receiving the handgun presents to the dealer a valid handgun safety certificate. The firearms dealer shall retain a photocopy of the handgun safety certificate as proof of compliance with this requirement.

(C) Commencing January 1, 2003, no handgun may be delivered unless the purchaser, transferee, or person being loaned the firearm presents documentation indicating that he or she is a California resident. Satisfactory documentation shall include a utility bill from within the last three months, a residential lease, a property deed, or military permanent duty station orders indicating assignment within this state, or other evidence of residency as permitted by the Department of Justice. The firearms dealer shall retain a photocopy of the documentation as proof of compliance with this requirement.

(D) Commencing January 1, 2003, except as authorized by the department, no firearms dealer may deliver a handgun unless the recipient performs a safe handling demonstration with that handgun. The demonstration shall commence with the handgun unloaded and locked with the firearm safety device with which it is required to be delivered, if applicable. While maintaining muzzle awareness, that is, the firearm is pointed in a safe direction, preferably down at the ground, and trigger discipline, that is, the trigger finger is outside of the trigger guard and along side of the handgun frame, at all times, the handgun recipient shall correctly and safely perform the following:

- 1 (i) If the handgun is a semiautomatic pistol:
- 2 (I) Remove the magazine.
- 3 (II) Lock the slide back. If the model of firearm does not allow
- 4 the slide to be locked back, pull the slide back, visually and
- 5 physically check the chamber to ensure that it is clear.
- 6 (III) Visually and physically inspect the chamber, to ensure that
- 7 the handgun is unloaded.
- 8 (IV) Remove the firearm safety device, if applicable. If the
- 9 firearm safety device prevents any of the previous steps, remove
- 10 the firearm safety device during the appropriate step.
- 11 (V) Load one bright orange, red, or other readily identifiable
- 12 dummy round into the magazine. If no readily identifiable dummy
- 13 round is available, an empty cartridge casing with an empty primer
- 14 pocket may be used.
- 15 (VI) Insert the magazine into the magazine well of the firearm.
- 16 (VII) Manipulate the slide release or pull back and release the
- 17 slide.
- 18 (VIII) Remove the magazine.
- 19 (IX) Visually inspect the chamber to reveal that a round can be
- 20 chambered with the magazine removed.
- 21 (X) Lock the slide back to eject the bright orange, red, or other
- 22 readily identifiable dummy round. If the handgun is of a model
- 23 that does not allow the slide to be locked back, pull the slide back
- 24 and physically check the chamber to ensure that the chamber is
- 25 clear. If no readily identifiable dummy round is available, an empty
- 26 cartridge casing with an empty primer pocket may be used.
- 27 (XI) Apply the safety, if applicable.
- 28 (XII) Apply the firearm safety device, if applicable. This
- 29 requirement shall not apply to an Olympic competition pistol if
- 30 no firearms safety device, other than a cable lock that the
- 31 department has determined would damage the barrel of the pistol,
- 32 has been approved for the pistol, and the pistol is either listed in
- 33 paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 12132 or is subject to
- 34 paragraph (3) of subdivision (h) of Section 12132.
- 35 (ii) If the handgun is a double-action revolver:
- 36 (I) Open the cylinder.
- 37 (II) Visually and physically inspect each chamber, to ensure
- 38 that the revolver is unloaded.

1 (III) Remove the firearm safety device. If the firearm safety
2 device prevents any of the previous steps, remove the firearm
3 safety device during the appropriate step.

4 (IV) While maintaining muzzle awareness and trigger discipline,
5 load one bright orange, red, or other readily identifiable dummy
6 round into a chamber of the cylinder and rotate the cylinder so that
7 the round is in the next-to-fire position. If no readily identifiable
8 dummy round is available, an empty cartridge casing with an empty
9 primer pocket may be used.

10 (V) Close the cylinder.

11 (VI) Open the cylinder and eject the round.

12 (VII) Visually and physically inspect each chamber to ensure
13 that the revolver is unloaded.

14 (VIII) Apply the firearm safety device, if applicable. This
15 requirement shall not apply to an Olympic competition pistol if
16 no firearms safety device, other than a cable lock that the
17 department has determined would damage the barrel of the pistol,
18 has been approved for the pistol, and the pistol is either listed in
19 paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 12132 or is subject to
20 paragraph (3) of subdivision (h) of Section 12132.

21 (iii) If the handgun is a single-action revolver:

22 (I) Open the loading gate.

23 (II) Visually and physically inspect each chamber, to ensure
24 that the revolver is unloaded.

25 (III) Remove the firearm safety device required to be sold with
26 the handgun. If the firearm safety device prevents any of the
27 previous steps, remove the firearm safety device during the
28 appropriate step.

29 (IV) Load one bright orange, red, or other readily identifiable
30 dummy round into a chamber of the cylinder, close the loading
31 gate and rotate the cylinder so that the round is in the next-to-fire
32 position. If no readily identifiable dummy round is available, an
33 empty cartridge casing with an empty primer pocket may be used.

34 (V) Open the loading gate and unload the revolver.

35 (VI) Visually and physically inspect each chamber to ensure
36 that the revolver is unloaded.

37 (VII) Apply the firearm safety device, if applicable. This
38 requirement shall not apply to an Olympic competition pistol if
39 no firearms safety device, other than a cable lock that the
40 department has determined would damage the barrel of the pistol,

1 has been approved for the pistol, and the pistol is either listed in
2 paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 12132 or is subject to
3 paragraph (3) of subdivision (h) of Section 12132.

4 (E) The recipient shall receive instruction regarding how to
5 render that handgun safe in the event of a jam.

6 (F) The firearms dealer shall sign and date an affidavit stating
7 that the requirements of subparagraph (D) have been met. The
8 firearms dealer shall additionally obtain the signature of the
9 handgun purchaser on the same affidavit. The firearms dealer shall
10 retain the original affidavit as proof of compliance with this
11 requirement.

12 (G) The recipient shall perform the safe handling demonstration
13 for a department-certified instructor.

14 (H) No demonstration shall be required if the dealer is returning
15 the handgun to the owner of the handgun.

16 (I) Department-certified instructors who may administer the
17 safe handling demonstration shall meet the requirements set forth
18 in subdivision (j) of Section 12804.

19 (J) The persons who are exempt from the requirements of
20 subdivision (b) of Section 12801, pursuant to Section 12807, are
21 also exempt from performing the safe handling demonstration.

22 (9) Commencing July 1, 1992, the licensee shall offer to provide
23 the purchaser or transferee of a firearm, or person being loaned a
24 firearm, with a copy of the pamphlet described in Section 12080
25 and may add the cost of the pamphlet, if any, to the sales price of
26 the firearm.

27 (10) The licensee shall not commit an act of collusion as defined
28 in Section 12072.

29 (11) The licensee shall post conspicuously within the licensed
30 premises a detailed list of each of the following:

31 (A) All charges required by governmental agencies for
32 processing firearm transfers required by Sections 12076, 12082,
33 and 12806.

34 (B) All fees that the licensee charges pursuant to Sections 12082
35 and 12806.

36 (12) The licensee shall not misstate the amount of fees charged
37 by a governmental agency pursuant to Sections 12076, 12082, and
38 12806.

39 (13) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of
40 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), all firearms that are in the

1 inventory of the licensee shall be kept within the licensed location.
2 The licensee shall report the loss or theft of any firearm that is
3 merchandise of the licensee, any firearm that the licensee takes
4 possession of pursuant to Section 12082, or any firearm kept at
5 the licensee's place of business within 48 hours of discovery to
6 the appropriate law enforcement agency in the city, county, or city
7 and county where the licensee's business premises are located.

8 (14) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of
9 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), any time when the licensee is not
10 open for business, all inventory firearms shall be stored in the
11 licensed location. All firearms shall be secured using one of the
12 following methods as to each particular firearm:

13 (A) Store the firearm in a secure facility that is a part of, or that
14 constitutes, the licensee's business premises.

15 (B) Secure the firearm with a hardened steel rod or cable of at
16 least one-eighth inch in diameter through the trigger guard of the
17 firearm. The steel rod or cable shall be secured with a hardened
18 steel lock that has a shackle. The lock and shackle shall be
19 protected or shielded from the use of a boltcutter and the rod or
20 cable shall be anchored in a manner that prevents the removal of
21 the firearm from the premises.

22 (C) Store the firearm in a locked fireproof safe or vault in the
23 licensee's business premises.

24 (15) The licensing authority in an unincorporated area of a
25 county or within a city may impose security requirements that are
26 more strict or are at a higher standard than those specified in
27 paragraph (14).

28 (16) Commencing January 1, 1994, the licensee shall, upon the
29 issuance or renewal of a license, submit a copy of the same to the
30 Department of Justice.

31 (17) The licensee shall maintain and make available for
32 inspection during business hours to any peace officer, authorized
33 local law enforcement employee, or Department of Justice
34 employee designated by the Attorney General, upon the
35 presentation of proper identification, a firearms transaction record.

36 (18) (A) On the date of receipt, the licensee shall report to the
37 Department of Justice in a format prescribed by the department
38 the acquisition by the licensee of the ownership of a pistol,
39 revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the
40 person.

(B) The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any of the following transactions:

(i) A transaction subject to the provisions of subdivision (n) of Section 12078.

(ii) The dealer acquired the firearm from a wholesaler.

(iii) The dealer acquired the firearm from a person who is licensed as a manufacturer or importer to engage in those activities pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code and any regulations issued pursuant thereto.

(iv) The dealer acquired the firearm from a person who resides outside this state who is licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code and any regulations issued pursuant thereto.

(v) *Until July 1, 2010, the dealer is also licensed as a secondhand dealer pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 21625) of Chapter 9 of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code, acquires a handgun, and reports its acquisition pursuant to Section 21628 of the Business and Professions Code.*

(vi) *Commencing July 1, 2010, the dealer is also licensed as a secondhand dealer pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 21625) of Chapter 9 of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code, acquires a handgun, and reports its acquisition pursuant to Section 21628.2 of the Business and Professions Code.*

(19) The licensee shall forward in a format prescribed by the Department of Justice, information as required by the department on any firearm that is not delivered within the time period set forth in Section 478.102 (c) of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(20) (A) Firearms dealers may require any agent who handles, sells, or delivers firearms to obtain and provide to the dealer a certificate of eligibility from the department pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a). The agent or employee shall provide on the application, the name and California firearms dealer number of the firearms dealer with whom he or she is employed.

(B) The department shall notify the firearms dealer in the event that the agent or employee who has a certificate of eligibility is or becomes prohibited from possessing firearms.

(C) If the local jurisdiction requires a background check of the agents or employees of the firearms dealer, the agent or employee

1 shall obtain a certificate of eligibility pursuant to subparagraph
2 (A).

3 (D) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to preclude a
4 local jurisdiction from conducting an additional background check
5 pursuant to Section 11105 or prohibiting employment based on
6 criminal history that does not appear as part of obtaining a
7 certificate of eligibility, provided however, that the local
8 jurisdiction may not charge a fee for the additional criminal history
9 check.

10 (E) The licensee shall prohibit any agent who the licensee knows
11 or reasonably should know is within a class of persons prohibited
12 from possessing firearms pursuant to Section 12021 or 12021.1
13 of this code, or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and
14 Institutions Code, from coming into contact with any firearm that
15 is not secured and from accessing any key, combination, code, or
16 other means to open any of the locking devices described in clause
17 (ii) of subparagraph (G) of this paragraph.

18 (F) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as preventing
19 a local government from enacting an ordinance imposing additional
20 conditions on licensees with regard to agents.

21 (G) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall
22 apply:

23 (i) An “agent” is an employee of the licensee.

24 (ii) “Secured” means a firearm that is made inoperable in one
25 or more of the following ways:

26 (I) The firearm is inoperable because it is secured by a firearms
27 safety device listed on the department’s roster of approved firearms
28 safety devices pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 12088 of this
29 chapter.

30 (II) The firearm is stored in a locked gun safe or long-gun safe
31 which meets the standards for department-approved gun safes set
32 forth in Section 12088.2.

33 (III) The firearm is stored in a distinct locked room or area in
34 the building that is used to store firearms that can only be unlocked
35 by a key, a combination, or similar means.

36 (IV) The firearm is secured with a hardened steel rod or cable
37 that is at least one-eighth of an inch in diameter through the trigger
38 guard of the firearm. The steel rod or cable shall be secured with
39 a hardened steel lock that has a shackle. The lock and shackle shall
40 be protected or shielded from the use of a boltcutter and the rod

1 or cable shall be anchored in a manner that prevents the removal
2 of the firearm from the premises.

3 (c) (1) As used in this article, “clear evidence of his or her
4 identity and age” means either of the following:

5 (A) A valid California driver’s license.

6 (B) A valid California identification card issued by the
7 Department of Motor Vehicles.

8 (2) As used in this section, a “secure facility” means a building
9 that meets all of the following specifications:

10 (A) All perimeter doorways shall meet one of the following:

11 (i) A windowless steel security door equipped with both a dead
12 bolt and a doorknob lock.

13 (ii) A windowed metal door that is equipped with both a dead
14 bolt and a doorknob lock. If the window has an opening of five
15 inches or more measured in any direction, the window shall be
16 covered with steel bars of at least ½-inch diameter or metal grating
17 of at least 9 gauge affixed to the exterior or interior of the door.

18 (iii) A metal grate that is padlocked and affixed to the licensee’s
19 premises independent of the door and doorframe.

20 (B) All windows are covered with steel bars.

21 (C) Heating, ventilating, air-conditioning, and service openings
22 are secured with steel bars, metal grating, or an alarm system.

23 (D) Any metal grates have spaces no larger than six inches wide
24 measured in any direction.

25 (E) Any metal screens have spaces no larger than three inches
26 wide measured in any direction.

27 (F) All steel bars shall be no further than six inches apart.

28 (3) As used in this section, “licensed premises,” “licensed place
29 of business,” “licensee’s place of business,” or “licensee’s business
30 premises” means the building designated in the license.

31 (4) For purposes of paragraph (17) of subdivision (b):

32 (A) A “firearms transaction record” is a record containing the
33 same information referred to in subdivision (a) of Section 478.124,
34 Section 478.124a, and subdivision (e) of Section 478.125 of Title
35 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

36 (B) A licensee shall be in compliance with the provisions of
37 paragraph (17) of subdivision (b) if he or she maintains and makes
38 available for inspection during business hours to any peace officer,
39 authorized local law enforcement employee, or Department of
40 Justice employee designated by the Attorney General, upon the

1 presentation of proper identification, the bound book containing
2 the same information referred to in Section 478.124a and
3 subdivision (e) of Section 478.125 of Title 27 of the Code of
4 Federal Regulations and the records referred to in subdivision (a)
5 of Section 478.124 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

6 (d) Upon written request from a licensee, the licensing authority
7 may grant an exemption from compliance with the requirements
8 of paragraph (14) of subdivision (b) if the licensee is unable to
9 comply with those requirements because of local ordinances,
10 covenants, lease conditions, or similar circumstances not under
11 the control of the licensee.

12 (e) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the
13 Department of Justice shall keep a centralized list of all persons
14 licensed pursuant to subparagraphs (A) to (E), inclusive, of
15 paragraph (1) of subdivision (a). The department may remove from
16 this list any person who knowingly or with gross negligence
17 violates this article. Upon removal of a dealer from this list,
18 notification shall be provided to local law enforcement and
19 licensing authorities in the jurisdiction where the dealer's business
20 is located.

21 (2) The department shall remove from the centralized list any
22 person whose federal firearms license has expired or has been
23 revoked.

24 (3) Information compiled from the list shall be made available,
25 upon request, for the following purposes only:

26 (A) For law enforcement purposes.

27 (B) When the information is requested by a person licensed
28 pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title
29 18 of the United States Code for determining the validity of the
30 license for firearm shipments.

31 (C) When information is requested by a person promoting,
32 sponsoring, operating, or otherwise organizing a show or event as
33 defined in Section 478.100 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal
34 Regulations, or its successor, who possesses a valid certificate of
35 eligibility issued pursuant to Section 12071.1, if that information
36 is requested by the person to determine the eligibility of a
37 prospective participant in a gun show or event to conduct
38 transactions as a firearms dealer pursuant to subparagraph (B) of
39 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b).

(4) Information provided pursuant to paragraph (3) shall be limited to information necessary to corroborate an individual's current license status as being one of the following:

(A) A person licensed pursuant to subparagraphs (A) to (E), inclusive, of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).

(B) A person licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code and who is not subject to the requirement that he or she be licensed pursuant to subparagraphs (A) to (E), inclusive, of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).

(f) The Department of Justice may inspect dealers to ensure compliance with this article. The department may assess an annual fee, not to exceed one hundred fifteen dollars (\$115), to cover the reasonable cost of maintaining the list described in subdivision (e), including the cost of inspections. Dealers whose place of business is in a jurisdiction that has adopted an inspection program to ensure compliance with firearms law shall be exempt from that portion of the department's fee that relates to the cost of inspections. The applicant is responsible for providing evidence to the department that the jurisdiction in which the business is located has the inspection program.

(g) The Department of Justice shall maintain and make available upon request information concerning the number of inspections conducted and the amount of fees collected pursuant to subdivision (f), a listing of exempted jurisdictions, as defined in subdivision (f), the number of dealers removed from the centralized list defined in subdivision (e), and the number of dealers found to have violated this article with knowledge or gross negligence.

(h) Paragraph (14) or (15) of subdivision (b) shall not apply to a licensee organized as a nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation organized pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110) or Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of Division 2 of the Corporations Code, if both of the following conditions are satisfied:

(1) The nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation obtained the dealer's license solely and exclusively to assist that corporation or local chapters of that corporation in conducting auctions or similar events at which firearms are auctioned off to fund the activities of that corporation or the local chapters of the corporation.

1 (2) The firearms are not pistols, revolvers, or other firearms
2 capable of being concealed upon the person.

3 ~~SEC. 5.~~

4 *SEC. 11.* No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
5 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
6 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
7 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
8 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
9 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
10 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
11 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
12 Constitution.