

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 22, 2009

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 28, 2009

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 5, 2009

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 20, 2009

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 13, 2009

SENATE BILL

No. 819

Introduced by Committee on Business, Professions and Economic Development (Negrete McLeod (chair), Aanestad, Corbett, Correa, Florez, Oropeza, Romero, Walters, Wyland, and Yee)

March 10, 2009

An act to amend Sections 27, 101, 128.5, 144, 146, 149, 683, 733, 800, 801, ~~801.01~~, 803, 2089.5, 2096, 2102, 2107, 2135, 2168.4, 2175, 2221, 2307, 2335, 2486, 2488, 2570.5, 2570.6, 2570.7, 2570.185, 2760.1, 3503, 3517, 3518, 3625, 3635, 3636, 3685, 3753.5, 4022.5, 4027, 4040, 4051, 4059.5, 4060, 4062, 4076, 4081, 4110, 4111, 4126.5, 4161, 4174, 4231, 4301, 4305, 4329, 4330, 4857, 4980.30, 4980.43, 4996.2, 4996.17, 4996.18, 5801, 6534, 6536, 6561, 7616, 7629, 8030.2, 8740, and 8746 of, to add Sections 2169, 2570.36, 4036.5, 4980.04, 4990.09, ~~5515.5~~, and 9855.15 to, and to repeal Sections 2172, 2173, 2174, 4981, 4994.1, 4996.20, 4996.21, and 6761 of, the Business and Professions Code, to amend Section 8659 of the Government Code, to amend Sections 8778.5, 11150, and 11165 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 14132.100 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to professions and vocations, making an appropriation therefor, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 819, as amended, Committee on Business, Professions and Economic Development. Professions and vocations.

(1) Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of various professions and vocations by boards and bureaus within the Department of Consumer Affairs.

Existing law requires certain boards and bureaus to disclose on the Internet information on licensees.

This bill would require the Cemetery and Funeral Bureau to disclose on the Internet information on specified licensees.

(2) Under existing law, if, upon investigation, a specified state regulatory agency has probable cause to believe that a person is advertising in a telephone directory with respect to the offering or performance of services, without being properly licensed by or registered with that agency, the agency is authorized to issue a specified citation.

This bill would add the Physical Therapy Board of California to those authorized agencies.

Existing law requires specified licensure boards to report to the State Department of Health Care Services the name and license number of a person whose license has been revoked, suspended, surrendered, made inactive, or otherwise restricted, and requires specified licensure boards to create and maintain a central file of the names of all persons who hold a license from the board, and to prescribe and promulgate written complaint forms, as specified.

This bill would also subject the California Board of Occupational Therapy to these requirements, and would subject the Acupuncture Board to the requirement to create and maintain a central file of the names of its licensees and to prescribe and promulgate written complaint forms, as specified.

~~Existing law requires specified healing arts licensees, insurers providing professional liability insurance to those licensees, and governmental agencies that self-insure those licensees to report settlements over \$30,000 to the licensee's board if the settlement is for damages for death or personal injury caused by or is based on the licensee's alleged negligence, error, or omission in practice, or his or her rendering unauthorized professional services.~~

~~This bill would instead require that report if the settlement is based on the licensee's alleged negligence, error, or omission in practice in California or rendering unauthorized professional services in California.~~

(3) Existing law, the Medical Practice Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of physicians and surgeons by the Medical Board of California. The act requires each applicant for a physician and surgeon's license to meet specified training and examinations requirements, authorizes the appointment of examination commissioners, requires that examinations be conducted in English, except as specified, allows the examinations to be conducted in specified locations, requires notice of examinations to contain certain information, and requires examination records to be kept on file for a period of 2 years or more. The act authorizes a person whose certificate has been surrendered, revoked, suspended, or placed on probation, as specified, to petition for reinstatement of the certificate or modification of the penalty if specified requirements are met. Under existing law, any person who meets certain eligibility requirements, including, but not limited to, the requirement that the person is academically eminent, as defined, may apply for a special faculty permit that authorizes the holder to practice medicine, without a physician's and surgeon's certificate, within the medical school itself and certain affiliated institutions.

This bill would revise the training requirements for a physician and surgeon's license, and would delete the requirement of passage of a clinical competency examination that is applicable to certain applicants. The bill would delete the provisions related to the appointment of examination commissioners, examinations being conducted in English and examination interpreters, the location of examinations, and examination notices. The bill would also delete the requirement that the board keep examination records on file for at least 2 years, and would instead require the board to keep state examination records on file until June 2070. The bill would revise the requirements for a petition for reinstatement or modification, as specified. The bill would require the holder of a special faculty permit to meet the same continuing medical education requirements as the holder of a physician's and surgeon's certificate and would also require a special faculty permit holder to show that he or she meets these requirements at the time of permit renewal.

Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of podiatrists by the Board of Podiatric Medicine in the Medical Board of California. Existing law authorizes the Board of Podiatric Medicine to issue an order of nonadoption of a proposed decision or interim order of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel within 90 calendar days. Existing law

requires an applicant for a certificate to practice podiatric medicine to meet specified application procedures.

This bill would instead authorize the Board of Podiatric Medicine to issue an order of nonadoption of a proposed decision or interim order of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel within 100 calendar days. The bill would revise the application procedures for a certificate to practice podiatric medicine, as specified.

(4) Existing law, the Occupational Therapy Practice Act, provides for the licensure of occupational therapists and the certification of occupational therapy assistants by the California Board of Occupational Therapy. Existing law requires an occupational therapist to document his or her evaluation, goals, treatment plan, and summary of treatment in the patient record. Existing law authorizes a limited permit to practice occupational therapy to be granted if specified education and examination requirements are met, but provides that if the person fails to qualify for or pass the first announced licensure examination, all limited permit privileges automatically cease upon due notice. Existing law requires an applicant applying for a license or certification to file with the board a written application provided by and satisfactory to the board, showing that he or she meets certain requirements, including, but not limited to, successful completion of an educational program's academic requirements approved by the board and accredited by the American Occupational Therapy Association's Accreditation Council for Occupational Therapy Education (ACOTE) and successful completion of a period of supervised fieldwork experience. Existing law also specifies the curriculum requirements for an education program for occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants.

This bill would require an occupational therapy assistant to document in the patient record the services provided to the patient, and would require an occupational therapist or assistant to document and sign the patient record legibly. The bill would revise the provisions related to limited permit privileges to instead provide that a person's failure to pass the licensure examination during the initial eligibility period would cause the privileges to automatically cease upon due notice. The bill would require that the applicant successfully complete the educational program's academic requirements approved by the board and accredited by ACOTE, or accredited or approved by the American Occupational Therapy Association's (AOTA) predecessor organization, or approved by AOTA's Career Mobility Program. The bill would also revise those curriculum requirements for an educational program. The bill would

authorize an applicant who is a graduate of an educational program and is unable to provide evidence of having met the curriculum requirements to demonstrate passage of a specified examination as evidence of having successfully satisfied the curriculum requirements. The bill would require an applicant who completed AOTA's Career Mobility Program to demonstrate participation in the program and passage of a specified examination as evidence of having successfully satisfied the educational program and curriculum requirements. The bill would revise the supervised fieldwork experience requirement. The bill would require a licensee to report to the board violations of the Occupational Therapy Practice Act by licensees or applicants for licensure and to cooperate with the board, as specified.

(5) Existing law, the Nursing Practice Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of nurses by the Board of Registered Nursing. Existing law authorizes a registered nurse whose license is revoked or suspended, or who is placed on probation, to petition for reinstatement of his or her license or modification of the penalty after a specified time period.

This bill would require a petition by a registered nurse whose initial license application is subject to a disciplinary decision to be filed after a specified time period from the date upon which his or her initial license was issued.

(6) Existing law, the Physician Assistant Practice Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of physician's assistants by the Physician Assistant Committee of the Medical Board of California. Existing law authorizes the committee to grant interim approval to an applicant for licensure as a physician assistant.

This bill would delete that authority to grant interim approval and would make conforming changes.

(7) Existing law, the Naturopathic Doctors Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of naturopathic doctors by the Bureau of Naturopathic Medicine. Existing law requires licensees to obtain continuing education through specified continuing education courses. Existing law requires a licensee on inactive status to meet certain requirements in order to restore his or her license to active status, including paying a reactivation fee.

This bill would revise the standards for continuing education courses. The bill would delete the requirement that a licensee on inactive status pay a reactivation fee in order to restore his or her license to active status, and would instead require him or her to be current with all licensing fees.

Existing law authorizes the Director of Consumer Affairs to establish an advisory council related to naturopathic doctors composed of members who receive no compensation, travel allowances, or reimbursement of expenses.

This bill would delete the requirement that the members of the advisory council receive no compensation, travel allowances, or reimbursement of expenses.

(8) Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of respiratory care practitioners by the Respiratory Care Board of California. Existing law authorizes the board to direct a practitioner or applicant who is found to have violated the law to pay the costs of investigation and prosecution.

This bill would also authorize the board to direct a practitioner or applicant who is found to have violated a term or condition of board probation to pay the costs for investigation and prosecution.

Existing law exempts certain healing arts practitioners from liability for specified services rendered during a state of war, state of emergency, or local emergency.

This bill would also exempt respiratory care practitioners from liability for the provision of specified services rendered during a state of war, state of emergency, or local emergency.

(9) Existing law, the Pharmacy Law, the knowing violation of which is a crime, provides for the licensure and regulation of pharmacists and pharmacies by the California State Board of Pharmacy.

Existing law authorizes a pharmacy to furnish dangerous drugs only to specified persons or entities, and subjects certain pharmacies and persons who violate the provision to specified fines.

This bill would provide that any violation of this provision by any person or entity would subject the person to the fine.

Existing law prohibits a person from acting as a wholesaler of any dangerous drug or device without a license from the board. Existing law requires a nonresident wholesaler, as defined, to be licensed prior to shipping, mailing, or delivering dangerous drugs or dangerous devices to a site located in this state.

This bill would modify that definition and would also require a nonresident wholesaler to be licensed prior to selling, brokering, or distributing dangerous drugs or devices within this state. By subjecting these nonresident wholesalers to these licensure requirements which include, among other things, payment of specified fees, the bill would increase that part of the revenue in the Pharmacy Board Contingent

Fund that is continuously appropriated and would thereby make an appropriation.

Existing law requires a pharmacy or pharmacist who is in charge of or manages a pharmacy to notify the board within 30 days of termination of employment of the pharmacist-in-charge or acting as manager, and provides that a violation of this provision is grounds for disciplinary action.

This bill would instead provide that failure by a pharmacist-in-charge or a pharmacy to notify the board in writing that the pharmacist-in-charge has ceased to act as pharmacist-in-charge within 30 days constitutes grounds for disciplinary action, and would also provide that the operation of the pharmacy for more than 30 days without the supervision or management by a pharmacist-in-charge constitutes grounds for disciplinary action. The bill would revise the definition of a designated representative or designated representative-in-charge, and would define a pharmacist-in-charge.

Existing law makes a nonpharmacist owner of a pharmacy who commits acts that would subvert or tend to subvert the efforts of a pharmacist-in-charge to comply with the Pharmacy Law guilty of a misdemeanor.

This bill would apply this provision to any pharmacy owner.

The bill would require the board, during a declared federal, state, or local emergency, to allow for the employment of a mobile pharmacy in impacted areas under specified conditions, and would authorize the board to allow the temporary use of a mobile pharmacy when a pharmacy is destroyed or damaged under specified conditions. The bill would authorize the board, if a pharmacy fails to provide documentation substantiating continuing education requirements as part of a board investigation or audit, to cancel an active pharmacy license and issue an inactive pharmacy license, and would allow a pharmacy to reobtain an active pharmacy license if it meets specified requirements.

Because this bill would impose new requirements and prohibitions under the Pharmacy Law, the knowing violation of which would be a crime, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law requires pharmacies to provide information regarding certain controlled substances prescriptions to the Department of Justice on a weekly basis.

This bill would also require a clinic to provide this information to the Department of Justice on a weekly basis.

(10) Existing law, the Veterinary Medicine Practice Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of veterinarians by the Veterinary Medical Board. Existing law prohibits the disclosure of information about an animal receiving veterinary services, the client responsible for that animal, or the veterinary care provided to an animal, except under specified circumstances, including, but not limited to, as may be required to ensure compliance with any federal, state, county, or city law or regulation.

This bill would specify that such disclosure is prohibited except as may be required to ensure compliance with the California Public Records Act.

(11) Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of educational psychologists, clinical social workers, and marriage and family therapists by the Board of Behavioral Sciences. Existing law generally provides for a system of citations and fines that are applicable to healing arts licensees.

This bill would prohibit the board from publishing on the Internet final determinations of a citation and fine of \$1,500 or less for more than 5 years from the date of issuance of the citation.

(12) Existing law, the Professional Fiduciaries Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of professional fiduciaries by the Professional Fiduciaries Bureau until July 1, 2011. Existing law also requires applicants to provide certain boards and bureaus with a full set of fingerprints for the purpose of conducting criminal history record checks. Existing law requires licensees to file and the bureau to maintain certain information in each licensee's file, including whether the licensee has ever been removed as a fiduciary by a court for breach of trust committed intentionally, with gross negligence, in bad faith, or with reckless indifference, or demonstrated a pattern of negligent conduct, as specified.

This bill would require the bureau to disclose on the Internet information on its licensees and would require applicants to the bureau to comply with that fingerprint requirement. The bill would require licensees to file and the bureau to maintain information regarding whether the licensee has ever been removed for cause or resigned as a conservator, guardian, trustee, or personal representative, as well as various other details relating to that removal or resignation. The bill would also make a conforming change.

~~(13) Existing law, the Architects Practice Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of architects by the California Architects Board.~~

~~Under existing law, the board is composed of 5 architect members and 5 public members. Existing law requires that each appointment to the board expire on June 30 of the 4th year following the year in which the previous term expired.~~

~~This bill would modify the term length for certain members of the board.~~

~~(14)~~

~~(13) Existing law provides a comprehensive scheme for the certification and regulation of interior designers. Under existing law, a stamp from an interior design organization certifies that an interior designer has passed a specified examination and that he or she has met certain other education or experience requirements, such as a combination of interior design education and diversified interior design experience that together total at least 8 years.~~

~~This bill would revise that provision by specifying that an interior designer may meet these requirements by having at least 8 years of interior design education, or at least 8 years of diversified interior design experience, or a combination of interior design education and diversified interior design experience that together total at least 8 years.~~

~~(15)~~

~~(14) Existing law provides for the registration of professional engineers and the licensure of land surveyors by the Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors. Under existing law, in determining the qualifications of an applicant for registration or licensure, a majority vote of the board is required.~~

~~This bill would delete that majority vote requirement.~~

~~(16)~~

~~(15) Existing law, the Funeral Directors and Embalmers Law, provides for the licensure and regulation of funeral establishments and directors by the Cemetery and Funeral Bureau. Under existing law, every funeral establishment holding a funeral director's license on December 31, 1996, shall, upon application and payment of fees for renewal, be issued a funeral establishment license.~~

~~This bill would delete that provision.~~

~~(17)~~

~~(16) Existing law creates the Transcript Reimbursement Fund, with revenues in the fund to be available to provide shorthand reporting services to low-income litigants in civil cases. Existing law requires all unencumbered funds remaining in the Transcript Reimbursement Fund~~

as of June 29, 2009, to be transferred to the Court Reporters' Fund, and repeals these provisions on January 1, 2011.

This bill would instead provide for the transfer of those unencumbered funds on January 1, 2011.

(18)

(17) The Electronic and Appliance Repair Dealer Registration Law provides for registration and regulation of service contractors by the Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair. Existing law makes it unlawful to act as a service contractor unless that person maintains a valid registration.

This bill would make it an infraction to violate that provision. The bill would also make conforming changes. By creating a new crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(19)

(18) Existing law provides for the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, pursuant to which medical benefits are provided to public assistance recipients and certain other low-income persons. Existing law provides that federally qualified health center services and rural health clinic services, as defined, are covered benefits under the Medi-Cal program, to be reimbursed, to the extent that federal financial participation is obtained, to providers on a per-visit basis. For those purposes, a "visit" is defined as a face-to-face encounter between a patient of a federally qualified health center or a rural health clinic and a "physician," which is defined to include a medical doctor, osteopath, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, and chiropractor.

This bill would instead provide that the term "physician" includes a physician and surgeon, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, and chiropractor.

(20)

(19) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

(21)

(20) This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 27 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

27. (a) Every entity specified in subdivision (b) shall provide on the Internet information regarding the status of every license issued by that entity in accordance with the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code) and the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code). The public information to be provided on the Internet shall include information on suspensions and revocations of licenses issued by the entity and other related enforcement action taken by the entity relative to persons, businesses, or facilities subject to licensure or regulation by the entity. In providing information on the Internet, each entity shall comply with the Department of Consumer Affairs Guidelines for Access to Public Records. The information may not include personal information, including home telephone number, date of birth, or social security number. Each entity shall disclose a licensee's address of record. However, each entity shall allow a licensee to provide a post office box number or other alternate address, instead of his or her home address, as the address of record. This section shall not preclude an entity from also requiring a licensee, who has provided a post office box number or other alternative mailing address as his or her address of record, to provide a physical business address or residence address only for the entity's internal administrative use and not for disclosure as the licensee's address of record or disclosure on the Internet.

(b) Each of the following entities within the Department of Consumer Affairs shall comply with the requirements of this section:

(1) The Acupuncture Board shall disclose information on its licensees.

(2) The Board of Behavioral Sciences shall disclose information on its licensees, including marriage and family therapists, licensed clinical social workers, and licensed educational psychologists.

(3) The Dental Board of California shall disclose information on its licensees.

1 (4) The State Board of Optometry shall disclose information
2 regarding certificates of registration to practice optometry,
3 statements of licensure, optometric corporation registrations, branch
4 office licenses, and fictitious name permits of its licensees.

5 (5) The Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors
6 shall disclose information on its registrants and licensees.

7 (6) The Structural Pest Control Board shall disclose information
8 on its licensees, including applicators, field representatives, and
9 operators in the areas of fumigation, general pest and wood
10 destroying pests and organisms, and wood roof cleaning and
11 treatment.

12 (7) The Bureau of Automotive Repair shall disclose information
13 on its licensees, including auto repair dealers, smog stations, lamp
14 and brake stations, smog check technicians, and smog inspection
15 certification stations.

16 (8) The Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair shall disclose
17 information on its licensees, including major appliance repair
18 dealers, combination dealers (electronic and appliance), electronic
19 repair dealers, service contract sellers, and service contract
20 administrators.

21 (9) The Cemetery and Funeral Bureau shall disclose information
22 on its licensees, including cemetery brokers, cemetery salespersons,
23 cemetery managers, crematory managers, cemetery authorities,
24 crematories, cremated remains disposers, embalmers, funeral
25 establishments, and funeral directors.

26 (10) The Professional Fiduciaries Bureau shall disclose
27 information on its licensees.

28 (11) The Contractors' State License Board shall disclose
29 information on its licensees in accordance with Chapter 9
30 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3. In addition to
31 information related to licenses as specified in subdivision (a), the
32 board shall also disclose information provided to the board by the
33 Labor Commissioner pursuant to Section 98.9 of the Labor Code.

34 (12) The Board of Psychology shall disclose information on its
35 licensees, including psychologists, psychological assistants, and
36 registered psychologists.

37 (c) "Internet" for the purposes of this section has the meaning
38 set forth in paragraph (6) of subdivision (e) of Section 17538.

1 SEC. 2. Section 101 of the Business and Professions Code, as
2 amended by Section 1 of Chapter 31 of the Statutes of 2008, is
3 amended to read:

4 101. The department is comprised of:

- 5 (a) The Dental Board of California.
- 6 (b) The Medical Board of California.
- 7 (c) The State Board of Optometry.
- 8 (d) The California State Board of Pharmacy.
- 9 (e) The Veterinary Medical Board.
- 10 (f) The California Board of Accountancy.
- 11 (g) The California Architects Board.
- 12 (h) The Bureau of Barbering and Cosmetology.
- 13 (i) The Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.
- 14 (j) The Contractors' State License Board.
- 15 (k) The Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational
16 Education.
- 17 (l) The Structural Pest Control Board.
- 18 (m) The Bureau of Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation.
- 19 (n) The Board of Registered Nursing.
- 20 (o) The Board of Behavioral Sciences.
- 21 (p) The State Athletic Commission.
- 22 (q) The Cemetery and Funeral Bureau.
- 23 (r) The State Board of Guide Dogs for the Blind.
- 24 (s) The Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.
- 25 (t) The Court Reporters Board of California.
- 26 (u) The Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric
27 Technicians.
- 28 (v) The Landscape Architects Technical Committee.
- 29 (w) The Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair.
- 30 (x) The Division of Investigation.
- 31 (y) The Bureau of Automotive Repair.
- 32 (z) The State Board of Registration for Geologists and
33 Geophysicists.
- 34 (aa) The Respiratory Care Board of California.
- 35 (ab) The Acupuncture Board.
- 36 (ac) The Board of Psychology.
- 37 (ad) The California Board of Podiatric Medicine.
- 38 (ae) The Physical Therapy Board of California.
- 39 (af) The Arbitration Review Program.
- 40 (ag) The Hearing Aid Dispensers Bureau.

- 1 (ah) The Physician Assistant Committee.
- 2 (ai) The Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board.
- 3 (aj) The California Board of Occupational Therapy.
- 4 (ak) The Osteopathic Medical Board of California.
- 5 (al) The Bureau of Naturopathic Medicine.
- 6 (am) The Dental Hygiene Committee of California.
- 7 (an) The Professional Fiduciaries Bureau.
- 8 (ao) Any other boards, offices, or officers subject to its
- 9 jurisdiction by law.

10 SEC. 3. Section 128.5 of the Business and Professions Code
11 is amended to read:

12 128.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if at
13 the end of any fiscal year, an agency within the Department of
14 Consumer Affairs, except the agencies referred to in subdivision
15 (b), has unencumbered funds in an amount that equals or is more
16 than the agency's operating budget for the next two fiscal years,
17 the agency shall reduce license or other fees, whether the license
18 or other fees be fixed by statute or may be determined by the
19 agency within limits fixed by statute, during the following fiscal
20 year in an amount that will reduce any surplus funds of the agency
21 to an amount less than the agency's operating budget for the next
22 two fiscal years.

23 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if at the end of
24 any fiscal year, the California Architects Board, the Board of
25 Behavioral Sciences, the Veterinary Medical Board, the Court
26 Reporters Board of California, the Medical Board of California,
27 the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians, or
28 the Bureau of Security and Investigative Services has
29 unencumbered funds in an amount that equals or is more than the
30 agency's operating budget for the next two fiscal years, the agency
31 shall reduce license or other fees, whether the license or other fees
32 be fixed by statute or may be determined by the agency within
33 limits fixed by statute, during the following fiscal year in an amount
34 that will reduce any surplus funds of the agency to an amount less
35 than the agency's operating budget for the next two fiscal years.

36 SEC. 4. Section 144 of the Business and Professions Code is
37 amended to read:

38 144. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an agency
39 designated in subdivision (b) shall require an applicant to furnish
40 to the agency a full set of fingerprints for purposes of conducting

1 criminal history record checks. Any agency designated in
2 subdivision (b) may obtain and receive, at its discretion, criminal
3 history information from the Department of Justice and the United
4 States Federal Bureau of Investigation.

5 (b) Subdivision (a) applies to the following:

6 (1) California Board of Accountancy.

7 (2) State Athletic Commission.

8 (3) Board of Behavioral Sciences.

9 (4) Court Reporters Board of California.

10 (5) State Board of Guide Dogs for the Blind.

11 (6) California State Board of Pharmacy.

12 (7) Board of Registered Nursing.

13 (8) Veterinary Medical Board.

14 (9) Registered Veterinary Technician Committee.

15 (10) Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians.

16 (11) Respiratory Care Board of California.

17 (12) Hearing Aid Dispensers Advisory Commission.

18 (13) Physical Therapy Board of California.

19 (14) Physician Assistant Committee of the Medical Board of
20 California.

21 (15) Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board.

22 (16) Medical Board of California.

23 (17) State Board of Optometry.

24 (18) Acupuncture Board.

25 (19) Cemetery and Funeral Bureau.

26 (20) Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.

27 (21) Division of Investigation.

28 (22) Board of Psychology.

29 (23) The California Board of Occupational Therapy.

30 (24) Structural Pest Control Board.

31 (25) Contractors' State License Board.

32 (26) Bureau of Naturopathic Medicine.

33 (27) The Professional Fiduciaries Bureau.

34 (c) The provisions of paragraph (24) of subdivision (b) shall
35 become operative on July 1, 2004. The provisions of paragraph
36 (25) of subdivision (b) shall become operative on the date on which
37 sufficient funds are available for the Contractors' State License
38 Board and the Department of Justice to conduct a criminal history
39 record check pursuant to this section or on July 1, 2005, whichever
40 occurs first.

1 SEC. 5. Section 146 of the Business and Professions Code is
2 amended to read:

3 146. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
4 violation of any code section listed in subdivision (c) or (d) is an
5 infraction subject to the procedures described in Sections 19.6 and
6 19.7 of the Penal Code when either of the following applies:

7 (1) A complaint or a written notice to appear in court pursuant
8 to Chapter 5C (commencing with Section 853.5) of Title 3 of Part
9 2 of the Penal Code is filed in court charging the offense as an
10 infraction unless the defendant, at the time he or she is arraigned,
11 after being advised of his or her rights, elects to have the case
12 proceed as a misdemeanor.

13 (2) The court, with the consent of the defendant and the
14 prosecution, determines that the offense is an infraction in which
15 event the case shall proceed as if the defendant has been arraigned
16 on an infraction complaint.

17 (b) Subdivision (a) does not apply to a violation of the code
18 sections listed in subdivisions (c) and (d) if the defendant has had
19 his or her license, registration, or certificate previously revoked
20 or suspended.

21 (c) The following sections require registration, licensure,
22 certification, or other authorization in order to engage in certain
23 businesses or professions regulated by this code:

24 (1) Sections 2052 and 2054.

25 (2) Section 2630.

26 (3) Section 2903.

27 (4) Section 3660.

28 (5) Sections 3760 and 3761.

29 (6) Section 4080.

30 (7) Section 4825.

31 (8) Section 4935.

32 (9) Section 4980.

33 (10) Section 4996.

34 (11) Section 5536.

35 (12) Section 6704.

36 (13) Section 6980.10.

37 (14) Section 7317.

38 (15) Section 7502 or 7592.

39 (16) Section 7520.

40 (17) Section 7617 or 7641.

1 (18) Subdivision (a) of Section 7872.

2 (19) Section 8016.

3 (20) Section 8505.

4 (21) Section 8725.

5 (22) Section 9681.

6 (23) Section 9840.

7 (24) Subdivision (c) of Section 9891.24.

8 (25) Section 19049.

9 (d) Institutions that are required to register with the Bureau for
10 Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education pursuant to
11 Section 94931 of the Education Code.

12 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of
13 any of the sections listed in subdivision (c) or (d), which is an
14 infraction, is punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred
15 fifty dollars (\$250) and not more than one thousand dollars
16 (\$1,000). No portion of the minimum fine may be suspended by
17 the court unless as a condition of that suspension the defendant is
18 required to submit proof of a current valid license, registration, or
19 certificate for the profession or vocation the absence of which was
20 the basis for his or her conviction.

21 SEC. 6. Section 149 of the Business and Professions Code is
22 amended to read:

23 149. (a) If, upon investigation, an agency designated in
24 subdivision (e) has probable cause to believe that a person is
25 advertising in a telephone directory with respect to the offering or
26 performance of services, without being properly licensed by or
27 registered with the agency to offer or perform those services, the
28 agency may issue a citation under Section 148 containing an order
29 of correction that requires the violator to do both of the following:

30 (1) Cease the unlawful advertising.

31 (2) Notify the telephone company furnishing services to the
32 violator to disconnect the telephone service furnished to any
33 telephone number contained in the unlawful advertising.

34 (b) This action is stayed if the person to whom a citation is
35 issued under subdivision (a) notifies the agency in writing that he
36 or she intends to contest the citation. The agency shall afford an
37 opportunity for a hearing, as specified in Section 125.9.

38 (c) If the person to whom a citation and order of correction is
39 issued under subdivision (a) fails to comply with the order of
40 correction after that order is final, the agency shall inform the

1 Public Utilities Commission of the violation and the Public Utilities
2 Commission shall require the telephone corporation furnishing
3 services to that person to disconnect the telephone service furnished
4 to any telephone number contained in the unlawful advertising.

5 (d) The good faith compliance by a telephone corporation with
6 an order of the Public Utilities Commission to terminate service
7 issued pursuant to this section shall constitute a complete defense
8 to any civil or criminal action brought against the telephone
9 corporation arising from the termination of service.

10 (e) Subdivision (a) shall apply to the following boards, bureaus,
11 committees, commissions, or programs:

- 12 (1) The Bureau of Barbering and Cosmetology.
- 13 (2) The Funeral Directors and Embalmers Program.
- 14 (3) The Veterinary Medical Board.
- 15 (4) The Hearing Aid Dispensers Advisory Commission.
- 16 (5) The Landscape Architects Technical Committee.
- 17 (6) The California Board of Podiatric Medicine.
- 18 (7) The Respiratory Care Board of California.
- 19 (8) The Bureau of Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation.
- 20 (9) The Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.
- 21 (10) The Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair.
- 22 (11) The Bureau of Automotive Repair.
- 23 (12) The Tax Preparers Program.
- 24 (13) The California Architects Board.
- 25 (14) The Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board.
- 26 (15) The Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.
- 27 (16) The Board of Behavioral Sciences.
- 28 (17) The State Board for Geologists and Geophysicists.
- 29 (18) The Structural Pest Control Board.
- 30 (19) The Acupuncture Board.
- 31 (20) The Board of Psychology.
- 32 (21) The California Board of Accountancy.
- 33 (22) The Bureau of Naturopathic Medicine.
- 34 (23) The Physical Therapy Board of California.

35 SEC. 7. Section 683 of the Business and Professions Code is
36 amended to read:

37 683. (a) A board shall report, within 10 working days, to the
38 State Department of Health Care Services the name and license
39 number of a person whose license has been revoked, suspended,
40 surrendered, made inactive by the licensee, or placed in another

1 category that prohibits the licensee from practicing his or her
2 profession. The purpose of the reporting requirement is to prevent
3 reimbursement by the state for Medi-Cal and Denti-Cal services
4 provided after the cancellation of a provider's professional license.

5 (b) "Board," as used in this section, means the Dental Board of
6 California, the Medical Board of California, the Board of
7 Psychology, the State Board of Optometry, the California State
8 Board of Pharmacy, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California,
9 the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, and the California
10 Board of Occupational Therapy.

11 SEC. 8. Section 733 of the Business and Professions Code is
12 amended to read:

13 733. (a) No licentiate shall obstruct a patient in obtaining a
14 prescription drug or device that has been legally prescribed or
15 ordered for that patient. A violation of this section constitutes
16 unprofessional conduct by the licentiate and shall subject the
17 licentiate to disciplinary or administrative action by his or her
18 licensing agency.

19 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a licentiate
20 shall dispense drugs and devices, as described in subdivision (a)
21 of Section 4024, pursuant to a lawful order or prescription unless
22 one of the following circumstances exists:

23 (1) Based solely on the licentiate's professional training and
24 judgment, dispensing pursuant to the order or the prescription is
25 contrary to law, or the licentiate determines that the prescribed
26 drug or device would cause a harmful drug interaction or would
27 otherwise adversely affect the patient's medical condition.

28 (2) The prescription drug or device is not in stock. If an order,
29 other than an order described in Section 4019, or prescription
30 cannot be dispensed because the drug or device is not in stock, the
31 licentiate shall take one of the following actions:

32 (A) Immediately notify the patient and arrange for the drug or
33 device to be delivered to the site or directly to the patient in a
34 timely manner.

35 (B) Promptly transfer the prescription to another pharmacy
36 known to stock the prescription drug or device that is near enough
37 to the site from which the prescription or order is transferred, to
38 ensure the patient has timely access to the drug or device.

39 (C) Return the prescription to the patient and refer the patient.
40 The licentiate shall make a reasonable effort to refer the patient to

1 a pharmacy that stocks the prescription drug or device that is near
2 enough to the referring site to ensure that the patient has timely
3 access to the drug or device.

4 (3) The licentiate refuses on ethical, moral, or religious grounds
5 to dispense a drug or device pursuant to an order or prescription.
6 A licentiate may decline to dispense a prescription drug or device
7 on this basis only if the licentiate has previously notified his or
8 her employer, in writing, of the drug or class of drugs to which he
9 or she objects, and the licentiate's employer can, without creating
10 undue hardship, provide a reasonable accommodation of the
11 licentiate's objection. The licentiate's employer shall establish
12 protocols that ensure that the patient has timely access to the
13 prescribed drug or device despite the licentiate's refusal to dispense
14 the prescription or order. For purposes of this section, "reasonable
15 accommodation" and "undue hardship" shall have the same
16 meaning as applied to those terms pursuant to subdivision (l) of
17 Section 12940 of the Government Code.

18 (c) For the purposes of this section, "prescription drug or device"
19 has the same meaning as the definition in Section 4022.

20 (d) The provisions of this section shall apply to the drug therapy
21 described in Section 4052.3.

22 (e) This section imposes no duty on a licentiate to dispense a
23 drug or device pursuant to a prescription or order without payment
24 for the drug or device, including payment directly by the patient
25 or through a third-party payer accepted by the licentiate or payment
26 of any required copayment by the patient.

27 (f) The notice to consumers required by Section 4122 shall
28 include a statement that describes patients' rights relative to the
29 requirements of this section.

30 SEC. 9. Section 800 of the Business and Professions Code is
31 amended to read:

32 800. (a) The Medical Board of California, the Board of
33 Psychology, the Dental Board of California, the Osteopathic
34 Medical Board of California, the State Board of Chiropractic
35 Examiners, the Board of Registered Nursing, the Board of
36 Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians, the State Board
37 of Optometry, the Veterinary Medical Board, the Board of
38 Behavioral Sciences, the Physical Therapy Board of California,
39 the California State Board of Pharmacy, the Speech-Language
40 Pathology and Audiology Board, the California Board of

1 Occupational Therapy, and the Acupuncture Board shall each
2 separately create and maintain a central file of the names of all
3 persons who hold a license, certificate, or similar authority from
4 that board. Each central file shall be created and maintained to
5 provide an individual historical record for each licensee with
6 respect to the following information:

7 (1) Any conviction of a crime in this or any other state that
8 constitutes unprofessional conduct pursuant to the reporting
9 requirements of Section 803.

10 (2) Any judgment or settlement requiring the licensee or his or
11 her insurer to pay any amount of damages in excess of three
12 thousand dollars (\$3,000) for any claim that injury or death was
13 proximately caused by the licensee's negligence, error or omission
14 in practice, or by rendering unauthorized professional services,
15 pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 801 or 802.

16 (3) Any public complaints for which provision is made pursuant
17 to subdivision (b).

18 (4) Disciplinary information reported pursuant to Section 805.

19 (b) Each board shall prescribe and promulgate forms on which
20 members of the public and other licensees or certificate holders
21 may file written complaints to the board alleging any act of
22 misconduct in, or connected with, the performance of professional
23 services by the licensee.

24 If a board, or division thereof, a committee, or a panel has failed
25 to act upon a complaint or report within five years, or has found
26 that the complaint or report is without merit, the central file shall
27 be purged of information relating to the complaint or report.

28 Notwithstanding this subdivision, the Board of Psychology, the
29 Board of Behavioral Sciences, and the Respiratory Care Board of
30 California shall maintain complaints or reports as long as each
31 board deems necessary.

32 (c) The contents of any central file that are not public records
33 under any other provision of law shall be confidential except that
34 the licensee involved, or his or her counsel or representative, shall
35 have the right to inspect and have copies made of his or her
36 complete file except for the provision that may disclose the identity
37 of an information source. For the purposes of this section, a board
38 may protect an information source by providing a copy of the
39 material with only those deletions necessary to protect the identity
40 of the source or by providing a comprehensive summary of the

1 substance of the material. Whichever method is used, the board
2 shall ensure that full disclosure is made to the subject of any
3 personal information that could reasonably in any way reflect or
4 convey anything detrimental, disparaging, or threatening to a
5 licensee's reputation, rights, benefits, privileges, or qualifications,
6 or be used by a board to make a determination that would affect
7 a licensee's rights, benefits, privileges, or qualifications. The
8 information required to be disclosed pursuant to Section 803.1
9 shall not be considered among the contents of a central file for the
10 purposes of this subdivision.

11 The licensee may, but is not required to, submit any additional
12 exculpatory or explanatory statement or other information that the
13 board shall include in the central file.

14 Each board may permit any law enforcement or regulatory
15 agency when required for an investigation of unlawful activity or
16 for licensing, certification, or regulatory purposes to inspect and
17 have copies made of that licensee's file, unless the disclosure is
18 otherwise prohibited by law.

19 These disclosures shall effect no change in the confidential status
20 of these records.

21 SEC. 10. Section 801 of the Business and Professions Code is
22 amended to read:

23 801. (a) Except as provided in Section 801.01 and subdivisions
24 (b), (c), and (d) of this section, every insurer providing professional
25 liability insurance to a person who holds a license, certificate, or
26 similar authority from or under any agency mentioned in
27 subdivision (a) of Section 800 shall send a complete report to that
28 agency as to any settlement or arbitration award over three
29 thousand dollars (\$3,000) of a claim or action for damages for
30 death or personal injury caused by that person's negligence, error,
31 or omission in practice, or by his or her rendering of unauthorized
32 professional services. The report shall be sent within 30 days after
33 the written settlement agreement has been reduced to writing and
34 signed by all parties thereto or within 30 days after service of the
35 arbitration award on the parties.

36 (b) Every insurer providing professional liability insurance to
37 a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 13 (commencing with
38 Section 4980) or Chapter 14 (commencing with Section 4990)
39 shall send a complete report to the Board of Behavioral Sciences
40 as to any settlement or arbitration award over ten thousand dollars

(b) Every insurer providing professional liability insurance to a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600) shall send a complete report to the Dental Board of California as to any settlement or arbitration award over ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) of a claim or action for damages for death or personal injury caused by that person's negligence, error, or omission in practice, or by his or her rendering of unauthorized professional services. The report shall be sent within 30 days after the written settlement agreement has been reduced to writing and signed by all parties thereto or within 30 days after service of the arbitration award on the parties.

(c) Every insurer providing professional liability insurance to a dentist licensed pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600) shall send a complete report to the Dental Board of California as to any settlement or arbitration award over ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) of a claim or action for damages for death or personal injury caused by that person's negligence, error, or omission in practice, or rendering of unauthorized professional services. The report shall be sent within 30 days after the written settlement agreement has been reduced to writing and signed by all parties thereto or within 30 days after service of the arbitration award on the parties.

(d) Every insurer providing liability insurance to a veterinarian licensed pursuant to Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 4800) shall send a complete report to the Veterinary Medical Board of California as to any settlement or arbitration award over ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) of a claim or action for damages for death or injury caused by that person's negligence, error, or omission in practice, or rendering of unauthorized professional service. The report shall be sent within 30 days after the written settlement agreement has been reduced to writing and signed by all parties thereto or within 30 days after service of the arbitration award on the parties.

(e) The insurer shall notify the claimant, or if the claimant is represented by counsel, the insurer shall notify the claimant's attorney, that the report required by subdivision (a), (b), or (c) has been sent to the agency. If the attorney has not received this notice within 45 days after the settlement was reduced to writing and signed by all of the parties, the arbitration award was served on the parties, or the date of entry of the civil judgment, the attorney shall make the report to the agency.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no insurer shall enter into a settlement without the written consent of the insured, except that this prohibition shall not void any settlement entered into without that written consent. The requirement of written

1 consent shall only be waived by both the insured and the insurer.
2 This section shall only apply to a settlement on a policy of
3 insurance executed or renewed on or after January 1, 1971.

4 SEC. 11. ~~Section 801.01 of the Business and Professions Code~~
5 ~~is amended to read:~~

6 ~~801.01. (a) A complete report shall be sent to the Medical~~
7 ~~Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board, or the~~
8 ~~California Board of Podiatric Medicine, with respect to a licensee~~
9 ~~of the board as to the following:~~

10 ~~(1) A settlement over thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) or~~
11 ~~arbitration award of any amount or a civil judgment of any amount,~~
12 ~~whether or not vacated by a settlement after entry of the judgment,~~
13 ~~that was not reversed on appeal, of a claim or action for damages~~
14 ~~for death or personal injury caused by the licensee's alleged~~
15 ~~negligence, error, or omission in practice in California, or by his~~
16 ~~or her rendering of unauthorized professional services in California.~~

17 ~~(2) A settlement over thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) if it is~~
18 ~~based on the licensee's alleged negligence, error, or omission in~~
19 ~~practice in California, or by the licensee's rendering of~~
20 ~~unauthorized professional services in California, and a party to the~~
21 ~~settlement is a corporation, medical group, partnership, or other~~
22 ~~corporate entity in which the licensee has an ownership interest~~
23 ~~or that employs or contracts with the licensee.~~

24 ~~(b) The report shall be sent by the following:~~

25 ~~(1) The insurer providing professional liability insurance to the~~
26 ~~licensee.~~

27 ~~(2) The licensee, or his or her counsel, if the licensee does not~~
28 ~~possess professional liability insurance.~~

29 ~~(3) A state or local governmental agency that self-insures the~~
30 ~~licensee.~~

31 ~~(c) The entity, person, or licensee obligated to report pursuant~~
32 ~~to subdivision (b) shall send the complete report if the judgment,~~
33 ~~settlement agreement, or arbitration award is entered against or~~
34 ~~paid by the employer of the licensee and not entered against or~~
35 ~~paid by the licensee. "Employer," as used in this paragraph, means~~
36 ~~a professional corporation, a group practice, a health care facility~~
37 ~~or clinic licensed or exempt from licensure under the Health and~~
38 ~~Safety Code, a licensed health care service plan, a medical care~~
39 ~~foundation, an educational institution, a professional institution,~~
40 ~~a professional school or college, a general law corporation, a public~~

entity, or a nonprofit organization that employs, retains, or contracts with a licensee referred to in this section. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize the employment of, or contracting with, any licensee in violation of Section 2400.

(d) The report shall be sent to the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine, as appropriate, within 30 days after the written settlement agreement has been reduced to writing and signed by all parties thereto, within 30 days after service of the arbitration award on the parties, or within 30 days after the date of entry of the civil judgment.

(e) If an insurer is required under subdivision (b) to send the report, the insurer shall notify the claimant, or if the claimant is represented by counsel, the claimant's counsel, that the insurer has sent the report to the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine. If the claimant, or his or her counsel, has not received this notice within 45 days after the settlement was reduced to writing and signed by all of the parties or the arbitration award was served on the parties or the date of entry of the civil judgment, the claimant or the claimant's counsel shall make the report to the appropriate board.

(f) If the licensee or his or her counsel is required under subdivision (b) to send the report, the licensee or his or her counsel shall send a copy of the report to the claimant or to his or her counsel if he or she is represented by counsel. If the claimant or his or her counsel has not received a copy of the report within 45 days after the settlement was reduced to writing and signed by all of the parties or the arbitration award was served on the parties or the date of entry of the civil judgment, the claimant or the claimant's counsel shall make the report to the appropriate board.

(g) Failure of the licensee or claimant, or counsel representing the licensee or claimant, to comply with subdivision (f) is a public offense punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) and not more than five hundred dollars (\$500). A knowing and intentional failure to comply with subdivision (f) or a conspiracy or collusion not to comply with subdivision (f), or to hinder or impede any other person in the compliance, is a public offense punishable by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

~~(h) (1) The Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, and the California Board of Podiatric Medicine may develop a prescribed form for the report.~~

~~(2) The report shall be deemed complete only if it includes the following information:~~

~~(A) The name and last known business and residential addresses of every plaintiff or claimant involved in the matter, whether or not the person received an award under the settlement, arbitration, or judgment.~~

~~(B) The name and last known business and residential address of every physician and surgeon or doctor of podiatric medicine who was alleged to have acted improperly, whether or not that person was a named defendant in the action and whether or not that person was required to pay any damages pursuant to the settlement, arbitration award, or judgment.~~

~~(C) The name, address, and principal place of business of every insurer providing professional liability insurance to any person described in subparagraph (B), and the insured's policy number.~~

~~(D) The name of the court in which the action or any part of the action was filed, and the date of filing and case number of each action.~~

~~(E) A brief description or summary of the facts of each claim, charge, or allegation, including the date of occurrence.~~

~~(F) The name and last known business address of each attorney who represented a party in the settlement, arbitration, or civil action, including the name of the client he or she represented.~~

~~(G) The amount of the judgment and the date of its entry; the amount of the arbitration award, the date of its service on the parties, and a copy of the award document; or the amount of the settlement and the date it was reduced to writing and signed by all parties. If an otherwise reportable settlement is entered into after a reportable judgment or arbitration award is issued, the report shall include both the settlement and the judgment or award.~~

~~(H) The specialty or subspecialty of the physician and surgeon or the doctor of podiatric medicine who was the subject of the claim or action.~~

~~(I) Any other information the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine may, by regulation, require.~~

1 ~~(3) Every professional liability insurer, self-insured~~
2 ~~governmental agency, or licensee or his or her counsel that makes~~
3 ~~a report under this section and has received a copy of any written~~
4 ~~or electronic patient medical or hospital records prepared by the~~
5 ~~treating physician and surgeon or podiatrist, or the staff of the~~
6 ~~treating physician and surgeon, podiatrist, or hospital, describing~~
7 ~~the medical condition, history, care, or treatment of the person~~
8 ~~whose death or injury is the subject of the report, or a copy of any~~
9 ~~deposition in the matter that discusses the care, treatment, or~~
10 ~~medical condition of the person, shall include with the report,~~
11 ~~copies of the records and depositions, subject to reasonable costs~~
12 ~~to be paid by the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic~~
13 ~~Medical Board of California, or the California Board of Podiatric~~
14 ~~Medicine. If confidentiality is required by court order and, as a~~
15 ~~result, the reporter is unable to provide the records and depositions,~~
16 ~~documentation to that effect shall accompany the original report.~~
17 ~~The applicable board may, upon prior notification of the parties~~
18 ~~to the action, petition the appropriate court for modification of any~~
19 ~~protective order to permit disclosure to the board. A professional~~
20 ~~liability insurer, self-insured governmental agency, or licensee or~~
21 ~~his or her counsel shall maintain the records and depositions~~
22 ~~referred to in this paragraph for at least one year from the date of~~
23 ~~filing of the report required by this section.~~

24 ~~(i) If the board, within 60 days of its receipt of a report filed~~
25 ~~under this section, notifies a person named in the report, that person~~
26 ~~shall maintain for the period of three years from the date of filing~~
27 ~~of the report any records he or she has as to the matter in question~~
28 ~~and shall make those records available upon request to the board~~
29 ~~to which the report was sent.~~

30 ~~(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no insurer shall~~
31 ~~enter into a settlement without the written consent of the insured,~~
32 ~~except that this prohibition shall not void any settlement entered~~
33 ~~into without that written consent. The requirement of written~~
34 ~~consent shall only be waived by both the insured and the insurer.~~

35 ~~SEC. 12.~~

36 ~~SEC. 11.~~ Section 803 of the Business and Professions Code is
37 amended to read:

38 803. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), within 10 days
39 after a judgment by a court of this state that a person who holds a
40 license, certificate, or other similar authority from the Board of

1 Behavioral Sciences or from an agency mentioned in subdivision
2 (a) of Section 800 (except a person licensed pursuant to Chapter
3 3 (commencing with Section 1200)) has committed a crime, or is
4 liable for any death or personal injury resulting in a judgment for
5 an amount in excess of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) caused
6 by his or her negligence, error or omission in practice, or his or
7 her rendering unauthorized professional services, the clerk of the
8 court that rendered the judgment shall report that fact to the agency
9 that issued the license, certificate, or other similar authority.

10 (b) For purposes of a physician and surgeon, osteopathic
11 physician and surgeon, or doctor of podiatric medicine, who is
12 liable for any death or personal injury resulting in a judgment of
13 any amount caused by his or her negligence, error or omission in
14 practice, or his or her rendering unauthorized professional services,
15 the clerk of the court that rendered the judgment shall report that
16 fact to the agency that issued the license.

17 ~~SEC. 13.~~

18 *SEC. 12.* Section 2089.5 of the Business and Professions Code
19 is amended to read:

20 2089.5. (a) Clinical instruction in the subjects listed in
21 subdivision (b) of Section 2089 shall meet the requirements of this
22 section and shall be considered adequate if the requirements of
23 subdivision (a) of Section 2089 and the requirements of this section
24 are satisfied.

25 (b) Instruction in the clinical courses shall total a minimum of
26 72 weeks in length.

27 (c) Instruction in the core clinical courses of surgery, medicine,
28 family medicine, pediatrics, obstetrics and gynecology, and
29 psychiatry shall total a minimum of 40 weeks in length with a
30 minimum of eight weeks instruction in surgery, eight weeks in
31 medicine, six weeks in pediatrics, six weeks in obstetrics and
32 gynecology, a minimum of four weeks in family medicine, and
33 four weeks in psychiatry.

34 (d) Of the instruction required by subdivision (b), including all
35 of the instruction required by subdivision (c), 54 weeks shall be
36 performed in a hospital that sponsors the instruction and shall meet
37 one of the following:

38 (1) Is a formal part of the medical school or school of
39 osteopathic medicine.

1 (2) Has a residency program, approved by the Accreditation
2 Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) or the Royal
3 College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC), in family
4 practice or in the clinical area of the instruction for which credit
5 is being sought.

6 (3) Is formally affiliated with an approved medical school or
7 school of osteopathic medicine located in the United States or
8 Canada. If the affiliation is limited in nature, credit shall be given
9 only in the subject areas covered by the affiliation agreement.

10 (4) Is formally affiliated with a medical school or a school of
11 osteopathic medicine located outside the United States or Canada.

12 (e) If the institution, specified in subdivision (d), is formally
13 affiliated with a medical school or a school of osteopathic medicine
14 located outside the United States or Canada, it shall meet the
15 following:

16 (1) The formal affiliation shall be documented by a written
17 contract detailing the relationship between the medical school, or
18 a school of osteopathic medicine, and hospital and the
19 responsibilities of each.

20 (2) The school and hospital shall provide to the board a
21 description of the clinical program. The description shall be in
22 sufficient detail to enable the board to determine whether or not
23 the program provides students an adequate medical education. The
24 board shall approve the program if it determines that the program
25 provides an adequate medical education. If the board does not
26 approve the program, it shall provide its reasons for disapproval
27 to the school and hospital in writing specifying its findings about
28 each aspect of the program that it considers to be deficient and the
29 changes required to obtain approval.

30 (3) The hospital, if located in the United States, shall be
31 accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals,
32 and if located in another country, shall be accredited in accordance
33 with the law of that country.

34 (4) The clinical instruction shall be supervised by a full-time
35 director of medical education, and the head of the department for
36 each core clinical course shall hold a full-time faculty appointment
37 of the medical school or school of osteopathic medicine and shall
38 be board certified or eligible, or have an equivalent credential in
39 that specialty area appropriate to the country in which the hospital
40 is located.

1 (5) The clinical instruction shall be conducted pursuant to a
2 written program of instruction provided by the school.

3 (6) The school shall supervise the implementation of the
4 program on a regular basis, documenting the level and extent of
5 its supervision.

6 (7) The hospital-based faculty shall evaluate each student on a
7 regular basis and shall document the completion of each aspect of
8 the program for each student.

9 (8) The hospital shall ensure a minimum daily census adequate
10 to meet the instructional needs of the number of students enrolled
11 in each course area of clinical instruction, but not less than 15
12 patients in each course area of clinical instruction.

13 (9) The board, in reviewing the application of a foreign medical
14 graduate, may require the applicant to submit a description of the
15 clinical program, if the board has not previously approved the
16 program, and may require the applicant to submit documentation
17 to demonstrate that the applicant's clinical training met the
18 requirements of this subdivision.

19 (10) The medical school or school of osteopathic medicine shall
20 bear the reasonable cost of any site inspection by the board or its
21 agents necessary to determine whether the clinical program offered
22 is in compliance with this subdivision.

23 ~~SEC. 14.~~

24 *SEC. 13.* Section 2096 of the Business and Professions Code
25 is amended to read:

26 2096. In addition to other requirements of this chapter, before
27 a physician's and surgeon's license may be issued, each applicant,
28 including an applicant applying pursuant to Article 5 (commencing
29 with Section 2100), shall show by evidence satisfactory to the
30 board that he or she has satisfactorily completed at least one year
31 of postgraduate training, which includes at least four months of
32 general medicine, in a postgraduate training program approved by
33 the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education
34 (ACGME) or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of
35 Canada (RCPSC).

36 The amendments made to this section at the 1987 portion of the
37 1987–88 session of the Legislature shall not apply to applicants
38 who completed their one year of postgraduate training on or before
39 July 1, 1990.

~~SEC. 15.~~

SEC. 14. Section 2102 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

2102. Any applicant whose professional instruction was acquired in a country other than the United States or Canada shall provide evidence satisfactory to the board of compliance with the following requirements to be issued a physician's and surgeon's certificate:

(a) Completion in a medical school or schools of a resident course of professional instruction equivalent to that required by Section 2089 and issuance to the applicant of a document acceptable to the board that shows final and successful completion of the course. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to require the board to evaluate for equivalency any coursework obtained at a medical school disapproved by the board pursuant to this section.

(b) Certification by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates, or its equivalent, as determined by the board. This subdivision shall apply to all applicants who are subject to this section and who have not taken and passed the written examination specified in subdivision (d) prior to June 1, 1986.

(c) Satisfactory completion of the postgraduate training required under Section 2096. An applicant shall be required to have substantially completed the professional instruction required in subdivision (a) and shall be required to make application to the board and have passed steps 1 and 2 of the written examination relating to biomedical and clinical sciences prior to commencing any postgraduate training in this state. In its discretion, the board may authorize an applicant who is deficient in any education or clinical instruction required by Sections 2089 and 2089.5 to make up any deficiencies as a part of his or her postgraduate training program, but that remedial training shall be in addition to the postgraduate training required for licensure.

(d) Pass the written examination as provided under Article 9 (commencing with Section 2170). An applicant shall be required to meet the requirements specified in subdivision (b) prior to being admitted to the written examination required by this subdivision.

Nothing in this section prohibits the board from disapproving any foreign medical school or from denying an application if, in the opinion of the board, the professional instruction provided by

1 the medical school or the instruction received by the applicant is
2 not equivalent to that required in Article 4 (commencing with
3 Section 2080).

4 ~~SEC. 16.~~

5 *SEC. 15.* Section 2107 of the Business and Professions Code
6 is amended to read:

7 2107. (a) The Legislature intends that the board shall have the
8 authority to substitute postgraduate education and training to
9 remedy deficiencies in an applicant's medical school education
10 and training. The Legislature further intends that applicants who
11 substantially completed their clinical training shall be granted that
12 substitute credit if their postgraduate education took place in an
13 accredited program.

14 (b) To meet the requirements for licensure set forth in Sections
15 2089 and 2089.5, the board may require an applicant under this
16 article to successfully complete additional education and training.
17 In determining the content and duration of the required additional
18 education and training, the board shall consider the applicant's
19 medical education and performance on standardized national
20 examinations, and may substitute approved postgraduate training
21 in lieu of specified undergraduate requirements. Postgraduate
22 training substituted for undergraduate training shall be in addition
23 to the postgraduate training required by Sections 2102 and 2103.

24 ~~SEC. 17.~~

25 *SEC. 16.* Section 2135 of the Business and Professions Code
26 is amended to read:

27 2135. The board shall issue a physician and surgeon's
28 certificate to an applicant who meets all of the following
29 requirements:

30 (a) The applicant holds an unlimited license as a physician and
31 surgeon in another state or states, or in a Canadian province or
32 Canadian provinces, which was issued upon:

33 (1) Successful completion of a resident course of professional
34 instruction leading to a degree of medical doctor equivalent to that
35 specified in Section 2089. However, nothing in this section shall
36 be construed to require the board to evaluate for equivalency any
37 coursework obtained at a medical school disapproved by the board
38 pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 2080).

1 (2) Taking and passing a written examination that is recognized
2 by the board to be equivalent in content to that administered in
3 California.

4 (b) The applicant has held an unrestricted license to practice
5 medicine, in a state or states, in a Canadian province or Canadian
6 provinces, or as a member of the active military, United States
7 Public Health Services, or other federal program, for a period of
8 at least four years. Any time spent by the applicant in an approved
9 postgraduate training program or clinical fellowship acceptable to
10 the board shall not be included in the calculation of this four-year
11 period.

12 (c) The board determines that no disciplinary action has been
13 taken against the applicant by any medical licensing authority and
14 that the applicant has not been the subject of adverse judgments
15 or settlements resulting from the practice of medicine that the
16 board determines constitutes evidence of a pattern of negligence
17 or incompetence.

18 (d) The applicant (1) has satisfactorily completed at least one
19 year of approved postgraduate training and is certified by a
20 specialty board approved by the American Board of Medical
21 Specialties or approved by the board pursuant to subdivision (h)
22 of Section 651; (2) has satisfactorily completed at least two years
23 of approved postgraduate training; or (3) has satisfactorily
24 completed at least one year of approved postgraduate training and
25 takes and passes the clinical competency written examination.

26 (e) The applicant has not committed any acts or crimes
27 constituting grounds for denial of a certificate under Division 1.5
28 (commencing with Section 475) or Article 12 (commencing with
29 Section 2220).

30 (f) Any application received from an applicant who has held an
31 unrestricted license to practice medicine, in a state or states, or
32 Canadian province or Canadian provinces, or as a member of the
33 active military, United States Public Health Services, or other
34 federal program for four or more years shall be reviewed and
35 processed pursuant to this section. Any time spent by the applicant
36 in an approved postgraduate training program or clinical fellowship
37 acceptable to the board shall not be included in the calculation of
38 this four-year period. This subdivision does not apply to
39 applications that may be reviewed and processed pursuant to
40 Section 2151.

1 ~~SEC. 18.~~

2 *SEC. 17.* Section 2168.4 of the Business and Professions Code
3 is amended to read:

4 2168.4. (a) A special faculty permit expires and becomes
5 invalid at midnight on the last day of the permitholder's birth
6 month during the second year of a two-year term, if not renewed.

7 (b) A person who holds a special faculty permit shall show at
8 the time of license renewal that he or she continues to meet the
9 eligibility criteria set forth in Section 2168.1. After the first renewal
10 of a special faculty permit, the permitholder shall not be required
11 to hold a full-time faculty position, and may instead be employed
12 part-time in a position that otherwise meets the requirements set
13 forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 2168.1.

14 (c) A person who holds a special faculty permit shall show at
15 the time of license renewal that he or she meets the continuing
16 medical education requirements of Article 10 (commencing with
17 Section 2190).

18 (d) In addition to the requirements set forth above, a special
19 faculty permit shall be renewed in accordance with Article 19
20 (commencing with Section 2420) in the same manner as a
21 physician's and surgeon's certificate.

22 (e) Those fees applicable to a physician's and surgeon's
23 certificate shall also apply to a special faculty permit and shall be
24 paid into the State Treasury and credited to the Contingent Fund
25 of the Medical Board of California.

26 ~~SEC. 19.~~

27 *SEC. 18.* Section 2169 is added to the Business and Professions
28 Code, to read:

29 2169. A person who holds a special faculty permit shall meet
30 the continuing medical education requirements set forth in Article
31 10 (commencing with Section 2190).

32 ~~SEC. 20.~~

33 *SEC. 19.* Section 2172 of the Business and Professions Code
34 is repealed.

35 ~~SEC. 21.~~

36 *SEC. 20.* Section 2173 of the Business and Professions Code
37 is repealed.

38 ~~SEC. 22.~~

39 *SEC. 21.* Section 2174 of the Business and Professions Code
40 is repealed.

~~SEC. 23.~~

SEC. 22. Section 2175 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

2175. State examination records shall be kept on file by the board until June 1, 2070. Examinees shall be known and designated by number only, and the name attached to the number shall be kept secret until the examinee is sent notification of the results of the examinations.

~~SEC. 24.~~

SEC. 23. Section 2221 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

2221. (a) The board may deny a physician's and surgeon's certificate to an applicant guilty of unprofessional conduct or of any cause that would subject a licensee to revocation or suspension of his or her license; or, the board in its sole discretion, may issue a probationary physician's and surgeon's certificate to an applicant subject to terms and conditions, including, but not limited to, any of the following conditions of probation:

(1) Practice limited to a supervised, structured environment where the licensee's activities shall be supervised by another physician and surgeon.

(2) Total or partial restrictions on drug prescribing privileges for controlled substances.

(3) Continuing medical or psychiatric treatment.

(4) Ongoing participation in a specified rehabilitation program.

(5) Enrollment and successful completion of a clinical training program.

(6) Abstention from the use of alcohol or drugs.

(7) Restrictions against engaging in certain types of medical practice.

(8) Compliance with all provisions of this chapter.

(9) Payment of the cost of probation monitoring.

(b) The board may modify or terminate the terms and conditions imposed on the probationary certificate upon receipt of a petition from the licensee. The board may assign the petition to an administrative law judge designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code. After a hearing on the petition, the administrative law judge shall provide a proposed decision to the board.

(c) The board shall deny a physician's and surgeon's certificate to an applicant who is required to register pursuant to Section 290 of the Penal Code. This subdivision does not apply to an applicant who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 of the Penal Code solely because of a misdemeanor conviction under Section 314 of the Penal Code.

(d) An applicant shall not be eligible to reapply for a physician's and surgeon's certificate for a minimum of three years from the effective date of the denial of his or her application, except that the board may, in its discretion and for good cause demonstrated, permit reapplication after not less than one year has elapsed from the effective date of the denial.

~~SEC. 25.~~

SEC. 24. Section 2307 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

2307. (a) A person whose certificate has been surrendered while under investigation or while charges are pending or whose certificate has been revoked or suspended or placed on probation, may petition the board for reinstatement or modification of penalty, including modification or termination of probation.

(b) The person may file the petition after a period of not less than the following minimum periods have elapsed from the effective date of the surrender of the certificate or the decision ordering that disciplinary action:

(1) At least three years for reinstatement of a license surrendered or revoked for unprofessional conduct, except that the board may, for good cause shown, specify in a revocation order that a petition for reinstatement may be filed after two years.

(2) At least two years for early termination of probation of three years or more.

(3) At least one year for modification of a condition, or reinstatement of a license surrendered or revoked for mental or physical illness, or termination of probation of less than three years.

(c) The petition shall state any facts as may be required by the board. The petition shall be accompanied by at least two verified recommendations from physicians and surgeons licensed in any state who have personal knowledge of the activities of the petitioner since the disciplinary penalty was imposed.

(d) The petition may be heard by a panel of the board. The board may assign the petition to an administrative law judge designated

in Section 11371 of the Government Code. After a hearing on the petition, the administrative law judge shall provide a proposed decision to the board or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine, as applicable, which shall be acted upon in accordance with Section 2335.

(e) The panel of the board or the administrative law judge hearing the petition may consider all activities of the petitioner since the disciplinary action was taken, the offense for which the petitioner was disciplined, the petitioner's activities during the time the certificate was in good standing, and the petitioner's rehabilitative efforts, general reputation for truth, and professional ability. The hearing may be continued from time to time as the administrative law judge designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code finds necessary.

(f) The administrative law judge designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code reinstating a certificate or modifying a penalty may recommend the imposition of any terms and conditions deemed necessary.

(g) No petition shall be considered while the petitioner is under sentence for any criminal offense, including any period during which the petitioner is on court-imposed probation or parole. No petition shall be considered while there is an accusation or petition to revoke probation pending against the person. The board may deny without a hearing or argument any petition filed pursuant to this section within a period of two years from the effective date of the prior decision following a hearing under this section.

(h) This section is applicable to and may be carried out with regard to licensees of the California Board of Podiatric Medicine. In lieu of two verified recommendations from physicians and surgeons, the petition shall be accompanied by at least two verified recommendations from doctors of podiatric medicine licensed in any state who have personal knowledge of the activities of the petitioner since the date the disciplinary penalty was imposed.

(i) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to alter Sections 822 and 823.

~~SEC. 26.~~

SEC. 25. Section 2335 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

2335. (a) All proposed decisions and interim orders of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel designated in Section 11371 of the

1 Government Code shall be transmitted to the executive director
2 of the board, or the executive director of the California Board of
3 Podiatric Medicine as to the licensees of that board, within 48
4 hours of filing.

5 (b) All interim orders shall be final when filed.

6 (c) A proposed decision shall be acted upon by the board or by
7 any panel appointed pursuant to Section 2008 or by the California
8 Board of Podiatric Medicine, as the case may be, in accordance
9 with Section 11517 of the Government Code, except that all of the
10 following shall apply to proceedings against licensees under this
11 chapter:

12 (1) When considering a proposed decision, the board or panel
13 and the California Board of Podiatric Medicine shall give great
14 weight to the findings of fact of the administrative law judge,
15 except to the extent those findings of fact are controverted by new
16 evidence.

17 (2) The board's staff or the staff of the California Board of
18 Podiatric Medicine shall poll the members of the board or panel
19 or of the California Board of Podiatric Medicine by written mail
20 ballot concerning the proposed decision. The mail ballot shall be
21 sent within 10 calendar days of receipt of the proposed decision,
22 and shall poll each member on whether the member votes to
23 approve the decision, to approve the decision with an altered
24 penalty, to refer the case back to the administrative law judge for
25 the taking of additional evidence, to defer final decision pending
26 discussion of the case by the panel or board as a whole, or to
27 nonadopt the decision. No party to the proceeding, including
28 employees of the agency that filed the accusation, and no person
29 who has a direct or indirect interest in the outcome of the
30 proceeding or who presided at a previous stage of the decision,
31 may communicate directly or indirectly, upon the merits of a
32 contested matter while the proceeding is pending, with any member
33 of the panel or board, without notice and opportunity for all parties
34 to participate in the communication. The votes of a majority of the
35 board or of the panel, and a majority of the California Board of
36 Podiatric Medicine, are required to approve the decision with an
37 altered penalty, to refer the case back to the administrative law
38 judge for the taking of further evidence, or to nonadopt the
39 decision. The votes of two members of the panel or board are
40 required to defer final decision pending discussion of the case by

1 the panel or board as a whole. If there is a vote by the specified
2 number to defer final decision pending discussion of the case by
3 the panel or board as a whole, provision shall be made for that
4 discussion before the 100-day period specified in paragraph (3)
5 expires, but in no event shall that 100-day period be extended.

6 (3) If a majority of the board or of the panel, or a majority of
7 the California Board of Podiatric Medicine vote to do so, the board
8 or the panel or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine shall
9 issue an order of nonadoption of a proposed decision within 100
10 calendar days of the date it is received by the board. If the board
11 or the panel or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine does
12 not refer the case back to the administrative law judge for the
13 taking of additional evidence or issue an order of nonadoption
14 within 100 calendar days, the decision shall be final and subject
15 to review under Section 2337. Members of the board or of any
16 panel or of the California Board of Podiatric Medicine who review
17 a proposed decision or other matter and vote by mail as provided
18 in paragraph (2) shall return their votes by mail to the board within
19 30 days from receipt of the proposed decision or other matter.

20 (4) The board or the panel or the California Board of Podiatric
21 Medicine shall afford the parties the opportunity to present oral
22 argument before deciding a case after nonadoption of the
23 administrative law judge's decision.

24 (5) A vote of a majority of the board or of a panel, or a majority
25 of the California Board of Podiatric Medicine, are required to
26 increase the penalty from that contained in the proposed
27 administrative law judge's decision. No member of the board or
28 panel or of the California Board of Podiatric Medicine may vote
29 to increase the penalty except after reading the entire record and
30 personally hearing any additional oral argument and evidence
31 presented to the panel or board.

32 ~~SEC. 27:~~

33 *SEC. 26.* Section 2486 of the Business and Professions Code
34 is amended to read:

35 2486. The Medical Board of California shall issue, upon the
36 recommendation of the board, a certificate to practice podiatric
37 medicine if the applicant has submitted directly to the board from
38 the credentialing organizations verification that he or she meets
39 all of the following requirements:

1 (a) The applicant has graduated from an approved school or
2 college of podiatric medicine and meets the requirements of Section
3 2483.

4 (b) The applicant, within the past 10 years, has passed parts I,
5 II, and III of the examination administered by the National Board
6 of Podiatric Medical Examiners of the United States or has passed
7 a written examination that is recognized by the board to be the
8 equivalent in content to the examination administered by the
9 National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners of the United
10 States.

11 (c) The applicant has satisfactorily completed the postgraduate
12 training required by Section 2484.

13 (d) The applicant has passed within the past 10 years any oral
14 and practical examination that may be required of all applicants
15 by the board to ascertain clinical competence.

16 (e) The applicant has committed no acts or crimes constituting
17 grounds for denial of a certificate under Division 1.5 (commencing
18 with Section 475).

19 (f) The board determines that no disciplinary action has been
20 taken against the applicant by any podiatric licensing authority
21 and that the applicant has not been the subject of adverse judgments
22 or settlements resulting from the practice of podiatric medicine
23 that the board determines constitutes evidence of a pattern of
24 negligence or incompetence.

25 (g) A disciplinary databank report regarding the applicant is
26 received by the board from the Federation of Podiatric Medical
27 Boards.

28 ~~SEC. 28.~~

29 *SEC. 27.* Section 2488 of the Business and Professions Code
30 is amended to read:

31 2488. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Medical
32 Board of California shall issue, upon the recommendation of the
33 board, a certificate to practice podiatric medicine by credentialing
34 if the applicant has submitted directly to the board from the
35 credentialing organizations verification that he or she is licensed
36 as a doctor of podiatric medicine in any other state and meets all
37 of the following requirements:

38 (a) The applicant has graduated from an approved school or
39 college of podiatric medicine.

1 (b) The applicant, within the past 10 years, has passed either
2 part III of the examination administered by the National Board of
3 Podiatric Medical Examiners of the United States or a written
4 examination that is recognized by the board to be the equivalent
5 in content to the examination administered by the National Board
6 of Podiatric Medical Examiners of the United States.

7 (c) The applicant has satisfactorily completed a postgraduate
8 training program approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical
9 Education.

10 (d) The applicant, within the past 10 years, has passed any oral
11 and practical examination that may be required of all applicants
12 by the board to ascertain clinical competence.

13 (e) The applicant has committed no acts or crimes constituting
14 grounds for denial of a certificate under Division 1.5 (commencing
15 with Section 475).

16 (f) The board determines that no disciplinary action has been
17 taken against the applicant by any podiatric licensing authority
18 and that the applicant has not been the subject of adverse judgments
19 or settlements resulting from the practice of podiatric medicine
20 that the board determines constitutes evidence of a pattern of
21 negligence or incompetence.

22 (g) A disciplinary databank report regarding the applicant is
23 received by the board from the Federation of Podiatric Medical
24 Boards.

25 ~~SEC. 29.~~

26 *SEC. 28.* Section 2570.5 of the Business and Professions Code
27 is amended to read:

28 2570.5. (a) A limited permit may be granted to any person
29 who has completed the education and experience requirements of
30 this chapter.

31 (b) A person who meets the qualifications to be admitted to the
32 examination for licensure or certification under this chapter and
33 is waiting to take the examination or awaiting the announcement
34 of the results of the examination, according to the application
35 requirements for a limited permit, may practice as an occupational
36 therapist or as an occupational therapy assistant under the direction
37 and appropriate supervision of an occupational therapist duly
38 licensed under this chapter. If that person fails to pass the
39 examination during the initial eligibility period, all privileges under

1 this section shall automatically cease upon due notice to the
2 applicant of that failure and may not be renewed.

3 (c) A limited permit shall be subject to other requirements set
4 forth in rules adopted by the board.

5 ~~SEC. 30.~~

6 *SEC. 29.* Section 2570.6 of the Business and Professions Code
7 is amended to read:

8 2570.6. An applicant applying for a license as an occupational
9 therapist or certification as an occupational therapy assistant shall
10 file with the board a written application provided by the board,
11 showing to the satisfaction of the board that he or she meets all of
12 the following requirements:

13 (a) That the applicant is in good standing and has not committed
14 acts or crimes constituting grounds for denial of a license under
15 Section 480.

16 (b) (1) That the applicant has successfully completed the
17 academic requirements of an educational program for occupational
18 therapists or occupational therapy assistants that is approved by
19 the board and accredited by the American Occupational Therapy
20 Association's Accreditation Council for Occupational Therapy
21 Education (ACOTE), or accredited or approved by the American
22 Occupational Therapy Association's (AOTA) predecessor
23 organization, or approved by AOTA's Career Mobility Program.

24 (2) The curriculum of an educational program for occupational
25 therapists shall contain the content required by the ACOTE
26 accreditation standards, or as approved by AOTA's predecessor
27 organization, or as approved by AOTA's Career Mobility Program,
28 including all of the following subjects:

29 (A) Biological, behavioral, and health sciences.

30 (B) Structure and function of the human body, including
31 anatomy, kinesiology, physiology, and the neurosciences.

32 (C) Human development throughout the lifespan.

33 (D) Human behavior in the context of sociocultural systems.

34 (E) Etiology, clinical course, management, and prognosis of
35 disease processes and traumatic injuries, and the effects of those
36 conditions on human functioning.

37 (F) Occupational therapy theory, practice, and processes.

38 (3) The curriculum of an educational program for occupational
39 therapy assistants shall contain the content required by the ACOTE

1 accreditation standards, or as approved or accredited by AOTA's
2 predecessor organization, including all of the following subjects:

3 (A) Biological, behavioral, and health sciences.

4 (B) Structure and function of the normal human body.

5 (C) Human development.

6 (D) Conditions commonly referred to occupational therapists.

7 (E) Occupational therapy principles and skills.

8 (c) (1) For an applicant who is a graduate of an occupational
9 therapy or occupational therapy assistant educational program who
10 is unable to provide evidence of having met the requirements of
11 paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision (b), he or she may demonstrate
12 passage of the examination administered by the National Board
13 for Certification in Occupational Therapy, the American
14 Occupational Therapy Certification Board, or the American
15 Occupational Therapy Association, as evidence of having
16 successfully satisfied the requirements of paragraph (2) or (3) of
17 subdivision (b).

18 (2) For an applicant who completed AOTA's Career Mobility
19 Program, he or she shall demonstrate participation in the program
20 and passage of the examination administered by the National Board
21 for Certification in Occupational Therapy, the American
22 Occupational Therapy Certification Board, or the American
23 Occupational Therapy Association, as evidence of having
24 successfully satisfied the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2)
25 of subdivision (b).

26 (d) That the applicant has successfully completed a period of
27 supervised fieldwork experience approved by the board and
28 arranged by a recognized educational institution where he or she
29 met the academic requirements of subdivision (b) or (c) or arranged
30 by a nationally recognized professional association. The fieldwork
31 requirements for applicants applying for licensure as an
32 occupational therapist or certification as an occupational therapy
33 assistant shall be consistent with the requirements of the ACOTE
34 accreditation standards, or AOTA's predecessor organization, or
35 AOTA's Career Mobility Program, that were in effect when the
36 applicant completed his or her educational program.

37 (e) That the applicant has passed an examination as provided
38 in Section 2570.7.

39 (f) That the applicant, at the time of application, is a person over
40 18 years of age, is not addicted to alcohol or any controlled

1 substance, and has not committed acts or crimes constituting
2 grounds for denial of licensure or certification under Section 480.

3 ~~SEC. 31.~~

4 *SEC. 30.* Section 2570.7 of the Business and Professions Code
5 is amended to read:

6 2570.7. (a) An applicant who has satisfied the requirements
7 of Section 2570.6 may apply for examination for licensure or
8 certification in a manner prescribed by the board. Subject to the
9 provisions of this chapter, an applicant who fails an examination
10 may apply for reexamination.

11 (b) Each applicant for licensure or certification shall successfully
12 complete the entry level certification examination for occupational
13 therapists or occupational therapy assistants approved by the board,
14 such as the examination administered by the National Board for
15 Certification in Occupational Therapy, the American Occupational
16 Therapy Certification Board, or the American Occupational
17 Therapy Association. The examination shall be appropriately
18 validated. Each applicant shall be examined by written examination
19 to test his or her knowledge of the basic and clinical sciences
20 relating to occupational therapy, occupational therapy techniques
21 and methods, and any other subjects that the board may require to
22 determine the applicant's fitness to practice under this chapter.

23 (c) Applicants for licensure or certification shall be examined
24 at a time and place and under that supervision as the board may
25 require.

26 ~~SEC. 32.~~

27 *SEC. 31.* Section 2570.185 of the Business and Professions
28 Code is amended to read:

29 2570.185. (a) An occupational therapist shall document his
30 or her evaluation, goals, treatment plan, and summary of treatment
31 in the patient record.

32 (b) An occupational therapy assistant shall document the services
33 provided in the patient record.

34 (c) Occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants
35 shall document and sign the patient record legibly.

36 (d) Patient records shall be maintained for a period of no less
37 than seven years following the discharge of the patient, except that
38 the records of unemancipated minors shall be maintained at least
39 one year after the minor has reached the age of 18 years, and not
40 in any case less than seven years.

~~SEC. 33.~~

SEC. 32. Section 2570.36 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

2570.36. If a licensee has knowledge that an applicant or licensee may be in violation of, or has violated, any of the statutes or regulations administered by the board, the licensee shall report this information to the board in writing and shall cooperate with the board in providing information or assistance as may be required.

~~SEC. 34.~~

SEC. 33. Section 2760.1 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

2760.1. (a) A registered nurse whose license has been revoked or suspended or who has been placed on probation may petition the board for reinstatement or modification of penalty, including reduction or termination of probation, after a period not less than the following minimum periods has elapsed from the effective date of the decision ordering that disciplinary action, or if the order of the board or any portion of it is stayed by the board itself or by the superior court, from the date the disciplinary action is actually implemented in its entirety, or for a registered nurse whose initial license application is subject to a disciplinary decision, from the date the initial license was issued:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, at least three years for reinstatement of a license that was revoked, except that the board may, in its sole discretion, specify in its order a lesser period of time provided that the period shall be not less than one year.

(2) At least two years for early termination of a probation period of three years or more.

(3) At least one year for modification of a condition, or reinstatement of a license revoked for mental or physical illness, or termination of probation of less than three years.

(b) The board shall give notice to the Attorney General of the filing of the petition. The petitioner and the Attorney General shall be given timely notice by letter of the time and place of the hearing on the petition, and an opportunity to present both oral and documentary evidence and argument to the board. The petitioner shall at all times have the burden of proof to establish by clear and

1 convincing evidence that he or she is entitled to the relief sought
2 in the petition.

3 (c) The hearing may be continued from time to time as the board
4 deems appropriate.

5 (d) The board itself shall hear the petition and the administrative
6 law judge shall prepare a written decision setting forth the reasons
7 supporting the decision.

8 (e) The board may grant or deny the petition, or may impose
9 any terms and conditions that it reasonably deems appropriate as
10 a condition of reinstatement or reduction of penalty.

11 (f) The petitioner shall provide a current set of fingerprints
12 accompanied by the necessary fingerprinting fee.

13 (g) No petition shall be considered while the petitioner is under
14 sentence for any criminal offense, including any period during
15 which the petitioner is on court-imposed probation or parole, or
16 subject to an order of registration pursuant to Section 290 of the
17 Penal Code. No petition shall be considered while there is an
18 accusation or petition to revoke probation pending against the
19 petitioner.

20 (h) Except in those cases where the petitioner has been
21 disciplined pursuant to Section 822, the board may in its discretion
22 deny without hearing or argument any petition that is filed pursuant
23 to this section within a period of two years from the effective date
24 of a prior decision following a hearing under this section.

25 ~~SEC. 35.~~

26 *SEC. 34.* Section 3503 of the Business and Professions Code
27 is amended to read:

28 3503. No person other than one who has been licensed to
29 practice as a physician assistant shall practice as a physician
30 assistant or in a similar capacity to a physician and surgeon or
31 podiatrist or hold himself or herself out as a “physician assistant,”
32 or shall use any other term indicating or implying that he or she
33 is a physician assistant.

34 ~~SEC. 36.~~

35 *SEC. 35.* Section 3517 of the Business and Professions Code
36 is amended to read:

37 3517. The committee shall require a written examination of
38 physician assistants in the manner and under the rules and
39 regulations as it shall prescribe, but the examination shall be
40 conducted in that manner as to ensure that the identity of each

1 applicant taking the examination will be unknown to all of the
2 examiners until all examination papers have been graded. Except
3 as otherwise provided in this chapter, or by regulation, no physician
4 assistant applicant shall receive approval under this chapter without
5 first successfully passing an examination given under the direction
6 of the committee.

7 Examinations for licensure as a physician assistant may be
8 required by the committee under a uniform examination system,
9 and for that purpose the committee may make those arrangements
10 with organizations furnishing examination material as may, in its
11 discretion, be desirable. The committee shall, however, establish
12 a passing score for each examination. The licensure examination
13 for physician assistants shall be held by the committee at least
14 once a year with such additional examinations as the committee
15 deems necessary. The time and place of examination shall be fixed
16 by the committee.

17 ~~SEC. 37.~~

18 *SEC. 36.* Section 3518 of the Business and Professions Code
19 is amended to read:

20 3518. The committee shall keep current, two separate registers,
21 one for approved supervising physicians and one for licensed
22 physician's assistants, by specialty if applicable. These registers
23 shall show the name of each licensee, his or her last known address
24 of record, and the date of his or her licensure or approval. Any
25 interested person is entitled to obtain a copy of the register in
26 accordance with the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter
27 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of
28 Division 3 of the Civil Code) upon application to the committee
29 together with a sum as may be fixed by the committee, which
30 amount shall not exceed the cost of this list so furnished.

31 ~~SEC. 38.~~

32 *SEC. 37.* Section 3625 of the Business and Professions Code
33 is amended to read:

34 3625. (a) The Director of Consumer Affairs shall establish an
35 advisory council consisting of nine members. Members of the
36 advisory council shall include three members who are California
37 licensed naturopathic doctors, or have met the requirements for
38 licensure pursuant to this chapter, three members who are
39 California licensed physicians and surgeons, and three public
40 members.

(b) A member of the advisory council shall be appointed for a four-year term. A person shall not serve as a member of the council for more than two consecutive terms. A member shall hold office until the appointment and qualification of his or her successor, or until one year from the expiration of the term for which the member was appointed, whichever first occurs. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment for unexpired terms. The first terms of the members first appointed shall be as follows:

(1) The Governor shall appoint one physician and surgeon member, one naturopathic doctor member, and one public member, with term expirations of June 1, 2006; one physician and surgeon member with a term expiration date of June 1, 2007; and one naturopathic doctor member with a term expiration date of June 1, 2008.

(2) The Senate Committee on Rules shall appoint one physician and surgeon member with a term expiration of June 1, 2008, and one public member with a term expiration of June 1, 2007.

(3) The Speaker of the Assembly shall appoint one naturopathic doctor member with a term expiration of June 1, 2007, and one public member with a term expiration of June 1, 2008.

(c) (1) A public member of the advisory council shall be a citizen of this state for at least five years preceding his or her appointment.

(2) A person shall not be appointed as a public member if the person or the person's immediate family in any manner owns an interest in a college, school, or institution engaged in naturopathic education, or the person or the person's immediate family has an economic interest in naturopathy or has any other conflict of interest. "Immediate family" means the public member's spouse, parents, children, or his or her children's spouses.

(d) In order to operate in as cost-effective a manner as possible, the advisory council and any advisory committee created pursuant to this chapter shall meet as few times as necessary to perform its duties.

~~SEC. 39.~~

SEC. 38. Section 3635 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

3635. (a) In addition to any other qualifications and requirements for licensure renewal, the bureau shall require the satisfactory completion of 60 hours of approved continuing

1 education biennially. This requirement is waived for the initial
2 license renewal. The continuing education shall meet the following
3 requirements:

4 (1) At least 20 hours shall be in pharmacotherapeutics.

5 (2) No more than 15 hours may be in naturopathic medical
6 journals or osteopathic or allopathic medical journals, or audio or
7 videotaped presentations, slides, programmed instruction, or
8 computer-assisted instruction or preceptorships.

9 (3) No more than 20 hours may be in any single topic.

10 (4) No more than 15 hours of the continuing education
11 requirements for the specialty certificate in naturopathic childbirth
12 attendance shall apply to the 60 hours of continuing education
13 requirement.

14 (b) The continuing education requirements of this section may
15 be met through continuing education courses approved by the
16 bureau, the California Naturopathic Doctors Association, the
17 American Association of Naturopathic Physicians, the California
18 State Board of Pharmacy, the State Board of Chiropractic
19 Examiners, or other courses that meet the standards for continuing
20 education for licensed physicians and surgeons in California.

21 ~~SEC. 40.~~

22 *SEC. 39.* Section 3636 of the Business and Professions Code
23 is amended to read:

24 3636. (a) Upon a written request, the bureau may grant inactive
25 status to a naturopathic doctor who is in good standing and who
26 meets the requirements of Section 462.

27 (b) A person whose license is in inactive status may not engage
28 in any activity for which a license is required under this chapter.

29 (c) A person whose license is in inactive status shall be exempt
30 from continuing education requirements while his or her license
31 is in that status.

32 (d) To restore a license to active status, a person whose license
33 is in inactive status must fulfill continuing education requirements
34 for the two-year period prior to reactivation, and be current with
35 all licensing fees as determined by the bureau.

36 ~~SEC. 41.~~

37 *SEC. 40.* Section 3685 of the Business and Professions Code
38 is amended to read:

39 3685. (a) This chapter shall become inoperative on July 1,
40 2010, and, as of January 1, 2011, is repealed, unless a later enacted

1 statute that is enacted before January 1, 2011, deletes or extends
2 the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed. The
3 repeal of this chapter renders the bureau subject to the review
4 required by Division 1.2 (commencing with Section 473).

5 (b) The bureau shall prepare the report required by Section 473.2
6 no later than September 1, 2008.

7 ~~SEC. 42.~~

8 *SEC. 41.* Section 3753.5 of the Business and Professions Code
9 is amended to read:

10 3753.5. (a) In any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary
11 proceeding before the board, the board or the administrative law
12 judge may direct any practitioner or applicant found to have
13 committed a violation or violations of law or any term and
14 condition of board probation to pay to the board a sum not to
15 exceed the costs of the investigation and prosecution of the case.
16 A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of
17 costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the official
18 custodian of the record or his or her designated representative shall
19 be prima facie evidence of the actual costs of the investigation and
20 prosecution of the case.

21 (b) The costs shall be assessed by the administrative law judge
22 and shall not be increased by the board; however, the costs may
23 be imposed or increased by the board if it does not adopt the
24 proposed decision of the case.

25 Where an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment
26 is not made as directed in the board's decision the board may
27 enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court. This
28 right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the
29 board may have as to any practitioner directed to pay costs.

30 (c) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's
31 decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of
32 payment and the terms for payment.

33 (d) (1) The board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any
34 licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this
35 section.

36 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its
37 discretion, conditionally renew, for a maximum of one year, the
38 license of any licensee who demonstrates financial hardship,
39 through documentation satisfactory to the board, and who enters

1 into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board
2 within that one-year period for those unpaid costs.

3 ~~SEC. 43.~~

4 *SEC. 42.* Section 4022.5 of the Business and Professions Code
5 is amended to read:

6 4022.5. (a) “Designated representative” means an individual
7 to whom a license has been granted pursuant to Section 4053. A
8 pharmacist fulfilling the duties of Section 4053 shall not be
9 required to obtain a license as a designated representative.

10 (b) “Designated representative-in-charge” means a designated
11 representative or a pharmacist proposed by a wholesaler or
12 veterinary food-animal drug retailer and approved by the board as
13 the supervisor or manager responsible for ensuring the wholesaler’s
14 or veterinary food-animal drug retailer’s compliance with all state
15 and federal laws and regulations pertaining to practice in the
16 applicable license category.

17 ~~SEC. 44.~~

18 *SEC. 43.* Section 4027 of the Business and Professions Code
19 is amended to read:

20 4027. (a) As used in this chapter, the terms “skilled nursing
21 facility,” “intermediate care facility,” and other references to health
22 facilities shall be construed with respect to the definitions contained
23 in Article 1 (commencing with Section 1250) of Chapter 2 of
24 Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

25 (b) As used in Section 4052.1, “licensed health care facility”
26 means a facility licensed pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with
27 Section 1250) of Chapter 2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety
28 Code or a facility, as defined in Section 1250 of the Health and
29 Safety Code, operated by a health care service plan licensed
30 pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of
31 Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

32 (c) As used in Section 4052.2, “health care facility” means a
33 facility, other than a facility licensed under Division 2
34 (commencing with Section 1200) of the Health and Safety Code,
35 that is owned or operated by a health care service plan licensed
36 pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of the
37 Health and Safety Code, or by an organization under common
38 ownership or control of the health care service plan; “licensed
39 home health agency” means a private or public organization
40 licensed by the State Department of Public Health pursuant to

Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 1725) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, as further defined in Section 1727 of the Health and Safety Code; and “licensed clinic” means a clinic licensed pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 1200) of Chapter 1 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

(d) “Licensed health care facility” or “facility,” as used in Section 4065, means a health facility licensed pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 1250) of Chapter 2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code or a facility that is owned or operated by a health care service plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code or by an organization under common ownership or control with the health care service plan.

~~SEC. 45.~~

SEC. 44. Section 4036.5 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

4036.5. “Pharmacist-in-charge” means a pharmacist proposed by a pharmacy and approved by the board as the supervisor or manager responsible for ensuring the pharmacy’s compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy.

~~SEC. 46.~~

SEC. 45. Section 4040 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4040. (a) “Prescription” means an oral, written, or electronic transmission order that is both of the following:

(1) Given individually for the person or persons for whom ordered that includes all of the following:

(A) The name or names and address of the patient or patients.

(B) The name and quantity of the drug or device prescribed and the directions for use.

(C) The date of issue.

(D) Either rubber stamped, typed, or printed by hand or typeset, the name, address, and telephone number of the prescriber, his or her license classification, and his or her federal registry number, if a controlled substance is prescribed.

(E) A legible, clear notice of the condition for which the drug is being prescribed, if requested by the patient or patients.

(F) If in writing, signed by the prescriber issuing the order, or the certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, physician assistant,

1 or naturopathic doctor who issues a drug order pursuant to Section
2 2746.51, 2836.1, 3502.1, or 3640.5, respectively, or the pharmacist
3 who issues a drug order pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or
4 4052.2.

5 (2) Issued by a physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist,
6 veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7 or,
7 if a drug order is issued pursuant to Section 2746.51, 2836.1,
8 3502.1, or 3460.5, by a certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner,
9 physician assistant, or naturopathic doctor licensed in this state,
10 or pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2 by a pharmacist
11 licensed in this state.

12 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a written order of the
13 prescriber for a dangerous drug, except for any Schedule II
14 controlled substance, that contains at least the name and signature
15 of the prescriber, the name and address of the patient in a manner
16 consistent with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 11164
17 of the Health and Safety Code, the name and quantity of the drug
18 prescribed, directions for use, and the date of issue may be treated
19 as a prescription by the dispensing pharmacist as long as any
20 additional information required by subdivision (a) is readily
21 retrievable in the pharmacy. In the event of a conflict between this
22 subdivision and Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code,
23 Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code shall prevail.

24 (c) “Electronic transmission prescription” includes both image
25 and data prescriptions. “Electronic image transmission
26 prescription” means any prescription order for which a facsimile
27 of the order is received by a pharmacy from a licensed prescriber.
28 “Electronic data transmission prescription” means any prescription
29 order, other than an electronic image transmission prescription,
30 that is electronically transmitted from a licensed prescriber to a
31 pharmacy.

32 (d) The use of commonly used abbreviations shall not invalidate
33 an otherwise valid prescription.

34 (e) Nothing in the amendments made to this section (formerly
35 Section 4036) at the 1969 Regular Session of the Legislature shall
36 be construed as expanding or limiting the right that a chiropractor,
37 while acting within the scope of his or her license, may have to
38 prescribe a device.

1 ~~SEC. 47.~~

2 *SEC. 46.* Section 4051 of the Business and Professions Code
3 is amended to read:

4 4051. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, it is
5 unlawful for any person to manufacture, compound, furnish, sell,
6 or dispense any dangerous drug or dangerous device, or to dispense
7 or compound any prescription pursuant to Section 4040 of a
8 prescriber unless he or she is a pharmacist under this chapter.

9 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, a pharmacist may authorize
10 the initiation of a prescription, pursuant to Section 4052.1, 4052.2,
11 or 4052.3, and otherwise provide clinical advice or information or
12 patient consultation if all of the following conditions are met:

13 (1) The clinical advice or information or patient consultation is
14 provided to a health care professional or to a patient.

15 (2) The pharmacist has access to prescription, patient profile,
16 or other relevant medical information for purposes of patient and
17 clinical consultation and advice.

18 (3) Access to the information described in paragraph (2) is
19 secure from unauthorized access and use.

20 ~~SEC. 48.~~

21 *SEC. 47.* Section 4059.5 of the Business and Professions Code
22 is amended to read:

23 4059.5. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter,
24 dangerous drugs or dangerous devices may only be ordered by an
25 entity licensed by the board and shall be delivered to the licensed
26 premises and signed for and received by a pharmacist. Where a
27 licensee is permitted to operate through a designated representative,
28 the designated representative shall sign for and receive the delivery.

29 (b) A dangerous drug or dangerous device transferred, sold, or
30 delivered to a person within this state shall be transferred, sold, or
31 delivered only to an entity licensed by the board, to a manufacturer,
32 or to an ultimate user or the ultimate user's agent.

33 (c) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), deliveries to a
34 hospital pharmacy may be made to a central receiving location
35 within the hospital. However, the dangerous drugs or dangerous
36 devices shall be delivered to the licensed pharmacy premises within
37 one working day following receipt by the hospital, and the
38 pharmacist on duty at that time shall immediately inventory the
39 dangerous drugs or dangerous devices.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a dangerous drug or dangerous device may be ordered by and provided to a manufacturer, physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or laboratory, or a physical therapist acting within the scope of his or her license. A person or entity receiving delivery of a dangerous drug or dangerous device, or a duly authorized representative of the person or entity, shall sign for the receipt of the dangerous drug or dangerous device.

(e) A dangerous drug or dangerous device shall not be transferred, sold, or delivered to a person outside this state, whether foreign or domestic, unless the transferor, seller, or deliverer does so in compliance with the laws of this state and of the United States and of the state or country to which the dangerous drugs or dangerous devices are to be transferred, sold, or delivered. Compliance with the laws of this state and the United States and of the state or country to which the dangerous drugs or dangerous devices are to be delivered shall include, but not be limited to, determining that the recipient of the dangerous drugs or dangerous devices is authorized by law to receive the dangerous drugs or dangerous devices.

(f) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a pharmacy may take delivery of dangerous drugs and dangerous devices when the pharmacy is closed and no pharmacist is on duty if all of the following requirements are met:

(1) The drugs are placed in a secure storage facility in the same building as the pharmacy.

(2) Only the pharmacist-in-charge or a pharmacist designated by the pharmacist-in-charge has access to the secure storage facility after dangerous drugs or dangerous devices have been delivered.

(3) The secure storage facility has a means of indicating whether it has been entered after dangerous drugs or dangerous devices have been delivered.

(4) The pharmacy maintains written policies and procedures for the delivery of dangerous drugs and dangerous devices to a secure storage facility.

(5) The agent delivering dangerous drugs and dangerous devices pursuant to this subdivision leaves documents indicating the name and amount of each dangerous drug or dangerous device delivered in the secure storage facility.

1 The pharmacy shall be responsible for the dangerous drugs and
2 dangerous devices delivered to the secure storage facility. The
3 pharmacy shall also be responsible for obtaining and maintaining
4 records relating to the delivery of dangerous drugs and dangerous
5 devices to a secure storage facility.

6 ~~SEC. 49.~~

7 *SEC. 48.* Section 4060 of the Business and Professions Code
8 is amended to read:

9 4060. No person shall possess any controlled substance, except
10 that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician,
11 dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor
12 pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order
13 issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51,
14 a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, a physician
15 assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, a naturopathic doctor pursuant
16 to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to either Section 4052.1
17 or 4052.2. This section shall not apply to the possession of any
18 controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy,
19 pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian,
20 naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner,
21 or physician assistant, when in stock in containers correctly labeled
22 with the name and address of the supplier or producer.

23 Nothing in this section authorizes a certified nurse-midwife, a
24 nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a naturopathic doctor,
25 to order his or her own stock of dangerous drugs and devices.

26 ~~SEC. 50.~~

27 *SEC. 49.* Section 4062 of the Business and Professions Code
28 is amended to read:

29 4062. (a) Notwithstanding Section 4059 or any other provision
30 of law, a pharmacist may, in good faith, furnish a dangerous drug
31 or dangerous device in reasonable quantities without a prescription
32 during a federal, state, or local emergency, to further the health
33 and safety of the public. A record containing the date, name, and
34 address of the person to whom the drug or device is furnished, and
35 the name, strength, and quantity of the drug or device furnished
36 shall be maintained. The pharmacist shall communicate this
37 information to the patient's attending physician as soon as possible.
38 Notwithstanding Section 4060 or any other provision of law, a
39 person may possess a dangerous drug or dangerous device
40 furnished without prescription pursuant to this section.

(b) During a declared federal, state, or local emergency, the board may waive application of any provisions of this chapter or the regulations adopted pursuant to it if, in the board's opinion, the waiver will aid in the protection of public health or the provision of patient care.

(c) During a declared federal, state, or local emergency, the board shall allow for the employment of a mobile pharmacy in impacted areas in order to ensure the continuity of patient care, if all of the following conditions are met:

(1) The mobile pharmacy shares common ownership with at least one currently licensed pharmacy in good standing.

(2) The mobile pharmacy retains records of dispensing, as required by subdivision (a).

(3) A licensed pharmacist is on the premises and the mobile pharmacy is under the control and management of a pharmacist while the drugs are being dispensed.

(4) Reasonable security measures are taken to safeguard the drug supply maintained in the mobile pharmacy.

(5) The mobile pharmacy is located within the declared emergency area or affected areas.

(6) The mobile pharmacy ceases the provision of services within 48 hours following the termination of the declared emergency.

~~SEC. 51.~~

SEC. 50. Section 4076 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4076. (a) A pharmacist shall not dispense any prescription except in a container that meets the requirements of state and federal law and is correctly labeled with all of the following:

(1) Except where the prescriber or the certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 2746.51, the nurse practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure described in Section 2836.1, or protocol, the physician assistant who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1, the naturopathic doctor who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 3640.5, or the pharmacist who functions pursuant to a policy, procedure, or protocol pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2 orders otherwise, either the manufacturer's trade name of the drug or the generic name and the name of the manufacturer. Commonly used abbreviations may be used. Preparations containing two or

- 1 more active ingredients may be identified by the manufacturer's
2 trade name or the commonly used name or the principal active
3 ingredients.
- 4 (2) The directions for the use of the drug.
- 5 (3) The name of the patient or patients.
- 6 (4) The name of the prescriber or, if applicable, the name of the
7 certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized
8 procedure or protocol described in Section 2746.51, the nurse
9 practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure
10 described in Section 2836.1, or protocol, the physician assistant
11 who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1, the naturopathic doctor
12 who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol
13 described in Section 3640.5, or the pharmacist who functions
14 pursuant to a policy, procedure, or protocol pursuant to either
15 Section 4052.1 or 4052.2.
- 16 (5) The date of issue.
- 17 (6) The name and address of the pharmacy, and prescription
18 number or other means of identifying the prescription.
- 19 (7) The strength of the drug or drugs dispensed.
- 20 (8) The quantity of the drug or drugs dispensed.
- 21 (9) The expiration date of the effectiveness of the drug
22 dispensed.
- 23 (10) The condition for which the drug was prescribed if
24 requested by the patient and the condition is indicated on the
25 prescription.
- 26 (11) (A) Commencing January 1, 2006, the physical description
27 of the dispensed medication, including its color, shape, and any
28 identification code that appears on the tablets or capsules, except
29 as follows:
- 30 (i) Prescriptions dispensed by a veterinarian.
- 31 (ii) An exemption from the requirements of this paragraph shall
32 be granted to a new drug for the first 120 days that the drug is on
33 the market and for the 90 days during which the national reference
34 file has no description on file.
- 35 (iii) Dispensed medications for which no physical description
36 exists in any commercially available database.
- 37 (B) This paragraph applies to outpatient pharmacies only.
- 38 (C) The information required by this paragraph may be printed
39 on an auxiliary label that is affixed to the prescription container.

(D) This paragraph shall not become operative if the board, prior to January 1, 2006, adopts regulations that mandate the same labeling requirements set forth in this paragraph.

(b) If a pharmacist dispenses a prescribed drug by means of a unit dose medication system, as defined by administrative regulation, for a patient in a skilled nursing, intermediate care, or other health care facility, the requirements of this section will be satisfied if the unit dose medication system contains the aforementioned information or the information is otherwise readily available at the time of drug administration.

(c) If a pharmacist dispenses a dangerous drug or device in a facility licensed pursuant to Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code, it is not necessary to include on individual unit dose containers for a specific patient, the name of the certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 2746.51, the nurse practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure described in Section 2836.1, or protocol, the physician assistant who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1, the naturopathic doctor who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 3640.5, or the pharmacist who functions pursuant to a policy, procedure, or protocol pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2.

(d) If a pharmacist dispenses a prescription drug for use in a facility licensed pursuant to Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code, it is not necessary to include the information required in paragraph (11) of subdivision (a) when the prescription drug is administered to a patient by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000)), the Nursing Practice Act (Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 2700)), or the Vocational Nursing Practice Act (Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 2840)), who is acting within his or her scope of practice.

~~SEC. 52.~~

SEC. 51. Section 4081 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4081. (a) All records of manufacture and of sale, acquisition, or disposition of dangerous drugs or dangerous devices shall be at all times during business hours open to inspection by authorized officers of the law, and shall be preserved for at least three years

1 from the date of making. A current inventory shall be kept by every
2 manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, veterinary food-animal drug
3 retailer, physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, laboratory,
4 clinic, hospital, institution, or establishment holding a currently
5 valid and unrevoked certificate, license, permit, registration, or
6 exemption under Division 2 (commencing with Section 1200) of
7 the Health and Safety Code or under Part 4 (commencing with
8 Section 16000) of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code
9 who maintains a stock of dangerous drugs or dangerous devices.

10 (b) The owner, officer, and partner of a pharmacy, wholesaler,
11 or veterinary food-animal drug retailer shall be jointly responsible,
12 with the pharmacist-in-charge or designated
13 representative-in-charge, for maintaining the records and inventory
14 described in this section.

15 (c) The pharmacist-in-charge or designated
16 representative-in-charge shall not be criminally responsible for
17 acts of the owner, officer, partner, or employee that violate this
18 section and of which the pharmacist-in-charge or designated
19 representative-in-charge had no knowledge, or in which he or she
20 did not knowingly participate.

21 ~~SEC. 53.~~

22 *SEC. 52.* Section 4110 of the Business and Professions Code
23 is amended to read:

24 4110. (a) No person shall conduct a pharmacy in the State of
25 California unless he or she has obtained a license from the board.
26 A license shall be required for each pharmacy owned or operated
27 by a specific person. A separate license shall be required for each
28 of the premises of any person operating a pharmacy in more than
29 one location. The license shall be renewed annually. The board
30 may, by regulation, determine the circumstances under which a
31 license may be transferred.

32 (b) The board may, at its discretion, issue a temporary permit,
33 when the ownership of a pharmacy is transferred from one person
34 to another, upon the conditions and for any periods of time as the
35 board determines to be in the public interest. A temporary permit
36 fee shall be established by the board at an amount not to exceed
37 the annual fee for renewal of a permit to conduct a pharmacy.
38 When needed to protect public safety, a temporary permit may be
39 issued for a period not to exceed 180 days, and may be issued
40 subject to terms and conditions the board deems necessary. If the

1 board determines a temporary permit was issued by mistake or
2 denies the application for a permanent license or registration, the
3 temporary license or registration shall terminate upon either
4 personal service of the notice of termination upon the permitholder
5 or service by certified mail, return receipt requested, at the
6 permitholder's address of record with the board, whichever comes
7 first. Neither for purposes of retaining a temporary permit nor for
8 purposes of any disciplinary or license denial proceeding before
9 the board shall the temporary permitholder be deemed to have a
10 vested property right or interest in the permit.

11 (c) The board may allow the temporary use of a mobile
12 pharmacy when a pharmacy is destroyed or damaged, the mobile
13 pharmacy is necessary to protect the health and safety of the public,
14 and the following conditions are met:

15 (1) The mobile pharmacy shall provide services only on or
16 immediately contiguous to the site of the damaged or destroyed
17 pharmacy.

18 (2) The mobile pharmacy is under the control and management
19 of the pharmacist-in-charge of the pharmacy that was destroyed
20 or damaged.

21 (3) A licensed pharmacist is on the premises while drugs are
22 being dispensed.

23 (4) Reasonable security measures are taken to safeguard the
24 drug supply maintained in the mobile pharmacy.

25 (5) The pharmacy operating the mobile pharmacy provides the
26 board with records of the destruction or damage of the pharmacy
27 and an expected restoration date.

28 (6) Within three calendar days of restoration of the pharmacy
29 services, the board is provided with notice of the restoration of the
30 permanent pharmacy.

31 (7) The mobile pharmacy is not operated for more than 48 hours
32 following the restoration of the permanent pharmacy.

33 ~~SEC. 54.~~

34 *SEC. 53.* Section 4111 of the Business and Professions Code
35 is amended to read:

36 4111. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b), (d),
37 or (e), the board shall not issue or renew a license to conduct a
38 pharmacy to any of the following:

39 (1) A person or persons authorized to prescribe or write a
40 prescription, as specified in Section 4040, in the State of California.

(2) A person or persons with whom a person or persons specified in paragraph (1) shares a community or other financial interest in the permit sought.

(3) Any corporation that is controlled by, or in which 10 percent or more of the stock is owned by a person or persons prohibited from pharmacy ownership by paragraph (1) or (2).

(b) Subdivision (a) shall not preclude the issuance of a permit for an inpatient hospital pharmacy to the owner of the hospital in which it is located.

(c) The board may require any information the board deems is reasonably necessary for the enforcement of this section.

(d) Subdivision (a) shall not preclude the issuance of a new or renewal license for a pharmacy to be owned or owned and operated by a person licensed on or before August 1, 1981, under the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code) and qualified on or before August 1, 1981, under subsection (d) of Section 1310 of Title XIII of the federal Public Health Service Act, as amended, whose ownership includes persons defined pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a).

(e) Subdivision (a) shall not preclude the issuance of a new or renewal license for a pharmacy to be owned or owned and operated by a pharmacist authorized to issue a drug order pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2.

~~SEC. 55.~~

SEC. 54. Section 4126.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4126.5. (a) A pharmacy may furnish dangerous drugs only to the following:

(1) A wholesaler owned or under common control by the wholesaler from whom the dangerous drug was acquired.

(2) The pharmaceutical manufacturer from whom the dangerous drug was acquired.

(3) A licensed wholesaler acting as a reverse distributor.

(4) Another pharmacy or wholesaler to alleviate a temporary shortage of a dangerous drug that could result in the denial of health care. A pharmacy furnishing dangerous drugs pursuant to this paragraph may only furnish a quantity sufficient to alleviate the temporary shortage.

1 (5) A patient or to another pharmacy pursuant to a prescription
2 or as otherwise authorized by law.

3 (6) A health care provider that is not a pharmacy but that is
4 authorized to purchase dangerous drugs.

5 (7) To another pharmacy under common control.

6 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of
7 this section may subject the person or persons who committed the
8 violation to a fine not to exceed the amount specified in Section
9 125.9 for each occurrence pursuant to a citation issued by the
10 board.

11 (c) Amounts due from any person under this section on or after
12 January 1, 2005, shall be offset as provided under Section 12419.5
13 of the Government Code. Amounts received by the board under
14 this section shall be deposited into the Pharmacy Board Contingent
15 Fund.

16 (d) For purposes of this section, “common control” means the
17 power to direct or cause the direction of the management and
18 policies of another person whether by ownership, by voting rights,
19 by contract, or by other means.

20 ~~SEC. 56:~~

21 *SEC. 55.* Section 4161 of the Business and Professions Code
22 is amended to read:

23 4161. (a) A person located outside this state that (1) ships,
24 sells, mails, or delivers dangerous drugs or dangerous devices into
25 this state or (2) sells, brokers, or distributes dangerous drugs or
26 devices within this state shall be considered a nonresident
27 wholesaler.

28 (b) A nonresident wholesaler shall be licensed by the board
29 prior to shipping, selling, mailing, or delivering dangerous drugs
30 or dangerous devices to a site located in this state or selling,
31 brokering, or distributing dangerous drugs or devices within this
32 state.

33 (c) A separate license shall be required for each place of business
34 owned or operated by a nonresident wholesaler from or through
35 which dangerous drugs or dangerous devices are shipped, sold,
36 mailed, or delivered to a site located in this state or sold, brokered,
37 or distributed within this state. A license shall be renewed annually
38 and shall not be transferable.

39 (d) The following information shall be reported, in writing, to
40 the board at the time of initial application for licensure by a

1 nonresident wholesaler, on renewal of a nonresident wholesaler
2 license, or within 30 days of a change in that information:
3 (1) Its agent for service of process in this state.
4 (2) Its principal corporate officers, as specified by the board, if
5 any.
6 (3) Its general partners, as specified by the board, if any.
7 (4) Its owners if the applicant is not a corporation or partnership.
8 (e) A report containing the information in subdivision (d) shall
9 be made within 30 days of any change of ownership, office,
10 corporate officer, or partner.
11 (f) A nonresident wholesaler shall comply with all directions
12 and requests for information from the regulatory or licensing
13 agency of the state in which it is licensed, as well as with all
14 requests for information made by the board.
15 (g) A nonresident wholesaler shall maintain records of dangerous
16 drugs and dangerous devices sold, traded, or transferred to persons
17 in this state or within this state, so that the records are in a readily
18 retrievable form.
19 (h) A nonresident wholesaler shall at all times maintain a valid,
20 unexpired license, permit, or registration to conduct the business
21 of the wholesaler in compliance with the laws of the state in which
22 it is a resident. An application for a nonresident wholesaler license
23 in this state shall include a license verification from the licensing
24 authority in the applicant's state of residence.
25 (i) The board may not issue or renew a nonresident wholesaler
26 license until the nonresident wholesaler identifies a designated
27 representative-in-charge and notifies the board in writing of the
28 identity and license number of the designated
29 representative-in-charge.
30 (j) The designated representative-in-charge shall be responsible
31 for the nonresident wholesaler's compliance with state and federal
32 laws governing wholesalers. A nonresident wholesaler shall
33 identify and notify the board of a new designated
34 representative-in-charge within 30 days of the date that the prior
35 designated representative-in-charge ceases to be the designated
36 representative-in-charge.
37 (k) The board may issue a temporary license, upon conditions
38 and for periods of time as the board determines to be in the public
39 interest. A temporary license fee shall be five hundred fifty dollars
40 (\$550) or another amount established by the board not to exceed

1 the annual fee for renewal of a license to compound injectable
2 sterile drug products. When needed to protect public safety, a
3 temporary license may be issued for a period not to exceed 180
4 days, subject to terms and conditions that the board deems
5 necessary. If the board determines that a temporary license was
6 issued by mistake or denies the application for a permanent license,
7 the temporary license shall terminate upon either personal service
8 of the notice of termination upon the licenseholder or service by
9 certified mail, return receipt requested, at the licenseholder's
10 address of record with the board, whichever occurs first. Neither
11 for purposes of retaining a temporary license, nor for purposes of
12 any disciplinary or license denial proceeding before the board,
13 shall the temporary licenseholder be deemed to have a vested
14 property right or interest in the license.

15 (I) The registration fee shall be the fee specified in subdivision
16 (f) of Section 4400.

17 ~~SEC. 57.~~

18 *SEC. 56.* Section 4174 of the Business and Professions Code
19 is amended to read:

20 4174. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a pharmacist
21 may dispense drugs or devices upon the drug order of a nurse
22 practitioner functioning pursuant to Section 2836.1 or a certified
23 nurse-midwife functioning pursuant to Section 2746.51, a drug
24 order of a physician assistant functioning pursuant to Section
25 3502.1 or a naturopathic doctor functioning pursuant to Section
26 3640.5, or the order of a pharmacist acting under Section 4052.1,
27 4052.2, or 4052.3.

28 ~~SEC. 58.~~

29 *SEC. 57.* Section 4231 of the Business and Professions Code
30 is amended to read:

31 4231. (a) The board shall not renew a pharmacist license unless
32 the applicant submits proof satisfactory to the board that he or she
33 has successfully completed 30 hours of approved courses of
34 continuing pharmacy education during the two years preceding
35 the application for renewal.

36 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the board shall not require
37 completion of continuing education for the first renewal of a
38 pharmacist license.

39 (c) If an applicant for renewal of a pharmacist license submits
40 the renewal application and payment of the renewal fee but does

1 not submit proof satisfactory to the board that the licensee has
2 completed 30 hours of continuing pharmacy education, the board
3 shall not renew the license and shall issue the applicant an inactive
4 pharmacist license. A licensee with an inactive pharmacist license
5 issued pursuant to this section may obtain an active pharmacist
6 license by paying the renewal fees due and submitting satisfactory
7 proof to the board that the licensee has completed 30 hours of
8 continuing pharmacy education.

9 (d) If, as part of an investigation or audit conducted by the board,
10 a pharmacist fails to provide documentation substantiating the
11 completion of continuing education as required in subdivision (a),
12 the board shall cancel the active pharmacist license and issue an
13 inactive pharmacist license in its place. A licensee with an inactive
14 pharmacist license issued pursuant to this section may obtain an
15 active pharmacist license by paying the renewal fees due and
16 submitting satisfactory proof to the board that the licensee has
17 completed 30 hours of continuing pharmacy education.

18 ~~SEC. 59.~~

19 *SEC. 58.* Section 4301 of the Business and Professions Code
20 is amended to read:

21 4301. The board shall take action against any holder of a license
22 who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been
23 procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake.
24 Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of
25 the following:

26 (a) Gross immorality.

27 (b) Incompetence.

28 (c) Gross negligence.

29 (d) The clearly excessive furnishing of controlled substances
30 in violation of subdivision (a) of Section 11153 of the Health and
31 Safety Code.

32 (e) The clearly excessive furnishing of controlled substances in
33 violation of subdivision (a) of Section 11153.5 of the Health and
34 Safety Code. Factors to be considered in determining whether the
35 furnishing of controlled substances is clearly excessive shall
36 include, but not be limited to, the amount of controlled substances
37 furnished, the previous ordering pattern of the customer (including
38 size and frequency of orders), the type and size of the customer,
39 and where and to whom the customer distributes its product.

1 (f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude,
2 dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is
3 committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise,
4 and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

5 (g) Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other
6 document that falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of
7 a state of facts.

8 (h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance,
9 or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the
10 extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself,
11 to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other
12 person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the
13 ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice
14 authorized by the license.

15 (i) Except as otherwise authorized by law, knowingly selling,
16 furnishing, giving away, or administering, or offering to sell,
17 furnish, give away, or administer, any controlled substance to an
18 addict.

19 (j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other
20 state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and
21 dangerous drugs.

22 (k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony
23 involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any
24 dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage, or any combination of those
25 substances.

26 (l) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the
27 qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter.
28 The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing
29 with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating
30 controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state
31 regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be
32 conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases,
33 the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the
34 fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the
35 circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order
36 to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not
37 involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine
38 if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the
39 qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter.
40 A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo

1 contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of
2 this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal
3 has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on
4 appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending
5 the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under
6 Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw
7 his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting
8 aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation,
9 information, or indictment.

10 (m) The cash compromise of a charge of violation of Chapter
11 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States
12 Code regulating controlled substances or of Chapter 7
13 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the
14 Welfare and Institutions Code relating to the Medi-Cal program.
15 The record of the compromise is conclusive evidence of
16 unprofessional conduct.

17 (n) The revocation, suspension, or other discipline by another
18 state of a license to practice pharmacy, operate a pharmacy, or do
19 any other act for which a license is required by this chapter.

20 (o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
21 assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any
22 provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and
23 state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including
24 regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal
25 regulatory agency.

26 (p) Actions or conduct that would have warranted denial of a
27 license.

28 (q) Engaging in any conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert
29 an investigation of the board.

30 (r) The selling, trading, transferring, or furnishing of drugs
31 obtained pursuant to Section 256b of Title 42 of the United States
32 Code to any person a licensee knows or reasonably should have
33 known, not to be a patient of a covered entity, as defined in
34 paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of Section 256b of Title 42 of the
35 United States Code.

36 (s) The clearly excessive furnishing of dangerous drugs by a
37 wholesaler to a pharmacy that primarily or solely dispenses
38 prescription drugs to patients of long-term care facilities. Factors
39 to be considered in determining whether the furnishing of
40 dangerous drugs is clearly excessive shall include, but not be

limited to, the amount of dangerous drugs furnished to a pharmacy that primarily or solely dispenses prescription drugs to patients of long-term care facilities, the previous ordering pattern of the pharmacy, and the general patient population to whom the pharmacy distributes the dangerous drugs. That a wholesaler has established, and employs, a tracking system that complies with the requirements of subdivision (b) of Section 4164 shall be considered in determining whether there has been a violation of this subdivision. This provision shall not be interpreted to require a wholesaler to obtain personal medical information or be authorized to permit a wholesaler to have access to personal medical information except as otherwise authorized by Section 56 and following of the Civil Code. For purposes of this section, “long-term care facility” shall have the same meaning given the term in Section 1418 of the Health and Safety Code.

~~SEC. 60.~~

SEC. 59. Section 4305 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4305. (a) Failure by any pharmacist to notify the board in writing that he or she has ceased to act as the pharmacist-in-charge of a pharmacy, or by any pharmacy to notify the board in writing that a pharmacist-in-charge is no longer acting in that capacity, within the 30-day period specified in Sections 4101 and 4113 shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action.

(b) Operation of a pharmacy for more than 30 days without supervision or management by a pharmacist-in-charge shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action.

(c) Any person who has obtained a license to conduct a pharmacy, who willfully fails to timely notify the board that the pharmacist-in-charge of the pharmacy has ceased to act in that capacity, and who continues to permit the compounding or dispensing of prescriptions, or the furnishing of drugs or poisons, in his or her pharmacy, except by a pharmacist subject to the supervision and management of a responsible pharmacist-in-charge, shall be subject to summary suspension or revocation of his or her license to conduct a pharmacy.

~~SEC. 61.~~

SEC. 60. Section 4329 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

1 4329. Any nonpharmacist who takes charge of or acts as
2 supervisor, manager, or pharmacist-in-charge of any pharmacy,
3 or who compounds or dispenses a prescription or furnishes
4 dangerous drugs except as otherwise provided in this chapter, is
5 guilty of a misdemeanor.

6 ~~SEC. 62.~~

7 SEC. 61. Section 4330 of the Business and Professions Code
8 is amended to read:

9 4330. (a) Any person who has obtained a license to conduct
10 a pharmacy, who fails to place in charge of the pharmacy a
11 pharmacist, or any person, who by himself or herself, or by any
12 other person, permits the compounding or dispensing of
13 prescriptions, or the furnishing of dangerous drugs, in his or her
14 pharmacy, except by a pharmacist, or as otherwise provided in this
15 chapter, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

16 (b) Any pharmacy owner who commits any act that would
17 subvert or tend to subvert the efforts of the pharmacist-in-charge
18 to comply with the laws governing the operation of the pharmacy
19 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

20 ~~SEC. 63.~~

21 SEC. 62. Section 4857 of the Business and Professions Code
22 is amended to read:

23 4857. (a) A veterinarian licensed under the provisions of this
24 chapter shall not disclose any information concerning an animal
25 receiving veterinary services, the client responsible for the animal
26 receiving veterinary services, or the veterinary care provided to
27 an animal, except under any one of the following circumstances:

28 (1) Upon written or witnessed oral authorization by knowing
29 and informed consent of the client responsible for the animal
30 receiving services or an authorized agent of the client.

31 (2) Upon authorization received by electronic transmission when
32 originated by the client responsible for the animal receiving
33 services or an authorized agent of the client.

34 (3) In response to a valid court order or subpoena.

35 (4) As may be required to ensure compliance with any federal,
36 state, county, or city law or regulation, including, but not limited
37 to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
38 with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government
39 Code).

(5) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the sharing of veterinary medical information between veterinarians or facilities for the purpose of diagnosis or treatment of the animal who is the subject of the medical records.

(6) As otherwise provided in this section.

(b) This section shall not apply to the extent that the client responsible for an animal or an authorized agent of the client responsible for the animal has filed or caused to be filed a civil or criminal complaint that places the veterinarian's care and treatment of the animal or the nature and extent of the injuries to the animal at issue, or when the veterinarian is acting to comply with federal, state, county, or city laws or regulations.

(c) A veterinarian shall be subject to the criminal penalties set forth in Section 4831 or any other provision of this code for a violation of this section. In addition, any veterinarian who negligently releases confidential information shall be liable in a civil action for any damages caused by the release of that information.

(d) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the sharing of veterinary medical information between veterinarians and peace officers, humane society officers, or animal control officers who are acting to protect the welfare of animals.

~~SEC. 64.~~

SEC. 63. Section 4980.04 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

4980.04. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Marriage and Family Therapist Act.

~~SEC. 65.~~

SEC. 64. Section 4980.30 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4980.30. Except as otherwise provided herein, a person desiring to practice and to advertise the performance of marriage and family therapy services shall apply to the board for a license, pay the license fee required by this chapter, and obtain a license from the board.

~~SEC. 66.~~

SEC. 65. Section 4980.43 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

1 4980.43. (a) Prior to applying for licensure examinations, each
2 applicant shall complete experience that shall comply with the
3 following:

4 (1) A minimum of 3,000 hours completed during a period of at
5 least 104 weeks.

6 (2) Not more than 40 hours in any seven consecutive days.

7 (3) Not less than 1,700 hours of supervised experience
8 completed subsequent to the granting of the qualifying master's
9 or doctor's degree.

10 (4) Not more than 1,300 hours of experience obtained prior to
11 completing a master's or doctor's degree. This experience shall
12 be composed as follows:

13 (A) Not more than 750 hours of counseling and direct supervisor
14 contact.

15 (B) Not more than 250 hours of professional enrichment
16 activities, excluding personal psychotherapy as described in
17 paragraph (2) of subdivision (I).

18 (C) Not more than 100 hours of personal psychotherapy as
19 described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (I). The applicant shall
20 be credited for three hours of experience for each hour of personal
21 psychotherapy.

22 (5) No hours of experience may be gained prior to completing
23 either 12 semester units or 18 quarter units of graduate instruction
24 and becoming a trainee except for personal psychotherapy.

25 (6) No hours of experience gained more than six years prior to
26 the date the application for examination eligibility was filed, except
27 that up to 500 hours of clinical experience gained in the supervised
28 practicum required by subdivision (b) of Section 4980.40 shall be
29 exempt from this six-year requirement.

30 (7) Not more than a total of 1,000 hours of experience for direct
31 supervisor contact and professional enrichment activities.

32 (8) Not more than 500 hours of experience providing group
33 therapy or group counseling.

34 (9) Not more than 250 hours of postdegree experience
35 administering and evaluating psychological tests of counselees,
36 writing clinical reports, writing progress notes, or writing process
37 notes.

38 (10) Not more than 250 hours of experience providing
39 counseling or crisis counseling on the telephone.

1 (11) Not less than 500 total hours of experience in diagnosing
2 and treating couples, families, and children.

3 (12) Not more than 125 hours of experience providing personal
4 psychotherapy services via telemedicine in accordance with Section
5 2290.5.

6 (b) All applicants, trainees, and registrants shall be at all times
7 under the supervision of a supervisor who shall be responsible for
8 ensuring that the extent, kind, and quality of counseling performed
9 is consistent with the training and experience of the person being
10 supervised, and who shall be responsible to the board for
11 compliance with all laws, rules, and regulations governing the
12 practice of marriage and family therapy. Supervised experience
13 shall be gained by interns and trainees either as an employee or as
14 a volunteer. The requirements of this chapter regarding gaining
15 hours of experience and supervision are applicable equally to
16 employees and volunteers. Experience shall not be gained by
17 interns or trainees as an independent contractor.

18 (c) Supervision shall include at least one hour of direct
19 supervisor contact in each week for which experience is credited
20 in each work setting, as specified:

21 (1) A trainee shall receive an average of at least one hour of
22 direct supervisor contact for every five hours of client contact in
23 each setting.

24 (2) Each individual supervised after being granted a qualifying
25 degree shall receive an average of at least one hour of direct
26 supervisor contact for every 10 hours of client contact in each
27 setting in which experience is gained.

28 (3) For purposes of this section, “one hour of direct supervisor
29 contact” means one hour of face-to-face contact on an individual
30 basis or two hours of face-to-face contact in a group of not more
31 than eight persons.

32 (4) All experience gained by a trainee shall be monitored by the
33 supervisor as specified by regulation. The 5-to-1 and 10-to-1 ratios
34 specified in this subdivision shall be applicable to all hours gained
35 on or after January 1, 1995.

36 (d) (1) A trainee may be credited with supervised experience
37 completed in any setting that meets all of the following:

38 (A) Lawfully and regularly provides mental health counseling
39 or psychotherapy.

1 (B) Provides oversight to ensure that the trainee's work at the
2 setting meets the experience and supervision requirements set forth
3 in this chapter and is within the scope of practice for the profession
4 as defined in Section 4980.02.

5 (C) Is not a private practice owned by a licensed marriage and
6 family therapist, a licensed psychologist, a licensed clinical social
7 worker, a licensed physician and surgeon, or a professional
8 corporation of any of those licensed professions.

9 (2) Experience may be gained by the trainee solely as part of
10 the position for which the trainee volunteers or is employed.

11 (e) (1) An intern may be credited with supervised experience
12 completed in any setting that meets both of the following:

13 (A) Lawfully and regularly provides mental health counseling
14 or psychotherapy.

15 (B) Provides oversight to ensure that the intern's work at the
16 setting meets the experience and supervision requirements set forth
17 in this chapter and is within the scope of practice for the profession
18 as defined in Section 4980.02.

19 (2) An applicant shall not be employed or volunteer in a private
20 practice, as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of
21 subdivision (d), until registered as an intern.

22 (3) While an intern may be either a paid employee or a
23 volunteer, employers are encouraged to provide fair remuneration
24 to interns.

25 (4) Except for periods of time during a supervisor's vacation or
26 sick leave, an intern who is employed or volunteering in private
27 practice shall be under the direct supervision of a licensee that has
28 satisfied the requirements of subdivision (g) of Section 4980.03.
29 The supervising licensee shall either be employed by and practice
30 at the same site as the intern's employer, or shall be an owner or
31 shareholder of the private practice. Alternative supervision may
32 be arranged during a supervisor's vacation or sick leave if the
33 supervision meets the requirements of this section.

34 (5) Experience may be gained by the intern solely as part of the
35 position for which the intern volunteers or is employed.

36 (f) Except as provided in subdivision (g), all persons shall
37 register with the board as an intern in order to be credited for
38 postdegree hours of supervised experience gained toward licensure.

39 (g) Except when employed in a private practice setting, all
40 postdegree hours of experience shall be credited toward licensure

1 so long as the applicant applies for the intern registration within
2 90 days of the granting of the qualifying master's or doctor's
3 degree and is thereafter granted the intern registration by the board.

4 (h) Trainees, interns, and applicants shall not receive any
5 remuneration from patients or clients, and shall only be paid by
6 their employers.

7 (i) Trainees, interns, and applicants shall only perform services
8 at the place where their employers regularly conduct business,
9 which may include performing services at other locations, so long
10 as the services are performed under the direction and control of
11 their employer and supervisor, and in compliance with the laws
12 and regulations pertaining to supervision. Trainees and interns
13 shall have no proprietary interest in their employers' businesses
14 and shall not lease or rent space, pay for furnishings, equipment
15 or supplies, or in any other way pay for the obligations of their
16 employers.

17 (j) Trainees, interns, or applicants who provide volunteered
18 services or other services, and who receive no more than a total,
19 from all work settings, of five hundred dollars (\$500) per month
20 as reimbursement for expenses actually incurred by those trainees,
21 interns, or applicants for services rendered in any lawful work
22 setting other than a private practice shall be considered an
23 employee and not an independent contractor. The board may audit
24 applicants who receive reimbursement for expenses, and the
25 applicants shall have the burden of demonstrating that the payments
26 received were for reimbursement of expenses actually incurred.

27 (k) Each educational institution preparing applicants for
28 licensure pursuant to this chapter shall consider requiring, and
29 shall encourage, its students to undergo individual, marital or
30 conjoint, family, or group counseling or psychotherapy, as
31 appropriate. Each supervisor shall consider, advise, and encourage
32 his or her interns and trainees regarding the advisability of
33 undertaking individual, marital or conjoint, family, or group
34 counseling or psychotherapy, as appropriate. Insofar as it is deemed
35 appropriate and is desired by the applicant, the educational
36 institution and supervisors are encouraged to assist the applicant
37 in locating that counseling or psychotherapy at a reasonable cost.

38 (l) For purposes of this chapter, "professional enrichment
39 activities" includes the following:

1 (1) Workshops, seminars, training sessions, or conferences
2 directly related to marriage and family therapy attended by the
3 applicant that are approved by the applicant's supervisor.

4 (2) Participation by the applicant in personal psychotherapy
5 which includes group, marital or conjoint, family, or individual
6 psychotherapy by an appropriately licensed professional.

7 ~~SEC. 67.~~

8 *SEC. 66.* Section 4981 of the Business and Professions Code
9 is repealed.

10 ~~SEC. 68.~~

11 *SEC. 67.* Section 4990.09 is added to the Business and
12 Professions Code, to read:

13 4990.09. The board shall not publish on the Internet the final
14 determination of a citation and fine of one thousand five hundred
15 dollars (\$1,500) or less issued against a licensee or registrant
16 pursuant to Section 125.9 for a period of time in excess of five
17 years from the date of issuance of the citation.

18 ~~SEC. 69.~~

19 *SEC. 68.* Section 4994.1 of the Business and Professions Code
20 is repealed.

21 ~~SEC. 70.~~

22 *SEC. 69.* Section 4996.2 of the Business and Professions Code
23 is amended to read:

24 4996.2. Each applicant shall furnish evidence satisfactory to
25 the board that he or she complies with all of the following
26 requirements:

27 (a) Is at least 21 years of age.

28 (b) Has received a master's degree from an accredited school
29 of social work.

30 (c) Has had two years of supervised post-master's degree
31 experience, as specified in Section 4996.23.

32 (d) Has not committed any crimes or acts constituting grounds
33 for denial of licensure under Section 480. The board shall not issue
34 a registration or license to any person who has been convicted of
35 any crime in this or another state or in a territory of the United
36 States that involves sexual abuse of children or who is required to
37 register pursuant to Section 290 of the Penal Code or the equivalent
38 in another state or territory.

39 (e) Has completed adequate instruction and training in the
40 subject of alcoholism and other chemical substance dependency.

1 This requirement applies only to applicants who matriculate on or
2 after January 1, 1986.

3 (f) Has completed instruction and training in spousal or partner
4 abuse assessment, detection, and intervention. This requirement
5 applies to an applicant who began graduate training during the
6 period commencing on January 1, 1995, and ending on December
7 31, 2003. An applicant who began graduate training on or after
8 January 1, 2004, shall complete a minimum of 15 contact hours
9 of coursework in spousal or partner abuse assessment, detection,
10 and intervention strategies, including knowledge of community
11 resources, cultural factors, and same gender abuse dynamics.
12 Coursework required under this subdivision may be satisfactory
13 if taken either in fulfillment of other educational requirements for
14 licensure or in a separate course. This requirement for coursework
15 shall be satisfied by, and the board shall accept in satisfaction of
16 the requirement, a certification from the chief academic officer of
17 the educational institution from which the applicant graduated that
18 the required coursework is included within the institution's required
19 curriculum for graduation.

20 (g) Has completed a minimum of 10 contact hours of training
21 or coursework in human sexuality as specified in Section 1807 of
22 Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations. This training or
23 coursework may be satisfactory if taken either in fulfillment of
24 other educational requirements for licensure or in a separate course.

25 (h) Has completed a minimum of seven contact hours of training
26 or coursework in child abuse assessment and reporting as specified
27 in Section 1807.2 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.
28 This training or coursework may be satisfactory if taken either in
29 fulfillment of other educational requirements for licensure or in a
30 separate course.

31 ~~SEC. 71.~~

32 *SEC. 70.* Section 4996.17 of the Business and Professions Code
33 is amended to read:

34 4996.17. (a) Experience gained outside of California shall be
35 accepted toward the licensure requirements if it is substantially
36 the equivalent of the requirements of this chapter.

37 (b) The board may issue a license to any person who, at the time
38 of application, holds a valid active clinical social work license
39 issued by a board of clinical social work examiners or
40 corresponding authority of any state, if the person passes the board

1 administered licensing examinations as specified in Section 4996.1
2 and pays the required fees. Issuance of the license is conditioned
3 upon all of the following:

4 (1) The applicant has supervised experience that is substantially
5 the equivalent of that required by this chapter. If the applicant has
6 less than 3,200 hours of qualifying supervised experience, time
7 actively licensed as a clinical social worker shall be accepted at a
8 rate of 100 hours per month up to a maximum of 1,200 hours.

9 (2) Completion of the following coursework or training in or
10 out of this state:

11 (A) A minimum of seven contact hours of training or coursework
12 in child abuse assessment and reporting as specified in Section 28,
13 and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

14 (B) A minimum of 10 contact hours of training or coursework
15 in human sexuality as specified in Section 25, and any regulations
16 promulgated thereunder.

17 (C) A minimum of 15 contact hours of training or coursework
18 in alcoholism and other chemical substance dependency, as
19 specified by regulation.

20 (D) A minimum of 15 contact hours of coursework or training
21 in spousal or partner abuse assessment, detection, and intervention
22 strategies.

23 (3) The applicant's license is not suspended, revoked, restricted,
24 sanctioned, or voluntarily surrendered in any state.

25 (4) The applicant is not currently under investigation in any
26 other state, and has not been charged with an offense for any act
27 substantially related to the practice of social work by any public
28 agency, entered into any consent agreement or been subject to an
29 administrative decision that contains conditions placed by an
30 agency upon an applicant's professional conduct or practice,
31 including any voluntary surrender of license, or been the subject
32 of an adverse judgment resulting from the practice of social work
33 that the board determines constitutes evidence of a pattern of
34 incompetence or negligence.

35 (5) The applicant shall provide a certification from each state
36 where he or she holds a license pertaining to licensure, disciplinary
37 action, and complaints pending.

38 (6) The applicant is not subject to denial of licensure under
39 Section 480, 4992.3, 4992.35, or 4992.36.

1 (c) The board may issue a license to any person who, at the time
2 of application, has held a valid, active clinical social work license
3 for a minimum of four years, issued by a board of clinical social
4 work examiners or a corresponding authority of any state, if the
5 person passes the board administered licensing examinations as
6 specified in Section 4996.1 and pays the required fees. Issuance
7 of the license is conditioned upon all of the following:

8 (1) Completion of the following coursework or training in or
9 out of state:

10 (A) A minimum of seven contact hours of training or coursework
11 in child abuse assessment and reporting as specified in Section 28,
12 and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

13 (B) A minimum of 10 contact hours of training or coursework
14 in human sexuality as specified in Section 25, and any regulations
15 promulgated thereunder.

16 (C) A minimum of 15 contact hours of training or coursework
17 in alcoholism and other chemical substance dependency, as
18 specified by regulation.

19 (D) A minimum of 15 contact hours of coursework or training
20 in spousal or partner abuse assessment, detection, and intervention
21 strategies.

22 (2) The applicant has been licensed as a clinical social worker
23 continuously for a minimum of four years prior to the date of
24 application.

25 (3) The applicant's license is not suspended, revoked, restricted,
26 sanctioned, or voluntarily surrendered in any state.

27 (4) The applicant is not currently under investigation in any
28 other state, and has not been charged with an offense for any act
29 substantially related to the practice of social work by any public
30 agency, entered into any consent agreement or been subject to an
31 administrative decision that contains conditions placed by an
32 agency upon an applicant's professional conduct or practice,
33 including any voluntary surrender of license, or been the subject
34 of an adverse judgment resulting from the practice of social work
35 that the board determines constitutes evidence of a pattern of
36 incompetence or negligence.

37 (5) The applicant provides a certification from each state where
38 he or she holds a license pertaining to licensure, disciplinary action,
39 and complaints pending.

(6) The applicant is not subject to denial of licensure under Section 480, 4992.3, 4992.35, or 4992.36.

~~SEC. 72.~~

SEC. 71. Section 4996.18 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4996.18. (a) A person who wishes to be credited with experience toward licensure requirements shall register with the board as an associate clinical social worker prior to obtaining that experience. The application shall be made on a form prescribed by the board.

(b) An applicant for registration shall satisfy the following requirements:

(1) Possess a master's degree from an accredited school or department of social work.

(2) Have committed no crimes or acts constituting grounds for denial of licensure under Section 480.

(c) An applicant who possesses a master's degree from a school or department of social work that is a candidate for accreditation by the Commission on Accreditation of the Council on Social Work Education shall be eligible, and shall be required, to register as an associate clinical social worker in order to gain experience toward licensure if the applicant has not committed any crimes or acts that constitute grounds for denial of licensure under Section 480. That applicant shall not, however, be eligible for examination until the school or department of social work has received accreditation by the Commission on Accreditation of the Council on Social Work Education.

(d) Any experience obtained under the supervision of a spouse or relative by blood or marriage shall not be credited toward the required hours of supervised experience. Any experience obtained under the supervision of a supervisor with whom the applicant has a personal relationship that undermines the authority or effectiveness of the supervision shall not be credited toward the required hours of supervised experience.

(e) An applicant who possesses a master's degree from an accredited school or department of social work shall be able to apply experience the applicant obtained during the time the accredited school or department was in candidacy status by the Commission on Accreditation of the Council on Social Work Education toward the licensure requirements, if the experience

1 meets the requirements of Section 4996.23. This subdivision shall
2 apply retroactively to persons who possess a master's degree from
3 an accredited school or department of social work and who
4 obtained experience during the time the accredited school or
5 department was in candidacy status by the Commission on
6 Accreditation of the Council on Social Work Education.

7 (f) An applicant for registration or licensure trained in an
8 educational institution outside the United States shall demonstrate
9 to the satisfaction of the board that he or she possesses a master's
10 of social work degree that is equivalent to a master's degree issued
11 from a school or department of social work that is accredited by
12 the Commission on Accreditation of the Council on Social Work
13 Education. These applicants shall provide the board with a
14 comprehensive evaluation of the degree and shall provide any
15 other documentation the board deems necessary. The board has
16 the authority to make the final determination as to whether a degree
17 meets all requirements, including, but not limited to, course
18 requirements regardless of evaluation or accreditation.

19 (g) A registrant shall not provide clinical social work services
20 to the public for a fee, monetary or otherwise, except as an
21 employee.

22 (h) A registrant shall inform each client or patient prior to
23 performing any professional services that he or she is unlicensed
24 and is under the supervision of a licensed professional.

25 ~~SEC. 73.~~

26 ~~SEC. 72.~~ Section 4996.20 of the Business and Professions Code
27 is repealed.

28 ~~SEC. 74.~~

29 ~~SEC. 73.~~ Section 4996.21 of the Business and Professions Code
30 is repealed.

31 ~~SEC. 75.~~ ~~Section 5515.5 is added to the Business and~~
32 ~~Professions Code, to read:~~

33 ~~5515.5. (a) Notwithstanding Section 5515, the following~~
34 ~~provisions shall apply:~~

35 ~~(1) Of the architect members of the board appointed by the~~
36 ~~Governor whose terms commence on July 1, 2009, the term of two~~
37 ~~members shall expire on June 30, 2013, and the term of one~~
38 ~~member shall expire on June 30, 2015.~~

39 ~~(2) Of the architect members of the board appointed by the~~
40 ~~Governor whose terms commence on July 1, 2010, one member's~~

1 term shall expire on June 30, 2014, and one member's term shall
2 expire on June 30, 2015.

3 (3) The term of the public member of the board appointed by
4 the Governor whose term commences on July 1, 2010, shall expire
5 on June 30, 2014.

6 (4) The term of the public member of the board appointed by
7 the Senate Committee on Rules whose term commences on July
8 1, 2010, shall expire on June 30, 2016.

9 (5) The term of the public member of the board appointed by
10 the Speaker of the Assembly whose term commences on July 1,
11 2011, shall expire on June 30, 2017.

12 (6) Of the public members of the board appointed by the
13 Governor whose terms commence on July 1, 2012, one member's
14 term shall expire on June 30, 2015, and one member's term shall
15 expire on June 30, 2017.

16 (7) Of the architect members of the board appointed by the
17 Governor whose terms commence on July 1, 2013, one member's
18 term shall expire on June 30, 2016, and one member's term shall
19 expire on June 30, 2017.

20 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (a), this section shall not
21 be construed to affect the application of Section 5515 to the terms
22 of any current or future members of the board.

23 SEC. 76.

24 SEC. 74. Section 5801 of the Business and Professions Code
25 is amended to read:

26 5801. A certified interior designer may obtain a stamp from
27 an interior design organization that shall include a number that
28 uniquely identifies and bears the name of that certified interior
29 designer. The stamp certifies that the interior designer has provided
30 the interior design organization with evidence of passage of an
31 interior design examination approved by that interior design
32 organization and any of the following:

33 (a) He or she is a graduate of a four- or five-year accredited
34 interior design degree program, and has two years of diversified
35 interior design experience.

36 (b) He or she has completed a three-year accredited interior
37 design certificate program, and has completed three years of
38 diversified interior design experience.

1 (c) He or she has completed a two-year accredited interior design
2 program and has completed four years of diversified interior design
3 experience.

4 (d) He or she has at least eight years of interior design education,
5 or at least eight years of diversified interior design experience, or
6 a combination of interior design education and diversified interior
7 design experience that together total at least eight years.

8 ~~SEC. 77.~~

9 *SEC. 75.* Section 6534 of the Business and Professions Code
10 is amended to read:

11 6534. (a) The bureau shall maintain the following information
12 in each licensee's file, shall make this information available to a
13 court for any purpose, including the determination of the
14 appropriateness of appointing or continuing the appointment of,
15 or removing, the licensee as a conservator, guardian, trustee, or
16 personal representative, and shall otherwise keep this information
17 confidential, except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c) of this
18 section:

19 (1) The names of the licensee's current conservatees or wards
20 and the trusts or estates currently administered by the licensee.

21 (2) The aggregate dollar value of all assets currently under the
22 licensee's supervision as a professional fiduciary.

23 (3) The licensee's current addresses and telephone numbers for
24 his or her place of business and place of residence.

25 (4) Whether the licensee has ever been removed for cause as a
26 conservator, guardian, trustee, or personal representative or has
27 ever resigned as a conservator, guardian, trustee, or personal
28 representative in a specific case, the circumstances causing that
29 removal or resignation, and the case names, court locations, and
30 case numbers associated with the removal or resignation.

31 (5) The case names, court locations, and case numbers of all
32 conservatorship, guardianship, or trust or other estate
33 administration cases that are closed for which the licensee served
34 as the conservator, guardian, trustee, or personal representative.

35 (6) Information regarding any discipline imposed upon the
36 licensee by the bureau.

37 (7) Whether the licensee has filed for bankruptcy or held a
38 controlling financial interest in a business that filed for bankruptcy
39 in the last 10 years.

(b) The bureau shall make the information in paragraphs (2), (4), (6), and (7) of subdivision (a) available to the public.

(c) The bureau shall also publish information regarding licensees on the Internet as specified in Section 27. The information shall include, but shall not be limited to, information regarding license status and the information specified under subdivision (b).

~~SEC. 78.~~

SEC. 76. Section 6536 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6536. The bureau shall review all applications for licensure and may investigate an applicant's qualifications for licensure. The bureau shall approve those applications that meet the requirements for licensure, but shall not issue a license to any applicant who meets any of the following criteria:

(a) Does not meet the qualifications for licensure under this chapter.

(b) Has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a fiduciary.

(c) Has engaged in fraud or deceit in applying for a license under this chapter.

(d) Has engaged in dishonesty, fraud, or gross negligence in performing the functions or duties of a fiduciary, including engaging in such conduct prior to January 1, 2009.

(e) Has been removed as a fiduciary by a court for breach of trust committed intentionally, with gross negligence, in bad faith, or with reckless indifference, or has demonstrated a pattern of negligent conduct, including a removal prior to January 1, 2009, and all appeals have been taken, or the time to file an appeal has expired.

~~SEC. 79.~~

SEC. 77. Section 6561 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6561. (a) A licensee shall initially, and annually thereafter, file with the bureau a statement under penalty of perjury containing the following:

(1) Her or his business address, telephone number, and facsimile number.

(2) Whether or not he or she has been removed as a conservator, guardian, trustee, or personal representative for cause. The licensee

1 may file an additional statement of the issues and facts pertaining
2 to the case.

3 (3) The case names, court locations, and case numbers for all
4 matters where the licensee has been appointed by the court.

5 (4) Whether he or she has been found by a court to have
6 breached a fiduciary duty.

7 (5) Whether he or she has resigned or settled a matter in which
8 a complaint has been filed, along with the case number and a
9 statement of the issues and facts pertaining to the allegations.

10 (6) Any licenses or professional certificates held by the licensee.

11 (7) Any ownership or beneficial interests in any businesses or
12 other enterprises held by the licensee or by a family member that
13 receives or has received payments from a client of the licensee.

14 (8) Whether the licensee has filed for bankruptcy or held a
15 controlling financial interest in a business that filed for bankruptcy
16 in the last ten years.

17 (9) The name of any persons or entities that have an interest in
18 the licensee's professional fiduciary business.

19 (10) Whether the licensee has been convicted of a crime.

20 (b) The statement by the licensee required by this section may
21 be filed electronically with the bureau, in a form approved by the
22 bureau. However, any additional statement filed under paragraph
23 (2) of subdivision (a) shall be filed in writing.

24 ~~SEC. 80.~~

25 *SEC. 78.* Section 6761 of the Business and Professions Code
26 is repealed.

27 ~~SEC. 81.~~

28 *SEC. 79.* Section 7616 of the Business and Professions Code
29 is amended to read:

30 7616. (a) A licensed funeral establishment is a place of
31 business conducted in a building or separate portion of a building
32 having a specific street address or location and devoted exclusively
33 to those activities as are incident, convenient, or related to the
34 preparation and arrangements, financial and otherwise, for the
35 funeral, transportation, burial or other disposition of human remains
36 and including, but not limited to, either of the following:

37 (1) A suitable room for the storage of human remains.

38 (2) A preparation room equipped with a sanitary flooring and
39 necessary drainage and ventilation and containing necessary

1 instruments and supplies for the preparation, sanitation, or
2 embalming of human remains for burial or transportation.

3 (b) Licensed funeral establishments under common ownership
4 or by contractual agreement within close geographical proximity
5 of each other shall be deemed to be in compliance with the
6 requirements of paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) if at least
7 one of the establishments has a room described in those paragraphs.

8 (c) Except as provided in Section 7609, and except accredited
9 embalming schools and colleges engaged in teaching students the
10 art of embalming, no person shall operate or maintain or hold
11 himself or herself out as operating or maintaining any of the
12 facilities specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), unless he
13 or she is licensed as a funeral director.

14 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a funeral
15 establishment to conduct its business or financial transactions at
16 the same location as its preparation or storage of human remains.

17 (e) Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to render unlawful
18 the conduct of any ambulance service from the same premises as
19 those on which a licensed funeral establishment is conducted,
20 including the maintenance in connection with the funeral
21 establishment of garages for the ambulances and living quarters
22 for ambulance drivers.

23 ~~SEC. 82.~~

24 *SEC. 80.* Section 7629 of the Business and Professions Code
25 is amended to read:

26 7629. No funeral establishment shall be conducted or held forth
27 as being conducted or advertised as being conducted under any
28 name which might tend to mislead the public or which would be
29 sufficiently like the name of any other licensed funeral
30 establishment so as to constitute an unfair method of competition.

31 Any funeral director desiring to change the name appearing on
32 his or her license may do so by applying to the bureau and paying
33 the fee fixed by this chapter.

34 ~~SEC. 82.1.~~

35 *SEC. 81.* Section 8030.2 of the Business and Professions Code
36 is amended to read:

37 8030.2. (a) To provide shorthand reporting services to
38 low-income litigants in civil cases, who are unable to otherwise
39 afford those services, funds generated by fees received by the board
40 pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 8031 in excess of funds

1 needed to support the board's operating budget for the fiscal year
2 in which a transfer described below is made shall be used by the
3 board for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a Transcript
4 Reimbursement Fund. The Transcript Reimbursement Fund shall
5 be established by a transfer of funds from the Court Reporters'
6 Fund in the amount of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000)
7 at the beginning of each fiscal year. Notwithstanding any other
8 provision of this article, a transfer to the Transcript Reimbursement
9 Fund in excess of the fund balance established at the beginning of
10 each fiscal year shall not be made by the board if the transfer will
11 result in the reduction of the balance of the Court Reporters' Fund
12 to an amount less than six months' operating budget.

13 (b) All moneys held in the Court Reporters' Fund on the
14 effective date of this section in excess of the board's operating
15 budget for the 1996–97 fiscal year shall be used as provided in
16 subdivision (a).

17 (c) Refunds and unexpended funds that are anticipated to remain
18 in the Transcript Reimbursement Fund at the end of the fiscal year
19 shall be considered by the board in establishing the fee assessment
20 pursuant to Section 8031 so that the assessment shall maintain the
21 level of funding for the Transcript Reimbursement Fund, as
22 specified in subdivision (a), in the following fiscal year.

23 (d) The Transcript Reimbursement Fund is hereby created in
24 the State Treasury. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the
25 Government Code, moneys in the Transcript Reimbursement Fund
26 are continuously appropriated for the purposes of this chapter.

27 (e) Applicants who have been reimbursed pursuant to this
28 chapter for services provided to litigants and who are awarded
29 court costs or attorneys' fees by judgment or by settlement
30 agreement shall refund the full amount of that reimbursement to
31 the fund within 90 days of receipt of the award or settlement.

32 (f) Subject to the limitations of this chapter, the board shall
33 maintain the fund at a level that is sufficient to pay all qualified
34 claims. To accomplish this objective, the board shall utilize all
35 refunds, unexpended funds, fees, and any other moneys received
36 by the board.

37 (g) Notwithstanding Section 16346 of the Government Code,
38 all unencumbered funds remaining in the Transcript
39 Reimbursement Fund as of January 1, 2011, shall be transferred
40 to the Court Reporters' Fund.

(h) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2011, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2011, deletes or extends that date.

~~SEC. 83.~~

SEC. 82. Section 8740 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

8740. (a) An application for each division of the examination for a license as a land surveyor shall be made to the board on the form prescribed by it, with all statements therein made under oath, and shall be accompanied by the application fee fixed by this chapter.

(b) The board may authorize an organization specified by the board pursuant to Section 8745 to receive directly from applicants payment of the examination fees charged by that organization as payment for examination materials and services.

~~SEC. 84.~~

SEC. 83. Section 8746 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

8746. An applicant failing on examination, upon the payment of another application fee, may be examined again.

~~SEC. 85.~~

SEC. 84. Section 9855.15 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

9855.15. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of Section 9855.1 is an infraction subject to the procedures described in Sections 19.6 and 19.7 of the Penal Code when either of the following applies:

(1) A complaint or a written notice to appear in court pursuant to Chapter 5C (commencing with Section 853.5) of Title 3 of Part 2 of the Penal Code is filed in court charging the offense as an infraction unless the defendant, at the time he or she is arraigned, after being advised of his or her rights, elects to have the case proceed as a misdemeanor.

(2) The court, with the consent of the defendant and the prosecution, determines that the offense is an infraction in which event the case shall proceed as if the defendant has been arraigned on an infraction complaint.

(b) Subdivision (a) does not apply to a violation of Section 9855.1 if the defendant has had his or her registration previously revoked or suspended.

1 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of
2 Section 9855.1, which is an infraction, is punishable by a fine of
3 not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and not more than
4 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

5 No portion of the minimum fine may be suspended by the court
6 unless as a condition of that suspension the defendant is required
7 to submit proof of a current valid registration to act as a service
8 contractor the absence of which was the basis for his or her
9 conviction.

10 ~~SEC. 86.~~

11 *SEC. 85.* Section 8659 of the Government Code is amended
12 to read:

13 8659. Any physician or surgeon (whether licensed in this state
14 or any other state), hospital, pharmacist, respiratory care
15 practitioner, nurse, or dentist who renders services during any state
16 of war emergency, a state of emergency, or a local emergency at
17 the express or implied request of any responsible state or local
18 official or agency shall have no liability for any injury sustained
19 by any person by reason of those services, regardless of how or
20 under what circumstances or by what cause those injuries are
21 sustained; provided, however, that the immunity herein granted
22 shall not apply in the event of a willful act or omission.

23 ~~SEC. 87.~~

24 *SEC. 86.* Section 8778.5 of the Health and Safety Code is
25 amended to read:

26 8778.5. Each special care trust fund established pursuant to
27 this article shall be administered in compliance with the following
28 requirements:

29 (a) (1) The board of trustees shall honor a written request of
30 revocation by the trustor within 30 days upon receipt of the written
31 request.

32 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the board of trustees
33 upon revocation of a special care trust may assess a revocation fee
34 on the earned income of the trust only, the amount of which shall
35 not exceed 10 percent of the trust corpus, as set forth in subdivision
36 (c) of Section 2370 of Title 16 of the California Code of
37 Regulations.

38 (3) If, prior to or upon the death of the beneficiary of a revocable
39 special care trust, the cemetery authority is unable to perform the
40 services of the special care trust fund agreement, the board of

1 trustees shall pay the entire trust corpus and all earned income to
2 the beneficiary or trustor, or the legal representative of either the
3 beneficiary or trustor, without the imposition of a revocation fee.

4 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (d) of Section 2370 of Title 16
5 of the California Code of Regulations, the board of trustees may
6 charge an annual fee for administering a revocable special care
7 trust fund, which may be recovered by administrative withdrawals
8 from current trust income, but the total administrative withdrawals
9 in any year shall not exceed 4 percent of the trust balance.

10 (c) Notwithstanding Section 8785, any person, partnership, or
11 corporation who violates this section shall be subject to disciplinary
12 action as provided in Article 6 (commencing with Section 9725)
13 of Chapter 19 of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code,
14 or by a civil fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500), or by
15 both, as determined by the Cemetery and Funeral Bureau and shall
16 not be guilty of a crime.

17 ~~SEC. 88.~~

18 *SEC. 87.* Section 11150 of the Health and Safety Code is
19 amended to read:

20 11150. No person other than a physician, dentist, podiatrist,
21 or veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor acting pursuant to Section
22 3640.7 of the Business and Professions Code, or pharmacist acting
23 within the scope of a project authorized under Article 1
24 (commencing with Section 128125) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of
25 Division 107 or within the scope of either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2
26 of the Business and Professions Code, a registered nurse acting
27 within the scope of a project authorized under Article 1
28 (commencing with Section 128125) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of
29 Division 107, a certified nurse-midwife acting within the scope of
30 Section 2746.51 of the Business and Professions Code, a nurse
31 practitioner acting within the scope of Section 2836.1 of the
32 Business and Professions Code, a physician assistant acting within
33 the scope of a project authorized under Article 1 (commencing
34 with Section 128125) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 107 or
35 Section 3502.1 of the Business and Professions Code, a
36 naturopathic doctor acting within the scope of Section 3640.5 of
37 the Business and Professions Code, or an optometrist acting within
38 the scope of Section 3041 of the Business and Professions Code,
39 or an out-of-state prescriber acting pursuant to Section 4005 of the
40 Business and Professions Code shall write or issue a prescription.

~~SEC. 89.~~

SEC. 88. Section 11165 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

11165. (a) To assist law enforcement and regulatory agencies in their efforts to control the diversion and resultant abuse of Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances, and for statistical analysis, education, and research, the Department of Justice shall, contingent upon the availability of adequate funds from the Contingent Fund of the Medical Board of California, the Pharmacy Board Contingent Fund, the State Dentistry Fund, the Board of Registered Nursing Fund, and the Osteopathic Medical Board of California Contingent Fund, maintain the Controlled Substance Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) for the electronic monitoring of the prescribing and dispensing of Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances by all practitioners authorized to prescribe or dispense these controlled substances.

(b) The reporting of Schedule III and Schedule IV controlled substance prescriptions to CURES shall be contingent upon the availability of adequate funds from the Department of Justice. The Department of Justice may seek and use grant funds to pay the costs incurred from the reporting of controlled substance prescriptions to CURES. Funds shall not be appropriated from the Contingent Fund of the Medical Board of California, the Pharmacy Board Contingent Fund, the State Dentistry Fund, the Board of Registered Nursing Fund, the Naturopathic Doctor's Fund, or the Osteopathic Medical Board of California Contingent Fund to pay the costs of reporting Schedule III and Schedule IV controlled substance prescriptions to CURES.

(c) CURES shall operate under existing provisions of law to safeguard the privacy and confidentiality of patients. Data obtained from CURES shall only be provided to appropriate state, local, and federal persons or public agencies for disciplinary, civil, or criminal purposes and to other agencies or entities, as determined by the Department of Justice, for the purpose of educating practitioners and others in lieu of disciplinary, civil, or criminal actions. Data may be provided to public or private entities, as approved by the Department of Justice, for educational, peer review, statistical, or research purposes, provided that patient information, including any information that may identify the

1 patient, is not compromised. Further, data disclosed to any
2 individual or agency as described in this subdivision shall not be
3 disclosed, sold, or transferred to any third party.

4 (d) For each prescription for a Schedule II, Schedule III, or
5 Schedule IV controlled substance, the dispensing pharmacy or
6 clinic shall provide the following information to the Department
7 of Justice on a weekly basis and in a format specified by the
8 Department of Justice:

9 (1) Full name, address, and the telephone number of the ultimate
10 user or research subject, or contact information as determined by
11 the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human
12 Services, and the gender, and date of birth of the ultimate user.

13 (2) The prescriber's category of licensure and license number;
14 federal controlled substance registration number; and the state
15 medical license number of any prescriber using the federal
16 controlled substance registration number of a government-exempt
17 facility.

18 (3) Pharmacy prescription number, license number, and federal
19 controlled substance registration number.

20 (4) NDC (National Drug Code) number of the controlled
21 substance dispensed.

22 (5) Quantity of the controlled substance dispensed.

23 (6) ICD-9 (diagnosis code), if available.

24 (7) Number of refills ordered.

25 (8) Whether the drug was dispensed as a refill of a prescription
26 or as a first-time request.

27 (9) Date of origin of the prescription.

28 (10) Date of dispensing of the prescription.

29 (e) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2005.

30 ~~SEC. 90.~~

31 *SEC. 89.* Section 14132.100 of the Welfare and Institutions
32 Code is amended to read:

33 14132.100. (a) The federally qualified health center services
34 described in Section 1396d(a)(2)(C) of Title 42 of the United States
35 Code are covered benefits.

36 (b) The rural health clinic services described in Section
37 1396d(a)(2)(B) of Title 42 of the United States Code are covered
38 benefits.

39 (c) Federally qualified health center services and rural health
40 clinic services shall be reimbursed on a per-visit basis in

1 accordance with the definition of “visit” set forth in subdivision
2 (g).

3 (d) Effective October 1, 2004, and on each October 1, thereafter,
4 until no longer required by federal law, federally qualified health
5 center (FQHC) and rural health clinic (RHC) per-visit rates shall
6 be increased by the Medicare Economic Index applicable to
7 primary care services in the manner provided for in Section
8 1396a(bb)(3)(A) of Title 42 of the United States Code. Prior to
9 January 1, 2004, FQHC and RHC per-visit rates shall be adjusted
10 by the Medicare Economic Index in accordance with the
11 methodology set forth in the state plan in effect on October 1,
12 2001.

13 (e) (1) An FQHC or RHC may apply for an adjustment to its
14 per-visit rate based on a change in the scope of services provided
15 by the FQHC or RHC. Rate changes based on a change in the
16 scope of services provided by an FQHC or RHC shall be evaluated
17 in accordance with Medicare reasonable cost principles, as set
18 forth in Part 413 (commencing with Section 413.1) of Title 42 of
19 the Code of Federal Regulations, or its successor.

20 (2) Subject to the conditions set forth in subparagraphs (A) to
21 (D), inclusive, of paragraph (3), a change in scope of service means
22 any of the following:

23 (A) The addition of a new FQHC or RHC service that is not
24 incorporated in the baseline prospective payment system (PPS)
25 rate, or a deletion of an FQHC or RHC service that is incorporated
26 in the baseline PPS rate.

27 (B) A change in service due to amended regulatory requirements
28 or rules.

29 (C) A change in service resulting from relocating or remodeling
30 an FQHC or RHC.

31 (D) A change in types of services due to a change in applicable
32 technology and medical practice utilized by the center or clinic.

33 (E) An increase in service intensity attributable to changes in
34 the types of patients served, including, but not limited to,
35 populations with HIV or AIDS, or other chronic diseases, or
36 homeless, elderly, migrant, or other special populations.

37 (F) Any changes in any of the services described in subdivision
38 (a) or (b), or in the provider mix of an FQHC or RHC or one of
39 its sites.

1 (G) Changes in operating costs attributable to capital
2 expenditures associated with a modification of the scope of any
3 of the services described in subdivision (a) or (b), including new
4 or expanded service facilities, regulatory compliance, or changes
5 in technology or medical practices at the center or clinic.

6 (H) Indirect medical education adjustments and a direct graduate
7 medical education payment that reflects the costs of providing
8 teaching services to interns and residents.

9 (I) Any changes in the scope of a project approved by the federal
10 Health Resources and Service Administration (HRSA).

11 (3) No change in costs shall, in and of itself, be considered a
12 scope-of-service change unless all of the following apply:

13 (A) The increase or decrease in cost is attributable to an increase
14 or decrease in the scope of services defined in subdivisions (a) and
15 (b), as applicable.

16 (B) The cost is allowable under Medicare reasonable cost
17 principles set forth in Part 413 (commencing with Section 413) of
18 Subchapter B of Chapter 4 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal
19 Regulations, or its successor.

20 (C) The change in the scope of services is a change in the type,
21 intensity, duration, or amount of services, or any combination
22 thereof.

23 (D) The net change in the FQHC's or RHC's rate equals or
24 exceeds 1.75 percent for the affected FQHC or RHC site. For
25 FQHCs and RHCs that filed consolidated cost reports for multiple
26 sites to establish the initial prospective payment reimbursement
27 rate, the 1.75-percent threshold shall be applied to the average
28 per-visit rate of all sites for the purposes of calculating the cost
29 associated with a scope-of-service change. "Net change" means
30 the per-visit rate change attributable to the cumulative effect of all
31 increases and decreases for a particular fiscal year.

32 (4) An FQHC or RHC may submit requests for scope-of-service
33 changes once per fiscal year, only within 90 days following the
34 beginning of the FQHC's or RHC's fiscal year. Any approved
35 increase or decrease in the provider's rate shall be retroactive to
36 the beginning of the FQHC's or RHC's fiscal year in which the
37 request is submitted.

38 (5) An FQHC or RHC shall submit a scope-of-service rate
39 change request within 90 days of the beginning of any FQHC or
40 RHC fiscal year occurring after the effective date of this section,

1 if, during the FQHC's or RHC's prior fiscal year, the FQHC or
 2 RHC experienced a decrease in the scope of services provided that
 3 the FQHC or RHC either knew or should have known would have
 4 resulted in a significantly lower per-visit rate. If an FQHC or RHC
 5 discontinues providing onsite pharmacy or dental services, it shall
 6 submit a scope-of-service rate change request within 90 days of
 7 the beginning of the following fiscal year. The rate change shall
 8 be effective as provided for in paragraph (4). As used in this
 9 paragraph, "significantly lower" means an average per-visit rate
 10 decrease in excess of 2.5 percent.

11 (6) Notwithstanding paragraph (4), if the approved
 12 scope-of-service change or changes were initially implemented
 13 on or after the first day of an FQHC's or RHC's fiscal year ending
 14 in calendar year 2001, but before the adoption and issuance of
 15 written instructions for applying for a scope-of-service change,
 16 the adjusted reimbursement rate for that scope-of-service change
 17 shall be made retroactive to the date the scope-of-service change
 18 was initially implemented. Scope-of-service changes under this
 19 paragraph shall be required to be submitted within the later of 150
 20 days after the adoption and issuance of the written instructions by
 21 the department, or 150 days after the end of the FQHC's or RHC's
 22 fiscal year ending in 2003.

23 (7) All references in this subdivision to "fiscal year" shall be
 24 construed to be references to the fiscal year of the individual FQHC
 25 or RHC, as the case may be.

26 (f) (1) An FQHC or RHC may request a supplemental payment
 27 if extraordinary circumstances beyond the control of the FQHC
 28 or RHC occur after December 31, 2001, and PPS payments are
 29 insufficient due to these extraordinary circumstances. Supplemental
 30 payments arising from extraordinary circumstances under this
 31 subdivision shall be solely and exclusively within the discretion
 32 of the department and shall not be subject to subdivision (l). These
 33 supplemental payments shall be determined separately from the
 34 scope-of-service adjustments described in subdivision (e).
 35 Extraordinary circumstances include, but are not limited to, acts
 36 of nature, changes in applicable requirements in the Health and
 37 Safety Code, changes in applicable licensure requirements, and
 38 changes in applicable rules or regulations. Mere inflation of costs
 39 alone, absent extraordinary circumstances, shall not be grounds
 40 for supplemental payment. If an FQHC's or RHC's PPS rate is

1 sufficient to cover its overall costs, including those associated with
2 the extraordinary circumstances, then a supplemental payment is
3 not warranted.

4 (2) The department shall accept requests for supplemental
5 payment at any time throughout the prospective payment rate year.

6 (3) Requests for supplemental payments shall be submitted in
7 writing to the department and shall set forth the reasons for the
8 request. Each request shall be accompanied by sufficient
9 documentation to enable the department to act upon the request.
10 Documentation shall include the data necessary to demonstrate
11 that the circumstances for which supplemental payment is requested
12 meet the requirements set forth in this section. Documentation
13 shall include all of the following:

14 (A) A presentation of data to demonstrate reasons for the
15 FQHC's or RHC's request for a supplemental payment.

16 (B) Documentation showing the cost implications. The cost
17 impact shall be material and significant, two hundred thousand
18 dollars (\$200,000) or 1 percent of a facility's total costs, whichever
19 is less.

20 (4) A request shall be submitted for each affected year.

21 (5) Amounts granted for supplemental payment requests shall
22 be paid as lump-sum amounts for those years and not as revised
23 PPS rates, and shall be repaid by the FQHC or RHC to the extent
24 that it is not expended for the specified purposes.

25 (6) The department shall notify the provider of the department's
26 discretionary decision in writing.

27 (g) (1) An FQHC or RHC "visit" means a face-to-face
28 encounter between an FQHC or RHC patient and a physician,
29 physician assistant, nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife,
30 clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, or a visiting
31 nurse. For purposes of this section, "physician" shall be interpreted
32 in a manner consistent with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
33 Services' Medicare Rural Health Clinic and Federally Qualified
34 Health Center Manual (Publication 27), or its successor, only to
35 the extent that it defines the professionals whose services are
36 reimbursable on a per-visit basis and not as to the types of services
37 that these professionals may render during these visits and shall
38 include a physician and surgeon, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist,
39 and chiropractor. A visit shall also include a face-to-face encounter
40 between an FQHC or RHC patient and a comprehensive perinatal

1 services practitioner, as defined in Section 51179.1 of Title 22 of
2 the California Code of Regulations, providing comprehensive
3 perinatal services, a four-hour day of attendance at an adult day
4 health care center, and any other provider identified in the state
5 plan's definition of an FQHC or RHC visit.

6 (2) (A) A visit shall also include a face-to-face encounter
7 between an FQHC or RHC patient and a dental hygienist or a
8 dental hygienist in alternative practice.

9 (B) Notwithstanding subdivision (e), an FQHC or RHC that
10 currently includes the cost of the services of a dental hygienist in
11 alternative practice for the purposes of establishing its FQHC or
12 RHC rate shall apply for an adjustment to its per-visit rate, and,
13 after the rate adjustment has been approved by the department,
14 shall bill these services as a separate visit. However, multiple
15 encounters with dental professionals that take place on the same
16 day shall constitute a single visit. The department shall develop
17 the appropriate forms to determine which FQHC's or RHC rates
18 shall be adjusted and to facilitate the calculation of the adjusted
19 rates. An FQHC's or RHC's application for, or the department's
20 approval of, a rate adjustment pursuant to this subparagraph shall
21 not constitute a change in scope of service within the meaning of
22 subdivision (e). An FQHC or RHC that applies for an adjustment
23 to its rate pursuant to this subparagraph may continue to bill for
24 all other FQHC or RHC visits at its existing per-visit rate, subject
25 to reconciliation, until the rate adjustment for visits between an
26 FQHC or RHC patient and a dental hygienist or a dental hygienist
27 in alternative practice has been approved. Any approved increase
28 or decrease in the provider's rate shall be made within six months
29 after the date of receipt of the department's rate adjustment forms
30 pursuant to this subparagraph and shall be retroactive to the
31 beginning of the fiscal year in which the FQHC or RHC submits
32 the request, but in no case shall the effective date be earlier than
33 January 1, 2008.

34 (C) An FQHC or RHC that does not provide dental hygienist
35 or dental hygienist in alternative practice services, and later elects
36 to add these services, shall process the addition of these services
37 as a change in scope of service pursuant to subdivision (e).

38 (h) If FQHC or RHC services are partially reimbursed by a
39 third-party payer, such as a managed care entity (as defined in
40 Section 1396u-2(a)(1)(B) of Title 42 of the United States Code),

1 the Medicare Program, or the Child Health and Disability
2 Prevention (CHDP) program, the department shall reimburse an
3 FQHC or RHC for the difference between its per-visit PPS rate
4 and receipts from other plans or programs on a contract-by-contract
5 basis and not in the aggregate, and may not include managed care
6 financial incentive payments that are required by federal law to
7 be excluded from the calculation.

8 (i) (1) An entity that first qualifies as an FQHC or RHC in the
9 year 2001 or later, a newly licensed facility at a new location added
10 to an existing FQHC or RHC, and any entity that is an existing
11 FQHC or RHC that is relocated to a new site shall each have its
12 reimbursement rate established in accordance with one of the
13 following methods, as selected by the FQHC or RHC:

14 (A) The rate may be calculated on a per-visit basis in an amount
15 that is equal to the average of the per-visit rates of three comparable
16 FQHCs or RHCs located in the same or adjacent area with a similar
17 caseload.

18 (B) In the absence of three comparable FQHCs or RHCs with
19 a similar caseload, the rate may be calculated on a per-visit basis
20 in an amount that is equal to the average of the per-visit rates of
21 three comparable FQHCs or RHCs located in the same or an
22 adjacent service area, or in a reasonably similar geographic area
23 with respect to relevant social, health care, and economic
24 characteristics.

25 (C) At a new entity's one-time election, the department shall
26 establish a reimbursement rate, calculated on a per-visit basis, that
27 is equal to 100 percent of the projected allowable costs to the
28 FQHC or RHC of furnishing FQHC or RHC services during the
29 first 12 months of operation as an FQHC or RHC. After the first
30 12-month period, the projected per-visit rate shall be increased by
31 the Medicare Economic Index then in effect. The projected
32 allowable costs for the first 12 months shall be cost settled and the
33 prospective payment reimbursement rate shall be adjusted based
34 on actual and allowable cost per visit.

35 (D) The department may adopt any further and additional
36 methods of setting reimbursement rates for newly qualified FQHCs
37 or RHCs as are consistent with Section 1396a(bb)(4) of Title 42
38 of the United States Code.

39 (2) In order for an FQHC or RHC to establish the comparability
40 of its caseload for purposes of subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph

(1), the department shall require that the FQHC or RHC submit its most recent annual utilization report as submitted to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, unless the FQHC or RHC was not required to file an annual utilization report. FQHCs or RHCs that have experienced changes in their services or caseload subsequent to the filing of the annual utilization report may submit to the department a completed report in the format applicable to the prior calendar year. FQHCs or RHCs that have not previously submitted an annual utilization report shall submit to the department a completed report in the format applicable to the prior calendar year. The FQHC or RHC shall not be required to submit the annual utilization report for the comparable FQHCs or RHCs to the department, but shall be required to identify the comparable FQHCs or RHCs.

(3) The rate for any newly qualified entity set forth under this subdivision shall be effective retroactively to the later of the date that the entity was first qualified by the applicable federal agency as an FQHC or RHC, the date a new facility at a new location was added to an existing FQHC or RHC, or the date on which an existing FQHC or RHC was relocated to a new site. The FQHC or RHC shall be permitted to continue billing for Medi-Cal covered benefits on a fee-for-service basis until it is informed of its enrollment as an FQHC or RHC, and the department shall reconcile the difference between the fee-for-service payments and the FQHC's or RHC's prospective payment rate at that time.

(j) Visits occurring at an intermittent clinic site, as defined in subdivision (h) of Section 1206 of the Health and Safety Code, of an existing FQHC or RHC, or in a mobile unit as defined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 1765.105 of the Health and Safety Code, shall be billed by and reimbursed at the same rate as the FQHC or RHC establishing the intermittent clinic site or the mobile unit, subject to the right of the FQHC or RHC to request a scope-of-service adjustment to the rate.

(k) An FQHC or RHC may elect to have pharmacy or dental services reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis, utilizing the current fee schedules established for those services. These costs shall be adjusted out of the FQHC's or RHC's clinic base rate as scope-of-service changes. An FQHC or RHC that reverses its election under this subdivision shall revert to its prior rate, subject to an increase to account for all MEI increases occurring during

1 the intervening time period, and subject to any increase or decrease
2 associated with applicable scope-of-services adjustments as
3 provided in subdivision (e).

4 (l) FQHCs and RHCs may appeal a grievance or complaint
5 concerning ratesetting, scope-of-service changes, and settlement
6 of cost report audits, in the manner prescribed by Section 14171.
7 The rights and remedies provided under this subdivision are
8 cumulative to the rights and remedies available under all other
9 provisions of law of this state.

10 (m) The department shall, by no later than March 30, 2008,
11 promptly seek all necessary federal approvals in order to implement
12 this section, including any amendments to the state plan. To the
13 extent that any element or requirement of this section is not
14 approved, the department shall submit a request to the federal
15 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for any waivers that
16 would be necessary to implement this section.

17 (n) The department shall implement this section only to the
18 extent that federal financial participation is obtained.

19 ~~SEC. 91.~~

20 *SEC. 90.* No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
21 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
22 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
23 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
24 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
25 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
26 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
27 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
28 Constitution.

29 ~~SEC. 92.~~

30 *SEC. 91.* This act is an urgency statute necessary for the
31 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within
32 the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into
33 immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

34 In order to enable various regulatory boards in the Department
35 of Consumer Affairs to better carry out their licensing and
36 enforcement functions and for these boards to provide better
37 protection to the people of the State of California as soon as

1 practically possible, it is necessary that this act take effect
2 immediately.

O