

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 5, 2010

SENATE BILL

No. 1171

Introduced by Senator Negrete McLeod

February 18, 2010

An act to amend Sections 22, 473.1, 473.15, 473.2, 473.3, 473.4, 473.6, and 9882 of, to add Sections 473.12 and 473.7 to, to repeal Sections 473.16 and 473.5 of, and to repeal and add Sections 101.1 and 473 of, the Business and Professions Code, relating to regulatory boards.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1171, as amended, Negrete McLeod. Regulatory boards: operations.

Existing law creates various regulatory boards, as defined, within the Department of Consumer Affairs, with board members serving specified terms of office. Existing law generally makes the regulatory boards inoperative and repealed on specified dates, unless those dates are deleted or extended by subsequent legislation, and subjects these boards that are scheduled to become inoperative and repealed as well as other boards in state government, as specified, to review by the Joint Committee on Boards, Commissions, and Consumer Protection. Under existing law, that committee, following a specified procedure, recommends whether the board should be continued or its functions modified. Existing law requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners and the Osteopathic Medical Board of California to submit certain analyses and reports to the committee on specified dates and requires the committee to review those boards and hold hearings as specified, and to make certain evaluations and findings.

This bill would abolish the Joint Committee on Boards, Commissions, and Consumer Protection and would authorize the appropriate policy

committees of the Legislature to carry out its duties. The bill would terminate the terms of office of each board member or bureau chief within the department on unspecified dates and would authorize successor board members and bureau chiefs to be appointed, as specified. The bill would also subject interior design organizations, the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, the Tax Education Council, ~~and the Naturopathic Medical Committee,~~ *and the certification of common interest development managers and massage therapists* to review on unspecified dates. The bill would authorize the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature to review the boards, bureaus, or entities that are scheduled to have their board membership or bureau chief so terminated or reviewed, as specified, and would authorize the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature to investigate their operations and to hold specified public hearings. The bill would require a board, bureau, or entity, if its annual report contains certain information, to post that report on its Internet Web site. The bill would make other conforming changes.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 22 of the Business and Professions Code
2 is amended to read:

3 22. "Board," as used in any provision of this code, refers to
4 the board in which the administration of the provision is vested,
5 and unless otherwise expressly provided, shall include "bureau,"
6 "commission," "committee," "department," "division," "examining
7 committee," "program," and "agency."

8 SEC. 2. Section 101.1 of the Business and Professions Code
9 is repealed.

10 SEC. 3. Section 101.1 is added to the Business and Professions
11 Code, to read:

12 101.1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the
13 terms of office of the members of a board are terminated in
14 accordance with the act that added this section or by subsequent
15 acts, successor members shall be appointed that shall succeed to,
16 and be vested with, all the duties, powers, purposes,
17 responsibilities, and jurisdiction not otherwise repealed or made
18 inoperative of the members that they are succeeding. The successor

members shall be appointed by the same appointing authorities, for the remainder of the previous members' terms, and shall be subject to the same membership requirements as the members they are succeeding.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the term of office for a bureau chief is terminated in accordance with the act that added this section or by subsequent acts, a successor bureau chief shall be appointed who shall succeed to, and be vested with, all the duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction not otherwise repealed or made inoperative of the bureau chief that he or she is succeeding. The successor bureau chief shall be appointed by the same appointing authorities, ~~for the remainder of the previous bureau chief's term,~~ *authority* and shall be subject to the same requirements as the bureau chief he or she is succeeding.

SEC. 4. Section 473 of the Business and Professions Code is repealed.

SEC. 5. Section 473 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

473. Whenever the provisions of this code refer to the Joint Committee on Boards, Commissions, and Consumer Protection, the reference shall be construed to be a reference to the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature.

SEC. 6. Section 473.1 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

473.1. This chapter shall apply to all of the following:

(a) Every board, as defined in Section 22, that is scheduled to have its membership reconstituted on a specified date as provided by subdivision (a) of Section 473.12.

(b) Every bureau that is named in subdivision (b) of Section 473.12.

(c) Every entity that is named in subdivision (c) of Section 473.12.

SEC. 7. Section 473.12 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

473.12. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the term of office of each member of the following boards in the department shall terminate on the date listed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before the date listed for that board, deletes or extends that date:

- 1 (1) The Dental Board of California: January 1, ____.
- 2 (2) The Medical Board of California: January 1, ____.
- 3 (3) The State Board of Optometry: January 1, ____.
- 4 (4) The California State Board of Pharmacy: January 1, ____.
- 5 (5) The Veterinary Medical Board: January 1, ____.
- 6 (6) The California Board of Accountancy: January 1, ____.
- 7 (7) The California Architects Board: January 1, ____.
- 8 (8) The State Board of Barbering and Cosmetology: January 1,
- 9 ____.
- 10 (9) The Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors:
- 11 January 1, ____.
- 12 (10) The Contractors' State License Board: January 1, ____.
- 13 (11) The Board of Registered Nursing: January 1, ____.
- 14 (12) The Board of Behavioral Sciences: January 1, ____.
- 15 (13) The State Athletic Commission: January 1, ____.
- 16 (14) The State Board of Guide Dogs for the Blind: January 1,
- 17 ____.
- 18 (15) The Court Reporters Board of California: January 1, ____.
- 19 (16) The Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric
- 20 Technicians: January 1, ____.
- 21 (17) The Landscape Architects Technical Committee: January
- 22 1, ____.
- 23 (18) The Respiratory Care Board of California: January 1, ____.
- 24 (19) The Acupuncture Board: January 1, ____.
- 25 (20) The Board of Psychology: January 1, ____.
- 26 (21) The California Board of Podiatric Medicine: January 1,
- 27 ____.
- 28 (22) The Physical Therapy Board of California: January 1, ____.
- 29 (23) The Physician Assistant Committee of the Medical Board
- 30 of California: January 1, ____.
- 31 (24) The Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology and
- 32 Hearing Aid Dispensers Board: January 1, ____.
- 33 (25) The California Board of Occupational Therapy: January
- 34 1, ____.
- 35 (26) The Dental Hygiene Committee of California: January 1,
- 36 ____.
- 37 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the term of
- 38 office for the bureau chief of each of the following bureaus shall
- 39 terminate on the date listed, unless a later enacted statute, that is

enacted before the date listed for that bureau, deletes or extends that date:

- (1) Arbitration Review Program: January 1, ____.
 - (2) Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education: January 1, ____.
 - (3) Bureau of Automotive Repair: January 1, ____.
 - (4) Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair, Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation: January 1, ____.
 - (5) Bureau of Security and Investigative Services: January 1, ____.
 - (6) Cemetery and Funeral Bureau: January 1, ____.
 - (7) Professional Fiduciaries Bureau: January 1, ____.
 - (8) Telephone Medical Advice Services Bureau: January 1, ____.
 - (9) Division of Investigation: January 1, ____.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following shall be subject to review under this chapter on the following dates:
- (1) Interior design certification organizations: January 1, ____.
 - (2) State Board of Chiropractic Examiners pursuant to Section 473.15: January 1, ____.
 - (3) Osteopathic Medical Board of California pursuant to Section 473.15: January 1, ____.
 - (4) California Tax Education Council: January 1, ____.
 - (5) Naturopathic Medicine Committee, Osteopathic Medical Board of California: January 1, ____.
 - (6) *Common interest development manager certification: January 1, ____.*
 - (7) *Massage therapy certification law: January 1, ____.*
- (d) Nothing in this section or in Section 101.1 shall be construed to preclude, prohibit, or in any manner alter the requirement of Senate confirmation of a board member, chief officer, or other appointee that is subject to confirmation by the Senate as otherwise required by law.
- (e) It is not the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to amend the initiative measure that established the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners or the Osteopathic Medical Board of California.

SEC. 8. Section 473.15 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

1 473.15. (a) The appropriate policy committees of the
2 Legislature shall review the following boards established by
3 initiative measures, as provided in this section:

4 (1) The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners established by
5 an initiative measure approved by electors November 7, 1922.

6 (2) The Osteopathic Medical Board of California established
7 by an initiative measure approved June 2, 1913, and acts
8 amendatory thereto approved by electors November 7, 1922.

9 (b) The Osteopathic Medical Board of California shall prepare
10 an analysis and submit a report as described in subdivision (a) of
11 Section 473.2, to the appropriate policy committees of the
12 Legislature on or before September 1, 2010.

13 (c) The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall prepare an
14 analysis and submit a report as described in subdivision (a), of
15 Section 473.2, to the appropriate policy committees of the
16 Legislature on or before September 1, 2011.

17 (d) The appropriate policy committees of the Legislature shall,
18 during the interim recess of 2011, hold public hearings to receive
19 testimony from the Director of Consumer Affairs, the Osteopathic
20 Medical Board of California, the State Board of Chiropractic
21 Examiners, the public, and the regulated industry. In those hearings,
22 each board shall be prepared to demonstrate a compelling public
23 need for the continued existence of the board or regulatory
24 program, and that its licensing function is the least restrictive
25 regulation consistent with the public health, safety, and welfare.

26 (e) The appropriate policy committees of the Legislature shall
27 evaluate and make determinations pursuant to Section 473.4.

28 (f) In the exercise of its inherent power to make investigations
29 and ascertain facts to formulate public policy and determine the
30 necessity and expediency of contemplated legislation for the
31 protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, it is the intent
32 of the Legislature that the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners
33 and the Osteopathic Medical Board of California be reviewed
34 pursuant to this section.

35 (g) It is not the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section
36 to amend the initiative measures that established the State Board
37 of Chiropractic Examiners or the Osteopathic Medical Board of
38 California.

39 SEC. 9. Section 473.16 of the Business and Professions Code
40 is repealed.

1 SEC. 10. Section 473.2 of the Business and Professions Code
2 is amended to read:

3 473.2. (a) All boards or bureaus listed in Section 473.12 shall,
4 with the assistance of the Department of Consumer Affairs, prepare
5 an analysis and submit a report to the appropriate policy
6 committees of the Legislature no later than 22 16 months before
7 that board's membership or the bureau chief's term shall be
8 terminated pursuant to Section 473.12. The analysis and report
9 shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:

10 (1) The number of complaints it received per year, the number
11 of complaints per year that proceeded to investigation, the number
12 of accusations filed per year, and the number and kind of
13 disciplinary actions taken, including, but not limited to, interim
14 suspension orders, revocations, probations, and suspensions.

15 (2) The average amount of time per year that elapsed between
16 receipt of a complaint and the complaint being closed or referred
17 to investigation; the average amount of time per year elapsed
18 between the commencement of an investigation and the complaint
19 either being closed or an accusation being filed; the average amount
20 of time elapsed per year between the filing of an accusation and a
21 final decision, including appeals; and the average and median costs
22 per case.

23 (3) The average amount of time per year between final
24 disposition of a complaint and notice to the complainant.

25 (4) A copy of the enforcement priorities including criteria for
26 seeking an interim suspension order.

27 (5) A brief description of the board's or bureau's fund
28 conditions, sources of revenues, and expenditure categories for
29 the last four fiscal years by program component.

30 (6) A brief description of the cost per year required to implement
31 and administer its licensing examination, ownership of the license
32 examination, the last assessment of the relevancy and validity of
33 the licensing examination, the passage rate for each of the last four
34 years, and areas of examination.

35 (7) A copy of sponsored legislation and a description of its
36 budget change proposals.

37 (8) A brief assessment as to whether its licensing fees are
38 sufficient, too high, or too low.

39 (9) A brief statement detailing how the board or bureau over
40 the prior four years has improved its enforcement, public

1 disclosure, accessibility to the public, including, but not limited
2 to, Internet Web casts of its proceedings, and fiscal condition.

3 (b) If an annual report contains information that is required by
4 this section, a board or bureau may submit the annual report to the
5 committees and shall post that report on the board's or bureau's
6 Internet Web site.

7 SEC. 11. Section 473.3 of the Business and Professions Code
8 is amended to read:

9 473.3. Prior to the termination of the terms of office of the
10 membership of any board or the chief of any bureau described in
11 Section 473.12, the appropriate policy committees of the
12 Legislature, during the interim recess preceding the date upon
13 which a board member's or bureau chief's term of office is to be
14 terminated, may hold public hearings to receive and consider
15 testimony from the Director of Consumer Affairs, the board or
16 bureau involved, the Attorney General, members of the public,
17 and representatives of the regulated industry regarding whether
18 the board's or bureau's policies and practices, including
19 enforcement, disclosure, licensing examination, and fee structure,
20 are sufficient to protect consumers and are fair to licensees and
21 prospective licensees, whether licensure of the profession is
22 required to protect the public, and whether an enforcement monitor
23 may be necessary to obtain further information on operations.

24 SEC. 12. Section 473.4 of the Business and Professions Code
25 is amended to read:

26 473.4. (a) The appropriate policy committees of the Legislature
27 may evaluate and determine whether a board or regulatory program
28 has demonstrated a public need for the continued existence of the
29 regulatory program and for the degree of regulation the board or
30 regulatory program implements based on the following factors and
31 minimum standards of performance:

32 (1) Whether regulation by the board is necessary to protect the
33 public health, safety, and welfare.

34 (2) Whether the basis or facts that necessitated the initial
35 licensing or regulation of a practice or profession have changed.

36 (3) Whether other conditions have arisen that would warrant
37 increased, decreased, or the same degree of regulation.

38 (4) If regulation of the profession or practice is necessary,
39 whether existing statutes and regulations establish the least
40 restrictive form of regulation consistent with the public interest,

1 considering other available regulatory mechanisms, and whether
2 the board rules enhance the public interest and are within the scope
3 of legislative intent.

4 (5) Whether the board operates and enforces its regulatory
5 responsibilities in the public interest and whether its regulatory
6 mission is impeded or enhanced by existing statutes, regulations,
7 policies, practices, or any other circumstances, including budgetary,
8 resource, and personnel matters.

9 (6) Whether an analysis of board operations indicates that the
10 board performs its statutory duties efficiently and effectively.

11 (7) Whether the composition of the board adequately represents
12 the public interest and whether the board encourages public
13 participation in its decisions rather than participation only by the
14 industry and individuals it regulates.

15 (8) Whether the board and its laws or regulations stimulate or
16 restrict competition, and the extent of the economic impact the
17 board's regulatory practices have on the state's business and
18 technological growth.

19 (9) Whether complaint, investigation, powers to intervene, and
20 disciplinary procedures adequately protect the public and whether
21 final dispositions of complaints, investigations, restraining orders,
22 and disciplinary actions are in the public interest; or if it is, instead,
23 self-serving to the profession, industry, or individuals being
24 regulated by the board.

25 (10) Whether the scope of practice of the regulated profession
26 or occupation contributes to the highest utilization of personnel
27 and whether entry requirements encourage affirmative action.

28 (11) Whether administrative and statutory changes are necessary
29 to improve board operations to enhance the public interest.

30 (b) Nothing in this section precludes any board from submitting
31 other appropriate information to the appropriate policy committees
32 of the Legislature.

33 SEC. 13. Section 473.5 of the Business and Professions Code
34 is repealed.

35 SEC. 14. Section 473.6 of the Business and Professions Code
36 is amended to read:

37 473.6. The chairpersons of the appropriate policy committees
38 of the Legislature may refer to interim study review of any
39 legislative issues or proposals to create new licensure or regulatory
40 categories, change licensing requirements, modify scope of

1 practice, or create a new licensing board under the provisions of
2 this code or pursuant to Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section
3 9148) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

4 SEC. 15. Section 473.7 is added to the Business and Professions
5 Code, to read:

6 473.7. The appropriate policy committees of the Legislature
7 may, through their oversight function, investigate the operations
8 of any entity to which this chapter applies and hold public hearings
9 on any matter subject to public hearing under Section 473.3.

10 SEC. 16. Section 9882 of the Business and Professions Code
11 is amended to read:

12 9882. (a) There is in the Department of Consumer Affairs a
13 Bureau of Automotive Repair under the supervision and control
14 of the director. The duty of enforcing and administering this chapter
15 is vested in the chief who is responsible to the director. The director
16 may adopt and enforce those rules and regulations that he or she
17 determines are reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of
18 this chapter and declaring the policy of the bureau, including a
19 system for the issuance of citations for violations of this chapter
20 as specified in Section 125.9. These rules and regulations shall be
21 adopted pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340)
22 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

23 (b) In 2003 and every four years thereafter, the appropriate
24 policy committees of the Legislature may hold a public hearing to
25 receive and consider testimony from the Director of Consumer
26 Affairs, the bureau, the Attorney General, members of the public,
27 and representatives of this industry regarding the bureau's policies
28 and practices as specified in Section 473.3. The appropriate policy
29 committees of the Legislature may evaluate and review the
30 effectiveness and efficiency of the bureau based on factors and
31 minimum standards of performance that are specified in Section
32 473.4. The bureau shall prepare an analysis and submit a report to
33 the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature as specified
34 in Section 473.2.