

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 23, 2011

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 17, 2011

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 14, 2011

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2011–12 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 527

Introduced by Assembly Member Roger Hernández

February 15, 2011

An act to amend Sections 1090 and 1091 of the Government Code, relating to public officials.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 527, as amended, Roger Hernández. Public officials: financial interests.

Existing law prohibits Members of the Legislature, and state, county, district, judicial district, and city officers or employees from being financially interested in any contract made by them in their official capacity, or by any body or board of which they are members. Existing law defines what is a remote interest in a contract that does not present a prohibited conflict of interest under these provisions. Existing law authorizes a body or board to make a contract that involves a remote interest of a member of the body if, among other things, the remote interest is disclosed to the body or board and noted in its official records, and thereafter the body or board authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote or votes of the officer or member with the remote interest. Violation of these provisions is a crime.

This bill would additionally require that the remote interest be disclosed at a public meeting of that body or board and would require

~~the counsel or other legal advisor of the body or board to identify a~~
statutory basis for classifying the interest as a remote interest *to be identified*. By increasing the scope of actions that constitute a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

This bill would also prohibit an officer or employee, as defined, of the state, a county, district, judicial district or city, or any city officer or employee from authorizing the expenditure of public funds, and from approving any project, plan, permit, or conveyance of land in which a member of that body is financially interested. The bill would make a violation of these provisions a crime, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1090 of the Government Code is amended
2 to read:

3 1090. (a) Members of the Legislature, state, county, district,
4 judicial district, and city officers or employees shall not be
5 financially interested in any contract made by them in their official
6 capacity, or by any body or board of which they are members. Nor
7 shall state, county, district, judicial district, and city officers or
8 employees be purchasers at any sale or vendors at any purchase
9 made by them in their official capacity.

10 As used in this article, “district” means any agency of the state
11 formed pursuant to general law or special act, for the local
12 performance of governmental or proprietary functions within
13 limited boundaries.

14 (b) (1) A state, county, district, judicial district, and city officer
15 or employee shall not authorize the expenditure of public funds,
16 or approve or recommend approval of any project, plan, permit,
17 or conveyance of land, regardless of whether a contract is made
18 in furtherance of the expenditure or project, plan, permit, or
19 conveyance, if any member of the body or board of any state,

county, district, judicial district or city, or any city officer or employee is financially interested in the transaction by virtue of independent contracting by the individual or nongovernmental entity receiving either public funds or an entitlement. Any individual with a financial interest in the expenditure of public funds or approval of any project, plan, permit, or conveyance of land, is in violation of this section and shall be punishable in the manner provided in Section 1097.

(2) For purposes of this subdivision, a city officer or employee shall include elected and appointed officials of the governing body and any subordinate board or commission, a city attorney, a city manager, and a department head. This subdivision shall not apply to an individual in a nonsupervisory or nonmanagerial position who is directed by a department head.

SEC. 2. Section 1091 of the Government Code is amended to read:

1091. (a) An officer shall not be deemed to be interested in a contract entered into by a body or board of which the officer is a member within the meaning of this article if the officer has only a remote interest in the contract, if the fact of that interest is disclosed to the body or board of which the officer is a member and noted in its official records at a public meeting of that body or board, and ~~the counsel or other legal adviser of the body or board has identified~~ a statutory basis for classifying the interest as remote *has been identified* at a public meeting of the body or board, and thereafter the body or board authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote or votes of the officer or member with the remote interest.

(b) As used in this article, “remote interest” means any of the following:

(1) That of an officer or employee of a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)) or a nonprofit corporation, except as provided in paragraph (8) of subdivision (a) of Section 1091.5.

(2) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if the contracting party has 10 or more other employees and if the officer was an employee or agent of that contracting party for at least three years prior to the officer initially accepting his or her office and the officer owns less than 3 percent of the shares of stock of the

1 contracting party; and the employee or agent is not an officer or
2 director of the contracting party and did not directly participate in
3 formulating the bid of the contracting party.

4 For purposes of this paragraph, time of employment with the
5 contracting party by the officer shall be counted in computing the
6 three-year period specified in this paragraph even though the
7 contracting party has been converted from one form of business
8 organization to a different form of business organization within
9 three years of the initial taking of office by the officer. Time of
10 employment in that case shall be counted only if, after the transfer
11 or change in organization, the real or ultimate ownership of the
12 contracting party is the same or substantially similar to that which
13 existed before the transfer or change in organization. For purposes
14 of this paragraph, stockholders, bondholders, partners, or other
15 persons holding an interest in the contracting party are regarded
16 as having the “real or ultimate ownership” of the contracting party.

17 (3) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if all
18 of the following conditions are met:

19 (A) The agency of which the person is an officer is a local public
20 agency located in a county with a population of less than 4,000,000.

21 (B) The contract is competitively bid and is not for personal
22 services.

23 (C) The employee or agent is not in a primary management
24 capacity with the contracting party, is not an officer or director of
25 the contracting party, and holds no ownership interest in the
26 contracting party.

27 (D) The contracting party has 10 or more other employees.

28 (E) The employee or agent did not directly participate in
29 formulating the bid of the contracting party.

30 (F) The contracting party is the lowest responsible bidder.

31 (4) That of a parent in the earnings of his or her minor child for
32 personal services.

33 (5) That of a landlord or tenant of the contracting party.

34 (6) That of an attorney of the contracting party or that of an
35 owner, officer, employee, or agent of a firm that renders, or has
36 rendered, service to the contracting party in the capacity of
37 stockbroker, insurance agent, insurance broker, real estate agent,
38 or real estate broker, if these individuals have not received and
39 will not receive remuneration, consideration, or a commission as
40 a result of the contract and if these individuals have an ownership

1 interest of 10 percent or more in the law practice or firm, stock
2 brokerage firm, insurance firm, or real estate firm.

3 (7) That of a member of a nonprofit corporation formed under
4 the Food and Agricultural Code or a nonprofit corporation formed
5 under the Corporations Code for the sole purpose of engaging in
6 the merchandising of agricultural products or the supplying of
7 water.

8 (8) That of a supplier of goods or services when those goods or
9 services have been supplied to the contracting party by the officer
10 for at least five years prior to his or her election or appointment
11 to office.

12 (9) That of a person subject to the provisions of Section 1090
13 in any contract or agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions
14 of the California Land Conservation Act of 1965.

15 (10) Except as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 1091.5,
16 that of a director of, or a person having an ownership interest of,
17 10 percent or more in a bank, bank holding company, or savings
18 and loan association with which a party to the contract has a
19 relationship of borrower or depositor, debtor or creditor.

20 (11) That of an engineer, geologist, or architect employed by a
21 consulting engineering or architectural firm. This paragraph applies
22 only to an employee of a consulting firm who does not serve in a
23 primary management capacity, and does not apply to an officer or
24 director of a consulting firm.

25 (12) That of an elected officer otherwise subject to Section 1090,
26 in any housing assistance payment contract entered into pursuant
27 to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C.
28 Sec. 1437f) as amended, provided that the housing assistance
29 payment contract was in existence before Section 1090 became
30 applicable to the officer and will be renewed or extended only as
31 to the existing tenant, or, in a jurisdiction in which the rental
32 vacancy rate is less than 5 percent, as to new tenants in a unit
33 previously under a Section 8 contract. This section applies to any
34 person who became a public official on or after November 1, 1986.

35 (13) That of a person receiving salary, per diem, or
36 reimbursement for expenses from a government entity.

37 (14) That of a person owning less than 3 percent of the shares
38 of a contracting party that is a for-profit corporation, provided that
39 the ownership of the shares derived from the person's employment
40 with that corporation.

1 (15) That of a party to litigation involving the body or board of
2 which the officer is a member in connection with an agreement in
3 which all of the following apply:

4 (A) The agreement is entered into as part of a settlement of
5 litigation in which the body or board is represented by legal
6 counsel.

7 (B) After a review of the merits of the agreement and other
8 relevant facts and circumstances, a court of competent jurisdiction
9 finds that the agreement serves the public interest.

10 (C) The interested member has recused himself or herself from
11 all participation, direct or indirect, in the making of the agreement
12 on behalf of the body or board.

13 (16) That of a person who is an officer or employee of an
14 investor-owned utility that is regulated by the Public Utilities
15 Commission with respect to a contract between the investor-owned
16 utility and a state, county, district, judicial district, or city body or
17 board of which the person is a member, if the contract requires the
18 investor-owned utility to provide energy efficiency rebates or other
19 ~~type of program~~ *types of programs* to encourage energy efficiency
20 that benefits the public when all of the following apply:

21 (A) The contract is funded by utility consumers pursuant to
22 regulations of the Public Utilities Commission.

23 (B) The contract provides no individual benefit to the person
24 that is not also provided to the public, and the investor-owned
25 utility receives no direct financial profit from the contract.

26 (C) The person has recused himself or herself from all
27 participation in making the contract on behalf of the state, county,
28 district, judicial district, or city body or board of which he or she
29 is a member.

30 (D) The contract implements a program authorized by the Public
31 Utilities Commission.

32 (c) This section is not applicable to any officer interested in a
33 contract who influences or attempts to influence another member
34 of the body or board of which he or she is a member to enter into
35 the contract.

36 (d) The willful failure of an officer to disclose the fact of his or
37 her interest in a contract pursuant to this section is punishable as
38 provided in Section 1097. That violation does not void the contract
39 unless the contracting party had knowledge of the fact of the remote
40 interest of the officer at the time the contract was executed.

1 SEC. 3. The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the
2 ethical integrity and stability of local ~~government~~ *governmental*
3 agencies in this state, including charter cities *and counties*, has a
4 direct impact on the long-term well-being of all residents of this
5 state. The likelihood of businesses locating to, or staying in, the
6 state is affected by the perception of a functioning, transparent,
7 and practical governmental structure in the local governmental
8 bodies in the state. Therefore, the Legislature finds and declares
9 that to ensure the statewide integrity of local governments,
10 including the prohibition against financially interested transactions,
11 is an issue of statewide concern and not a municipal affair, as that
12 term is used in Section 5 of Article XI of the California
13 Constitution. Therefore, this act shall apply to every city and county
14 in this state, including a charter city, charter county, and charter
15 city and county.

16 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
17 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
18 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
19 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
20 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
21 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
22 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
23 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
24 Constitution.